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HISTORY,

GAZETTEER, AND DIRECTORY,

OF

STAFFORDSHIRE,

AND THE

CITY AND COUNTY OF THE CITY OF LICHFIELD,

COMPRISING, UNDER A LUCID ARRANGEMENT OF SUBJECTS,

A General Survey of the County of Stafford,

AND THE DIOCESE OF LICHFIELD & COVENTRY;

WITH SEPARATE

HISTORICAL, STATISTICAL, & TOPOGRAPHICAL

DESCRIPTIONS OF ALL THE

BOROUGHS, TOWNS, PARISHES, VILLAGES, HAMLETS, MANORS, AND LIBERTIES, IN THE

FIVE HUNDREDS OF THE SHIRE;

SHEWING THEIR EXTENT AND POPULATION,

Their Agriculture, Mines, and Manufactures; their Markets, Fairs, Races, and Festivals; their Eminent Men; the Lords of the Manors and Owners of the Soil and Tithes; the Patrons and Incumbents of the Church Livings; the Antiquities, Public Charities, and Institutions; the Civil and Ecclesiastical Jurisdictions; the Names and Addresses of the principal Inhabitants; the Mediums of Public Conveyance by Land and Water; the

SEATS OF NOBILITY AND GENTRY;

LISTS OF PUBLIC OFFICERS;

And a Variety of other

COMMERCIAL, AGRICULTURAL, & BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

In One Volume, with a large Map of the County.

BY WILLIAM WHITE,

AUTHOR OF SIMILAR WORKS FOR NOTTINGHAMSHIRE, AND THE NORTHERN COUNTIES OF ENGLAND.

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1831.




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GENERAL HISTORY

AND

DESCRIPTION

OF

STAFFORDSHIRE.

STAFFORDSHIRE is an inland county, nearly in the centre of England, celebrated, not only for its numerous and valuable mines of coal and ironstone, and for the extent and variety of its manufactures in iron, steel, and other metal, and in china, earthenware, and glass, but also for the fertility and diversity of its soil, and the number and elegance of the seats of its nobility and gentry. Nearly all its once extensive forests, heaths, and commons, are now enclosed; and its mines and manufactories are chiefly confined to a densely populated district about fifteen miles square at its southern extremity, around Wolverhampton and Walsall; and to the vicinity of the Potteries at its north-western angle; so that the greater portion of it forms a highly cultivated agricultural district, abounding in wood, water, and game, rich in picturesque and pastoral scenery, and free from the noise, and bustle of trade and commerce; except such as are created by a few scattered but extensive cotton mills on the streams near Burton-upon-Trent, Fazeley, Cheadle, &c.,—by the large silk mills at Leek,—by the extensive manufacture of boots and shoes at Stone and Stafford, and by the traffic on the numerous canals which intersect the county in every direction. This highly interesting county is of an irregular oval figure, nearly 60 miles in *length* from north to south, and averaging from 25 to 30 miles in *breadth* from east to west. It lies betwixt 52 deg. 20 min. and 53 deg. 14 min. *North Latitude*, and 1 deg 37 min. and 2 deg 45 min. *West Longitude*, from the meridian of Greenwich; and is *bounded* by Derbyshire on the north-east, Cheshire on the north-west, Shropshire on the south-west, Worcestershire on the south, and Warwickshire on the south-east. Its *territorial extent* comprises about 781,000 statute acres of land, equal to 1250 square miles; and its POPULATION *has considerably* increased during the last *thirty years, as we find that in* 1801, it amounted to

239,153; in 1811, to 295,153; in 1821, to 341,824; and in 1831, to 410,483 *souls*, consisting of 206,895 males, and 203,588 females. In 1821, its number of *families* was 68,780, of whom 18,285 were returned as being employed in agricultural pursuits; 42,435, in trade, manufactures, or handicraft; and 8,060 as being engaged in professional pursuits, or unemployed. The number of its dwelling *houses*, in 1821, amounted to 66,074, of which 429 were then building, and 2,326 unoccupied; but the increase in buildings, during the last ten years, has kept pace with the great augmentation in the population during that period. According to the parochial bills of mortality from the year 1811 to 1821, the average annual number of *marriages*, in the county, was 2,709; of *baptisms*, 10,568; and of *burials*, 6,226. The yearly *rental of the land* in the county was assessed for the property tax, in 1811, at £756,635; and the real *property* was assessed for the same tax, in 1815, at £1,150,285 per annum. The amount of its *poor rates*, collected in the year ending March 1823, was £140,257, of which £99,715 was levied on land; £27,145 on dwelling houses; £6,024 on mills and factories; and £7,376 on manorial profits, &c.; but out of these parochial rates, £19,929 was paid in the same year to the *county-rate;* which latter has of late years amounted to nearly twice that sum, as will be seen at a subsequent page.

When compared with the other counties of England, Staffordshire ranks the ninth in population, and the seventeenth in agriculture; but in the magnitude and importance of its manufactures, it yields to none but Yorkshire and Lancashire. It contains 145 parishes, 350 townships and chapelries, and upwards of 1000 villages and hamlets; and is comprised in the Bishopric of Lichfield and Coventry, in the archepiscopal Province of Canterbury, and in the judicial Circuit of Oxford. It includes one *City*, (Lichfield, the See of its Bishop,) and twenty-two *Market Towns*, of which the following is a list, with three others which formerly had markets.

MARKET TOWNS, *(with the Market Days).*

Abbots Bromley,....*Tues*	Hanley & Shelton,*Wed.&Sat*	Stafford, ...*Sat*
Betley, ...*(obsolete)*	Lane-End, ...*Sat*	Stone,.....*Tues*
Bilston,....*Mon. and Sat*	Leek, ...*Wed*	Tamworth, ...*Sat*
Brewood, ..*(small)*..*Fri*	*Lichfield*, ...*Tues. and Fri*	Tutbury, ...*(obsolete)*
Burton-on-Trent, ..*Thurs*	Longnor, ...*Wed*	Uttoxeter, ...*Wed*
Burslem, ...*Mon*	Newcastle-under-Lyme*Mon*	Walsall .....*Tues*
Cannock,.....*(obsolete)*	Penkridge,..*(disused).Tues*	Wednesbury, ...*Sat*
Cheadle, ...*Sat*	Rugeley,.....*Thurs*	Wolverhampton, ..*Wed*
Eccleshall, ...*Fri*		

The *City of Lichfield*, with its precincts, forms a separate county, and the rest of Staffordshire is divided into five HUNDREDS, viz. *Cuttlestone*, *Offlow*, *Pirehill*, *Seisdon*, and *Totmanslow;* each of which is subdivided into two *divisions*, with a *chief constable* for each. Until the passing of the REFORM BILL, *this populous portion of* the kingdom had only ten REPRESENTA-

TIVES IN PARLIAMENT, viz. two for the county, and two each for Lichfield, Stafford, Newcastle-under-Lyme, and Tamworth; but by that great national measure, the county has been divided into two grand DIVISIONS, viz. NORTH and SOUTH; the former comprising the Hundreds of Totmanslow and Pirehill, and the North Division of Offlow; and the latter comprehending Seisdon, Cuttlestone, and the South Division of Offlow. For each of these divisions, two knights of the shire are now elected; and by the same act of parliament, three *new boroughs* have been created in Staffordshire, viz. Stoke-upon-Trent, (including the Potteries,) Wolverhampton, and Walsall, the latter having *one*, and each of the other, *two* members of parliament; so that the total number now returned by this county is seventeen. The following is a summary of the population of the county in 1831, distinguishing the number of males and females in each of the five Hundreds, and in three of the boroughs which made separate returns to the census of that year. An enumeration of the parishes and townships, with their population, &c., at different periods, will be found with the general descriptions of the Hundreds, at subsequent pages.

POPULATION OF STAFFORDSHIRE, IN 1831.

HUNDREDS	Males.	Fem.	Totals.	HUNDRED OF	Males.	Fem.	Totals
[illegible]	[illegible]	12,988	26,018	Totmanslow,	24,001	24,429	48,430
[illegible]	57,574	56,494	114,068	Lichfield City,	2,981	3,515	6,496
[illegible]	52,581	52,574	105,155	Newcastle Borough,	4,581	4,311	8,892
[illegible]	19,100	18,185	37,285	Stafford Borough,	4,559	5,107	9,666
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible] 200,895 *Males*; 201,288 *Females*; 402,183 *Total*

According to Judge Blackstone, England was first divided [illegible] counties, hundreds, and tithings, by Alfred the Great, to [illegible] the ravages and disorders which formerly prevailed in the [illegible], by making the inhabitants of each district responsible [illegible] damage which might be committed by lawless mobs. *Tithings* were so called because ten freeholders with their families [illegible]. A number (perhaps 100) of these tithings, towns, [illegible], originally composed a superior division called a Hundred, [illegible] each of which a court was annually held for the trial of [illegible]. An indefinite number of these hundreds, which now [illegible] in size and population, form a county or shire, the [illegible] government of which is confined to the shire-reeve or sheriff, [illegible] elected annually. Soon after the introduction of Christianity, the kingdom was divided into parishes, and afterwards [illegible] dioceses.

ANCIENT BRITONS.—Under the Ancient Britons, Staffordshire formed part of the province inhabited by the *Cornabii*, or *Cornavii*, who also possessed the counties of Salop, Chester, Warwick, and Worcester; but a short time prior to the Roman inva-

sion, a large portion of these counties fell under the dominion of the *Brigantes*, who occupied all the counties in the Northern Circuit of England, and were the most numerous and powerful of all the British tribes, and the last to bend their necks to the Roman yoke. By the *Romans*, Staffordshire was included in the division of *Flavia Cæsarensis*, and by the *Saxons* in the kingdom of *Mercia*. The Cornabii, after the Brigantes had invaded part of their territories, removed their capital from *Condate*, (near Middlewich,) to *Uriconium*, (now Wroxeter,) in Shropshire; and they had also a strongly fortified station at Wall, near Lichfield. The *Cangi*, another tribe of Britons, are supposed to have possessed a part of the forest of Cannock, as herdsmen or servants to the Cornabii. When the Romans pushed their conquests into the interior of this country, the Cornabii, and the other native tribes, being much inferior in military science to these "masters of the world," considered the hills as offering the means of counteracting and balancing the advantages of discipline. To the hills therefore they generally retired; and there, history informs us, they resisted with the most heroic valour every effort of the Romans to reduce them to subjection; and though at last compelled to submit, their determined courage, and generous ardour of freedom, excited the eloquence and admiration of their haughty but enlightened conquerors. After their subjection, the Cornabii appear to have become faithful friends and allies of the Romans. *Numeri* and *Turmæ*, of this tribe, are frequently mentioned in the Notitia as serving in the armies of the latter emperors; so that the name of *Cornabii* appears to have been in use even posterior to the decline of the Roman power.

For nearly four thousand years of the world's existence the history of Britain is almost a blank, except so far as it may be read in its geological phenomena; and previous to the invasion of Julius Cæsar, 55 years before the birth of Christ, scarcely any thing is known of its inhabitants, though two zealous antiquarians have assigned dates much earlier than that period to the two Universities of Oxford and Cambridge; the birth of the former of which they have carried as far back as the fall of Troy, and that of the latter to the days of Cantabar, 394 years before the Christian era! We may no doubt find the prototype of these modern antiquaries in the old monkish historians, who inform us that the British King, Ebranc, founded York in the year of the world 2983, and Nottingham about forty years afterwards. Historians all agree that the *Aborigines* of Briton were a tribe of Gallic Celts, who emigrated from the Continent and settled here, probably about a thousand years prior to the Christian era.* Previous to the Roman Conquest, the ancient Britons in the southern parts of the island, had made some progress towards civilization; but those in the north were as wild and unculti-

* *Richard de Cir. B. I. c.* II. S. 4., and Carte Vol. I. p. 21.

vated as their native hills, and subsisted chiefly by hunting, and the spontaneous fruits of the earth; wearing for their clothing when the inclemency of the season compelled them to such incumbrances, the skins of animals, and dwelling in habitations formed by the "pillars of the forest rooted in the earth, and enclosed by interwoven branches." Their *religion*, which formed one part of their free monarchial *government*, was *Druidical*; but its origin is not certainly known, though some affirm that the Druids accompanied the Celts in early ages from the east; and others, that Druidism was introduced into England by the Phœnicians of Cadiz, who were the first merchants that discovered and traded to this island, and, for a considerable time, monopolized its commerce, by carefully concealing their traffic from other nations; but the lucrative trade in tin, and other useful metals with which Britain abounds, was ultimately traced to its source, and soon brought the Roman and other merchants to our shores.

The civil jurisdiction and religion of the DRUIDS prevailed in every part of the island. They dispensed justice; not under any written code of laws, but on what they professed to be equitable principles—all their verdicts being determined by such sense as the assembled delegates entertained of impartial justice, and in case of a difference of opinion in the congress, appeal was made to the Arch-Druid, whose sentence was decisive. Their religious ceremonies were few, and nearly in unison with those of the ancient Hebrews; They worshipped on high places and in deep groves; and were not addicted to idolatry, as some authors have asserted, but adored the God of Nature, and rendered him praise at the yearly successions of seasons, which they kept as solemn festivals. Though they dealt largely in allegory, and symbolical representations, they practised but little priestcraft, and held not the ignorance of their votaries in the bonds of superstition: for they clearly explained the mysteries and symbols used in their ceremonies to the initiated, but to none else. To remove from the people all possibility of sophistry and innovation, their maxims of justice were taught orally; the sons of chief persons ages were disciples in their ethic schools, where the rules of moral life were inculcated as the foundation of human wisdom. They studied medicine, and the virtues of plants of which the *Mistletoe* was their chief specific, and they held nothing so sacred as the mistletoe of the oak, which, being very scarce, they gathered with great pomp and ceremony on a certain day appointed for their greatest festival. In their civil government, capital offenders were sentenced to death, and publicly sacrificed on the altars of their temples, in the most awful and solemn manner. Those convicted for minor crimes were excluded from public worship, and excommunicated from all civil and religious benefits till they had washed away, with the tears of repentance, the stains with which their guilt had branded them. Julius Cæsar, in his "*Commentaria de Bello Gallico*," says the Druids, [illegible]



Gauls call their magicians or wisemen) inculcated the immortality and transmigration of the soul, and discoursed "with youth much about the heavenly bodies and their motion, the size of the heaven and the earth, the nature of things, and the influence and power of the immortal gods." The British Druids exercised their utmost authority in opposing the usurpation of the Roman invaders, who, fired with equal resentment, determined to secure themselves by exterminating the Druidic Order, consequently, its priests were sacrificed to this inhuman policy; those who fled to the Isle of Anglesey perished in the flames, by the orders of Suetonius, and subsequently, great numbers of them were massacred in the unsuccessful revolt of the Britons under Queen Boadicea. From this period, the power and splendour of the Druids rapidly disappeared.

ROMANS.—Julius Cæsar having overrun Gaul, invaded Britain 55 years before the birth of Christ, and, after a sanguinary struggle renewed in the following year, succeeded in establishing a Roman government, unsettled in its nature, and transient in its duration, for, being distracted by domestic war, the conquerors were obliged to return home, in order to preserve the seat of their empire; consequently, the Britons remained unmolested till the year A. D. 43, when the Emperor Claudius sent over an army under the command of Plautius, who was succeeded by Ostorius Scapula, and he by Suetonius Paulinus, who completed the conquest of a great part of Britain, and, after exterminating many thousands of the Druids, abolished their rites and ceremonies. But the dominion of the Romans in Britain, was not finally established until they were placed under the command of *Agricola*, who did not venture to penetrate into the north of England till A. D. 80, when he marched his legions from *Mancunium* (Manchester,) along the western coast to Scotland, where he endeavoured to secure his conquests by erecting a *chain of forts* across the isthmus between the Friths of Forth and Clyde. He then marched his troops back, through the conquered tribes, and in the year 84, he extended from Solway Frith to Tynemouth a *chain of stations*, which in 124, were connected by an earthen rampart raised by the Emperor Adrian, as an obstruction to the Caledonians, who, proudly refusing to crouch to the imperial eagle, frequently descended in rage from their mountains, and penetrating into the Roman territories, committed in them dreadful ravages. This earthen barrier was afterwards strengthened by the *great wall* of stone which the Emperor Severus built across the island, from Solway Frith to the mouth of the river Tyne, in A. D. 208. After this, York (were Severus died,) was made the capital of *Maxima Cæsariensis*, the great Roman province in which Staffordshire was comprised.* The

* ROMAN DIVISIONS.—After the death of Constantine the Great, at York, (then called Altera Roma,) in 337, Britain was divided into two consular provinces, *Maxima Cæsarensis*, and *Valentia*; and into three præsidial districts, *Britannia Prima*, *Britannia Secunda*, and *Flavia Cæsariensis*; in which latter, Staffordshire was included, as part of the first named consular province

presence of numerous Roman legions, restrained the warlike spirit of the Britons during the third century, and towards its close, they enjoyed some semblance of independence under Caumains; but his assassination enabled Constantine again to subject them to the Roman arms, and he soon afterwards took with him to his wars in Gaul, the flower of the British youth; leaving the country again open to the devastating incursions of the Picts and the Scots. Dissensions within, and assaults from without, were now fast hastening the destruction of the overgrown empire of Rome, and in A. D. 446, the Romans finally relinquished all possession, power, and authority in Britain.

The SAXONS, who, after the departure of the Romans, were invited over to assist the Britons against the Picts and Scots, had no sooner subdued these enemies, than in their greedy concupiscence to possess the fertile country for which they had been fighting, they turned their weapons upon the Britons, who made an obstinate resistance, which ended in their final overthrow. During this fatal contest, the Britons fought twelve battles under their renowned King Arthur, and several others under Vortigern. In 518, Arthur expelled the Saxons from this and the adjacent counties, and almost from the island: but after the death of that monarch, they again prevailed, and soon gained an entire conquest over the whole country, which they ultimately divided into seven kingdoms, and included Staffordshire, and all the midland counties of England, in that of *Mercia*, of which, Lincoln was the capital; though many of the successive Mercian kings had seats in this county, at Tutbury, Tamworth, Lichfield, and some other places which lay convenient for them, when they wished to enjoy the sports of the field in Cannock Chase and Needwood Forest. The religion of the Druids now gave way to the more barbarous superstitions of the Saxons, who worshipped the sun and the moon, adored the god of thunder, had images in their temples, practised sacrifices, and believed firmly in spells and incantations. Happily this idolatry did not long exist in Britain; for Pope Gregory I., in 590, despatched Augustine, a Roman monk, with forty associates, to preach *christianity* to the Anglo-Saxons and the conquered Britons; most of whom became converts to the Christian faith, and Augustine was consequently created *Archbishop of Canterbury*. In 628, *Paulinus*, another Roman missionary, was created *Archbishop of York*, and was the first who preached christianity in Mercia; where he followed the victorious arms of Edwin, King of Northumbria, when that newly converted monarch made Penda, the wicked and hoary-headed King of Mercia, his vassal: but the latter, a few years afterwards, regained his independence, and christianity was again proscribed in his dominions, until he himself was slain in battle, and his son Peada, after espousing the daughter of Oswy, King of Northumbria, became a convert; and, in conjunction with Oswy, constituted Lichfield the episco-

pal See of *Mercia*, which was the finest if not the most powerful of the seven Anglo-Saxon kingdoms, and existed about three centuries; during which period, there reigned in it *twenty-two kings*, of whom the following is a list, shewing the years in which they died.

KINGS OF MERCIA.

	DIED.		DIED.		DIED.
Crida,	595	Kenred,	709	Ceolwulf,	822
Wibba,	615	Ceolred,	716	Beornwolf,	826
Ceorl,	625	Ethelbald,	757	Ludican,	828
Penda,	655	Beornred,	757	Withlaf,	840
Peada,	656	Offa,	796	Beortulf,	853
Oswy,	658	Kenwulf,	820	Bertred,	875
Wulfere,	675	Kenelm,	820	Ceolulfe,	886
Ethelred,	704				

The Saxon invaders were confederated tribes, consisting of the *Angles*, (hence the term Anglo-Saxons,) the *Jutes*, and the genuine Saxons, who had long been settled on the shores of the German Ocean, and extended from the Eyder to the Rhyne.

The DANES, who had long envied the Saxons whilst they possessed the largest and richest island in Europe, fitted out a mighty fleet, and entered the Humber in 867, from which time till 940, they frequently penetrated into the interior of the country. In their plundering inroads here, and in other parts of the island, these pagans burnt and destroyed villages, monasteries, &c., and spared neither sex nor age. Their repeated incursions compelled the Anglo-Saxon monarchs to lay aside their own differences, and confederate for mutual defence; and by the skill of Alfred the Great, King of Wessex, the invaders were at length subdued. The sovereignty of Mercia fell into the hands of Alfred, who stripped it of its regal honours; though some places were still retained by the Danes, who were defeated with great loss by Edward the Elder, in two sanguinary battles, fought near Wednesfield and Tettenhall, in this county, (see page 237). The Saxons, who had on a certain night massacred all the Danes that lived promiscuously amongst them, brought upon their own heads a just retribution; for Sweyn, King of Denmark, to revenge this cruelty, soon afterwards invaded the kingdom, and in 1013, brought his fleet up the Trent, to Gainsborough, and landing his forces, created such terror, that the whole country soon submitted to his yoke. Sweyn, however, did not long enjoy his success, for he died at Gainsborough in the following year, and was succeeded by his son Canute, the most powerful monarch of his time; betwixt whom, and Edmund Ironside, (the Saxon heir to the throne) after several sanguinary struggles, the kingdom was for a short time divided. Canute was succeeded, in 1036, by his son Harold, who died in 1039, when Hardicanute ascended the throne, but this licentious tyrant died two years afterwards; when Edward the Confessor, (a Saxon) was raised to the throne by the voice of the people, to the

exclusion of Sweyn, the Danish claimant. Edward died in 1066, and with him ended both the Saxon and the Danish rule in Britain.

NORMAN CONQUEST.

After the death of Edward, Harold, the son of Godwin, ascended the throne, but was opposed by his brother Tosti, at whose instance, Hardrager, King of Norway, entered the Humber with a mighty armament, embarked on board a kind of Norwegian armada, and landed his forces in Yorkshire, were they were completely overthrown by Harold, who left his brother and his royal confederate dead on the field. Harold's triumph, was, however, of short duration; for, whilst rejoicing over his victory at York, he received information that *William, Duke of Normandy*, (whom it was said, Edward with his dying breath nominated as his successor,) had landed at Pavensey, in Sussex, with a numerous and well disciplined army. To meet this foe, Harold marched his forces to Hastings, where, in a sanguinary battle, he lost both his life and his kingdom. No sooner was William the Conqueror seated on the English throne, in the year 1066, than it would that his policy was to root out the ancient [illegible] to degrade the native inhabitants of the humbler [illegible] rank of miserable slaves; though in this work he [illegible] it unsuccessfully opposed in the north of England, [illegible] burnt York and many other places to the ground, [illegible] by the splendour of God," (his favourite oath,) that [illegible] leave a soul of his enemies alive. Conscious of the [illegible] which he was held, he entertained a perpetual jealousy [illegible] English. He built and garrisoned strong castles to [illegible] power; and in the wantonness of his power he obliged [illegible] to extinguish their fires and candles every evening at the [illegible] called "the Curfew." He also caused a survey to [illegible] of the lands in the kingdom; the register of which is [illegible] Domesday Book, and was finished in 1081, after a [illegible] six years, on the model of the Book of Winchester, [illegible] the order of Alfred the Great. Through all time, [illegible] of Judicial Verdict," will be held in estimation, not [illegible] antiquity, but also for its intrinsic value. It [illegible] Conqueror an exact knowledge of his own land and [illegible] the rights of his subjects, in disputed cases, were [illegible]; and to this day it serves to show what manor is, [illegible] not, ancient demesne. It specifies the extent of [illegible] each district; the state it was in, whether meadow, [illegible] or arable; the name of the proprietor; the tenure [illegible] was held; and the value at which it was estimated. [illegible] might be wanting to render this document com- [illegible] its authority perpetual, commissioners were appointed [illegible] the survey, and the returns were made under the [illegible] juries *of all orders of freemen* in each district, con-

pannelled for the purpose. This best monument to the memory of the Conqueror, written in Roman, with a mixture of Saxon, is still preserved in the chapter-house, at Westminster, amongst the national archives. This valuable manuscript, which had for so many centuries remained unpublished, was printed in the 40th of George III., for the use of the members of both Houses of Parliament, and the public libraries of the kingdom. As we shall give in the parish histories in this volume, a translated copy from this ancient document of all that is important, relative to the manors and estates of Staffordshire, it may be necessary to explain the land measures, and several obsolete feudal terms, used at the time to which it refers.

MEASUREMENT, &c., IN DOMESDAY BOOK.—A *Perch*, 20 feet. An *Acre*, 40 perches in length, and four in breadth. An *Oxgang* or *Borate*, as much as a pair of oxen can keep in husbandry, usually 15 acres. A *Virgate*, or *Yard Land*, 40 acres. A *Carucate*, *Carre*, or *Plough Land*, generally 100 acres, or eight oxgangs. A *Hide*, an uncertain quantity, generally about 120 acres. A *Knight's Fee*, five hides. *Berewicks*, are manors within manors. *Merchet*, or Maiden's Rent, was a payment to the lord of the manor, in commutation of his *right* with the virgin bride on the marriage of a vassal's daughter. *Heriot*, a tribute to the lord for his better maintenance in war. *Theam*, was a manorial jurisdiction; and *Infangtheof*, the power of passing judgment on any theft. *Socmen*, were tenants holding land under a socage tenure; *Bordars*, cottagers; and *Villanes*, husbandmen in a state of villanage, or vassalage.

The Conqueror, in parcelling out the lands of the kingdom amongst his distinguished followers, gave in this county all the royal demesnes, and 38 other manors, to *Hugh de Montgomery*, Earl of Arundel; 81 manors to *Robert de Stafford*; 7 manors, with the castle and extensive honour of Tutbury, to *Henry de Ferrers*; and 25 manors to *William Fitz Anculph*. Numerous other Normans became possessed of other portions of the county, and many of its lordships and estates subsequently passed to the church and the monastic institutions; but after the Reformation the possessions of the monasteries were seized by the Crown, and granted to such persons as were then in royal favour.

BRITISH ANTIQUITIES.— Staffordshire was formerly much covered with wood, as appears from the remains of those once extensive forests, Needwood, Cannock, and Sutton Coldfield; the latter of which is mostly in Warwickshire, though it anciently formed part of the extensive Chase of Cank, or Cannock. In the Staffordshire portion of it is DRUID HEATH, near Aldridge, which is said to have been the chief seat of the Arch-Druid of Britain; and, indeed, its situation, being nearly in the centre of England, corresponds with the position of the well authenticated residence of that supreme priest in the continental countries. *The words Cannock*, and Coldfield, though unquestionably of

n, Mr. Shaw says, bear an evident relation in meaning l religious rights; and upon the Heath just named, ed the people were annually accustomed to assemble eir disputes, civil and religious, finally decided by the id. At the east end of this Heath, is a small *entrench*mpassed with a treble ditch; and at the distance of , is a round hill, eight feet high, and surrounded by litch. Dr. Wilkes conjectures this to have been the sidence of the Arch-Druid, whose winter retreat, the aces in a similar area, near Over Stonnal, about two he north. The lofty ridge, called *Bar-beacon Hill*, 297,) extends southward from Druid Heath and Ald- ne village of Great Barr, and was one of the high places h the druidical priests were wont, by means of fire, to e to the country of their quarterly sacrifices; and to y frequently repaired for the purpose of making astro- bservations. Many remains of druidical temples are tistence, where they were constructed of stone, as at re, near Salisbury, and many other places; but from nstance of those in this county being formed chiefly of ; of the forest, they have long since disappeared, except s and embankments that enclosed them. *Barrows*, or e numerous in this county; but whether they are of rigin or not cannot now be clearly ascertained. no vestiges of the cities or towns of the aboriginal ts of Britain, fenced like the works of Caractacus with es, have been discovered here, except those at Wrottes- Pilbrighton may be deemed such, (see page 289); but in various parts of the county several fortifications of t up into high banks, with entrenchments round them, evidently of British origin, as they differ materially ncampments of the Romans, Saxons, or Danes, being circular with only one narrow entrance; except in the ions, which occupy lofty heights that command the ntry for a considerable distance, as at *Apedvood Castle*, lon, and on *Castle Hill*, in Beaudesert Park, (see pages 361). The *great stones*, standing in the fields near Kin- Cannock, are supposed to be British monuments, as that found among the ruins at Wrottesley, which, a loads had been hewn from it, required thirty-six en to draw it," and was subsequently converted into a cistern, capable of steeping thirty-seven strike of bar- time. Cæsar informs us, that the Britons had iron ch small quantities, that they made their money of it, often obliged to head their warlike instruments with ad of metal. A dart was found at Leek, headed with nely jagged at the edges, with teeth like a sickle; and likewise been found *shaped like arrow heads*. Stone *doubtless of British origin*, have also been

discovered upon Morredge and Wever Hills, in that alpine region which forms the northern part of the county between Dovedale, and the towns of Leek and Cheadle, where the rocky summits, in many places, appear to the distant observer like ruined fortresses; and no doubt some of them afforded shelter and defence to the Aborigines, after they had been driven from the more level and fertile parts of the country by those "lords of the universe," the Roman soldiers.

ROMAN ANTIQUITIES.—The Romans, like a conqueror of modern times, bestowed considerable attention on their public roads, and at the distance of fourteen centuries we can still trace in legible characters the labours of the "mistress of the world." The great ROMAN ROADS, called *Watling-street* and *Icknield-street*, pass through Staffordshire. The former intersected the whole kingdom, from Rutupia, in Kent, to Northumberland; and branching from it in various directions are traces of many *Vicinal Ways*. It enters this county from Warwickshire, near Fazeley, and pursuing a westward course to Weeford, Wall, Muckley Corner, Calf Heath, Stretton, and Weston-under-Lizard, it enters Shropshire, about a mile south of Sheriff Hales. The *Icknield-street* enters Staffordshire at Hockley Brook, near Birmingham, and, passing Handsworth, Little Aston, and Shenstone, it crosses Watling-street a little to the east of Wall; whence it pursues a course north by east to Streethay, Wichnor, Branstone, and Stretton, near Burton-upon-Trent, to the river Dove, where it enters Derbyshire. It is a convex and well formed road, and many long lengths of it are perfectly rectilinear. Upon Sutton Cold-field it is visible in its original state, not having been much injured by carriages; and in Sutton Park, is Rowton Well, supposed to have been a Roman bathing place. Another Roman way entered the county at Rudge Heath, and passed in a south-west direction to Kinfare and Stourbridge, where it entered Worcestershire. These and all the other Roman roads are generally supposed to have been formed in the course of *British track-ways*, of which many crossed the country in various directions, and one is conjectured to have traversed the coast of the whole island. The principal ROMAN STATIONS in this county, that are known, are *Etocetum*, at Wall, near Lichfield, and *Pennocrucium*, at Stretton, near Penkridge. There are, however, many other entrenchments in this county, which undoubtedly belonged to the same people, as will be seen in the topographical part of this work, where all the Roman and other antiquities will be described with the parishes to which they belong.

The SAXON ANTIQUITIES in this county are numerous, consisting of tumuli, encampments, and vestiges of castles and religious houses, as will be seen in the histories of Lichfield, Stafford, Tutbury, Tamworth, Dudley Castle, Kinfare, Chesterton, *and many other places*, to which a reference will be found in the

index to this volume. The *Saxon camps* are easily distinguished from those of the Romans, who always took care to have a good supply of water, and placed their camps near the roads, in the form of a square; whilst the Saxons generally fixed upon high hills, with a steep precipice in front; prefering security to convenience, and paying no regard to any particular form in their encampments, which they defended with deep ditches. Specimens of *Norman Architecture* in this county are numerous and splendid, as will be seen in the description of the castles, churches, and monasteries.

ECCLESIASTICAL HISTORY.

The inhabitants of Staffordshire, forming part of the kingdom of Mercia, continued in the practise of *Paganism*,* till the reign of Penda, long after its abolition in all the neighbouring states of the Saxon heptarchy. At length, this monarch having sent his son Peada into Northumberland, to solicit in marriage Alchflida, the daughter of king Oswy, he was converted to Christianity by the persuasive discourses of the venerable Bede. The object of his journey being accomplished, he returned to his father's dominions, accompanied by a number of celebrated divines, who immediately began to spread the doctrines and precepts of the Gospel with great success among the Mercians. The aged *Penda*, who seems to have viewed these events with the utmost indifference, soon after entered into a war with *Oswy*, the Northumbrian prince, and, being defeated and slain in battle, his dominions were seized by the conqueror; who, in conjunction with *Peada*, remained in possession of Mercia for the space of three years, during which, *Christianity* was declared the established religion, and the *Cathedral of Lichfield* founded, (see pages 61 and 78). At the end of this period, however, the Mercians, weary of subjection to a foreign yoke, revolted, and having proved successful in regaining their independence, conferred the crown on *Wulfere*, one of the sons of Penda, who still embraced the Pagan idolatry. During the earlier part of the reign of this prince, the cause of Christianity was greatly injured by the rigour and cruelty with which he persecuted its professors. So strong indeed was the aversion he had conceived against the religion of Jesus, that he ordered his two sons to be put to death, because they refused to become apostates. *Cellagh*, who had succeeded *Diuma, the first Bishop of Mercia*, was compelled to fly to Scotland for safety. Wulfere, however, in the end became a convert to Christianity himself. The circumstances which led

* The *weekdays of the Saxons* is interwoven with our language. From the objects of their worship the names of our days have been derived. The first and second days in the week they dedicated to the *Sun* and *Moon*, hence Sunday and Monday, the third and fourth were dedicated to *Tuisco* and *Woden*, hence Tuesday and Wednesday; the fifth, *sixth, and seventh, in like manner*, to *Thor, Frea*, and *Seatur*, hence *Thursday, Friday, and Saturday*.

to this change in his religious sentiments, are very imperfectly stated by historians. His first act was to appoint *Trumhere*, an English clergyman who had been educated in Scotland, to the vacant See. To this prelate, *Jarumannus* succeeded. The famous *St. Chad*, or *St. Ceadda*, was next consecrated. About the year 669, by this bishop, the episcopal See of Mercia was finally fixed at Lichfield. His successor, *Wulfrid*, being deposed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the bishopric was divided into five several dioceses, Lichfield, Worcester, Hereford, Leicester, and Sidnacester; the latter of which is now a humble village, called Stowe, in Lincolnshire. Offa, one of the most powerful and illustrious monarchs of the Saxon heptarchy, required of Pope Adrian that his dominions should be governed by an archiepiscopal power. To this he was induced by feelings of pride and resentment, that his bishops should be subordinate to an authority beyond the limits of his own kingdom. To gratify his ambition, *Lichfield* was consecrated an independent *Archbishopric*, in 786. This city, however, only continued to enjoy the distinction it had thus obtained, till the death of Offa; when the Archbishop of Canterbury prevailed upon Pope Leo, by a golden bribe, to reduce it once more to its ancient rank within his jurisdiction. About the year 1075, the See was removed from Lichfield to Chester. It will be seen at page 65, that the seat of the bishops was removed from Coventry to *Lichfield*, by Roger de Clinton, who was raised to the episcopal throne, in 1127, and was a liberal benefactor both to the city and cathedral; where he increased or founded the ten PREBENDS of Gaia Major and Minor, Ufton Decani and Cantaris, Freeford, Hansacre, Curburough, Dernford, and Statfold; and settled the principal DIGNITARIES OF THE DIOCESE, of whom the present list will be found at page 87, preceded by an estimate of the annual value of their respective benefices, and a description of that magnificent structure—LICHFIELD CATHEDRAL; which may justly be styled the pride and glory of Staffordshire. From the foundation of the diocese to the present time, 82 bishops have successively presided over it, as will be seen in the following numerical list, with the years in which they were respectively inducted.

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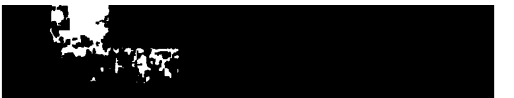
* *NOTES ON THE BISHOPS.*—(2) Cellach was a Scotchman, and was removed from the See by Wulfere, King of Mercia. (4) Jarumannus commenced the erection of the cathedral. (5) St. Chad, the celebrated hermit, gave name to the cathedral, and a parish in Lichfield, as will be seen at pages 78 and 89. The 14th and 15th were *archbishops*. (17) Athelwald instituted *prebendaries* in the cathedral. (24) Winsius is said to have confirmed King Edgar's charter, called the *Golden Charter*. (31) Peter was called "*Bishop of Chester and Lichfield.*" (32) Robert de Lymsey removed the See to Coventry, having got possession of the rich abbey there, and was the first styled Bishop *of Coventry and Lichfield.*" (33) Peccam was "butler and chaplain

LIST OF THE BISHOPS OF LICHFIELD AND COVENTRY.*

1	Devina,	655	29	Wulfius, ...	1038
2	Ceddach, ...	—	30	Leofwin, ...	1054
3	Trumbert, ..	—	31	Peter, ...	1067
4	Jarumannus,	662	32	Robert de Lymsey,	1086
5	St. Chad, ...	669		(Vacant 4 years.)	
6	Wilfrid, ...	672	33	Robert Peccam, ...	1121
7	Seaxwulfe, ..	674	34	Roger de Clinton....	1127
8	Headda, ...	691	35	Walter Derdent, ...	1149
9	Aldwine, ...	721	36	Richard Peche, or Peccam, ...	1161
10	Witta, ...	737			
11	Hemele, ...	752	37	Gerard de Puella, ..	1183
12	Cuthred, ...	764	38	Hugh de Novant, ..	1188
13	Berthunus, ..	768	39	Jeffery de Muschamp	1199
14	Sigibert, ...	785	40	Wm. de Cornhull, ..	1215
15	Aldulphus, ..	786	41	Alex. de Stavenby, ..	1224
16	Hewwin, ...	812	42	Nichs. de Farnham,	1238
17	Athelwald, ..	817	43	Roger de Wisham,	1245
18	Humbert, ...	852	44	Roger de Mayland, ..	1257
19	Kenferth, ...	867	45	Walter de Langton,	1295
20	Tunfrith, ...	890	46	Roger de Northburgh,	1322
21	Ewinna, ...	923	47	Robert de Stretton, ..	1360
22	Alfgar, ...	944	48	Walter Skirlaw, ...	1386
23	Kinsius, ...	960	49	Richard Scrope, ...	1386
24	Wenius, ...	974	50	John Burghill, ...	1398
25	Elfegus, ...	992	51	John Keterick, ...	1415
26	Sedwin, ...	1007	52	Wm. Hayworth, ...	1420
27	Leofgina, ..	1020	53	William Booth, ...	1447
28	Brithmerus, ..	1027	54	Nicholas Close, ...	1452
			55	Reginald Bolars, ...	1453
			56	John Halse, ...	1459
			57	William Smith, ...	1492
			58	John Arundel, ...	1496
			59	Jeffery Blythe, ...	1503
			60	Rowland Lee, ...	1534
			61	Richard Sampson, ..	1543
			62	Ralph Bane, ...	1554
			63	Thomas Bentham, ..	1559
			64	William Overton, ..	1579
			65	George Abbot, ...	1609
			66	Richard Neale, ...	1610
			67	John Overhall, ...	1614
			68	Thomas Moreton, ..	1618
			69	Robert Wright, ...	1632
			70	Accepted Frewen, ..	1643
			71	John Hackett, ...	1661
			72	Thomas Wood, ...	1671
			73	William Lloyd, ...	1692
			74	John Hough, ...	1699
			75	Edward Chandler, ..	1717
			76	Richard Smallbrooke,	1750
			77	Frederic Cornwallis,	1760
			78	John Egerton, ...	1768
			79	Brownlow North, ..	1771
			80	Richard Hurd, ...	1771
			81	Hon. Jas. Cornwallis,	1781
			82	Hon. Henry Ryder,	1815

*(*Notes on the Bishops, continued from the opposite page.)*

to Henry I. (34) Roger de Clinton was the first who styled himself "*Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry*, (see page 65). King Stephen granted him the churches of Penkridge, Stafford, and Wolverhampton. (35) Bishop Durdent obtained from King Stephen the liberty of coining money; and, in 1154, Henry II. granted to him and his successors, "all lands of the grubbed up parts of the forest of Cannock, Langdon, &c. (37) Gerard de Puella, who was famed for his eloquence, died after he had held the bishopric only sixteen weeks, "not without suspicion of poison." (38) *Hugh de Novant* was elected in 1184, but not consecrated till 1188; previous to which, he was appointed the Pope's Legate. He was an incessant adversary to the monks, who frequently annoyed him with their peculations and quarrels. Richard I. gave him authority to remove the *monks of Coventry*, and put secular priests in their place; and when the monks refused to obey his order, "he made way by the sword, wounding some, and putting the rest to flight." He is said to have been wounded in this conflict as he was standing by the altar. (40) *Bishop Cornhull* granted the Chapter of Lichfield a free power of choosing themselves a *Dean*; which privilege was confirmed by Pope Honorius III. Before this, the bishop always elected the Dean, as he did the Canons. After his death there arose a dispute between the churches of Lichfield and Coventry, about the election of his successor, which was referred to the Pope, who appointed *Bishop Stavenby*, a learned divine and philosopher, who is said to have had "many visions and strange dreams;" and who greatly enriched his *cathedral and increased its Prebends*. While he sat, it



was settled by the Pope that the election of the future bishops should be by the monks of Coventry and the Chapter of Lichfield alternately. (42) ***Nicholas de Farnham*** was elected before Bishop Pateshull, but he declined the honour. (45) ***Bishop Langton*** was a munificent benefactor to his church, as is noticed at the 78th and 85th pages. (47) It is said that ***Bishop Stretton*** could not read! though he was appointed at the earnest request of the Prince of Wales, whose chaplain he was. (48) Bishop Skirlaw was, against his own consent, translated to Bath and Wells, and afterwards to Durham. (49) Bishop Scrope was raised to the archbishopric of York. (51) Bishop Keterick was sent to the Council of Constance, in 1416, and Bishop Hayworth to that of Basle, in 1434. (57) ***Bishop Halse*** did much towards the reformation of his clergy. His chancellor and registrar were Dr. Salter, and Thomas Mylles; his eminent dean was Dr. Yotton; and many other learned and pious men were members of his church. (60) ***Bishop Lee***, being highly in favour with Henry VIII., was made governor of the Marches of Wales, which he cleared of the robbers that infested them. At the Reformation, when Chester was taken from the diocese of Lichfield, and the cathedral stripped of its ornaments, Bishop Lee is said to have begged from his Majesty the rich shrine of St. Chad. (62) Dr. Bane, the ***last Catholic bishop*** of Lichfield, was ejected by Queen Elizabeth. (69) ***Bishop Wright*** signed the Protestation against the exclusion of the Bishops from the Long Parliament, and suffered for it 18 weeks' imprisonment in the Tower. (70) ***Bishop Frewen*** was nominated by Charles I., but as he possessed neither power nor profit during the Commonwealth, he retired to London, and on the Restoration was translated to York. (71) As will be seen at page 78, ***Bishop Hackett*** was one of the most eminent persons of his time for learning and public spirit; and he it was who restored the *cathedral* after it had been reduced to a heap of ruins in the Civil wars. (75) ***Bishop Chandler*** was an Irishman, and was translated to the rich See of Durham, for which, it is said, he gave £9000. (76) ***Bishop Smallbrooke*** filled his church with his relations, and wrote 23 books; one of which is a well written Defence of our Saviour's Miracles, against the attack of Woolston. (80) ***Bishop Hurd*** was born at Congreve, near Penkridge, and educated at the Brewood Grammar School, and at Emanuel College, Cambridge. He was tutor to the Prince of Wales, (***afterwards George IV.***) and was esteemed one of the most elegant and accomplished scholars of the time in which he lived. He was author of several masterly and classical works, and, in 1781, was translated to Worcester. He died at Hartlebury Palace, in 1808. The work to which he was most indebted for his favour in the court, and his preferment in the church, was his "Moral and Political Dialogues;" previous to which, he had published an English Commentary and Notes, upon Horace's Epistle to the Pisoes; an edition of Horace, with Notes, &c.; an Essay on the Delicacy of Friendship; and some other works, all displaying great erudition and a complete acquaintance with polite literature. He also published many excellent Sermons. A new edition of all his works was published in 1811, as were also those of his friend Dr. Warburton. His successor, at Lichfield, the ***Hon. Dr. James Cornwallis***, the late bishop, contributed much to the improvement of the cathedral, and the episcopal Palace, at Eccles*hall. He died in 1815*, when the present bishop succeeded, [see page 87.]

The DIOCESE contains 557 *parishes*, comprising the whole of *Staffordshire* (except Broom, Clent, and Rowley Regis) and *Derbyshire*, the major part of *Warwickshire*, and nearly half of *Shropshire*. It is divided into *four Archdeaconries*, bearing the names of these counties, and into *sixteen Deaneries;* of which 4 are in Staffordshire, 4 in Warwickshire, 2 in Salop, and 6 in Derbyshire. The *Bishop has the patronage of the following church livings*, some of which are not within his diocese, viz., the *rectory* of St. Philip's, Birmingham; and the *vicarages* of Dunchurch, in Warwickshire; of Prees, in Salop; of Duffield, in Derbyshire; of Eccleshall, Hanbury, Penn, and Gnosall, in Staffordshire; of Towcester, Buckley, and Pightesley, in Northamptonshire; of Belgrave, in Leicestershire; of Burton, Wybunbury, and Copenhall, in Cheshire: and of Towen, in Merionethshire. The present value of the Bishopric, and the Deanery and Prebends of Lichfield is shewn at pages 86 and 87, together with the incumbents, and the following shews their ANNUAL VALUE IN THE KING'S BOOK,* viz., the *Bishopric* £559. 17s. 3½d.; the *Deanery* (with the prebends of Brewood and Adbaston) £40; the *Dean and Chapter's* joint revenue £275. 13s. 4d.;—PREBENDS, Alrewas £26. 13s. 4d.; Bishop's-Hull £2; Bobenhall £1; Whittington with Baswich, £13. 6s. 8d.; Curborough £6. 13s. 4d.; Colwich £13. 6s. 8d.; Dernford 10s.; Dasset Parva 3s. 4d.; Eccleshall £20.; Freeford £20; Flixton £7.; Gaia Major £5.; Gaia Minor £2.; Hansacre £14.; Bishop's Itchington £26. 13s. 4d.; Longdon £8.; Offley £16.; Oloughton, alias Okington, in two moieties, each £2. 13s. 4d.; Pipa Parva 26s. 8d.; Prees and Ruiton alias Pipa Minor £19.; Stokefold £5.; Swallow £56. 13s. 4d.; Tachbrook £10.; Terwen £26. 13s. 4d.; Weeford £14.; Wolvey £2. 3s. 4d.; and Wellington £10. The other entries in the same valuation connected with the Cathedral establishment, are "*Decan. and Capit pro* 12 *Choristis* £25. 12s. 3½d. *Duodecim partes, cujuslibet Decima, qualibet* £8. 14s. 2d.; *Septem. partes ad* 14s. 7d. *cujuslibet* £51. 10s.; *Succentor* £14. 0s. 10d.;" and the Office of *Sacrist* having cure of souls £9. 12s. 1½d. The latter is discharged from the payment of first fruits.

The MONASTIC INSTITUTIONS which existed in Staffordshire, during the ages of superstition and catholicism, were as numerous as those of most other counties in England. The following is a list of the *Abbeys*, *Nunneries*, *Priories*, and *Colleges*, which formerly flourished here, and to which a considerable number of chantries, hospitals, and other religious establishments of less importance might be added, as will be seen in the topographical part of this work.

* The KING'S BOOK, or *Liber Regis*, contains a valuation of all the Church Livings in the kingdom, taken by order of *Henry VIII.*, in 1535

RELIGIOUS HOUSES, AND THEIR ANNUAL VALUE WHEN DISSOLVED BY HENRY VIII.

		Founder.	*Date.*	£.	s.	d.
Abbeys.	Burton,	Wulfric,	1004,	356	16	3
	Croxden,	Bert. de Verdon,	1176,	103	6	7
	Dieu la Cross,	R. Earl of Chester,	1220,	243	3	6
	Hilton,	Henry de Audley,	1223,	76	14	10
	Radmore,	(Removed to Stoneley)	1154,			
Nunn.	Black Ladies,	Isabel Lander,				
	Farewell,	Bishop Clinton,	1140,			
	Hanbury,	King Ethelred,	760,			
Priories.	Blithbury,	Hugh Mavesyn,	1120,			
	Colwich,	Geva Ridel,	1125,			
	Lapley,	Algar, *(a Saxon)*	1046,			
	Ranton,	Robert Fitz Noel	1190,	90	2	10
	Rocester,	Richard Bacon,	1140,	111	13	7
	St. Thomas,	Gerard de Stafford,	1162,	141	13	2
	Sandwell,	William Offney,	1155,			
	Stone,	Robert Lord Stafford,	1100,	119	14	11
	Trentham,	Robert Earl of Chester,	1218,	106	3	10
	Tutbury,	Henry de Ferrars,	1081,	244	16	8
Colleges.	Lichfield,	King Oswy,	656,			
	Penkridge,	King Edgar,	964,			
	Stafford,	(unknown, but founded				
	Tettenhall,	before the Conquest.)				
	Tamworth & Gnosall,	(unknown.)				
	Wolverhampton,	Lady Wulfruna,	996.			

It has already been seen that STAFFORDSHIRE forms one of the ARCHDEACONRIES in the Diocese of Lichfield and Coventry, and is divided into four DEANERIES, of which the following is an enumeration, shewing the PARISHES belonging to each, and distinguishing those where the church livings still remain *in charge*, and those which are *discharged from the payment of first fruits*, as they appear in Ecton's Thesaurus, in which all the chapelries, and some of the parochial curacies are omitted.

DEANERY OF LAPLEY AND TRYSULL:—*Livings in Charge*,—Blymhill, Bradley, Church-Eaton, Euville, Forton, Himley, Norbury, Kingswinford, Sheriff-Hales, and Sedgley. *Discharged*,—Bushbury, Brewood, Lapley, Over-Penn, Pattingham, Trysull, Wombourn, Weston-under-Lizard, Penkridge, Shareshill, Tettenhall, and Wolverhampton.

DEANERY OF LEEK AND ALVETON (or Alton), *Livings in Charge*,—Checkley, Cheadle, Grindon, Ilam, Kingsley, and Leigh:—*Discharged*, Alstonfield, Alveton, Bramshall, Blore, Caverswall, Gratwich, Dilhorne, Ellaston, Leek, Mayfield, Rocester, Uttoxeter, and Waterfall.

DEANERY OF NEWCASTLE AND STONE: *Livings in Charge*,—*Ashley, Blithfield*, Chebsey, Draycott, Haughton, Ingestre,

Musclestone, Offley, Stoke-upon-Trent, Swinnerton, Standon, and Walstanton:—*Discharged*, Audley, Biddulph, Eccleshall, Madeley, Milwich, Newcastle, Stone, Sandon, Tixall, Baswich, Bradley-juxta-Stafford, Castle-Church, Keele, Ranton, Stafford, Maer, Fulford, Trentham, Norton-in-the-Moors, Hanley, Shelton, Burslem, &c.

Deanery of Tamworth and Tutbury:—*Livings in Charge*, —Aldridge, Clifton-Campville, Colton, Drayton-Basset, Darlaston, Elford, Hamstall-Ridware, Harborne, Handsworth, Longdon, Mavesyn-Ridware, Rolleston, Tatenhill, Thorpe-Constantine, Walsall, and Yoxall:—*Discharged*, Alrewas, Armitage, Abbots and Kings' Bromley, Cannock, Colwich, Edingale, Hanbury, Rushall, Rugeley, Shenstone, Tamworth, Tutbury, Tipton, Norton-Canes, Wednesbury, Westbromwich, Whittington, Pipe-Ridware, and Lichfield.

The Peculiars in *Staffordshire, to which "no diocese license is to be directed,"* are Cannock, Rugeley, Areley, Brewood, Lichfield, Hammerwich, Farewell, Baswich, Acton-Trussell, Bednall, Whittington, Alrewas, Bromley-Regis, Edingale, Mavesyn and Pipe-Ridwares, Hansacre, Armitage, Hints, Norton, Eccleshall, Offley, Fradswell, Colwich, Adbaston, Longdon, Weeford, St. Chad's Stafford, Tipton, Penkridge, Shareshill, Gnosall, Wolverhampton, Pelsall, Willenhall, Bilston, Tettenhall, Codsall, and Oakover.

Extra Parochial Places:—In addition to the parishes, chapelries, and townships, there are in Staffordshire, as in many other counties, several of those privileged districts called Extra Parochial Liberties, which are generally found to have been the sites of ancient castles or religious houses, or of *hayes* or woods, set apart at a very early period for the use of such establishments. The owners of these districts were privileged with an independent jurisdiction, and did not permit any interference with their authority within their own limits. Hence such places enjoy a virtual exemption from maintaining the poor, because they have no overseer on whom a magistrates' order may be served; from the militia laws, because they have no constable to make returns; and from repairing the highways, because they have no surveyor. In the language of the ancient Law of England, such places were not "*Geldable nor Shireground;*" and as the Sheriff was the receiver-general in his county till about the time of the Revolution of 1688, extra-parochial districts were neither taxable, nor within the ordinary pale of civil jurisdiction. They are still virtually exempt from many civil duties, [illegible]nhabitants are not called upon to serve many public [illegible]hich others are liable.

[illegible] THE ROSES, &c.—In 1322, a severe battle was [illegible]urton-upon-Trent, (see page 314,) during the rebel- [illegible]Earl of Lancaster, *who then resided* at the neighbour- *Tutbury, which was afterwards given* to the celebra- *Lancaster, the first of the royal house of* Lancaster, (see

page 408). During the contentions for the crown between the rival *houses of York and Lancaster*, in 1459, a decisive conflict took place in this county, near the borders of Shropshire, about eight miles W.N.W. of Eccleshall, called the BATTLE OF BLOREHEATH. The Earl of Salisbury marching to join the Duke of York, who then lay at Ludlow, in Shropshire, was intercepted at this place, by the royal army under Lord Audley, who posted himself here for that purpose, by the express orders of Queen Margaret, the celebrated consort of Henry VI., she being extremely fearful lest the king's person should fall into the power of his adversary. Lord Audley's forces amounted to ten thousand men, and had besides the advantage of chusing their position; whereas the Yorkist troops did not exceed 5000 men, with all the incumbrances and disadvantages of an army on its march. The Earl of Salisbury, to obviate these difficulties, as much as possible, and with the view of separating the royalists, and throwing them off their guard, had recourse to stratagem. Between the two armies ran a small rivulet with very steep banks, and not easily passed. Feigning, therefore, a retreat, he induced Lord Audley to order a precipitate pursuit. The consequence was the division of the royal army by the rivulet; which the Earl no sooner perceived than he ordered his troops to face about and commence an attack. The vigour of the onset, and the surprise and astonishment of the enemy, soon decided the fortune of the day, in the complete overthrow of the royalists, Lord Audley himself, and 2400 of the Cheshire gentlemen, whose loyalty and ardour had led them into the van, fell in the action. The Queen, who had beheld the defeat of her army, from the tower of Muccleston church, fled to Eccleshall castle, while Salisbury proceeded, without further opposition, to the place of his destination; but in the following year he was taken prisoner at the battle of Wakefield, and subsequently lost his head on the block. In a field, on the south side of the Newcastle road, about two miles E. of Drayton, and on the banks of the rivulet where the fatal battle of Bloreheath was fought, a *wooden cross* was erected soon after the action, to mark the spot where Lord Audley fell. This cross having been thrown down by a cow rubbing against it, Charles Boothby Scrymsher, the lord of the manor, in 1765, erected a stone pedestal, upon which he placed the ancient cross, both of which still remain; and on the north side of the pedestal is a suitable inscription. Drayton, in his Polyolbion, commemorates the names of the heroes, and the unnatural slaughter at Bloreheath in the following lines.

"——————————— The Earl
So hungry in revenge, there made a rav'nous spoil,
There Dutton Dutton kills: a Done doth kill a Done:
A Booth a Booth; and Leigh by Leigh is overthrown;
A Venables against a Venables doth stand;
A Troutbeck fighteth with a Troutbeck hand to hand;
There Molineux doth make a Molineux to die
And Egerton the strength of Egerton doth try."

The beautiful but unfortunate MARY QUEEN OF SCOTS, experienced much of her long imprisonment and suffering in Staffordshire, at the castles of Tutbury and Chartley, during the reign of her rival and kinswoman, Elizabeth. At the latter place her correspondence with the Pope was contrived and carried on. Here likewise she resided previous to being conducted to Fotheringhay castle, where her trial and condemnation took place, followed by her execution, to the indelible disgrace of the great and illustrious princess who then swayed the English sceptre. (See page 409).

CIVIL WARS:—In the fatal contentions between the prerogatives of the Crown and the privileges of Parliament, in the reign of Charles I., when brother fought against brother, and father against son, Staffordshire had its full share of the evils resulting from intestine strife. The principal causes which led to this distraction of the country, were the levying of ship money, and the duty of tonnage and poundage, without the sanction of Parliament; and the cruel proceedings of that secret and inquisitorial court, called the *Star Chamber:* There also prevailed in the nation a disposition for republican in preference to monarchial government; and religion was often made the stalking horse to avarice and ambition. From these combined causes the elements of government were thrown into disorder, and they never perfectly re-assumed their proper station till the glorious revolution of 1688, although many patriotic addresses were sent from this and other counties, to the Parliament, praying for an amicable adjustment of their differences. The King first hoisted the royal standard at Nottingham, in August 1642, after issuing his famous commission of array to the Lord-Lieutenants of every county in England. Many of the principal families in Staffordshire espoused the royal cause, and amongst the most conspicuous loyalists were the Dyotts of Lichfield, which city was taken and re-taken several times in the course of the war. In 1643, the *Siege of Lichfield* was followed by the *Battle of Hopton-Heath*, and the *Sieges* of Stafford and Wolverhampton, in all of which the Parliamentarians under Sir John Gell and Sir William Brereton, were successful, as will be seen at pages 66, 112, 141, and 170. In September during the same year, Sir William Brereton besieged *Eccleshall Castle*, and defeated Colonel Hastings, who attempted to relieve it, killing and taking 200 horse; but the Colonel, who was wounded escaped to Tutbury. The *Castles of Tutbury, Stourton, and Dudley*, were at this time held by the Royalists, and the King had a garrison at Pattesshull (see pages 261, 337, and 410). After ordering the demolition of Stafford Castle, (December 22nd, 1643), the Parliament Committee dispatched Colonel Rudgeley to *Newcastle-under-Lyme*, to raise troops for the defence of that town and *Leek*, and for the assistance of Sir William Brereton, *in Cheshire*. The dilapidation of *Keele-house, and the house of the Fitzherberts*, at *Swin-*

nerton, was soon afterwards resolved upon by the Committee. On February 14th, 1644, Captain Stone, with a body of Parliamentarians, marched against *Patteshull-house*, which had a Popish garrison, and was strongly fortified: taking advantage of the drawbridge being down, he suddenly surprised the sentinels, fell on the garrison, killed many of them and took the governor, (Mr. Astley,) several gentlemen of quality, two Jesuits, and sixty men prisoners. On January 15th, 1645, after the battle of Naseby had decided the unhappy fate of Charles I., he left Ashby-de-la-Zouch for Lichfield, where he slept that night; and next day proceeded to Wolverhampton, and from thence to Bewdley. After a long route through Herefordshire, Wales, and Shropshire, we again find him (August 10,) at Lichfield. On May 5th, 1646, after suffering many privations, the King surrendered to the Scotch army, at Newark-upon-Trent. The crafty Scotchmen removed the King to Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and after prevailing upon him to issue orders for the surrender of all his garrisons, they treacherously sold him to his merciless enemies for £200,000, and a promise of another sum of equal amount to be paid in two moieties. This base transaction occurred in 1647; and on January 13th, 1649, his majesty was beheaded in the street opposite the royal Palace of Whitehall. His son, CHARLES II., subsequently attempted to regain the throne of his ancestors, which was not conceded to him till after the death of Cromwell, and the abdication of his effeminate son, Richard, in 1660. After the battle of Worcester, in 1651, had ruined the hopes of Charles II., he wandered for some time in concealment in Staffordshire, and the adjacent parts of Shropshire, until his friends found him the means of escaping to France. In his flight from Worcester, he was accompanied by Lord Wilmot, Colonel Giffard, and some other of his faithful adherents. Colonel Giffard was a Catholic gentleman who resided at *Chillington-park*, in Staffordshire, about two miles E. of *Boscobel* and the nunnery called *White-Ladies*, in Shropshire, nine miles N. W. of Wolverhampton (see page 481). Being well acquainted with the country, he conducted the King to his seat of White-Ladies, where his majesty, having cut his hair short, dismissed his retinue, assumed the garb of a peasant, and committed the safety of his person to Richard Pendrell, a woodman of Boscobel, who had three brothers, all servants living in the same neighbourhood. Though death was denounced against all who concealed the King, and a reward of £10,000 promised to any one who should betray him, this noble peasant and his brothers remained unshaken in their fidelity to their sovereign. The King passed the first day of his concealment, with Richard Pendrell, in a neighbouring wood, where they pretended to employ themselves in cutting faggots; and when it grew dark they set out for Madeley, in Shropshire, with the intention of passing the *Severn into Wales*; but learning that all the fords and passes of

e strictly guarded, the King was secreted in a b
a catholic gentleman named Wolf, of Madel
tinued till night-fall, and then returned with P
obel. Next morning, for a better concealment, t
r with Colonel Carless, who commanded for his m
ttle of Worcester, mounted a large oak* in Boscob
they sheltered themselves among the leaves a
four-and-twenty hours. On Sunday night Pendr
e King, upon a miller's horse, to the house of M
a catholic gentleman, at *Mosele*[illegible]
received with every mark of loyalty [illegible]
ined till Tuesday night, when his [illegible]
faithful host, and was taken by Lor[illegible]
residence of Colonel Lane, about four m
ards Walsall. During the King's stay a
Mr. Huddleston's† (the priest of the famil
ence was a direct passage into a secret hidin
sts, and in which Mr. Huddleston had been
take shelter in those times: in this hole his [illegible]
lf upon an alarm of the approach of the rebels, but
ave had the address to prevent a search for the King.
night, Lord Wilmot left Moseley, and went back to
consult with Colonel Lane upon measures to be
Majesty's safety. A scheme was here formed for
o Bristol. Colonel Lane having a relation in that
ined a pass for his sister and a servant to visit him.
isguised as a servant, rode before Miss Lane, and
tol in safety; but no vessel being ready to sail, his
ght a temporary security at Colonel Wyndham's in

At length, a vessel was procured at Brighthelm-
e, after various adventures, the King arrived on
h, and having embarked he was next day safely
eschamp, in Normandy. Upon his Restoration, in
rarded many of his faithful preservers with pensions,
monarchy and episcopacy to the greatest splendour;
oon became one of the most voluptuous, tyrannical,
nimous monarchs that ever swayed the sceptre of

L OAK has ever since been held in great veneration, especially
s, and has given its name to many Inns and Taverns in every part
t was for a long time protected by an encircling wall, but is now
decay.

, from some anecdotes of the Rev. John Huddleston, published
years ago, that Richard Pendrell, the honest and loyal protector
died February 6, 1671. Mr. Huddleston was the King's constant
Mr. Whitgreave's, and when his Majesty departed, he took solemn
with assurances of his friendship. Mr. Huddleston afterwards
d sea, and became a Benedictine monk; but returning, upon the
he was appointed one of Queen Catharine's chaplains, and was
ed by name *in proclamations or edicts* issued against the Catholics.

England;—sacrificing both Catholics and Dissenters to his *needy* policy, and supporting the Protestant Church, not from principle, but interest, as was evinced in his dying moments. On his accession to the throne, the bishops were allowed to resume their seats in the House af Peers, and an Act of Uniformity was passed, requiring of all clergymen, episcopal ordination, canonical obedience, and a general assent to every thing contained in the Book of Common Prayer. For not conforming to this act, more than 2000 clergymen were deprived of their benefices, and thus originated *Non-conformity* or Protestant dissent; for prior to this time, the *Puritans* had remained members of the establishment, though labouring to promote a further reformation. The ejected ministers suffered much under the operation of several severe laws, amongst which were the *Conventicle*, the *Oxford*, the *Corporation*, and the *Test Acts*; all of which are happily now abolished;—the two first being annulled by the *Toleration Act*, passed in 1689, but the two latter were not repealed till 1828, a few months before the passing of the Catholic Emancipation Bill.

In the *Rebellion of* 1745, when a rash attempt was made by the young Pretender to restore the dynasty of the Stuarts, the Scottish insurgents, commanded by Prince Charles Edward and the Dukes of Perth, Athol, &c., marched through *Leek*, on Tuesday, December 3rd, (O. S.) on their way to Derby, and returned on the Saturday following, to the great consternation of the inhabitants, who feared the consequences of an action between them and the army of the Duke of Cumberland then stationed at Stone, with an advanced guard at Newcastle-under-Lyme. But this alarm was of short duration; for the rebels deemed it prudent to hasten back to Scotland, where the Duke soon afterwards completely destroyed their hopes in the memorable battle of Culloden, (April 16th, 1746,) and restored the kingdom once more to peace and tranquillity. Since that period, the history of Staffordshire is confined to the improvement and extension of its commerce and manufactures, its mines, roads, canals, public institutions, &c. &c.

SOIL, AND ASPECT OF THE COUNTY.

Staffordshire exhibits as great a variety of soils as any other county in England of a similar extent. Pitt says the *arable soils* may in general be divided into, *first*, the stiff and strong clayey, (argillaceous),; *second*, the loose and light, sandy, (arenaceous,); *third*, lime earth, (calcareous,); and *fourth*, the mixed or compound soil, or loam, composed of the above with the addition of stones and other matters. The strong clayey soil is most prevalent in the hundred of Cuttlestone, and in those portions of the hundred of Offlow, which lie north of the Trent, and east of the Tame, together with the southern portions of Pirehill and Totmanslow. The light soil predominates chiefly in the hundred

of Offlow, to the south of the Trent, and in the hundred of Seisdon, around Pattingham, Wombourn, Himley, and Kingswinford. The *meadow lands*, which, for the most part lie in the vicinity of the canals and rivers, usually partake of the nature of the arable soils in their respective vicinities, with the addition of the sediment of water, when within reach of the streams. In some particular spots, *peat earth* forms the soil in the meadow grounds, reaching different degrees of thickness, and consisting chiefly of decayed roots of aquatic vegetables. Sometimes it contains trunks of large trees, of which many curious specimens have of late years been found near Stonnal, in Shenstone parish. When properly drained, consolidated, and meliorated, this kind of soil becomes valuable pasture and meadow land.

The *Middle part of the County* is for the most part level, except Cannock Chase, an immense open heath which swells to a considerable elevation, from which issue many streams that flow in all directions to the Trent. East of this heath, and as far as the river Tame, is a tract of light soil, or sandy and gravelly loam; and to the east of that river is a strong or mixed loam, very productive both as corn and pasture land. Between the Trent and the Dove, is Needwood Forest, (now enclosed,) and as far up as Uttoxeter, is a tract of strong or loamy soil, and again on to Eccleshall, and the borders of Shropshire, is a strong or mixed marl, or loam. The country, south of Cannock Chase, is a mixed gravelly loam; but that south and west of Wolverhampton is a lighter soil. To the north of Dudley, and again near Walsall, are considerable tracts of *limestone*, some in elevated cliffs, and others in strata beneath the surface, either in detached parts or solid rock: the limestone in both places is proved to be nearly upon the same level, by canals communicating between them, and into the heart of the works, at 500 feet above the level of the sea. Some of the cliffs are considerably above that level, and the under-strata beneath it: petrified marine substances, and other *antediluvian remains*, are found both imbedded in the solid rock, and in the fissures between the strata.

The *North-west* of the county from Stone, through Newcastle to Talk-on-the-hill, and thence to Betley and Drayton, is generally loam, with a varied understratum of sand, gravel, marl, or gritstone rock; the soil, being the happy medium between the sterility of sand and the harshness of clay, is adapted either to tillage or pasture. The country is enclosed with quicksets well planted, the timber trees are luxuriant and of flourishing growth, the meadow and grazing lands are covered with a good herbage, and the corn crops have generally a promising appearance: upon the whole, this district may be termed a fine country, though not without some spots of inferior land. Near Maer-heath, and Ashley Common, may be found a thin black peat-moor soil, and on the hilly parts, poor sand, gravel, or rock.

The *Southern* part of the county abounds in coal, lime, and ironstone, and is less level than the middle. The *limestone hills*, and cliffs of Sedgley and Dudley Castle, rise to the height of two or three hundred feet, and furnish an inexhaustible supply of that material; while Rowley Regis exhibits a striking singularity, being in itself an insulated mountain, composed of a species of granite or primeval stone, ending in various peaks or summits, but covered with a rich vegetable earth. The loftiest point, called Turner's Hill, is the most elevated ground in the south of Staffordshire: the other highest points of Rowley Mountain, are Oakham and Corney hills. The base of this mountain is composed of an extremely hard, rusty-blue coloured substance, called *Rowley rag-stone*, not at all gritty or calcareous; it lies in an infinite number of fragments, some of them of immense size, both beneath and upon the surface. Large quantities of it are carried to Birmingham, and other places, for paving and repairing roads. The rock called Rowley hail-stone, is of great size, and similar quality. The surface-soil is a good marly loam, retentive of moisture even in its elevated situation, and produces a good herbage of grass. The roads in this parish are rocky precipices, and most of the heavy carriage is performed upon the backs of horses. The *Clent Hills*, to the south-west of Rowley, are composed of stone-trash, *(traccia arenacea)*, or innumerable small fragments of broken rock-stone intermixed with a red sandy loam: the lower ground partakes more of a marly or loamy quality. The stone-trash apparently goes to a great depth, and by quickly imbibing rain, renders the soil porous, and liable to burn in hot summers, except where the moisture is retained by the marly loam abounding in the surface-soil. A considerable part of Clent hills is sheep-walk, though covered generally with a fine turfed herbage: these hill summits nearly equal those of Rowley in height, and seem capable of the turnip and barley culture. There are several patches of waste land in this part of the county, producing heath, fern, sheep's fescue, matt grass, white galium, and sheep's sorrel. Kinfare is on a light gravelly soil, with a grit-rock bottom, of various quality, more or less fertile. West of Kinfare, the soil changes into a strong clayey or marly loam, more or less harsh or friable, including Enville, Bobbington, and Over-Areley, (on the Severn). Here the hills are often rocky, with small fragments upon or near the surface, in some parts quartzose, in others gritty; the surface-soil changes in colour from red to grey, with all the shades between: the cultivation is the same as on other strong lands. Enville is famous for *black cherries;* and the pleasure grounds of *Enville Hall*, (the magnificent seat of the Earl of Stamford and Warrington,) are extensive, and well stocked with timber trees and underwood of every description, amongst which *the oak* preponderates in great profusion, and is of kindly and *vigorous growth:* these grounds command some beautiful and

extensive prospects. Over-Areley is famous for fruit, especially *apples*, for which the soil and aspect are well adapted.

The *North* part of the county, called the MOORLANDS, includes about one-sixth of the county, the whole *Hundred of Totmanslow*, and the eastern vicinity of the Potteries. The face of this portion of the county is various, but in general hilly, with large tracts of uncultivated land. Cheadle is situated in a pleasant vale of good mixed soil, but surrounded by large and barren hills, composed of huge heaps of steril gravel. Cheadle-park, now in cultivation, abounds in mines of coal, of great value; but the hills are generally on an understratum of sand or sandy rock, and covered with heath *(erica vulgaris)*, broom, whortle-berries, mountain carex's, cinquefoils, cestus's, matt grass, and knap weeds, all of diminutive growth: these barren wastes are still very extensive, though many enclosures have been made during the last 20 years. The commons or wastes, between Cheadle and Oakamoor, called High Shutt, Ranger, and Alveton-common, consist of an immense number of rude heaps of gravel, with an understratum of soft sandy rock, thrown together without order or form, or rather into every form that can be conceived.* A little to the north of Oakamoor, so called from being covered with dwarf oaks, the *limestone country* begins: it extends up Dovedale to near Longnor, and includes, from the Dove to Morredge, a space of fifty or sixty square miles. The quantity of limestone here is inexhaustible, and in many places of immense thickness. This is the best part of the Moorlands; the soil seems to have a natural aptitude for producing a fine herbage of grass.† The *Weever hills* are of considerable extent, and composed of immense heaps of limestone, covered with a good calcareous earth, capable of being improved into arable and pasture land: they are enclosed in large tracts by stone walls, but not subdivided; and large breadths have never undergone the least improvement. These hills are very lofty, and nearly as high as the Moorlands or Derbyshire Peak hills, which may be seen from

* "This barren tract, impracticable to the plough, might be improved into good land and plantation, and some open spots of the most favourable aspects reserved for gardens to cottage tenements, and cultivated with the spade and hoe. Over one of these rocky declivities, to the north-east of Oakamoor, is thriving plantation of Scotch fir, spruce, oak, lime, birch, sallow, and mountain ash: this is perhaps the largest improvement to which the sides of barren precipices can possibly be brought by human industry; and it were to be wished that all public or patriotic societies that offer premiums for planting, would limit such premiums to grounds impracticable to the plough, or of small value, not exceeding per acre specified sum. The practice of planting extensively upon rich level, or fine pasture land, may be considered a national evil, such land being more profitable in culture."—*Pitt*, 1817.

† The breed of *cows*, of the long horned kind, in this district, is generally superior to those of the south of the county; this may be attributed to the plough system: the growth of corn being chiefly *attended to in the latter division*, whilst here it forms the *principal object*.

their summits: the fall even from the foot of them to the highest parts of the Dove or the Churnet, is very great; and those rivers are here very rapid.* *Stanton Moor*, to the east of these hills, is a considerable waste, on a limestone surface: the limestone is intermixed with gypsum or alabaster. Lime being much used here as manure, both on ploughed land and turf, large quantities of it are burnt in this neighbourhood: it has been observed, that after liming a coarse turf, white clover has flourished abundantly where that plant had not before been noticed. The *fences*, in a large tract of this country, are almost wholly of *stone walls*, built without cement or mortar, and consequently liable to gaps and breaches: quickset fences are certainly much superior, both for shelter and appearance, and particularly as these walls do not admit of drains or ditches alongside them.

The MOORLANDS, in point of elevation, are far above the south of the county, rising at least from 100 to 200 perpendicular yards above the general level: on these heights are large tracts of enclosed pasturage. This elevation greatly increases the degree of cold, by combining the causes that produce it, and by being more exposed to the elements of air and water in every form and variety of wind, hail, snow, or rain; and the country is almost in a state of nature, without any shelter or covering except stone walls, which have little effect in keeping off the cold winds: the little wheat and barley sown here will not ripen, nor oats in due time, except the season be very favourable. The plantations at *Oakover* (partly of oak), are in a flourishing state; and the house, situated in a park well stocked with deer, commands a fine view of the Dove. At *Ilam*, farther up the Dove, is a very pleasant seat, which, from its romantic situation, suggests the idea of a glen in the Alps: two considerable rivers, the *Hamps* and *Manyfold*, here rush from under the limestone hills, after a subterraneous passage of several miles in separate streams. The precipices that surround the valley in which Ilam stands, are well clothed with oak, and other wood; the pleasure-walks from the hall, on one of these precipices, are diversified and beautiful, and resemble shelves, one almost perpendicularly above another, the sides of which are furnished by nature, with scarcely any assistance from art, with a profusion of *flowers* of no ordinary appearance.† Several curious specimens of *petrified fish* are preserved here, said to be of the carp or barbel species, but which, in reality, are fragments of chert

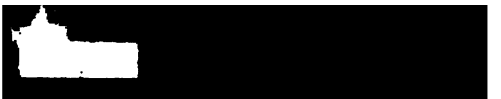
* "On these summits, in a very red soil, the *Upland Burnet, (poterium sanguisorba,)* grows in profusion among the limestone; it would be worth while to transplant the young roots, and save the seed for cultivation as winter food for sheep; the plant being remarkably hardy, and good food for sheep or cattle."—*Pitt.*

† Amongst others, native geraniums of different sorts, the centaurea scabiosa, and other shewy natives: in a meadow over the water, the ramson, *(allium ursinum)* a shewy flower, but no desirable pasture-plant, flourishes in great profusion.

petrifactions embedded in the limestone rock when in a state of fluidity; the limestone being softer than the chert, most of these fragments project in the middle, which gives them a resemblance to shells: three or four very good specimens are shewn to those who visit Lum Hall, where the subterraneous rivers form two very fine cascades. The bold and romantic *Hills of Thorp Cloud*, and *Bunster*, on either side the Dove, may be seen from these grounds: the latter (in Staffordshire), is an immense heap of limestone, but covered with a light earth, and well stocked with timber: between these hills the Dove falls in abrupt cascades. Large quantities of limestone have fallen from the overhanging precipices into the channel of the river.* *Mill-dale*, near Alstonfield, is a long narrow vale or glen of great depth, the sides of which are composed of overhanging precipices of limestone, estimated to be from 100 to 150 yards of perpendicular height, and so very steep that they can be ascended only in very few places; the width of this glen, at the top, scarcely exceeds the depth of its sides. The *Vale of Manyfold* is situated between Wetton and Butterton, where the waters of the Manyfold [illegible] by the fissures under the limestone hills, and [illegible] at Ilam, four miles below. The warmest imagination can scarcely conceive a spot more wild and romantic than the upper parts of this vale. *Thor's-house Cavern*, is a considerable [illegible] in the side of a lofty precipice; it has somewhat the appearance of the inside of a Gothic church, and seems to be [illegible] of stone. The tract of country north-east of Mole[illegible] forms part of the Moorlands, and of Staffordshire, the [illegible] considerable portion of it being too uneven for [illegible] large tracts of waste land here, though so elevated [illegible] are generally high moors and peat mosses; on [illegible] part of Moredge, Axedge, the Cloud-heath, [illegible] Lock-heath, and Mole-cop, though amongst the [illegible] in the county. The calcareous or limestone bottom [illegible] Moredge, about six miles N. of Leek, and the underlay [illegible] the tract of country to the west, is generally only [illegible] or gritstone rock.

The summits of some of the hills in this part of the county [illegible] in large tremendous cliffs, particularly those called ROACHES, and IPSTONES SHARP CLIFTS, which [illegible] of large heaps of rude and rugged rock piled one [illegible] and have a most terrific aspect: in some places [illegible] of immense size are heaped together, and overhang

* [illegible] the immense precipices of BUNSTER, [illegible] DOVE, and the [illegible]



the precipices, threatening destruction to the traveller; and some broken masses of prodigious bulk, have evidently rolled from the summits. Leek Rocks, or Roches, are composed of a coarse sandy grit-rock; those of Ipstones of coarse plum-pudding stone *(breccia arenacea)*, and seem like sand and small pebbles cemented together. It is evident, from the huge tremendous cliffs in which these hills, and others in the neighbourhood, terminate, and the immense fragments of broken stones which lie scattered in every direction, that these rocks, at an early period, have been torn in pieces by some violent convulsions of nature. These stone cliffs and fragments cover a considerable extent of country, particularly about Ipstones, Wetley Rocks, Leek Rocks, to the west of Flash, High Forest, the Cloud-heath, and Mole-cop common, with the waste to the north of this common, and in many other places. Upon *Morredge* and *Axheath Commons*, large quantities of peat are dug for fuel. The *peat-mosses* on Morredge are generally three or four feet deep, with an understratum of gravelly clay. The peat here, and on Axedge, is extremely porous and retentive of moisture, and even in a dry season, yields sufficient water from pressure to supply several small lakes and rivulets, and starves the natural herbage: indeed, nothing grows on or near these spots except heath *(erica)*, whortle-berries, the cottony rush or grass *(eriophorum vaginatum)*, carex's, and rushes. One great obstruction to the improvement of these lands, is the immense quantities of stone lying on, or of rocks rising out of the surface. The most sanguine friend to agriculture can expect little more here than sheep-walk or plantation, and it would be praise-worthy in the landed proprietors at least to attempt the latter, in which there can be no doubt but their efforts would be crowned with complete success.

The ALTITUDES of the highest points of Staffordshire above the level of the Thames at Brentford, are as follows:—The summit of the Staffordshire canal 385 feet; of the Birmingham canal 500; of the Wyrley canal at Essington-Wood 560; of Bushbury-hill 650; Barbecan 750; Rowley-hill 900; Bunster 1200; Wever-hills 1500; and the summit of the Trent and Mersey canal 420 feet.

AGRICULTURE.—During the last half century, but few counties in England have made greater improvement in the cultivation of the soil, and in the breeding of stock, than Staffordshire. *Draining*, the foundation of all other improvements, when from the nature of the soil it is necessary, has been practised here upon a very extensive scale, and executed in a scientific and masterly manner; generally with *tiles*, of which large quantities are made in various parts of the county; and indeed they are cheaper and more suitable for the purpose than any other material that might be used, especially since they have been exempted from duty,—an advantage for which the farmers are chiefly indebted *to the exertions of* Sir John Wrottesley, when he represented

Lichfield in Parliament. *Irrigation* has also been extensively adopted in various parts of the county, and *lime* is now in general use, and found to be very beneficial both upon arable and grass land. The implements of husbandry have been much improved, the threshing machine introduced on many of the larger farms, and more attention is now paid than formerly in making and collecting various composts and manures. The gates and fences are generally kept in excellent repair, and the mode of laying and plashing hedges has of late years been much improved. The *Staffordshire Plough* is an efficient implement, and its construction has been in many parts improved by an imitation of the *Swing Plough*, used in the northern counties. The *Twin Harrow*, perhaps the best of all instruments for eradicating weeds and bringing the soil into good tilth, is now in general use; and the *waggons and carts* are constructed on a much lighter and less cumbrous plan than they were fifty years ago. Among the various causes which have led to the improvement of the agriculture of Staffordshire, the partiality of many of the noble and other large land owners of the county for this most interesting and useful art, may justly be considered the principal one. "Scattered about in different parts of the county, the demesnes of these gentlemen may be looked upon as a sort of school, in which the practices of other districts may be learnt, the best implements may be inspected, and the merits of the various stock of different counties may be duly estimated by the practical farmer. Among persons devoted to the same pursuits, the most lively and lasting friendships are usually formed; and this effect has been produced among the gentlemen of this county. To inspect the improvements carrying on upon each other's farms, has led to a social intercourse, which could scarcely have been formed under any other circumstances." In these friendly meetings, the paltry jarrings of politics are forgotten in the contemplation of those far more interesting pursuits, which have for their object the cultivation of the soil and the bettering the condition of the poor. The prevailing taste for agricultural improvement, which has been so long manifested in Staffordshire, has caused the establishment of two societies, one at Lichfield, and the other at Newcastle. The first is denominated "*The Staffordshire General Agricultural Society*," and is liberally supported by the nobility, gentry, and principal farmers, whose annual contributions are given in premiums only to the *practical farmers*, as it is properly considered that there could not be a fair competition between them and the owners of the soil; who, however, for the purpose of keeping alive the spirit of emulation, "either make matches among themselves, or enter into different sets of sweepstakes, which of course are open to the tenants also." The principal premiums of this society are given to encourage general cultivation, rather than that of particular crops; and thus there is offered to the tenant who shall cultivate, *and improve in the* best manner, the farm

he occupies, consisting of not less than 200 acres, a piece of plate of the value of £50, and to the second best a prize of £25 value. For farms of 100 acres, the first prize is a silver cup of £30, and the second of £15 value. Besides these, premiums are usually given for the various sorts of horned cattle, sheep, and swine; and £10 to the person who shall invent and exhibit the best tool or implement of husbandry, found to be better adapted to the intended purpose, than any then in use. There are also several premiums offered to labourers, who have brought up the largest families without parochial relief; and likewise to those who produce the best characters from their employers for long and industrious servitude, and for the cleanliness of their cottages and gardens. Domestic servants, of both sexes, are also remembered, and stimulated, by suitable prizes, to habits of honesty, industry, sobriety, &c. The annual meetings of the society are numerously attended, and the shew of stock, of every description, is of the first rate quality. "*The Newcastle and Pottery Agricultural Society*," was established about 35 years ago, and its subscribers and objects are chiefly confined to a district of 15 miles round Newcastle. The meetings for the distribution of prizes, &c., are held annually in November.

The *Estates* in Staffordshire are in great variety as to extent and value, from that of the nobleman and the wealthy commoner, to the humble freeholder or copyholder of 40s. a year. The county can boast of many opulent gentlemen, who farm or cultivate their own land upon a very extensive scale, and on the most approved methods; as also do a vast number of smaller proprietors, each owning from 100 to 300 acres. Those of the latter class are distinguished as yeomen in the parish Directories in this volume. A large portion of the county is held on *leasehold* and *copyhold* tenures, under the lords of the manors, and the Bishop and Dean and Chapter of Lichfield. *Leases* are often granted; sometimes for 21 years, but generally for a much shorter period. In most covenants, fallowing is considered as necessary:—The growth of hemp, flax, and rape, for seed, is generally prohibited or restricted to an acre, and meadow land secured from the plough. Tenants are restrained from cropping and lopping timber, and from taking more than a stated number of crops. They are also bound to use all their own dung on the premises, and sometimes restricted from selling hay or straw, and bound to keep the buildings in repair, the landlord finding the materials. Many gentlemen who have large estates round their seats do not grant leases; but so long as their tenants act with justice and skill, they are scarcely ever disturbed in the possession of their farms, and they often rent on easier terms than the leaseholder.

The Buildings in this county comprise many magnificent and *elegant Seats of nobility* and gentry; around which, the beau-

ks of landscape have been united with the improvements of the demesne, by taste and attention in planting, and by draining and improving the boggy and unsound spots, and in some instances by ornamental and useful fish-ponds, or small lakes. Among the principal seats, are Trentham, Sandon, Ingestre, Shugborough, Chartley, Beaudesert, Hagley, Himley, Sandwell, Enville, Blithfield, Weston, Teddesley, Wrottesley, Patteshull, Chillington, Somerford, Hilton, Aqualate, Oakley, Swinnerton, Etruria, and Tixall, all of which will be described at subsequent pages. Many of the ancient *Farm-houses*, constructed of wood and plaster, with little design or contrivance for comfort or convenience, and roofed with thatch, have given place to modern erections of brick, covered with tiles or slates; and of the same materials, the barns and other outbuildings have been in many places rebuilt.

The *Farms* vary in size from 20 to 500 acres and upwards, and a few of them comprise upwards of 1000 acres; the consolidation of small farms having prevailed as much here as in most other parts of the kingdom. The *Rents* are always paid in money, [illegible] like personal services are still kept up, as many [illegible] require their tenants to keep them a dog, and to supply [illegible] yearly with a day's team-work. Since the year 1800, [illegible] considerably advanced; land near populous towns [illegible] £5 per acre, in some instances at 6 or 7 guineas, and [illegible] 3s. per rod of 64 square yards, which is about £[illegible] acre. Many farms in the country have been raised [illegible] £2. or £2. 10s. per acre. The general rent of the [illegible] been raised one-third, and now varies from [illegible] £5. per acre, but subject to a *discount* proportionate to [illegible] depression which has of late years existed in the agricultural markets, and rendered the farmer unable to pay the [illegible] with which the extravagant prices that he obtained [illegible] late war against America and France had saddled [illegible] system of keeping up the advanced rents under a [illegible] varied according to crops and prices, has reduced many [illegible] farmers to the rank of labourers; but to prevent the [illegible] spread of this crying evil, some of the larger and [illegible] land owners have happily consulted the interest both [illegible] and tenants, by making a *certain reduction* of from £2 to £30 per cent.; but even this does not reach the level of [illegible] prices of agricultural produce.

[illegible]—A considerable portion of the land in Staffordshire [illegible] remains titheable, though, during the last thirty years, the [illegible] many parishes in the county have been commuted [illegible] ments of land made at the enclosure of the commons and [illegible], and it is in such districts where industry is not repressed [illegible] posts of mother church, that we observe the greatest [illegible] ments made in the cultivation of the soil. Most of the [illegible] belonging to the *Bishop and the Dean* and Chapter of

Lichfield, are held by lessees, who are generally the owners of the land, and consequently, they are not collected in kind, but charged in the rent of the farms. Though tithes operate very unfavourably upon agriculture, they must be admitted to be a property equally sacred with the land itself, and no admirer of justice can expect their abolition without an equivalent either in money or land, and such a commutation is generally found to be beneficial both to the farmers and the clergy, as by such an exchange, the latter avoid the expense and uncertainty of collections in kind or in moduses, and the former may effect any further improvements without the fear of any additional tax upon their industry and capital. The most ancient laws on record touching the legality of tithes, are those of Ina, King of Wessex, which are supposed to have been enacted about the year 690. The fourth section of these *Laws of Ina*, is to the following purport: —"The first fruits of seeds, or the church dues arising from the product of corn, &c., are to be paid at the feast of St. Martin; and let him that fails in the payment forfeit 40s.; and besides, *pay the dues twelve times over*." In the 62nd section, "church dues are to be paid where the person owing them dwells, in the midst of winter." The oblations and gifts of the people, which originated from feelings of piety and benevolence were transformed by usuage, into a right, which appears to have been first recognized and firmly established by the Saxon laws just quoted; and hence modern lawyers say, that tithes are due by prescriptive right, as having existed from the first establishment of churches, and by law from the period when the country was first divided into parishes.

The most profitable LIVE STOCK of the Staffordshire farmer are horned cattle, sheep, horses, and swine, to which may be added rabbits, poultry, pigeons, and bees. The *horned cattle* are generally of the long horned breed, with a few other varieties, and they are here bred to great perfection, both for the use of the dairy and the butcher. A good cow on the banks of the Trent and the Dove, and in some other parts of the county where there are extensive dairies and rich pastures, is said to yield 500 cwt. of *cheese* in a season; but 300 cwt. is the average produce. Sixteen pounds of butter have been made weekly from a prime cow. The late Mr. Princep, of Croxall, on the Derbyshire side of the river Mease, brought the long horned cattle to their highest perfection. An ox of his breed was fattened at Fisherwick, in 1794, to the weight of 1988 lbs., exclusive of 200 lbs. of tallow, and the hide 177 lbs. Oxen and cows have frequently been fed in other parts of the county to the weight of about 380 lbs. per quarter. Chartley Park is among the few places where the indigenous WILD CATTLE of Britain are now to be found, of the pure and unmixed breed. These animals are of a white colour with black ears and muzzles, and white horns tipped with *black*. "*Their* natural wildness appears at the first approach of

sold yearly in this county, as well as at Doncaster, and latest places. Among the different varieties of SHEEP this county are the grey-faced, hornless, with fine wool, of Cannock-heath and Sutton-Coldfield;—the white-hornless, with long wool, introduced from Leicestershire; South-Down, introduced by Lord Bradford, Lord Anson, me other gentlemen.

Trent and other rivers abound with a variety of *fish*, and ir banks the *otter* often affords sport to the huntsman. ays, "at Ingestre I ate *potted otter*, so well ordered by the hat it required a very nice palate to distinguish it from n." In his Zoology of Staffordshire, Pitt says the *stoat* or has been sometimes seen here, and that *vipers* or *adders* merous on the heaths of Cannock and Sutton-Coldfield. gh the bite of these reptiles is said to be very dangerous, and peacocks will devour them greedily.

ODS AND PLANTATIONS.—Though the immense forests of ck and Needwood have long been stripped of their sylvan rs, this county is still well stocked with all kinds of timber, ully in the neighbourhoods of Abbot's-Bromley, Chilling-Eccleshall, Broughton, Beaudesert, Himley, Teddesley, ham, Hilton, Wrottesley, and Upper-Arcley, where there ny extensive plantations, and woods of ancient growth, ontaining oaks and other trees of the finest quality, and gest sizes. The *Bishop's Woods*, near Eccleshall, are said ain 1360 acres, which are cut in regular rotation, keeping with their growth, and producing a yearly revenue without g them. Oaks, containing from 200 to 400 feet of timber,

the middle,—containing 96 tons of solid timber, besides 14 loads of fire-wood that broke off in the fall, and 47 loads more that were cut off from the top; the witnesses further say that the woodmen were obliged to piece two saws together, and put three men at each end to cross-cut the body; and that there were cut out of it 80 pair of naiths for wheels, and 8,000 feet of sawn timber in boards and planks. Plott also mentions a *Fir tree* that grew at Warton, near Norbury, to the height of 140 feet, out of which he says, perhaps as wonderful a piece of timber might have been cut, as was cut out of the Larch tree noticed by Pliny, as having been brought to Rome, with other timber, for rebuilding a bridge, in Tiberius Cæsar's time, but which the Emperor commanded to be laid in a public place, as a singular and miraculous monument to all posterity; in which state it remained till the Emperor Nero built his stately amphitheatre. Exceedingly large trunks of trees, which have been buried in the ground, as some have thought since the universal *Deluge*, have been dug up in Staffordshire, near Loynton, Norbury, Audley, Betley, Wrottesley, Gnosall, Wednesbury, and Handsworth. Plott considers these SUBTERRANEAN TREES to be firs, which had been planted by the Danes and Norwegians when they had obtained possession of our island, for the purpose of making it as much like their own country as they could; but which, after they had grown two hundred years, were cut down when the Danes lost their dominion in Britain; and all such as were felled on low marshy grounds, and afterwards neglected, sunk gradually into the bogs and morasses, to the depth of several feet. He is decidedly of opinion that these trees were not buried by any extraordinary flood or other unusual operations of nature, and that they have no affinity with that mineral substance—*lignum fossile*, which is found in the earth, representing the stumps and parts of the trunks of trees, "which never grew above ground like other vegetables," and will not swim in water.

The CLIMATE of Staffordshire rather inclines to wet, the average *annual rains* being about 36 inches, those of London 21 inches, of Essex 19 to 20 inches, of Lancashire 42 inches, and of Ireland still more. The air is generally good, but in the northern parts of the county among the Moorland hills, it is extremely sharp, impressing the senses with a greater degrée of cold than in most other counties of England. The average scale of mortality is here about one in 56, which is nearly the average ratio of the whole kingdom. *Epidemic* diseases are here of rare occurrence, though in the mining and manufacturing district around Wolverhampton, the inhabitants suffered as much from *Asiatic Cholera*, in 1832, as those of any part of England, (see page 222). Staffordshire has furnished many instances of LONGEVITY, among which, are the following,—*William May*, and the "*good wife Nip*," who died at Longdon, about 1680, the former aged 108, *and the latter 109* years; *William Wakeley*, of Outlands, near

1801 1831. To these venerables might be added a long list who out-lived their 80th and some their 90th years.

ers:—Staffordshire is watered by numerous rivers, but f them are navigable within or near its boundaries, except ent, which becomes navigable for small craft near Burton, two miles before it enters Derbyshire. The TRENT rises Moorlands above Biddulph, and flowing in a southerly ion through the Potteries to Trentham, it begins to expand ssume the consequence of a large river, and takes a more ly course to Stone, Sandon, and Wichnor, at which latter it turns abruptly to the north, and flowing to Burton, it afterwards leaves this county; having then passed from its e a circuitous route of more than fifty miles, which is only : one-fourth of its journey to the Humber, into which it after passing through Derbyshire, Nottinghamshire, and lnshire, and watering some of the most fertile districts in nd. In its course through Staffordshire, the Trent receives st number of tributary streams, the principal of which are ew, which receives the *Penk*, near Stafford; the *Tame* joins it below Wichnor, after passing Tamworth; the which rises near Caverswall, and falls into the Trent near 's Bromley; and the DOVE, which for a considerable dis- divides this county from Derbyshire, and flows through f the most picturesque dales in the kingdom, receiving in urse from the Moorlands of Staffordshire,—the *Tean*, the et, the *Manyfold*, and the *Hamps*;—the two latter of take a subterraneous channel in the hollow bowels of the for a considerable distance near Wetton, Grindon, Water-

a communication between the eastern and western oceans, and with the canals and navigable rivers branching to the north and south; and some of them are so full of business as to pay 30 or 40 per cent. upon the money expended. The *Trent-and-Mersey Canal* enters Staffordshire at Lawton, about 6 miles N. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, near the source of the Trent, and follows the course of that river through the whole county;—entering Derbyshire about 3 miles N. E. of Burton-upon Trent. This grand work was planned by the celebrated Brindley, (see page 552) and executed under his directions until the period of his death. It was finished under the inspection of his brother-in-law, Mr. Henshall, in May 1777, being nearly eleven years after cutting the first clod at Burslem, on July 26th, 1766. It is in length 93 miles. Its fall of water from its greatest elevation at Harecastle-Hill, is 326 feet on the northern side, and 316 on the southern side; the former effected by 35 locks, and the latter by 40. The common dimensions of this canal are 29 feet broad at the top, and 16 at the bottom, and 4½ feet deep. At Harecastle, near the north end of Staffordshire, it passes through two costly *tunnels* described at page 551. It crosses the Trent, the Dove, and other rivers, by several stupendous *aquaducts*, besides which it has many others of smaller dimensions, and a considerable number of culverts and bridges. The traffic upon it has been so much increased by the formation of branch cuts in various directions, that upwards of 700 vessels now pass the summit lock at Etruria every week. The other canals which intersect this county are the *Staffordshire-and-Worcestershire Canal* formed under two Acts of Parliament passed in 1765 and 1770; the *Birmingham canal*, passing through the collieries and Wolverhampton into the above, and since extended by a *Junction canal*, branching from the neighbourhood of Wolverhampton to Nantwich, and opened in 1834;—the *Wyrley-and-Essington canal*, 23½ miles long, with 30 locks, and formed under two Acts passed in 1792 and 1794; *Sir Nigel Gresley's*, the *Netherton*, the *Caldon*, and many others of smaller extent, as will be seen on the county map accompanying this work, together with part of the line of the intended "GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY," which is to extend from a branch of the Manchester and Liverpool railway at Warrington to Birmingham, and for which an Act of Parliament was obtained in 1833. In the same year another Act of Parliament was obtained for the formation of the *London-and-Birmingham Railway*; and both these great national works are expected to be completed in about five years, when we may hope to see the trade of the south and the centre of England pouring along its new channels, and be able to travel from London to Liverpool in from ten to twelve hours. A company is now establishing for the formation of a "*Midland Counties Railway*," to pass from the towns of Nottingham, Leicester, and Derby, to the London and Birmingham Railway near Rugby; and in a few years, perhaps, a line of railways will be extended northward as far as Edinburgh and Glasgow. The Grand Junction Railway was commenced in April 1834, in the valley of the Weaver, in Cheshire, which is to be crossed by a stupendous *Viaduct* of twenty arches of sixty feet span; but in the neighbourhood of Stafford and Birmingham, the line originally fixed upon has been changed for a much easier route which passes nearer to several of the more populous towns and villages in this county; and in consequence of this alteration the spirited proprietors have now a Bill in

Parliament to amend their original Act of Incorporation, and which will no doubt be passed during the present year 1834, after which, the Staffordshire portion of the work will be immediately commenced.

Salt Springs are found in various parts of the county, but the most important ones are at and near Weston-on-Trent, where there are extensive salt-works, (see page 694) and at Hixon, where there are cold and tepid baths, with other accommodations for visitors, (see page 685). Here are also several *sulphureous springs*, situated at Ingestre, Willowbridge, Codsall-wood, Tatenhill, Willenhall, Bentley, Eccleshall, Gayton, Butterton, Broughton, Monmore-green, Grindlestone-edge, and Hoston; but most of them have been long neglected, and none of them ever had accommodations for bathers, except those at Willowbridge (see page 609.) In Needwood, about half a mile east of Hanbury, there is a *Vitriolic spring*; and *Muriatic Waters* are found in the same neighbourhood at Draycott and at Hoarcross, and also at the source of the Stitchbrook, near Elmhurst. *Chalybeate* and other springs, supposed to possess medicinal virtues are found in many other parts of the county, especially in the iron and limestone districts, and some of them have tutelary saints, and were formerly highly venerated by the superstitious, and received much honour during the ancient festival called the "*well flowering.*"

Minerals.—The mineral productions of Staffordshire are numerous and valuable. Upwards of 50,000 acres have been ascertained to contain an almost inexhaustible store of *coal*, in the south division of the county, extending in length from Cannock-chase to the neighbourhood of Stourbridge, and in brendth from Wolverhampton to Walsall. The same mineral is also very abundant towards the north, in the neighbourhood of Newcastle and the Potteries; and also near Cheadle and Dilhorn. The coal strata now wrought, are mostly from 8 to 12 yards in thickness. (See pages 221, 263, 279, 450, 530, and 547.) *Iron ore* is found in abundance in every portion of the coal district, lying between the beds of coal. *Iron Works* of vast extent have long been established around Wolverhampton, Bilston, Dudley, &c., (see page 175) and they now produce about 200,000 tons of *pig-iron* yearly; though in 1823 they only produced 133,000 tons. From 1801 to 1810, the *average price* of this metal was £6. 5s. per ton; from 1810 to 1820, £5. 4s., and from 1820 to 1830, £4. 9s. 6d. In 1832 it fell to £3; but in October 1833, it rose to £5. 10s., and *bar-iron* to £8 per ton. During the late war, bar-iron rose as high as £18 per ton. *Limestone* is still more abundant than coal and iron, especially about Dudley, Rushall, Haywood, and the Moor lands. In some places this stone is of a marble quality, and susceptible of a very high polish. Both *copper and lead ore* have been extensively got in Mixon and Ecton. Copper is still got at the latter place, and a mine of the same mineral has lately been opened near Butterton. At Oakamoor, Brook-houses, and Whiston, near Cheadle, there are still extensive works for smelting and refining copper and brass; but the ore and calamine are brought from other countries. Freestone, Gritstone, Clay, and other useful minerals are found in Staffordshire in great variety, and of excellent quality, as will be seen at subsequent pages. The **Manufactures** of the county are various, and of immense extent. The most important are bar, rod, and sheet iron; cast iron articles of every description, guns, locks, bolts, edge tools, saddlers' ironmongery, japanned wares, glass, china, earthenware, silver plate, boots and shoes, hats, silk, cotton, tape, &c. &c., all of which are described in the districts to which they belong. (See Index.)

County Rates, &c.—Though Staffordshire is rich in public charities, its *poor-rates are as high as those of any other* county in England; but this *grievous burden is chiefly to be attributed to* the enormous increase *of the county rates, which are paid out of the* poor levies, and have

for some years amounted to nearly £30,000 per annum, though in 1783 they only amounted to £2,857, in 1794 to £4,350, in 1798 to £6,642, in 1804 to £8,571, and in 1810 to £13,507; but in 1820 they had increased to £24,661, in 1829 to £22,256, and in 1833, to £29,792, levied in four quarterly rates, viz., two at 1½d. and two at 1½d. in the pound on the county rental. The inhabitants have long made loud and imperative complaints against this extravagant augmentation of the county expenditure, and about the close of 1833, a *Committee* was formed at *Uttoxeter* for the purpose of examining the various items of expenditure, and laying before the magistrates and the public, such abuses as they might discover. To the zeal and perseverance of this body of gentlemen, the public are much indebted, for we find that the rate levied for the second quarter in 1834, has been reduced from 1½d. to ½d. in the pound. There are 141 *county bridges*, which have been built and are repaired out of these rates; but the largest portion of the vast increase which they have undergone during the last twenty years, has originated in the great extension of the buildings, and the augmentation of salaries, &c., at the county prison in Stafford, as will be seen at page 123.

The EMINENT MEN to whom Staffordshire has given birth, are as numerous as those of any other county in the kingdom. Among its *naval heroes* are *Anson*, *Gardner*, and *St. Vincent*; and in the list of its more effulgent literary ornaments, are *Thomas Allen*, a celebrated mathematician, born at Uttoxeter, in 1542; *Dr. Johnson*, born at Lichfield, in 1709; *Fenton* and *Cotton*, the poets; *Bishops Hurd*, *Smallridge*, and *Newton*; *Archbishop Sheldon*; and *Isaac Walton*, an amiable and useful writer, who was born at Stafford, in 1593, but resided chiefly in London, as a linen draper, though he frequently visited his friend Cotton, at Beresford Hall, to enjoy the sport of angling. (Vide page 718.) Biographical sketches of these and many other worthies of Staffordshire, will be found at subsequent pages in the histories of the towns and parishes where they were born or flourished.

PEERS OF PARLIAMENT,

Who have Seats in the County of Stafford, or derive their Titles from thence.

☞ *The figures shew the years when the Titles were created.*

1833 Duke of Sutherland, Trentham
1715 Duke of Newcastle, (of Clumber, *Notts.*) derives his title from Newcastle-under-Lyme, but has no property in this county
1787 Marquis Townshend, see Tamworth, page 382.
1815 Marquis of Anglesey, Beaudesert
1442 Earl of Shrewsbury, Alton Towers
1784 Earl Talbot, Ingestre Hall
1711 Earl Ferrers, Chartley Castle
1833 Earl Granville, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at *Paris*
1628 Earl of Stamford, &c., Enville Hall
1721 Earl of Macclesfield, vide page 698
1831 Earl of Lichfield, Shugborough
1711 Earl of Dartmouth, Sandwell Hall
1815 Earl of Bradford, Weston Hall
1809 Earl of Harrowby, Sandon Hall
1801 Viscount St. Vincent, Meaford Hall
1831 Viscount Beresford, see page 718
1780 Baron Bagot, Blithfield Hall
1644 Baron Ward, Himley Hall
1610 Baron Stafford, Stafford Castle, (not occupied, see page 113)
1794 Lord Lyttleton, Hagley Park, Worcestershire, adjoining Clent parish
1831 Baron Wenlock, Canwell Hall
Bishop of Lichfield, &c. Eccleshall Castle
Bishop of Oxford, Blithfield Rectory

Irish.—Not of Parliament.
Earl Mountnorris, Arley Hall

HONOURABLES.

Earl of Uxbridge, son of the Marquis of Anglesey
Viscount Ingestre, son of Earl Talbot
Viscount Sandon, M.P., son of the Earl of Harrowby
Hon. Robert Curzon, and the Hon. Ann Curzon Bishopp, *Baroness Zouche*, Hagley Hall
Hon. Fulke Greville Howard, Elford Hall
Hon. and Rev. Arthur Chetwynd Talbot, *Ingestre* Rectory
Hon. and Rev. Henry Edmund Bridgeman, Blymhill
Lady Sophia Caroline, Viscountess Tamworth, Coton Hill
Lady Rebecca Grey Egerton, Madeley Manor
Lady Elizabeth Emma Cunliffe Offley Crewe, Madeley Manor
Lady Oakley, Lichfield Palace
Dowager Lady Chetwynd, Stafford
Right Hon. E. J. Littleton, M.P., Secretary for Ireland, Teddesley Hall

BARONETS.

1626 Sir Charles Wolseley, Bart. Wolseley Hall
1642 Sir John Wrottesley, Bart. M.P. Wrottesley Hall
1700 Sir John Chetwode, Bart. Oakley Hall
1784 Sir George Pigot, Bart., Patshull
1781 Sir Oswald Mosley, Bart., M.P., Rolleston Hall
1795 Sir George Chetwynd, Bart., Brockton Hall
1798 Sir Thos. Fletcher Fenton Boughey, Bart., Aqualate Hall
1800 Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, Bart., M.P. Drayton Manor
1806 Sir Edward Dolman Scott, Bart., M.P., Great Barr Hall
1809 Sir Thomas Cotton Sheppard, Bart. Crakemarsh Hall
1814 Sir Thomas Aston Clifford Constable, Bart., Tixall Park
1814 Rev. Sir William Dunbar, Bart., Stoke-upon-Trent.
Sir George Crewe, Bart., (has estates at Alstonfield, Warslow, &c.)
Sir J. Fitzgerald, Armitage Park

KNIGHTS.

Lieut.-General Sir George Anson, K.C.B. and M.P. for Lichfield
1815 Sir J. D. Fowler, Kt., Burton-on-Trent, (see page 315)

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT.

STAFFORDSHIRE.—Sir Oswald Mosley, Bart., and Edward Buller, Esq., for the *North Division*; and Sir John Wrottesley, Bart., and the Rt. Hon. E. J. Littleton, for the *South Division*. The POLLING PLACES for the *North Div.* are Stafford, Newcastle, Leek, Newcastle, Cheadle, and Abbots' Bromley. For the *South Div.* Lichfield, (principal) Walsall, Wolverhampton, Penkridge, and Kingswinford. The boundaries of these divisions, according to the Reform Bill, have been given at page 15; but the inhabitants of the detached parishes of *Broom* and *Clent* vote for the East Division of Worcestershire.

STAFFORD—W. F. Chetwynd, and R. H. Gronow, Esqrs.
LICHFIELD—Lieutenant-Gen. Sir George Anson, & Sir E. D. Scott, Barts.
NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME—Sir H. P. Willoughby, Bart., & W. H. Miller, Esq.
STOKE-UPON-TRENT—J. Davenport and J. Wedgwood, Esqrs.
TAMWORTH—Lord C. V. F. Townshend, & the Rt. Hon. Sir Robert Peel, Bart.
WOLVERHAMPTON—Richard Fryer and W. W. Whitmore, Esqrs.
WALSALL—C. S. Forster, Esq.

PUBLIC OFFICERS OF THE COUNTY.

Lord-Lieutenant——Right Honourable Charles Chetwynd Earl Talbot
Vice-Lieutenant—Right Honourable William Earl of Dartmouth.
Deputy Lieutenants and Magistrates—See page 54.
High Sheriff (1834)——H. H. Williamson, Esq., of Greenway Bank.
Clerk of the Peace—Arthur Hinckley, Esq., of King's Standing.
Under-Sheriff and Deputy Clerk of the Peace—George Keen, Esq., of Stafford
Distributor of Stamps—Robert Williamson, Esq. Lowsport.
Receiving Inspector of Taxes——George Rushbridger, Esq. Stone
County Treasurers—*Stevenson, Salt, & Co.* Bankers, Stafford
Surveyor of County Bridges—*Mr. Joseph Potter*, Uttoxeter.
County Gaoler—*Mr. Thomas Britton*, Stafford.



CORONERS.

Henry Smith, Gent. Wolverhampton
Philip Seckerson, Gent. Stafford
William Harding, Gent. Burslem
Sir John D. Fowler, Burton-upon-Trent
John Cattlow, Gent. Cheadle

SUB-DIVISION CLERKS OF LIEUTENANCY MEETINGS.

Mr Samuel Peake, Silverdale, (for Pirehill North)
Mr. George Keen, Stafford, (Cuttlestone and Pirehill South)
Mr. Robert Wood, Uttoxeter, (Totmonslow South)
Mr. William Jackson, Lichfield, (Offlow)
Mr. Jesse Bell, Lichfield, (City of Lichfield)
Mr. Willim, Bilston, (Seisdon)
Mr. Ralph Smith, Leek, (Totmonslow North)

JUSTICES' CLERKS, (SPECIAL SESSIONS.)

Mr. Williams, Sandbach, (Pirehill North)
Mr. John Frith, Stafford, (Pirehill South and Cuttlestone)
Mr. W. H. Holmes, Sudbury, (Totmonslow South)
Mr. T. Griffin, Leek, (Totmonslow North)
Mr. Lee, Wolverhampton, (Seisdon)
Mr. Lowe, Egginton, (Offlow North)
Mr. William Gem, Birmingham, and Mr. S. Shaw, Hints, (Offlow South)

HIGH CONSTABLES.

Pirehill North, Mr. S. Peake, Silverdale
Pirehill South, Mr. Isaac Kenderdine, Stafford
Totmonslow North, Mr. T. Griffin, Leek
Totmonslow South, Mr R. Wood, Uttoxeter
Cuttlestone East, Mr. J. Worsey, Stretton
Cuttlestone West, Mr. J. Frith, Stafford
Seisdon North, Mr. Edw. Stubbs Jordan, Lower Penn
Seisdon South, Mr. David Jones Bache, Wolverhampton
Offlow North, Mr. Wm. Jones, Lichfield
Offlow South, Mr. Jph. Curtis, Walsall

SHERIFFS' OFFICERS.

William Smith, Stafford
John W. Perkes, Wolverhampton
Francis Thornelow, Burton-upon-Trent
Richard Thomas, Dudley
John Keates, Uttoxeter
Thomas Bentley, Newcastle

SEATS
OF
THE NOBILITY, GENTRY, AND CLERGY OF THE COUNTY OF STAFFORD.

☞ *Those marked* * *are* ACTING MAGISTRATES; + DEPUTY LIEUTENANTS; and ‡ are both.

[To *avoid an unnecessary augmentation of this list, Gentlemen's Villas within the limits and suburbs of market towns are not inserted* here, but will be found subjoined to the names of the occupants in the Town and Parish Directories.]

Acton Hill, 1 m. S. E. of Eccleshall, George Hadderton, Esq.
Adderley House, 7 m. W. by N. of Cheadle, Rd. Walklet, Esq.
Aldershaw, 1 m. S. of Lichfield, Rev. Trevor Burns Flover.
Aldridge Hall, 3 m. N. E. of Walsall, Edward Tongue, Esq.
Aldridge Rectory, 3 m. N. E. of Walsall, Rev. H. Harding, M.A.
Almington Hall, 2 m. E. of Mkt.-Drayton, Lt.-Col. T. A. Dawes.
Alrewas Cottage, 5½ m. N. E. of Lichfield, John Baggaley, Gent.
Alton Towers, 4 m. E. of Cheadle, Earl of Shrewsbury.
Ankerton, 2 m. N. of Eccleshall, William Addison, Esq.
*Aqualate Hall, 1½ m. E. of Newport, Sir T. F. F. Boughey, Bart.
*Arcley Hall, 10 m. W. by S. of Stourbridge, Earl Mountnorris.
Armitage Lodge, 5½ m. N. W. by N. of Lichfield, T. Birch, Esq.
Armitage Park, 6 m. N. W. of Lichfield, Sir J. Fitzgerald, Bart.
Ashcombe, 4 m. S. by W. of Leek, William Sneyd, Esq.
Ashley Heath, 7 m. N. W. by W. of Eccleshall, Rd. Harding, Gt.

† Ashwood House, 4 m. W. by S. of Dudley, Edw. Dixon, Esq.
Aspley House, 3 m. N. N. W. of Eccleshall, Rd. Cradock, Gent.
Ball Haye, near Leek, (unoccupied).
* Barlaston Hall, 3 m. N. by W. of Stone, Ralph Adderley, Esq.
* Barr Hall, 3 m. S. E. of Walsall, Sir Edw. D. Scott, Bart. M.P.
* Barrow Hill, 5½ m. N. of Uttoxeter, Mark Anthy. Whyte, Esq.
Barton, 3 m. S.W. by S. of Burton, R. F. Butler, & J. Webb, Esqs.
* Basford Hall, 3½ m. S. by E. of Leek, Rev. John Sneyd.
Beamhurst Hall, 3 m. N. W. of Uttoxeter, Hy. Mountford, Esq.
† Beaudesert, 5 m. N. W. of Lichfield, Marquis of Anglesey.
* Beech Grove, 2½ m. W. by N. of Wolverhampton, Hy. Hill, Esq.
† Bellamour Hall, 1½ m. N. of Rugeley, James O. Oldham, Esq.
Belmont, 6 m. S. E. by S. of Leek, Thomas Sneyd, Esq.
† Bentley Hall, 1½ m. W. of Walsall, Edward Anson, Esq.
Bescote Hall, 1 m. S. W. of Walsall, James Russell, Esq.
Betley Court, Betley, * Fras. Twemlow, Esq. & Miss Fletcher.
Betley Hall, Betley, * George Tollet, & † Chs. Wicksted, Esqs.
* Bilston, 2½ m. E. S. E. of Wolverhampton, Rev. W. Leigh, M.A.
Bishton Hall, 2 m. N. of Rugeley, Mrs. Elizabeth Sparrow.
† Blithfield Hall, 5 m. N. of Rugeley, Lord Bagot.
Blithfield Rectory, 4½ m. N. of Rugeley, Bishop of Oxford.
Blurton, 1½ m. S. W. of Lane End, John Harvey, Esq.

* **Blymhill, 6 m. W. N. W. of Brewood, Hon. & Rev. Hy. Edm. Bridgeman.** [and Hednesford.
† **Bonehill House, 1½ m. S. W. of Tamworth, Edm. Peel, Esq.**
† **Bonehill, 1½ m. S. W. of Tamworth, Wm. Yates Peel, Esq.**
Branstone, 2 m. S. W. of Burton-on-Trent, Mrs. Sarah Allen.
Brockton Hall, 3 m. S. E. of Stafford, Wm. F. Chetwynd, Esq. M.P.
Brockton Lodge, 3½ m. S. E. of Stafford, Hy. Chetwynd, Esq.
Bromley Hall, 5 m. N. of Lichfield, John Newton Lane, Esq.
Broom Hall, 4 m. N. E. of Lichfield, John Shaw Manley, Esq.
* **Brown House, 4½ m. S. by E. of Stourbridge, Ed. Amphlett, Esq.**
* **Brooms, (The) 1½ m. S. of Stone, Wm. Bewley Meeke, Esq.**
* **Broughton Hall, 5 m. N. N. W. by W. of Eccleshall, Rev. Henry Delves Broughton, M.A.**
Burton-upon-Trent, 13 m. N. E. of Lichfield, Sir John Dickenson Fowler, Kt., Henry Clay, Esq., & Mrs. Sarah Smith.
Buttesion Hall, 2½ m. S. by W. of Newcastle, T. Swinnerton, Esq.
Byrkley Lodge, 7 m. W. of Burton-on-Trent, Miss Mary E. Sneyd.
* **Calwich Hall, 8 m. N. by E. of Uttoxeter, Court Granville, Esq.**
† **Canwell Hall, 5 m. S. W. of Tamworth, Lord Wenlock (abroad)**
Castlehay Park, 5 m. N. by W. of Burton, John Browne, Esq.
Charnes Hall, 5 m. N. W. of Eccleshall, Weston Yonge, Esq.
Chartley Castle, 7 m. S. W. of Uttoxeter, Earl Ferrers.
Chillington Hall, 2 m. S. W. of Brewood, Thos. W. Giffard, Esq.
Chorley Hall, 2 m. N. W. of Lichfield, William Adey, Esq.
Clayton, 2½ m. S. of Newcastle, R. Chawner, M.D., & Miss Booth.
Clent Grove, 3½ m. S. S. E. of Stourbridge, Misses E. & M. Liell.
Clent *House, 3½ m. S. S. E. of Stourbridge*, J. Amphlett, Esq.
***Cliff-ville, ½ m. W. of Stoke-upon-Trent*, John Tomlinson, Esq.**

Clifton Hall, 6 m. N. E. of Tamworth, Henry John Pye, Esq.
* Clifton Rectory, 6 m. N. E. of Tamworth, Rev. Rt. Taylor, M.A.
Clough House, 5 m. N. by W. of Newcastle, T. Kinnersley, Esq.
Cloughs (The), 1¼ m. W. of Newcastle, Rev. John Basnett.
Colton House, 2 m. N. of Rugeley, Miss Cath. Herbert, and Rev. Chas. Savage Landon.
† Consall Hall, 5 m. N. W. by N. of Cheadle, John Leigh, Esq.
Corbyns Hall, 2 m. S. W. of Dudley, William Mathews, Esq.
Comberford, 2½ m. N. W. of Tamworth, W. Lea, & W. Tongue.
Coton Hall, 8 m. N. W. of Burton-on-Trent, John Bott, Esq.
Coton Hill, 5 m. E. of Stone, Viscountess Tamworth.
Cotton Hall, 5 m. E. N. E. of Cheadle, Rev. Thomas Gilbert.
* Crakemarsh Hall, 2 m. N. by E. of Uttoxeter, Sir Thomas Cotton Sheppard, Bart
Cresswell Hall, 1½ N. by W. of Stafford, Rev. Edward Whitby.
Darlaston Hall, 1½ m. N. W. of Stone, Rev. Thomas Clowes.
Dennis Park, 1 m. N. by W. of Stourbridge, Wm. S. Wheeley, Esq.
* Dilhorn Hall, 2½ m. W. of Cheadle, Edw. Buller, Esq., M.P.
Dove Cliff, 3 m. N. by W. of Burton, Thomas Thornwill, Esq.
Dove Leys, 6 m. N. of Uttoxeter, Benj. Heywood, Esq.
† Drayton Manor, 2 m. S. by W. of Tamworth, Sir R. Peel, Bart.
Drayton Rectory, 2½ m. S. by W. of Tamworth, Rev. W. Lally.
Dunstall, 1¼ m. N. by W. of Wolverhampton, Hy. Hordern, Esq.
* Dunstall Hall, 4½ m. S. W. of Burton, Chas. Arkwright, Esq.
Eccleshall Castle, Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry.
Edgehill, 2¼ m. W. of Lichfield, H. Styche, & T. Pavier, Gents.
Elford Hall, 4¼ m. N. by W. of Tamworth, Hon. F. G. Howard.
Elford Rectory, 4½ m. N. by W. of Tamworth, Rev. J. Sneyd, M.A.
Ellers Hall, 2 m. N. W. of Dudley, John Turton Fereday, Esq.
* Elmhurst Hall, 2 m. N. of Lichfield, John Smith, Esq.
† Enville Hall, 5¼ m. W. by N. of Stourbridge, Earl of Stamford.
† Etruria, 1 m. N. E. of Newcastle, Josiah Wedgwood, Esq.
Farley Hall, 3¼ m. E. of Cheadle, John Bill, Esq.
Fenton Manor, ¼ m. E. of Stoke-upon-Trent, P. B. Broade, Esq.
Fenton Great, 1¼ m. S. by E. of Stoke-upon-Trent, Thomas Allen, Esq., and Mrs. Amelia Bourne.
Field Hall, 4 m. N. W. of Uttoxeter, William Blurton, Esq.
Field House, 3m. S. E. of Uttoxeter, John Owen, Esq.
Field House, 3¼ m. S. by E. of Stourbridge, H. Addenbrook, Esq.
* Fir Tree House, 6 m. S. of Wolverhampton, S. S. Briscoe, Esq.
Footherley Hall, 5 m. S. by W. of Lichfield, Miss Car. Corbett.
Fox Earth, 5 m. N. W. of Cheadle, Rev. Charles S. Hassels.
Fradswell Hall, 7 m. N. E. of Stafford, Wm. Hammersley, Esq.
* Freeford, 2 m. S. by E. of Lichfield, Lieut.-Gen. Wm. Dyott.
Friary, Lichfield, Rev. Ley Brooks.
Gorway House, 1 m. E. of Walsall, Peter Potter, Esq.
† Gosbrook, 1 m. N. of Wolverhampton, Alex. Hordern, Esq.
Graiseley, 1 m. S. by W. of Wolverhampton, James Perry, Esq.
Green Hall, near Stafford, Charles Henry Webb, Esq.
Groundslow Fields, 3½ m. N. N. W. of Stone, Wm. Lewis, Esq.

† Greenway Bank, 4½ m. N. by E. of Burslem, **Hugh Henshall** Williamson, Esq.
* Hagley Park, 2 m. S. by E. of Stourbridge, **Lord Lyttleton.**
* Hagley Hall, Rugeley, Hon. Robert Curzon.
* Hales Hall, 3 m. S. E. by E. of Market-Drayton, **Rev. Alexander Henry Buchannan.**
Hampstead Hall, 4½ m. S. S. E. of Walsall, J. **L. Mellisett, Esq**
Hatch Hall, 3 m. N. by W. of Lichfield, John **Brey[illegible], Esq.**
Handsworth Rectory, 2 m. N. W. of Birmgm., **Rev. T[illegible] Freer.**
Harborne, 3 m. S. S. W. of Birmingham, Rev. **James Thomas** Law, M.A.; Lt.-Col. Natl. Thorn, K. H.; **T. Attwood, Esq.,** M.P.; * Theodr. Price, Esq.; and * Rev. E. **G. Simeox.**
Hasleour Hall, 5 m. N. of Tamworth, Thomas **Neville, & W. D.** Webb, Esqrs.
Hatherton Hall, 3¼ m. S. E. of Penkridge, Mrs. **Anne Walhouse.**
Haughton, 4 m. S. W. by W. of Stafford, Rev. **C. Smith Royds.**
Hawthorne Cottage, 1½ m. S. by E. of Newcastle, T[illegible]kham, Gent.
Hayes (The), 1 m. N. of Stone, Edward Moore, Esq.
Heathfield, 1½ m. N. N. W. of Birmingham, **Jas. Gibson, M.D.**
† Heath House, 3½ m. S. of Cheadle, John & J. B. Phillips, Esqrs.
Hestridge, 3½ m. S. by E. of Cheadle, Robert Philips, Esq.
† Highfields, 1 m. S. by W. of Uttoxeter, C. J. S. Kynnersley, Esq.
Highlands Park, 5 m. S. W. by W. of Burton, B. Tabberer, Ge
Hill Hall, 5 m. W. by S. of Eccleshall, Thos. Cartwright, Est
Hill-Ridware, 6 m. N. N. W. of Lichfield, Mrs. Robinson, a[illegible]
* Mrs. Pearson.
Hill (The), ¼ m. N. by W. of Stourbridge, J. Addenbrook, Esq.
* Hilderstone Hall, 4½ m. E. N. E. of Stone, Ralph Bourne, Esq.
Hills (The), 2 m. N. by E. of Eccleshall, Richard Alsop, Esq.
* Hilton Park, 5½ m. N. E. by N. of Wolverhampton, H. C. E. V. Graham, Esq.
Himley Hall, 5 m. S. by W. of Wolverhampton, Baron Ward.
* Himley, 5 m. S. by W. of Wolverhampton, Thos. Hawkes, Esq.
Hints Hall, 5 m. S. E. of Lichfield, (not occupied).
† Hoarcross, 2½ m. E. S. E. of Abbot's Bromley, Hugo Charles Meynell, Esq.
Hollies, 6 [illegible] W. of Stourbridge, H. Montgomery Campb[illegible] Esq.
Holly Bank, 7 m. S. S. W. of Burton, J. Levett, & G. Birch, Esqrs.
* Holly Bush, 12 m. N. by E. of Lichfield, Thos. K. & J. Hall, Esqs.
Houndhill, 4 m. E. by S. of Uttoxeter, John Calvert, Gent.
Huntley Hall, 1½ m. S. of Cheadle, Captain Clement Sneyd.
* Ilam Hall, 10 m. S. E. by E. of Leek, Jesse Watts Russell, Esq.
* Ingestre Hall, 4½ m. E. N. E. of Stafford, Earl Talbot.
Ingestre Rectory, ditto, Hon. and Rev. Arthur Chetwynd Talbot.
Ivy House, 1 m. S. E. of Hanley, Daniel Bird Baddeley, Gent.
† Johnson Hall, ¼ m. S. of Eccleshall, John M. Crockett, Esq.
† Keele Hall, 2½ m. W. by S. of Newcastle, Ralph Sneyd, Esq.
King's-standing, 6 m. W. of Burton, Arthur Hinckley, Esq.
† Knypersley Hall, 5 m. N. by E. of Burslem, J. Bateman, Esq.
† Lapley, 3¼ m. S. W. by W. of Penkridge, Edm. Wigan, Esq.

Leaton Hall, 9 m. S. W. of Wolverhampton, Wm. Moseley, Esq.
* Leek Vicarage, Rev. Thomas Henry Heathcote. (See p. 706.)
Lichfield, The Dean, Canons, &c. (See pages 87, & 153 to 156.)
Light Oaks, 2¾ m. E. by N. of Cheadle, Capt. J. D. Murray.
† Lindley Wood, 5½ m. N. W. by N. of Newcastle, James Caldwell, Esq.
Liswis Hall, 3½ m. N. W. by N. of Lichfield, Col. W. Beresford.
Lloyd House, 3¼ m. S. W. of Wolverhampton, Rev. W. Dalton.
Longcroft Hall, 8 m. N. by E. of Lichfield, Mrs. Margt. E. Arden.
* Longport ¾ m. N. W. of Burslem, Jno. Davenport, junr. Esq.
† Longton Hall, 1 m. S. by W. of Lane End, Richard Edensor Heathcote, Esq., (and *Apedale Hall.*)
* Loxley Park, 2 m. S. W. of Uttoxeter, T. S. Kynnersley, Esq.
† Loynton Hall, 5 m. S. by W. of Eccleshall, T. H. Burne, Esq.
Madeley Manor, 5 m. W. by S. of Newcastle, Lady R. G. Egerton.
Madeley Park, 5 m. S. W. of Newcastle, Edward Proud, Esq.
Maer Hall, 7 m. S. W. of Newcastle, Josiah Wedgwood, Esq. M.P.
Maplehayes, 1½ m. W. of Lichfield, John Atkinson, Esq.
Mavesyn-Ridware, 6 m. N. N. W. of Lichfield, Hugo Mavesyn Chadwicke, Esq.
* Mayfield, 2 m. S. W. by W. of Ashbourn, William Greaves, M.D., Charles Sprengel Greaves, and Henry Vernon, Esqrs.
Mayfield, House, ½ m. E. of Walsall, William Marshall, Esq.
* Meaford Hall, 1½ m. N. by W. of Stone, Viscount St. Vincent.
Mear House, 1 m. S. E. of Lane End, Charles Harvey, Esq.
Merrydale House, 1½ m. S. by W. of Wolverhampton, Rev. Thos. Walker, M.A.
* Milford, 3 m. E. by S. of Stafford, Rev. Richard Levett.
Moat Hall, 11 m. N. of Lichfield, Charles Ryley, Esq.
Moreton House, 4 m. N. by W. of Rugeley, Wm. Hanbury, Esq.
* Moseley Court, 3½ m. N. by E. of Wolverhampton, George Thomas Whitgreave, Esq.
Mount (The), ½ m. W. of Stoke-upon-Trent, Mrs. Mary Spode.
Mount Pavillion, 2 m. N. E. of Rugeley. (Unoccupied.)
Mucclestone, 4½ m. N. E. of Market Drayton, Rev. Offley Crewe, M.A., and Rowland Heathcote, Gent.
Needwood House, 5 m. W. by N. of Burton, J. S. Shaw, Esq.
Newbold Manor, 4 m. S. W. by S. of Burton, C. P. Johnstone, Esq.
* Norbury Rectory, 11 m. W. of Stafford, Rev. W. H. C. Lloyd.
Northwood, 1 m. E. of Hanley, William Ridgway, Esq.
Norton Hall, 7 m. N. of Walsall, John Hawkes, Esq.
Oak Hill, 1 m. S. W. of Stoke-upon-Trent, Arthur Minton, Esq.
Oak Hill, 2½ m. S. W. of Cheadle, Rev. Chas. B. Charlewood.
‡ Oakley Hall, 3 m. N. E. by N. of Market-Drayton, Sir John Chetwode, Bart.
Oakover Hall, 2¼ m. N. W. of Ashbourn, John Stokes, Esq.
Oaks (The), ¼ m W. of Wolverhampton, John Corser, Esq.
Old Springs, 2 m. S. E. of Market Drayton, W. Harding, Esq.
Oxleasowes, 5 m. N. E. of Stone, James Clewes, Esq.
Packington Hall, 3¼ m. S. E. of Lichfield, Rev. T. Levett, M.A.



IN STAFFORDSHIRE.

W. of Stone, Wm. Wingfield Ya[illegible], Esq.
of Cheadle, Thomas Hawe Parker, Esq.
N. of Wolverhampton, Sir G. Pigot, Bart.
. of Market Drayton, T. Twemlow, Esq.
. of Market Drayton, Purnel Sillitoe, Esq.
N. W. of Wolverhampton, T. Fowler, Esq.
W. of Whampton., W. B. Pens[illegible], Esq.
by S. of Walsall, John Gough[illegible]
hfield, John & Henry Bradbur[illegible]ohn

f Stourbridge, John Pidcock, Esq.
Burslem, Edward Wood, Esq.
m. S. by W. of Wolverhampton, J. H.
., M.P.
S. W. of Burton, Henry Barton, Esq.
E. of Walsall, J. Vaughan Barber, Esq.
by S. of Stafford, † Wm. [illegible]e, & Wm.

N. N. W. of Burton-on-Trent, Sir Oswald
c O. Mosley, Esq. (The Park, Mrs. Stone.)
by E. of Stafford, † Earl of Harrowby, &
r, Viscount Sandon.
N. W. of Birmingham, Earl Dartmouth
S. by W. of Newcastle, H. Townend, Es[illegible]
N. W. of Stafford, Francis Eld, Esq.
of Cheadle, James Beech, Esq.
. of Lichfield, William Harding, Gent.;
al Parker; *The Moss*, Mrs. Case; *The*
ve, Esq.
. S. E. of Stafford, Earl of Lichfield.
n. S. of Stafford, Thomas Hartshorn, Esq.
. S. S. E. of Uttoxeter, R. Blurton, Esq.
m. S. E. by S. of Walsall, Mrs. Jane Cox.
W. of Birmingham, M. R. Boulton, Esq.
E. S. E. of Brewood, Edward Monckton,
ary Monckton.
. N. by W. of Uttoxeter, W. Phillip[illegible].
W. of Stafford, Ld. Stafford. (Unoccupied.)
N. N. E. of Stone, Rd. Clarke Hill, Esq.
N. W. of Eccleshall, Rev. T. Walker.
. E. of Tamworth, S. P. Wolferstan, Esq.
. Sir W. Dunbar, Bart., & Rev. J. W.

W. of Stoke-upon-Trent, T. Fenton, Esq.
W. by N. of Stourbridge, Js. Foster, Esq.
Lichfield, Misses Mills & Furnival.
W. of Penkridge, George Monckton, Esq.
. W. by W. of *Eccleshall*, R. Hodges, Esq.
by S of Dudley, Mrs. Diana Briscoe,
Thomas Davies, Esqrs.

Swinfen Hall, 3 m. S. E. of Lichfield, Samuel Swinfen, Esq.
‡ Swinnerton Hall, 4 m. W. by N. of Stone, T. Fitzherbert, Esq.
Swinnerton Rectory, 4 m. W. by N. of Stone, Rev. C. Dodsley.
Tamworth Castle, (partly unoccupied,) Thomas Bramall, Esq.
† Teddesley Hall, 2 m. N. E. by N. of Penkridge, Right Hon. Edward John Littleton, M.P., secretary for Ireland.
Tettenhall, 2 m. W. by N. of Wolverhampton, Francis Holyoake, and [illegible]edale Corbett, Esqrs., and Miss Theodosia Hinckes
Thorpe (Constantine) Hall, 5 m. N. E. of Tamworth, ‡ William Phillips Inge, Esq.
† Tixall Park, 3½ m. E. S. E. of Stafford, Sir Thomas Aston Clifford Constable, Bart.
Trentham Hall, 3 miles S. E. by S. of Newcastle, Duke of Sutherland
Walford House, 4½ m. N. of Eccleshall, John Grimshaw, Esq.
Wanfield Hall, 4½ m. S. W. of Uttoxeter, C. R. Lawrence, Esq.
Warslow Hall, 7 m. E. N. E. of Leek, R. B. Manclark, Esq.
Watlands, 2 m. N. of Newcastle, Spencer Rogers, Esq.
Weeping Cross, 1½ m. S. E. of Stafford, Thomas Salt, Esq.
† Wergs (The), 3¼ m N. W. by W. of Wolverhampton, Richard Fryer, Esq., M.P.
† Weston Hall, 5 m. W. by N. of Brewood, Earl of Bradford.
Weston Hall, 4 m. N. E. of Stafford, William Stubbs, Gent.
Weston Coyney Hall, 4½ m. W. of Cheadle, B. Child, Esq.
Westwood Hall, 1 m. W. of Leek, John Davenport, Esq., M.P.
‡ Westwood Hall, 4½ m. S. S. W. of Leek, Thomas Powys, Esq.
Whitley Abbey, 5 m. N. W. of Cheadle, Geo. M. Mason, Esq.
Whitmore Hall, 4½ m. S. W. of Newcastle, Mrs. S. Mainwaring
† Wichdon Lodge, 6 m. N. E. by E. of Stafford, W. Moore, Esq.
Wichnor Park, 8 m. N. E. of Lichfield, Theophilus Levett, Esq.
Wigginton Lodge, 1 m. N. by W. of Tamworth, Mrs. E. Clarke
Wolseley Hall, 1¾ m. N. by W. of Rugeley, Sir C. Wolseley, Brt.
* Wolverhampton, Revs. J. & G. B. Clare. (See also page 192.)
Woodhead, 1½ m. N. E. by N. of Cheadle, Thos. Thompson, Esq.
Woodhouse, 2 m. N. E. of Cheadle, Rev. Edward Whieldon
Wo[illegible]ouse, 4 m. S. W. of Wolverhampton, T. S. Hellier, Esq.
Wo[illegible]nds, 4½ m. S. of Leek, Rev. Henry Sneyd
Woodseat, 3 m. N. of Uttoxeter, Bainbrigge Geo. Alsop, Esq.
Wootton Hall, 8½ m. N. by W. of Uttoxeter, D. Davenport, Esq.
Wootton House, 1 m. S by W. of Eccleshall, Rd. Beech, Esq.
Wootton Park, 8 m. N. by W. of Uttoxeter, Geo. Walker, Gent.
† Wootton Lodge, 8½ m. N. by W. of Uttoxeter, John R. B. Cave, Esq.
Wordsley House, 1½ m. N. by W. of Stourbridge, W. Foster, Esq.
Worston Hall, 3½ m. N. W. by N. of Stafford, J. Milner, Esq.
‡ Wrottesley Hall, 4½ m. N. W. by W. of Wolverhampton, Sir John Wrottesley, Bart., M.P.
Wyrley Grove, 6 m. N. of Walsall, John Stokes, Esq.
Yarlett, 3 m. S. of Stone, John Tunnicliff, Esq.
Yoxall Lodge, 9 m. N. by E. of Lichfield, Rev. T. Gisborne.

HISTORY

OF THE

CITY OF LICHFIELD.

LICHFIELD, an ancient and well-built city, is the See of an extensive Bishopric, and forms, with its precincts, a *County of itself*, though locally situated in the Offlow Hundred of Staffordshire, in a healthful and agreeable situation; being placed in a fine open vale, surrounded by fertile hills of moderate height, at the distance of 119 miles N. W. of London, 16 S. E. by E. of Stafford, 16 miles N. of Birmingham, 13 W. N. W. of Tamworth, and 13 miles S. W. by S. of Burton-upon-Trent. Being upon the road between London and [illegible], was much the Line of communication with Derby and the towns beyond it, before the West Riding of Yorkshire and [illegible] Lichfield has much frequented by travellers; and [illegible] places are more interesting to the antiquary, the [illegible] artist, or the lover of nature; for the former may here contemplate his favourite study of ancient, which, in point of elegance, is unrivalled; and the latter may here excite and gratify the natural love and desire of many distinguished *literary men* to have [illegible] capable of appreciating the profound wisdom and [illegible] possessed, must feel a reverence and respect for [illegible] the most diligent research. Thomas Newton, Bishop [illegible] Author of Dissertations on the Prophecies, was [illegible] this city, as also was the learned Antiquary, Elias Ashmole, the contributor of a valuable collection of coins and antiquities to the University of Oxford, now preserved in Ashmolean Museum. Here was the paternal residence of [illegible] Addison; and the celebrated [illegible] the [illegible] Anna Seward, "the Swan of Lichfield," Miss [illegible] Dr. Darwin of botanical celebrity, and several other [illegible] distinguished intellectual powers, as will be noticed [illegible] their place.

The CITY is entirely open, and probably never was [illegible] and indeed it never had such occasion, [illegible] must have been without the [illegible] streets, viz. *Stowe-street*, *St. John's-street*, [illegible] *Bridge-street*, *Market-street*, [illegible]



tance, in different directions from the main body of the town, which consists principally of Bird-street (anciently called Bridge-street), Market-street (formerly Sadler-street), Boar-street, the Market-place, Dam-street, Wade-street, Tamworth-street, and Green-hill. The houses are in general built according to the taste of modern times, and many of them are occupied by gentry and persons of small independent fortunes. The streets are well lighted and paved, and the houses and public conduits are plentifully supplied with water from the springs at Aldershaw, as the Close is from those at Maplehayes. The retail shops are numerous and well stocked; and the inns spacious and commodious. In the city are several extensive *coach and harness* manufactories, and a considerable number of *malt kilns*; and in the neighbourhood are two *worsted mills*, an extensive carpet manufactory, and a paper mill. The *markets* held every Tuesday and Friday, are well supplied with corn and provisions. Here are also five annual *fairs* for the sale of cattle, merchandise, &c. viz. on Ash-Wednesday till the Friday following; on Old May Day; on the first Wednesday in January, and on the first Mondays in July and November. The two first are chartered fairs, and the other three were established in the year 1623, when the old Wednesday market was changed "to two in the week." *Races* are held yearly on the second Tuesday in September, upon the heath, about 1¼ mile S. W. of the city.

PARISHES.—The city is divided into three parishes, viz. St. Mary's, St. Michael's, and St. Chad's. The smallest, but the most populous, is ST. MARY'S, which is all comprised in the central part of the city. ST. CHAD'S occupies the north and west, and ST. MICHAEL'S the south and east parts of the city and suburbs; and they have several out-townships lying beyond the limits of the COUNTY OF THE CITY; which latter, is a district of an irregular oval figure, nearly 16 miles in circuit, extending southward to Pipe-hill and Swinfen Park; eastward to Whittington Heath, Freeford, and Dernford; and northward to the limits of Curborough and Elmhurst. The CATHEDRAL CLOSE, which occupies the highest and most attractive part of the city, and is separated from the rest by an extensive and beautiful sheet of water, is an exempt extra-parochial liberty, governed by the Dean and Canons, who are the only magistrates within its bounds, and are entirely independent, not only of the city, but of the county of Stafford. The mansion and small extra-parochial estate, called the FRIARY, are within the jurisdiction of the county of the city, to which the Close has also been annexed by the Reform Bill, as far as regards the election of parliamentary representatives; so that the total number of *electors* is now about 750. Since the year 1801, the *population* of the city has been increased from 5712 to 6499 souls, as will be seen in the following enumeration of the parochial divisions, and their *out-townships*, shewing the annual value of the lands and buildings in each, a-

assessed for the property tax in 1815, and the number of inhabitants in each at the four decennial periods of the parliamentary census, together with the number of houses in 1821.

LICHFIELD CITY & CLOSE.	Annual Value in 1815.	POPULATION. 1801.	1811.	1821.	1831.	Houses in 1821.
	£.					
St. Chad's Parish	4,130	1,183	1,405	1,816	1,944	295
St. Mary's Parish	15,047	2,422	2,382	2,721	2,780	460
St. Michael's Parish	3,230	907	994	1,318	1,508	216
The Close* Extra-Parochial	849	200	241	220	247	62
The Friary Extra-Parochial	..	..	..	..	20	1
Total, (County of the City)	£23,256	5,712	5,922	6,075	6,499	1,034
OUT-TOWNSHIPS.						
Curborough & Elmhurst (in St. Chad's)	3,110	174	229	250	249	41
IN ST. MICHAEL'S PARISH.						
Fisherwick	2,093	83	73	91	96	16
Freeford			19	14	17	2
Haselour†	707	33	42	49	36	5
Streethay	1,948	115	128	90	112	27
Burntwood (Chapelry and Township.)	..	..	..	..	432	128
Edgehill, and (Chapelry and Township.)	—	582	659	675	93	
Woodhouses (Chapelry and Township.)	..	..	..	..	206	
Hammerwich Chapelry	1,801	209	215	218	218	41
Pipe Hill‡	—	93	110	92	111	16
Wall	..	97	91	84	93	13
Grand Total	£32,915	7,100	7,488	7,638	8,162	1,326

* The Close is in the SOUTH DIVISION of OFFLOW HUNDRED, as also are all the out townships, except Curborough, Elmhurst, Fisherwick, Freeford, Haselour, and Streethay, which are in the *North Division of Offlow Hundred.*

† *Haselour* has lately claimed and established the privileges of an *Extra-Parochial liberty.*

‡ *Pipe-hill* is partly within the County of the City.

☞ In 1781, the number of *inhabitants* in the City and Close was only 3771, and the number of *houses* 765, as appears by a survey made in that year, by John Snape.

LIST OF STREETS IN LICHFIELD.

Those marked * are in St. Mary's, † in St. Chad's, and ‡ in St. Michael's Parish.

†Bacon st. (or Beacon st.)
*Baker's lane
*Bird street
*Boar street
*Breadmarket street
*Butcher's row
*Conduit street
Close, (The) *Extra-Par.*
*Dam street
*Frog lane (or Frogmorton st
†Gay lane
George lane (in all the *three* parishes)
‡Green hill
‡Gresley row
*Lombard street
*Market street (formerly Sadler street)
†Sandford st. (in St. Mary's and St. Chad's)
*St. John street (above the hospital, is in St. Michael's)
†Stowe street
*Tamworth street
*Wade street

The Corporation are *lords of the manor*, but the principal owner of the land and buildings in the *city and county of the city* is the Earl of Lichfield, who, about three years ago, purchased all the property here which belonged to the late Marquis of Stafford. The *Rev. Trevor Burns* Floyer, and Theophilus

Levett, Esq., are also extensive proprietors; and here are likewise a number of smaller *freeholders*. The land around Lichfield has generally a deep loamy soil, well suited to the growth of all kinds of grain and roots; and immense quantities of *onions*, *carrots*, and other vegetables, are raised here for the Birmingham, Wolverhampton, Walsall, and other markets. The *common* land was enclosed by an act passed in 1819.

ANCIENT HISTORY.

LICHFIELD is supposed to owe its origin to the Saxons, after the neighbouring Roman station of *Etocetum*, or Wall, had been deserted. Respecting the etymology and signification of its name, different opinions are entertained by antiquaries. It is called by Bede, *Licidfield*, or the Field of Carcasses, from a tradition that one thousand British christians suffered martyrdom here in the reign of the Emperor Diocletian; in memory of which massacre, there is a place about one mile N. E. of the city still called *Christian Field*. Other antiquaries have spelt its name variously, *Lichfeld*, *Licethfield*, *Lichenfield*, *Licheafelde*, and *Lychesfild*, but all of them give to it the same signification, except Stukely, who considers the legend just noticed, as fabulous, and tells us the name is certainly derived from the marshy situation of the city, the words *lic*, *lece*, *lec*, or *luce*, signifying in the Saxon language, a bog or morass: and it is evident that in ancient times this was actually the situation of Lichfield. Dr. Johnson, however, following the former legend, and determined to give his native city a place in his elaborate Dictionary, says, "*Lich*, [lice, Sax.] a dead carcase; whence *lichwake*, the time or act of watching by the dead; *lichgate*, the gate through which the dead are carried to the grave; *Lichfield*, the field of the dead; a city in Staffordshire, so named from martyred christians." Whatever may have been the origin of its name, it certainly derived its first importance from the Saxon kings. About the year 665, when *Peda*, son of Penda, king of Mercia, married the daughter of *Oswy*, king of Northumbria, and became a convert to christianity, he brought with him from the north, four priests, and made Lichfield his residence, as has been seen at a preceding page. Shortly afterwards, *Cedda*, or *St. Chad*, came to Lichfield, and, being devoted to a life of solitude, fixed his *cell* at or near Stowe Church, in a situation well adapted to prayer and contemplation; being surrounded by a wood and having a brook running close to the entrance. In 1665, Oswy, the conqueror of Mercia, constituted Lichfield the episcopal See of that once powerful and extensive Anglo-Saxon kingdom; and the erection of the *cathedral* was commenced in the following year, by *Jarumannus*, the fourth bishop of Mercia, who died a few months afterwards, and was succeeded by the pious St. Chad. *At this early* period the English Bishops were remarkable for *their humility and* self-denial. They generally travelled on foot

to instruct the people, and see that the inferior clergy lived according to the precepts of the church. But after the Norman Conquest, this native simplicity gave place to the luxurious manners of the continent, and the pride of the court and the castle extended itself even to the sacred institutions of religion. After being the seat of a bishop for several centuries, Lichfield was still only a humble village, for in the year 1075, a national Synod, held in London, deemed it unworthy to retain that honour, and the See was consequently removed to Chester by *Peter*, (the first Bishop appointed by William the Conqueror,) who went by the name of Bishop of Chester and Lichfield. *Robert de Limsey*, his successor, removed the See to Coventry, having obtained from the king the custody of the abbey in that city, founded by Canute, and afterwards greatly enriched by Leofric, Earl of Harold, and his celebrated wife, Lady Godiva. Robert Pecke, chaplain to Henry I., was consecrated to this See, A. D. 1117, and was succeded, in 1128, by Roger de Clinton, who was a liberal benefactor both to the city and cathedral church of Lichfield. He is said to have rebuilt a great part of the latter, to have increased the number of prebendaries, and to have appointed the first canons. De Clinton restored the See to Lichfield, and styled himself Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry. Until the establishment of Chester as a separate See, A. D. 1542, the succeeding bishops were indifferently called Bishops of Lichfield, Coventry, and Chester, having an episcopal residence at each place. Coventry and Lichfield was the usual designation, till Bishop Hacket, on the restoration of the monarchy, placed *Lichfield* before Coventry, as a compliment to the loyalty of the former place.

In *Domesday book*, (which was completed in 1081,) Lichfield is described as being held by the Bishop of Chester, and as containing 25 hides and a half and one virgat of land; including 63 carucates in tillage, 35 in meadow, and 10 in demesne, and 21 held by 42 villans and 12 bordars, with two mills rented at four shillings. The same record says this episcopal manor was then worth £15 (per annum), and had annexed to it a wood, upwards of nine miles in length and seven in breadth, and several other members, viz. Packington, Hammerwich, Stitchbrook (then called Tichelbroc), Norton, Wyrley, and Rowley.

Though Roger de Clinton, in the reign of Henry I., added much to the extent and beauty of the Cathedral, environed the city with a ditch, fortified the Castle, and enrolled and mustered a garrison, he made but little addition to the buildings in the city, for in the reign of Stephen, William of Malmsbury described it as "a small village much inferior to a city," and the country around, as being then covered with trees. It was not till 1295, when Walter de Langton was advanced to the See, that Lichfield began to make any rapid strides towards its present importance. At this period the city was *intersected* by three large pools



water, and *Bishop Langton* built a bridge over the Minster pool, cleansed the ditch that encompassed the Close, and fortified it with a strong stone wall. He also expended £2,000 on a shrine for St. Chad. The vicars' houses in the Close were a donation by him, and he made an addition to their salaries. Among other spirited efforts to improve the city, he obtained a grant from Edward I. to lay a yearly tax on the inhabitants for 21 years, to pave the streets. A short time before his death he began to build St, Mary's chapel at the cathedral, where he proposed to be buried; but not living till it was finished, he left money for that purpose. He died in 1321, and was interred in the cathedral. Among other benefactions, he gave the old episcopal house to the vicars' choral, having erected a new *Palace* on the eastern side of the Close, and near it, suitable mansions for the *Dean* and *Canons*. He bequeathed a large quantity of plate for the use of the church, and was a great benefactor to every branch of the cathedral establishment.

In the third of Edward I. (A. D. 1274), representatives were first sent from Lichfield to Parliament, and the city was governed by a Guild and *Guildmaster*, words of Saxon origin, signifying a fraternity, which "unites and flings its effects into a common stock, and is derived from *Guildan*, to pay." Richard I. had invested it with the right of purchasing lands to the value of ten pounds; but it was not formed into a regular *corporation* till the first of Edward VI., when it was elevated to the dignity of an incorporated city, by the style "of the bailiffs, burgesses, citizens, and commonalty of the same." That monarch also restored to it the privilege of sending members to Parliament, of which it had been deprived in the year 1354, by Edward III. This charter was confirmed, and many other rights and immunities conferred upon the citizens, successively by Queen Mary, Elizabeth, James I., and Charles II., as marks of the high sense they entertained of their steady loyalty, even in the most troublesome times of civil discord. James II., having procured a surrender of their ancient charters, granted the citizens a new one, in which he incorporated them by the style and title of Mayor and Aldermen, but made some arbitrary reservations. In 1688, when the king's affairs began to grow desperate, and he found it necessary to review his arbitrary measures, he published a proclamation for restoring corporations to their ancient privileges. In consequence of this, the new charter, and all proceedings upon it, were rescinded, and the corporation reverted to the ample and satisfactory charter of Charles II.

In the CIVIL WARS of Charles I., Lichfield suffered considerably for its attachment to the royal cause, especially the Cathedral Close, which, standing upon higher ground than the rest, and being strongly fortified, stood several vigorous sieges. The first of these assaults happened in March 1643, when Sir Richard *Dyott, and some of the* principal gentry of the county, under the

Earl of Chesterfield, held it for the King, and were attacked by Lord Brook and Sir John Gell, two distinguished generals of the Parliamentary army. Lord Brook being a zealous puritan, is said to have drawn up his army within half a mile of the city, and there vowed the destruction of the Cathedral, imploring, at the same time, the Divine assistance for the accomplishment of his intended purpose, and praying that he might be annihilated if his cause were unjust. He then advanced into the city, raised a battery in Dam-street, opposite the east gate of the Close. His lordship placed himself under the porch of a house, to superintend the progress of the attack; but, to ascertain the cause of some sudden tumult, he went into the street, and was shot by a dumb and deaf gentleman of the Dyott family, who had watched his motions from the battlement of the largest steeple of the Cathedral. His lordship fell dead on the spot, which is now distinguished by a pavement of white pebbles, and by a white marble tablet inserted in the front of the house, with an inscription in memory of the event, which, having happened on the anniversary of St. Chad, the patron of the cathedral, was attributed by the superstitious among the cavaliers, to the influence of that saint, as a punishment for the impious vow noticed above. Lord Brook's body was removed to Warwick to be buried with his ancestors; the armour worn by him on this fatal day, and his doublet stained with blood, are in the armoury at Warwick Castle. The gun with which he was killed remains in possession of the Dyott family, at Freeford Hall, near Lichfield. The death of their commander, however, did not much discourage the parliamentary forces, who continued the siege with great vigour under Sir John Gell, and shortly after induced the garrison to surrender upon the "condition of free quarters to all in general within the Close." It is said the rebels did not strictly adhere to these terms, but imprisoned the King's soldiers three days and four nights in the Cathedral without food, except what could privately be obtained; and the inclemency of the season compelled the unfortunate prisoners to convert the seats and desks into fuel. At this period the venerable pile became one scene of desolation, the centre spire was battered down, the costly monuments destroyed, and amongst others, that of Lord Paget, sculptured in Italy at the enormous expense of £700. Dugdale says, "courts of guard were kept in the aisles; they broke up the pavement, every day hunted a cat with hounds throughout the Church, delighting themselves in the echo from the goodly vaulted roof; and to add to their wickedness, brought a calf into it wrapt in linen, carried it to the font, sprinkled it with water, and gave it a name in scorn and derision of that holy sacrament—Baptism; and when Prince Rupert recovered that Church by force, Colonel Russel, the governor carried away the communion-plate and linen, with whatsoever else was of value." In the following month *the Close was retaken by Prince* Rupert, after a brave re-

sistance made by Colonel Russel, whose forces suffered great slaughter before they capitulated. Colonel Hawey Bagot was now appointed Governor of the garrison; he had the honour of entertaining Charles the First, after the battle of Naseby, when his Majesty left Ashby-de-la-Zouch, and slept at Governor Bagot's, in Lichfield, on the 15th of June, 1645; this unfortunate monarch twice afterwards revisited this city; but short was its period of tranquillity, for in 1646, the Close was again taken by the Parliamentary forces, under Sir William Brereton, and its walls dismantled. In 1651, by authority of the Rump Parliament, men were employed to strip off the lead from the roof of the Cathedral, and break in pieces the Bells. This beautiful Cathedral remained in a ruinous and dilapidated state till the Restoration of Charles II.; but in a few years after that happy event, it was restored to its original splendor, as will be seen at a subsequent page.

Though at the *Reformation*, the monastic institutions were suppressed, and the Protestants evinced great zeal in the destruction of shrines, crucifixes, images of saints, and other objects of Popish idolatry, they did not deface the exterior of Lichfield Cathedral, which remained entire for more than two centuries, until the period of the intestine wars just noticed. *St. John's*, now an hospital for poor men, is supposed to have been originally a priory or monastic cell, but the date of its foundation is unknown, though Roger de Clinton, who was bishop of Lichfield from 1127 till 1149, is supposed to have been its founder, (Vide p. 97). Here was also a large FRIARY belonging to the Franciscan, or Grey Friars. It was founded about the year 1229, by Bishop Stavenby, but was all burnt to the ground, except the conventual church, in 1291, when a dreadful *fire* destroyed the greater part of the city. After the dissolution of the religious houses, this church was allowed to remain for some time in a state of desolation. In 1545, however, it was totally demolished, and a spacious mansion erected on the site, which has since been occupied by several of the most respectable gentlemen of the county, and is now the seat of the Rev. Ley Brooks. It is still called the Friary, and is surrounded by a verdant lawn, which has an entrance gate opposite the end of Boar-street. In the reign of George II. this mansion was the residence of Michael Rawlins, Esq., and the Duke of Cumberland had his head quarters here, when the king's army was stationed at Lichfield, in the rebellion of 1745. One of its former distinguished occupants was the late Wm. Inge, Esq., whose abilities and integrity, as a justice of the peace, gained him the applause of Lord Mansfield, and the confidence of the people. In 1746, the workmen, in digging the foundation of a wall and gateway, on the north side of the Friary, in a spot supposed to have been the cemetery of *the convent*, a number of human bones were found, and a stone *coffin covered with* a grave stone, having in its centre a cross

fleury, surrounded by a curious inscription in old English characters, of which the following is a translation:—

"Richard the merchant here extended lies,
Death, like a step-dame, gladly clos'd his eyes;
He passes he trades beyond the burning zone,
But happy rests beneath this sacred stone.
His benefactions to the church were great;
Though young he hasten'd from this mortal state.
May he, though dead in trade, successful prove
St. Michael's merchant in the realms above."

In 1302, Henry Champanar, son of Michael de Lichfield, bell-founder, granted for the "use and solace" of the grey friars of Lichfield, his fountains in *Frontsmall*, near Alderbury. In 1575, Queen *Elizabeth* visited Lichfield, and remained in the city from July 30th to August 3rd. In 1593, "the top of St. Michael's steeple, and St. Mary's by the Market-place, were blown down by a great tempest, which did the like damage at Stafford." During the summer of the same year a dreadful *plague* prevailed in many of the cities and towns in England, and in a few weeks it swept away upwards of 1,100 of the inhabitants of Lichfield, or about half of the whole population; but happily, the city escaped that awful malady Asiatic Cholera, which committed such dreadful ravages in 1832, (see page 222).

Of the *Castle* which was strengthened by Bishop Clinton, and of the ditches formed by that prelate in the early part of the 12th century, no vestiges now remain, except the foot-path, called *Castleditch*, may be regarded as one of the latter, for which supposition, however, the name is the only foundation. The castle is generaly supposed to have stood near this foot-path, and Pennant thinks it probable that *Richard II.* kept his Christmas there, in 1397, when he consumed 200 tuns of wine, and 2,000 oxen; but Stowe says he kept it in the Close. Here, however, it is sufficiently certain, that this unfortunate monarch was confined, when on his way to London as a prisoner, after his throne had been usurped by his kinsman, Henry Bolingbroke, the first monarch of the House of Lancaster. From this fortress Richard attempted to escape by slipping down from the window of his room into a garden; but being discovered by a sentinel, he was secured and carried back to his confinement. He was soon afterwards basely murdered at Pontefract castle, where he slew four of his assailants, in his valiant struggle for existence.

Borrowcop Hill, a conical mount, about one mile S. E. of the City, is generally supposed to be a *tumulus* and the site of a Saxon fort, where tradition says three kings were slain in one of the conflicts during the Heptarchy; but this legend is not warranted by any historical record now extant. A small edifice with seats has been erected by subscription, on the lofty summit of this hill, as a place of shelter for the numerous parties who ascend it for the purpose of enjoying the beautiful and extensive prospect which it commands of this and of the adjacent counties.

COINAGE.—Although king Stephen granted to Bishop Walter, and his successors, the privilege of establishing a Royal Mint at Lichfield, no coins have yet been discovered bearing the name of this city; except a few local tokens, the first of which is a *farthing* struck by the corporation in 1670, and inscribed "The City of Lichfield—To Supply the poores' need—Is charity indeed." In 1794, Mr. Barker, of Lichfield, struck two silver tokens, both of which have on the obverse, the city arms; and on the reverse, one is inscribed, "Payable on Whit-Monday at the Green-hill Bank," and the other, "S. Baxter, Dozener, Sadler's-street Ward." In 1800, Mr. Richard Wright issued a penny token, bearing on the obverse, a portrait of the late ingenious Mr. Greene, inscribed "Richard Greene, collector of the museum, died June 4th, 1793, aged 77;" and on the reverse is a representation of the west porch of the cathedral; and round the edge "Payable by Richard Wright, Litchfield." Of this token only six dozen were struck. A halfpenny struck here for sale, and bearing a portrait of the celebrated Dr. Johnson, "is in all respects so unworthy of notice, as to be justly excluded from the cabinet of every judicious collector."

EARLS OF LICHFIELD.—In 1645, *Charles Stuart*, son and heir of George Lord Aubigny, in France, was created Baron Stuart of Newbury, in Berkshire, and Earl of Litchfield, in Staffordshire. These titles were intended for his uncle, Bernard Stuart, who died before the patent passed the Great Seal. Charles succeeded his cousin, Esme Stuart, as Duke of Buckingham, but dying without issue, in 1672, his titles became extinct. In 1674, *Sir Edward Henry Lee* was created Baron Spelleshury, of Oxfordshire; Viscount Quarendon, of Buckinghamshire, and Earl of Litchfield. His son, George Henry Lee, succeeded to these honours, in 1716, and, in 1743, they descended to his son of the same name. The latter died without issue, in 1772, and was succeeded by his uncle, Robert Lee, the fifth Earl of Litchfield, who died in 1772, when, for want of issue male, all his titles became extinct. The title of *Earl of Litchfield* was, however, revived in 1832, in the person of *Viscount Anson*, of Shugborough, who purchased, a few years ago, of the late Marquis of Stafford, a large estate in the city and liberties of Lichfield.

CORPORATION.

Though Lichfield sent members to Parliament, and was governed by a Guild and Guildmaster, as early as the reign of Edward I., it was not elevated to the rank of a chartered corporation, till Edward VI. conferred upon it that honour. It subsequently received *charters* from Mary, Elizabeth, James I., Charles II., and James II., but the latter was rescinded, as has already been seen at page 66, so that the governing charter is *that of Charles II.*, which confirms all the former immunities of *the citizens, both* chartered and prescriptive, and confers upon

them many new and extensive privileges. Under this charter, the corporate body consists of a steward, a recorder, two bailiffs, twenty-one brethren, and a town-clerk and coroner; with the following servants, viz. two serjeants at mace, a sword-bearer, a gaoler, and a city crier. The Bailiffs and Brethren form the Common Council, and elect the Steward, the Recorder, and the Town Clerk and Coroner, who hold their offices for life, if not removed for misconduct. The *Clerk and Coroner* is chosen from among the body of Brethren, but must be approved by the Crown. He has the custody of all records, keeps part of the seal, and is clerk of pleas, recognizances, &c. The *Recorder* and *Steward* are chosen from the citizens, but must also be approved by the crown; the latter presides in trials of felony, &c., and the former has the power to condemn criminals to death. The two *Bailiffs* are elected yearly on St. James' day (July 25), by the Brethren out of their own body; and one of the two, so elected, is nominated by the Bishop to be the *Senior Bailiff*, who keeps part of the seal, presides with the Recorder and Steward in trials of felony, &c., and is the king's escheator. On the same day the Bailiffs and Brethren also elect a *Sheriff* from among the resident citizens, whose office in the city and county of Lichfield, is similar to that of all other high sheriffs in England, with this addition, that on every 8th of September, (being the nativity of the blessed Virgin Mary,) he has to *perambulate the boundaries* of the city liberties, at the head of a procession of the corporate body, and other inhabitants who choose to follow in his train. These boundaries are nearly 16 miles in circuit, including all their sinuosities. (see page 62) The sheriff must be a citizen, but not one of the corporate body. The recorder, the steward, the two bailiffs, and the bailiffs of the preceding year, are the *city magistrates*, and have power to hold *Courts of Gaol Delivery*, and to award sentence of death, or other punishments, upon offenders. They also hold a *Court of Record*, every Thursday, for the recovery of debts or damages amounting to 40s. and upwards. Such pleas as cannot be determined in this court, must be tried before the justices next "coming into the city, and not out of the city, or before any other justices." The corporation also hold *Sessions* of the peace, weekly and quarterly, and a court of *Pie Powder* during the fairs. Here are also several annual courts, viz, the *View of Frank-pledge*, the *Court of Array*, the great *Portmote Court*, and "*Maudlin's Court*," the latter of which was instituted for the punishment of drunkenness, and for the purpose of administering the oath of office to the *dozeners*, or petty constables.

An *ancient Ceremony* was formerly connected with the *Court of Array* held on Whit-Monday, and after having been discontinued for many years, was revived in 1816, with some eclat though stripped of much of its former pomp. But we understand *the Whit-Monday amusements* which now take place on

Green-hill, differ but little from those usual at other "folly fairs" instituted for the entertainment of the gay and the young in that lively season of the year—Whitsuntide. The ancient ceremonies formerly connected with the court of Array are described by Pitt, as follows:—"Early on the morning of Whit-Monday, the high constables of the city, attended by ten men armed with fire-locks, and adorned with ribbons, preceded by eight morrice-dancers, a clown fantastically dressed, and drums and fifes, escort the sheriff, town-clerk, and bailiffs, from the Guildhall to the Bower at Green-hill, a mount situated at the south-east extremity of the city, in the parish of St. Michael, where a temporary booth is erected for their reception. On this mount the title of the court is proclaimed by the common crier; the names of all the householders in the twenty-one wards of the city, according as they are enrolled, are called over; and all persons owing suit and service to this court, called "the court of array, or view of men and arms," of the manor and lordship of Lichfield, are required to appear, under pain of fine and amercement. After this ceremony is ended, the constables, attended by the armed men, &c., take their leave, and march through the streets to the opposite extremity of the city, and summon the dozener, or petty constable of that ward, to attend. He immediately comes forth, bearing a flag or ensign, joins the procession, and the armed men fire a volley over every house in the ward. The inhabitants, on this salute, invite the constables into their houses and present them with refreshments, while drink is given to their attendants. The dozener then, bearing his pageant, attends them to the Bower, and the town-clerk from a roll calls forth the name of every householder in the ward. Those who answer to their names are invited into the booth and regaled with a cold collation, and those who neglect to appear are fined one penny each. In this manner the constables go through the twenty-one wards, and perform similar ceremonies in each; consequently, it is late in the evening before they have performed their toilsome task. The court of Array is then concluded, and the constables, preceded as before by the martial music, dancers, and armed men, and attended by the petty-constables, formed in two lines, with their gorgeous banners, conclude the festivity by a procession through the principal streets to the market-place, where on their arrival the town-clerk, in the name of the bailiffs and citizens, delivers a charge to the high-constables. The purport of the address is to thank them for their attendance, and inform them of the consequence of the firm allegiance of their predecessors, whose charters and immunities were granted to this city, which ought well stimulate them to the performance of their duty to the king and their fellow citizens. He concludes with advising them to repair peaceably to their homes, and pursue the *path of industry and virtue*, that they may always be worthy of the *peculiar privileges* they enjoy as free-born Englishmen, and

inhabitants of this loyal and respectable city. The dozeners then deposit their colours under the belfry in the adjacent church of St. Mary's. The origin of this remarkable court is unknown, having existed long prior to the date of any royal charters. Various conjectures, however, have supplied the place of historical record. Some suppose it to be an institution of king Oswy's, in memory of a victory obtained by him over the pagan king Penda; while others conclude that it is founded upon an act passed in the reign of Henry II., and confirmed by several of his successors, enacting that the high constables of every town should oftentimes view the arms and armour of the men in their franchise or liberty. The latter opinion is certainly more probable than the former.

In the *Charter of Charles II.* is the following *restrictive clause*: "And further by these presents we do for us, our heirs, and successors, confirm to the afore-named bailiffs and citizens of the said city, and their successors: That no stranger or foreigner, not being a freeman of the said city, unless he hath served his apprenticeship for seven years within the said city, may for the future sell or shall expose to sale any wares or merchandize within the said city, (except the Close) otherwise than in gross, and otherwise victuals or other necessary provisions and victualling, sold within the said city, unless it be at the times of fairs, so to be held within the said city; nor shall keep any shop, place, stall, or booth, nor shall use any mystery, occupation, or handicraft trade, within the said city, or the liberty or precinct of the same, (except the Close) without the special license of the bailiffs and brethren of the city, or the major part of them, (whereof one of the bailiffs of the said city for the time being we will shall be one,) under their common seal in writing." After suffering this and several other clauses in the charter to lay dormant for a number of years, the corporation, in 1830, attempted to revive them, and submitted their "*Case*" to Serjeant Ford for his opinion and legal advice. In stating their case, they said, "No foreigner was admitted to exercise a trade within Lichfield till about nine years ago, when the town clerk, by the advice of some neighbouring gentlemen, and with an intent to encourage trade in general, published an advertisement without any order or consent of the body, that all persons without distinction were at liberty to settle in Lichfield; but this experiment, instead of improving and enriching the city, hath increased and brought a numerous poor upon it, and to put a stop to this growing evil, the corporation are desirous to give the freemen all the assistance in their power, that is consistent with their charter and their own safety." But the learned Serjeant, in his answer, said that he was clearly of opinion that the restrictive clause was absolutely void; for as the liberty of following any lawful trade is one of the greatest privileges an English subject can boast of, it cannot, as he apprehended, *be destroyed or abridged* by any grant of the

king only; and therefore he thought the bailiffs and citizens of Lichfield ought not to attempt to put it in execution, either by imposing fines or otherwise: indeed, unless they could prove that they possessed the power of excluding foreigners by ancient and prescriptive custom, "before the time of memory, and antecedent to the date of their oldest charter," he was clearly of opinion that they could not legally maintain such an objectionable privilege. The corporation have wisely acted upon this wholesome advice, so that those who had been induced by the town clerk's advertisement to settle in the city, escaped the fines and penalties with which they were ungenerously threatened, and many other "foreigners" have since been allowed to enter into unmolested competition with the denizens. The corporation have the tolls of the markets and fairs, and are possessed of considerable property; but a large portion of the latter is merely held in trust for various charitable and public uses, as will be seen at a subsequent page. The real amount of their income is unknown to the public. In December, 1833, they followed the example of Norwich, and a few other corporations, by hoisting the standard of opposition to the *Commissioners appointed under the Great Seal, at the recommendation of the House of Commons*, in that year, to inquire into the existing state of all corporations in England. The two Commissioners who visited Lichfield were those who had, during the same month, successfully opened courts of inquiry in Stafford (see page 137,) and the other incorporated boroughs of this county. On their arrival here, however, the Town Clerk said it was his painful duty to present to them the following *Resolutions of the Bailiffs and Citizens*:—"*First.* That the Corporation Commission appointed by the King in Council, is, in the opinion of this Incorporation, an unconstitutional stretch of the Royal Prerogative, and not armed with legal power to prosecute the proposed enquiries. *Second.* That the Oath taken by the Brethren of this Incorporation on their election, forbids them to divulge, utter, publish or reveal the Counsels touching their rights; and, that its strict observance can be relaxed only in necessary communications in the discharge of the trust reposed in them, and for the public welfare. *Third.* That the Members of this Corporate body are ready, by a full disclosure to a legal Tribunal, of all matters entrusted to their care, to exculpate themselves from all charges of mismanagement imputed to Corporations in general; but that the plain construction of the Oath referred to, and the apparent invasion of their franchises by the Commission itself, impel them to withhold from their officers the authority to submit to such an inquiry, unless there can be shewn a necessity, on grounds of good policy, for such a submission, consistent with the rights of this Incorporation. *Fourth.* That *the above* Resolutions be presented to the Commissioners on *their arrival in this city.*" The Commissioners said they would

raised these resolutions, but that they did not recognize the right of the corporation to withhold the information required by the Commission, which Parliament had thought fit to request, and the Crown to sanction. They however exculpated the town clerk, saying, that whatever consequences might follow the contumacy of the corporation, on them, and not upon him, must they fall.

After receiving the resolutions of the corporation, the Commissioners solicited the inhabitants to give such information as they possessed on the subject. Several persons freely came forward and gave their evidence, but none of them appeared to be "in the secret how the corporation keep their accounts of trust property," &c. The *Rev. Dr. Harwood* said "there were seven FREE COMPANIES, viz.—*tailors, bakers, butchers, saddlers, smiths, cordwainers, and weavers;* they held by sub-charter from the corporation, approved by judges of assize; freemen of these companies had the right of voting, and the freedom was acquired by birth or servitude; only the eldest son of a freeman was free. The brethren of the corporation need not be freemen as well as inhabitants; the companies had formerly exercised the right of admission by purchase, but did not do so now; they took fees upon admission, but not so considerable as to prevent persons from setting up in trades in the town. (6s. or 8s.) Formerly the companies demanded that strangers setting up in trades should enrol themselves in some company. Freemen must be enrolled by the town clerk, and sworn, before they can vote; the fee does not exceed ten shillings. The corporation have a recorder, Theophilus Levett, Esq., of Wichnor, who is non-resident. It had been usual to appoint noblemen of the first rank to this office, till within the last twenty years, when neighbouring country gentlemen were admitted. He sometimes attended gaol deliveries, filled no judicial office, but was a magistrate within the city, and had no emolument. The recorder, steward, and town clerk, were appointed by the bailiffs and brethren, subject to the approbation of the crown. The present steward is Mr. Jervis: the steward is always a barrister, and is a magistrate in the city. He seldom attends the sessions, and has some small emolument; did not know what the corporation paid him. The town clerk must be one of the corporation by the charter. He was also clerk of the peace by virtue of his office, and had custody of writs and records. He acted as clerk to the magistrates. Believed there was an allowance from the corporation for the town clerk, but did not know its amount. The corporation also appoint two serjeants at mace, who execute processes, but do not act as constables; and a gaoler. They have a treasurer."

Mr. Parr, solicitor, after protesting against the power of the commissioners to examine him, stated, "that a number of tradesmen entered into an association, and subscribed to defray the expenses of serving the office of *sheriff*. One member of the club was chosen into the corporation, in consequence of which,

the names were disclosed, and the remaining members of the club were never called upon until the corporation had two or three fines, knowing they were determined to serve the office. He had no doubt the choice of sheriff was used as a mode of obtaining revenue. The custom had been for members of the corporation to sound persons upon whom the choice was likely to fall, and if any one of them expressed an intention of standing, he was not called upon until three or four had been fined. The corporation could compel the person first chosen to serve the office as readily as the third or fourth, but they knew better than to do that. He had been concerned in every election since 1799, and in that too. In 1801, the corporation took upon themselves to make freemen of any inhabitants friendly to their cause; they made 386; they made Dr. Harwood, a blacksmith, and the Rev. Mr. Remington, a shoemaker. Each man paid a guinea; they were known by the name of "guinea pigs." A hundred guineas, or as many as there were persons to be admitted, were put into a purse, and the same purse, and he believed its contents, went the round of the different companies. After this, the interest for which he (Mr. Parr) was concerned, deemed it right to try the question of this power to make freemen. It never came to a trial, because the defendants, whose cause was conducted by the town clerk, submitted to judgment of ouster. In several instances the defendants paid the costs; in most they were paid by the plaintiffs; nearly to the amount of £10,000. In 1799, the corporation took a very active part in the election; and, he believed, paid £1,200 towards it; he had no means of knowing this. The accounts of the corporation were never published; and he did not know that the corporation had ever made the charities subservient to election purposes. He thought the administration of justice here, was as well, if not better, than in most towns of this description; but there could be no question that it would be more satisfactory if competent legal authority presided. Questions of settlement, and questions of moment, were usually deferred until Mr. Jervis could attend. The city magistrates did not try questions of life and death without him; but they did transportable offences. The postponement of questions till Mr. Jervis could attend, was certainly a delay of justice. Did not know that the corporation let their property on lease."

By the *Reform Act*, passed in 1832, the Cathedral Close was annexed to the city and county of the city to vote for its Parliamentary Representatives. The *right of election* is in the bailiffs, corporate magistrates, freeholders of 40s. per annum (resident within 7 miles), burgage holders, and enrolled freemen paying scot and lot. The number of electors is about 750. The Sheriff is the returning officer; and the present *Members of Parliament* for Lichfield, are General Sir George Anson, K. C. B. (uncle of *the Earl of* Lichfield), and Sir Edward Dolman Scott, Bart., of *Great Barr*.

Corporation of Lichfield, (1833-4).

Steward—Thomas Jervis, Esq.
Recorder—Theophilus Levett, Esq.
Senior Bailiff—Hd. Greene, Esq. | *Junior Bailiff*—Chas. Edwd. Stringer, Esq.

BRETHREN.

Mr. Henry Cotton	James Palmer, Esq.	Mr. Simon Morgan
Mr. Edward Jackson	Mr. Joseph Marshall	Mr. Edward Wyatt
Mr. William Gill	Mr. T. Stripling	Mr. Thomas Johnson
Thos. Webb Greene, Esq.	Mr. Thos. Geo. Lomax	Mr. Thomas Addie
J. P. Byott, Esq.	Mr. W. Stripling	James Rawson, M. D.
Mr. W. Morgan	Mr. Edward Bond	Mr. George Dodson
Mr. J. Stanley		

Coroner and Town Clerk—Charles Simpson, Esq.
Mace Bearers—Thomas Hitchins, and Henry Wright.
Sword Bearer—Thomas Bellys.
Gaoler—John Charles | *City Crier*—Thomas Roberts.

The Guild Hall, in Boar-street, opposite the end of Bread-market-street, is said to occupy the site of a religious house, anciently belonging to the fraternity of St. Mary and St. John the Baptist. It is a neat stone edifice with a handsome pediment, adorned with a basso relievo of the cathedral, and of the city arms, which latter represent a field of dead bodies, in allusion to the supposed signification of the word Lichfield. The entrance-hall is spacious; and in the rear are apartments in which the members of the corporation transact public business. The basement story and the premises behind the Guild Hall, form the City Gaol and House of Correction, where debtors, felons, and misdemeanors, apprehended within the city and county of Lichfield, are confined. These prisons contain eleven rooms and cells, and three yards, but do not admit of proper classification. In a report made by the corporation, in 1823, it was stated, that it would be a great hardship to the inhabitants of the city to enlarge the prisons, at their expence, so as to adapt them to the regulations required by the new act; and that the average number of prisoners therein does not require the same; there being at some periods no prisoners in the gaol for months together; and for the same reasons, the appointment of a regular chaplain, and surgeon, at a fixed salary, would impose a heavy and unnecessary burden,—the occasions for the surgeon being only temporary. By an act of 5. Geo. IV., Lichfield has been exempted from the general provisions of the Gaol Act; as the number of prisoners there at one time seldom exceeds 12 or 13.

CATHEDRAL.

Lichfield Cathedral, situated in a spacious Close, skirted by many handsome mansions, is an object of just veneration, and one of the noblest religious fabrics in this kingdom. The period at which it was originally founded is uncertain; but that event is

generally supposed to have taken place about the year 667, during the presidency of Bishop Jarumannus,* the immediate predecessor of the famous St. Chad, who, Bede says, "had built himself an habitation not far removed from the church; wherein he was wont to pray, and read with a few, that is, seven or eight of the brethren, as often as he had any spare time from the labour and ministry of the word." In the year 700, Bishop Hedda enlarged and partly rebuilt the cathedral, which was then formed principally of wood. He dedicated the renovated fabric to St. Chad, and removed to it the bones of that saint, from Stowe Church, in the north-eastern suburbs of the city. Roger de Clinton, whose beneficence to Lichfield we have already mentioned, demolished the old cathedral, about A. D. 1130, and erected a great part of the present magnificent edifice. Walter de Langton, who succeeded to the bishopric in 1295, built that part of it which is called St. Mary's chapel, as well as the cloisters; and he also expended £2000 in raising a shrine to the memory of St. Chad. This splendid monument, and many of the other treasures of the cathedral, were seized by Henry VIII., at the time of the Reformation. In 1269, Henry III. granted permission to the Dean and Chapter to get stone out of the forest of Hopwas, for the enlargement of their cathedral, which was not finished till about 1420. From this period the buildings remained in a good state of preservation till the Civil wars in the reign of Charles I., when they suffered considerable damage in the sieges already described; but were subsequently renewed by Bishop Hackett,† who was appointed to the See immediately after the Restoration. On his arrival at Lichfield, this pious prelate "found his cathedral in an indescribable state of ruin: 2000 cannon shot, and 1,500 hand-grenadoes having been discharged against it." He resolved to restore the venerable fabric to its former grandeur; and on the morning following his arrival, he roused his servants by break of day, and set his own coach-horses, with teams, and hired labourers, to remove the rubbish. By his own liberal contributions, the benefactions of the Dean and

* Upon this supposition, the church built by Oswy, in 656, (when he constituted Lichfield an episcopal See,) and dedicated by him to St. Peter and St. Mary, cannot have stood upon this spot; if it did, it is clear the original foundation of the cathedral must have taken place *then*, as the mother church of every bishop's diocese is a cathedral. It is very probable, that the church, which Oswy begun, was not finished till the time of Bishop Jarumannus.

† BISHOP HACKETT.—A noble instance of magnanimity and heroic fortitude is recorded of this prelate, during the persecution of the established church by the Puritans. Notwithstanding the severe penalties enacted to prevent it, he continued to read the liturgy regularly in his church of St. Andrew's, Holborn. In consequence of this, a serjeant, with a file of men, entered the church and threatened him with instant death if he did not desist. "Soldiers," said the intrepid Hackett, "I am doing my duty: do you yours;" and with a more audible voice *proceeded in the service*. The soldiers, astonished at his undaunted composure, *left the church without doing* him the slightest injury.

Chapter, and the money which he collected by a personal application to every gentleman in his diocese, this spirited prelate, in the space of eight years, completely restored the magnificence of the cathedral to the admiration of the country; and he re-consecrated it with great pomp and solemnity, having composed an impressive service for the important occasion. The cost of the repairs amounted to £9092. 1s. 7½d., of which, £1,683. 12s., was contributed by the Bishop out of his own purse. In 1788, the interior was thoroughly repaired and beautified, under the direction of Mr. Wyatt, the architect, at the cost of £6000, raised by subscription. At this time the pulpit and pews in the nave were removed, the decayed brick floor taken up, and replaced by a new one of excellent stone, from Hopton, in Derbyshire. The choir was also enlarged by taking down the screen that separated it from St. Mary's chapel. In 1797, the groins, walls, and roof of the north transept were repaired; the whole edifice completely pointed; the middle spire taken down a considerable way and rebuilt; and new buttresses erected to support the south transept. The beauty and magnificence of the edifice has also been greatly enhanced, by the addition of some *painted windows*, from the dissolved Abbey of Herckenrode, in Germany: this valuable purchase was obtained by the Dean and Chapter, through the liberality of the late Sir Brooke Boothby, who made the acquisition when travelling on the Continent, for the small sum of £200., and generously transferred to them his bargain, estimated at £10,000. These windows were painted at the period when the art had attained its highest degree of perfection, and are considered by connoisseurs as very valuable and choice specimens. Several modern stained glass windows, of superior merit, were also inserted, by the late Dean, Dr. Woodhouse, and others interested in the embellishment of this venerable pile. The large window at the west, which had been totally destroyed during the Civil wars, and restored by James II., when Duke of York, has been filled with painted glass, from a legacy of Dr. Addenbroke, who died Dean of this cathedral, in 1776. Many repairs and improvements have been effected during the last ten years; and the numerous figures which ornament the west front, have all been renovated or replaced by new ones, in a composition of excellent workmanship, and as durable as stone. A great number of these statues were defaced in the Civil wars, and afterwards restored by Bishop Hackett; but in 1749, several of them were in such a decayed state, that they were removed by order of the Dean and Chapter, to the great deformity of the structure.

To describe accurately the present and past condition of this much admired cathedral, and the various ornaments, whether monumental or otherwise, with which it is either now or has formerly been adorned, would occupy a much larger space than the limits of this work will permit; we must, therefore, content ourselves with a *brief notice of its more prominent* features.

The *length* of the fabric from east to west,* is 411 feet, and in the transept, 187 feet. It is surmounted by three elegant *spires*, one rising from the centre, and two at the west end. The height of the former is 258 feet, and of the two latter 188 feet.

The GRAND WESTERN FRONT is eminently beautiful, consisting of a large pyramidical facade, enriched with a profusion of tracery and a large assemblage of highly wrought statues as large as life, placed in niches, some having pointed and others trefoil arches. It is much to be regretted that the reddish stone, of which this superb front is constructed, is of a very perishable nature; but all the decayed portions, as well as the ornaments have recently been renewed in a durable kind of composition or cement, which, to the superficial observer, has every appearance of stone. On the top of the highly pointed and richly ornamented gable, between the two spires, stands a large figure of *Charles II.*, who contributed a liberal donation of timber towards the repairs of the church. It is the work of Sir Wm. Wilson, originally a stone-mason, of Sutton Coldfield, who arrived at knighthood after his marriage with a rich widow. This statue is supposed to occupy the place of a more ancient one of Adam, or Christ. The fronts of the towers on each side of it are adorned with figures of the patriarchs; and below them, on each side of the great windows, are two rows of large statues representing Prophets, Prophetesses, and Judges. Below these, is a row of twenty-four statues of the Kings of Judah, and Israel, in various attitudes; except the centre one, which, being in pontifical robes, is supposed to represent St. Chad, the patron saint of the cathedral. This statue stands exactly over the *central porch*, which is adorned with beautiful sculpture work. Within this porch are placed figures of the four Evangelists, holding the Gospels in their hands. Moses and Aaron are situated on the two sides, and in the centre, between the great doors, is the Virgin Mary with the infant Jesus in her arms. These were all formerly richly painted and gilded. A figure of Christ, with his arms extended, appears between two cherubims, on the top of the central pillar. The niches on each side of the three entrance gates are filled with statues of the Twelve Apostles.

The *north and south doors* are also very elegant, particularly the former, which is extremely rich in sculptured mouldings, three of foliage, and three of small figures in oval. In one of the lowest is represented a bishop baptizing a person kneeling before him, with a crosier in his left hand. The former is probably intended to represent *St. Chad*, and the other *Wulfhere*,

* Dr. Plott observes a remarkable circumstance relative to this church, which is, that it declines 27 degrees from the points of east and west. This error, however, was somewhat amended by Bishop Langton, who pointed the walls of our Lady's chapel, which he built, much more to the east; hence it is, that the walls of *this chapel stand level to those* of the church, as may be noticed even at a superficial glance.

the converted pagan King of Mercia, who is said to have murdered his sons because they refused to become apostates to Christianity. Immediately over the door, was the root of Jesse, or the descent of Kings, from David to the captivity of the Jews, 14 generations; and from thence to Christ, a similar number; and also the descent of the Priests. The middle pillar supported the image of Christ. The south door is likewise rich in sculpture, and on the east side of it are two ancient monumental statues of former Deans; but to whom they belong is unknown. *The roof* of the cathedral was formerly covered with lead; but being much worn and injured, the metal was taken off many years ago, and slates substituted in its stead: the revenues for the purpose of repairing the edifice being totally inadequate to the expense of renewing it with lead.

The INTERIOR of this noble edifice fully answers its external splendour and magnificence. The three western doors open immediately into the *nave and aisles*, which are good specimens of the simple yet exquisite architecture of the 13th and 14th centuries; the slender clustered columns, foliated capitals, delicately moulded arches, and vaulted roof, produce a very solemn and pleasing effect, which is greatly heightened by the beautiful display of stained glass in the windows. The length of the nave, from the west door to the screen which divides it from the choir, is 213 feet; its breadth 153 feet; the breadth of the aisles 66 feet; and the height of the roof 60 feet. The upper rows of windows are of an unusual form, being triangular, including three circles in each. Along the walls of the aisles are rows of false Gothic arches, having seats underneath. Over the great west doors is a most magnificent window, of a circular form, raised at the expense of James, Duke of York, in the reign of Charles II., and filled with stained glass at the expense of Dr. Addenbroke, who enjoyed the deanery upwards of 30 years. On the north side of the west door, the large mural monument of marble, erected to the memory of *Lancelot Addison*, reminds us of his son, whose writings improved the morals and literature of Englishmen. On the south side, a monument of mixed marble is inscribed to the memory of *Gilbert Walmsley*, the friend and early patron of Dr. Johnson. Among several beautiful mural monuments, to the west of the north door, is one in memory of *Lady Mary Wortley Montague*, who happily introduced, from Turkey, the salutary art of inoculating for the small-pox; in allusion to which, a handsome statue of the Goddess of Beauty is represented as weeping over the ashes of her preserver: but the art which Lady Mary introduced has since been superseded by vaccine inoculation. In 1793, two monuments were erected against the east wall of the south transept, to the memory of *Dr. Johnson* and *David Garrick*: the former at the expense of the gentlemen of the Close, and the latter by the widow of the English *Roscius*. *They are of mixed marble*, alike in form and

size; but the busts are not considered good likenesses of the great originals,—the latter of whom was so celebrated in the histrionic art, that, as his friend Johnson said, "His death eclipsed the gaiety of nations, and impoverished the public stock of harmless pleasure."

The CHOIR, and St. Mary's chapel, or Lady choir, were formerly separated from each other by a stone *Screen*, of most elegant architecture, embattled at the top, and adorned with several rows of Gothic niches exquisitely wrought, and each containing a small statue; beneath which were 13 stalls adorned with Gothic tracery. This screen was injudiciously removed during the alterations made in 1788-9, and the two choirs thrown into one, to the great injury of the internal appearance of the cathedral: the length of the choir or chancel being now altogether disproportionate to the rest of the building. In St. Mary's chapel, which now forms the east end of the choir, are nine windows, three on each side, and three at the end. In the large centre window, at the east end, is a fine painting of the *Resurrection*, executed by Mr. Egginton, late of Handsworth, near Birmingham, from a design of Sir Joshua Reynolds. On each side of it are the slender windows that contain the rich display of stained glass, brought from Herckenrode abbey, as noticed at page 79. Of this glass there are 340 pieces, each about 22 inches square. Under the centre window stands an altar of freestone, neatly sculptured in the Gothic style. After the removal of the rich shrine of St. Chad, at the Reformation, its site was occupied by a splendid monument to the memory of *Lord Paget*, secretary of state to Henry VIII.; but this met with a similar fate, being destroyed by the puritans in the Civil wars. It was an elegant altar-tomb, executed in Italy, and esteemed a masterpiece of workmanship; having two kneeling figures of a man and a woman, and several beautiful Corinthian columns. Near it was a remarkable monumental effigy of *Ralph Lord Basset*, dressed in complete armour, and resting his foot on a boar. This nobleman died in 1389, and for the yearly keeping of his obit gave 200 marks to the altar of St. Nicholas. Ceolred, king of Mercia, was interred in this part of the church. The *floor* of the choir was anciently paved with cannel coal and alabaster, but about 1790, it was re-paved, lozengy, with grey and white marble. The elegant stone screen now forms its western inclosure, and serves to support the *organ*, which is composed of twenty-five different stops, and is highly esteemed for the fulness and beauty of its tones. The windows are sculptured in the most elegant manner, and, beneath them, on each side of the choir, there stood six *statues*, richly painted, representing St. Peter, the Virgin Mary, Mary Magdalene, St. Phillip, St. James, and St. Christopher, with Christ on his shoulder. The statue of Mary *Magdalene had one* leg bare, to denote her legendary wantonness. *All of them* were too much mutilated to survive the re-

pain in 1788. Both sides of the choir are adorned with twenty-four *stalls*, and the centre is neatly pewed. The stalls were originally fifty-two in number. Bishop Hackett put the names of the donors in golden letters over each of them, with the title of the prebends. On the south side, these are terminated by the *bishop's throne*, ornamented with a mitre and the arms of the See; and on the north side by the pulpit.

In the *south aisle of the choir* are a number of ancient and modern monuments; but that which attracts the eager attention of all admirers of the sculptorial art, is one at the east end of the aisle, erected a few years ago to the memory of the *Misses Robinson*, two young children, whose figures are admirably executed in white marble, by that eminent sculptor, *Chantrey*, and rank amongst the choicest and most valuable of his productions. In the same aisle, upon a handsome Gothic altar-tomb, is the mutilated effigy of Captain Stanley. Near this, stood the tomb of Dean Heywood, supporting two effigies, one representing him in the vigour of health, and the other in the wasted form of death. In the south wall are two effigies supposed to represent Bishops Langton and Pattishul; the latter of which is remarkable for having the *stigmata*, or marks of our Saviours wounds on the hands and feet;—a respectful superstition of ancient times. It is now placed on the spot formerly appropriated to the tomb of Bishop Scroop, which was destroyed in the Civil wars. A silver crosier, found in this sepulchre by the republican soldiers, was sold to the celebrated antiquary—Elias Ashmole. At a short distance from hence, beneath a window neatly ornamented with foliage, stands the noble *tomb of Bishop Hackett*, enclosed by iron railing decorated with five gilt mitres. His recumbent effigy is habited in complete *pontificalibus*; and above the head are inscribed the following words, from the 132nd Psalm,—"I will not suffer mine eyes to sleep, till I have found out a place for the temple of the Lord." The monuments in the *North Aisle* are few, and the only one deserving particular notice, is that in memory of *Theophania, wife of Dr. Smallbridge*, chaplain to Charles II. From this aisle, a passage, ornamented with Gothic arched seats, leads to the CHAPTER HOUSE, a room of an octangular form, adorned with arches similar to those in the entrance. The lost pillars are supplied with plaster, and the whole is supported in the centre by a clustered column. Over this room is the LIBRARY, instituted by Dean Heywood, which contains several valuable books and manuscripts. Among the latter is a valuable ancient copy of the Valor of Pope Nicholas, in the reign of Edward I.; also a curious one, called *Textus St. Cedde*, or the Gospels of St. Chad; not because they were written by that saint, but merely on account of their belonging to this church, which is dedicated to him. They are chiefly in plain Saxon characters, and illuminated with a variety of extraordinary drawings. *The date of the* writing is certainly very

ancient; according to some, not less than a thousand years back. Here is likewise a *Koran*, intituled thus, "This Alcoran was taken from the Turks at the siege of Buda;" besides a fairly written and illuminated folio of Chaucer's Poems; an heraldic list of the Knights of the Garter; some old Architectural Drawings, executed in France, &c. &c. To the north of the Lady Choir, is a small chapel, where the remains of two Mercian Kings are deposited. In St. Peter's Chapel, there was formerly a painting on the wall, of St. Peter crucified, with his head downwards. Before the late alterations the south transept contained a curious fragment of Gothic sculpture, consisting of two arches; under which, were the figures of two Kings, and a young Prince. This was a relic of the old church, preserved in the rebuilding of it; but being removed in 1788, it became an ornament in the wall of Mr. Greene's stable. In the *Sacristy* are the remains of a rich altar-piece, of Grecian architecture, which formerly terminated the choir. Having recently undergone many repairs and improvements, both internally and externally, the cathedral is now in such a state of perfection, cleanliness, and beauty, as is highly creditable to the taste and liberality of the late Dean, *Dr. Woodhouse*, who was inducted in 1807, and died in November, 1833.

The CLOSE contains, besides the cathedral, a considerable number of buildings; all of which are the property of the church, except two houses on the south side adjoining the pool, which were granted to the city, previous to the erection of the bridge by Bishop Langton, that the inhabitants might have landing places, and access to the cathedral. The BISHOP'S PALACE, a spacious stone mansion, stands at the north-east corner of the Close. It was built by Bishop Wood, in 1687, on the ground formerly occupied by the garden of a more extensive palace, erected by Bishop Langton, in the reign of Edward I., but of which there are now no remains. Archbishop Sancroft, enjoined Bishop Wood to erect the present palace, as a fine for wasting some portion of the woods belonging to his See. The successive bishops, however, having fixed their residence for many years at Eccleshall Castle, this palace is generally occupied by tenants. It was for some time occupied by the family of the late *Miss Seward*, whose ingenious poetical productions are well known to every reader of taste. It is now occupied by Lady Oakley. West from the palace, stands the *Deanery House*, rebuilt in the reign of Queen Anne, on the site of the ancient one. The *Prebendal Houses* are situated in different parts of the Close, and are neat and spacious. Those on the south-west, enjoyed by the first, fifth, and sixth residentiaries, were built by Bishop Halse, who died in 1490, and are probably among the earliest brick buildings in the kingdom. The *Vicarage* consists of two small quadrangles of low built houses, placed in the north-west corner, for the residence of the vicars-choral. The houses anciently called "*The*

New College," stand within a court, on the [illegible] side of the Close; and near them is a large brick hous[illegible]ied by the *Deputy Registrar* of the diocese, and built in 17[illegible]on the site of an ancient mansion, in which Bishop Hackett lived and died. In a large hall in this house is deposited a valuable and extensive *museum*, collected by the late Richard Greene, and Richard Wright, of this city. At the western entrance to the Close, stands the "*Institution*" for the widows and daughters of poor clergymen, founded by Andrew Newton, Esq. (see page 98). This neat modern building is supposed to occupy the site of a tower built by Bishop Clinton. The noble tower *gateway*, which stood at this entrance, was taken down in 1800, to widen the road. It was built by Bishop Langton, who furnished it with a strong portcullis. Another splendid gate, erected by the same prelate, formed the southern approach to the Close; and one of the four towers, placed at its angles, still remains. Under this tower, at the depth of 15 feet, a subterraneous passage was discovered in 1804, supposed to lead from the cathedral, and to have been formed during the Civil wars. The Close is supplied with *water* from Maplehayes; but the ancient stone cross conduit, said to have been of excellent workmanship, has given place to an ordinary pump. The *Palace built by Bishop Langton*, in the reign of Edward I., is said to have been a very magnificent structure. The great hall, which was an hundred feet long and fifty-six broad, displayed paintings of the coronation, marriages, wars, and funeral, of that illustrious monarch, Edward I., as well as the exploits of some of his officers; among which were those of Sir Roger de Pulesdone against the Welchmen. Many of the figures, "very lively pourtrayed with their banners of arms bravely before them," together with descriptions of the subjects represented, were remaining at the commencement of the 17th century. The other apartments in this palace were of proportionate size and splendour with the hall; and behind the whole lay an extensive court, laid out with walks and grass plots. Both Pennant and Jackson are of opinion that this palace was rebuilt by Bishop Hackett, the predecessor of Bishop Wood; but Dr. Harwood says, Hackett only repaired a prebendal house, which he intended for the residence of himself and successors; but no act of Parliament was ever obtained by him to annex it to the See with that view.

The BISHOPRIC OF LICHFIELD AND COVENTRY, comprises Derbyshire, the greater part of Warwickshire, the whole of the County of Stafford, (except Broom and Clent,) and nearly one half of Shropshire. Each of these four counties forms a separate *Archdeaconry;* and the Staffordshire part of the diocese is subdivided into *four Deaneries*, viz. Lapley and Trysall, Leek and Alton, Newcastle and Stone, and Tamworth and Tutbury.

Until the restoration, this diocese was styled of Coventry and Lichfield; but, since then, all acts of the See are in the name of the *Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry*. The present income of



the bishopric, is supposed to be about £6,000 per annum, with a palace at Lichfield, and a castle at Eccleshall.

The MEMBERS OF THE CATHEDRAL are a Dean, Precentor, Chancellor, and Treasurer, six Canons Residentiary, seventeen Prebendaries,* five Priest-Vicars, seven Lay-Vicars (or Vicars-Choral), a Sacrist, a Divinity Lecturer, a Sub-Sacrist, an Organist, ten Choristers, (or singing boys), and two Vergers. The CHAPTER consists of the Dean and six Canons, who hold a COURT in the Chapter-house, every Friday. The Canons have the right of choosing the Dean, confirmed to them in 1259. The *Deanery* is worth about £3,000 a year, and the average annual income of each of the Canons is about £800, with a good house for each in the Close, where they are required to reside two months in the year. The Chancellor receives about £600 per annum. The *College, or Company of Vicars-Choral*, consists of five members in orders, and seven Laymen, who enjoy considerable privileges. We find that in 1240, the Sub-chanter, Sacrist, Vicars, and Clerks, lived in a collegiate manner, had houses, and separate estates, which were augmented by Bishop Langton and other benefactors. In 1374, they had a common seal and mace, and the former is still in use. They have statutes for the regulation of their conduct, confirmed by Bishop Lloyd, in 1693, and directed to be read four times a year. The first Priest-Vicar is the *Sub-chanter*, and he is appointed by the Precentor, who is master of the choir. The other Vicars are appointed by the Canons.

The *Income of the Vicars-Choral* is an unfixed and uncertain salary, dependant on the determination of numerous leases of property for lives and years granted by them; also on tithes in Staffordshire, and elsewhere: but it may be said to average from £80 to £100 a year for each, exclusive of their residences in the Close, called the Vicarage; which, however, they are in general too proud to inhabit, the buildings being rather of mean appearance. In the vicarage court, is an ancient building, called the *Vicars' Hall*, where music used to be performed; but which, like many other pleasant old customs, is discontinued. We believe, it may justly be said, that this choir is inferior to none, either in talent or respectability. The *Organist* participates as one of the Vicars-choral, and instructs the *Choristers*, or *singing boys*, who are ten in number; of whom, two have £20, two £12, two £8, and two £6, per annum: the remaining two, being the youngest, have nothing but the chance of promotion as vacancies occur. The choir performs twice a day at the cathedral. The Choristers are appointed and governed by the Precentor. In the reign of Henry VIII., a school-house, having the words *Domus Choristis*, inscribed on the gateway, was built for the Choristers, within the Close, where they resided with their master; but, in 1772, the estate was let on a building lease, and the school in a great *measure broken* up.

* *The 17 Prebendal Stalls are supposed to be the richest in England, except those at Durham; but we could obtain no account of their value.*

LIST OF THE CATHEDRAL CLERGY, &c.

*** *The figures on the right show the year in which each incumbent was inducted.*

DIGNITARIES OF THE DIOCESE.

1815 **The Hon. and Right Rev. Henry Ryder, D. D., BISHOP,** translated from Gloucester, (seats, Eccleshall Castle, and Belgrave Place, London). His lordship is brother to the Earl of Harrowby.

1833 **The Very Rev. and Hon. Henry Edward John Howard, A. M., DEAN.** (brother to the Earl of Carlisle, and a prebendary of York).

CANONS RESIDENTIARY.

1801 **Anthony Hamilton, M. A.,** (*Precentor*, and prebendary of Bishop's Itchington).
1809 **George Hodson, M. A.,** (*Chancellor of the Cathedral*, and prebendary of Alrewas and Wenford.
1821 **Lawrence Gardner, D. D.,** (prebendary of Sawley).
1833 **Henry Dudley Ryder, A. M.,** (prebendary of Prees and Ruiton).
1810 **Spencer Madan, M. A.,** (prebendary of Offley and Flixton).
1807 **John Fowling, B. D.,** (prebendary of Hansacre and Freeford).

ARCHDEACONS.

1801 **Samuel Butler, D. D.,** *Derby*
1827 **Wm. Spooner, M. A.,** *Coventry*
1828 **Edward Bather, M. A.,** *Salop*
1828 **George Hodson, M. A.,** *Stafford*

PREBENDS.	PREBENDARIES.	PREBENDS.	PREBENDARIES.
1799 Dunnford	J. F. Muckleston, D. D	1824 Eccleshall	The Lord Bishop, D. D
1795 Longdon	Dean of Bangor, M. A	1826 Ufton Decani	J. Kempthorne, B. D
1797 Tarbrook	Thos. Wythe, M. A	1828 Pipa Parva	Francis Blick, M. A
1807 Welvey	Archdeacon Butler, D. D	1828 Bishop's Hull	Archdeacon Spooner, M. A
1814 Curborough	W. G. Rowland, M. A	1828 Ufton Cantaris	Archdeacon Bather, M. A
1815 Bobenhall	Chancellor Law, M. A	1832 Gaia Minor	T. R. Bromfield, M. A
1822 Whittington	T. Cotton Fell, B. D	1832 Dorset Parva	Fred. Oakeley, M. A
1823 Wellington	W. W. Dickens, M. A	1832 Sandiacre	Jeremiah Smith, M. A
1823 Gaia Major	Simeon Clayton, M. A		

(☞ The Canons have also prebends annexed to their offices.)

1821 *Chancellor of the Diocese*—The Worshipful James Thomas Law, M. A., and *Vicar General*).
1823 *Divinity Lecturer*—Rev. J. F. Muckleston, D. D.
Principal Surrogate—Rev George Buckeridge, A. M.

PRIEST VICARS.

Rev. J. F. Muckleston, D. D., (*Sub-Chanter*, and Precentor's Vicar).
Rev. T. Gnosall Parr, M. A., (Dean's Vicar).
Rev. Henry White, M. A., (*Sacrist*, and Treasurer's Vicar).
Rev. Richard Garnett, (Prebendary of Offley's Vicar).
Rev. John Muckleston, B. A., (Chancellor's Vicar).

Bishop's Chaplains—Revs. John Kempthorne, B. D., and Archdeacon Hodson, M. A
REGISTRARS—Revs. William Henry Galfridus Mann, and Horatio Mann.
Deputy Registrars—John Mott, and John Haworth, Esqrs.
Chapter Clerk—Henry Chinn, Esq.
Bishop's Secretary—Phillip Seckerson, Esq., of Stafford.
Organist—Mr. Samuel Spofforth.
VICARS-CHORAL—Messrs. Matthews, Bennett, Hunt, Machin, Pearsall, and Gold, *(with ten singing boys)*.
Sub-Sacrist—John Fernyhough | *Verger*—John Nutt
(Proctors—See page 160.)
Apparitor—George Stevens, Market-street.

CONSISTORY COURT.—The Dean and six residentiary Canons, constitute the *Chapter*, and hold their court once a fortnight, in the Chapter-house, to hear and determine "causes of instance," &c. They likewise hold weekly *hepdomedary chapters*, for the general regulation of the church. In all disputes arising within the Close, an appeal lies from them to the bishop; but no other person whatever has a right to interfere in their decisions, both the Church and Close being governed by local statutes, which were confirmed by Edward IV., Queen Elizabeth, and James I.; and also by Cardinal Wolsey, as *Legate de latere* to the Pope. The REGISTER OFFICE, where wills, &c., are deposited, is in the Close, adjoining the Minster pool and Dam-street.

PARISH CHURCHES.

ST. MARY'S, the church of the parish to which it gives name, is a plain but neat edifice, with a short tower, on the south side of the Market-place, erected on the site of an ancient fabric which had a lofty spire, and was said to have been founded as early as 855; but this supposition rests merely upon the authority of an inscription copied from the old steeple, and considered by Shaw to have been placed there for the purpose of misleading the enquiring antiquary. Leland describes the old church as "a right beautiful piece of worke, in the very Market-place." The master and brethren of the guild of the Blessed Mary, had a chantry here, which was dissolved in 1545. Afterwards the members of the cathedral officiated at this church; but at length they constituted it a distinct *vicarage*, reserving to the Dean and Chapter the advowson of the benefice, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. Henry Gylby Lonsdale, A. M. During the persecution of the Protestant clergy, in the short but sanguinary reign of the bigoted Queen Mary, William Langley, M. A., was ejected from this living for preaching on Christmas day, and administering the sacrament, according to the common prayer book. After the restoration another vicar was ejected hence for catholicism. The old church being much decayed, was taken down in 1717; but the present edifice was not completed till 1721, when it was opened on Dec. 30th, by the Rev. William Baker. The interior is neatly fitted up with oak pews, and has a spacious gallery. The altar-piece is handsome, and on the north side of it is an antique monument to the memory of Sir Richard Dyott, Esq., celebrated for his attachment to the unfortunate house of Stuart, as noticed at pages 66 and 106.

ST. MICHAEL'S CHURCH is an ancient edifice, with a lofty spire, standing in a spacious burial ground of seven acres, upon the summit of Green-hill, on the south-eastern side of the city, near the Burton road, commanding an extensive view of the circumjacent country, and comprising within its extensive parish a number of villages and hamlets, (see pages 63, and 104 to 108). It is supposed to have been rebuilt in the reign of Henry VII.;

but part of the spire was blown down in 1593. The interior is adorned with many handsome monuments, both ancient and modern; and the spacious churchyard, being the principal cemetery belonging to the city, contains an immense number of grave-stones, some of which are remarkably neat, and inscribed with beautiful epitaphs. A long walk, paved with white pebbles, and shaded by an avenue of lofty trees, leads across this field of the dead, to the principal door of the church; and on the opposite side are several delightful walks across the fields leading to Borrowcop hill, and commanding fine views of Freeford, the Race Course on Whittington Heath, and many scattered villas and neat farm houses, as well as of the city and the cathedral. The benefice is a *perpetual curacy*, without either tithes or glebe, in the gift of the vicar of St. Mary's, and incumbency of the Rev. Thomas Gnosall Parr, M. A.

ST. CHAD'S, at the north-east end of the city, close to the extensive pool of Stowe Mill, is the oldest church in Lichfield, being originally founded at a period long prior to the date of the cathedral. It derived its name from the circumstance of the famous St. Chad having had his cell or hermitage here, before he was appointed to the bishopric, as noticed at pages 64 and 78. It is commonly called *Stowe Church*, from its standing in the ancient lordship of Stowe, and being approached from the city by a populous suburb called Stowe-street, and sheltered on the east by Stowe-hill, the pleasant seat of Misses Mills and Furnival. It is a small stone structure with a square tower, but has no ornamental decorations, except in the interior, which was thoroughly repaired about 30 years ago, and had formerly a handsome *shrine* dedicated to St. Catharine, whose chantry priests had a stipend from the vicars-choral of the cathedral. The living is a *perpetual curacy*, of which the vicar of St. Mary's is the patron, and the Rev. Henry White, M. A., the incumbent. In a garden near the churchyard, is ST. CHAD'S WELL, which Leland calls a spring of pure water "where is seen a stone in the bottom of it, on which, some saye St. Chadd was wont naked to stand in the water and praye." At this well St. Chad had his oratory in the time of Ulphere, King of Mercia, and for many centuries afterwards, it was frequently visited by vast numbers of pious devotees; and, until a few years ago, it was customary for the clergyman, attended by the churchwardens and a great concourse of children, to visit the well on Holy Thursday, when it was decorated with boughs and flowers, and the gospel of the day read over it. The water, which is of a milky colour, is supposed to possess considerable medicinal virtues. There are many pleasant gardens and agreeable walks in this part of the city, and between the two fine *lakes*, called the Minster and Stowe pools, stood *Johnson's Willow*, an immense tree, so called from a supposition that it was planted by the great Dr. Johnson, etc.

father; the latter of whom had a parchment manufactory adjoining the garden where this tree stood. The greater part of this venerable tree was blown down by the wind on August 14th, 1815. About half a mile beyond Stowe-hill, is *Ponds-Mill*, an extensive carpet and worsted manufactory.

St. John's Chapel, in St. John-street, is another episcopal place of worship, where divine service is regularly preformed every Sunday, to a numerous congregation, as will be seen at page 97, with the description of the hospital to which it is annexed.

The Catholic Chapel, at the south end of St. John-street, is a neat Gothic building of brick, erected in 1802, by the Rev. John Kirk, the present pastor. The altarpiece is a beautiful representation, in *chiaro oscuro*, of our Redeemer on the cross, in the act of addressing his blessed Mother and his beloved disciple St. John. It is a much admired production of De Bruyn, a Flemish painter.

There are only three Dissenting Chapels in Lichfield, one belonging to the *Independents*, in Wade-street, erected in 1812; and two to the *Methodists*, in Lombard-street and Sandford-street, the former built in 1814, and the latter in 1833.

Sunday Schools are attached to most of the churches and chapels: and in the city are several *Public Day Schools*, some provided with ample endowments, and others supported by the contributions of the benevolent, as will be seen at pages 94 to 96.

The *Literary Institutions* of Lichfield are but few in number, consisting merely of two small *Circulating Libraries;*—a *Subscription Library and News-room* in Market street, established in January, 1833;—and a weekly *Newspaper*, called the "*Lichfield Mercury*," commenced by a Mr. Amphlet, about the year 1815, and now published every Friday morning, by Mr. George Walker Hinde, in the ancient house at the corner of the Market-place, in which the celebrated Dr. Johnson was born. The Theatre, in Boar-street, erected in 1790, is a small structure, with some ornamental stucco work in front, and belongs to a company of shareholders. *Assemblies* are occasionally held at the Inns; and about half a mile south of the city is a *Bowling-Green*, much frequented in summer by those who wish for salubrious recreation in the open air.

The *Market-House*, is a light and convenient building of brick, erected on the site of the old Market-cross. The *Markets*, *Fairs*, *Races*, and *Manufactures*, are already noticed at page 62, and the *Post Office* at page 153. The *Excise Office* is at the Talbot Inn, and in this department of the public revenue, the Lichfield District is in the Birmingham Collection, and is divided into three Divisions and two Rides, each having a separate officer. Thomas Beard, Esq., is the *collector*, and Mr. John Ward, the *supervisor*. *The Stamp Office* is at Mr. Egginton's, in Tamworth-

street, and the *Tax Office* at Mr. Jackson's, in Bird-street; but Mr. Moore, of Tamworth-street, is surveyor. The *Wyrley and Essington canal* passes within a mile south of the city, and affords a cheap conveyance for the importation of coal, lime, and other heavy articles.

EMINENT MEN.

ELIAS ASHMOLE was one among the distinguished characters born at Lichfield, where he first drew breath, in 1617. Having shewn a genius for music, he was instructed in that art, and admitted as a chorister of the cathedral. But at an early age he removed to London, and became a resident in the family of his maternal uncle, James Paget, Esq., puisne baron of the exchequer, to whose friendship he was greatly indebted for his future elevation. In 1644, he became a student at Brazen Nose College, Oxford, and after attaining great proficiency in philosophy, he entered as a captain in the royal army during the Civil wars. Upon the surrender of Worcester, he retired to London, where he became acquainted with the most learned men of the age. In 1649, he married Lady Mainwaring; and in 1653, he published his "*Theatrum Chemicum Britannicum;*" being a collection of such productions of the English chemists as till then remained unpublished. In consequence of his learning, and his loyalty to the Stuarts, Charles II. gave him the office of Windsor-herald. In 1661, he was admitted a fellow of the Royal Society, and constituted Secretary of Surinam, in the West Indies. The Oxford University created him *M. D.*, in 1669, and about the same time, he visited his native city, where he was splendidly entertained by the corporation. In 1672, he published his great work on the noble *Order of the Garter*, with which his Majesty was so well pleased, that he granted him £100. He died in 1692, and having long turned his attention to antiquities and records, he bequeathed a large collection of books, manuscripts, gold medals, and other curiosities, to the University of Oxford, where they have ever since been carefully preserved, under the name of the "*Ashmolean Museum.*"

GEORGE SMALLRIDGE was born here, in 1666, and distinguished himself by his classical acquirements at the age of 16, when he was admitted as a student in Christ's College, Oxford, where he took the degree of A. M. In 1693, he became a prebendary of Lichfield; in 1711, Dean of Carlisle; and in 1713, Dean of Christ Church, Oxford. In 1714, he was consecrated *Bishop of Bristol*, and appointed Lord Almoner to George I.; but he lost the latter office for refusing to sign the declaration of the bishops against the rebellion of 1715. He published several controversial works, and some volumes of sermons, written in a pure and chaste style. He died in 1719, and was buried at Oxford.

THOMAS NEWTON, another bishop of Bristol, was born here, in 1708, and at the age of 13 removed to Westminster, where he became a king's scholar; but afterwards went to Trinity College, Cambridge, where he was chosen Fellow. After being honoured with various church preferments, he was elevated to the Bishopric of Bristol, in 1761. He died in 1782, and was a man of great learning and piety. His principal work was "*Dissertations on the Prophecies.*"



SAMUEL JOHNSON, L. L. D., is the greatest literary colossus in the Lichfield temple of fame; and to do justice to his character and genius would require the whole space of a volume. He was born here, in 1709. His father was a bookseller in this city, and for some time a manufacturer of parchment; which latter was to him an unprofitable trade, though it is said to have enriched several of his servants. Perceiving strong marks of genius in his son, he gave him every opportunity he could afford of improving his mind. After passing some time at the Lichfield Grammar School, he went to Stourbridge, whence he was removed in 1728, and entered as a commoner at Pembroke College, Oxford. During his stay at the University, he composed a Latin version of Pope's Messiah; of which the poet said that the author would leave it a question for posterity, which poem had been the original. Unfortunately the low state of his finances obliged him to quit Oxford before he was enabled to complete his studies. He consequently returned to Lichfield, where he soon afterwards lost his father, and found, on the division of his effects, that his share amounted only to £20. After being an usher in a school at Bosworth for a few months, he removed to Birmingham, where he commenced his career of authorship by publishing a translation of "Lobo." He soon afterwards married Mrs. Porter, a widow of Birmingham, with a fortune of £800., with which he fitted up a school, at Edial Hall, near Lichfield; but the want of encouragement was fatal to his views, as we find he only obtained three scholars,—one of whom was the celebrated David Garrick, who accompanied him to London, where he was first employed by the editor of the Gentleman's Magazine. At this time, Johnson became intimate with the unfortunate Savage, whose life he subsequently wrote. About the same period, he published his poem of London, which gained him considerable celebrity, and passed through a second edition in the course of a week. A few months after this success, he used every effort in his power to obtain the mastership of a free school in Leicestershire; but he failed in this object for want of a degree in arts, though he was warmly recommended by Lord Gower. His application for admission at Doctors Commons was rejected also, because he had not a degree in civil law. Thus baffled in all his projects of obtaining some fixed profession, he was compelled to continue the hazardous and laborious one in which he had already engaged. Accordingly, in 1739, he published his "Marmor Norfolciense;" an anonymous attack upon the ministry of the House of Hanover. From this year, till 1744, he was chiefly employed in furnishing memoirs of eminent men for the Gentleman's Magazine. In 1747, he began his edition of Shakespeare, and published the plan of his Dictionary. Two years afterwards, his tragedy of Irene, so often presented in vain, was brought forward by his friend Garrick; but the decision of the public was so far from being favourable, that our author resolved to decline all further attempts as a dramatic writer. As a sort of recreation from the fatigue and labour of his Dictionary, he commenced his Rambler, in March, 1750, and continued to produce two essays, weekly, till March, 1752, when this admirable work was closed. About this time, he lost his wife, whom he loved with ardent affection. In 1755, that elaborate and much wanted work, his Dictionary of the English Language, made its appearance, and was

received with merited approbation by the literati both of this and other countries. Previous to this time, he had been honoured with a degree in arts; and, in 1765, the University of Dublin conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws. The whole profits of his Dictionary seem to have been expended before March, 1756, when he was arrested for a debt of five guineas, and liberated by the aid of his friend, the celebrated Richardson. "The Idler," was begun in 1758, and finished in 1760, when he wrote his Rasselas, with the pious view of defraying his mother's funeral expenses. In this manner did this great man continue to derive a scanty subsistence, from occasional publications, till 1762, when his Majesty, through the influence of Lord Loughborough, granted him a pension of £300 per annum, as the express reward of his literary exertions. His edition of Shakespeare was published in the same year. From this time, till 1771, he was chiefly engaged in writing Political Pamphlets; some of which gained him the highest celebrity as a politician. In 1773, he made his tour to Scotland; an account of which he published, under the title of a "Journey to the Hebrides." This work involved him in a dispute with Macpherson, respecting the authenticity of Ossian's poems, in which he evidently had the advantage. His "Lives of the English Poets," was begun in 1777, and completed in about three years. In 1783, he was attacked by the palsy, which, together with the asthma and dropsy, continued gradually to undermine his constitution, till at last he sunk into the arms of death, on Dec 13th, 1784. He was buried in Westminster Abbey, at the foot of Shakespeare's monument, and near the grave of his friend Garrick; but his monument, executed by Bacon, forms one of the chief ornaments of St. Paul's cathedral. As has been seen at the 61st, and subsequent pages, Lichfield has been the residence of many other worthies, of whom, the limits of this work forbid any further notice.

The CONDUIT LANDS were granted to certain trustees, in 1546, by the master and brethren of the Guild of the Blessed Mary, in Lichfield, "for the common wealth of the city or town of Lichfield," and for keeping in repair "the common conduits and course of water" for the use of the inhabitants. These lands, situated at Norton, Wall, and Great and Little Wyrley, comprise 341A. 3R. 6P., let for £582. 3s. per annum. In the application of this income, the trustees attend, as their primary object, to the keeping in repair the *conduit-pipes and pumps*, providing *fire-engines*, and defraying other charges incidental to supplying the city with water from the springs at Aldershaw, which are about a mile and a half from the city. After defraying these expenses, the following payments are made yearly, viz. £60 towards paving and lighting the city; £35 to the master, and £10 to the usher of the Grammar School; and £20 each to the two wardens, who are elected by the trustees and sidesmen to inspect the conduits, &c. Besides these regular payments, large occasional disbursements have been made for the benefit of the town, amongst which we find £100, in 1797, towards building



the *Market-house*; £25 in 1803, towards cleansing the *pool*; £78 in 1810, towards the purchase of houses for w *Bacon-street*; £663. 15s. in 1812, for paving and flaggin *street*; and £30 towards repairing the *Grammar School* in 1817, to assist in making a new pavement; and £60 i towards flagging *St. John-street*. A new feeoffment of the is made every 21 years, on the execution of which, six s are appointed by the new feoffees, and continue in office next feoffment. The Constables attend and sign the acc the general audit. Since 1821, the *reservoir at Aldershaw* l enlarged, and the water of several neighbouring springs to it; the old springs having become insufficient for the the city. From this reservoir an ample supply is now in pipes to the public pumps, and for the yearly paymen per house, the inhabitants may have it conveyed into th kitchens. Mr. Wm. Perks, plumber, is *superintenden water works*. As has already been seen, the Close is s from the springs at Maplehayes.

The *Act for Paving, Lighting, Cleansing, Watching a proving the City*, was obtained in the 46th of George II vious to which, the whole cost of lighting the streets was ed out of the rent of the Conduit lands. The city has *works*; but in October, 1833, it was illuminated with Mr. '*Olifient-Gas-Oil*', a transparent spirit, manufactured at from coal gas-tar. The lamps are trimmed with squar of cotton-twist, and are covered with revolving ver They have the same appearance, and nearly as muc ancy as the ordinary gas lamps. The assessment levied inhabitants, under the improvement act, amounts to 1 pound on the annual rental. Mr. Joseph Harding *collector*.

CHARITIES.

The FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in St. John-street, is g considered to have been founded by King Edward VI.; have been unable to discover, among the records at th offices, any grant to that effect. The only circumstan appears to connect it with a Royal foundation, is a payme the Exchequer of £5. 19s. 4d. per annum to the master, to the usher. The earliest document relating to it is a fe dated 1587, by James Weston and others, to Zachary Ba and others, of a tenement or brick house, then used as a called the "New School," and a close or garden, on which the said house was erected. These still form part school premises; but the present school-house was er 1692, at the joint expense of the Corporation and the Fe the Conduit Lands, in part upon the site of an old house *ing to the corporation*, and partly upon the site of an

burgage purchased by the said feoffees. It will be seen in the account of St. John's Hospital, that the Grammar School founded in that institution by Bishop Smyth, has been superseded by, and its revenues (except the master's salary) transferred to this school. These revenues, with the payments from the Exchequer, and some other allowances from the corporation and the trustees of the Conduit Lands, constitute the income of this school, which, in 1821, amounted to £105. 19s. 4d. per annum, of which £30. was paid to the usher, and the rest to the master, who has also the free use of a large house near the school, where he accommodates about 18 boarders. The yearly allowance from the Conduit Lands is £45, and from the corporation £45, which latter includes £5 from Dean Walker's grant to the hospital school. The yearly sums of £1. 6s. 8d. each, given by *Dean Walker*, in 1567, to six poor scholars in the hospital school, are now paid by the corporation to six poor boys in this school, appointed by the bailiffs. These boys receive their education gratis, and are in fact the only free scholars in the school; a guinea and a half per quarter being charged for each of the other day scholars in the Upper, and one guinea per quarter for each of those in the Lower school. The corporation are the trustees, and appoint the masters. Some of the greatest men, whose names throw a lustre on the literary annals of the last century, received the rudiments of their education at this school. Among the more distinguished of them, were Addison, Woolaston, Ashmole, Garrick, and Johnson. The Rev. C. Smith, B. D., is the *master*, and Robert Coupland the *usher*.

MINORS' ENGLISH SCHOOL, for the instruction of 30 free boys in English reading and the catechism, was founded in 1677, by *Thomas Minors*, who endowed it with his house in Boar-street, to be used as the school and master's dwelling, and with three closes at Leamonsley, containing 9 acres, now partly cultivated as garden ground, and let for £30 per annum. He also bequeathed his close in Mattacott-lane, (1 acre, now let for £4 a year, which is employed in repairing the school buildings, &c.) and a rent charge of 6s. 8d. out of his house, in Market-street. The school has since been augmented with three other benefactions, viz. 20s. yearly out of land at Leamonsley, left by *William Jesson*, in 1685; the interest of £20, left by *Joan Parker*, in 1727; and the dividends of £3,333. 6s. 8d., three per cent. consols, left by *Andrew Newton, Esq.*, in 1801, to be enjoyed by Mary Wiseman, during her life, and after her death, which took place a few years ago, to be paid to the trustees for the use of this school; the yearly income of which is now upwards of £135. The trustees are Arthur and Richard Hinckley, Esqrs. Mr. John Clifford is the *master*.

The NATIONAL SCHOOL, in Frog-lane, established in 1809, by subscription, is conducted on the Madras system, and supported



chiefly by annual contributions; each subscriber of . upwards being entitled to have five scholars constantly at The corporation now pay to this school, £9 yearly, as the i of *Terrick's Charity* for education, consisting of £200 th cent. consols, and a house in Tamworth-street, let for £ long lease, which will expire in 1863. This house is now £25 a year, having been rebuilt by the leaseholder. The has also £653. 3s. 5d. new four per cent. stock, purchase several donations and legacies. Shoes are given to the s in November, and bibles and prayer books when they le school. Mr. William Allen is the first and present *mast* one of the earliest teachers on Dr. Bell's system.

The GIRLS' SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY, in Dam-street, is sup by the annual contributions of the benevolent ladies of Lic for the education of 64 poor girls, of whom 40 are also c by the charity. Miss Furnival, of Stowe Hill, erected, in an INFANT SCHOOL, at the foot of Stowe-street, and gene pays the mistress for instructing the poor children of the n bourhood, on the ingenious system of infantine instruction duced by Mr. Wilderspin. In Sandford-street, there is a *Infant School*, which was built a few years ago by subscri

The DISPENSARY, for relieving the sick and lame poo the MENDICITY OFFICE, for affording temporary shelter numerous vagrants who pass through Lichfield, are both in worth-street, and are supported by voluntary contributions

The LUNATIC ASYLUM, pleasantly situated at Sandfield, 1 mile S. of Lichfield, is a well conducted institution, belo to Dr. Rowley, of Freeford Cottage. It was commenced in Mr. Samuel Heighway is the superintendent.

The WOMEN'S HOSPITAL, in Bacon-street, is said to hav built in 1424, by William Hayworth, Bishop of Lichfie Coventry. It consists of a building principally of brick taining 15 comfortable dwellings for as many poor women an apartment used as a chapel, with a small garden at the The earliest endowment for the maintenance of the almsw consists of 155 acres of land, and several houses and other ings situated in Lichfield, and at Curborough, Elmhurst, ley, King's Bromley, Birchills, and Pipe Hill, and bequ in 1504, by *Thomas Milley*, one of the canons reside This property now produces about £350 per annum. following sums of money also form part of the fund der the management of the trustees, viz. £400 Nav per cents., obtained in 1809 by the sale of timber on the charity estates; £100 left in 1780, by *George* £100 left by *Jane Gastrell*, in 1786; £60 left in 1586, by *Saturford*; and £80 left by *Mrs. Sandford*, in 1771. legacies swell the yearly income of the hospital to about *out of which the* 15 almswomen receive payments amount

9s. 6d. each per week, which, with the salaries to the sacrist and agent (£21), and some other expenses, amounts to about £307 per annum, leaving an annual surplus upon the income of £73, which has been accumulating during the last 13 years for the purpose of making provision for an additional number of almswomen, as *out pensioners*, of whom there are now six. In 1792, Mrs. Gastrell, before-named, gave a further sum of £100 to be laid out in the repair and improvement of the hospital. Amongst the 16 feoffees appointed by the last trust deed, in 1808, were the Dean, the Precentor, the Vicar of St. Mary's, and many of the principal gentry of the city and neighbourhood. These trustees select the almswomen from the most respectable and aged poor. The Rev. Henry White, the *sacrist* of the cathedral, is *master* of the hospital; and Mr. William Bond, is *agent* to the trustees.

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL, in St. John's street, was founded by one of the bishops of this diocese, as early as the reign of Henry *III*. The oldest record we find relating to this religious house or hospital, is in 1252, when Radulph de Lacock, canon of Lichfield, gave lands, at Elmhurst and Stitchbrook, for the maintenance of a priest to celebrate mass for his soul, and for the support of the infirm in the said hospital. The confirmation of this grant, by the bishop and chapter, is stated to have been made in the presence of the dean, "of the prior of the hospital of St. John, and of the brethren and sisters there serving God." After having fallen into great decay, the hospital was rebuilt in 1495, by *Bishop* Smyth, who promulgated a new body of statutes, declaring that the establishment should consist of a *master*, or *rector*, in priest's orders, a *master of grammar*, with an usher to teach poor children, a chaplain, and *thirteen honest poor men*:—the master to be appointed by the bishop, and to have the appointment of all the rest of the establishment; and, for the maintenance of himself and the support of the others, to have all the rights, revenues, rents, profits, tithes, oblations, and emoluments, belonging to the hospital. The *school*, which in 1567, received a considerable benefaction from *Richard Walker*, Dean of Chester, has not been kept in the hospital for many years, but, since 1740, its revenues have been appropriated to the grammar school, agreeable to a statute of Bishop Smallbroke. The *property* of the hospital now consists of several farms and parcels of land, in the neighbourhood of Lichfield, containing 583a. 35p.; and of 203a. 25p. of land at Denhall, in Cheshire. These lands are let to 87 tenants, upon renewable leases for three lives, with small reserved rents and fines upon renewal. The yearly amount of the *reserved rents* is only £177. 1s. 6d.; but the *fines* are very considerable, as we find that from 1801 to 1821, they amounted to £3,027, affording an average annual receipt of £175. 2s.; making, with the reserved rents, the total annual income of the hospital £352. *In addition to* this, the [illegible]

7 acres of land attached to it, belonging to the master, and now occupied by him, but which the late master, after having expended above £1,200 in improvements, let for £105 per annum. The whole of this income is received by the master, whose yearly payments to the almspeople, &c., amount to £196, leaving a surplus for himself of £159, besides the value of his residence. By the statutes of Bishop Smyth, the master is only bound to pay 7d. per week to each of the 13 almsmen; but their weekly income now amounts to about 4s. 6d. each, of which nearly one-fourth arises from the following yearly payments, viz. £1. 4s. from the women's hospital on account of *Saturford's gift*; £2 from *Feckham's charity*; £1. 8s. from the Bailiffs of Lichfield, and £5. from *Mrs. Phœbe Simpson's charity*. The almsmen are also furnished with coals, coats, and medical attendance, at the expense of the master, who also pays £20 a year to the matron who resides in the hospital and waits upon the sick and infirm. One of the 13 almsmen is appointed by the Prebendary of Freeford, and the rest by the master, who does not confine his choice to the inhabitants of Lichfield, though they generally have the preference. The *Hospital* is a gloomy building, remarkable for the number and curious form of the chimneys, which are placed in its front, projecting from the foundation like buttresses. The CHAPEL is an ancient edifice, which, in 1829, was enlarged by the erection of a gallery and north wing, at the expense of the present *master* of the hospital, the Rev. James Thomas Law, M. A. The organ was purchased by subscription in 1825, and the chapel has been so much improved that it has now a numerous and respectable congregation. The master's house stands behind the hospital, but has an open prospect to the south-west.

Feckham's Charity to the two Hospitals consists of 19A. 3R. 28P. of land near Lichfield, now let for £67. 17s. per annum, which is divided equally between the Women's and St. John's Hospital for the use of the inmates, agreeable to the will of the donor, John Feckham, dated 1585. The *Corporation* pay yearly £9. 4s. to the Women's Hospital, and £1. 8s. to St. John's Hospital, as the proceeds of several legacies by persons of the names of *Walton, Salte, Allen and Cressett*.

Lunn's Almshouses consist of six dwellings in Stowe-street, with gardens, inhabited by six poor aged widows of Lichfield. They were given for this purpose, in 1762 by William Lunn, who endowed them with 2 acres of land in Long Furlong, let for £10 per annum. This rent has for many years been employed in repairing the almshouses.

The INSTITUTION FOR THE WIDOWS AND DAUGHTERS OF CLERGYMEN, forms a neat building in the Close, consisting of 20 comfortable dwellings, erected by the trustees of *Andrew Newton, Esq.*, who, by indenture in 1708, and by will a few years after[illegible], transferred to Thomas Hinckley, Esq., and three of the [illegible] of Lichfield, two sums £20,000 three per

cent. consolidated annuities, in trust for the purpose of constituting a charitable institution for the relief and support of widows and unmarried daughters of clergymen of the Church of England, of the age of 50 or upwards. It was agreed that the trustees should out of the dividends of this stock raise a sum, not exceeding £3,000, and apply it in obtaining land, and erecting thereon, habitations for the objects of such charitable institution; and that as soon as the habitations should be completed, they should apply the dividends of the said stock (£1,200 per annum), after paying for the repairs of the premises and other charges, or so much thereof as should be thought proper, unto and among the widows and daughters of clergymen chosen as aforesaid, to occupy the almshouses, so that the share of no one of them shall exceed the annual sum of £50. By the terms of the foundation deed, the dean and chapter of Lichfield are appointed special visitors of this excellent charity, and appoint the inmates with the approbation of the trustees. The twenty persons now enjoying its benefits, have each a good house with a small garden, and a yearly stipend of £50. The present trustees in whose names the funds are invested are, the Rev. Spencer Madan, and Arthur Hinckley, Henry Chinn, and John Mott, Esqrs., of Lichfield.

BENEFACTIONS TO THE POOR.

Lowe's Charity, would, if it had been properly managed, have now been one of the richest benefactions in Lichfield, for we find it comprises 57A. 2R. 32P. of land, and a number of houses, cottages, &c. in the city and neighbourhood, worth upwards of £440. per annum; but they have long been let on renewable leases for three lives, or forty years, reserving such small rents as only produce about £70. a year. Being aware of the inexpediency of this improvident mode of letting the charity lands, the present trustees have for some years been endeavouring to remedy the evil, by increasing the reserved rents and diminishing the fines on the renewal of leases. Pursuant to the will of the donor, Michael Lowe (dated 1637), the income is applied in giving a *cart load of coals, a coat, a hat*, and 1s. 6d. in money, to as many of the oldest and most indigent male housekepers of Lichfield, being parishioners, but not receiving parochial relief, or other aid from almshouses, as it will extend to; but none are permitted to receive the charity two years in succession. The distribution is made on St. Thomas's day, when the participants proceed in their new clothes to St. Mary's Church In the early part of winter the overseers of St. Mary's distribute an annuity of £18, left by Henry Smith, in *flannel petticoats* amongst the poor women of Lichfield. George Collins, in 1637, left a rent charge of £3. out of land in the lordship of Pipe, to be distributed by the corporation in new *cloth gowns* amongst poor women. *In 1615, Humphry* Matthews left 5A. *and 14P. of land in Dovehouse-field* and in Wissage, let

in 1821 for £23. 6s. a year, which is distributed by the corporation as follows, viz. 20s. for two sermons at St. Mary's and St. Chad's, on the Sundays after New Year's day and Easter, and the remainder in *stuff gowns* to poor widows with 2s. 6d. each in money.

FINNEY'S CHARITY comprises 68A. 3R. 21P. of land with several buildings near Yoxall, Bentley, Wall, Pipe-Ridware and Lichfield, let in 1821 for £219. 6s. per annum, and bequeathed in 1689, by *William Finney*, to the corporation, in trust to distribute the rents yearly in providing coals, clothing, &c., for 20 poor men and 10 poor widows of this city. The corporation have in their hands £100 arising from surplus of income, and for which they pay £3. 10s. per cent. which swells the total yearly income of the charity to £222. 16s. As the annual funds have been so largely increased since the time of the donor, they have been applied, not in giving additional advantages to the number of persons limited by his will, but in extending the allowances therein specified, to a *greater number* of objects. The participants now consist of about 110 *men* and 50 *women*. To each of them are given 6s. for coals, and 1s. in money; the *men* have also each a *coat*, with the letters W. F. sewed on the right sleeve, and a common felt *hat*. The *women*, who are all aged widows, have each a *stuff gown*, a *cap*, and a *handkerchief*. Lists are kept of the annual distributions, and in general the same persons do not partake of this charity oftener than once in two years. The surplus income is occasionally applied in distributing blankets, &c, amongst the general poor; but there have often been considerable balances left in the hands of the treasurer, an impropriety which the corporation, in 1821, promised to remedy in future.

The *Ruins of the Minster Charity* consists of £100 which is supposed to have arisen from the sale of materials after the dilapidation of the cathedral in the civil wars of Charles I., when a similar sum was paid from the same source to the parish of Walsall. The yearly interest, £5, is paid by the corporation, in the proportions of £2 to St. Mary's, and £1. 10s. each to St. Michael's and St. Chad's parishes, to be distributed in bread by the overseers.

The churchwardens and overseers receive £18 yearly from the manor of Drayton Basset, as the Lichfield portion of *Henry Smith's Charity*, and employ it in apprenticing poor children of the city. *John Nevill, Esq.*, in 1638, bequeathed a yearly rent charge of £6. out of houses in Bishopgate-street, and Angel Alley, London, to the poor of Lichfield, viz. one half to those in the *City*, and the other to those in *Stowe-street*, to be given in weekly doles of bread. *Francis and John Deakin's Charity* is 40s. a year paid out of lands in Leycroft and Boley; 10s. to the minister of St. Mary's, and 30s. in bread, to the poor of the city, to *be distributed* on the Wednesday after Ash-Wednesday. Hum-

phrey Maddock, in 1580, left four acres of land in Curborough, now let for £8. a year, which is distributed in small sums on Good Friday. Mr. F. Sharrat and A. Hinckley, Esq. are the trustees. The yearly sum of 24s., left in 1627, by *Margaret Budd*, and paid out of a house in Sandford-street, is given to 12 poor widows, on Good Friday and Christmas Eve, in sums of 1s. apiece each day. In 1631, *William Hawkes* left to the corporation, an acre of land called Keeling's Pit and Walker's Croft, in trust to pay 13s. 4d. yearly, for two sermons at St. Mary's on Care and Palm Sundays, and to divide the residue of the rent amongst the poor. This land is now let for £8. a year. In 1632, *Simon Biddulph* left £5. a year out of a farm at Hammerwich, to be distributed amongst the poor citizens on Good Friday and Christmas Eve. In 1673, *Mary Dilkes*, left out of a house in Butcher-row 5s. yearly towards repairing St. Mary's church, and 10s. for the poor. In 1756, *Elias Ashmole* left £60 to the poor, and it is now vested with the corporation. *Mrs. Taylor's Charity* consists of an ancient rent charge of 15s. paid out of Lower Boley field.

ROGER HINTON, in 1684, bequeathed his lands and buildings at Rickerscote and Burton, for the poor of Lichfield and the under-mentioned parishes. At the enclosure, in 1800, part of the charity land was exchanged, and several allotments were made to it, so that it now comprises 56A. 2R. 26P., let for £188 per annum, which is divided nearly as follows, viz. to Burton, Rickerscote, and Forebridge, £30; to Lichfield £42; to Stafford £31; to Wolverhampton £40; and to Walsall £31. The persons selected as objects of this bounty, are the poor housekeepers of the several parishes, not receiving parish pay, and the distributions are made by the ministers and churchwardens.

SAMUEL MOUSLEY, by will, dated 1733, devised to the corporation, in trust for the benefit of the poor of the whole city of Lichfield, ten houses, &c., in the city, and several pieces of land in the liberty of Elmhurst, and at Bunning Mill, Wissage, &c. Part of the lands at Elmhurst, were exchanged in 1819, under the powers of the Lichfield enclosure act. The charity estate, in 1815, was let for £150, and in 1821 for £220 per annum. After paying three small reserved rents to the vicar's-choral, the master of St. John's Hospital, and the king, and providing for the repairs of the buildings, &c., the residue of the income is distributed amongst the poor, in sums of 10s. and sometimes of 20s. annually, chiefly at Christmas. In 1821, besides a balance of £183 in the rental account, the corporation had in their possession belonging to this charity, of which £100 was bequeathed by Mousley, the donor of the lands and buildings.

[illegible]RD WAKEFIELD, in 1733, bequeathed all his messuages and houses, lands, and tenements, in the city and liberties of Lichfield, *to Michael Rawlins, and the* heirs of his body, *in case of the failure of such issue, then the* said property to

every Christmas-day, as the interest of £30. left by *Richard Edge*, in 1773. They have £61 in the Lichfield Bank, and carry the interest to the church account, though £50 of the money is supposed to have been given for the poor, by a *Mrs. Hector*, in 1778. They have likewise a house in Boar-street, let for £20 a-year, and bequeathed in 1620, by *John Utting*, for the repairs of *St. Mary's Church*.

St. Michael's Church Lands, &c. comprise several parcels of land, with houses, barns, &c. at Green-hill, Spear-hill, Frog-lane, Castle-ditch-lane, and Fulfen-green, now let for £125 per annum, which is expended in repairing the church, the organ, and the clock. The donor of this property is unknown. The *poor* of St. Michael's parish have £2. 10s. yearly from land at Potter's-green, left in 1735, by *Elizabeth Bailey*; and also £1 yearly out of a house in Lombard-street, left by *Greenwood Gregory*.

The following charities belong solely to the *parish of St. Chad*, viz. 6s. 8d. yearly out of land in Smithfield, left by a *Mr. Turnpenny*; 6s. 8d. out of a house in Stowe-street, left by Thomas Jackson; and 10s. to ten poor widows of Stowe-street and Bacon-street, left by Alice Simpson, and now paid out of three houses in Stowe-street, belonging to the Earl of Lichfield.

The SAVINGS' BANK, at the National School, in Frog-lane, was established in 1818. Its deposits in November 1832, amounted to £27,516. 8s. 9d. belonging to 790 individuals, and three *Friendly Societies*. The bank is open every Friday from 12 till 2 o'clock. Mr. Wm. Allen is the secretary.

The WORKHOUSES, for the three parishes, are situated as follows,—St. Mary's in Sandford-street; St. Chad's in Stowe-street; and St. Michael's at Green-hill. Though the city possess charitable funds and estates which produce upwards of £5,000 per annum, its poor-rates are as high as those of any other place in the county, of a similar population, for we find they amount yearly to about 3s. per pound on the rack rental.

OUT TOWNSHIPS.

☞ *The first is in St. Chad's, and all the others in St. Michael's Parish.*

CURBOROUGH and ELMHURST have 349 inhabitants, and are two hamlets forming a township of scattered houses, extending from one to two miles N. by E. of Lichfield. *Curborough* lies within a mile of the city, beyond *Pones Mill*, an extensive carpet and worsted manufactory, near Stowe Hill. It was anciently a member of the Bishop's barony, and is now the property of the Levett family. *Elmhurst*, near the Uttoxeter road, two miles from Lichfield, is *mostly the* property of John Smith, Esq., a *magistrate, who resides in* the hall. It comprises about 860

acres, and includes the hamlet of *Stitchbrook*; near which is *Christian Field*, where tradition says 1,000 British christians were massacred. The following are the principal inhabitants.

*Those marked * are in Curborough, and the rest in Elmhurst.*

Bayley Thomas, corn miller, *Little Pipe Mill*
Cheetham George, bailiff
*Hanbury John, gentleman
Smith John, Esq. *Elmhurst hall*
Wilday Charles, maltster, *Grange*

Farmers.
Adams J.
Brown Thomas
Burkin George
*Cope Joseph
*Ellsmoor Samp.
Emery Mrs.
Smith William
Summers John
Tompkinson Rd.
Yates James
*Yates William

BURNTWOOD, EDGEHILL, and WOODHOUSES, are three hamlets of straggling houses, forming a joint township and chapelry, on the eastern side of Cannock Chase, extending from 1½ to 3 miles W., and W. by S. of Lichfield. Besides an extensive common-right on the Chase, Burntwood contains 709, Edgehill 360, and Woodhouses 1389 acres of land, all in a good state of cultivation. The Marquis of Anglesey is lord of Burntwood, and has also a paramount jurisdiction in Edgehill and Woodhouses, of which S. P. Wolverston, Esq. of Stratford, is the mesne lord; but here are many smaller freeholders. On the Chase is an extensive *rabbit-warren*, with a neat house called Coney Lodge. *Maple-hayes*, the pleasant seat of John Atkinson, Esq., and *Pipe Hall*, an ancient manor house, now occupied by a farmer, are in the hamlet of Woodhouses, as also is *Ashenbrook*, an ancient farm-house, with some curious relics of stained glass in its windows. Not far from these is *Edgehill*, or *Edial Hall*, a good square brick mansion, with a cupola and ballustrades, celebrated as the house in which that eminent lexicographer Samuel Johnson, LL. D. opened an academy in 1736, but not meeting with sufficient encouragement he did not long remain in this obscure situation. The CHAPEL, at Burntwood, is a small brick edifice, built in 1819. It is a *curacy* worth about £100. per annum. The Rev. Thomas Harwood, D. D. is the incumbent; and the vicar of St. Mary's, Lichfield, is the patron. The latter has the small tithes, but S. Swinfen, Esq. is impropriator of the corn tithe. The FREE SCHOOL, at Burntwood, was endowed in 1765, by *Mrs. Elizabeth Ball*, with £600, of which £200 was expended in erecting the school-house. The remaining £400 is secured on a farm, in Burntwood, belonging to General Reynardson, and now occupied by Thomas Derry. The yearly interest, £40, is paid to the schoolmaster for teaching poor children of Burntwood, Woodhouses, Edgehill, and Hammerwich. The master has also 18s. yearly as the interest of £20 left by *Andrew Norton, Esq.* The annual sum of £14 is paid out of *General Reynardson*'s farm, as interest of two legacies given by *Mrs. Elizabeth Ball for the poor* of the four hamlets just named;

but one half of it belongs to Burntwood. The poor have also several other BENEFACTIONS. In 1705, William Cadman bequeathed a cottage with a garden and croft at Edgehill, (now let for £4. 10s.) and directed the yearly rent to be employed as follows, viz. 20s. for two sermons to be preached at Hammerwich chapel, on the first Sunday in Lent and the Sunday after St. James' day; and the remainder to be distributed amongst the poor of Woodhouses, Edgehill, and Burntwood. He also left two rent charges to be paid out of his house and land at Edgehill, viz. 40s. for a sermon to be preached at Hammerwich, on the first Sunday after every quarter day, and 40s. to the poor of this chapelry, who have also the interest of £350 left by *James Watkins*, in 1805, and £1. 6s. 8d. yearly from the bequest of John Ward, out of his estate at Edgehill, but of the latter, 6s. 8d. is for the minister at Hammerwich for a sermon on Whit-Sunday, and 5s. for the poor of that township.

Those marked* 1 *are at Edgehill*, 2 *at Woodhouses, and the rest at Burntwood, or where specified.

Asbury Edward, shopkeeper
1 Asbury Mrs. Elizabeth
Atkins Richard, nail maker
2 Atkinson John, Esq. *Maplehayes*
2 Berrisford Thomas, wheelwright
Craddock Barnaby, shoemaker
Derry James, warren-keeper, *Coney Lodge*
Eaton W. A. schoolmaster
1 Gerrey George, blacksmith
Horton Francis Newell, beer house
3 Horse Shoes
Lees Joseph, gardener
Lister Jas. tailor and beer house
Lister Thomas, tailor
Mosse Wm. vict. and butch. Ball
1 Paget Thomas, gentleman
2 Rogers William, brickmaker
Rock William, blacksmith
Salt Thomas, vict. Lord Nelson
Sanders Josiah, vict. Nag's Head
2 Smith John, gardener
Snape Richard, wheelwright
Stretton William, chapel clerk
Styche Henry, Esq. *Edgehill Hall*
Webb Hy. vict. and butcher, Star
2 Williams John, shopkeeper

FARMERS.

*Marked * are yeomen.*

2 Allen Edw. *Ash-cubrook*
Allwright Wm.
Asbury —
1 *Ashmale Wm. *Pipe Hall*
2 Ashmale John
1 *Bradburne Rl.
2 Brown John,
Maplehayes
2 Cooper Henry
*Crutchley Hen.
2 Dennis Thomas
*Derry James
Derry Thomas
*Derry Wm.
2 Derry Wm.
2 Harrison Danl.
*Hitchinson Geo.
1 Jackson John
2 Johnson Wm.
*Lane Thomas
2 Peak Edward
2 Robinson Wm.
2 Sankey Thomas
*Smith Wm.
2 Stephens Thos.
*Tudor John
*Tudor Wm.
Woolley Wm.

Shoemakers

1 Barton James
Burton George
1 Barton James
Craddock —
Horton Thomas

FISHERWICK township, in the vale of the Tame, 4 miles E. of Lichfield, contains 96 inhabitants and about 1300 acres of rich land, of which two-thirds belong to the Hon. F. G. Howard, of Elford, the lord of the manor. *Hademore*, on the S. W. side of the township, is a large estate *belonging to* Sir Robert Peel. In the *reign of Edward III.*, *Fisherwick* was held by the bishop

of Chester. In 1756, the Marquis of Massareene sold it to S. Swinfen, Esq., of whom it was purchased, in 1758, by the Marquis of Donegal, who, in 1766, pulled down the old manor house, and, in 1774, erected on the same site a magnificent mansion of white freestone, and laid out the park and pleasure grounds in the most exquisite taste, so as to entitle it to rank amongst the finest seats in the kingdom. But, in 1810, the Marquis sold the estate to Richard Howard, Esq., who demolished the mansion and sold the materials, which "where carried off to decorate the earthly paradise of some other fanciful mortal." The gardens were also broken up, and the park and pleasure grounds divided into farms.

Bourne Chas. grazier and maltster, *Stubby Lea*
Minors William, gamekeper
Orme Richard, Lodge keeper
Pickering Jph. bailiff, *Hademoor*

Farmers.

Allport John — Phillips Stephen
Bourne Arthur — Watson Wm.
Bowman Edmund — *Hademoor*

FREEFORD, 2 miles S. E. of Lichfield, is an ancient manor consisting of 500 acres of rich and well wooded land, belonging to Lieut-General Wm. Dyott, who resides in the *Hall*, which, with the demesne around it, is extra-parochial. The hall stands in a retired situation, and has two spacious rooms, appropriated to that genuine hospitality which has long been the characteristic of the family of Dyott, who, in the civil wars of Charles I., suffered much for their attachment to the Royal cause. In the reign of Edward I., Freeford was held by a family of its own name: it afterwards passed to the Dyotts by marriage. Joseph Lawrence and Jonathan Mallet occupy the two *farms*, and John Cotterill is the *gamekeeper*.

HAMMERWICH, is a small secluded village, township, and chapelry, on the south-eastern verge of Cannock Chase, 3 miles S. W. by W. of Lichfield. It has 218 inhabitants, and 850 acres of enclosed land, and upwards of 1100 acres of open common, besides which, the tenants have common-right on *Ogley Hay*, an extra-parochial district of 1000 acres, which also forms part of the extensive waste called the Cannock-Chase. The Marquis of Anglesey is lord of the manor, but the enclosed lands belongs to several resident freeholders, except an estate belonging to C. and J. Foster, Esqrs., of Walsall. The CHAPEL is a small structure standing alone upon a verdant eminence. The living is a perpetual curacy which has at different times been augmented with Queen Anne's Bounty to the amount of £800, of which £600 was laid out in the purchase of 20A. of land at Wall, producing £50 per annum. The remaining £200 was laid out in 1½ acre of garden ground in St. Michael's parish, Lichfield, let for £9 a year. The curate has also £4. 4s. yearly from the glebe land at *Hammerwich*, where there is a field of 8 acres called the Star *Croft (let for £10* a year), the rent of which has from time im-

memorial been employed in repairing the chapel, for which purpose it is vested in eight trustees, who are resident freeholders, and have the patronage of the *curacy*, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. Thomas Harwood, D. D.

Benefactions:—William Heath left out of his estate at Hammerwich, 20s. yearly to the minister for preaching sermons on Christmas and Midsummer days, and 20s. to the poor. In 1767, *John Silvester* charged his house and land at Hammerwich with the payment of 21s. yearly to the poor, and 21s. yearly to the minister for preaching sermons on Palm Sunday and on the Sunday after the date of the testator's decease. In 1765, *Elizabeth Ball* left £500, for which £40 per annum is paid out of General Reynardson's farm in Burntwood. This sum is distributed agreeable to the will of the testatrix as follows, viz. £14. 16s. to the incumbent curate of Hammerwich, £2. 12s. to the chapel clerk, and £2. 12s. in weekly doles of bread. Some further payments are made to the poor of Hammerwich under Mrs. Ball's will, as has been seen in the account of *Burntwood School*, which is open to the poor children of this township. The curate has also £3 yearly for preaching six sermons, under the will of William Cadman.

Bird John, yeoman	Middleton Thomas, gentleman
Bird Richard, yeoman	Middleton Wm. yeoman & maltst.
Cadbick James, gentleman	Pavier John, gentleman
Davis Thomas, corn miller	Pavier Thomas, gentleman, *Hall*
Glover Matilda, farmer	Salt Charles, tailor
Hodgkins Jph. wheelwright & smith	Stubbs William, yeoman

Leamonsley is a small hamlet within the county of the city, in the parochial township of St. Michael's, and nearly one mile S. W. of Lichfield. Here is a large worsted mill.

Pipe-hill is a pleasant hamlet and township on the Walsall road, partly within the county of the city, and extending from 1 to 2½ miles S. W. of Lichfield. The Earl of Lichfield is lord of the manor and owner of a large portion of the soil, but John and Henry Bradburne, Esqrs., and Captain Magendie have estates and neat mansions here. Near a Public-house called *Muckley-corner*, the turnpike road crosses the Roman Watling-street, and enters Cannock-Chase. Pipe is a very ancient *manor* and extensive *constablewick*; no fewer than nine neighbouring hamlets being within its jurisdiction, under the name of "*Pipe-cum-membris*."

Bradburne Henry, Esq. *Fossehouse*	Magendie Captain John, *Grange*
Bradburne John, Esq. *Pipe hill*	Scotsman Wm. farmer, *Sandyway*
Ely G. vict. Three Tuns, *Sandyway*	Scoffman Thomas, farmer
Gantherot Elizabeth, ladies' boarding school, *Pipe hill*	Slater Wm. overseer, *Hill top*
Henshaw Ts. vict. *Muckley Corner*	Willington Ann, farmer



STREETHAY is a township of scattered houses, on and near the Burton road, 2 miles E. by N. of Lichfield, and derives its name from the Roman, *Icknield-street*. During many generations, the *manor* belonged to a family of its own name, who sold it in 1591 to the Pyotts, one of whom was high sheriff of the county, when *Charles I.* passed through Staffordshire, and received a *singular letter* from the Earl of Pembroke stating that an opinion was entertained that the "burning of ferne doth draw down rain," and that as his majesty wished to enjoy "faire wether," he desired "all burning of ferne to be forborne until he had passed the county." The Marquis of Anglesey is now lord of the manor, but the soil belongs to several proprietors. The *Prebendary of Dernford* has the great tithes, and the vicar of St. Mary's the small tithes. At DERNFORD, in a picturesque valley near the canal is a large *paper mill*; and at a short distance is FULFEN, an extra-parochial farm of 240 acres, anciently belonging to the Fulfen family, of whom it was purchased by Sir Richard Dyott, in 1639.

Buckley Mr. John
Bull James, gardener
Booth John, farmer, *Fulfen*
Dean John, corn dealer
Haddon Henry, vict. Anchor
[illegible] Richard, gentleman
[illegible], paper mkr. *Dernford*
Oldacres, Ts. yeoman, *Brownfields*
Oldacres Rev. Ed. Wm. curate of Pipe Ridware, *Brownfields*
Pickering Thomas, farmer
Tittley Wm. vict. Dog
Wright Thos. farmer, *Becksmoor*
Woodcock John, gentleman

WALL is a small village and township, occupying a lofty eminence, 2 miles S. of Lichfield, is intersected by Watling-street, and contains the Roman station of *Etocetum*, of which many vestiges may still be traced in the walls, which encompass two fields on the south side of the Chester rd. and in that which encloses Wall house garden, where pavements of Roman brick, and subterraneous chambers of similar construction have been frequently dug up, with many coins of Otho, Nero, and Domitian. Wall House is the property of the Rev. Prevor Burns Flover, are the principal landowners. The latter is the proprietor of the Ancient House, which stands on a commanding eminence S. of Lichfield, surrounded by garden and pleasure grounds. Here are [illegible] the city is supplied with [illegible] Wm. Mrs. Mary Jackson and [illegible] Seven Stars; [illegible]

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HISTORY

OF THE

BOROUGH OF STAFFORD.

STAFFORD, an ancient borough and market town, celebrated for the manufacture of shoes and leather, is, as its name imports, the capital of Staffordshire, and is pleasantly situated nearly in the centre of the county, though rather in a low situation, on the north side of the river Sow, in the South Division of the Hundred of Pirehill; 135 miles N.W. by W. of London, 16 miles N.W. by W. of Lichfield, 16 miles N. of Wolverhampton, and 16 miles S. by E. of Newcastle-under-Lyme and the Potteries. The principal streets, *Greengate* and *Gaolgate*, run in a direct line through the centre of the town, branching from opposite sides of the Market-square, and containing many well stocked shops, and several excellent inns and spacious mansions, some of which are noble specimens of the antique half-timbered houses of England, in the highest state of perfection, their fantastic fronts having either been renewed, or preserved by many coats of paint. These streets are commodious and well paved, and form part of the great thoroughfare from London to Manchester and Liverpool;—Gaolgate extending northward to *Foregate*, and Greengate southward to *Forebridge*, neither of which are within the circuit of the wall and rampart that formerly surrounded the borough, and the site of which is still marked by a narrow circumambient *lane*, lined for the most part, with mean dwellings. There are, however, several other good streets, the principal of which is Eastgate-street, but the entrances to them from the centre of the town are very contracted, and those on the western side have many of them no generally acknowledged names but the "Broad Eye," an appellation which is said to have originated when that now populous part of the town was occupied by the scattered dwellings and outbuildings of a few small farmers; but we should imagine it is more likely to have been derived from some rampart or outwork of the castle or tower that anciently commanded the passage of the river Sow, which, by a semicircular reach, washes the western and southern skirts of the town. Stafford has generally a very respectable aspect, having both within its limits and in its vicinity many *handsome mansions* occupied by wealthy families.

Its two churches are highly worthy the attention of the antiquary, and among its other public buildings are those gigantic *county institutions*—the Infirmary, the Lunatic Asylum, the Gaol and House of Correction, and the Shire Hall: and at the distance of 1½ mile to the S. W. is seen, upon a conical eminence, the partly rebuilt *castle* of the celebrated barons of Stafford, in the parish of *Castle-Church*, on the opposite side of the river Sow, where there is a handsome suburb called the *Liberty Forebridge*, which is connected with the town by a neat stone bridge, and swells its present *population* to nearly 8,000 souls; though, in the year 1801, they amounted to little more than 4,000, as will be seen in the following table, shewing the annual value of the lands and buildings as assessed for the property tax in 1815, and the number of inhabitants in the three parishes of St. Mary, St. Chad, and Castle-Church, including the *out-townships* in St. Mary's parish, all of which have been added to the *Borough* (so far as regards the election of members of parliament) by the Reform Bill passed in 1832, together with Forebridge, which comprises the greater portion of the population of Castle-Church parish. The last column shews the number of *houses rated at the annual value of* £10. *or upwards*, the occupants of which have now the privilege of voting at the parliamentary elections.

STAFFORD And its Suburbs.	Annual Value in 1815.	POPULATION. 1801.	1811.	1821.	1831.	No. of Houses in 1821.	£10. Houses in 1833.
	£.						
*St. Mary's and St. Chad's, *forming the Borough*....	5,780	3,808	4,868	5,736	6,956	1091	531
Castle-Church *Parish*	7,323	563	566	1,118	1,374	231	†95
OUT-TOWNSHIPS *in St. Mary's Parish.*							
Tillington	‡	29	30	39	42	4	4
Hopton and Coton.....	6,141	336	332	(517	642	63	21
Worston				(23	25	..	..
Marston (Chapelry)	2,112	99	100	96	119	17	5
Salt and Enson	2,303	370	391	439	533	71	24
Whitgreave.....	3,243	217	240	204	195	32	8
Total.....	£26,902	5,512	6,527	8,172	9,886	1,409	688

☞ All are in the *South Division of Pirehill Hundred*, except Castle-Church parish, which is in the *East Division of Cuttleston Hundred*.

* *St. Mary's*, within the Borough, is *united* with *St. Chad's* for the support of the poor. The latter is a remarkably small *parish*, having only about 35 houses in the centre of the town.

† The *total number of Houses in the Borough* had increased in 1831 to 1286, of which 51 were unoccupied and 19 building.

‡ The 95 houses of the annual value of £10. or upwards, entered with *Castle-Church*, include only those in the *Liberty and Constablewick of Forebridge*, the only moiety of that parish which participates in the elective franchise of Stafford. (See *page 145.*)

‡ *The annual value of Tillington* is included with St. Mary's and St. Chad's.

ANCIENT HISTORY.

The origin of Stafford, and the derivation of its name, are matters of great dubiety and difference among antiquaries. Plott says, "About the year 705, the place or island where the town of Stafford now stands, anciently called *Bethnei*, began first to be inhabited by *St. Bertelline*, the son of a king of this country, and scholar to St. Guthlac, with whom he tarryed till his death; after which, though now unknown to his father, he begg'd this island of him, where he led a hermit's life for divers years, till disturbed by some that envyed his happiness, when he removed into some desert mountainous place, where he ended his life; leaving *Bethnei* to others, who afterwards built it, and called it *Stafford*, there being a shallow ford in the river that could easily be pass'd with the help of a *staff* only." Camden, copying the Saxon Chronicles, says "Stafford was formerly called *Betheney*, and was built by Ethelfleda, the heroic widow of Ethelred, Earl of Mercia, in the year 913, and was a chief town in this country during the succession of the Mercian Kings. Ethelfleda also built a castle in the town, for the protection of the inhabitants against the predatory incursions of the Danes from the northern part of England." What was the condition of Stafford at that period cannot now be ascertained, but it appears to have been a thriving place, as we find it shortly after considered as the chief town of the district, and in Edward the Confessor's time (about A. D. 1050,) it had a royal *mint*, a fine *penny* of that monarch being now in the hands of a collector, and having on the reverse the words GODWINNE ON STÆF; denoting that the piece was struck by Godwinne, the King's moneyer in Stafford; the word *on*, in the Saxon language signifying *in*, and *Stæf*, being a contraction of the word *Stæfford*, which was the orthography of the town's name then in use. There are also extant, fine specimens of three other pennies struck here in the reign of William the Conqueror, two of them by Godwinne, and one by another mint-master named *Wulfnoth*. No other coins were afterwards struck here, except the *local half-pennies* of Messrs. Horton and Co., issued in 1797.

Of the *castle* built here by *Ethelfleda*, no vestiges now remain, so that the precise site on which it stood is unknown, though Sir Simon Degge, who died about the close of the 17th century, says in his MS. notes on Plott's history, "there was a castle within the town near the Broad-Eye, and in his time, a bank, called the Castle-Bank." Edward the Elder is likewise said to have built a *tower here on the north bank* of the Sow, about a



year after the erection of that founded by his sister Ethelfleda: but his fortress has shared the same fate as hers, no traces of it being now left. From this time nothing remarkable is recorded concerning Stafford till the era of the NORMAN CONQUEST, when it was certainly a place of considerable importance, for in Domesday Book it is called a city, in which the king had 18 burgesses in demesne, and there were 20 mansions of the honour of the Earl of Mercia. It then paid for all customs, £9. *libras denariorum* in money, and was governed by two bailiffs. The same ancient record also informs us that the king built a castle here, the custody of which was given to Robert de Tonei, younger son of Roger, standard-bearer of Normandy, one of the chiefs who followed the fortunes of the Conqueror.. *Robert de Tonei*, after taking possession of this *Barony*, took the name of Stafford, which continued through his illustrious descendants for many centuries, But his baronial castle stood not in the town, but upon the site of the present castle on the opposite side of the river Sow, at the distance of 1¼ mile, where it was rebuilt by Ralph the first Earl of Stafford, in the reign of Edward III., about the year 1351, from which period it continued to flourish till the CIVIL WARS in the reign of Charles I., when it was demolished by order of Parliament, in 1643, after Lady Stafford had made a long but unsuccessful effort to retain it in the Royal cause against the troops of Sir Wm. Brereton, who in his *letter* to the Earl of Northampton, written during the *siege of the castle*, says, "In my last I gave your excellence an account of the taking of Stafford, by a very small force. Since that time we have done our utmost endeavours to fortify the towne, and make good the breaches. Upon Thursday we went to the castle, faced it, and demanded the same. The ould Ladye Stafford had betaken herself to the castle, removed her family, and some say all her goods. Wee made as large our forces as possible, to induce my Ladye to admitte some of our men to secure the castle, and gave her assurance of all protection (wee were able to give) for her person, goods, servants, and tenants. Wee acquainted her with the miseries which would inevitably fall upon her house and estate; and did most earnestly beseech her to bee so just to herself, and to those that were to succeed her, as not to be persuaded by wicked and obstinate councell, and to bring unavoidable destruction upon herselfe, and to do great injury to those that should succeed. Wee spent much time upon this treaty, but it was vain and fruitlesse. Wee conceive her heart was hardened by the pernicious councell of some priest, jesuites, or other *incendiaries* about her, who delight in nothing but fire and sword. And seeing nothing is more apparent than that they thirst after blood, I doubt not but the righteous Lord will measure out unto them a bloody portion of drinke, and will establish *peace and quietnesse* untoe his people in due time. These fair *propositions being* rejected, the forces returned, and before I

came to the towne, I saw some of the poor out-houses sett on fyer, to try whether these would worke theire spirites to any relentinge, but all in vaine; for from the castle they shot some of our men and horses, which did much enrage and provoke the rest to a fierce revenge, and to practice those extremities, which consumed, before the next ordinance, almost all the dwelling-houses and out-houses to the ground. Since that time wee heare there are several considerable persons in this block-up castle, which wee resolve to observe and attend as much as possible untill we can recover the same and disperse them." Shortly after writing this letter, in which there is more puritanical cant than his cause merited, Sir William had the satisfaction of finding the castle deserted, but no treasures left in it to satiate the cupidity of his soldiers.—See *Hopton Heath*, where a fatal battle was fought during these intestine wars.

The BARONY OF STAFFORD, from the Conquest to the reign of Richard III., was very extensive, including sixty Knights'-fees, of which nine were in demesne, and fifty-one in service. No fewer than 89 villages rendered suit and service to the successive BARONS, of whom the first eight, beginning with the before name Robert de Tonei, were barons *by tenure*. The first baron, by *writ*, was Edmund de Stafford, who was summoned to Parliament in the 27th of Edward I. His successor, Ralph, was created *Earl of Stafford*, in 1351, and married the heiress of the Earl of Gloucester. Three of his sons enjoyed the barony in succession, the last of whom, *Edmund*, married the daughter and heiress of Thomas Woodstock Plantagenet, Earl of Buckingham. His son, *Humphrey*, was created *Duke of Buckingham*, in 1444. *Henry de Stafford*, the next duke, was beheaded at Salisbury, in 1483, for rebelling against that cruel monster, Richard III., and his son and successor, *Edward*, shared the same fate in the reign of Henry VIII. (1521), when all his honours and estates were forfeited; but the Barony of Stafford was restored to his son *Henry* in the 1st of Edward VI. (1547), by an act of parliament, which declares, "that the said Henry Lord Stafford, and the heirs male of his body coming, may be taken and reputed as *Lord Stafford*, with a seat and voice in Parliament as a Baron: and, further, that the said Henry be restored in blood as son and heir of Edward, late Duke of Buckingham." He was succeeded by his son, grandson, and great-grandson; the latter of whom, *Henry Lord Stafford*, died without any surviving male issue, in 1637, when the barony was claimed by *Roger Stafford*, son of the deceased younger son of the said Henry, but he was unjustly denied the dignity on account of his *poverty*, and he afterwards formally surrendered the barony into the king's hands. He died without issue, in 1640, when *Mary*, sister of the last Lord Henry, being married to *Sir Wm. Howard, K. B.* (younger son of the Earl of Arundel), they were created *Baron and Baroness Stafford*, with remainder to



the heirs male of their bodies. The said Sir Wm. was created *Viscount Stafford*, in the same year, but he was beheaded on Tower-Hill, in 1678, for being concerned in the Popish Plot, and being attainted, all his honours were forfeited, but his widow was created a *Countess* for life, in 1688, and died in 1693. Her son, *Henry Stafford Howard*, was created EARL STAFFORD, in 1688, with remainder, failing his issue male, to John and Francis his brothers, and their issue male. He was succeeded by his nephew, *William*, in 1719, and the latter by his son, *William Mathias*, in 1715, but he dying without issue, in 1751, his uncle, *John Paul Stafford Howard*, became the 4th and last Earl of Stafford under the new creation, and died without issue, in 1762, when the earldom became *extinct*. The *reversal* of the attainder of Sir Wm. Howard, 1st Viscount Stafford, being passed by an act of the crown, in 1824, SIR GEORGE JERNINGHAM succeeded to the Barony of Stafford as heir-general of the bodies of the said Viscount and Mary his wife; though both he, and his son and successor, *George William Stafford-Jerningham, the present Baron Stafford*,* have, during the last nine years, been greatly annoyed by the CLAIMS OF MR. RICHARD STAFFORD COOKE, who, in his expensive but fruitless litigations, declares that he is heir-general of Dorothy, daughter of Henry, who was created Baron Stafford, in 1547, which Dorothy married Sir William Stafford, of Grafton. Admitting this descent, it is difficult to find any real claim which it affords to the Barony of Stafford. The ancient barony undoubtedly became FORFEITED on the attainder of Edward, Duke of Buckingham, in 1521, and which attainder has never been reversed. Henry Stafford, his son and heir, was created Baron Stafford *de novo* with an express limitation to "the *heirs male* of his body coming," by an act of Parl. 1 Edward VI. 1547, and which dignity became EXTINCT on the termination of the male descendants of the said Henry, about the year 1640. It is thus clear, that after the attainder of Edward, Duke of Buckingham, in 1521, a Barony of Stafford in fee, and as such descendible to heirs general, never existed, until that created to Sir William Stafford, and Mary his wife, in 1640; when, in default of issue male, the barony was limited to the HEIRS OF THIER BODIES. The attainder of William Viscount Stafford, prevented his issue from inheriting his dignities; and though it did not affect his wife's honours during her life, it in effect produced their extinction on her demise, as it prevented her descendants from succeeding to them until the reversal of the said attainder in 1824; but as Mr. Cooke does not descend from the first Viscount and Viscountess Stafford, he, of course, can derive no benefit from the said creation; nor could the attainder, which impeded the descent of their dignities, in any

* *Granville* Leveson Gower, who was created MARQUIS OF STAFFORD, in *1786, derived his* title not from the *town*, but from the *county* of Stafford, and *it is now held by his grandson, the Duke of Sutherland.* (Vide Trentham.)

shape afford him a pretension to any part of the honours of the House of Stafford. The reversal of the iniquitous attainder of Sir William Howard, Viscount Stafford, however, renders *George William Stafford-Jerningham Baron Stafford*, under the creation of 1640; and he is also heir-general of the body of Henry Baron Stafford (son of the attainted Duke of Buckingham), who was restored in blood, and consequently heir in blood of Edward Duke of Buckingham, the last person possessed of the ancient barony.

The CASTLE of the ancient Barony of Stafford, standing on a bold and well-wooded eminence, 1¼ mile S. W. of the town, was, as has already been seen, built by William the Conqueror, restored and enlarged in the reign of Edward III., and dismantled by order of Parliament, in 1643. From this period it was a neglected ruin till the late Sir George Jerningham, about the year 1810, (before he became Baron Stafford) evinced a disposition to rebuild it, for which purpose he cleared away the rubbish, and reduced the walls to the height of the first story. The ruins then consisted of the keep or stronghold, placed on an artificial mount of an oblong form, measuring 105 feet by 50. Each angle was surmounted by small octangular towers, and there was likewise one on the west side. The walls were 8 feet thick, and surrounded by a foss or ditch, with the additional defence of a high rampart on one side. In clearing the ruins a variety of silver coins were found, generally of a later date than the reign of Edward VI., together with a plain silver cross, a cannon ball, two small millstones, and the lower part of a large font. Sir George Jerningham soon afterwards razed the walls to the ground, and commenced the erection of a NEW CASTLE on a magnificent plan, but in accordance with the strength and general character of the ancient fortress. Though much has been done, the costly work is not yet completed, and perhaps never will, no additions having been made since 1815, when the south front, flanked by two fine octagonal towers, was finished, and the massive walls behind raised to the height of the first story. The south front consists of three lofty stories, and has several spacious apartments in which the late and present Lord Stafford have placed many coats of armour, spears, and other weapons of ancient warfare, together with several antique pieces of tapestry, sculpture, and furniture, collected in various parts of the world, but of which the aged *Cicerone* (Mrs. Perry) who shews them to visitors, and is the only tenant of the castle, could give us no history. The views from the upper rooms command extensive and beautiful views of the surrounding country, in which the Wrekin, and several other distant Mountains are distinctly visible. At the foot of the castle hill is the venerable parish church, and about a mile to the west, upon a high eminence, are traces of the ancient *encampment of Billington, said to have been a British station*, subsequently occupied



by the Saxons; its area, which includes several acres, is circular, and surrounded in some parts by one, and in others by two, deep ditches. South from the castle stood the *Manor House*, the usual residence of the noble family of Stafford. It was fortified by Ralph de Stafford, in the reign of Edward III., who had granted him permission to make castles of all his manor houses, both here and at Madeley. The area of this ancient seat is still easily discovered, by the moat which surrounds it remaining partly unfilled up. The castle and the domain are seldom visited by Lord Stafford, whose seats are at Shifnall, in Shropshire, and Costessy Park, Norfolk.

Walls and Gates.—In ancient times the town of Stafford was defended, except on the side towards the Sow, by a wall and ditch supplied with water from that river, but from its low situation it could never have been a fortress of much strength; indeed it has been seen that Sir Wm. Brereton took it, in 1643, with a very small force, and without the loss of a single man. The wall was razed to the ground at this period, except the three *Gates*, of which there are now no remains but one side of a grove for a *portcullis*, at the entrance to *Eastgate-street*, where an arch was standing till the year 1800. The *Greengate*, which stood near Sow-bridge, was taken down in 1780. The *Gaolyate*, on the north road, was in ruins as early as 1680, but was rebuilt in 1700, and used as a prison for the borough and county till the erection of the present Gaol, in 1794; after which, it was taken down for the improvement of the town, and the site now forms part of Gaol-square.

The Borough, from what has been seen in its early history, may be supposed to have been a *Roman municipal town*, or even a *British city*, and indeed its situation accords very nearly with the general description of British towns given by Cæsar, who represents them as being placed on gentle eminences, barricadoed with trees, and surrounded with morasses and ditches, in the vicinity of extensive pasturages. That a pasturage of many hundred acres of land was annexed to the town from the earliest times, is evidenced by its more ancient charters; and the land adjoining the town, though now highly cultivated, has evidently been marshy, and might be easily laid under water. If it was either a British or a Roman Station, the town was probably reduced to ruins in the conflicts between the Saxons and the Danes.

Queen Elizabeth, in her progress through England, visited Stafford, in 1575, and perceiving the town to be rather on the decline, inquired the reason, and was informed it was owing partly to the decay of *capping*, and partly to the circumstance of the *Assizes* having been removed to some other town; whereupon her Majesty replied, that the statute relating to capping *should be amended*, and that she should grant the inhabitants *the privilege of* ever after holding the assizes in their own town;

which she did by an act of parliament in the same year. A record of this memorable visit is preserved in the register of St. Mary's church:—"*Mem.* That the sixth day of August, 1575, our Sovereign Lady, Queen Elizabeth, came from Chartley in progress to Stafford Castle, and was received upon the Pool Dam, without the Eastgate, by the bailiff and burgesses, with an oration made by Mr. Lamb, the schoolmaster, in the name of the town. And the bailiff delivered to her Majesty a goodly large standing cup of silver gilt, of white wine, which her Highness respectfully and gratefully received; and so she passed through the Eastgate-street, the Market-place, the Crobury Lane, and the Broad Eye, and thence on the road to Stafford Park."

The ancient custom of BOROUGH ENGLISH still prevails here, by which the youngest son succeeds to property, as heir at law, in preference to the elder children. The origin of this part of our common law is not very well ascertained, but it is generally supposed to have arisen from the ancient system of *vassalage* which gave the lord of the manor certain rights over his *vassal's bride*, and thus rendered the legitimacy of the eldest born uncertain; or perhaps it may have originated in the natural presumption, that the youngest child was the least capable of providing for itself.

CORPORATION, CHARTERS, &c.

The inhabitants of Stafford have been incorporated at various times by different names, and their immunities are of very ancient date, as appears by their charters, and by Domesday book. Their privileges were confirmed in the 7th year of the reign of King John, who, by his charter, granted that the town of Stafford should be a free Borough for ever, and that it should be held by the burgesses in fee-farm, with *soco and saca toll; theam and infangenthef*, and all other liberties and free customs which they had anciently enjoyed; paying their due and ancient fee-farm rent; that the burgesses should be *free of toll, lastage, passage, payage, stallage, and pontage*, throughout all his dominions (saving the liberty of the City of London), that they should render no suit in the County or Hundred of their property within the Borough; that none of them should plead or be impleaded *without* the Borough of any tenement which they possessed *within* it; that pleas should be there held of all debts contracted in Stafford, and pledges there given; and that they should have all other free customs enjoyed by any other free boroughs in England, except London. The *fee-farm rent* payable to the Crown was [illegible] by the corporation in 1671. From the reign of John [illegible]nes I., numerous charters were granted to the town, [illegible] monarch, in the third year of his reign, altered incorporation from that of "*Burgesses of Stafford*," *Bailiffs and Burgesses*," though the town had previ[illegible] *as it was then by two* bailiffs elected yearly



by the burgesses at large. By these popular elections, very improper persons were often raised to the magisterial bench, and such other inconveniences resulted from them, that the more wealthy and intelligent burgesses petitioned for a *new charter*, which should constitute a *mayor, aldermen, and capital burgesses*, and which they at last obtained from James I., in the 7th year of his reign, (1613). Under this charter the corporation existed till 1627, when it was found to have been legally defunct for some years, but was resuscitated by a charter of his late Majesty George IV., after the mayor and other surviving members of the corporate body had been ousted in several legal proceedings instituted against them, by Mr. Flint, an attorney of the town, who acted in behalf of a certain party of the burgesses.

The CHARTER OF GEORGE IV., granted to the Borough of Stafford, on Sept. 6th, 1827, re-established the corporation as it now exists, and confirmed to the burgesses all the privileges and immunities granted to them by James I., and other Kings and Queens of England. This modern charter recites, "that *Judgement of Ouster* had lately been given in the Court of King's Bench against Fras. Hughes, Esq., for exercising the office of Mayor of Stafford; that the Members of the Common Council, of the said borough, were reduced below the number required by law to constitute a legal assembly of the said Common Council, and that consequently the said corporation is dissolved." But at the petition of the burgesses and some other inhabitants, His Majesty, by this charter, constituted them a *New Body, politic and corporate*, to be governed by a Common Council, consisting of a mayor, ten aldermen, and ten capital burgesses; with a chief-steward, recorder, town-clerk, and other officers. The mayor is chosen yearly, on the Monday after the feast of St. Luke the Evangelist, out of the body of aldermen, together with two of them to act as justices of the peace in the borough during the ensuing year. These elections are made by the mayor for the time being, the aldermen, and the capital burgesses, who also fill up the vacancies occasioned by deaths, &c., in the lists of aldermen and capital burgesses, by electing others from among the honest and discreet burgesses inhabiting and residing in the borough." The charter gives the corporation the privilege of using the *County Gaol*, and of holding a COURT OF RECORD before the Mayor and Recorder, or their Deputies, and the Aldermen, or any two or more of them (of whom the Recorder or his Deputy must be one), from three weeks to three weeks, on a Monday (except in the weeks of Easter, Whitsuntide, and Christmas), to hear and determine all manner of debts, accounts, covenants, trespasses, &c., arising within the borough and liberties of Stafford. It also gives the burgesses the power of holding an *annual fair* for four days, to commence on the Tuesday before Shrove-*Sunday; and* it prohibits all *strangers or foreigners* (not being *freemen of the* corporation), from keeping a shop, or using any

mystery, trade, or handicraft, in the borough,* and from selling or exposing any goods there for sale, otherwise than in gross, unless it be at the times of the fairs or markets of the said borough, or with the license of the Mayor and Aldermen, or the major part of them. During the fair the corporation hold a *Court of Pie Powder*, "with all liberties, free customs, tolls, stallage, piccage, fines, amerciaments, &c., thereunto belonging. The charter finally confirms to the burgesses all their ancient franchises, immunities, exemptions (except that of being exempt from serving on any Assize Jury, or Inquisition), acquittances, jurisdictions, lands, tenements, commons, fairs, markets, tolls, tributes, escheats, courts-leet, views-of-frankpledge, guilds, fraternities, waifs, estrays, &c. &c. :—and it then prohibits the law officers and ministers of the crown from prosecuting or making, or causing to be prosecuted or continued, any *Writ or Summons of Quo Warranto*, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever against the corporation, for any offences or usurpations committed by them before the date of this charter; and for which, as has already been seen, they had suffered several prosecutions, which compelled them to apply to his late Majesty George IV., for a new constitution on the model of their old one, which, it appears, had been frittered away by mismanagement and gross neglect. Stafford has continued to send *two representatives to Parliament* since the 23rd of Edward I., and the right of election is in the burgesses resident in or within seven miles of the borough (who are about 980 in number), and in the occupants of houses and buildings assessed at the yearly value of £10. or upwards, within the borough and in the out-townships of St. Mary's parish and the liberty of Forebridge (See page 110); the latter class being admitted to the elective franchise by the *Reform Act* passed in 1832, so that the total *number of electors* is now about 1180. All the sons and apprentices of burgesses are entitled to their freedom, after they have attained their majority, by paying about 30s. for the stamp and fees. As a Parliamentary Borough, Stafford is not under the influence of any noble family, but it is now lying under a heavy charge of *bribery and corruption*; and a bill was introduced into the House of Commons, by Sir Thomas Freemantle, in 1833, for its *disfranchisement*. It is, however, expected that parliament will not altogether take away the franchise of the borough, but will extend it to the South Division of the Hundred of Pirehill: for though a charge of bribery was maintained against nine-tenths of the electors, the money received by them appears to have been little more than a sufficient compensation for the labour and time which they expended in supporting the respective candi-

* This *restrictive clause* has never been enforced; indeed, the spirit of freedom and toleration which now exists would not submit to it, and it is a matter of surprise that it should have been suffered to form a part of a Charter of the 19th century.

dates; consequently, they ought not to be visited with a severer punishment than was inflicted on the burgesses of East Retford and Penryn, where as much as £40. or £50. was frequently received for a single vote. *Mr. Charles Webb*, solicitor, in his evidence before a committee of the House of Commons, in June, 1833, said, that "at the last election he canvassed for Mr. Blount, and he thought, that out of the 1,200 electors, there were only 200 who did not receive money for their votes; and that at Sir John Campbell's election, out of 556 who voted for him, he, the witness, had paid 531, and he had the names of the parties in his pocket. The voters on that occasion received £3. 10s. for a single vote, and £6. for a plumper." The bill will be again discussed in parliament, early in 1834, and its fate will be recorded in the appendix to this volume.

The present MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT* for Stafford, are William Fawkener Chetwynd, Esq., and Rees Howell Gronow, Esq. They were elected on December 11, 1832, after a two day's poll, in which W. Blount, Esq., was the unsuccessful candidate. It was on the petition of the latter gentleman that the House of Commons, in 1833, instituted an inquiry into the corrupt practices of the borough, as already noticed.

CORPORATION OF STAFFORD, (1833—4).

HIGH STEWARD,—The Duke of Sutherland.

RECORDER—Thomas Swinnerton, Esq.

DEPUTY RECORDER——Henry Allen Wedgwood, Esq., Barrister.

MAYOR—John Rogers, Esq.

JUSTICES—Richard Hughes and James Gay Hiern, Esqrs.

ALDERMEN——Messrs. Francis Hughes, William Fowke, Joshua Drewry, John Marsh, Edward Worsey, John Hawthorn, Thomas Morgan, and James Dickenson.

COMMON COUNCILMEN—John Kenderdine Shaw, George Webb, Henry Fowke, John Collins Ward, James Gay Hiern, Rev. George Norman, Charles Dudley, William Shaw, Robert Hughes, and the Rev. Robert Temple.

TOWN CLERK—Francis Brookes, Esq.

SERJEANTS AT MACE, &c.—Thomas Wood, Samuel Ray, and Francis Heath

TOWN CRIER—Thomas Tildesley.

[*Four Constables are appointed yearly at the Court Leet.*]

Mr. Robert Jones, a POLICE OFFICER, with four Assistants, holds his office under the Lord-Lieutenant, and can consequently act in any part of the County

COMMON FIELDS.

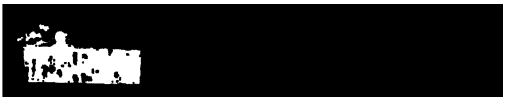
COTON FIELD, containing 180 acres of good land, on the east

* Members of Parliament formerly *received wages* from their constituents, instead of spending thousands in obtaining their suffrages. In 1532, "Mr. Erdeswicke and Mr. Bickley, being burgesses of parliament for Stafford, were allowed their *charidges from the town.*"

side of the town, was granted to the burgesses of Stafford, in 1705, by William Fowler, in satisfaction of their rights of common in his manor of Coton, but subject to two *annuities*, viz., £28. to the almshouses in Mill-lane, and £12. to the successive lords of the said manor of Coton. This field is enjoyed by the burgesses as follows:— each of the body corporate occupies *two acres* as his own right, and the remainder is parcelled out to as many burgesses as it will extend to at *one acre each*. Any burgess who is fortunate enough to obtain an acre of Coton-Field, pays for it four, five, or six shillings a-year, according to its quality, and enjoys it, if he continues in the town, for his life, and afterwards his widow for her life, if she continues unmarried and lives in the town. As the holders of the acres die, the Mayor gives their allotments to other burgesses on the same terms; the small rents being reserved by the Corporation for the payment of the two annuities charged on the land. This is the most valuable benefit enjoyed by the burgesses, but the participants are not allowed to receive parochial relief, and in 1830, an unsuccessful attempt was made to wrest it from them by Earl Talbot, who set up a claim to the exclusive benefit of the field, as part of his *manor of Coton*, which, till 1699, consisted of *three open fields*, called Cotton-Field, Broad-Field, and Kingston-Hill-Field.

MARSTON-FIELD AND STONE-FLAT, the former containing 125 acres in Marston township, and the latter about 8 acres in St. Mary's, were allotted at the enclosure, in 1800, to the resident burgesses and parishioners of Stafford, '*being householders*,' in lieu of their common right over Marston common and the Lammas lands. Each householder, being a parishioner, can turn upon this land two cows, or one horse; but if he is a burgess he may turn upon it three cows, or one horse and one cow. The cattle graze on Marston-field from May till Christmas, when they are turned upon Stone-flat, where they may remain till May following. For the purpose of raising a fund for draining, fencing, and improving the land, from 4s. to 5s. per annum, is paid for each cow, and 9s. or 10s. for each horse. To this fund is added the money taken for carriages and stallage from strangers at the *Races* which are held on Marston-field. The householders, who are not parishioners, have no common right. A meeting is held by those who enjoy the privilege, on the first Tuesday in March, to audit the accounts, and elect a treasurer, a clerk, and a pounder.

The SHIRE HALL, which presents a spacious and elegant stone front to the Market-square, was built in 1798-9, at the cost of upwards of £5000. including the *Judge's House*, which adjoins the south end of the Hall, and the *Mayor's Office*, which stands in the rear. The front is 120 feet long, and has four Doric semi-columns *supporting a pediment*, in the centre of which *stands a fine figure of Justice*. The entrance-hall, which



occupies nearly the whole of the front, is a beautiful apartment, 36 yards long by 10 broad, exclusive of the galleries at each end, and terminated by handsome columns rising to the lofty ceiling, which is of neat plaster work. In this hall are held the assemblies, concerts, and public meetings of the town and neighbourhood. The two *Courts*, in which the assizes are held, form two octagonal apartments behind the entrance-hall, neatly fitted up, and lighted from the roof; but they are much too small for the purposes to which they are appropriated.

The COUNTY GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, situated on the north-east side of the town, form one gigantic establishment, which has lately undergone a considerable alteration and enlargement, nearly one acre of ground having been added to the north side of the prison yard, which is enclosed by a quadrangular brick wall, 23 feet in height, encompassing an area of nearly four acres, and having in its main front (which is about 450 feet long) a porter's lodge of massive stone work, and a gateway for the entrance of carriages. The *old prison* and its numerous offices, which occupy the greater part of the area, were built in 1793.* The buildings which are of brick, project from each other at right angles so as to form three middle or internal courts, which are by these means enclosed within high walls. The governor's house is opposite the porter's lodge, and has a neat enclosed garden in front. Behind it is the central court which conducts to the principal departments of the prison. The matron's house and chapel are on the opposite side of this court. The other two courts form part of the prisoners' airing-yards. The other airing yards are placed on the outside of the main building and are enclosed so as to leave a road or passage-way round the prison, between the boundary wall and the airing-yards. There are no means of central inspection over the prison; but from the surrounding passage the governor and turnkeys are enabled to inspect the prisoners while in the yards with great facility, the external enclosure of the yards being formed of iron railing, put up in 1823, instead of the wooden paling that formed the original barrier. The yards in the rear, occupied by the women, have a tolerable degree of inspection from the matron's house, and they are enclosed with brick walls next the surrounding passage to prevent any communication with the male officers. In the rear passage are 12 solitary cells for males, and 4 for females, with a turnkey's lodge in the centre; and near these is the hospital, containing 15 beds. The main body of the gaol consists of six wards, five for felons, and one for debtors. The buildings are three stories in height, and comprise several double ranges of cells, (each cell about 9 feet by 8,) opening into a

* The original *County Prison* stood in the Broad-Eye, near the site of the Methodist Chapel, but was taken down about the year 1700: after which, the *old tower or gateway-house that* stood in the Gaolgate-square, was enlarged, and used as *the prison till 1794.*

middle gallery. The principal day-rooms are at the extremities of the galleries. On one side of the governor's house is a good kitchen and offices, with a separate yard, and on the other side is the task-master's residence; adjoining to which is the debtor's airing-court, 100 feet by 70. Near the latter is the bake-house and the corn mill, in which are three pair of stones, and a dressing machine, set in motion by two tread-wheels turned by twenty male felons. Corn is ground here both for the use of the prision and for hire. In the rear passage are several workshops, where many of the prisoners are employed in spinning and carding wool, and in weaving, dying, and finishing, coarse woollen and linen cloth, blankets, bed-rugs, horse-cloths, &c. &c.; but as the manufactory is possessed of none of the modern machinery used in the clothing districts, and as its workmen have never been previously accustomed to such employment, it tends but little towards lessening the vast expenditure of the prison. Some of the prisoners are also employed in making shoes and clogs for the use of the establishment, and others in heading pins for hire. The HOUSE OF CORRECTION, which has just been erected, at the cost of about £6,000, occupies the whole of the north side of the enclosure, and is a lofty brick building, in the form of a crescent, three stories in height, and 200 feet in length. It contains 114 sleeping rooms, and has, extended along the area in front, *six tread-wheels* which employ sixty men in pumping *water* from a deep well into reservoirs and cisterns, some of which are placed on the roofs of the buildings. The conduct and appearance of the prisoners on our visit, was very satisfactory and becoming: they seemed to be in good health, clean, silent, and orderly. The cells, galleries, and day-rooms, were in a state of perfect cleanliness: in the workshops the prisoners seemed very attentive to their respective occupations; and the arrangements throughout reflect great credit on the governor. The chaplain attends the prison daily, and superintends the schools: on Sundays he performs divine service, and reads prayers every Wednesday and Friday. In the *chapel* the men and women cannot see each other, the women's sittings being enclosed with cloth blinds. The total number of prisoners confined here at any one time, in 1823, was 247; but in the winter of 1832, there were at one period 420. The *annual expenditure* of the Gaol and House of Correction, for salaries, food, clothing, repairs, &c., has for some time past, amounted to about £7,000, though, in 1799, it was only £843 6s. 9d. The great increase in this and other items of the county expenditure, has created much dissatisfaction among the rate payers, who have lately held several public meetings on the subject, as has been seen in the general History of the County, at a preceding page. Exclusive of gratuities and perquisites, the *yearly salaries* paid to the officers here, amount *to no less than* £1,392, of which, £450 is *paid to the governor, (Mr. Thomas* Brutton); £230 to



the *chaplain*, (the Rev. Richard Buckeridge); £100 to the *surgeon*; £80 to the *task-master*, (Wm. Halkin); £70 to the *head turnkey*; £175 to *three turnkeys*; £70 to the *miller and baker*; £52 to the *manufacturer*; £20 to the *clerk*; £40 to the *porter*; £80 to the *matron*, and £25 to *female turnkeys*. Until the erection of the present gaol, the governor's yearly salary was only £100; but in 1793, it was advanced to £250, and afterwards to £450!!! The *county rates*, in 1794, amounted only to £5,500; but in 1833, they had increased to the enormous sum of £29,792!

IMPROVEMENT ACT.—The "Act for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing, regulating, and improving the streets, lanes, and other public passages and places, within the Borough of Stafford," received the Royal assent, 29th May, 1830. The commissioners under this act are the corporate body, and the owners and occupants of houses, lands, or tenements within the borough, of the yearly value of £25, or upwards. But this act does not invest them with any control over the pavements extending from Sow-bridge, up Greengate and Gaolgate, to the junction of the Stone and Sand turnpikes in Foregate; nor the pavements in the Market-square, Market-street, the Diglake (otherwise Tipping-street), St. Martin's Lane (or Smoaky-lane), the Maltmill-lane, and Crabbery-lane; all these pavements having been laid down and usually repaired by the *Corporation* out of the tolls of the market. For defraying the expenses of lighting, watching, paving, &c., the commissioners are empowered to levy rates upon the occupiers of lands and buildings so as not to exceed 3s. in the pound on the annual value of their respective premises; but they have hitherto only gone to the extent of 2s. in the pound, which produces about £600 per annum. Many of the powers of the act have not yet been carried into effect; but one of these dormant clauses which requires the *naming* of the streets and lanes, and the *numbering* of the houses in each, would, if enforced, be a great facility both to the inhabitants and strangers. Mr. C. B. Passman, is *clerk* to the commissioners, and Wm. Jones, jun., the *collector*. The town is now well lighted with GAS from the works established in 1829, by Wm. Edwards and Co. These works have four large retorts, and a gasometer capable of holding 7,000 cubic feet of gas.

MARKET, FAIRS, &c.—Stafford has a very busy market every Saturday, when the town is well supplied with corn, meat, vegetables, butter, eggs, poultry, &c.; and there is also a small shew of swine and cattle, but the accommodations for live stock are very contracted, there being no pens except some miserable pales for swine, in the narrow part of Eastgate-st. The market-square in front of the Shire Hall is crowded, every Saturday, with the stalls of butchers, hucksters, &c., and behind the hall is *a small covered market* for the sale of butter, poultry, &c., erected *by the corporation* about the year 1800, together with the mayor's

and parish offices, at the cost of about £1000. Here are also annual *fairs*, on the Tuesday before Shrove-Tuesday, and four following days (see charter, page 118); April 3rd, and May 7th and 14th for horses and cattle; Saturday before St. Peter's day (June 29), for wool, &c.; Sept. 23rd, cattle and horses; Oct. 2nd, colts; and Dec. 4th, for cattle and swine. The principal fairs are those in May, October and December. *Races* are held yearly in September, on Marston-field. The *staple manufacture* of the town consists of *shoes and boots*, of which immense quantities are sent weekly to the London, Manchester, Liverpool, Sheffield, and other markets, chiefly of the lighter sorts for ladies and children. There are perhaps more shoemakers here than in any other town of the same population; and in allusion to this circumstance, the late eminent *Richard Brinsley Sheridan*, who was one of the representatives of the borough from 1780, to 1806, gave as his *toast*, at an election dinner, "May the manufactures of Stafford be trodden under foot by all the world." There are in the town two *Banks*, one of which is a branch belonging to the Liverpool and Manchester District Banking Company; and a *Savings' Bank* was established here, in Nov. 1833, for the accommodation of the humbler classes.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH.

St. Mary's, the mother church of the parish to which it gives name (see page 110), was formerly collegiate, and is a large and venerable fabric in the form of a cross, consisting of a nave, two side aisles, a transept, and a spacious chancel of three aisles. The transept is 100 feet long and 25 broad, and from its centre rises an octagonal tower, 33 feet square at its base. The aisles of the nave are of unequal widths, but taken together they exceed the dimensions of the nave. The original foundation of this church no doubt took place at a very early period; and though it has since been almost rebuilt and undergone frequent repairs, some marks of the more ancient structure are still visible. The style of architecture in general is the early pointed. In the *south transept* is a very large window, the arch of which has evidently been altered. It was, in all probability, formerly divided into two or more windows of a lancet shape. In the *chancel* the windows are in the style which prevailed in the reign of Henry VI., or earlier, and the arches and clustered columns that divide the aisles are light and elegant. What is singular in the construction of these arches, is that the columns diminish in height from the transept to the east end, and the two rows do not answer each other, so that the present floor, which is horizontal, covers the bases of some of them, and exhibits the foundations of others. The *north transept* seems to have anciently been very elegant, from a pinnacle that remains on the buttress at the east end, and some other vestiges of its primitive grandeur. The doorway exhibits



some receding mouldings and embossed ornaments. A window which is placed over it appears to be of much later date than the transept itself, on account of its numerous divisions and fanciful ramifications. The north porch is probably the original one. Round the columns are trefoil heads and bands, and a series of plain leaves constitute the capitals. The *nave* is separated from the aisles by five highly pointed arches, supported by four semi-columns clustered against a square somewhat larger than their diameter. The architrave, the abaci of the capitals which are composed of leaves (some having small volutes), and the flat underside of the arches, are little removed from the heavy massive style of the Norman era. The *altar-piece* is an elegant piece of workmanship in the Corinthian order, and painted in imitation of marble. The *organ*, erected by Longman and Coy, of London, is considered as one of the finest in the kingdom. The *pew* appropriated for the mayor and two justices is in the fanciful style called arabasque, and was the gift of a Mr. Bromley, who erected it in 1708. The *font* is a singular piece of antiquity, and of a very large and clumsy construction, being carved out of a massive block of stone, and ornamented with rude figures of men, baboons, lions, &c. A number of ancient and modern *monuments* occupy different parts of the church, most of which are very fine mural tablets. The most conspicuous, and indeed the only *altar tomb*, is that to the honour of Lady Ann Aston, and her husband Lord Edward of Tixall; the recumbent figures differ much in size and execution, and the head of his lordship is gone. This tomb was formerly surrounded by Gothic screen work, but is now enclosed by an iron railing, the space below being the burial place of the Cliffords of Tixall. Another ancient monument deserving particular notice is that to the memory of Sir Edward Aston and his Lady Joan, whose figures are represented in alabaster, under a large canopy. Sir Edward was a distinguished knight in the reign of Henry VIII., and it was him who constructed the curious mansion of Tixall.

St. Mary's church is now a discharged RECTORY in the gift of the crown, and incumbency of the *Rev. Wm. Edward Coldwell, M. A.*, whose residence is a large house in Greengate-street. In the times of Popery it was *collegiate*, and King Stephen bestowed it on the bishop and chapter of Lichfield and Coventry. In 1445, the patronage having reverted to the crown, it was granted by Henry VI., to Humphrey Lord Stafford, who had just been raised to the dignity of Duke of Buckingham, and was slain in 1460. At the dissolution, the COLLEGE consisted of a *dean** and thirteen *prebendaries*, possessed of a considerable rev-

* *The Dean's House*, an ancient edifice, which stood on the west side of the *church-yard*, was used for some time as the Free-School, but was taken down for *the enlargement of the* burial-ground, and part of its materials used in building *the Grammar-School* at the Gaolgate, which has since been rebuilt

enue, as will be seen in the following summary of **QUEEN ELIZABETH'S GRANT** to the Corporation:—In 1572, Queen Elizabeth, by letters patent, after reciting that *St. Mary's*, the principal church in the town of Stafford, commonly called the *High Church*, was aforetime annexed to a certain college, called the *College of Stafford*, which, by virtue of an act passed in the 1st. of Edward VI., was dissolved, and all its possessions seized by the crown;—reserving only the following annuities, viz. £16 to the rector, and £8 to the curate of St. Mary's; £4. 5s. to the Grammar School in Stafford; and £8 to the curate of Marston: And reciting that her majesty being informed by the Burgesses of Stafford, that owing to the irregular payment, and the insufficiency of the aforesaid stipends of the rector and curate, divine service had not been performed at St. Mary's for a long time, she did, for the removal of this and other grievances, *grant* to the Burgesses of Stafford and their successors that the church of the Blessed Mary, should for ever be the parish church of the town of Stafford, and be a rectory from thenceforth in the patronage of the Crown, and for the greater security and maintenance of the rector and curate of the said church, and for the perpetual payment of the annuities before named, she granted to the burgesses and their successors, all the aforesaid late *college*, and the *prebends* of Coton, Marston, and Salt, and all the tithes, lands, tenements, oblations, &c., thereunto belonging, except a portion of the tithes, &c., of Marston, which had been granted by Edward VI. to the Grammar school. The property enjoyed by the corporation, under this grant, now yields a yearly income of £727. 4s. arising as follows,—viz. £186. 11. 4d. from the tithes of Marston and the Port fields; £51 from the tithes of Coton; £51. 18. 6d. from the tithes of *Worston* (formerly part of the prebend of Coton); £272. 1. 2d. from the tithes of Salt and Enson); £158. 3s. from glebe-land, and allotments made under several enclosure acts, in Salt, Whitgreave, &c; and £7. 10s. from modus's and customary payments from Whitgreave, Salt, Worston Mill, and houses in Rugeley. In addition to these, the corporation receive occasional sums for interments, vaults, and monuments, in the church and church-yard, and as fines for leases of pews and seats in the church; but the latter seldom occur except when alterations and new pewings take place, as in 1820 and 1821, when the fines amounted to £439. The corporation now pay yearly salaries of £180 to the rector, and £120 to the curate; the former has also a good house worth £50 a year, and the latter the surplice fees estimated at £30 a year. The rest of the revenue, after paying £40 a year to the curate of Marston; £12 a year to the poor of Sir Martin Noel's almshouses; £4. 5s. to the Grammar School, and several incidental expenses, is applied in repairs and improvements of the church and church yard, and occasionally *of the trust estates*, and to the general purposes of the *churchwarden's accounts*. In 1812 and 1813, the roof of the



church was repaired at the cost of £482, and in 1820 & 21, upwards of £1,000 was expended in various alterations in the body of the church, and in consecrating and adding the *New burying ground* to the church yard. In former times, considerable supineness was manifested by the corporation in the management of this charity, especially in suffering different parts of the property to be held for a long period of years, at very inadequate rents. By a grant, dated 1705, earl Talbot holds the tithes of Coton for a yearly rent of £51, though they are now worth upwards of £250 per annum. To remove these and other grievances, several informations have of late years been filed in chancery against the corporation, praying that they might be made accountable for the full annual value of the trust property, that the stipends of the rector, curate, &c. might be increased, and that after providing for the repairs of the church, the residue of the income might be employed for the relief of the poor, or "to other good and charitable works in the town of Stafford," as is expressed in the grant of Queen Elizabeth.

ST. CHAD'S CHURCH.

St. Chad's, the other parish church of Stafford, is a small but ancient structure, in imitation of the earliest Saxon plan, which assigned one half of the whole dimensions to the nave, one quarter to the tower, and the remainder to the chancel. About a century ago it was cased with brick, but some portions of the old perpendicular buttresses are still visible. The north side of the chancel exhibits the only fragment of Saxon architecture now extant in this ancient borough. It consists of two small circular headed windows, supported by projecting facia about five inches deep; the beads being about one inch in diameter. The tower is in the latest pointed style, but the stone is so extremely friable, that its ornamental parts are nearly all gone to decay. It has only one bell, the other four having been sold many years ago for the repairs of the church. As has been seen at page 110, the parish of St. Chad is united with St. Mary's for the support of the poor, and contains only about 35 houses, the rents of which are chiefly paid to the dean and chapter of Lichfield, who are the impropriators, and also patrons of the benefice, which is a *perpetual curacy*, now enjoyed by the Rev. Robert Anlezark, who is also incumbent of Castle Church.

MONASTERIES.

Before the dissolution in the reign of Henry VIII., Stafford contained several monastic institutions. At the north end of the town, without the walls, stood a house of *Franciscan* or *Grey Friars*, founded by Sir James Stafford, of Sandon. *At its suppression*, in 1540, it was valued at £35. 10s. 10d. per *annum, and* was granted to James Leveson. On the banks of *the Sow, nearly* two miles east of the town, was a priory of

Black Canons, founded according to some authors, by Richard Peche, bishop of Lichfield, about the year 1180, but according to others by Gerard Stafford, who thought proper to compliment the bishop with the title of founder, because it was built upon a portion of his Lordship's property. Which of these accounts is true we cannot determine, but the bishop had evidently a strong partiality for this house, for when he resigned his See, he entered himself one of its religious, and continued in that situation till his death. It was dedicated to St. Thomas-a-Becket exactly ten years after the death of that imperious but unfortunate prelate. The place is still called ST. THOMAS's, and is considered extra-parochial, though it maintains its poor and roads in conjunction with Hopton and Coton township. From the ruins of the priory which may still be seen near a corn mill, the area of the priory appears to have extended over several acres, enclosed by a stone wall of considerable strength. The religious of this monastery were limited to seven, whose revenues at the dissolution were valued at £198 per annum. It was granted by Henry VIII. to Rowland, bishop of Lichfield. In 1344, Ralph Lord Stafford bestowed a portion of ground at the Green, in Forebridge, on the *Austin or Black Friars* of St. Thomas's, and upon it they founded a religious establishment for the sake of his soul and those of his two wives. Leland, speaking of this house, says, "There were dyverse tombes of the Lordes Stafford, in Stone priory, made of alabaster. The images that lay on them were, after the suppression of that house, caryed to the Freers Augustine, in Forebridge, alias Stafford Grene. And in this Friery hangs a Petigree of the Staffords." But after the removal of these effigies to Forebridge, both them and the friary there speedily went entirely to ruin, and the site was granted to Thomas Neve and Giles Isam, in the first year of the reign of Queen Mary.

CHAPELS.

Besides the two churches here are six other Places of Worship, viz. the *Catholic Chapel*, in Forebridge, a handsome stuccoed building with a good house for the priest, the Rev. Edward Huddleston;—the *Presbyterian Chapel*, in the Broad Eye, erected in the reign of William and Mary, and now under the ministry of the Rev. Alexander M'Donald;—the *Quakers' Meeting-house*, a plain brick building, in Foregate, erected in 1730;—*Zion Independent Chapel*, in St. Martin's lane, built in 1811, in lieu of the small chapel in Vine-street, and now under the pastoral care of the Rev. William Henry Dorman;—the *New Connection Methodist Chapel*, in the County road, built in 1816;—and the large *Wesleyan Chapel*, in the Broad Eye, erected in 1811, with a house for the minister, built in 1831.

SUNDAY *Schools*, and *Bible*, *Tract*, *Missionary*, and other

Religious Institutions, are liberally supported both by the protestants and the dissenters. The Bishop of Lichfield is patron, and the Earl of Harrowby president of the "*Staffordshire Auxiliary Bible Society*," established in 1812. Here are also, a *Grammar School*, two *National Schools*, and an *Infant School*, the first of which is endowed, and the others are supported chiefly by donations and subscriptions.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL was founded by the letters patent of Edward VI., in the fourth year of his reign (1550), after the dissolution of the chantries and monasteries, and of the free school which had been kept by a chantry priest in the collegiate church of Stafford. For the maintenance and continuance of this school, which he founded on the petition of the inhabitants, the king granted to the Burgesses of Stafford a large portion of the tithes, lands, &c., lately belonging to the prebend of Marston, to the free chapel or hospital of St. John the Baptist, near Stafford, and to the free chapel of St. Leonard, then lately dissolved. He also granted that the said burgesses should be a body corporate, with a common seal and the power of acquiring lands, &c., to the annual value of £20., for the support of the school; of nominating the master and usher, and of making statutes and ordinances for their government. The chantry free school is said to have been founded by Thomas Counter, chaplain, with a yearly revenue of £4. 5s., which, after the dissolution of the college of Stafford, was paid to the grammar school out of the revenues of the college in the hands of the crown, and it is now paid to the head master by the corporation, to whom, as has just been seen, *Queen Elizabeth* granted all the possessions of the collegiate church in trust for certain public uses. The grammar school has also 40s. 2d. yearly, from land in Forebridge, and a tenement in Foregate, bequeathed to the ancient school in the church, by *Robert Lees*, in 1546. Its *yearly income* is now £335. 13s. all of which, except the two small annuities just named, arises from, or in consideration of, property granted by Edward VI., viz. £66 from an allotment of 15A. 2R. of land, in the parish of Castle Church, obtained in lieu of the tithes of the prebend of Marston; £20. 15s 2d., from the decreed rents of lands and tenements belonging to the free chapel of St. John; £240. 3s. 8d. from the rents of lands and tenements belonging to the free chapel of St. Leonard; 13s. from chief-rents; and £1. 16s., from the tithes of Foregate-street. The rents are received by a school-warden, appointed by the corporation; and the whole of the income is apportioned between the *master* and *usher*, in the proportion of two-thirds to the former, and one-third to the latter. The *school-house* formerly stood in St. Mary's church-yard, but *the corporation* took it down for the purpose of enlarging the

burial ground, and built the present school, in 1813, in the Gaol-square. No part of this expense was charged to the school fund. The building consists of two school-rooms for the master and usher, who now only teach the classics gratuitously, though their predecessors also gave instructions in English grammar, reading, writing, and accounts, to the children of all persons who resided in the borough and applied for admission;—no qualification being then required, but that each boy should be able to read the New Testament. On our visit the usher had only three boys in his school, but the head master's school was crowded, but not with the poor, to whom the classics are of little use, and who cannot afford to pay the heavy charges made here for the other branches of education. An annuity of £5. 6s. 8d., left by the *Rev. Robert Sutton*, in 1587, is equally divided among four of the poorest scholars, attending the upper school and appointed by the mayor, the rector, and the head master. This annuity is paid out of two houses in Stafford, and the corporation pay two other annuities left by the same donor, viz. 6s. 8d. to the rector of St. Mary's, and 40s. for 40 poor old widows on St. Andrew's day. The Rev. George Norman, M. A., is the *master*, and the Rev. Joseph Smith, B. D., the *usher*.

The NATIONAL SCHOOL, on Snow Hill, is a neat brick building, erected in 1825, at the cost of about £800., of which £300 was a grant from the National School Society, and the rest was raised by subscription. About 100 boys and as many girls are taught here, on Dr. Bell's system, and each of them pays 2*d.* per week to the teachers, who have also small yearly salaries from the proceeds of the annual contributions, which have of late years been considerably diminished, but we trust the benevolent inhabitants of Stafford will not suffer this useful charity to perish for want of pecuniary aid. THE NATIONAL SCHOOL, IN FOREBRIDGE, was built in 1825, and is endowed with 19 gardens, purchased, in 1740, with £170 left by Dorothy Bridgeman, and now let for £30 a year. Near it is an INFANT SCHOOL, occupying a neat rustic cottage, and established about three years ago by Philip Seckerson, Esq. and his Lady.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.—Stafford has neither a Public Library, a Philosophical Society, nor a Mechanics' Institute, the absence of which, in a respectable county town, teeming with wealth, and having in its vicinity many seats of nobility and gentry, is a matter of much surprise in the present "march of intellect." There is a circulating library belonging to one of the booksellers, and a weekly NEWSPAPER, called the "*Staffordshire Advertiser*," established about 40 years ago, is published in Gaolgate-street, every Saturday morning, by Messrs. John Drewry Mort, and Charles Chester Mort, successors of Mr Chester, the late proprietor. The places of amusement are the *Theatre*, a mean looking building, in St. Martin's lane, visited by Mr. *Charles Stenton's company* of comedians; and the



Assembly Room, in the Shire Hall, noticed at page 122. The germs of FREE MASONRY have however lately produced here an abundance of fruit, under the name of the *Royal Chartley Lodge*, and on Sept. 10th, 1833, the first stone of a handsome building, to be used as the PROVINCIAL GRAND LODGE, was laid in the County road, by the Right Hon. Washington Earl Ferrers, the Provincial Grand Master, in the presence of a very splendid procession of the craft, and several thousand spectators. The cost of the building will be about £1,500, of which £1,250 was raised in 50 shares of £25 each. Balls and Assemblies are intended to be held in it occasionally. As the operatives of Stafford are mostly *cordwainers*, the following masterly description of the intellectual character of the *Sons of Crispin* may not be uninteresting to the reader:—"*Mental Character of the Cobbler.*—Seated all day on a low seat, pressing obdurate last and leather against the epigastrium, dragging the reluctant thread into hard and durable stitches, or hammering heels and toes with much monotony—the cobbler's mind, regardless of the proverb, wanders into regions metaphysical, political, and theological; and from men thus employed have sprung many founders of sects, religious reformers, gloomy politicians, "bards, sophists, statesmen," and all other "unquiet things," including a countless host of hypochondriacs. The dark and pensive aspect of shoemakers in general is matter of common observation. It is but justice to them, however, to say, that their acquisition of knowledge, and their habits of reflection, are often such as to command admiration. The hypochondrical cast of their minds is probably, in part, induced by the imperfect action of the stomach, liver, and intestines, in consequence of the position in which they sit at work."—*Foreign Quarterly Review*.

Among the EMINENT MEN born in Stafford, we may enumerate *John Stafford*, a Franciscan friar of considerable celebrity, who wrote a history of England in latin;—*Edmund Stafford*, bishop of Exeter, and chancellor of England in the reign of Henry IV.;—*Thomas Ashburn*, who distinguished himself by his vigorous and active opposition to the new doctrines of Wickliffe, in the 14th century;—and *Thomas Fitzherbert*, a learned and ingenious Catholic writer of the 17th century, who, after being persecuted and for some time imprisoned in his own country, retired to Rome, where he became governor or rector of the English College there, which office he held till his death, in 1610.

The ALMSHOUSES in Mill lane were built and given for the residence of 6 poor men and 6 poor women, by *Sir Martin Noel*, sometime prior to 1693, and it is said that his intention to endow them with yearly stipends was frustrated by his subsequent losses *at sea*; but happily his benevolent views have been effected by *other benefactors*. The houses occupy three sides of a square, *and now contain* apartments occupied by 23 poor men and wi-

dows, many of whom have families residing with them. The endowment which is apportioned amongst them at the discretion of the corporation, produces about £49 per annum, arising from the following donations. John Chetwynd, Philip and Thomas Foley, and some others gave several sums for the benefit of the almspeople, amounting to £240, which the corporation laid out in re-purchasing the tithes of Marston held by them under the grant of Queen Elizabeth, as already noticed. For this £240, the corporation pay £12 a-year to the almshouse fund. In 1711, Richard Bynns, D. D. left £50, for which five per cent. interest is paid out of the corporation funds. The inmates have also a supply of coals from W. Farmer's charity, and a rent-charge of £28 per annum out of COTONFIELD, as has been seen at page 121.

The *four Almshouses* in Eastgate-street have been occupied, rent free, by poor families ever since 1701, when the corporation purchased them with £46 "charity money in their hands," subject to a quit rent of 8s.

Palmers's Almshouses, in the Broad Eye, are occupied by two poor widows, but have no endowment. They were given in exchange for two other dwellings in St Martin's lane, left in 1638, by *John Palmer*, who also bequeathed a yearly rent-charge of 6s. 8d. for a sermon at St. Mary's on Ascension day.

BENEFACTIONS TO THE POOR OF STAFFORD.

Wm. Farmer gave £40, to provide coals for the poor in winter, and *Rebecca Crompton* £30 for the yearly payment of 30s. to six poor widows. These sums were laid out by the corporation, in 1725, in the purchase of 9A. 1R. 10P. of land in Fulford, called *Willymore-Backs*, and now let for £13. 10s. per annum. Four-sevenths of the rents are distributed in coals, principally to the poor in the almshouses, and the remainder is divided among six poor widows. *Barbara*, *John*, *and Prudence Crompton*, in 1683, gave £50, for which the corporation pay yearly 40s. to four poor widows of Stafford, and 10s. to the poor of Milwich. The poor of St. Mary's parish have 30s. yearly, left by *Robert Lovatt*, out of an estate at Creswell. The sum of £60, left by *Richard Sartin*, was laid out by the corporation, in 1672, in the purchase of the King's *fee-farm* rent of £3. 6s. 8d. issuing out of the borough of Stafford. In consideration of this legacy, 12 penny loaves are distributed at St. Mary's church every Sunday. In 1672, *Isaac Walton*, gave a garden 219 feet long and 37 feet broad, near the borough gaol, and directed the rents to be distributed in coals among the poor of the borough. This garden, which is now partly built upon, is let for £2. 16s. a year, which is carried to the corporation account, and has not been applied to the purpose of the charity in the memory of any persons now living. *In 1698, the same Isaac Walton* bequeathed a farm of *48a. 2R. 27P. at Halfhead, near* Chebsey, now let for £85. 10s.



per annum, and directed the yearly proceeds to be applied as follows, viz. £10 to *apprentice* two poor boys of Stafford; £5 as a *marriage portion* with some poor maid of Stafford, who has attained the age of 21, "and has dwelt long in one service;" 20s. to the corporation for their trouble in dispensing his charity; and the residue to be distributed in *coals* among the most needy poor of the town. The *Poor Burgesses' Fund* consists of £710 12s. 3d. South Sea annuities, purchased with the benefactions of Sir Thomas Offley, Mrs. Kirton, and eighteen other donors. The yearly interest of this stock (£21. 6s. 4d.) is distributed according to an order of the Court of Chancery, dated 1742, among as many poor burgesses as it will extend to at 40s. each; so that in some years there are 10 and in others 11 participants. The churchwardens of St. Mary's receive yearly £14. from Earl Ferrers as the Stafford portion of *Henry Smith's charity*, charged on the manor of Fradswell, for apprenticing poor children. In 1663, *Simon Fowler* bequeathed to the borough of Stafford a yearly rent-charge of £12. out of Shippey farm, in the parish of Haughton, to be applied as follows, viz., £9. to be distributed among the poor in half-yearly moities; 40s. to provide gowns for two poor persons, and 20s. to the rector of St. Mary's, for two sermons on May 1st. and October 8th. In the beginning of every year, the poor parishioners of the borough have distributed among them about £31. from *Roger Hinton's charity* already described with Lichfield. Stafford also participates in *Humphrey Perrye's charity*, (see page 225), for apprenticing poor children. Five of the poorest widows of the borough have divided amongst them every Christmas, an annuity of £5. left in 1721, by *Thomas Tombes*, out of his estate at Bridgeford; and 20 other poor widows have 2s. each, yearly, out of two houses in St. James's-street, left by *John Webb*, in 1766, and now belonging to Mr. Webb, of Colton. In 1643, *Peter Hales* bequeathed to ST. CHAD'S PARISH, 10s. for the repairs of the church, and 10s. for the poor, out of the Bull's Head public-house, in Diglake. In 1629, *Thomas Chamberlin* bequeathed, out of Backhouse's Meadows, at Silkmore, the following annuities, viz. £2. 6s. 8d. to the poor of ST. MARY'S; 33s. 4d. to the poor of CASTLE-CHURH PARISH; and 6s. 8d. each to the ministers of *Castle-Church* and *Seighford*. In 1697, *Thomas Bolde* bequeathed out of land in Salt, the following yearly rent-charges to *Marston Chapelry*, viz., 20s. for two sermons on the 1st. of May and November, and 30s. for six of the poorest inhabitants on St. Thomas's day.

The WORKHOUSE, in St. Mary's church-yard, is an ancient building, much too small for the present wants of the *united parishes of St. Mary and St. Chad*. The governess is *allowed 3s. 3d.* per head per week for the maintenance of the *inmates*. *The parish office* is behind the Shire-Hall. Mr. John *Beech is the acting overseer* The POOR RATES, in each of the

years 1818-19 and 20, amounted to £2880. collected in nine rates; but in each of the three succeeding years, owing to the vigilence of the *Select Vestry*, only six rates were collected, amounting to £1920. In 1832, the sum collected was £1825. 11s. 4d., in five rates. For *Population*, &c. see page 110.

BENEFACTIONS TO CASTLE-CHURCH PARISH:—The poor of Burton, Rickerscote, and Forebridge, receive about £30. a-year from *Roger Hinton's charity*, (see Lichfield,) and they also participate in *Thomas Chamberlin's charity* noticed above. In 1702, *Wm. Goldsmith* bequeathed to this parish, three yearly rent-charges, viz., £10. out of Backhouse's Meadows, in Silkmore, for a weekly distribution of bread; £10. out of four fields in Burton and Rickerscote, belonging to C. H. Webb, Esq., for clothing poor widows; and 20s. out of the Butterhill estate, to the minister, for a sermon on March 1st. *Mrs. Dorothy Bridgman* left £147. for schooling poor children of the township of *Forebridge*; and in 1740, it was laid out in the purchase of land, which, at the enclosure in 1803, was exchanged for an allotment of 5A. 2R. 14P., now divided into gardens, and let for £30. a-year, which is paid to the master of the *National School*, built in 1825. In 1663, *Simon Fowler* left, for the poor of *Forebridge*, £2. a-year out of the Risingbrook estate. The Corporation of Stafford pay 6s. a-year as the gift of some unknown donor, for purchasing *plums*, for the Christmas puddings, of the occupants of 15 or 16 old houses, which, at the time of this donation, formed the whole village of Forebridge.

CLERGY CHARITY:—"The Charity for the relief of the widows and orphans of poor clergymen, &c., within the Archdeanery and the several Peculiars of the County of Stafford," was instituted in 1771, and still derives a liberal support from a numerous list of annual subscribers.

STAFFORDSHIRE GENERAL INFIRMARY.

This Samaritan Institution is a neat brick building, in Foregate, erected in 1766, since which two wings have been added; and in 1829, the principal entrance was ornamented with a handsome portico, at the cost of £257 left by the late Thos. Mottershaw, Esq. of Silkmore. In the latter year, (1829) there was added to this extensive Infirmary a spacious and well ventilated *Fever Ward*, erected and fitted up at the south end of the Infirmary at the cost of upwards of £2,300, and connected with it by a corridor and separate entrance. John Eld, Esq. of Seighford, (of whom there is in the board room, a fine full length portrait) was one of the earliest and most zealous promoters of the Infirmary, which has 13 wards, with beds for 78 patients;—four of the wards having 10 beds each, seven 3, one 12, and another 5 beds. In the Fever Ward is a Steam Engine which cost £266, and supplies all the apartments, baths, &c. with water, and likewise turns the washing machine. Since the opening of



the Institution in 1766, to Christmas 1832, no fewer than 70,232 patients had partaken of its healing benefits, of whom 26,066 were *in*, and 44,166 *out* patients. The average number of patients in the house at one time is about 65, and the yearly *expenditure* is generally upwards of £2,300. The *receipts* of the charity for the year 1832, amounted to upwards of £2,400, arising principally from annual contributions, and the dividends of £49,316, three and three and a half per cent. *Stock*, purchased at various periods with the savings of the charity. The Earl of Lichfield is the treasurer, two physicians and four surgeons attend gratuitously, and Mr. T. F. Kemsey is the resident house surgeon, apothecary and secretary; and Mrs. Fanny Webb the matron.

LUNATIC ASYLUM.

The Staffordshire General Lunatic Asylum is an immense establishment, pleasantly situated on the north-east side of the town, near the county gaol, in the township of Hopton and Coton. It has extensive gardens and pleasure grounds, surrounded by a strong brick wall, enclosing upwards of 30 acres. The house is a handsome and lofty brick building, 368 feet in length, commenced in 1812, and finished in 1818, at the cost of £33,500, including the purchase of the ground, &c. It is admirably conducted, and ranks amongst the principal institutions of this kind in the kingdom. The long galleries, and the numerous apartments are spacious, clean, and well ventilated. The patients are classed according to rank and condition, and have the benefit of warm and cold baths, and of every rational amusement either in the house, or in the spacious gardens and pleasure grounds, through which there runs a small stream of water. The number of patients in this gigantic institution is generally about 200, of whom nearly 100 are paupers sent by the warrants of magistrates under the provisions of the general Act of Parliament for the erection of County Lunatic Asylums, passed in 1808, and amended in 1829, by an Act of Geo. IV., which requires all the overseers of the poor in this county to give information to two justices of the peace of all lunatics or dangerous idiots who are chargeable to their respective townships; and if they neglect to give this information, they are each liable to a penalty of £10. The weekly sum of 6s. is paid for the maintenance, &c. of each pauper out of the poor rates of their respective townships. One portion of the asylum is set apart for the reception of patients in the higher walks of life, and they are accommodated according to the wishes and payments of their friends. And since the opening of the asylum, in 1818, a *Subscription Fund* has been liberally supported for the relief of individuals resident in the county, *whose friends*, not receiving any parochial relief, are unable to *defray the whole of the* weekly charge made by the establishment, *for the admission*, care, and maintenance of private patients.

Those admitted on this fund are divided into two classes: The *upper class*, consisting of individuals who have moved in good circumstances, are associated with the higher classes of patients in the house; and the deficit arising from the payments made by their friends, is made up out of the fund to 16s. per week: The *lower class* of patients admitted on the fund consists of individuals who have moved in the more humble walks of life, and the deficit arising from the payment made by their friends, is made up out of the fund to 12s. per week. There are generally from 20 to 30 patients receiving the benefit of this fund. During the last seven years the asylum has received no support from the county rate, though its *annual expenditure* amounts to upwards of £5,500. From Oct. 1818 to Dec. 1832, the *total number of patients* admitted was 1604, of whom 693 were recovered, 190 relieved, 88 removed by desire of their friends, 185 removed by overseers as harmless and incurable, 259 dead, and 189 remaining in the asylum. The Earl of Harrowby is the *president*; Sir Robert Peel, M.P., the *vice-president*; the Magistrates and principal Subscribers, the *committee of visitors*; the Rev. Richard Buckeridge, the *chaplain*: Dr. Knight, the *physician*; Mr. John Garret, the *house surgeon and superintendent*; and Mrs. Mary Turner, the *matron*.

CORPORATION OF STAFFORD.

(ROYAL COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY.)

Since writing our account of the corporation and the chartered privileges of Stafford, (Vide page 117 to 120), the town has been visited by A. E. Cockburn, and Edward Rushton, Esqrs., two of the *commissioners* appointed by Royal authority to enquire into the existing state of the Corporations of England. These commissioners arrived here on Monday, Nov. 25th, 1833, and commenced their investigation in the Crown Court, and during that and the two following days, the Town Clerk and several members of the corporate body were examined, as also were several of the burgesses. The following is a summary of the most important part of the evidence adduced on this occasion:—

Francis Brookes, Esq., the Town Clerk, said he had held his office 32 years; that the boundaries of the municipal Borough were well known and occasionally perambulated, "The first Charter of Incorporation was dated the first of May, in the seventh year of the reign of King John. There were two charters of Henry III. One each of Edward III., (two parts), Richard II., Henry IV., Henry VIII., and Edward VI. One of the 23rd of Elizabeth. Two of James I. One also of the 7th of Chas. III. The governing charter was in the 8th year of the reign of Geo. IV. The *charters* themselves were all in London, in the office of the *Master of the Rolls*, having been impounded, *but with other records of* the Corporation, by an order from

the Court of Chancery, in order to assist the Court in a suit now pending between *Lord Talbot* and the *Rector of Stafford*, relative to the *Tithes of Coton*. The title of the Corporation of Stafford is "The Mayor and Burgesses of the Borough of Stafford, in the county of Stafford." The Corporatian consists of a Mayor, ten Aldermen, and ten capital Burgesses. The Mayor is elected by a majority of each class. Previous to the last charter a majority of the whole body was considered sufficient. There were proceedings in the nature of "*Quo Warranto*" taken in 1824, 1825, and 1826, and earlier, and in the course of those investigations, it was found that a majority of each component part was necessary in elections. This led to the new charter. The Mayor must be an alderman previous to his election. He is the head of the Corporation: presides at the administration of justice; and is the returning officer at elections for members of Parliament. The Mayor has no emoluments, no salary, no allowance from the Corporation. He has the patronage of the Coton Field acres; but is not allowed anything for distributing them. No qualification except residence is necessary; and that he must have been a capital burgess. Two justices are appointed annually, who have no other duty to perform but that of assisting in the administration of justice. The Mayor, and Aldermen, and capital Burgesses, form the Common Council. The capital burgesses are elected indiscriminately from the burgesses and the inhabitants. An inhabitant on being elected a capital burgess takes the burgess's oath. The *freedom of the Borough* is acquired by birth. All the sons of burgesses born within the borough are free. The freedom is also acquired by apprenticeship of seven years within the borough. The corporation also consider that they have the power to confer the right, by election; but they have not exercised the power of late. The *High Steward* of the borough is the Duke of Sutherland. The election is by the Common Council for life. The High Steward appoints a *Deputy*, who holds a Court Leet, appoints officers, constables, scavengers, and pinners. Neither the High Steward nor his Deputy have any emoluments or privileges. The *Recorder* is appointed by the Mayor, Aldermen and Capital Burgesses. The present Recorder is Thomas Swinnerton, Esq. He is a magistrate. His duty is to attend the *Sessions*, when necessary; but that is very seldom. Sessions are not held, except for bastardy and those kind of things. The Recorder has no salary, nor other emoluments. The *Deputy Recorder* is appointed by the Recorder. I believe he is a magistrate by virtue of his office. The *Town Clerk* is appointed by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Capital Burgesses: his appointment is during pleasure. His duties are to be the legal adviser of the Corporation: he would act as Clerk of the Peace if the Court of Record was held; and he officiates as Clerk to the magistrates in Petty Sessions. He generally acts as solicitor to the Corporation: he does so now; but it does

not follow that he should always do so. He has not power to appoint a deputy; but the Common Council have. The Town Clerk has no salary. He is entitled to fees as Clerk of the Peace and Clerk to the Magistrates in Petty Sessions. The average emoluments of the Town Clerk, including his attendance at the Common Council, amount to about £60 a year, not more. There are two *Serjeants at Mace*. One is appointed by the Mayor alone, the other by the Corporation and Burgesses at large annually. Their duty is to attend upon the Mayor. They receive the small Market Tolls as their emoluments, which amount to about six shillings a week for each of them. The *Chamberlain* is appointed by the Common Council, during pleasure. The present Chamberlain is Mr. Edward Jenkinson. He collects the Corporation Rents; he receives and pays all moneys. His salary is £95 a year, and he has also £1, for managing Walton's Charity. He is not a member of the Corporation. He gives security for £600 with one surety. Four *Constables* are appointed by the Court Leet. They are paid by the fees of office; but occasionally receive a small donation. The *Town Crier* is appointed by the Mayor for the time being. His salary is £3 a year. He is a deputy constable; and there is likewise another deputy constable. They are paid as such only by the fees. The Mayor and Aldermen pay no *admission fees*. The burgesses, by birth, pay on their admission to their freedom, five shillings to the Town Clerk; one shilling and sixpence to the sergeants; and one pound for stamps. The burgesses by servitude, pay forty shillings to the Chamberlain, which goes to the general Corporation Fund; and the same fees as the former class, and also the same amount for stamps. An Inhabitant, when elected a capital burgess, pays ten shillings and sixpence to the Town Clerk; for stamps, three pounds; one shilling each to the sergeants; but nothing to the Corporation. None of the Officers pay fees on admission. The Court of *Petty Sessions* is held once a week; or oftener, if requisite. The Mayor and two Aldermen act as Justices. If the Recorder were present, he would be entitled to act as a Justice. The County Magistrates claim a concurrent jurisdiction with the Borough Magistrates, but they never act with them. The Borough Magistrates have not a concurrent jurisdiction with those of the county. The *Court of Quarter Sessions* is still held. The *Court of Record* has not been held for some years. Pleas of all forms could be held in it to any amount. I have known a *capias* issue for £1,200. I do not know how the Court came to fall into desuetude: perhaps because the fees are not so high as in the superior Courts. The *Police* consists of four constables and four deputy constables. There is no distinct watch. I think one much wanted. There is no Borough

We have a *lock-up*. There is a fire place in it. It is *amply comfortable*. Persons seldom remain more than 24 hours in it. There is no bed, but there are benches and straw



Mr. Edward Jenkinson, Chamberlain to the Corporation was next examined, and from his evidence it appeared the *revenue* of the Corporation is derived chiefly from the rents under leases, and fines for encroachments, &c., and amounted (including £125 per annum from Mr. John Pilsbury for the market stalls and standings,) to the yearly sum of £505. 4s. 9d.; but of this £70 could not be collected, on account of the worthlessness of the property before the lessees had made improvements. That the *debts* of the Corporation, consisting of sums borrowed from different individuals on bonds, mortgage, and promissory notes, amounted to £3,950, exclusive of several heavy claims made by several members of the corporate body, for expenses incurred in defending the *quo warrantos*, issued against them by Mr. Flint; among these claimants were Mr. Hawthorn £635; Mr. Hughes £250; the Executors of the late Mr. Hubball for nearly the same amount, and several others whose claims amount to about £100. The whole of these debts and liabilities, it appeared, had been incurred by defending the proceedings instituted against the Corporation in 1824 and subsequent years, and partly by the expenditure necessary to obtain the new charter. They had amounted in the whole to £8,500, to reduce which many individual sacrifices had been made, "the town Clerk having actually struck out £1,200 from the amount of his account against the Corporation."

Amongst the *complaints* made by the *burgesses* against the Corporation were the following:—that they and the Rector assumed the sole right of electing the *Churchwardens;* that the master and usher of the *Grammer School* taught nothing but Greek and Latin, and had consequently only 12 free scholars; that some of the corporation property was let on leases much below its value; and that the *staple trade* of the town, had not a single representative in the corporate body, though the manufacturers here "do not turn less than a hundred thousand a year," and are many of them men of respectability and intelligence; the election of members being (it was asserted,) confined to a few families, and persons recently settled in the town being sometimes preferred to inhabitants of longer standing. The Corporation, however, repudiated these charges, and at the closing of the Court, the Commissioners said, "that nothing could be more satisfactory than the conduct of the corporate body on this occasion, as they had certainly afforded every facility for the prosecution of the enquiry."

OUT-TOWNSHIPS IN ST. MARY'S PARISH.

(For Population and Annual Value, see page 110.*)*

HOPTON AND COTON township is a fertile district, including the small village of Hopton, 3 miles N. E. of Stafford,

and a number of scattered houses extending from the Lunatic Asylum and the hamlet of LITTLEWORTH on the eastern side of Stafford, to the confines of Ingestre, the beautiful seat of Earl Talbot, who is lord of both these manors, and owner of most of the soil, but a large portion of the *manor of Coton*, (which adjoins to Stafford, and contains the Asylum and the hamlet of Littleworth), belongs to the Burgesses of Stafford, as has been seen at page 121. Here is also the hamlet of ST. THOMAS, where there are, near a corn mill, on the north bank of the river Sow, some remains of a *Priory* noticed at page 129. At a short distance north from the latter is BEACON HILL, distinguished by a vast collection of rocks on its summit, which was formerly crowned by a signal post for communicating alarm to the country around, in the event of hostile invasion or internal commotion. Upon *St. Anne's* or HOPTON HEATH, (now enclosed,) about 2½ miles N. E. of Stafford, a severe battle was fought in 1643, between the King's forces, under the Earl of Northampton, and the Parliamentary army, commanded by Sir John Gell, and Sir William Brereton. The Earl of Northampton had proposed the relief of Lichfield: but that town having been compelled to surrender before his troops could arrive, he determined to march upon Stafford, which had been immediately after invested by a detachment of the victorious republicans. Upon the approach of the Royalists, Sir John Gell, who commanded this force, retired with the view of forming a junction with Sir William Brereton, who was collecting his troops with the same intention. This point being effected, both Generals retraced their steps towards Stafford, and encamped at this place. The Earl of Northampton immediately led his forces against them; and notwithstanding their great superiority in numbers, attacked them with incredidle impetuosity. A long and obstinate contest took place, in which, after performing prodigies of valour, the Earl's horse having been shot under him, he was surrounded and slain. Though thus deprived of their gallant general, the Royalists continued the battle, and according to their own account ultimately gained a decided victory. The Parliamentary army, on the other hand, asserted that though defeated at first they were in the end successful; and, if success is to be estimated by its consequences, they certainly had the best of the day, for it is said that out of the 600 dead bodies found on the field of battle, next morning, more than 500 of them were Royalists. Among the slain of the Royalists were Captains Middleton, Baker, Leeming, Cressit, Bagot and Biddulph, and the son of Sir Thomas Lucee who carried the King's colours. The Earl of Northampton's body was pillaged and stripped, and treated with the same indignities as those of the meanest soldiers, though the Royalists offered a large sum for its ransom.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those without any name of* place attached *reside at Hopton village, A considerable* part of Coton *is let in small parcels to the inhabitants of* Stafford.



Dale Richard, shoemaker
Dawson T. corn miller, *St. Thomas's*
Knight Ely, land bailiff to Earl Talbot, *Coton Lodge*
Oldershaw Rev. Hy., (incumbent of Weston,) *Coton*
Pearson John, gamekeeper, *Rowley Cottage*
Perkins Thomas, victualler, *Pool Cottage*

Farmers.

Addison John, *St. Thomas's*
Bramley Eliz.
Dix John
Hill John, *Littleworth*
Hill Thos., (overseer)
Kent William
Marson Joseph
Perkins William, *New building*
Platt William
Shelly Ralph, *Beacon hill*
Tetley Ann
Wright Sampson

MARSTON township and chapelry contains about 20 scattered houses, and 1,500 acres of rich loamy land, 3 miles N. of Stafford; the whole belonging to T. W. Giffard, Esq., of Chillington, except 125 acres allotted to the parishioners of Stafford, at the enclosure in 1800 (Vide page 121). The *Chapel of Ease* is a small edifice of stone, with a cupola and bell. The curacy is in the gift of the King, and is now enjoyed by the Rev. J. Ellerton, of Baswich, who performs duty here once a fortnight, the living being only worth about £72. per annum.—(*Charities* see page 134). The principal inhabitants are, George Tharme, victualler, New Inn, *Yarlet-Hill*; George Goodwin, shoemaker; and the following FARMERS, viz., Ann Bakewell, *Enson-Moor*; Peter Lowe, John Ponder, Charles Morris, and George Stubbs.

SALT AND ENSON township includes a number of scattered houses, and the secluded village of Salt, consisting of a street of humble dwellings, lying on the south bank of the Trent, under the hills of Salt-heath, opposite the groves of Sandon-hall, 3½ miles N.N. E. of Stafford. Earl Talbot is lord of the manor, and owner of most of the land, and supports a *Free School*, (built in 1810), for clothing and education of 20 poor boys and 20 girls. The heath was enclosed in 1820. In the following *Directory*, those marked * reside in the hamlet of *Enson*, and the rest in *Salt* village, or where specified.

Bradley William, shoemaker
Craddock John, joiner
Goodwin William, shoemaker
Heeley John, rope and twine manufacturer
Hood Samuel, tailor
Kingston Edw. brick maker. *Sand bank*
Martin Geo. victualler, Holly bush
Mills William, wheelwright
Morley Stephen, free school
*Perkins Joseph, shop*keeper

Beer Houses.

Bentley Edw.
Cooper John
Lees John

Farmers.

Allen William
Babb Jeffry
Bradley Simon
Bradshaw Sarah
*Greatbatch Wid.
Greatbatch Walt.
*Hill John
*Hine Widow
Horrobin Thos.
Kingston Mary
Lees John, *Ronylow*
Lees Thomas
*Perkins James
Snow James, *Salt hall*
Stubbs William, *Weston hall*
Till Ann
Turnock Joseph

TILLINGTON, 1¼ mile N. of Stafford, is a small township, consisting of only three farms, one of which belongs to William Locker, Esq., of *Tillington-House;* and the other two are occupied by Joseph Henshaw, and Thomas Lycett.

WHITGREAVE, or *Whitgrove*, is a small township with several scattered houses and a small village, lying in a pleasant valley, 4 miles N.N.W. of Stafford, belonging chiefly to William Haddersich, Esq., of Rickerscote. The common was enclosed in 1774. The toll-bar house here is partly in Marston township. The principal inhabitants of Whitgreave are, Joseph Webb, gent., Wm. Hart, butcher and beer-house; J. Spencer, blacksmith; Samuel Platt, bar-keeper; and the following FARMERS, viz., Wm. Beardmore, Edw. Gaunt, George Lees, Joseph Limer, Elizabeth and W. Perkins, and John Till.

WORSTON, at the conflux of two streams which form the river Sow, 4 miles N. W. of Stafford, is an estate of 200 acres, with a neat *mansion* and large *Corn and Silk Mill*, occupied by the owner, *Mr. John Milner*. In monastic times it formed part of the prebend of Coton. It is considered extra-parochial, and keeps its own poor, though ecclesiastically it is annexed to St. Mary's parish, the tithes being given to the Corporation of Stafford by Queen Elizabeth, for the support of the mother church; together with the other possessions of the dissolved college of Stafford, as has been seen at page 127. Its population amounts only to 25 souls.

CASTLE-CHURCH PARISH

Is a fertile district, of considerable extent, in the Cuttleston Hundred, on the south side of the river Sow, opposite to Stafford, comprising 3,774 acres, and a population of 1,374 souls. It is divided into two liberties or constablewicks, viz., *Forebridge* and *Rickerscote with Burton*, which support their poor conjointly, at an annual expense of about £300, including £130 paid to the County Rates. Lord Stafford is lord of the manor, and owner of about one-third of the soil. The other principal land owners are, Edward and Charles Clarke, C. H. Webb, George Keen, and William Haddersich, Esqrs., all of whom have handsome mansions in the parish. As has been seen at page 110, FOREBRIDGE forms a handsome and populous suburb of Stafford, and its inhabitants are consequently included in the Directory of that town, (see page 145.) The venerable parish CHURCH, anciently an appendage to the barony of Stafford, stands in a secluded, but picturesque situation, near the *Castle*, which is already described at page 115. Many parts of it appear to have been rebuilt at various periods, partly of brick. The *living is a perpetual curacy* in the patronage of the King, *and is now enjoyed by the* Rev. Robert Anlezark, of Dainshall,

ORD DIRECTORY.

AR INN; ——— ——— Esq. *Collector;* *r's Clerk*; John Mayhew, *Supervisor*, (with *Ride Officers at Stafford.*) The STAFFORD d into SIX DISTRICTS; viz.—Stafford, Pank- ent, Uttoxeter, Newcastle-under-Lyme, and has a Supervisor.

ket square; Arthur Morgan, *Postmaster.*— to Manchester at ¼ past 8 mg.; to Liverpool, rhampton, at 3 mg. and 4 aft.; to Birmingham, nd Holyhead, at ¼ p. 12 noon; to London, at tle and the Potteries, at ¼ past 3 afternoon.

in the following Directory are—Forebdg., for t., Gaolgate street; Greengt. Greengate street; are; st., street; bldgs., for buildings; and it is hoped will be readily understood.

e Green, Greenfields, The Hough, Silkmore, , and several scattered farms, distinguished by *Liberty of Forebridge*, in Castle Church parish.

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ntaining the Names of Gentry, Clergy, Partners r Inhabitants not arranged in the Lists of Trades

uel, Diglake
, Diglake
, Greengt.
s, Gaolgt.
ert, *Dainshill*
r, Forebridge
field farm
cer, Mkt. st.
Gaolgt.
Mount Plt.
, Market st.
ker, Greengt.
reen fields
rmer, *Green*
, Forebridge
n major, Uni-

clerk, Vine st.
, *Dainshill*
draper, Fore-

ent. Foregate
dlr. Mkt. sq.
rmer, *Silkmore*
field farm
rrier, Foregt.
, clk. Chapel st.
Chapel street
, Lees farm

Brutton Thomas, governor of the County gaol
Buckeridge Rev. Rd. Gaolgt.
Bull Thos. horse brkr. Vine st.
Burton John, Forebridge
Carroway Rev. John, (Method.) Chapel street
Carter Thomas, Gas-works
Cartwright Mr. Sampson, Gaolgt.
Cartwright Wm. gent. Foregate
Cartwright Mrs. M. Union bldgs.
Challen Mrs. Margt. Market sq.
Chambers, Wm. sergt. Forebdg.
Chester, Chas. gent. Gaolgt.
Chetwynd Dowgr. Lady, Greengt.
Clarke Chas. gent. The Green
Cliff Mrs. Ann, The Green
Cook Misses A. & M. Back walls
Cook William, trunk maker, St. Mary's square
Cornock Wm. mfr. at the Gaol
Cornwell Wm. Shire-hall keeper
Cramer Mr. James, County road
Cramer James, gent. Green field
Dain Mr. Francis, Sandon road
Dawson Edw. printer, Gaolgt.
Devall Jas. upholsterer, Diglake
Dickenson James, sub distributor of stamps, Gaolgate street

a small hamlet near the church. Amongst the numerous handsome villas in Forebridge are the *Green Hall*, the mansion of Charles Henry Webb, Esq.; *Castle-Farm*, the seat of Philip Seckerson, Esq.; *Dainshill-Farm*, occupied by Mr. Joseph Painter, a noted race-horse breeder; *The Hough*, late the seat of Miss Carns; *Rowley-Hall*, an elegant mansion built by its present occupant, William Keen, Esq.; and *Silkmore-House*, the residence of Thomas Hartshorn, Esq. The latter was the seat of the late Thomas Mottershaw, Esq., and the estate belonging to it, is noticed in Domesday Book, under the name of *Selchemore*, and is bounded on the east by the Penk rivulet, being 2 miles S. S. E. of Stafford. The *Schools*, and the *Catholic Chapel*, in Forebridge, are noticed at page 129 and 131, and the *Benefactions* belonging to the parish, at page 135.

RICKERSCOTE is a pleasant hamlet of scattered houses, 2 miles S.W. of Stafford, and adjoins the three farms of BURTON. The soil is a good light loam, in a high state of cultivation, and the low lands, which are mostly in pasturage, have been greatly improved by drains and embankments, which protect them from inundations. Several saline springs have been found by digging in these meadows; and about twenty years ago, a SPA was discovered on the estate then belonging to T. B. Perkins, Esq., the water of which is said to resemble that of Cheltenham, being found to contain a portion of iron, salts, calcareous earth, and hepatic air. It is moderately aperient when taken in small doses, and has a tonic effect similar to that of other chalybeate water, when applied either internally or by immersion. *Edward Clarke*, *William Haddersich*, and *Francis Brookes, (of Moss-pits,) Esqrs.*, and *Mr. John Wright*, have estates and neat mansions here; and the following are the resident FARMERS:

*Those marked * are at Ashflat; † at Burton; & § at Moss-Pits.*

*Barber Hugh	§Devy James	Shaw John
*Blackburn John	†Dodd Geo. beer house	Painter Jph. *Dainshill*
Charles John	†Eccleshall John	†Turner John
*Cooper Nicholas	†Moor Robert	Wetton Edward
Davis John	Podmore George	Wright John

☞ *The addresses of all the other principal inhabitants of Castle-Church will be found incorporated with the following*

DIRECTORY OF STAFFORD.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH.	ST. CHAD'S & CASTLE-CHURCH.
Coldwell, Rev. William Edward, M. A., *Rector.*	Anlezark, Rev. Robert, *of Dainshill, Incumbent.*
Tildesley John, Clerk, } St. Mary's-square.	Wynne William, of Mill-lane, *Clerk*
Tildesley Thomas, Sexton, }	*and Sexton.*

☞ *For list of* CORPORATION AND OFFICERS, see page 130.

STAFFORD DIRECTORY.

Excise-Office, Star Inn; ——— ——— Esq. *Collector*; Thos. Graham, *Collector's Clerk*; John Mayhew, *Supervisor*, (with *two Division and two Ride Officers at Stafford.*)—The Stafford Collection is divided into Six Districts; viz.—Stafford, Penkridge, Burton-upon-Trent, Uttoxeter, Newcastle-under-Lyme, and Hanley, each of which has a Supervisor.

Post-Office, Market square; Arthur Morgan, *Postmaster.*—Letters are despatched to Manchester at ¼ past 8 mg.; to Liverpool, at 11 night; to Wolverhampton, at 3 mg. and 4 aft.; to Birmingham, at 4 aft.; to Chester and Holyhead, at ¼ p. 12 noon; to London, at 2 aft.; and to Newcastle and the Potteries, at ¼ past 3 afternoon.

The *Contractions* used in the following Directory are—Forebdg., for Forebridge; Gaolgt., Gaolgate street; Greengt. Greengate street; la., lane; sq., square; st., street; bldgs., for buildings; and some others, which it is hoped will be readily understood.

☞ Forebridge, The Green, Greenfields, The Hough, Silkmore, Rowley, Dainshill, and several scattered farms, distinguished by *italics*, are in the *Liberty of Forebridge*, in Castle Church parish.

MISCELLANY—*Containing the Names of Gentry, Clergy, Partners in Firms, and other Inhabitants not arranged in the Lists of Trades and Professions.*

Adams Mary & Rachel, Diglake
Allen Ann, lodgings, Diglake
Alstone Lady Mary, Greengt.
Amphlett Mr. James, Gaolgt.
Anlezark Rev. Robert, *Dainshill*
Ash Charles, farmer, Forebridge
Aspury John, Crossfield farm
Bamford Thos. grocer, Mkt. st.
Barlow Mrs. Ann, Gaolgt.
Bartlam Mrs. Jane, Mount Plt.
Beckett Mrs. Mary, Market st.
Birch Edm. Jno. banker, Greengt.
Bissell Mr. John, Green fields
Blakeman Thos. farmer, *Green*
Blakeman William, Forebridge
Blyth Robert, drum major, Union buildings
Bott T. Newbould, clerk, Vine st.
Boulton Mr. John, *Dainshill*
Boulton Thomas, draper, Forebridge villa
Bourne Charles, gent. Foregate
Bradley Mary, toy dlr. Mkt. sq.
Bradshaw Jno. farmer, *Silkmore*
Brett John, *Highfield farm*
Bromley Thos. currier, Foregt.
Brookes H. atty's. clk. Chapel st.
Brookes Col. *Wm. Chapel street*
Brookes Margery, Lees farm
Brutton Thomas, governor of the County gaol
Buckeridge Rev. Rd. Gaolgt.
Bull Thos. horse brkr. Vine st.
Burton John, Forebridge
Carroway Rev. John, (Method.) Chapel street
Carter Thomas, Gas-works
Cartwright Mr. Sampson, Gaolgt.
Cartwright Wm. gent. Foregate
Cartwright Mrs. M. Union bldgs.
Challen Mrs. Margt. Market sq.
Chambers, Wm. sergt. Forebdg.
Chester, Chas. gent. Gaolgt.
Chetwynd Dowgr. Lady, Greengt.
Clarke Chas. gent. The Green
Cliff Mrs. Ann, The Green
Cook Misses A. & M. Back walls
Cook William, trunk maker, St. Mary's square
Cornock Wm. mfr. at the Gaol
Cornwell Wm. Shire-hall keeper
Cramer Mr. James, County road
Cramer James, gent. Green field
Dain Mr. Francis, Sandon road
Dawson Edw. printer, Gaolgt.
Devall Jas. upholsterer, Diglake
Dickenson James, sub distributor of stamps, Gaolgate street



Dickenson, Mrs. Jane, Greengt.
Dorman Rev. William Henry, (Indpendent,) Mount pleasant
Drewry Mr. Fdk. Geo. Foregate
Dutton Charles, carter, Foregate
Eld Mr. William, Eastgate
Eldershaw Jph. Billington farm
Evans Richard, gent. Forebridge
Fisher James, excise, St. Mary's
Fowke Rt. solicitor, Crabberry ln.
Frith Jno. high constab. Broadeye
Gadsby John, attorney's clerk, Union buildings
Gardner Adjt. Thos. Eastgate
Garner Thos. cutter out, Foregt.
Garrett John, superintendant of Lunatic Asylum
Gittens John, cutter out, Foregt.
Gregory Sarah, glover, Gaolgt.
Grosvenor Mrs. Mgt. Mount plt.
Graham Thomas, excise clerk, The Green
Grimes Mr. John, Bull mount
Halkin William, task master, County Gaol
Hall John, cowkeeper, Diglake
Hand Robt. William, attorney's clerk, St. Martin's lane
Hart Wm. gent. Foregate
Hartshorn Ths. Esq. *Silkmore hs.*
Hawkins Wm. farmer, Forebdg.
Hawkins Jno. overseer, Forebdg.
Heath F. currier, St. Martin's ln.
Hill Miss Mary, Forebridge
Hill Thomas, *Thorney field farm*
Hiern James Gay, solr. Greengt.
Hillman Rd. cow kpr. Gaol grdns.
Horton John, shoe mfr. Greengt.
Hubball Mrs. Ann B. The Green
Huddleston Rev. Edw. (Catholic) Wolverhampton road
Hughes Mrs. Han. Crabberry lane
Hunt Rt. King, carrier's agent, Gaol square
Jenkinson Edw. clerk, Eastgate
Jones Robert, police officer and game dealer, Gaolgate street
Justice Miss Eliz. Foregate
Keen Miss, Eastgate
Kenderdine Chs. gent. Broad eye
Kenderdine Mr. Jas. Vine street
Kenderdine John, gent. Green
Kenderdine William and Isaac, gentlemen, Brook house
Kenderdine Mr. Wm. Eastgate
Kenderdine Mr. Richard, Wolverhampton road
Kingston Mrs. Jane, Judge's hs.
Lakin Mrs. Ellen, Gaolgt.
Lee Miss Catharine, Forebridge
Linter T. prof. of music, Gaolgt.
Lithgoe J. jeweller, &c. Mkt. sq.
Machon Josiah, carter, Stone rd.
Masters Wm. bookkpr. Gaol sq.
Maybew John, supervisor, St. Mary's church yard
Mac Donald, Rev. Alexander, (Presbyterian,) Gaol square
M'Mason J. trav. drap. Broad eye
Mitchell Richard, periodical agt. Lord Stafford row
Newman George, quarter master, Wolverhampton road
Oram Mr. Cornelius, Eastgate
Padmore Miss Mary, Forebridge
Parker Wm. farmer, Forebridge
Peake Sar. farmer, Lamberscote
Phillips Mr. John, Foregate
Pike Misses C. and S. The Green
Plant Mr. John, Forebridge
Plant Mr. William, Forebridge
Rainham Ty. coach mkr. Foregt.
Rogers B. drawing mstr. Hough
Rogers Miss Harriet, The Green
St. George Lieut. Col. J. Diglake
Salt Thomas, Esq. banker; hs., *Weeping cross*
Seckerson Philip, solicitor and coroner, *Castle farm*
Shaw John K. grocer, Market st.
Shelley T. cowkpr. Union bldgs.
Sidney Mrs. Ann, St. Mary's
Simpson T. atty's. clk. Forebdg.
Slaney J. excise, St. Mary's sq.
Slaney Mr. John, The Green
Smith Chas. cowkpr. Back walls
Smith Wm. sher. offr. Forebdg.
Smith Rd. horse breaker, Eastgt.
Spilsbury Mr. John, Foregate
Styche Charles, cow keeper, Lord Stafford row
Stoker J. bank-clerk, Forebdg.
Summerville Mrs. E. The Green
Talbot John, draper, Market sq.
Tildesley John, clerk of St. Mary's, hs. Church yard
Till Mrs. Eliz. Market square
Titley Mary, shoe thread dealer, Greengate street
Timmis Hy. miller, at the Gaol
Tomkinson Miss Ann, Eastgate
Turner John, shoe mfr. Gaolgt.
Turnock Robt. gentleman, Sandon road

Vitta Chas., carver, gilder, & barometer & thermometer manufacturer, Greengate street
Walker Geo. painter, New st.
Ward Misses P. and F. Foregate
Ward Thomas, gent. Forebridge
Ward John, gent. Mount pleasant
Weaver Thomas Davies, solicitor, Crabberry lane
Webb Charles Henry Esq. solicitor, Green hall
Whalley Mr. Mattw. The Green
Wilkinson Mrs. Mary, Foregate
Williams Mrs. Mary, The Green
Williamson Miss Sally, Eastgate
Willshire John, horse breaker, Eccleshall road
Wood Rev. William, (Methodist) Chapel street
Worsey Mr. Ephm. Union bldgs.
Wright Martin, gent. *Rowley*
Wright Miss Rebecca, Forebdg.
Wright William, bricklayer, St. Martin's lane
Wynne Wm. clerk of St. Chad's, Mill bank
Yates Mrs. Mary, Greengt.

ACADEMIES.

Marked 1 *take Boarders.*

Bridgen Ann, Chapel street
1 Bromley James, Broad eye
Caithness John, Talbot lane
1 Chalmers Rev. John, Eastgate
Dawson Mrs. Crabberry lane
1 Fenton William, Foregate
Grammar School, Gaol sq. Rev. George Norman, M.A., *master*; Rev. Joseph Smith, B.D. *usher*
Hill Thomas, Back walls
Infant School, Martha Jennings, Green fields
National Schools, Rd. Tildesley & Mary Wynne, Snow hill; and Wm. Tildesley, Green fields
Robinson Sophia & Mary, Diglk.
1 Smith Mary, Forebridge
Smith William, Talbot lane
Trubshaw Ann, Union buildings
Whieldon Wm. Henry, Eastgate
Wood William Barnett, Eastgate
Wood Wm. Thomas, Snow hill

ATTORNEYS.

, Vine street
ncis, (town clerk,)
house, *Moss pits*
, Greengate street
Snow hill & Hanley

Keen Geo. (Und. Sheriff & Dep. Clerk of the Peace,) St. Martin's lane, and *Rowley hall*
Passman Chas. Bradford, (Commissr. for fiats of Bankruptcy,) Vine-street; h. Stone cottage
Seckerson and Fowke, Crabberry lane
Thomas David, Forebridge
Ward John, jun. Mount pleasant
Webb and Hiern, Greengate
Whalley William, Crabberry lane

AUCTIONEER, &c.

Davison James, Gaol square

BAKERS & FLOUR DLRS.

Adams Joseph, Greengate street
Boyden John, Broad eye
Boyden Thomas, Foregate
Campion Richard, Foregate
Draycott Thomas, Foregate
Fisher Thomas, Snow hill
Hammersley John, Eastgate
Kenderdine Jane, Foregate
Moreton Edward, Greengate st.
Morton Matthew, Eastgate
Nickson Wm. St. Martin's lane
Pearson John, Vine street
Pratt Mary, Gaolgate street
Summerfield Francis, Gaol sq.
Tagg James, Forebridge
Wilkes William, Greengate st.
Woolley Thomas, Greengate st.

BANKS.

District Bank, Greengate street, E. J. Birch, manager; (draw on Smith Payne, & Smiths, London)
Stevenson, Salt, & Co. Market sq.; (draw on Stevenson and Salt, London)

BASKET, &c. MAKER.

Bullock Abraham, Back walls

BLACKSMITHS.

Addison Joseph, Greengate st.
Bentley Thomas, Eastgate
Clay William, Back walls
Hart Richard, St. Chad street
Holmes Joseph, Foregate
Worthington George, Forebdg.

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, &c.

Marked 1 *are printers only.*

1 Drewry Joshua, Eastgate
Morgan Arthur, Market square
1 Mort J. & C. (publishers of the *Staffordshire Advertiser*, Sat.) Gaolgate street



Rogers John, Greengate street

BOOT & SHOE MAKERS.

Marked 1 *are wholesale mfrs.*

1 Abberley John, Broad eye
Arrowsmith Thomas, Diglake
Battey Wm. St. Mary's lane
Bee William, Mill lane
1 Bostock Thos. & Son, Greengt.
Bradbury William, New street
1 Bromley John, Broad eye
1 Brown Wm. St. Mary's ch. yd.
Brooks Daniel, Foregate
Butcher Peter, County road
1 Cartwright John, Foregate
Coates John, Greengate street
Danford William, County road
Devall William, Union buildings
1 Earp Thomas, Talbot lane
1 Eley Joseph, Greengate street
1 Elley Wm. & Son, (and leather factors) Foregate
1 Frith Thomas, Eastgate
1 Goodwin John, Vine street
Goodwin Geo. Lord Stafford row
Greenwood Henry, Eastgate
1 Hawkins James, Mill bank
1 Horton and Turner, Mill lane
Hodson John, Snow hill
Hubball James, Foregate
Jones Richard, St. Martin's lane
1 Jones Wm. & Son, St. Chad st.
1 Kelsall John, Market square
Kibble John, Greengate street
Kingston John, St. Mary's sq.
1 Lander Rd. Mottershaw, Mill ln.
1 Lloyd Edward, Eastgate
1 Meeson Jane, Gaolgate street
Moore James, Back walls
Moore John, Foregate
1 Nickson Geo. St. Martin's lane
Osborne James, Stone road
Peake Thomas, Foregate
Plant William, Talbot lane
Riley Richard, (ladies') Diglake
Rowley William, Forebridge
1 Round Joseph, Mill lane
Tew William, St. Mary's square
1 Unitt James, Broad eye
1 Watwood Thomas, Foregate
1 Whalley Thomas, Gaolgate st.
Wilson Thomas, Greengate st.
Williams Wm. Lord Stafford row
1 Wood George, Foregate
1 Wynne George, Market square
1 Wynne John, Mill lane
1 Wynne Robert, St. Mary's lane
Wynne William, Snow hill

BRAZIERS & TINMEN.

Dale Philip, Gaolgate street
Tomlinson Rd. Bartlem, Greengt.
Woolley Thomas, Market street

BREWERS.

Lowe John, Foregate
Wood William, Snow hill

BRICKLAYERS & BUILDERS.

Bentley George, Eastgate
Bridgen Richard, Chapel street
Carless George, Forebridge
Cross John, Green
Harper Emanuel, Green
Harper William, Broad eye
Holford William, Green fields
Stanley Thomas, Foregate
Williams Thomas, St. Mary's sq.
Williams William, Green

BRICK & TILE MAKER.

Bentley William, Eastgate

BRUSH MAKER.

Greening Sarah, St. Martin's ln.

BUTCHERS.

Bentley William, Broad eye
Birch Joseph, Eastgate
Bromley Thomas, New street
Dale George, Vine street
Dean William, Talbot lane
Dean John, Stone road
Fry Thomas, (pork) Foregate
Hales James, Green
Hand John, Lord Stafford row
Leadbetter Richard, Maltmill ln.
Parker George, Forebridge
Parker William, Forebridge
Ryley Thomas, Eastgate
Southern Wm. Greengate street
Southern William, Eastgate
Sutton John, St. Mary's square

CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS.

Dudley James, Vine street
Keeling Benjamin, Gaolgate st.
Moseley William, Foregate

CHAIR MAKERS.

Chapman John, Union buildings
Follows Thos. (& turner) Diglake
Goodall Henry, Back walls
Keeling Benj. (fancy) Gaolgt.
Smith Thomas, Bull mount

CHINA, GLASS, &c. DLRS.

Green Thomas, Foregate
Shaw Wm. Greengate street

COACH MAKER.

Brown Thomas, Foregate

COAL DEALERS.

Adams Joseph, Greengate street

Allcock John, Green fields
Brown Thomas, Greengate street
Frantz Chas. Barter, (& net mkr.) Greengt. weighing machine
Hodgkins Richard, Foregate
Hollis Walter, The Green
Lathbury Wm. Greengate street
Pickin Joseph, Mill lane
Williams Thomas, Broad eye

CONFECTIONERS.

Pickin Mary, Gaolgate street
Smith Mary, Market square
Turner Miriam, Gaolgate street

COOPERS.

Brassington Henry, Gaolgate st.
Langley Ann, St. Martin's lane
Langley Edward, Snow hill
Langley John, Eastgate
Lawley John, Chapel street
Wood William, Snow hill

CORN MILLERS.

Brewster George, Water mill
Twigg Thomas, Wind mill

CURRIERS AND LEATHER CUTTERS.

Cartwright John, Foregate
Hodgson Nicholas, Crabberry ln.
Meeson Wm. Gaolgate street
Murray Robert, St. Martin's ln.
Plant John, Eastgate
Robotham William, Back walls
Round Joseph, Mill lane
Scarlett Saml. (& white leather dresser) Back walls
Silvester Robert, St. Martin's ln.
Stedman George, Forebridge
Stevenson Thos. (leather factor & shoe dealer) St. Mary's sq.

CUTLERS.

Hall Henry, Greengate street
Hall Thomas, Eastgate
Thrustance Richard, *The Hough*

DRUGGISTS.

Dawson Charles, Market square
Fowke William, Market square
Marson James, Greengate street

DYERS & SCOURERS.

Emerton Ephraim, Tenter banks
Harding Ann, Greengate street
Hollins James, Mill bank
Knight John, Foregate
Wood John, Back walls

EATING HOUSE.

Darby Thomas, Eastgate

FELLMONGER.

Bridgwood Geo. *Greengate st.*

FIRE OFFICE AGENTS.

Crown, (Life,) T. D. Weaver, Eastgate
County Fire and Provident Life, John Marson, Greengate st.
Norwich Union, Bamford and Shaw, Market street
Phœnix, Seckerson and Fowke, Crabberry lane
Royal Exchange, Stevenson, Salt, and Co. Market square

FISHMONGERS.

Gilbert John, St. Martin's lane
Shallcross Wm. jun. Gaol square

GARDENERS & SEEDSMEN,

Boot John, Greengate street
Guinan W. (& nursery) Vine st.
Johnson John, Broad eye
Pilsbury George, Foregate
Parks Richard, Talbot lane
Simpson Michael, (fruiterer) St. Mary's square
Targett and Bradley, The Green

GROCERS & IRONMONGERS.

Marked 1 *are Grocers only.*

1 Ash Richard, Gaol square
Bamford and Shaw, Market st.
1 Bishop John, & Co. Market sq.
Buxton Samuel, Market street
1 Cliff Thomas, Gaolgate street
Dudley Charles, Gaolgate street
Hammersley Thos. Market sq.
Kenderdine, Thomas, Market sq.
1 Marson John, Greengate street
Robotham Jane, Gaolgate street
Sillitoe Jph. (& iron merchant,) Market street
1 Taylor Wm. (& cheese factor) Market street
Turnock and Dickenson, (stamp office,) Gaolgate street

GUN MAKER.

Deakin John, Foregate

HAIR DRESSERS.

Batkin John, Eastgate
Fernyhough George, Gaolgate st.
Jenkinson Henry, Greengate st.
Jones Robert, Gaolgate street
Phillips Francis, Gaol square
Pulling Henry, Greengate street
Shaw William, Foregate

HATTER.

Churton William, Market square

HOTELS, INNS, & TAVERNS.

Abercrombie, W. Wood, Snow-hill



Barley Mow, Thomas Gripton, Bristol spa
Bird-in-Hand, Joseph Ellis Salman, St. Mary's square
Blue Posts, Geo. Nicholson, Market square
Castle, George Bentley, Eastgate
Cock, Charles Ward, Eastgate
Cow & Hare, J. Langley, Eastgt.
Crispin, Geo. Fellows, Digiake
Crown and Anchor, Wm. Bould, Mill lane
Crown and Cushion, Jph. Hand, Foregate
Dolphin, Wm. Shallcross, Gaolgate street
Duke of York, Ann Hawkins, Digiake
Elephant and Castle John Shaw, Gaol square
Fountain, Joseph Mettram, St. Martin's lane
Fox and George, John Bishop, Eastgate
George Inn, Edw. Wemsey, Market square
Goat, John Collier, Eastgate
Greyhound, Ann Tortoiseshell, County road
Jolly Crafts, Sh. Ward, Broad eye
King's Head, Wm. Ford, Gaolgt.
King's Head, John Fox, Foregate
Lord Nelson, Ann Hodgson, Eastgate
Maid's Head, John Martin, Gaolgate street
New Inn, W. Grattidge, Greengt.
Oak, John Draper, Gaolgate st.
Plume of Feathers, John Lowe, Foregate
Queen's Head, Thomas Stringer, Broad eye
Red Lion, John Keogh, Snowhill
Roe Buck, Cphr. Hopper, Greengate street
Rose and Crown, Martha Pugh, Market street
Slipper, Thomas Heath, Lord Stafford row
Speed-the-Plough, George Dale, Broad eye
Star Inn and Excise Office, Thos. Lea, Market square
Sun, Jas. Spilsbury, Forebridge
Swan Hotel, Jno. Meeson, Greengate street
Talbot Jno. Critchley, St. Mary's
Three Tuns, Jph. Clewlow Goalgate street
Trumpet, J. Spilsbury, Foregate
Turk's Head, Cha. Lees, Digiake
Unicorn, Han. Rogers, Eastgate
Union, Jno. Crutchley, Snow hill
Vine Inn, Wm. Morris, Vine st.
Waggon and Horses, Rt. Adams, Foregate
Wheat Sheaf, Hy. Brassington, Gaolgate street
White Bear, Ann Jobbins, Greengate street
White Hart, Sampson Sharratt, Eastgate
White Horse, Thos. Smallman, Gaolgate street
White Lion, John Sayer, Forebridge

BEER HOUSES.

Brown Horse, John Bould, Foregate
Cannon, Eliz. Mettam, Foregate
Cross Keys, Ann Cadey, Talbot lane
Crown, Thos. Peech, Mill bank
Curriers' Arms, Michael Dodd, Sash street
Jolly Potters, Rd. Plant, Foregt.
Red Cow, Jas. Allcock, Foregate
Plough Boy, John Richardson, The Green
Robin Hood, John Hammersley, Eastgate
Shakspeare, Wm. Thompson, St. Martin's lane
Shoulder of Mutton, Thos. Darby, Eastgate
Spital Brook, Wm. Underwood
Staffordshire Knot, Wm. Heath, Stone road
William IV., W. Tagg, Forebdg.

IRONMONGERS.

See Grocers and Braziers.

JOINERS AND BUILDERS.

Barnett, Thomas, Foregate
Beech John, (& architect) Foregate.
Beech Samuel, Snow hill
Beech William, Snow hill
Carter Thos. St. Mary's ch. yd.
Daines John, Crabberry lane
Dudley James, Vine street
Dudley Elizabeth, Foregate
Harding Wm. St. Mary's square
Johnson James, Green
Lakin Charles, Digiake

Swift William, Vine street

LAND AGENTS.

Davison James, Gaol square
Hubbersty John, Gaolgate street

LAST MAKERS.

Thornton Thos. Crabberry lane
Thorpe George Foregate
Thorpe Robert, Eastgate
Thorpe Samuel, St. Mary's sq.

LINEN AND WOOLLEN DRAPERS.

Boulton and Talbot, Market sq.
Griffin John, Greengate street
Turnock James & John, Gaolgt.
Webb George, Greengate street
Webb James, Market square
Whalley Thomas, Gaolgate street
Wright Charles, Market square

LOCK AND WHITESMITHS.

Becket Ann, Eastgate
Harvey Thomas, Talbot lane
Powell John, Mill bank
Summerfield Jph. Snow hill

MALTSTERS.

Brewster George, Water Mill
Smith Daniel, Diglake
Whiston Thomas, Foregate

MILLINERS AND DRESS MAKERS.

Abberley Ann, Broad eye
Bentley Elizabeth, Greengate st.
Cook Ann, Greengate street
Crank and Battey, Eastgate
Crewe Ann, Mount pleasant
Dale Eliz. Broad eye
Eld Sarah, Gaolgate street
Heath Ann, Diglake
Hand Mary, Lord Stafford row
Nickson Mary, St. Martin's lane
Matthews Ellen, Greengate street
Plant Sarah, Eastgate
Rust Jane, Market square
Simpole Mrs. Broad eye
Thorpe Eliz. St. Mary's square
Turnock J. & J. Gaolgate street
Worsey Ann, St. Martin's lane

MAIL MAKERS.

Hudson George, Foregate
Powell John, (cut) Mill bank
Round Enoch, Gas lane

NEWSPAPER.

Mort J. & Co. (Sat.) Gaolgate st.

PAWNBROKERS.

Smith Fanny, Eastgate
Wood Sophia, Foregate

PHYSICIANS.

Browne Robt. Market square
Knight Edward, Greengate street

PLUMBERS, GLAZIERS, AND PAINTERS.

Crewe Robert, St. Chad street
Glover John, Eastgate
Hollis William & Co. St. Mary's church yard, and Forebridge
Ryley Joseph, Eastgate
Till John Talbot lane
Till Thomas, Gaolgate street
Walker John, Diglake

SADDLERS.

Bentley Thomas, Eastgate
Kelsall Sarah, Market square
Shaw Wm. Greengate street
Ward Richard, Greengate street

SHOPKEEPERS AND FLOUR DEALERS.

See also Bakers.

Adams Frances, Gaol square
Allcock Samuel, Foregate
Barnett Thomas, Foregate
Beardmore Rachl. Eccleshall rd.
Beckett Jane, Eastgate
Beech John, Foregate
Bladen John, Mill lane
Broose John, Back walls
Finney Ruth, Foregate
Goodall John, Mill lane
Hall Ann, Foregate
Harper William, Broad eye
Hawkins James, Mill bank
Heath William, Stone road
Hollis Walter, Green
Hornsby James, Foregate
Lee Thomas, Greengate street
Parr Thomas, Eastgate
Piggott John, Snow hill
Ryley Joseph, Eastgate
Simpson Thomas, Talbot lane
Smith James, St. Mary's square
Spearman Ann, Eccleshall road
Thomas Thomas, St. Martin's ln.
Ward William, Market street
Wilkinson Elizabeth, Broad eye
Wilkes George, Talbot lane
Wilson Mary, Gas lane
Woollans James Broad eye

SLATER.

Humphreys Wm. Vine street

STAY MAKER.

Sellers Sampson, Foregate

STONE MASONS.

Brown Wm. (architect,) Eastgt.
Trubshaw Henry, Foregate

STRAW HAT MAKERS.

Crewe Harriet, Mount pleasant

Eggerton Ann, Foregate
Gittens Mrs. Foregate
Hammersley Elizabeth, Eastgt.
Hawkins Eliza, Diglake
Matthews E. Greengate street
Moseley Elizabeth, Foregate
Peake Ann, Foregate
Sellers M. A. Gaolgate street

SURGEONS.

Aylesbury Charles, Diglake
Garret John, Lunatic Asylum
Hawthorn John, Diglake
Hughes Francis, Greengate street
Hughes Richard, Goalgate street
Kemsey Thos. Farmer, Infirmary
Masfen John, Gaolgate street
Perrin Wm. Jackson, Diglake
Wogan & Fowke, Mount pleasant

TAILORS.

Thus 1 *are also Woollen Drapers.*
Bott John, Greengate street
Bott Thomas, St. Mary's square
Earp Elizabeth, Church passage
Gallimore Thos. Lord Staff. row
Hughes Richard, Foregate
Jones Robert, Foregate
Leydon Christopher, Sash street
Norcop Edward, St. Mary's sq.
Pedley William, Snow hill
Peake John, Foregate
Robinson Thomas, Foregate
Sellers L. Gaolgate street
Scarrott Thomas, Foregate
1 Sutton John, Greengate street
1 Swift John, Market street
Taylor Thomas, Market street
Till James, Forebridge
Yates Elizabeth, Greengate street
1 Yates William, Gaolgate street

TALLOW CHANDLERS.

Dudley Charles, Gaolgate street
Robotham Jane, Gaolgate street

TANNERS.

Burgin Francis, Eastgate, h. St. Mary's square
Marsh John, Eastgate

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

Grattidge William, Greengate st.
Hand George, Lord Staff. row

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Careless John, Vine street
Green George, Stone road
Walker Samuel, Forebridge

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS.

Corker Thomas, Greengate st.
Kipling John, Eastgate
Whiston George, Gaolgate street
Wright & Bentley, Market sq.

WHEELWRIGHTS.

Clewlow John, Back walls
Hand George, Lord Staff. row
Moore Charles, Foregate
Parker Joseph, Green
Parker Thomas, *The Hough*

WHITESMITHS.—*See Lock.*

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHTS.

Marked 1 *are Retailers.*
Lovatt Joseph, Greengate street
1 Morgan Chas. Edw. Market sq.
1 Smith John, Market square

COACHES.

From the Swan Hotel.

The *Mail*, to Manchester, at 8 morning, and to Bristol, at half-past 3 afternoon.

The *Mail*, to Chester and Holyhead, at a quarter-past 12 noon, and to London, at 2 afternoon.

The *Mail*, to Liverpool and Manchester, at half-past 11 night, and to Birmingham, at half-past three morning.

The *Red-Rover*, to Manchester, at half-past ten morning, and to London, at 2 morning.

The *Rocket*, and *Magnet*, to Liverpool, at 2 morning, and to Birmingham, at 4 afternoon.

The *Railway*, to Manchester, at half-past 11 night, and to Birmingham, at 7 evening.

From the Star Inn.

The *Paul Pry*, to Shrewsbury, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 afternoon.

The *Hark Forward*, to Birmingham, at 10 morning, and to the Potteries, at 8 evening, (daily, except Sunday.)

From the George Inn.

The *Eclipse*, to Manchester, at half-past 10 morning, and to Birmingham, at 1 afternoon, (daily.)

The *Bang Up*, to Liverpool, at half-past 12 noon, and to Birmingham, at half-past 1 afternoon, (daily.)

From the White Bear.

The Errin-go-bragh, to Liverpool, at half-past 11 morning, and to Birmingham, at 2 morng.

From the Dolphin.

The *Aurora*, to London, at 1 mg. and to Liverpool, at 10 mg.

The *Traveller*, to London, at 3 afternoon, and to Manchester, at 1 afternoon.

CARRIERS.

John Shackles, and *Ann Johnson's* waggons, from Gaol square, to Birmingham, every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday nights, at 11; and to Manchester, through Stone and Newcastle, every Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday, at 1 afternoon, R. K. Hunt, *agent*.

From the Inns.

Bilston, *White Hart* Mrs. Crompton, Saturday, 1 aftern.

Birmingham, Elizabeth Jones, Broad eye, Monday, 2 morning.

Bloxwich, *Fox & George*, Wm. Rea; and William Bradbury, from the *Castle*, Saturday, 2 aft.

Gnosall, *Rose & Crown*, John Moor, Saturday, 3 afternoon; and Mr. Hall, from the *Cock*, Wednesday, 5 afternoon.

Knightley, *Rose* and *Crown*, Ann Bratton, Saturday, 5 aft.

Penkridge, *Rose* and *Crown*, Henry Webb, Saturday, 5 aft.

Potteries, mail gig, (*Swan*,) daily, at half-past 3 afternoon.

Rugeley, *Vine Inn*, Joseph Hallam, & J. & S. Higgott, Monday and Saturday, 4 afternoon.

Somerford, *Fox & George*, Wm. Garbutt, Saturday, 2 afternoon.

Stone, *Rose & Crown*, William Turner, Wed. and Sat. 5 aft.

Uttoxeter and Derby, *Maid's Head*, J. Wilson, Tuesday and Saturday, 3 afternoon.

Wednesbury, *White Hart*, Mrs. Davison, Saturday, 12 noon.

Wolverhampton, *Castle*, Fras. Evans, Saturday.

Wolverhampton & Stourbridge, *Vine Inn*, Thomas Ward, Tuesday and Saturday, 1 afternoon.

LICHFIELD DIRECTORY.

POST OFFICE, Bird street; Henry Haywood, *Postmaster*.—Letters from London, arrive every morning, (except Monday,) at 5 minutes before 8, and are despatched every afternoon at 4. Letters from Stafford, Chester, Holyhead, &c. arrive every afternoon at 4, and are despatched at 10 morning. Letters from Liverpool, the Potteries, &c. arrive every morning at 5 minutes past 7, and are despatched every morning at 8. Letters from Sheffield, every afternoon at 2, and despatched at 20 mins. past 7 morning. From Wolverhampton, Walsall, &c. at 30 past 7 morning, and despatched at a quarter before 3 afternoon. From Birmingham, at 20 past 7 morning, and despatched thither at 2 afternoon. The Office opens at seven, morning; and closes at nine, night.

Foot Postman, to Barton, Alrewas, Elford, &c. at 10 morning, and a *Horse Post* to Needwood Forest, at 12 noon.

MISCELLANY *of Gentry, Clergy, and others, not arranged in the Classification of Trades and Professions.*

Acland Hugh Dyke, Esq. Close
Adie Mrs. Alice, Boar street
Ashwell Mrs. Ann, Bird street
Astley George road surveyor, St. John street
Bagot Miss Ann, Close
Bailye Thos. mace bearer, Lombard street
Baker John, farmer, Stowe st.
Baker Thos. St. Mary's Workhs.



Banks Mrs. Elizabeth, Close
Bannister Mrs. Ann, St. John st.
Bannister Mrs. Stowe street
Barlow Jas. cutlery & instrument manufacturer, Sandford street
Batkin William, whipmaker, Baker's lane
Bayley John, Esq. Bacon street
Bayley Miss Sarah, St. John st.
Bee Jesse, clerk, Gay lane
Bennett John, vic. choral, Close
Bickley Wm. letter carrier, Market street
Biddulph Joseph, horse breaker, Sandford street
Binns Jas. bed, mattress, horse cloth, and mop mfr. and wool carder, Stowe street
Bird Wm. coachman, Sandfd. st.
Bond Wm. clerk to Commissioners of Taxes, Dam street
Bradbury Nathaniel, St. John st.
Brindley Ann, Bacon street
Brooks Rev. Ley, Friary
Brown Alex. draper, Gresley row
Brown John, drainer, Birmingham road
Brown Mrs. Sarah, Bacon street
Buckeridge Rev. Geo. A.M. principal Surrogate, Close
Bunney Thos. hawker, Tam. st.
Burn Mary, glove, & smock frock maker, Butcher row
Butcher Wm. coach bldr. Wade st.
Callaway Geo. jockey, Sandfd. st.
Chappel Jno. coachman, New rd.
Charles John, gaoler and game keeper, Boar street
Chavasse Sydney, wine mercht. Boar street
Chinn Thomas, Esq. Close
Cleiland Mrs. Mary, Bacon st.
Collins Mr. Edward, Bacon st.
Cook Mrs. widow, St. John st.
Dalton Jno. coachman, New rd.
Davis Joseph, Cathedral sexton
Denstone Thos. carver & gilder, Dam street
Derry Mrs. Tamer, Upr. St Jn. st.
Dodson Miss Sarah, Bacon st.
Dorrington William, fellmonger, Sandford street
Dyott Lieut. Gen. Wm. *Freeford Hall*
Eccles Leonard, excise officer, *Wade street*
Eborall Jas. gent. St. John street
Edge Sam. excise officer, Sand. st.
Edwards Mrs. Mary, Dam street
Feary Wm. Esq. Bird street
Fernyhough John, sub sacrist, Bacon street
Floyer Rev. Trevor Burns, Bird street, and *Oldershaw*
Floyer Mrs. Eliz. Sandford st.
Ford Mrs. Sarah, St. John street
Furnival Miss Frances, Stowe hill
Gardner Rev. Lawren. D.D. Close
Garnett Rev. Richard, prebendal vicar, Bacon street
Green Thos. huckster, Geo. ln.
Greene Richard, Esq. St. Jno. st.
Greene Thomas, Webb, Esq. John street
Gresley Rev. Wm. curate of St. Chad's, Stowe house
Gresley Mrs. Mary, St. John st.
Guy Theops. clerk, Lombard st.
Hall Mrs. Mary, St. John street
Hall Thos. law stationer, Tamworth street
Hamilton Rev. Anth. M.A. Close
Hamp Mrs. Ann, Market street
Harding Jph. collector of street levies, Bird street
Hardinge Miss Harriet, Close
Harris Ratcliffe, Dam street
Harrison Miss Sarah, Market st.
Harving Mrs. Ann, St. John st.
Harwood Rev. Thos. D.D. incumbent of Burntwood, &c. Market street
Haywood Hy. postmaster, Bd. st.
Haywood Thos. sen. clerk of St. Chad's, Green hill
Hayworth John, Esq. The Close
Hector Miss Mary, Upper St. John street
Hewitt John, professor of music, Bacon street
Heighway Mrs. Mary, Wade st.
Heighway Saml. Lunatic Asylum
Hill Mrs. Elizabeth, Bacon st.
Hodson Ven. Geo. M.A. Archdeacon, &c. Close
Hodson Mr. Thos. Wade street
Hodson Thos. attorney's clerk, Bacon street
Holmes Mrs. Elizabeth, Bird st.
Holmes Miss Sus. Close
Holland Mrs. Sarah, Stowe st.
Hunt Jno. vic. choral, Birmg. rd.
Ironmonger Mrs. Sarah Ann, St. John street

Jackson Edw. gent. Boar street
Jervis Miss Jane, Close
Johnson Mrs. Han. St. John st.
Jones John, gent. Bacon street
Jones Jno. Isaac, dancing master, Wade street
Jones Mrs. Mary Ann, Bacon st.
Kirk Rev. John, Catholic Chapel, Upper St. John street
Law Rev. Jas. Thos. M.A. Chancellor, &c. St. John's Hospital
Leek Wm. Stowe st. Workhouse
Lees Mary lodgings, Close
Linom John, permit writer, Upper St. John street
Littleford Mrs. Mary, *Leamonsley*
Lomax Mrs. Jane, *Leamonsley*
Lonsdale Rev. Hy. Gylby, A.M. Vicar of St. Mary's, Staff. road
Machin Wm. clerk of St. Mary's, St. John street
Machin Wm. professor of music, New road
Madan Mrs. Frances, Close
Madan Rev. Spencer, M.A. Close
Mander Nichs. drpr. St. Jno. st.
Marklew Wm. & Jno. St. Jno. st.
Matthews Geo. clerk of St. Michael's, Green hill
Matthews Jas. vic. choral, Close
Mayne Adj. Rt. St. John street
M'Mahon Peter, draper, New rd.
Mills Miss Eliz. Stowe hill
Mills James, farmer, Grange ln.
Moore Mr. John, New road
Moore Mrs. Lydia, Boar street
Moore Mrs. Close
Moore Wm. surveyor of taxes, Tamworth street
Mountfort Mrs. Eliz. Wade st.
Mousley Mrs. Alice, Wade st.
Muckleston Rev. John, incumbent of Wichnour, Close
Naden Chas. trunk mkr. Dam st.
Neville Geo. farmer, Green hill
Newling Rev. John, B.D. Close
Nutt John, verger, Close
Oakley Lady, The Palace
Oakley Mrs. Hannah, Boar st.
Oldershaw Mrs. Eliz. Dam st.
Palling Capt. Henry, New road
Palmer Jas. Esq. Market street
Palmer Mrs. Mary, Lombard st.
Parr Rev. Thos. Gnosall, M. A. incumbent of St. Michael's, Bird street
Passam Thos. gent. Bacon street
Pascoe Mtw. guard, Tamworth st.
Parry Rev. John, (Indp.) Wade st.
Petit Mrs. Har. Tamworth street
Potter Jph. jun. architect, Upper St. John street
Prickett Mrs. Tamworth street
Riland Rev. John, Bacon street
Roberts Martin, paper dlr. Gresley row
Roberts Wm. dentist, Boar st.
Ryder Rev. Hy. Dudley, M.A. Close
Sant Miss Martha, Close
Sharratt Thomas, coach builder, Bacon street
Shepherd Mrs. Ann, St. John st.
Simpson Edw. gent. Bacon st.
Simpson Mrs. Maria, St. John st.
Skidmore Joseph, excise officer, Gresley row
Smith Mrs. Alice, Lombard st.
Smith Mrs. Elizabeth, Close
Smith John, Esq. *Elmhurst hall*
Smith Rev. Cowperthwaite, B.D. curate of Elford, Gram. school
Smith Wm. wine merct. Boar st.
Smith Geo. cowkpr. St. John st.
Smith Thos. gent. St. John st.
Smith Thos. clerk, Bacon street
Snape Mrs. Ann, Bacon street
Spofforth Saml. orgnst. Bacon st.
Southerns John, farmer, Tam. st.
Standley John, gent. London rd.
Stanley Jas. excise officer, Gresley row
Stevens Geo. apparitor, Mkt. st.
Stripling Thos. jeweller, Bacon st.
Styche Mrs. Abigail, Dam street
Sultzer John, mfr. Bacon street
Taylor Robert, land agent & surveyor, Lombard street
Tomkiss Miss Mary, Close
Tomlinson Dd. farmer, Stowe st.
Tomlinson Mrs. Eliz. New road
Walthew Richd. proctor's clerk, Boar street
Walton, Mrs. Sarah, Bacon st.
Walton Mr. Henry B. Wade st.
Ward Henry, gent. Bacon street
Ward Jno. superviser, St. John st.
Ward Wm. lodgings, Market st.
Warner Edw. farmer, Green hill
Warren John, professor of music, Bacon street
Webb Joseph, coach proprietor, St. John street
Webster Mrs. Eliz. Boar street



Weldon Jas. engineer, Stowe st.
White Rev. Henry, A.M. incumbent of St. Chad's, Close
Wiggan Saml. cotton ball winder, Lombard street
Wilday Chas. farmer, Grange ln.
Wilday Nichs. gent. Bacon st.
Whitehouse Thos. coach bookkeeper, Sandford street
Winter Mr. Saml. Tamworth st.
Wodehouse Col. Philip, Close
Woodfield Mrs. Dam street
Woodhouse the Very Rev. John Chappel, Dean, The Close
Woodhouse Mrs. Amelia, Close
Wright Thos. cowkpr. Bacon st.

ACADEMIES.

Croxall Mary, Lombard street
Danks Sarah, Sandford street
Dennitts Eliz. & Thirza, St. John street
Grammar School, Rev. C. Smith, B.D. master; and Robt. Coupland, usher
Harding Thomas, Bird street
Industry (Girls'), Mary Haines, Dam street
Infant Schools, Stowe street and Sandford street
Kidger Richard, (writing master) Bacon street
Minors' Free School, John Clifford, Boar street
Mountford & Holmes, (Misses,) Boar street
National School, William Allen, Frog lane
Willdey Joseph, Lombard street

ARCHITECTS.

Johnson Thomas, Tamworth st.
Potter Joseph, St. John street

ATTORNEYS.

Allen Edwin, Boar street
Bond Edw. and Fdk. Dam street
Dyott John Philip, (steward of the Tutbury and Offlow courts) Boar street
Eggington Francis, (stamp distributor) Tamworth street
Gill William, Dam street
Hinckley Rd. Esq. Bacon place
Parr Thos. Gnosall, Bird street
Sharratt Francis, (conveyancer) Dam street
Simpson Charles, (coroner and *town clerk*) Tamworth street
Wyatt Edward, Market street

AUCTIONEER & APRSER.

Harris Rd. Breadmarket street

COMMSSR. FOR TAKING SPECIAL BAIL.

Allen William, Frog lane

BAKERS, FLOUR, &c. DLRS.

Bailey William, Stowe street
Barratt William St. John street
Coxon John, Green hill
Croft Samuel, Butcher row
Fowler Joseph, Frog lane
Gillard Thomas, Sandford street
Holmes Henry, St. John street
Jobberns Ann, Boar street
Johnson Edward, Bacon street
Robinson Thomas, Tamworth st.
Smith John, Sandford street
Woodward James, Market street

BANKS.

Palmer & Greene, Market street, (draw on Smith, Payne, and Smiths)
Savings' Bank, Frog lane, (open Fridays, from 12 till 2;) Wm. Allen, secretary

BASKET MAKER.

Haywood Francis, Butcher row

BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS.

Acton Charles, Market street
Curry Thomas, Birmingham rd.
Danks Thomas, Sandford street
Ells Thomas, Baker's lane
Knott Jonathan, Lombard street
Parkes Thomas, St. John street
Sandland Charles, Wade street
Sandland William, Bacon street
Smith Charles, Tamworth street
Walker John, Sandford street

BOOKSELLERS, PRINTERS, STATIONERS, &c.

Hind G. W. *Mercury Office*, Market place
Lomax Thos. George, Bird st.
Morgan William, Market place

BOOT & SHOE MAKERS.

Barlow John, Sandford street
Barnes Stephen, Boar street
Barnes John, Wade street
Bird John, Baker's lane
Bird Charles, Baker's lane
Davis Lemuel, Green hill
Elmes Thomas, Tamworth street
Elmes William, Baker's lane
Gilbert William, Green hill
Gough John, Bacon street
Helston William, Boar street
Henney Thomas, Sandford street

Howis James, Stowe street
Jennings William, Boar street
Kean Ann, (dealer) Market st.
Lee Thomas, Tamworth street
Marshall Sarah, Bacon street
Moon Henry, Gresley row
Nevill Thomas, Stowe street
Sedgwick James, Bird street
Sedgwick John, St. John street
Sedgwick Robert, Bacon street
Siddons Thomas, Tamworth st.
Simms John, Dam street
Thacker Thomas, St. John street
Thacker Th. & Saml. Gresley rw.
Tomlinson John, Market street
Wilday Robert, Boar street

BRAZIERS & TINMEN.
See also Ironmongers.

Bailye Wm. Broadmarket street
Bradburn Wm. (dlr.) Bacon st.
Nadin James, Butcher row
Peake John, Market street

BREWERS.—ALE.

Haywood Thomas, Green hill
Holmes John, Sandford street
Nevill James, Lombard street
Rugeley Brewery, Jno. Winslow, agent, Tamworth street

BRUSH MAKERS.

Thompson John, Dam street
Till James (& patten) Market st.
Worrall Geo. (& patten) Mkt. st.

BRICKLAYERS & BLDRS.

Bird William, Bacon street
Barlow Sarah, Gresley row
Gorton William, Lombard street
Russell Thomas, Grange lane
Smith William, Gresley row

BRICKMAKERS.

Bond John, Green hill
Blakemore Richard, Green hill
Gilbert George, Green hill
Gilbert John, Green hill

BUILDERS & CARPENTERS.

Alldritt George, Boar street
Bonell Thos. & John, Bacon st.
Cooper George, St. John street
Crompton William, Frog lane
Richardson & Booth, Dam street
Walker Charles, Bacon street

BUTCHERS.

Allsop William, Boar street
Benton Thomas, Butcher row
Bradley John, Bacon street
Brown John, Sandford street
Cox David, Market street
Farmer Thomas, Wade street
Hill William, Market street
Hunt John, Tamworth street
Pott Hugh, Green hill
Standley Thomas, Tamworth st.
Wright William, Butcher row

CABINET MAKERS, &c.

Brassington Stephen, Bird street
Bull William, Market street
Dennitts Ts. (case) Sandford st.
Harris Richard, Breadmarket st.
Pryan William, Butcher row
Wakelin Hugh, Butcher row
Walker Charles, Bacon street

CARPENTERS.
See Builders also.

Beech Thomas, Bacon street
Blood Henry, Bacon street
Bonell Joseph, Gay lane
Bonell Thomas & John, (pump makers) Bacon street
Smith Richard, Bacon street
Smith George, Sandford street
Yates Joseph, Sandford street

CARPET MANUFACTURERS.
(Brussels, Venetian, &c.)

Hitchcock & Sultzer, (wool staplers, worsted spinners, &c.) *Ponces mill*

CHINA, GLASS, &c. DLRS.

Pengilly William, Tamworth st.
Stripling William, Bird street
Watkin Hannah, Butcher row

CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

Edwards John, Market street
Ready Thos. Tamworth street
Standly William, Boar street
Walton Thomas, Market street

CLOTHES BROKERS.

Taylor Thos. (old) Tamworth st.
Webster William, Bird street

COACH BUILDERS.

Heap and Sharratt, St. John st.
Holmes and Butcher, Wade st.
Weldhen William, St. John st.

COAL DLRS.—*See Wharfingers.*

CONFECTIONERS.

Allen Thomas, Gresley row
Holmes Henry, St. John street
Hudson Sarah, Butcher row
Prosser J. Tamworth street
Smith Richard, Boar street

COOPERS.

Hughes John, Lombard street
Hughes Ralph, Gay lane
Johnson John, Boar street
Marshall Thomas, Dam street
Meer John, Sandford street

Riley Robert, St. John street

CORK CUTTER.

Strawbridge Geo. Tamworth st.

CORN MILLERS.

Bayley John, Grange lane
Union Mill Co. Dam st. Thomas Dickinson, *miller;* and Nelson Dunn, *clerk*
Woodward Geo. Stowe Mill

CURRIERS AND LEATHER CUTTERS.

Collins Joseph, Tamworth street
Hughes William, Dam street

DYERS.

Cornock William, Dam street
Hunt John, Stowe street
Kelsall George, Sandford street
Turnpenny Eliz. Market street

FELLMONGERS.

Bridgewood Geo. Dam street
Woodroffe Wm. (leather dresser) Sandford street

FIRE & LIFE INS. AGENTS.

Atlas, Francis Egginton, Tamworth street
Birmingham, Thomas Rutter, Market street
County, J. Proffit, Market street
Globe, Wm. Cartmale, Stowe st.
Norwich Union, Richard Harris, Bread Market street
Royal Exchange, Edward Bond, Dam street
Sun, Chavasse & Smith, Boar st.

FISHMONGERS.

Phillips Abraham, Bird street
Blood James, Tamworth street

FURNITURE BROKERS.

Bannister Benj. George lane
Emery Robert, Dam street
Morgan Thos. T. Market street

GARDENERS.

Allen James, Green hill
Ashley Thomas, Green hill
Brook Thomas, Stowe street
Cook John, Green hill
Cross William, Green hill
Clerk Thos. (& nursery) Bird st.
Fairbrother John, London road
Florendine Jph. St. John street
Hall Thomas, Bacon street
Hiden John, Bacon street
Griffith William, Gay lane
Jackson Samuel, Market street
Johnson Thomas, Green hill
Litherland John, Birmingham rd.
Litherland Timothy, St. John st.
Maddox Edw. Green hill
Maddox Wm. Green hill
Mills Edward, Green hill
Mitchell Thomas, Stowe Cottage
Nichols James, Sandford street
Nichols William, Bacon street
Rodgers J. Green hill
Sadler John, Sandford street
Sedgwick Joseph, Boar street
Smith Hy. & Wm. Green hill
Smith John, Green hill
Wakelin John, Sandford street
Walker Richard, Sandford street
Walker William, Sandford street
Warner John, Green hill
Willday George, Sandford street
Willday Robert, Bacon street

GROCERS & TEA DEALERS.

Allen William, Bird street
Budd John, Tamworth street
Cartmale William, Stowe street
Gillard William, Boar street
Insley Edward, Market street
Mallett Thomas, Tamworth st.
Sherratt John, (& hop & seed mercht.) Market street.
Smith Richard, Boar street
Standly William, Boar street
Willdey, Wm. St. John street
Woodward Jas. (hop, seeds, &c.) Market street
Woodward Thomas, Boar street

GUNSMITHS, &c.

Barlow James, Sandford street
Westwood Thomas, St. John st.

HAIR DRESSERS, &c.

Barnes Thomas, Bird street
Fenton Henry, St. John street
Fenton John, Bird street
Godwin Wm. Andrew, Market st.
Hitchins Henry, Butcher row
Holland Benjamin, Tamworth st.
Playfer Hy. Wm. Bird street
Twyford Mary, Bread market st.

HAT MFRS. & DEALERS.

*Marked * are Dealers only.*

* Clements Thomas, St. John st
* Proffitt John, Market street
Trigg Samuel, sen. St. John st.
Trigg Samuel, Bread market st.
Trigg Thomas, Bird street

HOSIERS, &c.

Bayley John, Dam street
Cornock William, Dam street
Taylor Richard, Tamworth street

HOTELS, INNS, & TAVERNS.

Acorn, William Hackney, Tamworth street
Angel Cathedral Square, Mather st.
Bell, Beech, Edward Maddox, Green hill
Bowling Green, Alex. Jones
Britannia, Thos. Smith, Stowe st.
Bull's Head, James Dubbs, Tamworth street
Castle, John Cox, Market street
Chequers, John Acton, Stowe st.
Clay Arms, John Cooper, St. John street
Comb loaf Horses, Thos. Cork, St. John street
Comb Makers' Arms, Jno. Heap, Tamworth street
Cross Keys, James Gee, Lombard street
Dolphin, Thos. Durham, Boar st.
Duke of York, Thos. Haywood, Green hill
Duke of Wellington, Lydia Summerfield, Birmingham road
Fountain, Ts. Gough, Bacon st.
George Hotel, Robert Sharp, Bird street
George and Dragon, Isaac Brabbins, Bacon street
George IV., Geo. Alldritt, Boar street
Goat's Head, Margaret Slater, Bread market street
Gresley Arms, Katherine Hitchinson, Gresley row
Holly Bush, Jno. Pickering Tamworth street
Horse and Jockey, John Meacham, Sandford street
King's Arms, Thomas Stringer, Tamworth street
King's Head Inn, Thos. Philip Burton, Bird street
Levett's Arms, Edward Cork, Frog lane
Lemon Tree, Sarah Whitaker, Bacon street
Lord Nelson, Thomas Roberts, (town crier) St. John street
Lord Rodney, George Griffin, Wade street
Malt Shovel, James Shingler, Butcher row
Marquis of Anglesea, Sar. Richardson, St. John street
Mitre, W. Brevitt, Tamworth st.
Old Crown Inn, Benj. and Wm. Mansell, Boar street
Queen's Head, George Sharman, (horses & cars to hire) Boar st.
Robin Hood, J. Page, St. John st.
Rose and Crown, Wm. Wheatley, Bird street
Royal Oak, John Sadler, Sandyway
Royal Oak, Charles Houldcroft, Sandford street
Scales, William Hill, Market st.
Seven Stars, Edward Arblaster, Stowe street
Ship, John Walker, Sandford st.
Shoulder of Mutton, Rd. Bird, London road
Swan Hotel, T. Dunn, Bird st.
Talbot Inn, Ann Jones, Bird st.
Tally-ho, Jas. Naden, Wade st.
Tankard, Jp. Slater, Sandfod st.
Three Crowns Inn, Joseph Cato, Market place
Three Tuns, Geo. Ely, Sandyway
Turk's Head, Jane Goodwin Sandford street
Waggon and Horses, Geo. Burton, Green, hill
Wheat Sheaf, Jno. Gough, Bird street
Wheel, John Benton, Bacon st.
White Lion, David Wood, Gallows wharf
Windsor Castle, William Moore, Dam street
Woolpack, Wm. Simnett, Boar st.

BEER-HOUSES.

Anchor, Thos. Baker, New road
Bear, Robt. Green, Bacon street
Board, Henry Gemlers, Birmingham road
Blue Cock, James Thacker, Gresley row
Blue Man, Jas. Brooks, St. John st.
Blue Bell, John Horton, Gay ln.
Blue Boar, J. Burton, Green hill
Boot, John Acton, Stowe street
Bricklayers' Arms, Wm. Smith, Gresley row
Eight Bells, Thos. Walton (sexton,) Stowe street
King William, Daniel Proudman, Green hill
Masons' Arms, Francis Middleton, Butcher row
Paul Pry, E. Woldren, Sandford st.



Plough, Ts. Sherratt, Grange ln.
Scott's Arms, F. R. Wakelin, Dam street
Spread Eagle, Thos. Thorneloe, Green hill
Yew Tree, Wm. Sharrod, Burton road

IRONMONGERS.

*Marked * are also Braziers, Locksmiths, Bell Hangers, &c.*

* Acton Charles, Market street
* Halbard William, Market place
Morgan Thos. Thynne, Mrkt. st.
* Peake John, Market street
* Rutter Thomas, Market street
* Taylor Wm. St. John street

JOINERS.—*See Builders.*

LIBRARIES (CIRCULATING.)

Subscription, at the News Room, Market street

Goodwin Sarah, Bird street
Shaw Henriette, St. John street

LINEN & WOOLLEN DRPRS.

Mander N. & W. St. John street
Marshall Joseph, Bird street
Newbury & Webster, Bird street
Sale and Dalton, Dam street
Smith John, Market street

MALTSTERS.

Binns James, Stowe street
Bond John, Green hill
Bond Charles, Bird street
Coxon John, Green hill
Dean Francis, Green hill
Gilbert John, Green hill
Greenhough Richard, Bacon st.
Hawkins Joseph, Bacon street
Hawksworth Jas. (& corn & hop merchant,) Frogmorton st.
Higgins Wm. T. Tamworth st.
Kennedy George, Tamworth st.
Nevill James, Lombard street
Riddell Charles, Lombard street
Smith Francis, Lombard street
Tooth Richard, St. John street
Webb Charles, Boar street
Willdey Charles, Lombard street and Grange farm
Wilday George, Bacon street
Wcolley James, Boar street

MILLINERS & DRESS MKRS.

Clendon Margaret, Boar street
Daffern Elizabeth, Bacon street
Greensmith Ann, Market street
Griffith Susan, Market street
Meers Ann, Boar street
Townley Mary, Breadmarket st.
Yeld Susanna, Market street

NEWSPAPER.

Lichfield Mercury, (Friday,) Geo. Walker Hinde, Market place

PAINTERS.

Batkin William, Baker's lane
Jackson William, Bacon street
Moore Robt. Upper St. John st.
Nichols Jno. (& gilder) Mrkt. st.
Riley Margaret, Bacon street
Stanley John, Tamworth street
Stringer Chas. Edw. Dam street

PAPER MANUFACTURER.

Newey Isaac, *Darnford mills* (& stationer, Tamworth street)

PATTEN MAKERS.—*See Brush Makers also.*

Willcox Barnaby, Tamworth st.

PHYSICIANS.

Rawson James C. Boar street
Rowley Thomas, Freeford cottage, and Sandfield Asylum
Ward Ogier, Market street

PLASTERER.

Summers Edward, Bird street

PLUMBERS, GLAZIERS, AND PAINTERS.

Adie Thomas, Boar street
Perks William, Boar street
Wood John, Tamworth street
Woodfield George, Dam street
Worthington Thos. St. John st.

POULTERERS.

Brown Thomas, Market street
Gillard William, Boar street
Insley Edw. Market street

PROCTORS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Chinn Henry, Esq. (Chapter clerk,) The Close
Chinn Ts. Butler, Esq. Bacon st.
Mott John, Esq. Dep. Registrar The Close
White Thos. Esq. The Close

ROPE MAKER.

Howis Joseph, Lombard street

SADDLERS.

Purden Thos. & Co. Bird street
Smith John, Market street
Smith Daniel, Sandford street
Stringer William, Butcher row
Walker Thomas, Bird street

SHOPKEEPERS.

Berresford Samuel, Lombard st.
Bird William, Bacon street
Brooks James, St. John street
Brooks Thomas, Stowe street

Dawes Eliz. St. John street
Gee William, Bacon street
Green William, Wade street
Lawley Thom[illegible] Sandford street
Meacham James, St. John street
Mills Sarah, Bacon street
Nuttall John, Bacon street
Pugh Joseph, Sandford street
Pemberton Daniel, Green hill
Slater Samuel, Sandford street
Smith Thomas, Green hill
Walker Richard, Sandford street
Wiblin Edward, Sandford street

STAY MAKERS.

Saunnam Mrs. Bird street
Pilsbury C. Upper St. John st.

STONE & MARBLE MASONS.

Johnson Joseph, St. John street
Winslow John, Tamworth street

STRAW HAT MAKERS.

Fern Mrs. Market street
Moon Sarah, Greasley row
Wildey Mrs. St. John street

SURGEONS.

Allport John, Market street
Bingham Charles, Boar street
Chawner Charles, Dam street
Hewitt Halford Wotton, Boar st.
Lishman Richd. Wilson, Boar st.
Morgan Simon, Boar street

TAILORS.

*Marked * are also Drapers.*

Barnard Wm. & Rd. St. John st.
Bayley Robert, Bird street
Bown Thomas, Market street
Dunn William, Bacon street
* Emery John, Bird street
* Fairbrother Henry, Dam street
* Garratt John, Boar street
Jabet Peter, Sandford street
Johnson Edw. Green hill
Larkin William, Tamworth st.
Middleton John, Market street
Osborne Wm Stowe street
Salt Samuel, Sandford street
* Stephens George, Market street
Wakelin Francis Robert, Dam st.
Worrall William, Dam street
Wright John, St. John street
* Wright John, Wade street

TALLOW CHANDLERS.

Mallatt Thos. Tamworth street
Sherratt John, Market street
Smith Richard, Tamworth street

TANNER.

Lankester John Delappé, Stowe street

TEA DEALERS.

See Grocers also.

Blood James, Tamworth street
Collins Joseph, Tamworth street
Fenley Jas. (trvg.) Wade street
Hislop Wm. (trvg.) Greasley row

TURNERS.

Harper Robert, (& chair mkr.) Dam street

UMBRELLA REPAIRER.

Moon Henry, Greasley row

UPHOLSTERERS (WORKING.)

See Cabinet Makers also.

Arnold Joseph, Tamworth street
Parker Jane, Butcher row

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Robinson John, Dam street
Shipley Thomas, Wade street

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS.

*Thus * are also Brass and Bell Founders.*

Slater William, Boar street
Stripling Thos. & Wm. Bird st.
* Thorneloe Chas. Tamworth st.
* Vale Wm. Edward, Boar street
Whitehouse Saml. Bird street

WHARFINGERS.

Brawn John & Rd. (coal, lime, & timber merchants,) Birmingham road
Palling Capt. Hy. (coal,) Birmingham road; h. Bacon st.
Robinson Thos. St. John's wharf
Wood David, Gallows wharf

WHEELWRIGHTS.

Beckett George, St. John street
Blood Henry, Bacon street
Hall Thos. St. John street
Harrison Thos. Green hill
Hedding Henry, Green hill
Skelton John, Sandford street

WHITESMITHS.

See also Brassiers, &c.

Derry Ann, Greasley Row
Smith Henry, Bird street

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHTS.

Chavasse & Smith, Boar street
Dodson James, Bacon street
Hall Thos. (British wine,) Tamworth street
Hewitt Hy. Horatio, Bacon st.
Jackson William, Bird street

WORSTED SPINNERS.

Greene Daniel, (yarn,) Leamonsley mill
Hitchcock & Sultzer, Pones mill



COACHES.

*Those marked *, run alternately from the George & Swan Hotels.*

* The *Mail*, to London, at half-past 7 morning, and to Liverpool, at 8 morning.

* *Mail*, to Sheffield, at half-past 8 morning, and to Birmingham, at 3 afternoon.

* *Mail*, to Walsall and Wolverhampton, quarter before 4 afternoon.

Mail, to Chester and Holyhead, (from the George,) through *Stafford*, &c. at 10 morning, and to London, at 4 afternoon.

* The *Telegraph*, to Sheffield and Nottingham, at 12 noon, and to Birmingham, at 7 evening, (except Sunday.)

The *Express*, to Manchester, (from the George,) at a quarter before 11 morning, and to Birmingham, at half-past 5 evening.

The *Express*, to Liverpool, (from the Swan,) at 9 morning, and to London, at 3 morning.

The *Amity*, from the Talbot, to Sheffield and Leeds, at a quarter before 9 morning, and to Birmingham, at a quarter before 3 afternoon, daily, except Sunday.

The *Shepherd*, from the Angel, to Birmingham, at 8 morning, daily.

The *True Blue*, from the King's Head Inn, to Birmingham, at 8 morning, and to Rugeley, at 6 evening, daily, except Sunday.

The *Umpire*, from the Lord Nelson, to London, every night, except Sunday, at 10; and to Liverpool, from the Swan, at half-past 6 morning, (except Monday.)

WATER CARRIAGE.

From Thomas Robinson's Wharf, London Road.

Crowley, Hickling, and Co's. fly-boats, to Wolverhampton, Manchester, Liverpool, London, &c. every Tuesday, Friday, and Sunday nights.

Smith and Son's vessels, once a week, to Burton-on-Trent, and others occasionally to all parts of the Kingdom.

From *Bromley Wharf*, 3 miles from Lichfield, Pickford & Co's. vessels to all parts of the Kingdom

CARRIERS BY VAN, &c.

Wheatcroft's Van, from the Dolphin, to Walsall, &c. Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday, at 2 morning; and to Derby, Sheffield, &c. Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

Joseph Butler's Van, from the Queen's Head, to Uttoxeter, Tuesday, at 12 noon, and to Birmingham, Wed. at 12 night.

CARRIERS FROM THE INNS.

Barton, John Price, foot post, from the Angel, 11 morning, daily; and William Geary, from the Goats Head, Friday, half-past 4 afternoon.

Birmingham, Thomas Cork, St. John street, Wednesday and Saturday, at 12; and John Wakefield, Tamworth street, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 5 morning; and John Shackles, Turk's Head, every Monday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 mg.

Birmingham, Edward Bates, King's Head; and Jph. Bosward, Lord Nelson, every Wednesday evening, and to Rugeley and Uttoxeter, every Monday morning at 11.

Burton, from the Dolphin, John Danty, Friday, 4 aft.

Needwood Forest, from the King's Head, the Postman, daily, at 12 noon.

Rugeley, Jph. Hallam, Goat's Head, Friday, 6 evening.

Uttoxeter, see Birmingham.

SEISDON HUNDRED.	Ann. Value in 1815.	POPULATION.				
		1801.	1811.	1821.		1831.
	£.	Pop.	Pop.	Hses.	Pop.	Pop.
Amblecot twp. (in Old Swinford p.)	3183	1002	..	194	1157	1236
Arley (Over) parish	4831	699	691	173	715	735
Bobbington parish†	4025	381	366	73	393	436
Broom parish	2016	99	110	18	134	140
* Bushbury parish	5183	488	603	124	624	677
* Essington *township*	3619	369	540		605	598
Clent parish	4337	738	737	164	885	922
Cobsall parish	2717	589	534	90	659	844
Enville parish	7076	709	746	148	842	766
*Himley parish	2876	267	341	57	379	421
Kinfare parish	10063	1655	1668	327	1735	1831
* Kingswinford parish	22894	6464	8267	1730	11022	15156
* Patteshull parish	2968	160	142	26	144	132
* Pattingham† parish	5971	750	798	157	866	817
* Penn Lower twp. } parish	2923	709	253	40	230	233
* Penn Upper twp. }	3632		527	111	539	630
* Rowley Regis parish	10107	5027	4074	944	6062	7438
* Sedgeley parish	22954	9674	13097	2409	17195	20577
* Tettenhall Regis & Clericorum par.	9397	1570	1019	470	2478	2889
Tryhull and Seisdon parish	3728	529	491	102	539	562
Woodford Grange *extra parochial*	..	..	..	..	14	18
Wombourn (with Orton lib.) parish	6684	1170	1136	232	1478	1647
WOLVERHAMPTON PARISH.						
* Bilston township and chapelry	15634	6914	9646	1862	12063	14492
‡ Bentley township	1069	96	103	17	99	104
§ Featherstone township	611	52	52	7	49	34
§ Hatherton township	1441	299	299	55	320	320
§ Hilton township	879	56	56	5	55	45
§ Kinvaston township	252	19	15	3	19	23
‡ Pelsall township and chapelry	856	477	471	99	579	721
‡ Wednesfield township and chapelry	5360	1088	1248	227	1468	1879
‡ Willenhall township and chapelry	5508	3143	3523	652	3965	5834
* Wolverhampton township	32967	12506	14836	2936	18380	24732
TOTAL	205761	58044	68129	13584	85512	106889

* Those marked * are in the NORTH DIVISION, and those without marks in the SOUTH DIVISION of Seisdon Hundred; and all of them are in the *South Division of the County*, which sends two Members to Parliament.

† Bobbington and Pattingham parishes extend into Shropshire.

§ Featherstone, Hatherton, Hilton, and Kinvaston, are in the *East Divisi* of Cuttleston *Hundred*; and ‡ Bentley, Pelsall, Wednesfield, and Willenhall, are in the *South Division of Offlow Hundred*; but they all belong to the parish of Wolverhampton, and are consequently included in the above table.

SEISDON, the smallest, but one of the most populous, Hundreds of Staffordshire, *forms* the south-western portion of the



county; bounded on the *west* by Shropshire, on the *north* by the Cuttleston Hundred, on the *east* by the Offlow Hundred and two detached portions of the counties of Worcester and Salop, and on the *south* by Worcestershire; surrounded by which latter county it has a small isolated member, comprising the parishes of Broom and Clent. It has its name from the hamlet of Seisdon, near Tryshull, and is intersected by the Staffordshire and Worcestershire *canal*, which has numerous branches to Dudley, Walsall, Birmingham, &c. It is rich in those mineral treasures, *coal*, *ironstone*, *lime*, and *freestone*, and is celebrated for its extensive *mines* and *iron works*, and for the manufacture of *locks*, *bolts*, *hinges*, *trays*, *steel toys*, and a great variety of other articles, in iron, steel, and other metal. Its south-eastern limits also partake of the bustle and prosperity created by the extensive *glass works* in the vicinity of Dudley and Stourbridge, both of which towns are in Worcestershire, though the former is wholly, and the latter nearly, surrounded by Staffordshire.—Wolverhampton, the largest town in the county, may be called the capital of this populous Hundred, which presents a great diversity of soil and scenery, and contains eighteen *parishes*, and a portion of two others, of which the preceding table is an enumeration, showing the annual value of the lands and buildings, as assessed for the property tax in 1815, and the number of inhabitants in each parochial division, at the four last decennial periods of the Parliamentary census.

WOLVERHAMPTON.

WOLVERHAMPTON, the most populous market town in Staffordshire, and one of the *new boroughs* created by the Reform Bill, is a place of considerable antiquity, though nothing is recorded concerning its history till the year 996, when the pious *Wulfruna*, relict of Althelm, Duke of Northampton, built and endowed a monastery or college here. Previous to that period, its name was simply *Hampton*; but it then began to be distinguished by the appellation of *Wulfrune's Hampton*, since modified or corrupted into the term Wolverhampton. Though not remarkable for the beauty of its streets and buildings, and though seated in the heart of the great midland mining district, surrounded by extensive coal and iron works, and having within its own limits, as well as in the adjacent villages, a great variety of sooty manufactories, the town is very salubrious and picturesque; being situated upon the summit and declivities of a bold eminence, skirted by numerous gardens *and fertile pastures*, and having in the distant prospect hills of *greater magnitude*, so that, as Plot says, it is "so liable to the

winds, that what noxious fumes come from the mines, &c. are quickly dispersed." It is in 52 deg. 30 min. north latitude, and 2 deg. 13 min. west longitude, from the meridian of Greenwich, and is distant 122 miles N.W. by W. of London, 14 miles N.W. by W. of Birmingham, 16 miles S. of Stafford, 16 miles S.W. by W. of Lichfield, 6 miles W. by S. of Walsall, and 32 miles S. by E. of the Potteries. The PARISH is said to be no less than 30 miles in circumference, but several of its members lie detached from the rest, and have been annexed to it in monastic times as prebends of the collegiate church. It comprises ten townships, which extend into three of the Hundreds of Staffordshire, and contain a *population* which, since the year 1801, has increased from 24,632 to 48,184 souls, as has been seen at page 163. The *township of Wolverhampton*, which includes the town and about 3,000 acres of land, contains more than half of this population, having augmented the number of its inhabitants, during the last 30 years, from 12,565 to 24,732 souls. The western portion of it is in the *Deanery manor*, of which the Duke of Cleveland is the lessee lord, and the remainder is in the manor of STOW-HEATH, which comprises the whole of Bilston and part of Willenhall. The Duke of Sutherland and T. W. Giffard, Esq. are joint lords of the latter. The other principal *owners* of land and buildings in the township are John Gough, Henry Hordern, and Francis Holyoake, Esqrs. and Miss Hinckes. The town is governed, under the county magistrates, by two constables, who, with several other officers, are appointed yearly at the Court Leets held for each manor. The BOROUGH, as defined by the Reform Bill, includes the townships of Wolverhampton, Bilston, Wednesfield, and Willenhall, and the parish of Sedgeley; and its number of VOTERS registered in Oct. 1833, was 1749; of whom, 847 were in Wolverhampton, 352 in Bilston, 129 in Willenhall, 38 in Wednesfield, and 383 in Sedgeley. The first candidates for the honour of representing this borough in Parliament were, Fras. Holyoake and Wm. Woolrich Whitmore, Esqrs. in the Tory interest, and John Nicholson and Rd. Fryer, Esqrs. on the side of the Reformists. After a violently contested election, during which the military were called in, but happily no lives were lost, the poll closed Dec. 14th, 1832, when the *votes* stood as follows:—For Whitmore, 850; Fryer, 810; Holyoake, 657; and Nicholson, 358. The number of voters polled was 1463. The head constable is the returning officer.

The *situation of Wolverhampton*, being nearly in the centre of England, in the midst of exhaustless mines of coal and ironstone, upon the great Holyhead road from London to Ireland, and on the line to Liverpool, Manchester, &c.; together with its proximity to navigable *canals*, which afford a convenient mode for the conveyance of merchandise to the chief towns and

sea-ports, are all advantages of the highest importance as regards its commercial dealings. The Birmingham Canal, which forms a junction with the Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal* at Autherley, and with the Wyrley and Essington Canal† at Horsley field, passes the outskirts of about two-thirds of the town; and thus a water communication is opened with most parts of the kingdom.

MANUFACTURES.—The distinction which Wolverhampton obtained in early times from the skill and ingenuity of its artisans, particularly in the making of locks, it still pre-eminently retains; but it is not in the magnitude of this branch of trade alone that its consequence now consists; for it has long been celebrated for the manufacture of almost every article in the ironmongery line, and other goods of which iron, steel, brass, and tin, are the component materials. Amongst its staple articles may be enumerated, locks and keys of every description; hinges, latches, bolts, screws, axes, hatchets, hammers, vices, pincers, gimblets, braces and bits, coffee and malt mills, man and vermin traps, fire irons, box irons, spectacle frames, &c. &c. and fine steel toys; under which latter name are included cork-screws, snuffers, nutcrackers, nippers, plyers, tweezers, buckles, watch-chains, &c. &c. Another important branch of manufacture here is sheet tin and iron japanned wares and papier-maché articles, for which the town has long had a permanent and extensive demand, both for home and foreign supply;—being celebrated for the production of the most elegant and expensive tea trays, caddies, waiters, bread baskets, plate warmers, &c. To these may be added, a great variety of brass articles, which give employment to a considerable number of workmen. Here is also an extensive chemical elaboratory, for the manufacture of oil of vitriol, aquafortis, Glauber and Epsom salts, and every other chemical preparation connected with medicine and manufactures. The town has likewise two large mills for spinning worsted, and a variety of other manufacturing establishments, as will be seen in the subjoined Directory. As a proof of the early celebrity of the LOCKSMITHS of this town, we quote the words of *Dr. Plott*, who, in his History of Staffordshire, published in 1686, says—"The greatest excellency of the blacksmiths' profession that I could hear of in this county lies in their making locks for doores, wherein the artisans of Wolverhampton seem to be preferred to all others, they making them in *suites*, six, eight, or more in a *suite*, according as the chapman bespeaks them; whereof the keys shall neither of them open each other's lock, yet one *master key* shall open them all; so that these locks being set upon the doores of a house, and the *inferior keys* kept by distinct *servants*, tho' *neither of* them can come at each other's charge, yet the *master can come at them all*, and by turning his key in any of the locks

* *Opened* Dec. 16th, 1776. † Act obtained in 1792

but once extraordinary, the servants themselves cannot come at their charge, neither shall the servant spoil his key or the lock in endeavouring it; for his, after the master-key has given the last a second turn, will only run round in it backward and forward, without either stopping it or prejudicing it in any thing. Nay, so curious are they in lock-work, that they can contrive a lock, so that the master or mistress of a family, sending a servant into their closets, either with the master-key, or (if they permit an inferior key,) with their own, can certainly tell by the lock how many times that servant has been in, at any distance of time, or how many times the lock has been shot for a whole year together; some of them being made to shew it 300, 500, or 1000 times; nay, one of the chief workmen of the town told me, he could make one that should show it 10,000 times. Farther yet, I was told of a very fine lock, made in this town, sold for 20 pounds, that had a set of *chimes* in it, that would go at any hour the master should think fit. And these locks they make either with brass or iron boxes, so curiously polish't, and the keys, so finely wrought, that 'tis not reasonable to think they were ever exceeded, unless by *Tubal-Cain*, the inspired artificer in brass and iron." Pitt, in more modern times (1817,) says, *steel watch chains* have been made here of the value of 20 guineas each, *buckles*, at 10 to 15 guineas a pair, and not unusually *sword hilts* at 50 guineas each.

MARKETS, FAIRS, RACES, &c.—The market held every Wednesday, is well supplied with provisions and live stock; cattle and horses are exposed in the Horse-fair, and sheep and swine in Dudley-street. As in other large towns, here is also a market on Saturday, for meat, vegetables, &c. Here is likewise a large annual FAIR, which commences on the 10th of July, and may, according to the charter of the 42nd of Henry III., be continued for eight days, viz. the eve and day of the Apostles Peter and Paul, and the six succeeding days; but if it begins on a Wednesday, it generally closes on the Saturday after. On the two first fair days there are extensive shews of cattle and horses. The RACES, which are held annually on the Broad Meadows, on the nearest Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, to the 12th of August, were established in 1825, and are liberally patronized by many of the nobility and gentry of the county; consequently they have already obtained a high reputation among the admirers of the turf. The course is 1¼ mile in circuit, and for flatness of surface and fineness of sod, is unrivalled. The *Grand Stand* is admirably constructed, and has all the appearance of the conservatories of our nobility, upon a grand scale; the refreshment and assembly rooms, and the orchestra, are all in a similar good taste. It was erected by subscription in 1827, from a plan by Mr. Vulliamy. The *Tettenhall Wake*, held on the first Sunday and Monday *after Old Michaelmas day*, has, with its brutal sport



of bull baiting, extended itself to Wolverhampton. This cruel sport, which has been abolished in almost every other county, still prevails at many of the village wakes of Staffordshire, especially in the mining district; but we trust it will not long be tolerated in this populous town, where the custom is said to have originated some years ago in a mob of the Wolverhampton artisans, who stole the Tettenhall bull for the purpose of baiting him here.

ANCIENT CUSTOMS.—Among the curious local customs which prevailed here till about 1765, was that called PROCESSIONING, on the Monday and Tuesday in Rogation week, when, we are informed by Shaw, "The Sacrist, resident Prebendaries, and members of the choir, assembled at morning prayers, with the charity children bearing long poles, decked with all kinds of flowers then in season, and which were afterwards carried through the streets of the town with much solemnity, the clergy, singing-men, and boys, dressed in their sacred vestments, closing the procession, and chaunting in a grave and appropriate melody the Canticle, Benedicite, omnia opera, &c. This ceremony probably had its origin in the Roman offerings of the Primitiæ, from which (after being rendered conformable to our purer worship,) it was adopted by the first Christians, and handed down, through a succession of ages to modern times. The idea was, no doubt, that of returning thanks to God, by whose goodness the face of nature was renovated, and fresh means provided for the sustenance and comfort of his creatures." Another obsolete custom (says the same author,) was "the annual procession on the 9th of July, (the eve of the great fair,) of men in antique armour, preceded by musicians, playing the *Fair-tune*, and followed by the steward of the deanery manor, the peace officers, and many of the principal inhabitants. Tradition says this ceremony originated at the time when Wolverhampton was a great emporium of wool, and resorted to by merchants of the staple from all parts of England. The necessity of an armed force to keep peace and order during the fair, (which is said to have lasted fourteen days, but the charter says only eight,) is not improbable. The men (twenty in number) were furnished by the proprietors of the burgage-houses, (one from each burgage,) who had likewise, in rotation, the annual appointment of the *bailiff of the staff*, whose office was to preside over and receive the tolls of the market. This custom of *walking the fair*, as it was called, was first omitted about the year 1784." The boundaries of the township and parish, are in many places marked by what are termed *Gospel Trees*, from the custom of having the gospel read under them by the clergyman who attended the parochial perambulations; those near the town being also visited by the *processioners* when that ceremony was practised.

WATERS, &c.—Dr. Plott, (A.D. 1686,) says "there are but four weak springs to supply so large a town, which rise altogether behind the Cock Inn, (so that they may be esteemed but as one,) having different names appropriated to their respective uses, as the *Pudding-well*, the *Horse-well*, the *Washing-well*, and the *Meat-well*, from which last they fetch all their water which they use for meat and drink all over the town, in great leather budgets or borracis, laid across a horse; and they bring to the other three their tripes, horses, and linen." These wells are now known by the name of the Town Wells, and supply a suit of cold *baths*. The town was for many years supplied by the water-works belonging to Dr. Wilkes; but the deficiency alluded to by Plott has long been remedied by numerous wells, sunk a great depth through the solid rock on which the town is built; and to these may be added a clear and powerful spring called the *Culwell*, which is one of the sources of the little river *Smestall*, and lies near the town on the Wednesfield road; also an ancient arched well at Windham's hill, called *Mey-a-Woods Well*. A *medicinal spring* at Chapel Ash, noticed by Dr. Wilkes, another called the Spa Well, near Snow hill, a third at Monmore green, and a fourth called St. Lawrence's Well, (all now unknown or fallen into disuse,) are mentioned by Shaw, (1798,) as also is the fine spring at Dunstall, "which in olden time was much frequented by that noble Lady Wulfruna, as tradition says, being yet called *Wulfruna's Well*." The first *steam engine* that raised any considerable quantity of water was set up for the purpose of draining a mine on the Walsall road, about half a mile from Wolverhampton. "On the 22nd of April, 1590, a FIRE broke out in Barn-street, (now Salop-street,) which burnt 104 dwelling-houses and 30 barns, with a considerable quantity of corn; the fire was not extinguished till the 27th."

IMPROVEMENTS, &c.—Before the general *enclosure* of the country around Wolverhampton, in the early part of the last century, the adjacent lands consisted of *five open fields*, called Broad meadow, Windmill field, Horseley field, Windhorn field, and Ablow field; the latter being so designated from a great *low* or *tumulus*, near Graiseley brook. Willenhall, Wednesfield, Bilston, and the villages on the eastern side of the town, were then situated in the midst of common fields; but inclosures in Tettenhall and other places on the western side, seem to have taken place at a much earlier period. The now highly productive land called the Broad meadows and Whitmore reins, was, in the 16th century, little better than a morass, and on account of its poverty, distinguished by the name of the Hungry lane. The old *Town-Hall*,* an ancient building which stood

* The old Town-Hall is described in the act of 1777, as "a very ancient building, the upper part of which is used as the Manor Court-House, and also as a Charity School; and the under part consists of butchers' shops and slaughter-

in the centre of the Market-place, was taken down soon after the passing of an act, in 1777, for improving the town, and removing various nuisances and encroachments. During the last twenty years, many salutary alterations and improvements have been made in the town, under the powers of another *Act of Parliament, passed in* 1814, *for improving the town, regulating the markets, &c. &c.* Unseemly buildings and other obstructions have been removed, in various parts of the town, at a vast expense, and fine openings have been made to the Market-place and some of the streets, which were before close and confined. Numerous other changes, embraced in the act, are contemplated by the commissioners; and indeed there is *still* much for the hand of improvement to effect, especially in the old parts of the town, where the streets are many of them narrow and irregularly built; but in the outskirts, many new and tolerably spacious streets have been formed during the last twenty years, and in the surrounding environs several handsome villas have been raised. Of late years, too, "new and spacious ROADS, leading to the town, have been opened, and others enlarged, levelled, and made straight, under the most forbidding circumstances; mountains of solid stone have been dug through to the depth of fifty feet, to form new and easy roads, and vallies have been raised in the same proportion, to correspond with them." In 1821, the town was first lighted with GAS, from the works in Horseley-field, which have two gasometers, each capable of holding 17,000 cubic feet of gas, which is sold to the consumers at the rate of 12s. per 1000 cubic feet. In the Market-place stands a handsome cast iron *pillar*, surmounted by a remarkably large gas lantern, which, in the dark nights of winter, sends its brilliant light round the space below, and in the day serves as an ornamental feature of the town.

VIEWS.—The western side of the Collegiate churchyard commands an extensive prospect of rich and luxuriant scenery; and a little to the southward is Goldthorn hill, commanding from its lofty summit views of incomparable beauty and magnificence. In the foreground is seen a cultivated and well wooded country of great extent, and in the line of the horizon, Malvern hills, Bredon hills, the three Clee hills, and the Wrekin, are distinctly visible. In a clear day, the Caradoc hills, in Shropshire, may be distinguished, and far beyond them many of the principal mountains in North Wales.

CIVIL WARS AND ANCIENT FAMILIES.—Wolverhampton does not appear to have had any considerable share in the political events of the kingdom, till the commencement of those fatal contentions between the prerogatives of the Crown and the

houses." The site belongs to the Commissioners of the Improvement Act, who *collect stillage thereon* on every Wednesday market; but no *tolls* or *stillage* are *paid on the Saturday* in any part of the Market-place, though the lessee lord of *the deanery manor* recently made an unsuccessful attempt to enforce them.

privileges of Parliament, in the reign of Charles I. On the day succeeding the battle of Hopton heath, near Stafford, which was fought March 19th, 1642, this town was taken possession of by the Parliamentary forces under Sir Wm. Brereton, who gives the following account of its capture.—"Myselfe, lieutenant collonell Hopkins, and captaine Jackson, tooke out my troope of horse, and three companyes of my dragoones, and went to Wolverhampton, which towne we entered about three of the clocke in the morninge, without any opposition or resistance; the greatest malignants were fled; those that remained were summoned and appeared, and their armes, whereof wee brought two or three cart loades, and some cannon bulleits, from Mr. Folie's forges, and the moulds which made those bulleits, which were intended for Lichfield, all which were brought into Stafford; reservinge the ransome and compositione of the towne for some more seasonable opportunity, when the greate and rich men are returned." A few months after, we find his Majesty was here, and sent a letter to the magistrates of Lichfield, directing the citizens to send their arms, &c. to the royal standard at Nottingham, and dated "att our Court at Wolverhampton, this 17th of August, 1642." On May 16th, 1645, the head quarters of Prince Rupert were here, and the King lay at Bushbury; and on the 16th of June following, immediately after the battle of Naseby, which decided the fate of the unfortunate and misguided monarch, his Majesty marched into this town, but left it on the succeeding day.

At this unhappy period, the ancient and distinguished FAMILY OF THE GOUGHS, of the Oldfallings and Perry hall, from whom the noble house of Calthorpe is paternally descended,* were residents of this town. The first who is mentioned as having settled here is Thomas Gough,† a merchant of the staple, in the reign of Henry VIII. As a singular instance of patriotic liberality, connected also with the long-established character of the town for loyalty, we transcribe the following anecdote from Shaw's History of Staffordshire:—"The unfortunate Charles I., during his troubles, stopt at Wolverhampton, where he was entertained by Madam St. Andrew, who was either sister or aunt to Mr. Henry Gough, and that gentleman ventured to accommodate their Royal Highnesses Charles Prince of Wales and James Duke of York. An ancient tenement still

* By the marriage, in 1741, of Sir Henry Gough, Bart. (son and heir of Sir Sir Richard Gough, who accumulated a large fortune by the East India and China trade, was knighted by George I. and purchased the manor of Edgbaston, where he settled) with Barbara, sister and sole heir of Sir Henry Calthorpe, K.B., who dying without issue, the family became extinct in the male line, and he devised his estates to his nephew Henry, the eldest son of his sister, Lady Gough, on condition of his assuming the name and arms of Calthorpe, and in 1796 he was created Baron Calthorpe.

† Grandson of the brave Sir Matthew Gough, who was knighted in the French wars, under Talbot Earl of Shrewsbury, and slain in Cade's rebellion, in 1450.



remains at Wolverhampton, which is part of the house where these princely guests resided. A subscription being set on foot to aid the exigencies of the royal cause, the inhabitants cheerfully contributed according to their ability, but the most ample supply was expected from Mr. Gough, whose loyalty was as eminent as his fortune was superior, when, to the great surprise and disappointment of every one, he refused any assistance, though strongly urged by the King's commissioners, who retired in disgust and chagrin. When night approached, putting on his hat and cloak, Mr. Gough went secretly, and solicited a private audience of his Majesty. This appearing an extraordinary request, the dangerous circumstances of the times considered, the Lord in Waiting wished to know the object of the request, with an offer to communicate it to the King. Mr. Gough persisted in rejecting this offer, and after much interrogation, obtained admission to the royal presence. He then drew from his cloak a purse containing a large sum of money, and presenting it with due respect, said, 'May it please your Majesty to accept this, it is all the cash I have by me, or I would have brought more.'* The gift was so acceptable to the King, that an offer of knighthood was made to Mr. Gough; but this loyal subject having no other view then to serve his sovereign, declined the honour, which was afterwards conferred on his grandson Henry, of Perry hall, when he was introduced at the court of Charles II." Of this family was the learned and ingenious antiquary and topographer, Richard Gough, author of several historical works, and translator of Camden's Britannia, which he published in three vols. folio, in 1789.

The *Levesons*, another distinguished family, formerly resided at Wolverhampton, in the old and extensive brick building called TURTON'S HALL, which they erected after they had acquired great riches by the wool trade. This hall was subsequently occupied by the Turtons, but has long been used by Messrs. Ryton and Walton, as a manufactory of japanned goods. The moat which surrounded it is partly filled up, and the upper story of the mansion was taken off in the early part of the last century. The LEVESONS became large purchasers of the church lands, at the reformation in the reign of Henry VIII., and by the marriage of the heiress of the elder branch of their family with Sir Thomas Gowar, Bart. of Sittenham, ancestor of the Marquis of Stafford, (now Duke of Sutherland,) part of the manor of Stow heath, (which includes a large portion of Wolverhampton,) the priory of Trentham, Lilleshull, &c. became the property of the *Gowers*, who added the name of *Leveson*† to their own. (See Trentham.) But the "Great

* By the tradition of the family, £1200 is supposed to have been the sum, *while others say* the amount was never known with certainty, but it was thought *to be more.*

† *The first of the* LEVESON FAMILY upon record is Richard Leveson, who was

Hall," (now called Tarton's hall,) and the lands belonging to it, with Ashmore's park, &c. were sold by Walter Leveson, in the reign of James II., to the Earl of Bradford, from whom they descended to the late Sir Wm. Pulteney, and from him to the Duke of Cleveland, the present proprietor. Among the other principal mansions in Wolverhampton is GIFFORD HOUSE, the seat of the Catholic Bishop of the Midland District, built by Henry Arundel, of the noble family of the Arundels, of Wardour castle, and now belonging to T. W. Giffard, Esq. of Chillington; also a spacious *mansion in North-street*, which has long been occupied by the *Molineux family*, whose great ancestor came into England with Isabella, Queen of Edward II. from Flanders, in 1307. The late George Molineux, Esq., an opulent merchant and banker, who resided here, was high sheriff of Staffordshire, in 1791. To these may be added the *Deanery hall*, which was rebuilt by Richard Guest, or Best, first a stationer in London, and afterwards "a farmer of the excise of Oliver Cromwell," as will be seen in the account of the Collegiate church, with which a large portion of the history of the town is inseparably connected.

VICISSITUDES OF TRADE, &c.—During the last fifty years, Wolverhampton and the surrounding villages have, like most other manufacturing districts, suffered frequent reverses of fortune, arising from depressions in trade, dear provisions, and other calamitous sources. In 1743, being "perhaps the most general year of plenty throughout the whole nation that had happened in some ages," the *price of wheat* was 3s. per bushel; but in 1796, it rose to 17s.; in 1800, to 21s.; and in 1812 and 1813, to 25s. per bushel. As these prices were considered to have been considerably augmented by the avarice and monopoly of the corn factors, the bakers, and the flour dealers, a large association was formed here in 1813, called the UNION MILL AND BREAD COMPANY, with a capital of nearly £15,000, raised in shares of £1 each. A large mill and bakehouse were speedily erected, for the purpose of supplying the proprietors and the public with flour and bread, which the subscribers still

seated at Willenhall, co. Stafford, 27 Edw. I. From him descended Richard Leveson, of Prestwood, Esq. who had three sons; John, who died without issue; Nicholas, Lord Mayor of London, died in 1539, James. John, great grandson of Nicholas, died without issue male, but left two daughters, Christian, who married Sir Peter Temple, of Stow, Bart., and Frances, the wife of Sir Thomas Gower, Bart., who inherited Lilleshull and Trentham. From these two females spring a numerous race of Peers of Great Britain. James Leveson, the younger brother of Nicholas, the Lord Mayor, was a merchant of the staple at Wolverhampton and Lilleshull. By his first wife he had a daughter, Mary, wife of Sir George Curson, of Croxall, who became his heir. From her descended the Duke of Dorset and the Earl of Thanet. By a second wife he had two daughters: Elizabeth, married to Sir Walter Aston, and Joyce, to Sir John Giffard, of Chillington, Knight.—*Dr. Harwood's Additions to Erdeswick's Antiquities of Staffordshire.*



continue to do, greatly to their own advantage and the satisfaction of the poor. In 1814, an indictment was preferred at the Stafford Assizes, against the proprietors of shares in this useful undertaking, as an illegal combination; but, after a trial of fourteen hours, before a special jury, a verdict was given in their favour. Towards the end of the year 1815, and the beginning of 1816, considerable derangement and stagnation took place among the large iron works and coal mines in the neighbourhood of Wolverhampton. In consequence of the general peace, (which brought not prosperity in its train,) the government orders for iron were slackened or suspended, consequently there was a considerable fall in the price of that metal, and large stocks accumulated in the hands of the iron masters, who are also many of them coal owners, and who, after issuing *copper and silver tokens*, were at last reduced to the necessity of paying their workmen's wages in *paper money*, consisting of small cards or tickets for sums of 1s., 2s. 6d., 5s., &c. At length the tokens and the paper money fell into disrepute, some of the masters became bankrupts, and others were so distressed for means to go on, that they were obliged to discharge their workmen. Some riots ensued, which were obliged to be quelled by the military. Thousands of workmen were reduced to pauperism, and the poor-rates, which became a grievous burthen upon the middle and higher classes, could not be collected in sums adequate to the crying necessities of the unemployed. In the midst of this calamity, (which existed in many other manufacturing districts at the same period,) a number of *colliers* determined to make their case known to Government, and adopted the novel plan of *yoking themselves to waggons laden with coal*, having previously drawn up a petition, signed by several magistrates, which they intended to present to the Prince Regent, together with the coals. Three *teams* of this description set out for the metropolis, each waggon having about 50 men yoked to it; whilst others took different directions. One of the waggons intended for London, proceeded by the route of Worcester, another by Birmingham and Coventry, and a third by Stourbridge. They travelled at the rate of 12 miles per day, and received voluntary gifts of money, &c., on the road, but they never *asked* for alms; their motto, as placarded on the waggons, being "*Rather work than beg.*" To prevent them entering the metropolis, police magistrates were sent from the Home Department Office, who met two of the parties, one at St. Alban's, and another at Maidenhead, and told the men that they had adopted wrong means to procure relief, and persuaded them quietly to return, after purchasing their coals and providing them with a sufficient stock of money to enable them to reach their homes. A similar proceeding *took place a few miles* from Chester; the magistrates of that *city met the third* team, and dissuaded the men from further

persisting in their ill-advised undertaking, after giving them £30 for their coals. The conduct of these distressed men was most exemplary; they listened with the utmost attention and respect to the advice of the magistrates, and after obtaining a certificate of their good behaviour, returned with the empty waggons to their families and friends. The novelty of this affair created a considerable sensation both in London and the country, but happily it carried with it none of those alarms and devastations which were created by the Luddites (or machine breakers,) in the counties of Nottingham; York, and Lancaster, at the same period. In 1817, no fewer than 32 out of the 68 iron smelting furnaces around Wolverhampton and Dudley, had stopped or "*blown out*;" but the recent introduction and projection of extensive railways in this and other countries, has lately caused such an extensive demand for iron rails, &c. both for home consumption, and exportation to America, &c., that the price of iron rose considerably during the year 1833, and the miners, smelters, and forgemen, now find an abundance of employment. In 1831, Wolverhampton, Bilston, and all the towns and populous villages in the mining and manufacturing districts of Staffordshire, established POLITICAL UNIONS, in connection with one established at Birmingham, under the auspices of T. Attwood, Esq., and several other zealous reformers. To the determined, yet constitutional efforts of these associations, may be chiefly attributed the final success of the great cause of Parliamentary Reform, which has swept away all the small and corrupt boroughs, and substituted in their stead, Wolverhampton and all the populous towns in the kingdom, which had previously been without representatives in the House of Commons. —(See p. 165.)—In October, 1833, the members of the Political Union here, presented to their townsman, *T. S. Simkiss*, surgeon, a silver salver, "as a testimony of their respect for his able and zealous advocacy of Public Rights." In 1832, this town and neighbourhood suffered severely in a visitation of that dreadful malady, *Asiatic Cholera*, as will be seen at a subsequent page in the history of Bilston, where the disease was more fatal than at any other place in the kingdom. Having now briefly related all that is momentous in the general history of Wolverhampton, we shall proceed to a survey of its churches, chapels, charities, and other public institutions.

COLLEGIATE CHURCH.

The Collegiate and mother church of the extensive parish of Wolverhampton, is now dedicated to St. Peter, and pleasantly situated on elevated ground towards the eastern side of the town. It is a stately and venerable structure, consisting of a lofty nave, two side aisles, and a chancel, with a very fine embattled *and richly ornamented* Gothic tower rising from the



centre, to the height of 120 feet, and containing eight bells and a set of chimes. The chancel is most incongruously fitted up in the modern taste. Five pointed arches, resting on octagonal pillars, support the nave. The *pulpit*, which is composed of stone, is an object of great interest and curiosity. It is placed against one of the south pillars, and is adorned with very beautiful sculptured niche work. A flight of steps forms the basement, at the foot of which is placed the figure of a lion, in a sitting posture, executed in a very superior style. Between the pulpit and the reading desk are stalls for the dean and prebendaries, curates, and singing-men; on the divisions of which are carved a variety of grotesque figures. On the *north* side of the tower is a chapel, anciently called St. Catherine's, but now *Lane's Chancel*, from its having many monumental memorials of the Lanes, formerly of Bentley, amongst which is the noble tomb of Colonel John Lane, who distinguished himself by his attachment to Charles II. In this chancel is a curious stone *font* of an octagonal shape, and evidently of great antiquity. On the shafts, in bass relief, are the figures of St. Anthony, St. Paul, and St. Peter; the first bearing a palm and shield, the second a club, and the third being in the act of supplication. The other parts of this font are beautifully embellished with crosses, sprigs, tulips, roses, and a multitude of other flowers. To the south of the tower, in *Leveson's Chancel*, formerly called the "Lady Chapel," stands an alabaster monument, with effigies to the memory of John Leveson and his wife, who died in 1575. This chapel had formerly a fine stained glass window, in which was represented "the whole story of the roote of Jesse." The great chancel contains a fine, full-length *statue of brass*, in honour of the celebrated Admiral Sir Richd. Leveson, who commanded under Sir Francis Drake, against the Spanish Armada. During the commonwealth, this statue was taken away by order of the "Committee of Stafford," with the intention of having it cast into a gun, from which fate it was purchased by Lady Leveson, of Trentham, who lodged it in the church of Lilleshull, in Salop, till the repairs of the chancel (which had been much injured by Cromwell's soldiers) were completed. The altar-piece, of our Saviour's agony in the garden of Gethsemane, is esteemed a fine old painting, by Lafranc, and has on one side of it a representation of St. Peter, and on the other of St. Paul. Of the painted glass which formerly embellished the windows, but few relics now remain, and many of the sepulchral inscriptions are destroyed or defaced by the effects of time. In the church-yard, near the south porch, stands a round column, twenty feet in height, and displaying a vast profusion of rude sculpture work, arranged in separate compartments; and surmounted by a plain capital, which is *supposed to have* formerly supported a cross. There are simi-

lar monuments in the churchyards of Leek, Chebsey, and

Draycott-in-the-Moors, but it is doubtful whether they are of Danish or of Saxon origin. Whether the church or monastery built here by *Wilfruna* (see p. 164,) forms any part of the Collegiate church as it now exists, is a question involved in great obscurity; but it is generally believed to have been rebuilt on the ruins of her foundation, about the close of the twelfth century, and, like its predecessor, dedicated to the Virgin Mary; but in the reign of Henry III. the dedication was altered, and the honour conferred upon St. Peter. Shaw, who wrote in 1798, says, that at the south-west corner of the churchyard, there may be seen "handsome and spacious rooms or vaults, about thirty feet square, with strong and massy groins meeting in the centre at the top, the whole unmutilated and very perfect stone-work. The walls are of great thickness, near three yards, in which are still visible the remains of door-ways or passages. When the Assizes were held in this town, in Queen Elizabeth's time, these vaults were used as a prison for the felons who were tried in the Town-hall, nearly adjacent." The conjecture that these vaults formed part of the basement story of *Wulfruna's monastery* is very probable; but the researches of the antiquary on the subject are now at an end, as the vaults have long been hidden from the sight by the erection of useful buildings. Wulfruna, after completing her *college and church of St. Mary*, in 996, (vide p. 164,) placed therein a dean and several prebends, or secular canons. The latter, however, did not long continue to promote the object for which they were instituted; but, in defiance of every precept, moral and divine, became so vicious in their lives, that their dean, Petrus Blesensis, after trying all possible means to reclaim them, was compelled to surrender his deanery into the hands of Hubert Walker, archbishop of Canterbury, about the year 1200, humbly beseeching him that cistertians might be substituted in their stead. This archbishop is said to have rebuilt the church, with houses round about it for the dean and prebendaries, but he died before he had succeeded in reforming the latter, who, by a charter of Pope Innocent IV. claimed exemption from all ordinary jurisdiction, and "that no sentence of excommunication or interdiction should be pronounced against them, or any molestation given to them, without a special license of the Apostolic See;" which, and other immunities, were confirmed to them by Henry III. and succeeding kings, till Edward IV. annexed "the College or Free Chapel of Wolverhampton" to that of Windsor. In this state it continued till the dissolution, when it was granted, with all its manors, revenues, &c. to John, Duke of Northumberland, after whose attainture for high treason, it was refounded by Queen Mary, who again annexed it to Windsor, and appointed the celebrated Marcus Antonius de Dominis, Archbishop *of Spalatro*, in Dalmatia, to the conjunct *deaneries, which are still united*, though the colleges are dis-

tinct. This church is not only exempt from the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese, but is subject to no other power than that of the King, or the Lord Keeper of the Great Seal. In 1811, an act of Parliament was obtained to enable the dean and his successors "to grant leases and licenses for opening and working mines within the lands belonging to the manor of Wolverhampton," for any term not exceeding 50 years, or three lives, under the usual restrictions; and for extinguishing, on each respective vacancy, the offices of the three assistant ministers, called Readers, and annexing their duties, salaries, and emoluments, to the office of *Sacrist*, "who should hereafter be denominated *Perpetual Curate* of the parish of Wolverhampton," and have a certain portion of the rents to be reserved by leases granted by the dean. The yearly reserved rent paid by the Duke of Cleveland, for the deanery manor, which he holds on a lease of three lives, is £38. Erdeswick, who wrote in 1603, says, "there are within the parish nine several *leets*, whereof eight belong to the church;—viz. one to the dean, and one to each of the seven prebendaries." The annual value of the *deanery* he estimates at £300, and the *prebends* as follows:—viz., Kinvaston, £100; Wobaston, £100; Willenhall, £100; Featherstone, £80; Hilton, £70; Monmore, £70; and Hatherton, £40; but during the last two centuries their revenues have greatly increased. "The dean," says the same author, "is lord-borogh of Wolverhampton, Codsall, Hatherton, and Pelshall, and hath all manner of privileges belonging to the view of frank-pledge, felons' goods, deodends, escheats, marriage of wards, and clerks of the weekly market." The following is the present list of the incumbents and assistant ministers of the "Collegiate Church or Royal Free Chapel of Wolverhampton;" but the dean and prebendaries scarcely ever attend the church service after the time of their induction, the whole duty devolving upon the perpetual curate and his assistants.

Dean of Wolverhampton and Windsor.—The Hon. and Rev. Lewis Hobart, D.D.

Prebendaries.—Rev. Augustus Hobart, M.A. of *Kinvaston;* Rev. G. F. Molineux, B.A., *Wobaston*, (a farm in Bushbury parish;) Rev. Robt. Ellison, M.A., *Willenhall;* Rev. Thomas Walker, jun. M.A., *Featherstone;* Rev. John Fletcher Mucklestone, D.D. *Hilton;* Rev. Thos. Cotton Fell, B.D., *Monmore*, (an estate on the east side of Wolverhampton;) and Rev. Wm. Birkett, of *Hatherton*.

Perpetual Curate.—Rev. Thos. Walker (inducted 1788.)

Assistant Curates.—Revds. William Wenman and Thomas Corbett Perry.

Afternoon Lecturer.—Rev. Robert Robinson.

The *Chapelries* of Bilston, Pelsall, Wednesfield, and Willenhall, all in this parish, pay marriage fees to the Collegiate church, but are exempt from other surplice fees, except Pelsall

which is subject to all. In 1819, the Collegiate church was substantially repaired and beautified; the stone pulpit restored to its original state, and a large piece of ground consecrated as a burial place. In 1821 & 2, the organ was newly fronted, and its power greatly increased; and in 1824 & 5, the old churchyard was enclosed with Gothic iron palisades. Though the population of Wolverhampton has been nearly doubled during the last 30 years, the town has only *three churches*,—the one just described, and two others, dedicated to St. John and St. George; but a subscription has recently been opened for the erection of two more—one on the *Penn road*, and another in the populous district called *Catchem's corner*, where the townships of Wolverhampton and Bilston form a junction with the parish of Sedgeley. The present *church room* in Wolverhampton comprises 4974 sittings, of which 1542 are at the Collegiate church; 139 at St. John's; and 2038 at St. George's.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, a very handsome stone fabric, with a lofty spire, stands on the south west side of the town, in a spacious burial ground, encompassed by a double row of trees and a square of handsome houses. It was built by subscription, and the Earl of Stamford contributing £1000 towards it, the right of nominating the incumbent curate was vested in him and his heirs for ever. The Act of Parliament for its erection was obtained in 1755, but the damage the building sustained by a fire in 1758, (occasioning a loss of about £7000,) greatly retarded its completion, which was not entirely accomplished, with the raising of the steeple, till 1776. The interior was, however, so far finished in 1760, that the edifice was consecrated in that year. It is elegantly fitted up with oak galleries and pews for about 1400 hearers; the communion table is of polished marble; and the altar-piece, representing the descent of Christ from the cross, is a beautiful painting, by Mr. Joseph Barney, a native of this town, and painter in fruit and flowers to his late Majesty. The organ, which is very powerful and finely toned, was built by the famous Harris, originally for Temple church, London, and afterwards stood for more than half a century in Christ church Cathedral, Dublin, whence it was removed to its present situation. In 1813 and 1814, a subscription was raised for the benefit of the minister of this church, or chapel of ease, to which the patron, the Earl of Stamford, contributed £500, making the total amount £1145. To this was afterwards added, £100 from Pyncombe's charity, and £300 from Queen Anne's bounty. With £490 of this subscription, a house and offices in George-street were purchased in 1817. They are now let for £36. 15s. a year. Of the remainder, £500 is vested at £2 per cent. with the governors of Queen Anne's bounty, and the rest, in £542. 13s. 5d. five per cent. stock; so that the present incumbent, the *Rev. Humphrey* Pountney, M.A., has a yearly income of about £80, exclusive of the pew rents, &c.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, on the Bilston road, near Turton's hall, is a large and handsome structure of brick, cased with Tixall stone, in the Doric order of architecture, 127 feet long and 67 broad, standing in a burial ground of three acres. The first stone was laid August 18th, 1828, and the building was finished in 1830, at the cost of £10,325, of which £3300 were subscribed by the inhabitants, and the remainder was a grant from the Government Commissioners under the Million Act. The window frames, and the pillars which support the galleries, are of cast iron. The east window is filled with stained glass, which cost £100. The burial ground, which cost £1815, has been enclosed with a wall and palisades, for which a rate of 1s. 8d. in the pound was levied upon the inhabitants. The church is neatly fitted up, and has 2038 sittings, of which 1332 are *free* for the use of the poor. The Dean of Wolverhampton is the patron, and the Rev. George B. Clare is the curate.

CHAPELS.

The ROMAN CATHOLIC CHAPEL, in North-street, attached to *Giffard House* (See p. 173.) the seat of the Right Rev. Dr. Walsh, the Catholic Bishop of the Midland District, has, since the death of the late bishop, the eminent Dr. Milner, in 1826, been so much altered and enlarged, that it may now be considered a new edifice; upwards of £5000 having been expended in its renovation, towards which the late Dr. Milner gave £1000. The exterior is in a beautiful mixed style of architecture; over the entrance are two fine figures in composition, representing St. Peter and St. Paul; and on the north side is a handsome stained glass window, in the form of a cross. The fine altar-piece by Barney, and the other works of art which embellished the old part of the chapel have been disposed to the best advantage in the new. Near the chapel is a Catholic Charity School for 50 boys and 50 girls.

DISSENTERS are as numerous in Wolverhampton as in most other towns of the same population, they having here no fewer than eight chapels, of which three belong to the Independents, two to the Baptists, two to the Methodists, and one to the Unitarians. The *Quakers* had formerly a meeting-house in Canal-street, but it is now converted into dwellings. The *Wesleyan chapel*, in Darlington-street, was built in 1824, at the cost of nearly £3000, and has seats for 1700 hearers. It has a handsome stuccoed front, and a fine organ erected in 1827. *Mount Zion chapel*, in Horseley-field, was erected in 1829, by the New Connexion of Methodists. The Rev. William Harthill Baylis is minister of the *Baptist chapel*, in the Walsall road, and the Rev. Charles Thompson of that in Temple-street, erected about *40 years ago*. The *Unitarian chapel*, on Snow-hill, built in *1831, is a neat edifice*, under the ministry of the Rev. Stephen-

son Hunter. The *Independent chapel*, in Queen-street, is an extensive and handsomely finished fabric, under the pastoral care of the Rev John Roaf; and that in Temple-street, is a plain brick edifice, of which the Rev. Henry Rogers is minister. The *Old Dissenting Meeting House*, in St. John-street, now occupied by a small congregation of Independents who have no regular minister, was erected in 1701, "for the worship and service of God," as the title deed declares, without any restriction as to points of doctrine. It possesses property worth upwards of £39 per annum, purchased by subscription, together with a good house for the minister, worth £20 per annum. For a number of years previous to 1816, it was used as a Unitarian chapel, but since that time, owing to a still unsettled Chancery suit between the trustees and the late minister, (the Rev. John Steward,) it has been almost entirely shut up, but it has latterly been used by the Independent or Calvinistic part of the old congregation, who have no means for supporting a regular minister, as the income arising from the endowment will, for many years to come, be absorbed in the law expenses incurred in the protracted suit in Chancery. Mr. Charles Mander, as heir of the last surviving trustee, filed a fresh bill in 1832, for the recovery of the trust property, with the intention of having it vested in a new set of Trinitarian Trustees.

Sunday Schools, and Bible, Missionary, Tract, and other *Religious Societies*, are liberally supported here by the church and the dissenting congregations; and whilst ample provision is made for the spiritual welfare of the poor, their moral, literary, and physical weal is not neglected, as will be seen in the following account of PUBLIC SCHOOLS and other CHARITIES, compiled principally from the *Reports of the Parliamentary Commissioners*, (*Vol.* 4. *published in* 1820,) but corrected to the present year, 1833.

The FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in St. John-street, was founded by Sir Stephen Jenyns, Knt., an alderman of London, who obtained for its maintenance letters patent from Henry VIII., in 1512 and 1513; vesting it in trust with the Merchant Tailors' Guild in London, of which fraternity the founder was a member. He endowed it with the manor of Rushocke, in Worcestershire, (then of the yearly value of £15,) for the support of a master and usher to instruct boys "in good morals and literature." Until 1628, the Merchant Tailors' Company only paid £12 a-year to the master and usher; but by a decree in Chancery in that year, the whole of the rents of the trust property was declared to belong to the school. Another suit was instituted against the Company for mismanagement, in 1766; and, at their own request, they were discharged from the trust in 1783; when they conveyed the trust property to forty trustees, approved by one of the Masters in Chancery;—*the Bishop of Lichfield*, and the Knights of the



shire, for the county of Stafford, to be always amongst their number. Two subsequent conveyances have been made, in the last of which, dated December 23rd, 1817, the *trust estate* is described as comprising the schoolhouse and two messuages, with yards, gardens, &c., in Wolverhampton; the manor of Rushocke, and several farms and parcels of land, in the parishes of Rushocke, Dodderhill, Upton-Warren, and Chadesley-Corbett, all in Worcestershire, and containing together about 823A. 1R. 25P., of which 98 acres were obtained in two allotments under an enclosure act passed in 1805, when the trustees exchanged several parcels of land. In 1820, the trust estate was let for £1168. 5s. per annum, and the expenditure of the establishment amounted to £1082. 11s. 4d.; the *head master's* yearly salary being £500; the *usher's*, £200; the *writing master's*, £84; the *French* and *German master's*, £80; and the *drawing master's*, £70. Many large sums have at various times been expended in repairing the houses, &c., on the trust property. The *school buildings* consist of a handsome schoolroom, with a good house at each end, which were erected in 1715, and of another room called *The New School*, built in 1785, at the cost of £730. In 1814, the head master's salary was raised from £150 to £500; and in 1815, the usher's was advanced from £80 to £200. These extravagant augmentations were loudly complained against by the inhabitants, who considered that the now ample revenue of the school should be employed in part at least, in the establishment of such modes of education as might render it more generally beneficial to the great manufacturing and trading population of this town and neighbourhood. As the trustees have already departed from the terms of the foundation, by the appointment of masters for drawing, geography, and the modern languages, they might with equal propriety extend the exercise of their discretion to other objects which the wants and interest of the place may require. Two evenings in the week are set apart for exercising the lower classes in English reading and spelling. Under the new regulations, 98 *day scholars* may be admitted from among the inhabitants of the town without any charge, except for school books; but the number is seldom more than 60, owing to a prevailing, but we should hope erroneous, idea, that an undue attention is paid to the *boarders*, of whom the master and usher are allowed to take (for their own emolument) no fewer than 52, though they have seldom more than 20;—but certainly their salaries are amply sufficient, without the addition of this lucrative privilege, which we consider to be nothing less than a perversion of the charitable intentions of the founder. The Rev. W. Tindall, the late *master*, was elected in 1800, previous to which he had been usher from the year 1785. He was succeeded by the Rev. William White, the present master, in 1831. The master and usher have also the interest of £100, left in

1688, by Mr. Randall Wolley, and the latter has 20s. yearly, bequeathed about 1633, by a Mr. Nechells.

The **BLUE COAT CHARITY SCHOOL**, in New-street, though not so rich, is a more useful charity to the poor than the one just described. It originated about 1710, from the yearly contributions of the benevolent, aided by numerous legacies and donations, which from the year 1711 to 1810, amounted to the aggregate sum of £2105. 12s. 6d. This, together with the amount of subsequent benefactions, has been laid out in the purchase of land and buildings, or vested at interest. The permanent *yearly income* of the charity in 1820, was £246. 18s., of which £140 was from a farm at Seisdon; £53. 10s. from six houses in Wolverhampton; £32. 3s. from four per cent. stock; £8, an annuity from the Marquis of Stafford; and £12. 15s. interest from Mr. Pearson, Mr. Mitton, and Messrs. Hordern and Co. In addition to this, the trustees are entitled to some property, both in possession and reversion, under the will of the late *John Mansell*, dated March 8, 1801. This consists of several shares in the five per cent. annuities, producing collectively £93. 10s., and directed to be transferred to this school after the death of the donor's legatees, for the purpose of "maintaining, washing, and lodging," as many poor boys and girls as it would extend to. The testator died in 1802, and most of the legatees were dead in 1808; but his executor, Samuel Mansell, refused to transfer the stock to the charity; consequently an information was filed against him in Chancery, in 1810, and in 1820, he was in custody for contempt of court, having up to that period evaded any decision in favour of the charity, except his being restrained from receiving the dividends. This protracted suit was not terminated till 1826, when more than half of the abovenamed stock was transferred for the use of the school, and the rest will revert to it on the death of the remaining legatees. In 1832, a new school was built for the boys, at the cost of £400; towards which, Messrs. Thomas and James Perry gave £100, and the rest was raised by subscription. The number of scholars have been augmented from 72 to 150, of whom 100 are boys, and 50 girls. All of them are educated gratuitously; 60 boys and the 50 girls have each a suit of blue clothing yearly; the rest are provided with blue pinafores; and six of each sex are boarded and lodged in the house, in consideration of Mansell's benefaction. The funds are augmented yearly by collections at the churchee, which generally produce about £100.

The *Rev. Charles Wynn*, in 1669, bequeathed £6 per annum, out of an estate at Edvinloach, in Worcestershire, for the instruction of poor children, and to buy them bibles. Up to 1820, there had been no regular application of this annuity, and in that year there was a balance of £157. 17s. 3d. in the hands of the *acting trustee*, Henry Jesson, Esq., of Tryshull. *The sum of £100 was paid* from this charity, in 1810, to the

Blue Coat school, to which it would be advisable to apply the whole of this fund, which is too small for the support of a separate school.

The NATIONAL SCHOOL, in Cleveland road, was built by subscription in 1832, and is supported by annual contributions for the education of about 300 boys and 200 girls. It is a handsome building of brick, cased with stone in the Gothic style, and consisting of a house for the master, and two wings for the schools. The sum of £295. 14s. 9d. was paid to this charity as the profits of a *Bazaar* held in August, 1833.

The BRITISH SCHOOL, at the Baptist chapel in Temple-street, was established on the liberal principles of the British and Foreign School Society, in September, 1833, under the distinguished patronage of the Duchess of Kent and the Princess Victoria, who, at the solicitation of the minister of the said chapel, remitted a liberal subscription for the use of the school, with permission for their names to be used as its patronesses. In the following month, a large meeting of the clergy and gentry was held in the town to memorialize Government, in order to obtain from them a portion of the Parliamentary grant for the purposes of education. Should they succeed, as no doubt they will, a more suitable building will be erected for this school, capable of accommodating 500 scholars. About 100 children are educated at the *Catholic charity school*, so that, when the British school is fully established, the total number of free scholars at the different day schools in Wolverhampton will be about 1350.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.—The *News Room and Library*, in Queen street, occupy a handsome building of brick and stone, erected in 1813, but enlarged in 1830 by the addition of an upper story, which forms a spacious and elegant *Assembly Room*. The whole cost of the erection was about £5000. The News room is well supplied with London and provincial papers, magazines, reviews, &c. and is supported by about 140 subscribers of 25s. each per annum. The Library was established in 1794, and has upwards of 6000 volumes in the various departments of literature, belonging to about 260 proprietors, who subscribe 21s. each per annum. The *Tradesmen and Mechanics' Library*, which occupies a room in King-street, was commenced about three years ago, and now comprises nearly 1000 volumes. A weekly and two daily newspapers are taken in, and gratuitous lectures, on various subjects, are delivered every month to the members, who subscribe 10s. each yearly for the purchase of books, &c. The *Wolverhampton Chronicle*, a weekly newspaper, advocating the Whig or liberal side of politics, is published every Wednesday, and was established in *1810*. The *Theatre* stands behind the Swan Hotel, and was *built about the* year 1779; previous to which, dramatic performances were held in the old Town Hall; and it was there

that the late celebrated tragedians, Mrs. Siddons, and her brother, John P. Kemble, first displayed those extraordinary talents which raised them to the highest rank in their profession; the former went to school in this town, and the latter received his education at the Catholic academy in Sedgley park. The debût of Mr. Kemble was made Jan. 8th, 1776, in the character of Theodosius. In the present theatre, the early efforts of those celebrated comedians, the late Mr. Emery and Mr. W. Farren, were witnessed.

WORTHIES.—Among the eminent men educated at the Grammar School in this town, are the late John Abernethy, Esq. surgeon; the late Sir Wm. Congreve, Bart. engineer; John Pearson, Esq. now Advocate General in India; Alexander Hordern, Esq. barrister, of the Temple; and Richard Tooth, Esq. late Fellow of Trinity College. A stone in the south porch of the Collegiate Church is inscribed to the memory of "*Charles Claudius Phillips*, whose absolute contempt of riches, and inimitable performances on the violin, made him the admiration of all that knew him." He was a native of Wales, made the tour of Europe; and after travelling many years in Staffordshire as a musician, sometimes dressed in laced clothes, at other times under the pressure of great distress, he died here in 1732. He is said to have possessed a rapidity of execution which has perhaps never been equalled, except by Paganini, the "*Prince of Fiddlers*," whose magic strains have conjured so many thousands from the pockets of the present generation. *Wm. Pitt*, the author of agricultural surveys of several of the midland counties, and of a history of Staffordshire, was born at Ford houses, near this town, in 1749, and died in 1823, in indigent circumstances; his publications, and his farm at Penderford, having yielded him but little profit. This town has given birth to two eminent *painters*—*Mr. J. Barney*, already noticed at page 179, and the late EDWARD BIRD, R.A. who was born here April 12th, 1772, and whose father was a carpenter. In his infancy, Mr. Bird exhibited a surprising genius for drawing, and was consequently bound apprentice to the art of tray painting, which afforded him an ample field for the exercise and improvement of his talents, both as a designer and colourer. Shortly after his apprenticeship expired, he went to Bristol, where he died Nov. 2nd, 1819, after finishing, in that city, a considerable number of excellent pictures, most of which were illustrations of history, and, on account of their intrinsic merit, fetched immense prices. Two of his largest paintings, representing the embarkation of Louis XVIII. at Dover, and his debarkation at Calais, in 1814, are now in the possession of Sir T. A. Clifford Constable, Bart. and are considered very valuable, as they were taken on the spot, and contain correct portraits of *Louis XVIII.* and the French and English nobility who attended on the occasion. "Chevy Chase," "The Vil-

lage Politicians," and several other of Mr. Bird's paintings, were purchased by the late Duke of Sutherland, and his "Choristers" by the late King. His "Surrender of Calais" was a present to the late Princess Charlotte, who made him her *historical painter*. Many of his other paintings (for some of which he obtained large premiums at the Royal Exhibitions,) are in the possession of collectors in Bristol and other parts of the kingdom; and some of his early productions may be seen in his native town. To these worthies may be added, several individuals of the families of the Goughs and the Levesons, and Col. John Lane, noticed at pages 171-2, & 4; and no doubt there are several other names that deserve a place in the Wolverhampton temple of fame, in which there are also some distinguished only for their charity, as may be seen in the preceding account of the Free Schools, and in the following list of

BENEFACTIONS.

The Doles under the management of the Minister and Churchwardens of Wolverhampton, are as follows, and their yearly proceeds (about £60,) are applied in a weekly distribution of bread, which is in many instances a departure from the directions of the benefactors, whose names, with the dates and amounts of their gifts, may be thus briefly enumerated:—1506, *Sir John Leigh*, 20s. yearly out of the Lea-farm; 1558, *John Leveson, Esq.* 26s. 8d. to the church, and 53s. 4d. to the poor, yearly, out of the Hon. E. Monckton's lands, at Stretton; 1625, *Henry Pinson*, 10s. yearly, out of four houses near the Nether shambles' row, in Wolverhampton; 1726, *Rev. John Hillman*, £40, with which a house was purchased in Bilston street, now let for £5 per ann.; 1747, *John Bradney*, 13s. 4d. to the poor, and 6s. 8d. for a sermon on St. John's day, to be paid yearly out of two fields at Goldthorn hill; *Mr. Robert Hanbury*, (date unknown,) an annuity of £2. 12s. out of Brooke's Meadow, at Norton; *John Jesson*, (date unknown,) £2. 12s. yearly out of Roundnook close; 1681, *Gervase Hall*, 20s. a year, out of a house in Cock street; *Mrs. Darwell*, 30s. yearly, out of a house in Canal street; 1686, *Mary Leigh*, 20s. per ann. out of a house in the Market place; *Richard Brooke*, 15s. yearly, out of Mill Hayes, near Coven; *John Pooler*, 13s. 4d. a year, out of a house in Lichfield street; *Alice Green*, 22s. yearly, out of Dairy house farm, in Brierley; Pinson's Dole, 20s. yearly, out of Brook row, near Corely, in Shropshire; *Thomas Osbourne*, 40s. yearly, out of houses at Walsall; *Alice Ridley's, Mr. Branson's, Cicely Haine's*, and *Thos. Bradney's* doles, amounting to £2. 10s. paid out of the estates of J. H. and L. H. Petit, Esqrs.; 1684, *Roger Hinton*, £20 yearly, out of lands in the parish of Rickerscote; *Mary Dobson*, 30s. yearly, out of a meadow at *Sandiford bridge*; and *George Birch*, 33s. 4d. to poor, and *6s. 8d. for a sermon* at Christmas, out of land at West Bromwich.

Charities under various Trustees.—An anonymous benefactor, £2. 12s. yearly, out of a house in the Market place, at the corner of Lichfield street, to be distributed in weekly doles of bread at the door of the house, every Saturday morning; 1727, *Thomas Sutton*, 40s. yearly, out of three houses in Little lane, to be distributed, on St. Thomas's day, amongst 80 poor widows, by the trustees of the chapel in St. John street; 1682, *Robert Brindley*, to the churchwardens, £100 in trust, to pay the interest towards the maintenance of a Wednesday evening lecture in the parish church. (The principal has been wasted in the purchase of £115. 19s. three per cent. consolidated bank annuities.) 1700, *Joseph Turton*, £5 yearly, to 40 poor widows, out of Joseph Howell's estate near Wolverhampton; and in 1765, *Wm. Deakin*, the interest of £200, to be distributed in weekly doles of bread at St. John's chapel. Upon the tablets in the parish church, is a list of a number of *Lost Charities*, which appear to have produced collectively about £15 per annum.

For Paving.—A *Mr. Nechells*, nearly two centuries ago, bequeathed about 20 acres of land at Coven heath, in the parish of Bushbury, in trust, that the rents thereof should be for ever employed in repairing the pavements of the town. It is now let for £40 a-year.

Several historians say that a HOSPITAL for a priest and six old women, was erected here, under the sanction of a Royal license, about 1394, by Clement Lusen and Wm. Waterfall, but the existence of such an institution is now unknown.

The DISPENSARY, one of the most useful charities of the town, was established in 1821, for the purpose of affording "medical and surgical relief, with the benefit of vaccination, to those poor persons who are unable to purchase medicine and advice for themselves." It occupies an ornamental edifice in Queen street, and derives its support from voluntary contributions, amounting annually to about £350, and from the legacies and donations of several benevolent individuals, one of whom gave £500 towards erecting the "*casualty wards*," which were built and furnished in 1833, at the cost of £711. 19s., for the reception of sixteen patients. The Duke of Cleveland is the president, and there are seven vice-presidents. A committee is chosen yearly, to direct the affairs of the institution. Two physicians and two surgeons attend gratuitously, but the resident house-surgeon has a yearly salary of £100, and is elected by the governors. The total number of patients admitted, from 1822 to July, 1833, was 14,290, exclusive of 12,648 incidental cases, casually relieved without recommendations. Mr. James Gatis is the house-surgeon, Mrs. Hazelock the matron, and Mr. John Steward the collector. The *Ladies' Charity*, for the relief of poor married *lying-in women*; and the *Wesleyan Benevolent Society, for relieving* casual cases of sickness and dis-

tress; are both supported by annual subscriptions, and are of considerable service to the indigent.

The WORKHOUSE, for the township of Wolverhampton, is a substantial building in Horseley field, well calculated for the purpose, and furnished with offices, &c. for the select vestry and parochial business. In 1741, £100 left by Mrs. Ann Gough, was expended in erecting one of the wings, which is now used as a sick ward. A *tread-mill* has just been erected in the yard, with the intention of compelling the paupers to grind corn both for themselves and for hire; but as the usual inmates of a poor-house are either children, women, or aged and infirm men, they are unfit for this prison labour; and indeed the able-bodied poor, who are occasionally reduced to pauperism, might be set to some more beneficial employment than turning the degraded tread-wheel, which was not invented for the aggravation of poverty, but the punishment of crime. The *poor rates*, in 1791, amounted to £2175. 18s. 3d.; but since that period the yearly levies have advanced to more than three times that sum. In 1816, 10s. in the pound on the estimated rental was collected, and at present the rates amount to 3s. 9d. in the pound, though for some years previous to 1832, they only amounted to 2s. 11d.

The SAVINGS' BANK, in Queen street, was established in 1825, and affords a safe and beneficial investment for the savings of the humbler classes. The deposits, on Nov. 20th, 1832, amounted to £16,353, belonging to 695 individuals, and several friendly societies. It is open every Monday, from ten till twelve, and is under the management of a respectable body of directors. Twelve of the most substantial inhabitants are the trustees; Richard Fryer, Esq. M.P. the treasurer; and Mr. T. S. Simkiss the secretary. Among the other provident institutions in the town, are a number of *Sick Clubs* and other benefit societies, and the *Union Mill Company*, already noticed at page 173.

The *Wolverhampton and Staffordshire Banking Company* was established in 1832, on the plan of other joint stock banks, and is under the management of twelve directors, four of whom are changed yearly. Here are also two old-established banking houses, as will be seen in the subjoined directory.

The PUBLIC OFFICE, in Princess street, was formerly an Independent chapel, but was purchased for its present use after the old Town Hall was taken down, (see p. 169.) *Petty sessions* are held here every Thursday, and generally on Mondays also. The *magistrates* usually on the bench are, the Rev. John Clare, and Henry Hill, Sam Stone Briscoe, Geo. Thos. Whitgreave, and J. Davenport, Esqrs. Mr. D. J. Bache is *clerk* to Mr. Clare; and Mr. John Lea, of Tettenhall, to the others. The county magistrates, and the constables appointed yearly for the *two manors*, (see p. 165,) with their deputies and numerous *assistants*, have at present the government of the town, together

with the constable, watchmen, &c. appointed by the commissioners of the *Improvement Act*, (vide p. 169;) but as Wolverhampton is included in the contemplated Act of Parliament for incorporating all the new boroughs, it may in a short time be under the control of a mayor, aldermen, and common council. There is no regular *prison* here, but the constables have two or three rooms at different public-houses, where delinquents are detained till they are acquitted, or committed to Stafford.

The COURT OF REQUEST, for the recovery of debts not exceeding the value of £5, within the townships of Wolverhampton and Wednesfield, and the parishes of Breewood, Pattingham, Bushbury, and Penn, is open on every fourth Friday, under an Act of Parliament passed in the year 1808, which also empowers the commissioners to hold a similar court at Bilston, for the townships of Bilston and Willenhall, and the parishes of Wednesbury and Darlaston, (except the manor of Bradley, which is included in the Oldbury act, obtained a few years before,) on the first Monday in every calendar month. Summonses are granted daily. The Wolverhampton court-room is in Princess street; Mr. J. Corser is the clerk, and Mr. Wm. Garfield is his deputy.

The *Excise Office*, at the Star and Garter, is open for the issuing of permits every day.

The POST-OFFICE is in Cock street, and Mr. Henry Hill is the *postmaster;* Mr. Cphr. Taylor Darby, the *clerk;* and John Brindley the *letter carrier*, who goes out on delivery twice a-day, at half-past ten morning and six evening. The MAIL BAGS for London, Birmingham, Westbromwich, Wednesbury, and Bilston, are despatched at four afternoon, and arrive at 32 min. past nine morning; for Manchester, Liverpool, Macclesfield, Congleton, Penkridge, Newcastle, Stone, and Stafford, at 25 min. p. six mg. and at nine evg., and arrive five mg. and at half-past five evg.; for Bristol, Bath, Bromsgrove, Birmingham, Dursley, Droitwich, Worcester, and Walsall, at half-past five evg. and arrive six mg.; for Lichfield, Sheffield, Walsall, and Willenhall, at half-past four mg. and arr. half-past five evg; for Holyhead, Bangor, Shrewsbury, Wellington, &c. at 32 min. p. nine mg. and arr. four aft.; for Bridgnorth, at 32 min. p. nine mg. and arr. at half past three aft; and for Dudley, Stourbridge, Kidderminster, Stourport, Worcester, &c. at eight mg. and arrive at a quarter past five mg. *Postmen* to Sedgley, Penn, Tettenhall, Breewood, Chillington, Albrighton, and Pattingham daily.

HAMLETS, &c. IN WOLVERHAMPTON TOWNSHIP,

With their Distances and Bearings from the Town.

CHAPEL ASH, *half a mile W.*, is a small village and district *forming a handsome suburb of* the town, having several neat

villas, among which are, *The Oakes*, a modern mansion, belonging to John Croser, Esq.; and *Chapel House*, a large ancient mansion, the western wing of which has the appearance of a Gothic chapel.

CATCHEM'S CORNER, a populous district 1¼ m. S.E.; and ETTINGSHALL LANE, a long street of houses, ¼ of a mile E., are partly in Bilston township, and occupied mostly by colliers. A subscription is now open, for the building and endowment of a church and school at the former place.

DUNSTALL is an estate of 260 acres, 1¼ mile N. by W., with an ancient castellated mansion called *Dunstall Hall*, which was many years used as a farm house, but has lately been repaired and beautified, and is now occupied as the seat of the proprietor, Henry Hordern, Esq., who has preserved the ancient moat which completely surrounds the building. This was formerly the demesne of the Wightwicks.

GOLDTHORN, a district of scattered houses, 1¼ m. S., extending into the parishes of Sedgley and Penn. The *Parkfield Iron works* are in Sedgley, and *Rough-hills colliery* in Wolverhampton township.

GRAISELEY, 1 mile S. by W., is the seat and estate of Jas. Perry, Esq., and includes an ancient place called the *Lea*, which was for many generations occupied by the Waring family. Between it and the town many handsome villas have been erected during the last five years, and at a short distance are the hamlets of *Straw Hall* and *The Rookery*.

MERRIDALE, 1 mile W.S.W., is an estate belonging to Louis Haynes Pettit, but was formerly the seat of the Heyricks.

MONMORE GREEN, ¼ a mile S.E., is a street of houses, on the prebendal estate of Monmore, (see p. 178.) where there is now a mine of coal and ironstone.

NEW BRIDGE, 1¼ m. N.W., is an estate belonging to Fras. Holyoake, Esq.

SEVEN HOUSES, ¼ m. S. is a hamlet on the Dudley road.

SLADE HILL, a farm, &c. 1¼ m. N.W., on the Tettenhall road.

STOW HEATH, a manor anciently held by the crown, (vide p. 165,) but now by the Duke of Sutherland and T. W. Giffard, Esq.

Wednesfield Heath colliery, ¼ a mile E.; the *Chillington coal and iron works*, ¼ of a mile E.; and the *Wolverhampton iron works and colliery*, ¼ of a mile S.; are all extensive establishments in this township.

LIST OF STREETS, &c. IN WOLVERHAMPTON.

Albion street, Horseley field
Albion wharf, Albion street
Ashes, Brick kiln street
Back lane, Stafford street
Bath street, Bilstone street
Bell place, Pountney street

Bull street; Cock street
Berry-sts. Great & Little; Princess street
Bent's fold, Salop street
Bent's wharf, Horseley field
Bilston street, Dudley street
Bilston st. bridge, E. end of Bilston street
Birches barn, Penn road
Bird-in-hand yard, High green
Bishop's place, North street
Bloomsbury, Church lane
Blossoms fold, North street
Bond street, Temple street
Bowling green row, Stafford st.
Brett's yard, Dudley street
Brick kiln street, Worcester st.
Burnley's yard, Salop street
Butler's square, Bell street
Can lane, Horseley field
Cannock road, Stafford street
Canal street, Lichfield street
Carribee Islands, Stafford street
Castle place, Stafford street
Castle street, Smithfield
Chapel ash, Darlington street
Charles street, Stafford street
Church lane, Snow hill
Church street, Worcester street
Cleveland road, Snow hill
Cock street, Market place
Commercial wharf, Horseley fld.
Compton road, Darlington street
Cornforth's yard, Temple street
Craddock's walk, North street
Darlington street, Market place
Deanery, Horse fair
Deanery row, Charles street
Dixon's court, Snow hill
Dudley road, Snow hill
Dudley street, High street
Duke street, Walsall street
Dunstall lane, North street
Elwell's buildings, Dudley road
Elms (The) Penn road
Ettingshall lane, Biltson road
Farmer's yard, Cock street
Fighting Cocks, Dudley road
Fox's yard, North street
Fryer's yard, Can lane
George street, Snow hill
Gibbon's court, Bilston street
Glasshouse mill, Willenhall row
Goldthorn hill, Penn road
Gough street, Walsall road
Gould's court, *Stafford street*
Graiseley, Penn road
Great Compton st. Hallett's row
Green lane, Dudley road
Hallett's row, Lit. Brick kiln st.
Hall fold, Bilston street
Hancock's yard, Horseley field
High green or Market place
High street, Market place
Hill street, foot of North street
Horse fair, North street
Horse hills, Compton road
Horseley field, Queen street
King street, High street
Knight's buildings, Temple st.
Langley's yard, Little Berry st.
Lichfield street, Market place
Little Brick kiln st. Worcester st.
Little's lane, Stafford street
Lowe's buildings, Charles street
Market street, Queen street
Mary Ann street, Horseley field
Merridale, Compton road
Middle row, Charles street
Mitre fold, North street
Molineux's court, North street
Momble's court, Snow hill
Monmore green, Bilston road
Moore fields, near Pountney st.
Moseley's bldgs. Summer hill st.
Mount pleasant, Duke street, and Red Lion street
New Bridge, Tettenhall road
New piece, Brick kiln street
New street, Little Berry street
Noah's ark passage, Lichfield st.
North street, Market place
Old Church yard, High green
Old Factory yard, Horseley field
Old Steel mill rd. Horseley field
Oxford street, Walsall street
Paradise street, Church lane
Paternoster row, North street
Pendrell's buildings, Stafford st.
Perks' yard, Temple street
Perry's buildings, Green lane
Phillips' buildings, Dudley street
Pickford's wharf, Walsall street
Pigstye alley, North street
Piper's row, Queen street
Pountney street, Dudley road
Princess alley, Princess street
Princess street, Queen street
Queen street, Dudley street
Red Lion street, Darlington st.
Regent street, Union street
Rookery, Goldthorn hill
Rough hills, Dudley road
Royal yard, Stafford street

St. James's sq. Horseley field
St. John's square, George street
St. John's street, High street
St. Peter's square, Horse fair
Salop street, (late Barn st.) Worcester street
Seven houses, Dudley road
Sharrow's yard, Worcester st.
Shrubberry, Walsall street
Slade hill, Tettenhall road
Smithfield, near Queen street
Snow hill, Dudley street
Spring place, Stafford street
Stafford street, Horse fair
Straw hall, Penn road
Sutton's lane, High green
Summer hill, North street
Summer hill street, Stafford st.
Temple street, Worcester street
Tettenhall road, Chapel ash
Tower street, Smithfield
Townwell fold, Cock street
Union mill, Horseley field
Union Street, Horseley field
Union wharf, Horseley field
Wadam's hill, North street
Walker's yard, Snow hill
Walsall street, Bilston street
Warwick street, Walsall street
Wheeler's fold, Lichfield street
Woolpack yard, High green
Willenhall road, Horseley field
Willenhall row, Willenhall road
Worcester street, Cock street
Worford's court, Salop street
Workhouse lane, Horseley field

WOLVERHAMPTON DIRECTORY.

POST-OFFICE.—See p. 189.

MISCELLANY—*Consisting of the addresses of the Gentry, Clergy, Partners in Firms, and others not arranged in the Classification of Trades and Profession.*

Adams Thos. gent. Summer hill
Adshead Mrs. Harriet, Slade hill
Alexander John, druggist, &c. Queen street
Allen Mrs. Harriet, St. Peter's sq.
Amber Capt. John, Summer hill
Andrews Miss Sarah, Market st.
Anslow Mrs. Dorothy, Old Church yard
Ash Joseph, farmer, Chapel ash
Ashburn Edw. anvil mkr. Salop st.
Aston & Mincher, chimney sweepers, North street
Austwick Mr. Edw. Graiseley hill
Bache David Jas. high constable for the S. Div. of Seisdon, and magistrates' clerk, Old Church yard
Baker Mr. Joseph, Bilston street
Hall Isaac, salt merchant, Horseley field
Banester Geo. gent. Tanhouse ln.
Banks William, iron master, St. John's square
Barker John, iron master, Dudley road
Barker Jno. bookpr. Horseley fd.
Barker Joseph, steam boiler maker, Monmore green
Barnett John, governor of workhouse and assistant overseer, Horseley field
Barnett John, tallow chandler, Queen street
Barnett Mrs. Maria, St. James' sq.
Barney Miss, Bilston street
Barnsley John, surveyor of streets and roads, High green
Bate Mr. Michael, Tanhouse lane
Batty Wm. carrier, St. James's sq.
Beckett Wm. tinman, King street
Beetleston Mr. Benj. Horseley fd.
Belcher William, job gardener, Church lane
Bennett Hugh, excise, Horseley fd.
Bennett James, boat owner and cider merchant, Horseley field
Bennett John, gent. St. John's sq.
Biddulph John, parish clerk, Canal street
Boulton Thos. attorney's clerk, Summer hill
Bowden Mrs. Ellen, George st.
Bradney Mrs. Ann, St. John st.

Brindley John, letter carrier, Britt's yard
Briscoe Miss Mary, George st.
Briscoe Wm. mert.; h. George st.
Broad John, iron master; house, Goldthorn hill
Brownage Wm. clerk, Horseley field
Brooke Miss, Summer hill
Brookes Thos. clerk, Horseley fd.
Brookes Mrs. Mary, St. James's sq.
Browning Titus, agent, Wednesfield heath colliery
Burch Geo. excise officer, Salop st.
Burton Mrs. Eliz. Jane, Paternoster row
Burton Jph. chair mkr. Salop st.
Bytles Isaac, key stamper, Bell st.
Caddick Wm. whsman. Tower st.
Cartwright Sidney, merchant; h. Dudley road
Chambers Jas. gent. Bilston st.
Chapman Mrs. Chapel ash
Cherrington Thomas Northwood, gent. Summer hill
Clare Rev. John, Deanery
Clare Rev. Geo. B. curate of St. George's
Clark Mr. Edw. Horseley field
Clark Chas. sexton of St. Peter's, North street
Clark Wm. gent. Snow hill
Clark Wm. gent. Charles street
Cliff Mrs. Sarah, Snow hill
Coley Jas. bookpr. Temple st.
Cooper Edw. merchant; h. Darlington street
Cooper John, gent. Chapel ash
Cooper Francis merchant; h. 12, Queen street
Cox Thomas, gent. St. Peter's sq.
Corser Frns. atty.; h. St. John's sq.
Corser John, Esq. *Oakes*
Crane Henry, mercht.; h. Graiseley
Creswell Jas. bookpr. Duke st.
Creswell Joseph, warehouseman, Pountney street
Crowley John, carrier, Union whf.
Crowther John, warehouseman, Stow heath
Crumpton Thomas, merchant's clerk, Can lane
Darby Christopher Taylor, post-office clerk, Cock street
Davies Thomas, gent. Church st.
Deaston Mrs. Ann, *Temple st.*
Davey John, Horseley field
Dickinson Philip, gent. Horseley field
Diggory Richard, constable, Lichfield street
Draycott Thos. gent. Summer hill
Driver John, artificial & general machine maker, Bell street
Dudwell Sarh. midwife, Horse fr.
Duffield Henry, japanner, Brick-kiln street
Duffield William, maltster, Cleveland road
Duncombe Saml. gent. Snow hill
Earp Silvanus, merchant, Graiseley hill
Evans Mrs. Ann, Dudley road
Evans Mrs. Cath. Stafford street
Evans Mr. Evan, Temple street
Evans Rd. gent. Mount pleasant
Evans Richard, jun. coach proprietor, Queen street
Evans Chas. excise offr. Bond st.
Falkner John, bookkeeper, St. James's square
Farmer Joseph, iron merchant; h. Church street
Fell Geo. brass founder, Bilston st.
Fenn John, constable, Wheeler's yard
Fereday William Turton, coal master; h. George street
Field Wm. gent. St. John's sq.
Fisher Rev. Geo. Hutchinson, curate of Willenhall, St. John st.
Fisher John, gent. Bond street
Fleeming Wm. gent. Penn road
Forde William, dispenser of medicine, Old Church yard
Foster Mrs. Ann, North street
Fawke John, surgeon; h. Queen street
Fowke Thomas Henry, surgeon; h. Darlington street
Freeth Jph. tobacconist, High gn.
Frith Thos. bookpr. Workhouse ln.
Fryer Miss Eliz. Darlington st.
Garfield William James, law stationer, Princess street
Garfield Wm. dep. clerk of the Court of Request, Princess st.
Gibbons Henry, druggist, Summer hill
Gibbons Thomas, sen. gent. St. Peter's square
Ginders Jeremiah and Co. salt merchants, Horseley field
Glazard Mrs. Ann; Lichfield st.

Glover Eliz. case hardner, St. James's square
Godwin Rev. John, Temple st.
Gough Edw. bookpr. Dudley rd.
Green William, merchant's clerk, Summer hill
Green Mr. Wm. Little Berry st.
Groves Miss Chtte. Queen street
Guinan Thos. Wm. editor of the *Wolverhampton Chronicle*; h. *Tettenhall*
Hackett Wm. glove, &c. mkr. Bell street
Haden Mrs. Mary, Chapel ash
Hand Mrs. Dthy. St. John's sq.
Handford Mr. Richard, Hill st.
Harding Vernon, ink & blacking mkr. Queen street
Hardwick George, colliery agent, Green lane
Hardwick Mrs. Jane, Church st.
Harrington Thomas, bookkeeper, Blue tile wharf, Horseley field
Harris John, attorney's clerk, Temple street
Hart Mr. Thomas, Tower street
Hawksford John, atty's. clerk, Graiseley
Hemingsley Thomas, nail mfr. Horseley field
Heveningham Miss Ann, North street
Hickin Mr. Philip, Queen street
Hickin Rd., clerk, Graiseley hill
Hicklin Bnj. carrier, Gt. Berry st.
Higham John, bookpr. Market st.
Highfield Benj. gent. Chapel ash
Hill Benj. gent. Old Church yard
Hinde Joseph, engraver and letter cutter, Tower street
Holden Mrs. Sarah, Temple st.
Holyoake Geo. solr. Bell brook
Homer Wm. Beetlestone, assist. overseer, Horseley field
Hood Jph. gent. Horseley field
Holt John, attorney's clerk, St. James's square
Horobin Chas. candlestick mkr. North street
Hordern Hy. Esq. Dunstall hall
Hunter Rev. Stephenson, Unitarian minister
Jackson Chas. shopman, Chapel ash
James Mrs. Maria, Bond street
*Jeavons Ben*jamin, colliery agent, *Rough hills*
Jeavons Benj. clerk, Bond street
Jenks James, merchant's clerk, Bilston street
Johnson Mr. Wm. Snow hill
Jones George, iron master; h. Graiseley
Jones Mrs. Hanh. Queen street
Jones Griffith, (excise) Hill st.
Jones Jph. town cryer, Canal st.
Jones Mrs. Jane, North street
Jones Mrs. Eliza, Snow hill
Jones John, clerk, Bond street
Kerfoot John, bookpr. Horseley field
King Thomas, collector of ass. taxes, and town and highway rates, Market street
Lade John Searles, Gas works
Lee Thos. bank. clk. Stafford road
Lees John, mercht.; h. St. John's square
Lees Rd. mercht.; h. Chapel ash
Levick Frederick, colliery agent, St. John's square
Lewis Mr. William, Bell place
Lisle John, bookpr. Warwick st.
Lucas Jas. bookpr. Bishop's pl.
Ludford Thos. clerk, Graiseley hill
Mace Mrs. Ann, Bond street
Mander Mrs. Hanh. 'The Elms'
Mander Benj. Panton, gent. Snow hill
Marsh Mrs. Ann, Cock street
Masefield Mrs. Queen street
Massey Saml. bookpr. Horseley field
Mayeur Fras. eating house, &c. Dudley square
M'Connell Jas. bookpr. Horseley field
M'Mahon Daniel, gent. Bond st.
Mellor Jph. gent. Horseley field
Meynell Jas. bookpr. Paternoster row
Miller Mrs. Jane, Summer hill
Milliken Rt. bookpr. Horseley fd.
Mitchell Mrs. Eliz. Temple street
Mitton Mrs. Eliz. North street
Molineux Miss Eliz. Horseley fd.
Molineux John Edmondson, Esq. North street
Moore Miss Mary, Bishop's pl.
Morrison Col. Wm. 2, Salop st.
Moreton Mrs. Ann, Thompson, Church street
Moreton John, clerk, Church t.

Moseley Jno. gent. Summer hill street
Mostyn Rev. Francis, (Catholic) Bishop's place.
Mountford Jph. canal agt. Horseley field
Mundy Jno. mercht. Bloomsbury
Mundy Thos. mercht. Tanhouse lane
Myers Wm. farmer, Merridale
Neve John, ironmonger, High gn.
Newell Mr. Wm. Willenhall road
Newton Jph. factor; h. Hill st.
Noake Fras. garderner, Bloomsbury
Northwood William, supervisor of excise, Salop street
Noyes Rt. artist, Darlington st.
O'Sullivan Rev. Patrick, (Cath.) *Bishop's place*
Parke Wm. stamp office, High st.
Parsons Mrs. Ann, King street
Parsons John, mfr.; h. Bell st.
Payne Henry, bookpr. Snow hill
Pearson Jph. merchant, Graiseley house
Percival Miss Mary, Summer hill
Perkins Mr. Samuel, Can lane
Perks John, edge tool manufacturer, Slade hill house
Perry James, gent. Graiseley
Perry Mr. James, Bell place, Pountney street
Perry Thomas, gent. Cock street
Perry Wm. gent. St. John's sq.
Pountney Mrs. Drusilla, George st.
Pountney Rev. Humphrey, M.A. perpetual curate of St. John's, George street
Poupard Wm. gent. Summer hill
Powis Littleton, clerk, New brdg.
Powis Mrs. Sarah, Chapel ash
Pratt John, draper, Church st.
Prettie Miss Eliz. Bilston street
Price Thos. bookkeeper, Salop st.
Proctor Major, gent. Horseley fd.
Ratcliffe John, clerk, Cock st.
Rathborne Mrs. Ann, Molineux court, North street
Reynolds Joseph, merchant; h. 10, Queen street
Richards John, gent. Summer hill
Riddo Thos. clerk of St. John's church, Bond street
Riley Mr. Wm. Horseley field
Roberts Mr. *Hugh Jones, Summer hill*
Robinson Edw. bookkeeper, St. James' square
Robinson Geo. solr.; h. Dunstall
Robinson Reuben, bookkeeper, St. John's square
Rogers Rev. Henry, Independent minister, Brickkiln street
Roose Saml. excise off. Queen st.
Russell Geo. bookkeeper, Bilston street
Ryton Thomas, japanner, Turton's hall
Sanders Wm. wire worker, North street
Saunders Wm. gent. Summer hill
Savage Miss Caroline, Piper's row
Savage Thomas, jun. merchant, George street
Savage Wm. mercht. George st.
Savage Wm. cattle dealer, Darlington street
Scott Henry, clerk, Temple st.
Scott Mrs. Margaretta, Snow hill
Searle John, clerk, Summer hill
Seers Chas. cattle dlr. Horseley fd.
Sewell Rev. Samuel, (Meth.) St. John's square
Seyde Mrs. Eliz. Darlington st.
Shaw John, mercht. George st.
Shaw John, clerk, Horseley field
Shaw Wm. chain, hames, &c. maker, Brickkiln street
Shelton Richard, timber mercht. Queen street
Shipman Mr. Rd. Snow hill
Short Mrs. Ann, 11, Queen st.
Sidney John, draper; h. Church street
Sillito Mary, lodgings, Queen st.
Simkiss Miss Ann, Bishop's place
Smart Mrs. Eliz. North street
Smith Mrs. Mary, Darlington st.
Smith Rd. gent. Temple street
Smith Thomas, coach proprietor, Dudley street
South Chas. mercht. Horseley fd.
Sparrow Edw. iron master, Darlington street
Sparrow John, constable, Little Berry street
Sparrow Joseph, constable, Little Berry street
Sparrow Wm. H. iron master, Salop street
Spencer Mrs. Eliz. Summer hill
Spink Mrs. Eliz. Snow hill
Spruce Geo. miner, Pountney st.



Stanley Wm. gent. Horseley field
Stephens Rd. engineer, Canal side
Steward Lucas, gent. Queen st.
Steward John, town surveyor and constable, Bilston street
Stringer Mrs. Sarah, Bilston st.
Stuart Misses Mary & Ann, Darlington street
Stubbs Miss Mary, George street
Stubbs Wm. farmer, Birch's barn
Swan John, bookpr. Albion st.
Tarratt John, mercht.; h. Cock street
Taylor Wm. Beto, gent. North st.
Thomas Mrs. Mary, Darlington street
Thompson Rev. Charles, (Bapt.) St. John's square
Thompson Wm. weighing machine, Chapel ash
Thorneycroft Edw. iron master, Horseley cottage
Thorneycroft Geo. B. iron master, Chapel house
Thorpe Geo. gent. Summer hill
Thurstans Miss Eliz. Piper's row
Timmins Mr. Edw. Tanhouse la.
Timmins Thos. iron master, King street
Tindall Mrs. Sar. Darlington st.
Titterton Mr. Thomas, Bennett's fold
Tomlinson John, carrier; h. Snow hill
Tongue Wm. mercht. St. John's square
Totty John, clerk, Chapel ash
Towers Thos. gent. St. John's sq.
Trigg Mrs. Han. Old Church yd.
Walker Jph. mercht. 13, North st.
Walker Saml. mercht. St. John's square
Walker Rev. Thos. curate, North street
Walker Rev. Thos. M.A. Merridale house
Wallans Henry Ogilvie, clerk, Horseley field
Walsh Rev. Thomas, D.D. vicar apostolic of the midland district, Giffard house
Walters Saml. clerk, Can lane
Walton Fredk. mercht. Snow hill
Ward Thos. Higgs, gent. Whitmore house
Warney Lieut. Wm. Horseley fd.
Watson Wm. parer, St. John's st.
Weaver John, chemist, Temple st.
Weaver Saml. carrier's agent, Walsall road
Webb Mrs. Eliz. Tower street
Webster Jph. boat builder, Horseley field
Wells Wm. clerk, Steam mill rd.
Wenman Thos. mercht. Gosbrook
Whitehouse Jas. farmer, Horse hills
Whittingham Richd. candlestick spring maker, Paradise street
Wigley Rd. clerk, Worcester st.
Wiley Wm. whsman. St. John st.
Wilkinson John, clerk, Horseley field
Williams Mrs. Ann, Darlington street
Williams Mrs. Emmeline, Chapel ash
Williams Mrs. Hanh. Old Church yard
Wilson John, coachman, Bell st.
Wilson John, (excise,) Summer hill
Withers Trytheney, midwife, Oxford street
Wood John, gent. Chapel ash
Woolley Wm. jun. file manfr. Church lane
Wright Mrs. Mary, Old Church yard
Wynn Jerh. merchant, Graiseley hill
Yates Mrs. Ann, Summer hill

ACADEMIES.

*Marked * take boarders.*

Allden Thomas, Church street
* Allden Mrs. T. Church street
Bakewell Thomas, Bath street
Bayley John, Darlington street
* Blount Rev. Walter, (Catholic) *Sedgley park*
Blue Coat, James Wiley & Jane Jackson, New street
British School, Baptist chapel, Temple street
* Brown Mrs. and Miss Blood, Snow hill
Boycott Wm. Zion chapel
Bonneau Peter Chas. (French) St. John's square
Brown Winifred, North street
Cartwright John, Old Church yd.
Catholic Free, Bishop's place, Jph. Mascall & Eliz. Howell

Clark Richard, King street
Cooper Ann, Worcester street
Duffield Fanny, Old Church yd.
* Fellows Isaac, Church street
Flannagan Mary, Old Church yd.
Free Grammar, Rev. William White, head master; Rev. Isaac Fisher, second master; & Rt. Hutton, writing master; St. John street
Hobbins Geo. Bayley, St. John's square
* Isaac & Ryland (Misses) Deanery
* Lewis Sarah, Queen street
National, John Edward Tillett, & Rebecca Jefford, Cleveland road
* Nicholson John, St. John's sq.
* Noyes Mrs. Rt. & Miss, Darlington street
* Parker & Marsh, Temple st.
Porter Margt. St. Peter's sq.
Pountney Joseph, Temple st.
* Reed John, Temple street
Singleton Ann, Bilston street
* Sparrow Cath. & Eliz. Worcester street
Stacey John, King street

ACCOUNTANTS, &c.

Chapman James, Stafford st.
Clowes James, St. Peter's sq.
Spanton Thomas, Queen street

AGENTS.

Hayes Josiah Anty. (to S. & W. canal) Darlington street
Hunter Ebenezer, (to C. Chubb) Temple street
Jackson Thos. (to B. coaches) Salop street
Slade John Searles, Gas works
Stephens Wm. (W. & E. canal) Horseley field
Whitehouse Job, (B. canal) Canal street, Bridge

AGRICULTURAL MACHINE MAKERS.

Bidwith Thomas, St. John st.
Cornforth Joseph, Chapel ash
Tomlinson Thos. St. John st.
Whitehouse John, Queen st.

ALE & PORTER MERCHTS.

Penn John, Cleveland road
Smith Wm. (agent to Meakin, Burton) Dudley street

ATTORNEYS.

Bennett Edward, North street
Corser John, *Old Church yard*
Farmer Jas. Bailey, Darlington street
Foster Jph. King st.; h. Graiseley
Fryer Rd. jun. Lichfield street
Hickin Wm. Queen street
Holyoake & Robinson, North st.
Phillips Thos. Moss, Bilston st.; h. Birches
Price William Tomkys & Son, George street
Robins Benj. Darlington street
Rutter John Simpson, High green
Smith Henry, (coroner) St. John's square
Smith Wm. Old Church yd.; h. Newbridge
Sparrow Thomas, Bell street
Turton Wm. Darlington street
Wood Thos. Lichfield street

AUCTIONEERS & APRSRS.

Aston Wm. North street
Callum Wm. Darlington street
Cluett Wm. Queen street
Crockett Benjamin, Cock street
Gregory Wm. Bilston street
Matthews Thos. Charles street
Pool John, Bilston street
Walker Randle Shaw, Castle st.

BAKERS & FLOUR DLRS.

Bill Francis, Canal street
Bradshaw James, Oxford street
Brindley Jph. St. James's square
Cartwright Eliz. Horseley field
Davies Thomas, Dudley street
De Grey, Saml. Lichfield street
Eddowes Geo. Horseley field
Hatherley Thos. Horseley field
Hatton John, Bilston street
Hayes Wm. Piper's row
Holland Wm. King street
Hollis John, Bell street
Howell Joseph, King street
Jenson Geo. Dudley street
Jones Samuel, Gt. Berry street
Lewis Wm. Stafford street
Mayo Thomas, Union street
Meek Samuel, Cock street
Mills Henry, Cock street
Munday Jph. Gt. Berry street
Palmer Robert, Canal street
Perks Wm. Bilston street
Plimley Rd. St. John's street
Plunkett Thomas, Dudley street
Rose Thomas, Horse fair
Shaw Thomas, Summer hill
Walker Thomas, Horseley field
Williams John, King street



BANKS.

Fryer Rd. & Wm. Fleming Fryer, Lichfield st. (draw on Spooner & Co. London)

Wolverhampton & Staffordshire Banking Company, Hy. Hill, Esq. manager; (draw on Williams, Deacon, & Co. London)

Wrottesley Sir John, Bart. and Fras. Holyoake, Esq. Cock st.; (draw on Hanbury & Co. London)

Savings' Bank, Queen st.; open Monday, from 10 to 12; T. S. Simkiss, secretary

BASKET MAKERS.

Chambers Wm. Worcester st.
Craddock John, New street
Dallaway Jph. & Wm. High gn.
Geary John, St. Peter's square
Teague John, High green & Salop street
Tidmarsh Rd. Snow hill
Wynn James, St. John's street

BELLOWS MAKERS.

Newton Saml. Worcester street
Price John, Church lane; h. Pountney street
Turner Thomas, Salop street; h. Bloomsbury

BLACKSMITHS.

Bennett Richard, Can lane
Bishton Wm. Bell street
Buttery Wm. Salop street
Dunn James, Walsall street
Hadley Joseph, Little's lane
Humpherson Stpn. Worcester st.
James Joseph, Bell street
Hickman Thos. Old steam mill rd.
Lockett Wm. North street
Myers Richard, Monmore green
Powell Edw. St. John's street
Powell Thos. Monmore green
Robinson Chpr. North street
Waldron Benj. Bilston street
Wannerton Wm. Horse fair

BOAT BUILDERS.

Bullock Chas. & Abner, Horseley field
Parkes Jph. Best's wharf, Horseley field
Worrall James, Walsall street

BOLT MAKERS.

Those marked 1 *make round bolts,* *2 flat bolts, and* 3 *door spring & shutter bar bolts.*

3 *Arthur Jph.* Bennett's fold
1 Banks Thos. Summer hill st.
Cotton Jacob, Worcester street
Deaie John, (spring bolt & brass knob) Walsall street
Egginton Joseph, Salop street
3 Emery Thomas, Penn road
3 Griffiths Joseph, New piece
Hughes Thos. Brick kiln street
1 Inscoe James, Brick kiln street
Jones Francis, Bilston street
3 Meanley Thomas, Brick kiln st.
3 Newman James, North street
3 Newman Jas. (& bell spring Stafford street
3 Perry John, Gt. Berry street
Richards James, Can lane
1 Smith Thomas, Middle row
2 Stanley Isaac, Brick kiln st.
3 Wesson Thomas, (& grid iron, North street
Wilkes Charles, Salop street
3 Williams John, Stafford street

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, PRNTRS. & BNDRS.

Bridgen Jph. (& artists' repository) Darlington street
Caldicott Alfred Jolly, (& copper plate printer) Dudley street
Clare Charlotte, Dudley street
Cluett Wm. (& old books) Queen street
Denman Philip, High green
Downes Hy. (binder & machine ruler) St. Peter's square
Hildreth James, Darlington st.
Parke Wm. 18, High street
Simpson Thomas, High green

BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS.

Adshead James, Bilston street
Anslow Joseph, Can lane
Badger James, Little Berry st.
Baker Thomas, Horseley field
Barnes Reuben, Monmore green
Bishton Edward, Worcester st.
Bissell Richard, Cock street
Brookes Wm. Cock street
Caddick James, Tower street
Carding Thos. St. James's square
Carlow William, Dudley street
Clifford William, Charles street
Collins Richard, Goldthorn lane
Cortwell James, (& wholesale,) Cock street
Davies Thomas, Bilston street
Edwards Thos. Lichfield street
Ellis Thomas, Bloomsbury
Fisher Benj. 6, Walsall street

Foxall George, North street
Garner George, 6, Salop street
Hadkinson Thomas, Lichfield st.
Hipwood John, Woolpack yard
Hodson William, Snow hill
Isaac Robert, Charles street
Johnson John, Horse fair
Marrian John, Brick kiln street
Moseley James, Lichfield street
Mullonder Philip, Temple street
Parsons John, Deanery row
Pigin Joseph, Market street
Plant James, Little Berry street
Price Thomas, Bath street
Robinson Simeon, Bennett's fold
Roughley Henry, North street
Rudge William, Snow hill
Salt Thomas, 7, Salop street
Short Thomas, Horseley field
Smith James, North street
Smith & Patten (boot) High gn.
Stokes James, Dudley street
Tomlinson James, Green lane
Trickett Joseph, Mount pleasant
Tunnicliffe John, Summer row
Tunnicliffe William, Bell place
Wadelin William, Lichfield st.
Walker Robert, Pountney street
Weale Benjamin, Bell street
Webb Thomas, Snow hill
Weston Joseph Clement, King st.
Wilkins James, Piper's row
Wilkinson Thos. St. John street
Williams Thomas, Bloomsbury

BOX IRON MAKERS.

Bates John, (& Dutch,) New st.
Perks Edw. fire-proof Stafford st.
Perks Francis, New street

BRASS FOUNDERS.

Arthur Joseph, Bennett's fold
Bannister Thomas, Stafford st.
Beard Simon, Stafford street
Benton Walter, Brick kiln street
Dixon & Vardy, (engine pump, gas fittings, &c. mfrs.) Bilston st.
Easthope James, Stafford street
Edwards John, Salop street
Evans Benjamin, Bell street
Evans & Cartwright, Dudley rd.
Evans Elizabeth, Salop street
Gough Edward, Tower street
Griffiths Jph. New piece, Brick-kiln street
Higgison Benjamin, Snow hill
Illidge Elizabeth, Bell street
Illidge John, New street
Illidge Samuel, St. James's sq.
Jones Richd. (& cock) Stafford st.
Jones Wm. (& cock,) Bath st.
Mason Thomas, (brass dresser,) court 2, Bell street
Moller Wm. (& bell) Horseley fd.
Parkes William, Piper's row
Pearson Joseph & Co. Snow hill
Rodgers Thomas, St. John street
Share Abel, (caddy knob,) Warwick street
Taylor John, Great Berry street
Tonks James & Sons, (and bell,) Church street
Turner Geo. & Thos. Stafford st.

BRAZIERS AND TINMEN.

See Ironmongers.

BRIDGE (LOCK) MAKERS.

Edwards Thomas, Brick kiln st.
Oldfield Benj. Paradise street
Perks Samuel, Fighting cocks

BRICK AND TILE MAKERS.

Baggot Elijah, Horseley field
Baggott Samuel, Pountney st.
Brown George and James, Blue tile wharf, Horseley field
Bullock Chas. (dealer) Can lane
Cope George, Hill street
Derry William, Dudley road
Hill Wm. Dudley rd.; h. Snow hill
Shaw Frances, Green lane
Timmins & Co. Whpton. colliery
Ward Thomas, Horseley field
Wood Ths. Can In.; h. Lichfield st

BRICKLAYERS, PLASTERERS, AND SLATERS.

Allen Thomas, Princess street
Bennett John, Old steam mill rd.
Blower John, Bennett's fold
Blower Thomas, Temple street
Blower William, Penn road
Brisband Wm. Workhouse lane
Clark John, Tower street
Ford William, Temple street
Higham Geo. (plastr.) Castle st.
Guest Isaac, Willenhall road
Micklewright Wm. Horse fair
Mole Joseph, Graiseley hill
Moore Samuel, Horseley field
Norton Thomas, Canal street
Price Thomas, Horse fair
Randle James, Queen street
Sutton Edward, Union street
Swan John, Salop street

BRUSH MAKERS.

Bissell Nathl. Old Church yard
Foster Henry, Carribee Island
Green Mary, Lichfield street



Illidge Daniel, Salop street
Jordan Thomas, Lichfield street
Powers Francis, Horseley field

BUCKLE MAKERS.

Cresswell Benj. Bilston street
Powis Cornelius, Little Berry st.
Winwood Francis, Temple street

BUILDERS.

See Joiners and Bricklayers.

BUTCHERS.

Andrews Hannah, Horse fair
Ash Mary, Great Berry street
Ash William, 1, Princess street
Barnsley Joseph, North street
Beddoes John, Stafford street
Boulton John, Little Berry st.
Boulton Richard, Horseley field
Butler Charles, Cock street
Caswell Richd. Blick, Dudley st.
Chamberlain Wm. Gt. Berry st.
Chapman John, Walsall street
Clay Thomas, Walsall street
Cotton John pork Worcester st.
Cotton Joseph, Lichfield street
Crosshaw Joseph, Worcester st.
Cullett John, Stafford street
Cullett John, Little Berry street
Davies Thos. pork Dudley st.
Dudley Joseph, 5, Salop street
Fellows William, North street
Fletcher Edward, Paradise street
Ford Joseph, Canal street
Gelpin Thomas, Dudley street
Griffiths Mary pork Dudley st.
Hoult Thomas, Stafford street
Jones Thos. (pork High green
Lewis John, Horseley field
Machin William, Temple street
Matthews James, Bilston street
Morris John, Charles street
Newell Elizabeth, Horseley field
Newey Geo. pork Dudley st.
Packwood John pork Queen st.
Perks Thomas, Horse fair
Southall Benj. pork Lichfield st
Taylor William, North street

CABINET MAKERS.

*Marked * are Upholsterers also.*

See Joiners &c.

* Aston William, North street
Clarke Thomas, Charles street
Checketts John, Red Lion street
* Easthope George, Cock street
Evans William, Stafford street
Green Rich. upholsterer & paper *hanger only*, 7, Piper's row
Smallwood Wm. Darlington st
Smith John, Great Berry street
Walker John Smith, Snow hill
Whitby Joseph upholsterer only, Oxford street

CARVERS AND GILDERS.

Giusani Peter artists' repository, & fancy stationer, Cock street
Grassey Stephen, Piper's row
Holloway John, North street

CHEESEMONGERS.

Barrow Isaac, Bilston street
Cholditch John, North street
Crutchley Henry, Lichfield street
Evans Francis, Lichfield street
Harwick Joseph, Cock street and Darlington street
Hill George, Dudley street
Peplow William, Dudley street
Ward Thomas, Stafford street
Walker Samuel, Dudley street
Weaver Richard, Dudley street
Wright Thomas, High green

CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

*Marked * are Manufacturing Chemists.*

Alexander and Gibbons, High gn.
Barks Thomas, Cock street
Ford William, High green
Gorton Rt. & apothecary, High gn.
Gow Alexander, Dudley street
Green John, Dudley street
Jackson Charles, Dudley street
Leason William, Worcester st.
* Lowe Wm. Hutton, Dudley st.
Maguire Hugh, Horseley field
* Maader, Weaver, and Maader, wholesale Cock street
Sutton Thomas, Fiveway house, bottom of Queen street
* Tandy & Batley & de Jers in chemical apparatus High st.

CHEST HANDLE, DUTCH RING, AND BED HOOK MAKERS.

Brookes William Dutch ring Brick kiln street
Crumpton Jas. Dutch rg. Bell st.
Hickin Charles, Bell street
Jones Francis, Bilston street
Parkes John, Dyer's yd. Church
Riley Rupert, Brewers, Chapel st

CLOTHES BROKERS & DLRS.

Crockett William, High green
Harper Joseph, Old Church yard
Lloyd Mary Ann, St. John's st.
Swett Frances, Bilston street
Wilkes George, Bilston street

COACH BUILDERS.
Beddow William, Piper's row
Tudor Wm. Cleveland row

COAL MASTERS.
See Iron Masters.

COFFEE AND MALT MILL MAKERS.
Corns William, Bloomsbury
Fieldhouse George, Pountney st.
Morris John, Temple street
Pearson George, Cleveland road
Pearson John, Town well fold
Wilkinson George, Canal street

CONFECTIONERS.
De Grey Samuel, Lichfield st.
Gregory Charles, Worcester st.
Harris Francis, High green
Hesford John, (sugar boiler) Stafford street
Jenson George, Dudley street
Lewis Rosina, High street
Lockley Maria Margt. North st.
Meek Samuel, Cock street
Poole Geo. (pastry cook) Bilston street
Smith William Dudley street
Walker Joseph, Salop street
Wilkes Paul and Martin, High green

COOPERS.
Bentley Robert, Snow hill
Craddock Christopher, Bond st.
Pitt James, Worcester street
Stephens Joseph, Horseley field
Stirk James, Lichfield street
Taylor Jph. Little Berry street
Wood George, Charles street
Young John, Bell street

CORK CUTTERS.
Fielding James, Lichfield street
Hudson Richard, Lichfield street

CORK SCREW MAKERS.
Cotterill John, Deanery row
Cotterill Joseph, North street
Cotterill William, Horse fair
Hand John & Son, Worcester st.
Hickman James, Molineux court, North street
Hyatt Alexander, Stafford street
Key John, Middle row
Mansell Adam, Canal street
Mansell James, Canal street
Perks Thomas, Carribee Island
Plant Joseph, St. James' square
Shuter James, Stafford street
Spittle William, *Union street*
Stretton William, *Tower* street
Wiley Hannah, Bowling green, Stafford street

CORN MILLERS & DLRS.
Bradshaw James, Albion mill
Bullock Charles, corn and hay dealer) Can lane wharf
Heatherley Thos. Horseley field
Norton Joseph and James, Old Steam mill, Workhouse lane
Plunkett Thomas, Dudley street
Shaw Thomas, Summer hill
Southwick Jph. Goldthorn hill
Union Mill Co. Horseley field; John Olarenshaw, miller

COW KEEPERS AND CART OWNERS.
*Marked * are Cart owners only.*
Boulton Joseph, Wednesfield rd.
*Browning Saml. Stafford street
*Cartwright Abm. Paradise st.
Child Isaac, Wadam's hill
Elliott William, Tower street
Fellows John, Willenhall row
*Finchet Robert, Salop street
Fox Francis, Summer hill
Harley Thos. Bridge row, Canal street
Horton George, Goldthorn lane
Leech Philip, Brick kiln street
Lloyd Benjamin, Cock street
Necld Thomas, Goldthorn hill
Noake John, Gardens, Salop st.
Parton Peter, Salop street
*Perks Joseph, Wadam's hill
Perry William, Bloomsbury
Phipps Richard, Horseley field
Pool Ts. Taylor, St. John's st.
Ridge Chas. ct. 4, Dudley street
*Savage Jph. New piece, Brick kiln street
Shinton Mary, Canal street
*Shinton Thomas, Canal street
Timmins Francis, Can lane
Titley Henry, Gough street
Ward John, Stafford street
*Welsh John, Salop street
*Wilkes Noah, Salop street
Williams Benj. Pountney street
Williams Richard, Horseley field
*Williams William, Union street

CURRIERS AND LEATHER SELLERS.
Cole John, Stafford street
Fereday John, Princess street
Green Stephen, 5, St. John's st.
Green Thomas, Old Church yard



Smith and Patten, (leather and grindery dlrs.) High green
Ward Eliz. and Son, Cock st.

CUTLERS.

Harley Joseph, Town well fold
Nicklin John Banks, and Co. High green
Underhill Joseph, Dudley street
Yates Thomas, Cock street

DOOR SPRING MAKERS.

See Bolt Makers.

DYERS AND SCOURERS.

Astle Wm. (glazer) Salop street
Griffin Cath. Pountney street
Windle William, North street

EARTHENWARE DEALERS.

Fullwood Benjamin, King street
Heeley John, Bilston street

EDGE TOOL MAKERS.

Cherington Andrew, North st.
Dunn James, Walsall street
Edwards Wm. jun. Dudley road
Parsons John (& spades, shovels, and plantation hoes,) Bilston street bridge
Perks Robert & John, Bilston st.
Wedgwood John, Horseley field

FELLMONGERS.

Brooke Thomas, Darlington st.
Newton John Cornes, Worcester street

FENDER MAKERS.

Gorton Wm. (bright iron) Duke street
Sanders Wm. (wire) North st.

FILE MAKERS.

Anson Thomas, Queen street
Dixon Thomas, Carribee Island
Fisher Joseph, Regent street
Grosvenor Benjamin, Bell street
Hazelock George, Canal street
Holland William, North street
Horobin Joseph, North street
Law John, North street
Parkes Edward, Bilston street
Price Elihu, St. James's square
Price Joseph, Piper's row
Robinson John, Bloomsbury
Ruge & Clark, Great Berry st.
Singleton George, Bilston street
Tomkinson Thos. Sparrow yard
Ward Wm. Darlington street
Wiley Geo. Robt. Summer hill street
Woolley Wm. & Son, (general *mfrs.*) *Church* lane

FIRE IRON MANUFRS.

Bayley Thomas, Pountney street; h. Paradise street
Caddick Job, Brick kiln street
Clarkson Edw. Union mill street
Jeavons Jas. Little brick kiln st.
Langston Joseph, Union street
Mason Benjamin, Gough street
Pountney Samuel, Pountney st.
Smith Daniel, Union street

FIRE & LIFE INS. OFFICES.

Alliance, Thomas Lowe, Cock st.
Atlas, Roger Birch, Cock street
Birmingham, Peter Deakin, *Penn*
British, Wm. Duffield, Cleveland road
County, John B. Toovey, Bishop's place
Guardian, William Walker, Cock street
Manchester, Richard Timmis, 9, Queen street
Norwich Union, William Buckle, High street
Phœnix, Wm. Parke, 18, High street
Protector, Joseph Bridgen, Darlington street
Royal Exchange, Thomas Stoner Simkiss, Bishop's place
Sun, Philip Denman, High green
West of England, Randle Shaw Walker, Castle street

FISHMNGRS. & FRUITRS.

Hassall James, Tower street
Marshall Fras. (& game) High st.
Minshall George, Cock street
Minshall Richard, Queen street

FRUITERERS.

Green Mary, Lichfield street
Smith Thos. (whl.) Bilston st.

FURNITURE BROKERS.

Bagley Edw. St. Peter's square
Banes John, Bell street
Crockett Benjamin, Cock street
Crockett William, High green
Denham John, St. John's street
Gregory Wm. Bilston street
Higgison Benjamin Snow hill
Hodgkins Thomas, (feather mert. and mattress mkr.) Snow hill
Lloyd Mary Ann, St. John's st.
Matthews Thomas, Charles st.
Taylor Joseph, Cock street
Yates Henry, Lichfield st. and St. John's street

GARDENERS, NURSERY, AND SEEDSMEN.

*Marked * are Seedsmen only.*

*Crutchley Hy. Lichfield street
Fairchild James, Union street
Humphryson John, Stafford st.
*Knight John, Bennett's fold
Lowe William, High green
Moore John, Lichfield street
Phillips Joseph, Canal street
*Stamps Joseph, Salop street

GIMBLET & BRACE & BIT MAKERS.

Lloyd Jas. Bowling green, Stafford street
Pardoe Chas. Fred. St. James' sq.
Pardoe John, Hill street
Pardoe John, Piper's row
Pardoe William, North street
Parsons John, (& auger) Bilston street bridge
Wisedill Barnett, Horseley field

GLASS, CHINA, &c. DLRS.

Underhill Saml. (glass) High st.
Willey Benj. (wholesale & retail) Stafford street

GROCERS & TEA DEALERS.

*Marked * are also Provision Dealers, and † Tallow Chandlers.*

*† Bradshaw James, Dudley st.
Bickley William, High green
Bishop James, 1, Tower street
† Brewster William, Snow hill
Brown Jas. and Benj. High green
Buckle and Harris, High street
Bywater Geo. (London Tea Warehouse,) Dudley street
Clapham Eliz. Horseley field
Cholditch John, North street
Clarke Charles Solomon, High green; h. Craddock's walk
Crutchley Henry, Lichfield street and Horseley field
Dakin & Co., (tea whs.) High gn.
Hardwick Jas. Wolverhampton Colliery, Green lane
Hardwich Jph. Cock & Darlington streets
† Hill Geo. Dudley st.; h. King street
* Hill Thomas, Lichfield street
Leason Wm. Worcester street
Lowe Sophia, Dudley street
Maguire Hugh, Horseley field
† Page George, Canal street
* Paulton Jph. Stafford street
Peplow William, Dudley street
Ridley George, High green
Robinson Jas. & Edw. High gn.
* Rose Thomas, Horse fair
† Roy James, Lichfield street
* Smith William, Walsall road
Walker Saml, 37, Dudley street
Walters William, Cock street
Waltho Jph. Brick kiln street
Ward Thomas, Stafford street
Weaver Richard, Dudley street
* Whele William, North street
Wright Chas. Horseley field; h. St. James' square
Wright Thomas, High green
York Thomas, Cock street

GUN LOCK & IMPLEMENT MAKERS.

Brazier James, Stafford street
Brazier Jas. St. John's square
Brazier Jph. Ashes, Brick kiln st.
Brazier Thomas, Bloomsbury

GUN MAKERS.

Brazier Benjamin, Cock street
Nicklin John B. & Co. High gn.

HABERDASHERS.

See also Hosiers & Linen Drapers

Hutton & Cliff, Darlington street
Marsh Wm. (and smallware dlr.) Cock street
Radnall Ann, Cock street

HAIR DRESSERS.

*Thus * are Perfumers,*

Allen John, Worcester street
Bateman John, Bell street
Bateman Thomas, Dudley street
Cotterell John, St. John street
Cox Benjamin, Walsall street
Cluett James, Horseley field
Dixon Robert, Bilston street
Highfield Peter, Gt. Berry street
Hodson John, Canal street
* Horton James, High green
Lloyd George, Cock street
Robinson Richard, North street
* Robinson Richard, High green
* Robinson Wm. Snow hill
Smith John, Regent street
Smith John, Salop street
Standley Joseph, Horse fair
Startin Henry, 14, King street
Wilkes Jeremiah, Lichfield street

HAMMER MAKERS.

Goldie John, St. John street
Parsons John, Bilston st. bridge
Richards Samuel, Warwick street
Richards Wm. Little Brick kiln st.

HAT MFRS. & DEALERS.
*Marked * are Dealers only.*
Devereux Chas. John, North st.
Gilham Charles, Dudley street
Higgitt Wm. furrier, High green
Lakin Sophia, High green
Laxton Wm. Hy. Darlington st.
Morris Samuel, High green
* Wardle & Henney, Bilston st.
* Sidney Rt. & Co. High green

HAY & STRAW DEALERS.
Abbott George, Worcester street
Evans Joseph, Horseley field
Shelton John, Can lane

HINGE MAKERS.
Armstrong Jph. Brick kiln street
Bates Michael, Bloomsbury
Bill John, St. James' square
Bolton Benjamin, Bell street
Bretsch Edward, Canal street
Brisband William, Horse fair
Dewson Thos. Graiseley hill
Fisher Daniel, Bell street
Fullard Danl. 32, Gt. Berry st.
Horton Henry, Church lane
Lancaster John, St. John's street
M'Clardy Wm. Oxford street
Osborne Joseph, North street
Taylor John, (trunk,) Salop st.
Wilkinson James, Hallett's row

HOP MERCHANTS.
Cholditch John, North street
Stokes John, High green; h. St. John's square
Walker William, Cock street
Weaver Richard, Dudley street

HOSIERS, GLOVERS, AND LACEMEN.
See also Haberdashers.
Cooley William, Dudley street
Donisthorpe Eliz. Darlington st.
Gibbs Edw. (& laceman,) High gn.
Gover Saml. (smallware,) Lichfield street
Kinsey Sarah, (smallware,) Lichfield street
Molineux Jph. Dudley street
Warren George, Walsall street

HOTELS, INNS, & TAVERNS.
Acorn, Jas. Sheldon, St. John st.
Admiral Vernon, John Jones, Canal street
Albion Tavern, Nancy Sweet, Dudley road
Angel, Wm. Buttery, Salop street
Balloon, Thos. Cotton, Wheeler's yard
Barley Mow, Isaiah Pedley, Piper's row
Bear and Ragged Staff, Daniel Taylor, Great Berry street
Big Cat, Michael Busby, Can la.
Bird in-Hand, Saml. Stirk, High green
Birmingham house, Geo. Shotton Bilston street
Black Boy, Jno. Hargrove, Horse fair
Black Horse, Sus. Field, Horse fr.
Blue Ball, Wm. Yates, Bilston st.
Boot & Star, Wm. Webb, High gn.
Bricklayers' Arms, Thos. Mason, Walsall street
Britannia, Rt. Shuter, Stafford st.
Brown Bear, Richard Adams, Lichfield street
Captain Cook, William Cooke, Brick kiln street
Castle, James Smith, Dudley st.
Chequer Ball, Wm Child, North st
Clog, Geo. Brooke, Canal st.
Coach & Horses, John Wilson, Snow hill
Coach & Horses, Sarah Robinson, Bilston street
Cock & Cross Keys, Thos. Smith, Horse fair
Cock, Ambrose Lee, Gt. Berry st.
Cross Guns, Jph. Smith, Brick kiln street
Crown, Geo. Leek, Stafford st.
Crown, John Davis, Horse fair
Crown & Anchor, Jph. Green, St. James's square
Crown & Cushion, Thos. Brookes, (& horses & gigs) Dudley st.
Dog & Duck, Stpn. Grassey, Piper's row
Dog & Partridge, Saml. Marston, Canal street
Dolphin, Jno. Walker, Temple st.
Druid's Head, Thos. Billingsley, North street
Duke of Wellington, Jas. Sanders, Horseley field
Duke of York, Peter Spicer, Princess street
Duke of York, Wm. New, Little Brick kiln street
Earl Grey, Thos. Hackin, Walsall street
Feathers, Mary Jordan, North st.
Fleur-de-Lis, Elizabeth Vicker, North street

Fountain, Jph. Munday, Little Berry street
Four Ashes, Jane Haynes, Stafford street
Fox, Benj. Williams, North st.
Freemasons' Arms, Wm. Sheldon, Horse fair
George, Thos. Foster, Salop street
George, Wm. Walker, St. James's square
Giffard's Arms, Edw. Willcox, Cock street
Golden Ball, Wm. Jones, High green
Golden Cup, Humphrey Nash, Cock street
Golden Fleece, Samuel Mayou, Dudley street
Golden Lion, Ann Spink, Salop st.
Green Man, Saml. Kay, Bilston street
Green Man, Thos. Hodgetts, Gt. Berry street
Greyhound, Sarah Sparrow, Little Berry street
Hand & Bottle, Susan Sutton, Cock street
Hare, Geo. Tyler, Little Berry st.
Hare & Hounds, Edw. Walker, Church lane
Hen & Chickens, Thos. Radford, Dudley street
Hop Pole, Jno. Barnsley, High gn.
Horse & Jockey, George Sutton Boulton, Bilston street
King's Arms, Mary Meredith, Brick kiln street
King's Head, Thos. Jevons, Dudley street
King's Head, Thomas Brindley, Bell street
Lion Hotel and Posting House, Helen Wheatmore, North st.
Little Swan, Ann Dean, Horseley field
Minerva, John Lewis, Salop st.
Mug House, Simon Beard, Stafford street
Nag's Head, Wm. Mortiboy, Little Berry street
Navigation House, Danl. Jones, Bilston street bridge
Navigation Inn, John Shelton Can lane
New Angel, John Woodhouse, Dudley street
New Hotel, John Barter, Cock st.
New Inn, Thos. Bill, Monmore green
New Inn, John Bate, Horseley fd.
New Inn, Richard Smirthwaite, Salop street
Noah's Ark, Benjamin Hitchcox, Lichfield street
Odd Fellows' Arms, Saml. Morris, Monmore green
Old Anchor, John Stirk, St. John's street
Old Barrel, Wm. Morris, Worcester street
Old Bell, John Jones, Bell street
Old Bush, William Hy. Hollis, Piper's row
Old Bush, John Pool, Ettingshall lane
Old Church, William Marsh, Wheeler's yard
Old Leather Bottle, Martha Littleton, Canal street
Old Mitre Inn, Charles Pope, Cleveland road
Old Queen's Head, Ann Chesworth, Worcester street
Pack Horse, John Newall, Dudley street
Peacock Inn and Turf Tavern, Robert Perry, Dudley street
Pheasant, William Whitehouse, New street
Pied Bull, Jph. Bissell, Snow hill
Pig & Whistle, William Childe, Wheeler's yard
Plough, Mary Gibbons, St. John street
Prince of Wales, Devey Bucknall, Chapel ash
Queen's Head, David Bate, Stafford street
Ram, Thos. Jackson, High green
Raven & Bell, Jph. Ford. Canal st
Red Cow, Ann Harrington, Dudley street
Red Lion, Maria Kesteven, Walsall road
Rose & Crown, John Jones, Bilston street
Royal Hussar, Thomas Sadler, Summer hill
Royal Marine, Rd. Billingsley, Canal street
Royal Oak, Rd. Vickers, Stafford street
Saracen's Head, Rd. Henshaw, King street



Seven Stars, John Mortiboy, St. John street
Shakspeare Tavern, Thos. Clark, Horseley field
Ship and Rainbow, John Walter Irvin Hair, Dudley road
Smoke Shop, Jno. Weaver, Lichfield street
SpreadEagle, Hy. Horton Cooper, Cock street
Star, Thomas Shaw, Horseley fd.
Star & Garter, Paul Law, Cock street
Swan Hotel & Posting House, Thomas Smith, High green
Three Crowns, Jph. Hood, Dudley street
Three Tuns, Joseph Jackson, Queen street
Tiger, Edw. Walton, North st.
Tiger, Wm. Heath, Church street
True Briton, Jph. Baker, Bath st.
Turks' Head, William Thomas, Bilston street
Union Tap House, Wm. Radnall, Horseley field
Vine Inn, Rd. Fisher, St. John st.
Vine Inn, Mary Ward, Canal st.
Wheat Sheaf, Jas. Taylor, High green
White Hart, Mary Cotterell, Stafford street
White Hart, William Reynish, Worcester street
White Lion, Sarah Sanders, North street
White Rose, Thomas Sherwin, Lichfield street
Woolpack, Wm. Pritchard, Snow hill

BEER HOUSES, (83!!!)
(*Here are* 83 *Beerhouses, and* 126 *old Public Houses*)

Baker Benj. Brick kiln street
Barker Sarah, Duke street
Chapman John, Oxford street
Dean Thomas, Castle Place
Edwards Joseph, Salop street
Edwards John, Brick kiln street
Fenn Joseph, Castle street
Haynes William, Horse fair
Horobin Joseph, North street
Jones Joseph, Rough hills
Lewis Edward, Bilston street
Moseley James, Duke street
Nightingale Jph. Lit. Brickkiln st.
Perry Thos. Little Brick kiln st.
Ravenscroft Benj. Dudley road
Sherwood Samuel, Brick kiln st.
Taylor William, Pountney street
Wiley Robert, Princess street
Wilson John, Salop street
Anchor, Benj. Hook, Horseley fd.
Anchor, Wm. Shaw, Brick kiln st.
Babes-in-the-Wood, Wm. Spruce, Pountney street
Bell, Jph. Howell, King street
Bell, Charles Burton, Chapel ash
Black Horse, Jph. Walter, Salop street
Blue Ball, Edw. Butler, Pountney street
Boat, Thos. Rishton, Brick kiln st
Boat, John Allmon, Canal side, Cannock road
Bricklayers' Arms, Mary Walton, Mary Ann street
Bricklayers' Arms, Wm. Webb, Horse fair
Brickmakers' Arms, Frs. Shaw, Green lane
Britannia, Chas. Blurton, Duke st.
Broom Girl, Jno. Wright, Charles street
Brown Lion, Thos. Willet, New Piece, Brick kiln street
Bulls' Head, Thomas Hill, Warwick street
Bulls' Head, Sarah Brierley, Salop street
Colliers' Arms, Jas. Evans, Warwick street
Cross Keys, Jph. Richards, Brick kiln street
Crown, Benjamin Baker, Bell st.
Darlington's Arms, Geo. Ward, Darlington street
Earl Grey, George Wiley, Summer hill street
Elephant & Castle, Saml. Davis, Cannock road
George and Dragon, William Edwards, jun. Dudley road
Golden Cross, Samuel Mullard, Snow hill
Grand Stand, Thomas Burey, Horseley field
Grand Turk, Edward Glover, Horseley field
Half Moon, Henry Hughes, Worcester street
Harp, Ephraim Slinn, Canal st.
Horse & Jockey, Thomas Salt, 7, Salop street

Horse & Jockey, William Horton, Union street
Hussar, Wm. Cropp, Charles st.
Invincible, Wm. Morris, Duke street
Jolly Collier, William Edwards, Dudley road
King's Arms, Andw. Cherington, North street
King's Arms, Chpr. Craddock, Bond street
King Wm. Jas. Richards, Can In.
Lame Horse, Lucy Adshead, Bilston street
Legs of Man, Geo. Spink, Stafford street
Leopard, James Nichols, Piper's row
Lord John Russell, Edw. Holland, Dudley street
Lord Nelson, Richard Harper, Salop street
Malt Shovel, John Salter, Walsal street
Miners' Arms, George Pritchard, Green lane
Old Mitre, Thos. Hill, North st.
Old May Bush, Edward Millington, Willenhall road
Old White Lion, Wm. Chamberlain, Great Berry street
Paul Pry, William Walker, Middle row
Plough & Harrow, Thos. Buckton, Chapel ash
Ring of Bells, Richard Nicholls, Piper's row
Rising Sun, Samuel Eaton, Warwick street
Royal Exchange, George Bate, Bloomsbury
Shropshire House, Elijah Baggot, Horseley field
Shrubberry Tap, James Worrall, Walsall street
Sir John Falstaff, Saml. Stubbs, Little Brick kiln street
Star and Anchor, Thomas Whitehouse, Salop street
Steam Packet, Joseph Hood, Oxford street
Talbot, John Spink, Union st.
Vauxhall, Jph. Hadkinson, Chapel ash
White Horse, Benj. Riley, Worcester street
White Rose, Fras. Coles, New st.
Windmill, George Fieldhouse, Summer hill street
Woodman, Abraham Cartwright, Church lane
Woodman, Barnett Wisedill, Horseley field

IRON & COAL MASTERS.

*Marked * are only Coal Masters.*

British Iron Co. Wednesfield heath
Chillington Coal and Iron Co. Chillington works; Frederick Levick, agent
Dawes John and Sons, (& steel refiners,) King street & *Bromford*
Coltham Coal and Iron Company, Lane head, *Willenhall*; Daniel Bagnall, agent
* Fereday John Turton, Old Monmore works
* Hoccom Edw. & Co. Monmore green
Jones, Barker, and Co. *Coseley Iron works*; office Chillington works
* Riley William, Monmore gr.; h. Ettingshall
Sparrow Wm. and J. S. and Co. Temple street
* Tarratt and Co. Rough hills
Thorneycroft Geo. and Edward, (bar &c.) Shrubbery Iron works, Walsall street
Timmins Thomas and Co. Wolverhampton Colliery, Green ln.
* Turner Wm. Monmore green; h. Horseley field
Ward Wm. Priestfields works; h. Queen street

IRON & STEEL MERCHTS.

Farmer & Jones, Darlington st.
Firmstone John Parsons, Chapel ash
Tarratt and Neve, High green
Underhill Joseph, Dudley street

IRON BRAZIERS.

Evans Sarah, Brick kiln street
Jeavons Isaac, (& copper,) Stafford street
Rogers John, Middle row
Stewart John, (& general iron plate worker) Church lane
Street Henry, Hallett's row

IRON FOUNDERS.

Atherton James, Horseley field
Clark Edw. & Thos. Horseley field



Mansfield John, Horseley field
Perks Francis, New street
Thorneycroft Geo. & Ed. Shrubbery iron works, Walsall street
Westwood Henry, Old Factory, Horseley fd. & Little's ln.
Ward Wm. Priestfds. h.Queen st.

IRONMONGERS.

*Marked * are Braziers, &c. also.*
Barnett Thomas, Bilston street
Brazier Benjamin, Cock street
* Charles Thomas, Dudley street
Farmer & Jones, Darlington st.
* Nicklin John Banks, and Co. High Green
Robinson Edw. Horseley field
* Shaw Benjamin, High green
Shuter James, Stafford street
* Sollom Benjamin, High green
Tarratt and Neve, High green
Underhill Joseph, Dudley street

IRON SQUARE MFRS.

Bates John, New street
Perkes Francis, New street
Wheatley Andrew, Pountney st.

JAPAN WARE MFRS. & TIN PLATE WORKERS.

*Those marked * mfr. fine paper goods and fancy Pontipool work; and † are Tin and Iron Plate workers also.*
† Bennett William, Bilston st.
Bevins Nath. North street; h. King street
† Devey John, St. James' square
† Elwell Henry Barber, Brick kiln street; h. Penn road
*Fearncombe Henry, Dudley rd.
†Mander Chas. (& varnish mkr.) St. John's st.; h. Queen st.
* † Perry Edward, Temple st.
† Perry Rd. & Son, 7, Queen st.
* † Ryton and Walton, Turton's hall, Bilston street
† Thurstans James, Tower st.
Tyrer Richard, Bond street
* Walker Jno. Fredk. Temple st.
Wellings Thomas, Bond street
Whitehouse Wm. Cleveland road
Woolley Rt. (& tin toy box mfr.) Darlington street

JEWELLERS.—*See Watchmkrs.*

Grassey Stephen, Piper's row

JOBBING SMITHS.

Barker Jph. Monmore green
Cherington Andrew (gridiron, *chafindish, &c.*) North street
Heap Samuel, (brazier and tinmen's tool, press, stamp, laithe, & screw stock mfr.) Middle row
Parkes John, (nut and screw) Carribee island
Parks John, (screw forger) Hancock's yard, Horseley field
Rogers William, (staple mfr.) North street
Smith Peter, Canalst. Bridge row
Whitehouse Job, Bilston street
Wood John, Joseph and Edward, (& engine fitters,) Walsall st

JOINERS & BUILDERS.

*Marked * are Cabinet mkrs. also.*
Barnsley John, Dudley road
Bate George, Bloomsbury
* Cooper Francis, Lichfield st.
Doran Geo. Summer hill street
Evans Job, St. John's square
Evans Wm. Stafford street
Heans Henry, St. John's square
Heaford Samuel, Can lane
Gibbons George, Horse fair
Harding John, Piper's row
Harper, Wm. & Son, North st.
Hartland Benj. (builder) Dudley road
Heveningham Hy. Stafford street
Hill Benjamin, Bell street
Hill Francis, Horseley field
Hilton Benj. (& surveyor) Stafford street
Lloyd, John, Darlington street
Maer Samuel, Cleveland road
Meredith Robt. Worcester street
Meredith Thomas, Snow hill
Morris Joseph, Monmore green
Nock Henry, Can lane
Perkins John, Tower street
Powell Henry, Bilston street
Walker Randle, Gt. Berry street
Walker Randle Shaw, Castle st.
Ward George, Darlington street
* Yardley Saml. Horseley field

KEY MAKERS.

*Marked * make Cabinet Keys only*
Abeston John, Charles street
* Andrews Thomas, Salop street
* Barnett Wm. Wadam's hill
* Barratt Joseph, Charles street
Boden John, Tower street
Bradney James, Temple street
Bradney Thomas, Paradise st.
* Brandwood Jph. Brick kiln st.
Broomhall Wm. Brick kiln st.
* Cooper Thos. Bowling green

7 Harden Thomas, New street
7 Hargrove Wm. St. John's st.
7 Hart St. New piece, Bkiln. st.
Hart Thos. (patent) Union st.
6 Hartell Isaac, (closet) Canal st.
4 Hartill Paul, Dudley road
2 Haynes Francis, North street
3 Heath Jph. Paradise street
2 Hickin Thos. (patent cabinet & letter) Walsall street
2 Hill Thos. Town well fold
7 Hodges James, Darlington st.
6 Hodgson Thos. Gt. Berry st.
2 Hodgins Wm. North street
2 Hope Jerh. North street
Hope Jerh. Charles street
7 Horton Edward, Canal street
6 Hughes Thos. Carribee island
4 Iddens Ellis. Penn road
Jones Abraham, Hallett's row
7 Jones Dani. Gt. Compton st.
7 Jones Edward, Penn road
6 Jones John, Carribee island
4 Jones John, Best's fold
7 Jones Saml. Brick kiln street
7 Jones Thomas, Bennett's fold
7 Jordan Joseph, Canal street
5 Knowles John, Workhouse lane
5, 7, Lamsdale Saml. Bkiln. st.
5 Law Joseph, Middle row
3 Lea Wm. Paradise street
Lee John, Brick kiln street
4 Leek Geo. Brick kiln street
3 Leek Samuel, Best's fold
6 Lewis John, Summerhill st.
4 Ling Rd. Worcester street
4 Lloyd Charles, Gould's court
4 Lloyd Wm. Gould's court
7 Loyols Thomas, Middle row
6 Lucas James, Wadam's hill
5, 6 Mace John & Go. (patent) Bond street
2 Malkin Jph. Walsall street
Mansell Wm. (drawback) Stafford street
5 Marshall Edward, Bridge row
8 Mason Thos. ct. 2, Bell street
2 Mills Jph. Bennett's fold
2 Mitchell Henry, Horse fair
7 Mossley Wm. Deanery row
7 Moss Jeremiah, North street
2 Munday James, North street
5 Murray Edward, Bell street
6 Murray Thos. Gt. Berry st.
2 Nevill Samuel, Hallett's row
7 Nixon *John, Back ln. Stafford street*
Owen Rd. Worcester st.; h. Town well fold
9 Paling Stephen, Rollison's yd. Stafford street
2 Parkes Benjamin, North st.
5, 6 Parsons Jph. Union street
Paulton James, Salop street
3 Pedley Geo. Bennett's fold
3 Pedley Isaiah, Piper's row
Perry Edward, North street
1 Perry Moses, Dudley road
4 Perry Thos. Lit. Bkiln. street
3 Perry Thos. Stafford street
2 Perry Wm. 21, Temple street
2 Perry Wm. Fryer's yd. Can ln.
2 Poole Thomas, New street
6 Pountney Saml. Walker's yd. Snow hill
2 Pratt Jph. Middle row
1 Rance John, Temple street
2 Reed Chas. (& latch) Canal st.
Reed Edward, Union street
2 Reed John, Horseley field
Richards Jph. (patent) Bkiln. st.
4 Riley Henry, Brick kiln st.
3, 9 Robbins Saml. Salop street
6 Robbins Wm. Gt. Compton st.
7 Robinson Edw. Horseley field
2 Rogers Edw. 87, Walsall st.
7 Rowley Thos. Summerhill st.
5 Russon Mttw. North street
5, 6 Savage James, Salop street
2 Selvey Thos. Middle row
6 Shaw Geo. Elwell's buildings
2 Shore Wm. Bloomsbury
5, 6 Simmons Thos. Bkiln. st.
5, 6 Smith Jas. (patentee for lever) Gt. Compton street
2 Smith Jesse, Canal street
6 Smith John, Horse fair
2 Smith Joseph, Middle row
2 Smith Josiah, Canal street
2 Smith Samuel, Little's lane
2 Smith Thos. ct. 8, Canal street
Sparrow Geo. Temple street
2 Spicer Peter, Princess street
2 Spink John, Union street
1, 7 Spink Joseph, Stafford st.
3 Squire Titus, Albion street
5 Stanton Joseph, Tower street
4 Stubbs Sarah, Town well fold
6 Summerfield Timy. ct. 8, Canal street
5 Swaine Chpr. Lowe's buildings,
9 Taylor John, Salop street
3 Taylor Wm. Pountney street
2 Terry Wm. North street



4 Titley Chas. Carribee islands
4 Titley Joseph, Canal street
4 Titley Wm. Lit. Bkiln. street
7 Toy Wm. St. John's square
Turner Geo. & Thos. Stafford st.
10 Turner John, Walsall street
10 Turner John, (& hand cuff) Fryer's yard, Can lane
4 Turner Wm. Stafford street
2 Underwood Wm. Molineux ct North street
6 Vane John, (brass) New street
2 Wakeman Robt. (& letter pad) Paradise street
4 Walker John, Pountney st.
4 Walker Wm. Middle row
Walters Edw. (fine) Church lane
4 Walters Jph. Dudley road
4 Waltho Jph. Brick kiln street
2 Walton Jas. Fryer's yd. Can ln.
2 Walton Jph. Lit. Berry street
6, 8 Walton Rt. Hallett's row
3 Walton Theoph. St. John's sq.
2 Walton Thomas, Stafford st.
3 Walton Wm. Salop street
3 Warner Geo. Summer hill st.
2 Webster Thos. ct. 17, Salop st.
2 Wellings Jph. Temple st.; h. Worcester street
2 Wellings Peter, Temple st.
3 Westley John, Bilston street
3 Westley John, Fryer's yd. Can lane
5 Weston Jph. Wadam's hill
1 Westwood Rd. Charles street
2 Whitehouse Abel, Bilston st.
5, 6 Whitehouse Benj. Bloomsbury
2 Wiley Rd. Gt. Berry street
7 Wiley Rt. Princess street
4 Wilkes Chas. (dlr.) Salop st.
7 Willetts John, Can lane
7 Williams Mark, Hallett's row
2 Willox Jph. Lit. Brick kiln st.
3 Wilson John, Paradise street
2 Wood Samuel, Temple street
5 Woodcock Wm. Brick kiln st.
2 Woodhead Wm. Horse fair
2 Woolley John, Horse fair
2 Woolley Rd. Fryer's yd. Can ln.
Woolley Wm. Fryer's yd. Can ln.
2 Wright John, Middle row
2 Yates Henry, St. John's sq.
2 Yates Sarah, Elwell's bdgs.
5 Yeomans Geo. Union street
Young John, (patentee of the fly *guard detector,* & mfr. of Carpenter & Young's patent locks) Bell street

MALTSTERS.

Amies Rd. Horseley field
Bradney Fras. Bond street
Butler Edw. Walsall street; h. Compton
Cadwalladar Wm. Vauxhall st.
Child Wm. North street
Davies Saml. Cannock road
Gibbons Thos. jun. St. Peter's sq.
Gold Thomas, Stafford street
Hitchcox Benj. Lichfield street
Jones Wm. High green
Loxton Chas. Adshead & Esther, Salop street
Morris Edward, Bell street
Munday Jph. Gt. Berry street
Penn Wm. Church street
Rushton Rd. Goldthorn hill
Savage Thos. & Co. Cleveland rd.
Smith Wm. Piper's row
Sparrow Wm. H. Salop street
Stone James, Darlington street
Walker Wm. Cock street
Walters Wm. North street
Wright Wm. 10, Queen street
York Thomas, Cock street

MERCHANTS & FACTORS.

Best Wm. & Son, St. James's sq.
Briscoe Wm. & Sons, St. John's square
Coates Saml. & Benj. King st.
Cooper Fras. & Edw. Princess st.
Cox Wm. Piper's row
Dixon & Vardy, Bilston street
Earp & Wynn, St. John's sq.
Elwell Thos. Horseley field; h. Compton
Evans & Cartwright, Dudley rd.
Gibbons James, Charles street
James & Payton, Horseley field and *Walsall*
Jeavons John, Temple st.; h. St. John's square
Langston Wm. Dudley road
Lees Richard, Queen street
Lees Wm. & Sons, Church lane
Lovatt Wm. Hy. & Co. St. John's square; h. Bond street
Marsh Jas. Snow hill; h. Moor fields
Mundy & Tarratt, Bond street
Nicklin John B. & Co. High gn.
Pearson Jph. & Co. Snow hill
Perry John, St. John's square
Richmond James, Snow hill

• Davy John, Piper's row
Deeley John, Green lane
• Dovey James, Brick kiln st.
Edwards John, Brick kiln street
Evans William, Canal street
• Fellowes Thomas, Temple st.
Fletcher Wm. Brick kiln street
• Gould Wm. Salop street
• Groom Benj. North street
Hardwick George, Canal street
Hill Ambrose, (mortise) 47, Salop street
• Hill Charles, Salop street
• Hill James, Salop street
Hilton John, Stafford street
• Hope William, Can lane
• Horton William, Union street
Jackson Thomas, Horse fair
Jordan Wm. Warwick street
Lees James, Canal street
Lees Wm. Brick kiln street
Manning Richard, Bloomsbury
Mason Thomas, ct. 2, Bell street
Mayo Daniel, Cleveland road
• Morgan Barthw. Horse fair
• Munday Benjamin, North st.
Perks Samuel, Fighting Cocks, Dudley road
• Perrin Robt. Town well fold
Phillips John, Walsall street
Ray Thomas, Hallett's row
Reeves Job, Bath street
Roughley John, Canal street
Sharp James, Hancock's yard, Horseley field
• Sidebotham James, Albion st.
• Sidebotham Wm. Can lane
Tortoiseshell Isaac, Canal street
Turner Wm. Cannock road
• Walton John, Canal street
• Webb Wm. Brick kiln street
Whitehouse Wm. (rim) New st.
• Wilkes Zachariah, Piper's row
• Woolley Thomas, Charles st.
• Wright Benjamin, Middle row

KEY STAMPERS.

Crumpton James, Bell street
Garrington Geo. 24, Stafford st.

LAND AGTS. & SURVEYORS.

Beckett Henry, Darlington st.
Callum Wm. Darlington street
Timmis Richard, 9, Queen street

LATCH (SPRING) MAKERS.

Cadwallader Thomas, Salop st.
Carter Richard, Canal street
Chubb *Charles, (Chubb's patent)* *Temple street*
Hadley Simon, Canal street
Morgan Isaac Abbott's row
Spink George, Hill street

LIBRARIES, (SUBS. & CIR.)

Clare Charlotte, Dudley street
Denman Philip, High green
Hildreth, James, Darlington st.
Subscription, Queen street; Eliz. Simpson, librarian
Tradesmen & Mechanics', King street; Wm. Beckett, librarian

LIME BURNERS.

Adams John, Can lane kiln
Jenks & Ellis, Horseley field

LINEN IMPORTERS.

Lewis John, (& feather mercht.) Queen street
Warner Wm. and Sons, High gr.

LINEN & WOOLLEN DRPRS.

Andrews Richard, High street; h. St. John's square
Collett Edward, High green
Davenhill Edw. (& silk mercer) Darlington street
Henney & Emery, Darlington st.
Hopkins John Head, Dudley st.
Lewis John, Dudley street
Lovatt Thomas, High green
Moore & Pratt, Dudley street
Roberts & Dunckley, High grn.
Sidney Robt. and Co. Cock st.
Smallwood and Andrews, Dudley street
Warner Wm. & Sons, High green

LOCK MANUFACTURERS.

*** *Those marked* 1, *make Banbury Locks;* 2, *Brass Cabinet;* 3, *Iron Cabinet;* 4, *all kinds of Cabinet Locks;* 5, *Mortise;* 6, *Ring;* 7, *Stock;* 8, *Padlocks;* 9, *Trunk and Box;* and 10, *Gate Locks. Those without mark are general Lock manufacturers.*

Aday John, Dunstan lane
Ainsworth Thomas, Best's fold
9 Allcock George, Horse fair
2 Anson Edw. Bennett's fold
1 Bagnall Anth. North street
1 Bagnall Thomas, Worcester st.
7 Baker Benjamin, Brick kiln st.
7 Baker Benjamin, Bell street
2 Baker Thomas, Best's fold
2 Barnett Richard, Bloomsbury
4 Barratt Joseph, Brick kiln st.
4 Bate John, Bilston street
2 Bate Joseph, Tower street
6 Bayley Wasson, Workhouse ln.



2 Beards Joseph, Bloomsbury
2 Beards Wm. Duke street
5, 6 Beckett Aaron, (patent) Gough street
6 Beddow Hy. Bennett's fold
Beddow Saml. (brass case) Summer row
5 Beddow Thomas, Gt. Berry st.
Beddow Wm. (brass case) Can lane
7 Benton Sarah, Gt. Compton st.
Bevon John, (brass bag) Green lane
2 Bickford John, Canal street
8 Billingsley Thomas, Carribee island
8 Blews John, Bennett's fold
3 Blakeman Danl. Walsall street
2, 3 Blakeman John, St. John's street
3 Blakeman John, Salop street
6 Blakeman Wm. Brick kiln st.
Bratt Alfred, (sash) Charles st.
2 Bridgen Wm. Dunstall lane
2 Bromall John, Salop street
Brooke George, (Bramah & Barrow's patent) New street
2 Brown John, North street
1 Brown Wm. Piper's row
2 Brummall Thomas, Union st.
2 Bryan John, North street
2 Bryan Thomas, New street
Bullock Geo. Elwell's building's
6 Burrows Charles, Gt. Berry st.
5, 6 Burton Chas. Duke street
7 Bush Thomas, Piper's row
Butler Samuel, Lowe's buildings, Charles street
4 Caddick Noah, Brick kiln st.
2 Cadwallader Thomas, (& sash) Salop street
7 Careless John, Salop street
2 Cheshire Joseph, Union street
2 Cheshire George, Canal street
Chubb Charles, (Chubb's patent) Temple street
2 Churm John, Gt. Compton st.
9 Colbourn Julia, Piper's row
6 Constable Thomas, Middle row
2 Cooper Edward, Walsall street
3 Cooper John, Duke street
2 Cooper Joseph, Walsall street
3 Cooper Joseph, Stafford street
4 Cooper Rd. Lit. Brick kiln st.
2 Cooper Samuel, Walsall street
2 Cooper Thomas, Stafford street
2 Cooper Wm. Walsall street
Cope Thomas, Piper's row
3 Corbett Walter, Sparrow's yd.
2 Corkindale Thos. Sparrow's yd.
2 Cotterell Titus, Sparrow's yd.
Cotterell John, 17, Salop street
4 Cox Joseph, Town well fold
5, 6 Cox Wm. Piper's row
2 Cresswell Benjamin, Bell street
5 Cresswell Jph. Bennett's fold
6 Cresswell Saml. Sparrow's yard
2 Crump Thomas, Town well fd.
4 Crutchley Edward, Salop st.
3 Dace Thomas, Bilston street
6 Dallaway Edw. 14, Oxford st.
Daniel Thomas, King street
Davies Thomas, (Bramah's patent) St. James' square
2 Davies Wm. Bridge row
6 Deakin Wm. Bell street
2 Dovey Jph. Brick kiln street
2 Duce Jph. (patent) Dudley rd.
2 Dunn Sarah, Walsall street
6 Dyhouse Jubal, Horse fair
2 Eagle Jph. Stafford street
Earp Wm. Pooler, Bk. lane, Stafford street
2 Edgerton Chas. Middle row
4 Edwards Rd. Stafford street
1 Egginton Jph. Salop street
8 Evans Thos. (& hand cuff) Hallett's row
2 Finchett John, Stafford street
2 Fisher Daniel, Bilston street
8 Fletcher Wm. Brick kiln st.
3 Foster Geo. Brick kiln street
2 Foster John, Canal street
5 Garner Sar. (sash) Charles st.
Glover Wm. Worcester street
7 Goodman Wm. Stafford street
7 Gough James, Summer hill st.
1 Green Benj. Snow hill
6 Green James, Lichfield street
5, 6 Green John, Stafford street
9 Groom Jas. Gould's ct. Stafford st.; h. ct. 8, Canal st.
7 Groom John, Brick kiln st.
7 Groom John, Gough street
Groom Saml. Gould's ct. Stafford street
9 Groom Thurstan, (& park gate) Brick kiln street
8 Hadley Rd. Little Berry st.
8 Hadley Rt. Canal street
8 Hall Elisha, Salop street
2 Hammands Wm. New piece, Salop street
5 Hancock Jph. Bloomsbury

Rogers Hy. 11, St. James's sq.
Savage Thos. & Sons, Church la.; h. George street
Scholefield Joshua, Esq. M.P. & Sons, Horseley field and *Birmingham*
Shaw Chas. & Jas. jun. Horseley field & *Birmingham*
Shaw & Crane, Church lane
Smith Rt. & Co. Castle st. & *Birmingham*
South & Reynolds, Horseley field
Tarratt Jph. & Sons, Town well fold
Walker Thos. Castle st.; h. Queen street
Walker & Thurstans, Castle st.
Wenman Thos. & Co. Gt. Berry street
Wright Edward, Church street

MILLINERS & DRESS MKRS.

Andrews Mary, High street
Baker Eliza, Worcester street
Boycott Ellen, Walsall street
Burton Eliz. Cock street
Clarke Sarah, Horseley field
Cotterill Ann, Darlington street
Dawson Mary Ann, Dudley rd.
Harper Maria, Snow hill
Hood Harriet, Horseley field
Jeavons Eliz. Darlington street
Lacey Betsy, Darlington street
Moseley Jemima, Worcester st.
Moseley Mary, Old Church yard
Parker Ann, Horseley field
Patrick Priscilla, Craddock's walk
Pratt Harriet, St. James's sq.
Riddo Eliz. Snow hill
Riley Mary Ann, Horseley field
Rudge Eleanor, Tower street
Seyde Ellen, Darlington street
Sitch Ann & Eliza, Oxford street
Smallwood Mary Ann, Craddock's walk
Smith Sarah Eliz. Darlington st.
Symcox Hannah, St. John's sq.
Toft Jane, Old Church yard
Wells Mary, Dudley street

MILLWRIGHTS.

Bagnall John, Horseley field
Williams Edward, Old Factory

MUSIC PRECEPTORS AND VENDERS.

*Marked * are manfrs. of brass and copper instruments.*

Cadwallader John, *(organist)* St. *John's square*
Macpherson Daniel, (preceptor) Cleveland road
Rudge Wm. (organist) St. John's square
* Smith George, Bell street
* Smith Henry, Bilston street

NAIL MANUFACTURERS.

Atherton Jas. (cast) Horseley fd.
Cox Thomas, Bilston street
Dunning & Hemingsley, (cut) Old factory, Horseley field
Turner John, Bell st.; h. Carribee island

NEWSPAPER.

Wolverhampton Chronicle, Thomas Wm. Guinan, printer, Wheeler's fold; and Wm. Parke, publisher, (Wed.) High street

OPTICIANS.

Bird Thos. 6, Mitre fold
Grassey Stephen, Piper's row
Raby Edward, St. James's square
Robinson Edw. Horseley field

PAINTERS, *(House, &c.)*

See Plumbers & Glaziers.

PAPER MERCHANTS.

Nicklin John B. & Co. High gn.

PATTEN & CLOG MAKERS.

Horton Richard, Darlington st.
Jackson Thomas, High green

PATTERN MAKER.

Morris William, Duke street

PAWNBROKERS.

Lee Thomas, Bilston street
Lees Charles, Stafford street
Moore John, Darlington street
Perry John, Tower street
Piatt Thomas, Warwick street
Walter James, Dudley street

PHYSICIAN.

Dehane John, Snow hill

PLUMBERS, GLAZIERS, AND PAINTERS.

Bee William, Snow hill
Green John, Piper's row
Harley Joseph, Stafford street
Hughes William, Walsall street
Lockley & Cartwright, North st.
Mullard Samuel, Snow hill
Nash Humphry, Cock street
Pendrell John, Cock street
Piatt John, Worcester street
Piatt Thomas, Warwick street
Robinson & Shuter, Stafford st.
Sadler Thomas, Summer hill
Sanders William, Temple street



Street Thomas, (painter,) Wheeler's fold
Swindley Thomas, Bell street
Tottey John, King street
Ward Edward, Worcester street
Ward Matthew, Dudley street
Westwood John, Bennett's fold
PRINTERS.—*See Booksellers.*

PROVISION DEALERS.

Diggory Richard, Lichfield st.
Walker Thomas, Horseley field
PUMP MAKERS.—*See Turners.*

RAG MERCHANTS.

Lloyd Mary Ann, St. John st.
Richards John, (paper dealer,) Horse fair
Roden Richard, St. John street
Storer Mary, Lichfield street
ROPE, TWINE, & SACKING MANUFACTURERS.

Griffin Edward, Snow hill
Ironmonger Moses, Darlington st.
RULE MAKERS.-(*Ivory & Box.*)
Allbutt Isaac, Salop street
Gibbons William, Stafford street
Perkes William, (& foreign measures,) Bilston street
Smith Benjamin, Bloomsbury
Smith Thomas, Bloomsbury
Weston George, Worcester st.
Whittingham Thos. Church lane; h. Bloomsbury

SADDLERS.

Beebee Henry, Bilston street
Brookman John, St. John street
Fuse Thomas, Lichfield street
Glaze Henry, Dudley street
Idiens Maria, Dudley street
Whittle George, High green

SAW MILL.—(*Circular.*)

Mills Jph. Little's lane mill
SCALE, BEAM, AND STEELYARD MAKERS.

Parsons John, Bilston st. bridge
Richards Samuel, Warwick st.
Roberts John, Canal street
Wall John, Piper's row
Westwood Enoch, Walsall street
Westwood Hy. Lit. Brick kn. st.
Westwood Hy. Little's lane mill
Westwood John, Horseley field
Westwood Nathaniel Walter, Piper's row
Westwood Obadiah, Brick kiln st.
SCREW MAKERS.-(See Wood.)

SHOE TIP MAKERS.

Cresswell & Randell, Warwick st.
Dunning & Hemingsley, Old Factory, Horseley field

SHOPKEEPERS, &c.

Allen Luke, North street
Ansell Susannah, Middle row
Aston Joseph, North street
Barber Nancy, Canal street
Biggs Edward, Oxford street
Brabbins Wm. Stafford street
Bryon Thomas, Worcester st.
Burton Joseph, Salop street
Cairns Thomas, Bilston street
Chapman John, Walsall street
Davies Benj. Monmore green
Evans Joseph, Horseley field
Fereday Wm. Snow hill
Fowler Elizabeth, North street
Gordon Sarah, Summer hill
Guest Richard, Brick kiln street
Hawthorn George, Walsall st.
Hartshorn John, Monmore gn.
Harper Ann, Pountney street
Hart John, Warwick street
Hill John, Salop street
Hodgkiss Wm. Walsall street
Hughes Thomas, Brick kiln st.
Humphryson John, Stafford st.
Newton William, Worcester st.
Mason John, St. Peter's square
Mills Mary, St. James's square
Millington Edw. Willenhall road
Obrey Frederick, Bilston street
Parkes John, Charles street
Parry Martha, North street
Phillips Joseph, Canal street
Poulter Richard, North street
Reed Charles, Canal street
Reilly John, Little Berry street
Robinson Thos. Stafford street
Shelton James, Little Berry st.
Spink George, Stafford street
Spruce William, Pountney street
Stamps Joseph, Salop street
Storer Mary, Lichfield street
Stringer John, Gt. Compton st.
Taylor James, Cock street
Taylor John Rd. Horseley field
Taylor Mark, Worcester street
Tombs Sarah A. North street
Turton Hannah, Brick kiln st.
Vernon John, Pountney street
Watts Benj. Brick kiln street
Wilkes John, Horseley field
Williams Thos. Walsall street
Woodward Thos. Willenhall rd.
SLATERS.—(*See Bricklayers.*)

SNUFFER MAKERS.
Howell Peter, Pountney street
Humphreys Edw. Molineux ct. North street
Plant Joseph, St. James's square
Warr Wm. & Jerh. Dudley road

SPECTACLE CASE AND TOBACCO BOX MAKERS.
Doughty Joseph, Bilston street
Dunn Joseph, Piper's row
Howe Wm. Bath street
Whitehouse Wm. (japanned and brass box,) Cleveland road

SPECTACLE FRAME MKRS.
Adie Edward, Canal street
Adie Thos. Dunstall street
Anson George, Warwick street
Anson Thomas, Stafford street
Babington John, Best's fold
Babington Joseph, Best's fold
Bird Thomas, 6, Mitre fold
Collings John, (& iron gas burners,) Hallett's row
Nock William, Horse fair
Robinson Thos. Stafford street
Steward John, Gt. Compton st.
Turner Daniel, Salop street
Turner Job, Walsall street
Turner Wm. Goldthorn lane
Walter's Wm. Hancock's yard, Horseley field

STAY MAKERS.
Bradney Mary, Old Church yard
Eldershire Eliz. St. John's st.
Lewis Deb. (& hosier) Cock st.
Meadows Mary, North street

STEEL TOY MANFRS.
Heavy Steel Toys, include Bed Keys, Compasses, Shoe and Carpenters' Pincers, Wire Nippers, Pipers, &c.
Light Steel Toys, include Barbers' Irons, Nutcrackers, Sugar Nippers, Steel Chains, Swivels, Spring Curb Hooks, Tweezers, &c.
*Marked * make Light, † Heavy, and the others both sorts.*
† Cheadle Thomas, Walsall st.
Cutler John, Penn road
Dunn Joseph, Stafford street
† Gardner Benj. North street
Gardner Jno. (iron) Piper's row
Gould George, Horse fair
Harley George, Stafford street
† Lloyd James, Worcester street
† Moreton John, Walsall street
* Parsons John, Bilston st. bdgs.
† Patchett John, Gt. Compton street
Pitt Peter, Moseley's bdgs. Summer hill
† Spittle Wm. Union street
† Plant Jph. St. James' square
Raby Geo. Sharrow's yard, Worcester street
* Richards Wm. Lt. Brick kiln street
* Sherwood Saml. Brick kiln st.
* Southell James, Bell street
Turner Jph. (iron) Walsall st.
Westwood Hy. Little's ln. mill
Wiley John, Lichfield st.

STENCELLORS AND COLOURERS.
Nevill Arthur, Worcester street
Wilbraham Wm. Bond street

STONE MASONS.
Darbey Wm. Cleveland road
Tyler George. Lt. Berry street
Weale Wm. (marble & statuary) Darlington street
Wilmot Thomas, Castle street

STRAW HAT MAKERS.
Baker Hannah, Horseley field
Barker Jane, Horseley field
Dunn Jane, Walsall street
Lacey John, Darlington street
Sharp Wm. High street
White Sus. Old Church yard
Whitehouse Mary A. Queen st.
Yates Ann, Cock street

SURGEONS.
Bell Peter, 10, Queen street
Coleman Ed. Hagling, 3, Salop street
Cooke Wm. St. Peter's square
Cox Wm. Wadens, St. John's sq.
Dehane Edw. Fras. Dudley st.
Dunn Wm. Horseley field
Edwards Geo. Darlington street
Fowke Thomas & Sons, King st.
Gill Wm. Queen street
Proud John Fredk. North street
Simkiss Thomas Stoner, Bishop's place
Steward John, (consulting) Queen street
Thompson Wm. Bentley, King st.

TAILORS.
*Marked * are Woollen Drapers, and † Clothes dealers.*
*Adams Thomas, Bilston street
Adams Wm. Darlington street
Allen Benj. Horse fair



Baker George, Bloomsbury
* Baker Joseph, Dudley street
* Baker Thomas, Dudley street
Bentley Wm. Queen street
Butler Joseph, Horseley field
* Crewe John, Cock street
Davenport Joseph, Temple st.
† Denham John, St. John street
Gould David, Snow hill
Gould James, Old Church yard
Hancox Joseph, Stafford street
Hill Thomas, New Piece, Brick kiln street
Jackson Philip, Piper's row
Lewis Charles, Lichfield street
Jones John, Bilston street
Lowe George, Hill street
Pearce John, Craddock's walk
Perry Walter, St. John's street
Robinson Mich. Hy. 36, Snow hill
Robinson Thomas, Bell street
Shaw Joseph, 6, King street
* Shoolbred Wm. High st.; h. St. John's square
* Sidney Rt. & Co. High green
Simpson John, Woolpack yard
Smith Thomas, Bennett's fold
* Smith Richard, Snow hill
* Swift John, Queen street
Turner John, North street
* Wardle & Henney, Bilston st.
Warrilow John, Stafford street
Willetts Richard, Worcester st.

TALLOW CHANDLERS.

See Grocers also.

Buckle Wm. High street
Hattam Edward, Dudley street

TANNERS.

Brooke Thomas, Darlington st.; h. Craddock's walk
Rogers Joseph, Salop street

TEA DLRS. & DRAPERS.

(*Travelling.*)

Ewart James, (tea) Church lane
Milliken —— St. James' square
Smith Richard, Snow hill
Tait John, Horseley field
Thompson John, Stafford street

THUMB LATCH MKRS.

Brookes George, Salop street
Butcher Jph. (Norfolk,) Fryer's yard, Can lane
Clarke Wm. Hancock's yard
Davies Benj. Gt. Berry street
Davies John, Gt. Berry street
Deberaux Wm. Salop street
Hicklin Charles, Bell street
Hicklin John, Bell street
Hodgson John, Summer hill st.
Maddocks Joseph, Fryer's yard
Moseley James, Duke street
Reeves George, Brick kiln st.
Stanley Ann, Oxford street

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

Jones Hanh. & Eliz. (English) Horseley field
Lloyd John, Darlington street
Morris Joseph, Monmore green
Nichols John, (English) Darlington street
Shelton A. & Co. Canal street
Shipton James, (& slate) Can lane; h. North street
Walker Randle, Canal street, & Great Berry street
Walker Randle Shaw, Canal st. and Castle street

TIN & IRON PLATE WORKERS.

See Japanners also.

Davis Luke, Stafford street
Groves John, Salop street
Prangnell Mark & Son, (imperial dish covers) Pountney street
Ward Henry, Wadham's hill

TOBACCO PIPE MAKERS.

Bickley Wm. (dlr.) High green
Brindley John, Bilston street
Freeth Joseph, High green

TOY MAKERS & DEALERS.

Ashton Wm. Dudley road
Evans & Cartwright, Dudley rd.
Horton James, (dlr.) High green
Robinson Rd. (dlr.) High green
Whitehouse Wm. (tin) Cleveland road

TRAP MAKERS.

Colbourne Thos. (rat) Carribee island
Nichols Isaac, (vermin) Canal st.
Tomkys Saml. (man and spring gun) Canal street

TRUNK MAKERS.

Mc Cormie Ann, Stafford street
Yates Henry, St. John's street

TURNERS IN WOOD, &c.

*Marked * are Pump makers also.*

Craddock Daniel, Stafford street
Evans & Cartwright, Dudley rd.
Gough Benjamin, Walsall street
Green Wm. (ivory, bone, and wood) Tower street
* Hodgkiss Wm. Walsall street
* Howell John, Worcester street

Hulse Josiah, Hancock's yard
Nichols John, (and crate mfr.) Darlington street
Worth Thomas, 5, Walsall st.

UMBRELLA MFRS.

Groves John, 8, Salop street
Swain James, Stafford street

VARNISHER.

Lee Thomas, (iron) Salop street

VETERINARY SURGEO[illegible]

Hodgins Rd. sen. Princess [illegible]
Pritchard Richard, Church [illegible]
Wallace Wm. Cock street

VICE MAKERS.

Allen John, (hand & bench) Gt. Compton street
Asburn Edward, Salop street
Gouldie John, (& cheese press & joiners' screws) St. John's st.
Whitehouse Job, Bilston street
Wiley John, Lichfield street
Wilkinson James, Bell street

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS.

*Marked * are Jewellers and Silversmiths also.*

* Adams James, 8, Queen street
* Allen Thomas, High street
Beddows Jas. (clock hand mfr.) Canal street
Cooper James, St. John street
Davis John, High green
Dumbell Nathl. North street
* Hay Wm. Darlington street
Taylor Jph. (and vertical jack) Cock street
* Underhill Saml. High street
* Woolrich John, Dudley street

WHEELWRIGHTS.

Bidwith Thos. St. John's street
Dawes Ed. Old Steam mill road, Horseley field
Gitins John, Bell street
Hadley James, Oxford street
James Joseph, Bell street
Jones Han. and Eliz. Horseley field
Meddings Jane, Little's lane
Meddings John, Stafford street

WHITESMITHS AND BELL HANGERS.

*Marked * are mfrs. of Gates, [illegible]dles, &c.—See also Jobbing [illegible]s.*

[illegible]Stephen, Oxford street
[illegible]Wm. Bilston street
[illegible]Francis, Bell street
[illegible]nes, 33, Horseley field

WINE & SPI[illegible]ERTS.

Bedford Nathan[illegible]ld st.
Cholditch & Bar[illegible], [illegible]green
Cooke Edward, [illegible]reet
Cope George, H[illegible]en
Harley Thomas, [illegible]green
Harris John Wi[illegible], Cock st.
Thacker Robert, [illegible]een street
Williams John, [illegible]h green

WOOD SCRE[illegible]MAKERS.

Baac[illegible]le's lane mill
Baker [illegible]k kiln street
Baker [illegible]screw) Warwick[illegible]
Bassett [illegible]ford street
Brooke [illegible]ane
Campbe[illegible]sshouse mill, Willenhall [illegible]
Draper Dorothy, Bilston street
Fisher Eutychus, Oxford street
Fisher Stepn. Bloomsbury
Fisher Wm. (hand rail & fillister screws) Old factory; h. Oxford street
Fulwood Thomas, Charles street
Nicholls James, Piper's row
Nicholls Richard, Piper's row
Nicholls Samuel, Town well fold
Nickholds Thomas, Pountney st.
Parkes Barth. (nut & screw) Middle row
Parkes Thomas, (lock screw) Willenhall road
Simmons James, Worcester st.
Stokes Samuel, Union street
Stokes Wm. Bilston street
Tortoiseshell Thomas, Bath st.
Whitehouse Han. and Co. Bilston street
Whitehouse Job, Bilston street
Whitehouse Rd. St. James' sq.
Yates John, Brick kiln street

WOOLSTAPLERS.

Barrow Isaac, Bilston street
Lees Thomas, Salop street

WORSTED SPINNERS.

Alexander & Gibbons, Horseleyfd.
Lawson Aaron, Little's lane

COACHES.

All run daily except where otherwise expressed.

FROM THE GOLDEN FLEECE INN.

The *Triumph*, to London, at 3 mng. and to Shrewsbury, Chester, and Liverpool, at [illegible] p. 11 evng.

T.



The *Rocket*, to London, at ½ p. 5 afin.

The *Phœnix*, to Birmingham, at 6 evng.

The *Harkforward*, to Birmingham, at 12 noon; to the Potteries, at ½ before 6 evng, (except Sund.)

The *Sulopian*, to London, Birmingham, &c. at ½ p. 11 mng. & to Shrewsbury, by the Iron bridge at ½ p. 3 aftn.

Coaches to *Birmingham*, at 9 mng. and 3 aftn. *Saml. Mayon, and Co. Proprietors.*

FROM THE NEW HOTEL.

To LONDON, &c.—The *Wonder*, by Coventry in 13 hours, at ½ p. 7 mng. and to Shrewsbury at 7 evng. The *Royal Mail*, by Coventry, at ½ bf. 4 aftn. and to Shrewsbury and Holyhead at ½ p. 9 mng. The *Union*, by Oxford, at ½ p. 1 aftn. and to Shrewsbury, at 9 mng. The *Traveller* and *Celerity*, by Coventry, at ½ p. 4 aftn. (except Sun.)

To LIVERPOOL, STAFFORD, &c. —The *Buzz-up*, at ½ p. 11 mng. and to Cheltenham, Worcester, and Birmingham at ½ p. 3 aftn. The *Erin-go-Bragh*, at ½ bf. 10 mng. and to Birmingham at 4 mng. The *Royal Mail*, at ½ p. 9 night, and to Birmingham at 5 mng. The *Rocket*, to Stafford, &c. Sun. Mon. Wed. and Fri. at ½ p. 11 night, and to Birmingham, Mon. Tue. Thu. & Sat. at 6 evn.

To MANCHESTER, &c.—The *Royal Mail*, by Stafford, at ½ p. 6 mng. and to Birmingham, Bristol, Bath, &c. at ½ p. 5 aftn. The *Eclipse*, (exp. Sun.) at ½ p. 8 mng. and to Birmingham, at 5 aft. The *Traveller* (exp. Sun.) at 11 mng. & to Birmingham ½ p. 4 aftn.

To Worcester, Bristol, Gloucester, &c.—The *Everastag*, by Dudley, &c. ½ bf. 7 mng.

To Sheffield.—The *Royal Mail*, by Lichfield, Derby, Walsall, &c. at ½ p. 4 mng.

To Shrewsbury.—The *Prince*, by Wellington, at ½ p. 3 aftn. & *to Birmingham* at 12 noon.

To Bridgenorth.—The *Shropshire Hero, at 5 evng.*

To BIRMINGHAM.—The *Hero*, daily, at 10 mng.—(See also London, Liverpool, Manchester, & Shrewsbury.)

Richard Evans, jun. and Co. Proprietors.

FROM THE SWAN INN.

The *Emerald* to Birmingham, at ½ p. 5 aftn. and to Chester at ½ past 9 mng.

The *Rob Roy*, to London, at ½ p. 5 evg. and to Chester at ½ p. 9 mng.

The *Nimrod*, to London, at ½ p. 7 mng. to Shrewbury at 8 evng.

The *Item*, from the Iron bridge to Birmingham, at ½ p. 10 mng. returns at ½ p. 2 aftn.

FROM VARIOUS INNS.

The *Emerald*, from the Peacock Inn, to Shrewsbury, at 12 noon, and to Birmingham, at 4 aft.

The *Times*, from the Three Tuns, to Dudley and Birmingham, at half-past 7 mng. returns 7 evng.

The *Why-Not*, from the New Angel, every Wednesday, at 1 aft.

The *Royal Dart*, from the Castle Inn, to Birmingham, at 9 morning, returns half-past 7 evening.

The *Active*, from the Crown and Cushion, at 9 mg. returns 7 evng.

A Car, from the Giffard's Arms, to Bridgnorth, at 10 morning, returns 5 evening.

Dudley and Birmingham, Three Tuns, The *Times*, daily, at half-past 7 mng. returns at 7 evening.

WATER CARRIAGE.

From Elizabeth Best's Wharf, Horsley field.

Elizabeth Best's Boats to Burton-on-Trent, Derby, Nottingham, and Newark. Joseph Smith & Son's, to Gainsbro' and Hull; and Worthington and Co's., to Manchester and Liverpool, twice a week.

From Crowley, Hicklin, Bates, and Co's. Union and Commercial Wharfs, Horsley field.

Boats to London, Liverpool, Manchester, Shardlow, Gainsbro', Warwick, Derby, Stourport, Worcester, Gloucester, Bristol, Banbury, Oxford, Dud-

ley, Sheffield, Birmingham, The Potteries, &c. *daily.*

From Pickford and Co's. Wharf, Walsall street.

To London, Oxford, Warwick, Northampton, and all parts of the South, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday nights; and arrive Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday mornings. To Liverpool Manchester, & all parts of La shire, Cheshire, and the N every night. To the Pott Newcastle, Macclesfield, & l every night. To Coventry, A stone, &c. Monday, Wedne and Friday. To Gainsbro', Sheffield, Chesterfield, Burton, Nottingham, Derby, Loughbro', and Leicester, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. To Bristol, *via* Gloucester and Berkley Canal, Monday, Thursday, & Saturday. To Birmingham, Tipton, & Dudley, daily. To Kidderminster & Stourport, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday; returns Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. To Worcester, Monday, Thursday, & Sat. *Mr. Samuel Weaver, agent.*

From Shipton and Co's. Albion Wharf, Horseley field.

To London, Dudley, Birmingham, Liverpool, Manchester, the Potteries, Chester, Wrexham, Shardlow, Derby, Gainsbro', Hull, & all parts of the North, daily.

To Worcester, and from thence by Brown & Co's. Steam Boats, to the West of England and South Wales, daily.

LAND CARRIAGE.

Crowley, Hicklin, Batty & Co. from the Union Wharf, Horseley field, to Shrewsbury, &c. daily,

Pickford and Co. from their Wharf, Walsall street, to Wellington, Iron bridge, Shiffnal, Coalbrook Dale, &c. every Mon- Thursday nights, and to orth, Mon. & Wed. mngs.

Sarah Tombs and Co's. ouse, Snow hill, to Bir- m, every Mon. Wed. and d *to Shrewsbury,* Mon. Wednesday, and

Thomas Malt, eet, to Birmingham, M &c.

John Wallis, Q o Birmingham and Lo . Thu. and Sat. and to St , same days.

Mary Grosvenor, ell fold, to Birmingham, & Sat. at 10 morning.

alsall street, to B- ingham, Tue. T rday, 10 mg. Stafford st. to S. Fri. nights, at 12. Du & Stourbridge, Thu , at rning.

John Gould, ord st. to Walsall, Tue. Thu. Sat. 1 noon.

CARRIERS FROM THE INNS.

Albrighton, *Seven Stars,* John Wheeler, & postman, daily, except Sat. and Monday, at 11 mng.

Beckbury, *Tiger,* Thos. Page, Wed. arrives at 10, departs at 3.

Birmingham & Bilston, *Three Tuns,* Benjamin Willetts, Tue. and Friday afternoons.

Birmingham, *Red Cow,* Thos. Cooper, (foot,) Monday, Wednesday, & Friday, at 7 evening.

White Lion, John Walker, Tue. Thu. and Sat. 10 morning.

Coach and Horses, Geo. Rayner, daily, 9 evening.

Bloxwich, *Admiral Vernon.* Saml. Perry, Wednesday, 6 evng.

Brewood, *Boot and Star,* Abel Perry, daily.

White Lion, John Cook, Wed. and Sat. 5 evening.

Bridgnorth, Broseley & Coalbrook-dale, *White Lion,* Michael Hall, daily, 5 evening.

Chillington, &c. *Spread Eagle,* Mr. ——— Mon. Wed. & Sat. 3 afternoon.

Dudley & Stourbridge, *King's Head,* Dudley street, Thos. Wassall, Wed. and Sat. 5 evening.

Lane Head, *Admiral Vernon,* Mr. Mountford, Sat. 10 evening.

Liverpool, Newport, Drayto Chester, and North Wales, *Thr Tuns,* Willetts & Jones, Tuesd and Friday.

Newport, Market Drayton, Birmingham, *New Angel In*

John Nicholds, Mon. Wed. & Fri.
Penkridge, *Star and Garter*, Humph. Webb, Wed. & Fri. 4 aft.
Rugley, *Three Tuns*, Mr. Hollom, Wednesday.
Sedgley, *Hen and Chickens*, Daniel Smith, Wed. and Sat.
Stourbridge, *Three Tuns*, Jph. Walford, Wednesday.
Stourbridge, *Hand and Bottle*, Mr. Pitman, Wed. and Sat.
Stourbridge, *Old Mitre*, John Green, Wed. ar. 10, dep. 4, and Noah Jones' *Mail Gig*, daily at 8 morning.
Walsall, *Little Swan*, Henry Gnosall, Wed. and Sat.
Wednesbury, *Red Cow*, Henry Turner, Wednesday.
Wheaton Aston, *Tiger*, Mary Blakeman, Wednesday, 3 aft.
Willenhall, *Little Swan*, Wm. Fletcher and Ann Carroll, daily.

BILSTON.

BILSTON, celebrated for its extensive coal and iron works, is a populous *market town*, *township*, and *chapelry*, in the north division of Seisdon Hundred, and in the extensive parish of Wolverhampton, from which town it is distant only 2¼ miles E.S E., and from London 120 miles N.W. by W. It is a place of rising importance, and had the reputation of being the largest village in England, till it was converted into a market town by an Act of Parliament passed in 1824, under which a *market* is held every Monday and Saturday, in a large and convenient Market-place, which has been formed by the commissioners, who are also empowered to erect a *Town-Hall*, as soon as the profits of the market are sufficient for the purpose. Toll-free markets or *fairs* are held annually on Whit Monday, and on the Monday before the Birmingham and Walsall Michaelmas fairs. The town stands on rather elevated ground, and possesses equal advantages with Wolverhampton, by the great road from London to Holyhead, and from Birmingham to Manchester and Liverpool, running through it, and by having the benefit of the same navigable canals. (Vide p. 166.) The *township* includes the small village of Bradley, and part of those called Catchem's Corner and Ettingshall-lane, and since the year 1801 has increased its *population* from 6914 to 14,492 souls, as has been seen at page 163. It comprises 1598 *acres* of land; and its *poor rates* amounted in 1830 to 4s., in 1831 to 5s., and in 1832 to 7s. in the pound on the estimated annual rental. A large portion of it is in the manor of Stow-heath, and is described by Shaw as "one of those vills given by that Noble Lady Wulfruna to the monastery of St. Mary, of Hampton, (see p. 164,) and in that character it is wrote *Bilsretatun*." But at the time of the Conquest, the canons of Wolverhampton had not much property here, the greater part of the vill being in the King's hands. In the reign of Edward III., "the men and tenants of Billestune

were certified to be free from toll, because the vill was of the ancient demesne of the crown." The Duke of Sutherland and T. W. Giffard, Esq. are lords of *Stow-heath*, and John Wilkinson, Esq. is lord of the *manor of Bradley*, which comprises the south-eastern part of the town and chapelry; the boundary line being marked by a small brook.

The *manufactures* of Bilston consist chiefly of iron and tin plate japanned and enamelled goods, (which are wrought in great perfection,) article[illegible] and brass foundry line, locks, &c.; but the once [illegible] trade in buckle chapes is now nearly extinct. In the [illegible]ship are inexhaustible *mines of coal and ironstone*, which [illegible]e employment to an immense number of workmen, and fur[illegible] materi[illegible] the numerous smelting furnaces, founderies [illegible] mills, which are carried on to a vast ext[illegible]een asserted that "more iron is made in E[illegible] in the whole kingdom of Sweden." Many of the mines are w[illegible]t to the depth of 370 feet, and have various workable beds [illegible]al, of the aggregate thickness of more than 50 feet, but no one of them exceeding 5 ft. 3 in., except in some places, where a number of beds, differing regularly in quality and thickness, are separated by such thin partitions as to be designated as a single bed, under the name of the *main coal*, which is about 30 feet thick, including the partings, and has below it, as well as above, several valuable strata of *ironstone*. Here are also prolific *quarries* of extremely hard and valuable *stone*, lying horizontally in twelve beds, some of which are said to produce the best *grindstones* and *whetstones* in the world, whilst others are wrought into cisterns, millstones, &c., and the coarser beds are used for building purposes. Here is also found a peculiar species of *sand*, of a deep orange colour, "so very fine that it is scarcely palpable;" it is much used in the casting of metals. Here are likewise beds of *potters' clay*, which is made into various articles of coarse earthenware. The South Staffordshire *Bread Company*, established in 1832, have here a large establishment for grinding corn, and for baking bread on a patent plan, by which they extract a spirit from the dough, intended to have been manufactured into *brandy*, but it has not yet been brought into use, as the excise laws will not allow a distillery upon the spot. Bradley moor, a little to the south of Bilston, is remarkable for a very extraordinary phenomenon called a PSEUDO VOLCANO, or *wild fire*, which has continued burning for the last half century, but is now nearly extinguished, after reducing about six acres of land to a mere calx. It arises from a burning stratum of coal, about four feet thick, and eight or ten yards deep, which the air has free access, in consequence of the main co[illegible]een dug out from under it. "The calx affords a ve[illegible]t material for the repair of roads; and the workmen [illegible]y *it frequently find* large beds of *alum*, of an excellen[illegible]

quality. What is likewise curious, the surface is sometimes covered with *sulphur*, for many yards, in such quantities as to be easily gathered." At the numerous iron works around Bilston, the powers of the *steam-engine*, and other mechanical improvements, are extensively employed; and the hissing of the blast furnaces, the clanking of forge hammers, the dusty appearance of the workmen, and the various operations upon unwieldy masses of red-hot iron, combine to excite an idea of terror in those who are unaccustomed to such noisy scenes, where—

> " ——— the ponderous hammer falls,
> Loud anvils ring amid the trembling walls;
> Strokes follow strokes, the sparkling ingot shines,
> Flows the red flag, the lengthening bar refines;
> Cold waves immersed, the glowing mass congeal,
> And turn to adamant the hissing steel."

CHOLERA.—In vain did the inhabitants of Bilston, and other places in the South Staffordshire mining district, imagine in 1832, that the dense atmosphere of smoke which surrounds them, would protect them from the ravages of that baneful malady the Asiatic cholera, which in that year visited nearly every part of the kingdom, as well as many foreign countries, carrying death to thousands and sickness to millions. This modern spasmodic plague made its first appearance in England at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Sunderland, at the commencement of 1832; but it did not approach this district till the month of June following, nor did it assume here its most malignant aspect, till the beginning of August, when the work of death commenced and continued in full vigour for about a month in each parish, and in a less degree for five or six weeks afterwards. Its whole continuance in the district was about four months, and within that period, out of a population of 160,000 souls, it swept away about 2300, and afflicted with serious illness nearly 10,000. But in this catalogue of suffering, a melancholy pre-eminence must be ascribed to Bilston, in which town several whole streets were nearly depopulated; extensive manufactories were stopped by the mortality of the work people; coffins, which could not be made fast enough in the town, were imported in cart loads from Birmingham, and stood piled up in heaps in the yard of the hospital, awaiting the last breath of their future tenants; of the resident medical practitioners, two were carried off by the disease; and of their survivors, one was attacked when on duty at the hospital, fell down on the floor, there bled himself, and still yet unable to rise, had to perform the same office for an attendant, who fell prostrate by his side. From August 4th to September 29th, there were in Bilston no fewer than 3568 *cases of* cholera, and 742 *deaths*; the latter amounting to one-*twentieth part of* the whole population, and nearly 600 of them *occurred in August*. For the support of the hospitals, the burial

of the dead, and the relief of the thousands of distressed poor at this awful period, in the twelve parishes and townships in the South Staffordshire Mining District, numerous subscriptions were raised by the benevolent both here and in other parts of the kingdom, to the amount of about £15,000, (exclusive of immense sums paid out of the poor rates,) as will be seen in the following table :—

CHOLERA IN 1832.

Places.	*Pop. in* 1831.	*Ca[illegible]s.*	*Deaths.*	*First Case.*	*Last Case.*	*Public Subscrip.*
Bilston.....	14492 ..	3[illegible]8 ..	742 ..	Aug. 3 ..	Sep. 29 ..	£8536
Darlaston.....	6647 ..	2[illegible]0 ..	68 ..	Aug. 13 ..	Oct. 9 ..	£1050
Dudley.....	23043 ..	1224 ..	277 ..	June 23 ..	Nov.29 ..	£1135
Kingswinford..	15156 ..	263 ..	87 ..	June 30 ..	Oct. 31 ..	£592
Sedgley.....	20577 ..	1349 ..	290 ..	Aug. 10 ..	Sep. 24 ..	£1031
Tipton.....	14951 ..	1452 ..	404 ..	June 15 ..	Oct. 12 ..	£929
Walsall	15066 ..	346 ..	85 ..	Aug. 13 ..	Oct. 16 ..	£140
Wednesbury ..	8437 ..	285 ..	95 ..	Aug. 9 ..	Oct. 12 ..	£416
Westbromwich	15327 ..	297 ..	62 ..	July 15 ..	Oct. 15 ..	£140
Wolverhampton	24732 ..	565 ..	193 ..	Aug. 8 ..	Oct. 1 ..	£1577
Wedensfield ..	1879 ..	1 ..	0 ..	Aug. 7 ..	.... ..	....
Willenhall	5834 ..	42 ..	8 ..	Aug. 7 ..	Sep. 29 ..	£25
Total	**166271** ..	**9622** ..	**2313**	.. ..		**£15571**

The public subscriptions in Dudley, Kingswinford, Walsall, Westbromwich, Willenhall, and Wolverhampton, were raised chiefly among the inhabitants or proprietors; but in the other places, they were for the most part contributed by friends at a distance, or strangers. *At Bilston*, the number of *widows* by cholera was 131, and *orphans*, under 12 years of age, 450; but happily their distress was greatly alleviated by the liberal subscriptions of the benevolent; and a *charity school* has recently been established for the education of the destitute children, many of whom lost both their parents in this dreadful visitation, which is said to have wrought a considerable improvement, both in the moral and religious conduct of the survivors. Aided as it has been by the contributions of distant sympathizing friends, and by a recent revival of the iron trade, Bilston has again assumed its wonted aspect of cheerfulness and prosperity. On Oct. 16th, 1833, the *Rev. Wm. Leigh*, A.M. incumbent of Bilston, was presented by his brother magistrates, then assembled at Stafford, with a silver epergne, and four dishes and covers, "as a token of their admiration of his unremitted exertions in the discharge of his arduous duties, during the awfully pestilential visitation of Cholera with which his chapelry was affected in 1832."

St. Leonard's Church, the original chapel of ease for [illegible]on, was rebuilt in 1825, upon a large scale, at the cost of [illegible]5, raised by a rate levied on the inhabitants, and a parliamentary grant of *£550*. It has a tower, eight bells, and 2000 [illegible], *of which latter 721* are free. The chapelry, which



includes the whole township, is in the peculiar jurisdiction of the deanery of Wolverhampton, and is a perpetual curacy in the patronage of the inhabitants at large, and incumbency of the Rev. Wm. Leigh, A.M. who was inducted in 1813. The CURACY has been several times augmented with donations, Queen Anne's Bounty, &c., and it has lately been considerably enhanced by the sale of the coal under the chapel land, so that it now produces £588. 8s. 10d. per annum, arising from the interest of £2788, obtained by the sale of coal, and from the rents of the following estates, viz.—*St. Leonard's Hill*, given by John Perrye, in 1494; *Little Greaves*, by Susanna Humphreys, in 1639; *Priest's Fields*, by Queen Anne's Bounty, &c.; *Moyses Hall Farm*, by the Rev. John Tomkys, in 1703; *Wet Furlongs*, by Queen Anne's Bounty, and the said J. Tomkys; *Little Hill House and Thorney Birch*, by sale of pews, &c. in 1752; and the *Curate's House, Garden, &c.* bequeathed by Humphrey Perrye, in 1716, but afterwards rebuilt, partly from his munificence.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, in Oxford street, is a fine Gothic fabric, in the style which prevailed in the 16th century, and was erected in 1830, at the cost of £8,500, granted by the Commissioners under the Million Act; exclusive of the spacious burial ground, which was purchased by subscription. It has 1500 sittings, of which 850 are free. The living is a curacy in the gift of the Bishop of Lichfield, and the Rev. Horatio Saml. Fletcher is the first incumbent.

CHAPELS.—Besides the two churches, here are five other places of worship, viz. a handsome Gothic *Catholic Chapel*, in Oxford street, built by subscription, at the cost of £1800, in 1833; two *Wesleyan Methodist Chapels*, in Oxford street and Ettingshall road; an *Independent Chapel*, in Oxford street; and a *Baptist Chapel*, in Wood street. *Sunday Schools* are attached to each, and divine service is performed, every Sunday, at the old Methodist School room, in Bridge street, for the benefit of the colliers.

The TOWN SCHOOL, in St. Leonard's Church yard, was built by subscription, on land bequeathed by John Perrye, in 1699, since which it has been rebuilt upon a larger scale, but it is only endowed with £10 per annum, of which £8 arises from the bequest of Humphrey Perrye, in 1716, and £2, from the interest af £40, left by Sarah Piper, in 1737. For this endowment, ten free scholars are educated.

The CHOLERA ORPHAN SCHOOL, in Lichfield street, was built in 1833, at the cost of £400, and endowed with the interest of £2,000, for the education of the 450 orphans who were bereaved of their parents by cholera in the preceding year, when a public subscription, of £8,536, was received by Bilston, for *the relief of its* sufferers. (see p. 223.) Besides the sums appro*priated for the* foundation of this school, there still remains a

surplus of the above named subscription, amou g to £2,030. 15s. in exchequer bills, the interest of which is ployed by the committee in making "weekly allowances to th necessitous widows and orphans by cholera." The school was ned with great solemnity on Sept. 3rd, 1833, being the annivers y on which the cholera commenced its dreadful ravages in Bi on. Previous to the opening, several hundred neat and well- ecuted *medals* had been prepared by Mr. Otley, of Birmingham, to commemorate the sad event, and o pended, by a black riband, round the neck

BENEFACTIONS.—*Hu* n 1716, bequeathed a yearly rent-charge of £2 ld estate at Bilston, to be distributed annually, s s, viz.—£8, to two of his poor relations; £6, as an appr e fee with one poor boy or girl, of Bilston and Stafford alte y; £8, for clothing, teaching, and apprenticing six poor chi of Bilston; £2. 12s., to be distributed in bread, by 1s. week; 10s., for a sermon, on the Sunday after Midsumme y; and 18s. for the accountant. The trustees have now in hand £161, arising from several years' arrears of this rent charge; besides £121. 4s. 3d. three per cent. stock, purchased with unappropriated apprentice fees, **which have accumulated, owing to the donor's will requiring the apprentices to be put out to masters residing at least eight miles from Stafford or Bilston.**

The DOLES belonging to Bilston chapelry, for a yearly distribution in bread or money among the poor, amount to about £14 per annum, derived from the bequests of Edward Dudley, Humphrey Perrye, Robert Rawley, Matthew Birch, Ambrose Tibbatt, Richard Devy, and others.

A PETTY SESSION is held at the King's Arms Inn, every Tuesday; and the magistrates generally in attendance are, the Rev. John Clare and the Rev. Wm. Leigh. Mr. Joseph Price is their clerk. The COURT OF REQUEST, held on the first Monday in every month, is already noticed at page 189. Here is a subscription *News Room*, but no other literary institutions.

Two remarkable persons were formerly resident at Bilston, viz. *Wm. Parsons*, the gigantic porter of King James I., and *Wm. Perry*, "the *Boy of Bilson*," who, about the year 1620, practised various grimaces and contortions, vomiting rags, pins, &c. till Dr. Morton, the bishop of the diocese, fully detected the cheat, which is said to have been encouraged by "certaine Romish priests," who, under the delusion of demonology, profited by the credulity of the people.

Wm. Rowley, Esq. a gentleman now residing in Bilston, but d from a family of some antiquity in Shropshire, has ished himself as a painter, and by his assiduous labours, ouring to bring back the art of colouring to the dura- rilliant excellence of the old masters, on which subject, he has *prepared* a treatise, intended for publication.

Amongst his larger historical paintings are, "The Judgment of Solomon," containing 21 figures; and "Paradise Regained," illustrative of the last words of our Saviour, "It is finished," and displaying upwards of ninety figures, as large as life, including all those usually introduced in pictures of the crucifixion, and some others, intended as allegorical representations of the evidence and tenets of Christianity.

BRADLEY is a small village and manor in the township of Bilston, and 1 mile S. E. of that town, remarkable for its extensive *coal and iron works*, and for the *pseudo volcano*, already noticed at page 221. John Wilkinson, Esq. is lord of the manor, which is tithe free, and was anciently the property of the *Hoo family*, whose old hall here has long been used as a farm house. In opening a colliery here, about 1813, the roof of the mine fell in, and incarcerated a number of men and boys, all of whom, except one man, were extricated from their perilous situation, and providentially recovered, though they had been without food for several days.

CATCHEM'S CORNER and ETTINGSHALL LANE, are two hamlets, partly in Bilston township and chapelry, (see page 190.)

BILSTON DIRECTORY.

POST-OFFICE, Top of Oxford street; Mr. John Ingle, *Post Master*. The London bags arrive at 9 mg. and depart at 4 aftn.; the Manchester at 6 evening, and depart at 6 mng.; the Liverpool at 5 mng. and dep. 9 evng. A Postman to Walsall, Wednesbury, and Westbromwich, every morning, and returns in the evening.

Baker John, bookkeeper, Catchem's corner
Baker Maria, furniture broker Church street
Banks Eleanor, gentlewoman, Shropshire row
Banks Joseph, agent, Moxley
Beckett Isaac, gent. Duck lane
Bennett Joseph, chairmaker and turner, Crown street
Best Edw. surgeon; h. Mount plt.
Best Mrs. Sarah, Lichfield st.
Bickley John, surveyor of taxes for Staffordshire, Bride's row
Bickley John L. gentleman, Ettingshall cottage
Bickley William Smith, farmer, Meynell house
Bill Michael, bookkeeper, New *Market street*
Bird Isaac, farmer, Salmon house
Bowen Mr. John, Hall street
Bowen John, attorney's clerk, Church street
Broad James, agent, Union st.
Brooke Thos. gent. Bride's row
Brown Miss Mary, Mount plsnt.
Bust Jas. bookpr. New Mkt. st.
Cardall Mr. John, Church street
Cheshire Wm. cowkpr. Oxford st.
Colbourn Rd. draper, Church st.
Cooper Mr. Richard, High street
Corbett Richd. building surveyor, commr. for taking special bail, auctioneer, and appraiser, Oxford street
Dabbs Saml. miner, Whpton. st.
Day James, pocket steel yard maker, Walsall street
Dean Wm. steel worker, Church st.
Dowler Mr. John, Oxford street
Downing Saml. poultr. Church st.

Eaton Capt. Jas. R.N. Stafford st.
Edge John, awl blade, steel tack, &c. manufacturer, Hall street
Eyre Mr. Wm. Oxford street
Fisher James, iron master; h. Oxford street
Fisher Jno. watchmkr. Oxford st.
Fletcher Rev. Horatio Samuel, curate of St. Mary's, Oxford st.
Foster John, Esq. banker; h. Lichfield street
Furbey Wm. vice mkr. Bridge st.
Goodreid Wm. bookpr. Mount plt.
Gwinett Rd. bookpr. Bilston cross
Hall Rev. Thos. Meth. min. Bow st.
Hanson James, bookpr. High st.
Hartshorn Mrs. Ann, High street
Hartshorn Mrs. Mary, High st.
Hickman Richd. mason, Union st.
Hickman John, iron gate, hurdle, and bedstead mfr. Oxford st.
Hickman Mrs. Sarah, Mount plt.
Hodgson Mrs. Caroline, High st.
Holcroft Thos. agent, New mill
Holmes Thos. corn dlr. Church st.
Holmes Jas. governor, Workhouse
Holloway John, boat builder, Old Meeting street
Homer Mr. Benj. Temple street
Howell Wm. thumb latch maker, Oxford street
Hughes Hugh, excise, Oxford st.
Hunt Wm. iron mfr.; h. Oxford st.
Johnson Saml. manager, Moxley
Knight John, agent, New mill
Lander Mr. Thos. Shropshire row
Lloyd Thos. rag dealer, High st.
Leigh Rev. Wm. M. A. curate, Lichfield street
Lowe Mr. Samuel, Oxford street
Marson Philip, bookkeeper, New Friezeland
Miner Wm. agent, Union street
Moore Joseph, iron roller, Wolverhampton street
Nagington Thos. provision dealer, Middlefield lane
Perry Thomas, gun lock maker, Catchem's corner
Pool Mr. Henry, Piper's meadow
Pool Rev. John (Bapt.) High st.
Pool Thos. fire iron mkr. Gibbet ln.
Pretty Mr. John R. Church st.
Prew Jas. excise offr. Oxford st.
Price Joseph, magistrates' clerk & road surveyor, Oxford st.
Proud Miss Jane, Lichfield st.
Salter Wm. chapelclerk, Mountplt.
Silvester Mrs. Cathn. Oxford st.
Smith Richard, fishmonger and fruiterer, Oxford street
Stokes Ths. basket mkr. Oxford st.
Stuart Wm. toy and smallware dealer, Oxford street
Taylor John, pipe mkr. Bridge st.
Thompson Isaac, japanner; h. Oxford street
Thompson Richd. sub distributor of stamps, Stafford street
Thompson Titus, japanner; h. Bride's row
Tomkys Mrs. Ann, Church st.
Tomkys Jph. bookpr. Oxford st.
Walker Mrs. Ann, Whampton. st.
Walters Mr. James, Oxford st.
Walters Benjamin, green grocer, Church street
Walton Jno. confectioner, Church street
Waterhouse Mrs. Ann, Oxford st.
Winkley Wm. travelr. Oxford st.
Winn Mrs. Mary, Oxford street
Woolley John, constab. High st.
Yarsley Thomas, ground bailiff, Ettingshall road

ACADEMIES.

Best Jas. (commercial) Bridge street; h. Temple street
Glanville Benj. Ettingshall road
Ham John & Ann, Mount pleasant
Orphan (*Cholera*), Lichfield st.; John Smith and Jane Cooper
Pool Sophia, Piper's meadow
Price Charlotte & Ann, Oxford st.
Salter Wm. Mount pleasant
Smith Wm. Temple street
Woolley Ann, Whampton. st.

AGENTS.

Baylis Wm. Harthill, (colliery, Oxford street
Dunning John, to J. Wilkinson, Esq. Manor house, *Bradley*
Fox John (Bread Co.) High st.
Yates Fras. (colliery) Oxford st.

ATTORNEYS.

Garwood John, High street
Mason John, Hall street
Stuart Francis, Oxford street
Townsend Geo. Oxford street
Willin and Son, Church street

BAKERS, FLOUR, &c. DLRS.

Bassford Isaac, Oxford street
Brighton Wm. Church street
Evans James, High street



Howell Jph. Mount pleasant
Kendrick David, Oxford street
Lewis Samuel, Church street
Marsh Richard, Oxford street
Mills Eliz. High street
South Staffordshire Bread Co. (patent) Bilston mill; Thomas Holmes, manager
Thompson Humpy. Temple st.

BANK.

Jones, Son, & Foster, Lichfield st.; (draw on Spooner & Co. London)

BLACKSMITHS.

Bayliss Wm. & John, Ettingshall road
Blakeman Josiah, Ettingshall rd.
Brown John, Shropshire row
Briscoe John, Middle field lane
Crumpton Thomas, High street
Davies George, Union street
Griffiths Samuel, Union street
Hartley John, Whampton. street
Heatley John, Green croft
Hickman John, (iron gate, &c. mfr.) Oxford street
Nash James, Oxford street
Phillips Rd. Church street
Thurstans Wm. Temple street

BOAT BUILDERS.

Holloway Saml. Church street
Holloway Wm. Hickman, Millfield

BOOKSELLERS, PRINTERS, BINDERS, &c.

Bassford Timothy, Church street
Hackett Wm. Church street
Nokes Francis, Church street

BOOT & SHOE MAKERS.

Baker John, High street
Bates John, (whs.) Oxford st.
Beavon Robert, Coseley street
Cartwright Isaiah, Green croft
Cound John, New Market street
Crumpton John, Oxford street
Davies Samuel, Whampton. st.
Dipple Richard, Oxford street
Fellows Frederick, High street
Hamlit Richard, Church street
Hardey Wm. Catchem's corner
Hawkswood Thomas, Oxford st.
Heseltine Jeffrey, Duck lane
Javons Wm. Wood street
Jones Thomas, Oxford street
Lancaster Diana, Oxford street
Leech Samuel, Temple street
M'Hugh Wm. Lichfield street
Morrell Jabez, Church street
Price Benjamin, Church street
Price Sarah, (& leather seller) Oxford street
Pritchard John, Temple street
Ryley Isaac, Old Meeting street
Stratton Saml. Middle field ln.
Taylor Jph. Catchem's corner
Terry Robert, Crown street
Thomas Thomas, Bow street
Twigg Benjamin, Church street
Worton James, Temple street
Wright Daniel, Oxford street
York John, Ettingshall road

BOX (TOBACCO) MAKERS.

Cox John, (brass) Temple st.
Walters Benj. (japan) Temple st.

BRASS FOUNDERS.

Baldwin Wm. & Co. Glasshouse bridge
Bowen Wm. (& bell) Hall street
Caddick James, Bridge street
Constable Jesse, Lichfield street
Cooper James, Bridge street
Hickman John, Whampton. st.
Howell Joseph, Oxford street
Spencer Joseph, Church street
Thompson Cornls. Temple st.

BRICKLAYERS & BLDRS.

Keay James, Union street
Lloyd John, Church street
Maullin James, Brook street
Maullin John, Oxford street
Maullin Wm. Oxford street
Shayshutt Rd. Church street
Wilkes Jph. Old Meeting street

BRICK MAKERS.

Baggott Moses, Oxford street
Hall Richard, Bradley
Martin Aaron, Oxford street

BUTCHERS.

Banks Thomas, Shropshire row
Collins Thomas, Union street
Cox Joseph, (pork,) High street
Crutchley Thomas, Church st.
Evans Thomas, Church street
Green Mary, Church street
Hagington Jno. (pork,) Oxford st.
Hanson Alexander, Church st.
Hayward John, Whampton st.
Hazledine Wm. Shropshire row
Hickman Frederick, Temple st.
Hollingsworth Wm. (pork,) Ox. st.
Holloway Jno. (pork) Church st.
Hutton John, High street
Massey Thomas, Oxford street
Morris John, Church street

Morris Samuel, Oxford street
Onions Geo. (pork) Whampton. st.
Page John, High street
Pearson Richard, Oxford street
Smith Mich. (& pork,) Church st.
Tagg Edward, Church street
Windsor Wm. (pork,) Church st.
Wood John, High street
Wright Noah, Oxford street

CABINET MAKERS.

See Joiners.

CHAPE (BUCKLE) MAKERS.

Lowley Wm. Church street
Linton Joseph, High street

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.

Bew Robert, Church street
Johnson Thos. Luckman, Ch. st.
Parrott Alexander, Oxford street
Pretty Thomas, Church street
White Thomas, Church street

COAL MASTERS.

See Iron Masters.

CONFECTIONERS.

Etherington Rd. Church street
Minchew Thos. (& British wine dealer,) Church street

COOPERS.

Bullock John, Wynn's fold
Clark Wm. Bradley
Hilton John, Church street
Jackson Thomas, Church street
Orton Mary, Church street
Pickering George, High street
Skidmore Benj. Oxford street

CORN DEALERS.

Kendrick David, Oxford street
Marsh Richard, Oxford street
Pidgeon James, Priest field

CORN MILLERS.

Howell Jph. Mount pleasant
Bread Company, Bilston mill

CURRIERS AND LEATHER CUTTERS.

Collins Joseph, Church street
Lloyd George, Hall street
Scarlet George, Oxford street

EARTHENWARE DEALERS.

Aston Peter, Church street
Green Robert, Church street
Thompson Eliz. (glass,) Church st
Walton Wm. Church street

EARTHENWARE MANFRS.

Myatt Benj. (yellow,) Bradley
Myatt George, (blue and white,) Shropshire row
Wilde Jno. & Son, (coarse black,) Bradley

ENGINE BUILDERS, &c.

Baldwin Wm. & Co. (& tin plate manufacturers,) Glasshouse bdg.
Blaze Rt. (boilers & gasometers,) Wolverhampton street
Holmes Thos. (& mill pillars, & boulster pins & boxes,) Temple street
Griffiths Samuel, Union street
Morton Matthew, (fitter up,) Shropshire row

FIRE & LIFE INS. OFFICES.

Atlas, Wm. Dean, Church street
Birmingham, William Hackett, Church street
Manchester, Fras. Nokes, Ch. st.
Protector, John Senior, Bank house, High street
Royal Exchange, John Mason, Hall street

GROCERS AND PROVISION DEALERS.

Marked are Tallow Chandlers also.*

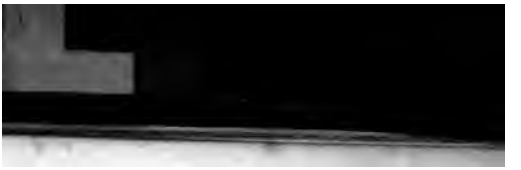
Atherton Paul, New Market st.
Banks Thomas, Shropshire row
Bowen Thomas, Hall street
* Brown Benj. & Jas. Church st. and High street
Grove George, Church street
Higgins Isaac, Church street
Jacks William, High street
Johnson Thos. Luckman, Ch. st.
Jones Warren, Oxford street
Kendrick David, Oxford street
Lees John & Son, Church street and High street
Lewis Samuel, Church street
Marsh Richard, Oxford street
Parrott Alexander, Oxford st.
Partridge Philip, Bradley
Pidgeon James, Priest field
Pretty Thomas, Church street
* Smith Wm. Bradley cottage
Taylor Montague, Church st.
* White & Pratt, Church street
Wills John, Oxford street

HAIR DRESSERS.

Munday Wm. Crown street
Thompson Elizabeth, Church st.
Tyler James, Church street
Williams John, Church street
Woolley Edw. Oxford street
Woolley John, High street

HAT MANUFACTURERS.

Akers James, Church street
Oldacre Samuel, Church street
Potter John (dealer,) Oxford st.



Powis James, High street
Sutton Wm. (wholesale & retail, and furrier,) Church street

HOSIERS.

Hackett Wm. Church street
Sutton Wm. Church street

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Acorn, Geo. Edwards, Pinfold st.
Angel, Thos. Bowen, Hall street
Balloon, Benj. Willatts, High st.
Barley Mow, Thomas Royster, Ettingshall lane
Big Coal, Jno. Lawley, Pinfold st.
Black Horse, Ezekiel Morris, High street
Blue Boar, Jas. Hateley Francis, Oxford street
Brown Lion, Geo. Perry, Oxford st.
Bull's Head, John Fullard Smith, Church street
Bull's Head, Thomas Underhill, Catchem's corner
Bull's Head, Phineas Bullock, High street
Bush, John Hopkins, High st.
Bush, John Martin, Bradley
Castle, Samuel Spencer (& horse furnisher,) Church street
Cock, Maria Tomkys, Lichfield st.
Cock, John Hughes, Cold lane
Crown, John Maybury, Crown st.
Crown & Anchor, Mary Turner, Coseley street
Duke of York, George Evans, Ettingshall lane end
Fox Inn, Thos. Hodgins, Church st.
Gate, Wm. Hunt, Priest field
Globe Tavern, Richard Morgan, Hall street
Golden Cup, Ann Tomkinson, High street
Golden Lion, Wm. Howes, Church street
Green Dragon, John Hughes, High street
Greyhound, Rt. Reeve, High st.
Hand & Bottle, Joseph Johnson, Wolverhampton street
Hope and Anchor, Thos. Walton, Duck lane
Hop Pole, Rd. Chambers, Hall st.
Horse & Jockey, Saml. Holloway, Church street
Kings' Arms Inn, (commercial *house and* excise office,) John *Tomkys, Lichfield* street
King's Head, Joseph Shale, Middlefield lane
Lamb and Flag, Wm. Banks, Shropshire row
Leopard, Jno. Fellows, Church st.
Malt Shovel, (Old,) Benjamin Goodreid, Church street
Malt Shovel, Wm. Brown, Oxford street
Marquis Wellington, Richard Evans, Catchem's corner
Nag's Head, John Hickman, Wolverhampton street
Noah's Ark, Sophia Morris, Wolverhampton street
Old Barley Mow, Richard Lee, Union street
Old Bell, Thomas Purslow, Wolverhampton street
Old Bird-in-Hand, Ann Grayer, High street
Old Bush, Thos. Hickman, Wolverhampton street
Old Bush, Wm. Fellows, Gibbet lane
Old Crown, Thomas Fowler, Bridge street
Point of War, John Freeth, High street
Recruiting Sergeant, Jph. Harthill, High street
Red Cow, Jas. Caddick, Bridge st.
Roe Buck, Jph. Carter, Bridge st.
Rose & Crown, Joshua Granger, Middlefield lane
Rose Inn, Jph. Best, Church st.
Royal Oak, Wm. Russell, Shropshire row
Sampson and Lion, Joseph Hateley, Green croft
Seven Stars, Charles Gallimore, High street
Shakspeare, George Jellicoe, New Market street
Ship & Rainbow, Emanuel Jennings, Oxford street
Sir John Moore, John Preston, High street
Spread Eagle, William Taylor, Lichfield street
Swan Inn, John Lloyd, Church st.
Turk's Head, Jph. Price, High st.
Union Mill, Edward Chas. Baker, Catchem's corner
Vine, Timothy Brookes, Market st.
Waggon and Horses, Isaac Pitt, Oxford street

Waterloo House, Joseph Maybury, Oxford street
Wheat Sheaf, Aaron Martin, Oxford street
White Horse, Thomas Cardall, High street
White Lion, Frances Sellman, Mill field

BEER HOUSES (53!!!)

Adams Joseph, Temple street
Adderley George, Union street
Akers James, Church street
Alldritt Spencer, Brook street
Beavon Mary, Green croft
Berry Alexander, Bridge street
Brereton Abm. Shropshire row
Brighton Wm. Church street
Bullock John, Wynn's fold
Chetter Thos. Shropshire row
Clapperton James, Oxford st.
Crumpton Thomas, High street
Dimmack Thomas, Oxford st.
Edwards Wm. Temple street
Fantom John, New Market st.
Fellows Joseph, High street
FieldhouseThos.Catchem's cornr.
Fletcher Wm. Shropshire row
Griffiths Saml. Mill field
Guest Joseph, Shropshire row
Hale Benjamin, Coseley street
Hand John, Shropshire row
Hand Edward, Bradley
Harrison John, Coseley street
Hartshorn Thos. Ettingshall rd.
Hatton Thos. Coseley street
Hickman John, Oxford street
Jackson Thomas, Church street
James Wm. Shropshire row
Jenks Eliz. near Union street
Jones Thomas, Union street
Leadbetter John, Coseley street
Lester Job H. Leicester street
Lewis John, Temple street
Longmore Josiah, Shropshire row
Mann Samuel, Ettingshall road
Marson Ann, Ettingshall road
Maybury John, Catchem's corner
North John, Union street
North John, Oxford street
Partridge Philip, Bradley
Pool Thomas, Gibbet lane
Pyatt Wm. Church street
Rowley James, Mount pleasant
Shale Joseph, Duck lane
Shale Josiah, Coseley street
Shale Wm. Wolverhampton st.
Simms Wm. Hall street
Smith Benjamin, Park field
Sneyd Seth, Oxford street
Swatman Wm. Ettingshall road
Whaele Benjamin, Stafford st.
Winsper Joseph, Temple street

IRON BASKET, &c. MKRS.

Doughty Benj. Wolverhampton st.
Doughty Benj. Coseley street
Mills Wm. Duck lane

IRON FOUNDERS.

Baldwin Wm. & Co. Glass house bridge.
Constable Jesse, Lichfield street
Gettings, Humphries, & Edwards, Temple street
Hawkesford John, Lichfield st.
Hickman John, Whampton. st.
Howell Joseph, Oxford street
Morgan and Son, Hall street
Spencer Joseph, Church street
Thompson Cornelius, Temple st.
Wilkinson John, Bradley

IRON AND COAL MASTERS.

*Marked * are mfrs. of bar, rod, and sheet iron also. The others are pig iron mfrs. only; and † are coal masters only.*

* Addenbrook Edward, John, & Henry, Moor croft
* Cappon Field Iron Co. Cappon field
* Bishtons & Underhill, Mill fd.
† Fereday John Turton, Hincks and Rough hill collieries
† Loxdale Joseph, Priest field
Price Thos. & Hy. Bilston brook
Maybury Joseph, sheet, &c. Oxford street
Riley Wm. (iron stone dealer,) Ettingshall
† Smith Wm. Bradley cottage
* Sparrow Wm. & John S. & Co. New mill
† Stevenson Jas. Moxley colliery
* Turley James (& boiler plates) Bradley
Walker Ann (assignees of) Mill fd.
Ward Wm. Priest field
Wilkinson John, Bradley
† Williams Philip, New Friesland
* Woolley Edw. & Son, Stone fd.

IRON MERCHANTS.

Bates John, (and steel and tin,) Brook street
Dimmack Edw. Bagnall, (& tin,) Oxford street

IRONMONGERS.
Cooper George, Church street
Etheridge John, Church street
Pretty Thomas, Church street
IRON & TIN PLATE WRKRS.
*Marked * are Tin Plate Workers only.—See Japanners also.*
* Bayliss Jonah, Whampton st.
* Bevans James, Oxford street
* Brooks Charles, Duck lane
Caddick Hannah, Green croft
Fellows Wm. Oxford street
Granger Joshua, Middlefield ln.
Hughes John, High street
* Knowles Thomas, Cold lane
* Moseley Wm. Brook street
* Rowley John, Church street
Shale Joseph, Green croft
Whitehead John Pooltan, Bow st.
* Wood Edw. Church street
* Wood Hope, Hall street
JAPANNERS, AND TIN AND IRON PLATE WORKERS.
Barber Gerard, New Market st.
Beckett Isaac & Jph. Duck lane
Bissell and Son, Oxford street
Caddick Isaac, Pinfold street
Caddick James, Green croft
Chandless John, Mount pleasant
Cooper Thomas, Oxford street
Dean John & Son, Temple st.
Lowe George, Green croft
Milward Wm. Oxford street
Rowley James, Mount pleasant
Smith Daniel, Leicester street
Smith John Fullerd, Church st.
Thompson & Son, Oxford street
JOINERS AND BUILDERS.
*Marked * are Cabinet mkrs. also.*
Abbott James, Catchem's corner
Gettings John, Lichfield street
* Gettings Wm. Oxford street
* Harding George, Oxford street
Hickman Richard, Oxford street
Jones Warren, Oxford street
* Leech James, Oxford street
Meredith Wm. Stafford street
Owen John, Coseley street
Pyatt Wm. Church street
Ryley Thos. Old Meeting street
Sansom Henry, Green croft
* Shale Wm. Middlefield lane
Wootton Thos. Catchem's corner
* Wright John, (and furniture warehouse,) High street
LAND SURVEYORS.
Baker Thomas, Oxford street
Salter Wm. Mount pleasant
LIBRARIES(CIRCULATING)
Bassford Timothy, Church street
Nokes Francis, Church street
LINEN & WLN. DRAPERS.
Cotterell Peter, Church street
Eagleton Eliza, Church street
Harper James, High street
Hopkins George, Church street
Perry John, Church street
Price James, Oxford street
LOCK MANUFACTURERS.
Badger James, (& key,) High st.
Baker Edward Charles, (plate,) Catchem's corner
Beavon Mary (bag,) Green croft
Beckett Susanna, Bridge street
Berry Alex. (bag,) Bridge street
Brueton Thos. (bag,) Mount plt.
Crip Thos. (bag,) Green croft
Davis Wm. (caddy,) Church st.
MALTSTERS.
Beebee Thomas, High street
Brown Wm. Oxford street
Gallimore Charles, Oxford st.
Hill Adam, High street
Marsh Richard, Oxford street
Rowley Wm. Church street
Smith Wm. Bradley cottage
Whaele Benjamin, Stafford st.
MILLINERS & DRESS MKRS.
Baker Mary, High street
Beebee Mary, High street
Cardall Jane & Eliz. Church st.
Foster Sophia, Oxford street
Lowe Jane, Old Meeting street
Manning Emma, Lichfield street
Onions Ann, Oxford street
MILLWRIGHTS.
Downing Samuel, Church street
Humphries Edward (and pattern maker,) Green croft
NAIL MANUFACTURERS.
Hawkesford John (patent,) Lichfield street
Maybury Joseph (cut) Oxford st.
PAWNBROKERS.
Atherton Ann, Pinfold street
Atherton Paul, New Market st.
Dean John, Temple street
PLUMBERS, GLAZIERS, AND PAINTERS.
Foley Samuel, Coseley street
Hickman Chas. Mount pleasant
Howes, Wm. Walsall street
Lewis John, Oxford street

Lockley John, (& glass stainer) Brook street
Lowe Wm. Stafford street
North John, Union street
Thurstans John, Oxford street

ROPE & TWINE MAKERS.
(Round & Flat Ropes, &c.)

Alldritt & Page, Brook street
Hawley James, (& hemp, tar, &c. dlr.) Barber's field

SADDLERS.

Holland Charles, High street
Whittle Eutychus, High street

SHOPKEEPERS.

Bate Joseph, High street
Best Joseph, Church street
Benton William, Hall street
Brierly Mary, Church street
Bywater Thomas, Coseley street
Cross Mary, Whampton. street.
Dimmack Thomas, Oxford street
Dolphin James, High street
Edge John, Hall street
Fletcher Rebecca, Temple street
Few George, Ettingshall
Frost Mattw. Catchem's corner
Haywood Wm. Shropshire row
Holdforth Thos. Oxford street
Holloway Edw. Whampton. st.
Keay James, Union street
Leadbetter Sarah, Temple street
Lester Job Hickman, Lester. st.
Maddox John, Temple street
Maullin John, Oxford street
Maullin Wm. Oxford street
Millington Geo. Shropshire row
Onions Thomas, High street
Pool John, Lichfield street
Saul Wm. Ettingshall road
Shayshutt Richard, Church st.
Swatman Wm. Ettingshall road
Thomas Thomas, Church street
Walters Eliz. Oxford street

SPOON MAKER.

Maybury Joseph, Oxford street

STONE MASONS.

*Marked * are mfrs. of Grindstones, Millstones, &c.*

Aston Wm. Union street
* Legg John, Union street; h. Coseley street
* Hickman Job, (& quarry owner,) Union street; h. Whampton. st.
Mirick Joseph, Oxford street
Weale Wm. Oxford street

STRAW HAT MAKERS.

Atherton Elis. Temple street
Cardall J. & E. Church street
Manning Lucy, Lichfield street
Minchew Hanh. Church street
Onions Ann, Oxford street

SURGEONS.

Best Norris & Edw, Lichfield st.
Cooper Richard, High street
Dickinson John, Shropshire row
Dickinson Thos. Wright, Church street
Hodgkins Charles, High street
Thornhill Charles, Oxford street
Turton Randle, Lichfield street

TAILORS.

*Marked * are Drapers, and † Clothes dealers also.*

Aston Peter, Church street
Baker Humphage, Oxford street
Cooksey Thomas, Church street
Crumpton James, Church street
Harding John, Brook street
* Harper James, High street
* Irons Thomas, Oxford street
† Jones Thomas, Church street
Leedham John, Whampton. st.
Maddox Edward, High street
† Maybury Edward, High street
* Millington George, Church st.
Plant John, Middle field lane
* Silvey Richard, Church street
* Smith John, Oxford street
Smith Richard, Church street
* Waldron Chas. New Market st.
* Waldron John B. Church st.
Wheeler John, Temple street

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

Corbett Richard, Oxford street
Meredith Wm. Stafford street
Riley Wm. Ettingshall
Sellman Saml. Mill field; h. Oxford street
Shale Wm. Middle field lane

VARNISH MAKERS.

Caddick Isaac Pinfold street
Hartill West, Bridge street
Waldron John, Stafford street

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS.

Fisher Ebnz. Church street
Richards John, High street
Smith Thomas, Oxford street

WHEELWRIGHTS.

Amiss William, Temple street
Evans John, Union street
Sneyd Rd. New Market street
Snead Seth, Oxford street
Stone John, Union street
Taft Solomon, Shropshire row

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHTS.
Bath Wm. Church street
Brown William, Oxford street
Oerton William, Church street
Taylor Montague, Church street

WIRE DRAWERS.
Woolley Edw. & Son, Stonefield

WOOD SCREW MAKERS.
Baker Richard, Catchem's corner
Hawkesford John, Lichfield st.
Woolley Edw. & Son, Stonefield

COACHES

From the King's Arms and Rose Inns daily, to all parts of the kingdom.—For the names &c. see the Wolverhampton List at page 218; the difference in time is about a quarter of an hour.

A Coach to Birmingham from the Rose Inn, at 9 morn. & 3 aft.

CARRIERS

To Birmingham, &c.—Benj. Willetts & Eliz. Cotterell, from High street, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. The former goes to *Wolverhampton* on Tuesday and Friday; the latter on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, and Wm. Hawkeswood of Mount Pleasant, every Wednesday and Saturday morning.

BENTLEY, 4¼ miles E. of Wolverhampton, in the South Division of Offlow Hundred, is a township comprising about 1350 acres of land, and upwards of 120 inhabitants, the population being somewhat encreased in 1832 by the coal and iron works commenced here in that year, by the Earl of Lichfield, who is lord of the manor, and owner of 1285 acres of the soil. The inhabitants have seats in Willenhall chapel. BENTLEY HALL, the ancient manor house of the Lanes, is memorable as the residence of Colonel Lane, who, with his sister Jane, concealed Charles II. after his defeat at the battle of Worcester, and assisted him in effecting his escape out of the kingdom. (Vide *Civil Wars* at a preceding page.) This hall is a neat building, seated on a pleasant eminence, and now occupied by Edward Anson, Esq. The other principal inhabitants are Samuel George, agent to the *coal and iron works;* Henry Eld, *corn miller;* and the following FARMERS, Ann Davis, Geo. Edwards, John Smith Foster, Simeon Foster, Walter Horton, Charles Kendrick, Ann Parkes, and Thomas Sansom.

FEATHERSTONE is a small detached township in the East Division of Cuttleston Hundred, 5 miles N. by E. of Wolverhampton, and gives name to a *prebend* in the collegiate church of that town,—(see p. 178.)—The Duke of Cleveland is lessee lord of the manor, which comprises 34 inhabitants and 500 acres of undivided copyhold land, held by Messrs. Soper, Holyoake, and Price; and a small freehold belonging to Mr. Tunycliff. This place was formerly the residence of *Huntbach*, the antiquary. The only *charity* belonging to it is 30*s.* per annum, paid out of Low Hill Close and Old Fallings Field, near Bushbury, as the interest of £30 left by Thomas Fowke and John Eggington, Esqrs., in 1703. The principal *inhabitants* are William Price and William Parker, *gentlemen*: and *Joshua Price* and Edward Tunycliff, *farmers*.

HATHERTON, another small village and detached township, in the East Division of Cuttleston Hundred, is distant no less than 9 miles N. from the parish church of Wolverhampton, and forms part of the demesne manor of that town, held on lease by the Duke of Cleveland; but the land belongs chiefly to the Right Hon. Edward John Littleton, Esq., the present secretary for Ireland, whose father, the late Moreton Walhouse, Esq., rebuilt the *hall*, in 1817, in the Gothic style, and of excellent stone. This elegant seat is now occupied by Mrs. Walhouse, the secretary's mother. The township comprises 320 inhabitants, several fertile and well wooded farms, part of Calf-heath common, and the hamlet of FOUR CROSSES, where there is a good Inn, on the Roman Watling-street, within 2 miles S. W. of Cannock, and 8 miles N. by E. of Wolverhampton. In the following list, those *marked * reside at Four Crosses, and the rest at Hatherton.*

* Henshaw Richard, overseer
* Hill Hanh. vict. Green Dragon
* Horton Dani. Jas. wheelwright
Lindup Mary, farmer
* Lovatt Geo. vict. and posting house, *Four Crosses Inn*
Pratt John, corn miller, Saredon mill
Russell John, shoemaker
Walhouse Anne, gentwn. Hatherton hall
Ward William, farmer
Whitley Rt. beer hs. & shopkpr.
* Whitehouse Edw. blacksmith

Coach.—The Albion from Birmingham to Chester, by the *Four Crosses*, at 10 mng. ret. at 5 evng. daily, except Sun.

HILTON, a township and prebend in the East Division of Cuttleston Hundred, 5 miles N.N.E. of Wolverhampton, is a tithe-free estate, consisting of three farms, and HILTON PARK, the beautiful seat of Henry Charles Edward Vernon Graham, Esq. The hall is a large structure of brick and stone, erected in the year 1700. It is surrounded by a moat, which is crossed by a handsome stone bridge. The park abounds with all the varieties of sylvan and picturesque beauty displayed by groves, clumps, and plantations, all of which are in a thriving state, and were mostly planted by the late Mr. Vernon. A *curious service* was formerly enjoined to be performed by the lord of the neighbouring manor of Essington to the lord of Hilton; the former being bound by the tenure of his land to bring a goose to the hall here, every New year's day, and drive it at least three times round the kitchen, while *Jack of Hilton* * was blowing the fire. This done, the lord of Essington carried the goose to the table, and received a dish from the lord of Hilton for his own mess. This service was actually performed for upwards of 140 years, but nothing has been heard of it since, the Ver-

* "This JACK OF HILTON is a little hollow image of brass, which leans upon its left knee, and has its right hand placed on its breast. In its mouth is a little hole just sufficient to admit the head of a large pin; and water is poured into it by a hole in its back, which is afterwards stopped up. This image being set on a strong fire, the air evaporates through a tube at the mouth with a continued blast, which blows the fire very strongly."—*Beauties of England and Wales.*

nons having been for a long period lords of both manors. The *farmers* of Hilton are, Thomas Bradburn, John Nash, and George Kitson.

KINVASTON township and prebend, is another small detached member of Wolverhampton parish, within the East Division of Cuttleston Hundred, 8¼ miles N. of Wolverhampton, and 2½ miles S. of Penkridge. It consists of a single *farm*, occupied by Mr. Charles Wotton.

PELSALL or PELSHALL is a township, chapelry, and scattered village, in the South Division of Offlow Hundred, 7 miles N.E. of Wolverhampton, and the same distance S.W. of Lichfield. It has 721 inhabitants, and 2000 acres of land, belonging chiefly to Phineas Fowke Hussey, Esq.; but the Duke of Cleveland is lessee lord of the manor, under the Dean of Wolverhampton, who claims the minerals. At *Pelsall Wood*, (an extensive common, crossed by the Wyrley and Essington canal,) is a large *coal mine* and extensive *iron works*, the former established about 8 and the latter about 2 years ago. Bar and sheet iron of the best quality is manufactured here, and there are in the village several nail makers. The *chapel*, an ancient brick building, is a perpetual curacy in the gift of the Dean of Wolverhampton, and incumbency of the Rev. Wm. Jessey, for whom the Rev. Wm. Cowley officiates. It is subject to all the fees of the parish church,—(see p. 178.) Pelsall was anciently the seat of *Robert de Corbeuil*, a Norman, who came to England with William the Conqueror, and held this manor of Robert de Stafford by the service of a knight's fee. His descendants assumed the name of *Pelshall*. The heiress of the family (grand-daughter of the last Sir Thomas Pelshall) was married during the last century to the Earl of Breadalbane, in Scotland. The BENEFACTIONS to Pelsall produce the following yearly sums, viz. 20s. for the poor and 20s. for a sermon, left by *Henry Dickinson*, in 1660, out of Birchen-close; £10 from land purchased with £60 left by *Dorothy Bridgman*, one-third to the minister, and the remainder for the education of six free scholars; 10s. to the poor, left by *Mr. Lane;* 6s. 8d. out of Old Croft, by *Richard Harrison*, who lived to the age of 101 years; and 37s. from *Robert Parker's charity*, to the poor of Walsall, in which parish the testator's will erroneously enumerates this chapelry.

Pelsall Directory.

Bennison John, chapel clerk
Charles Thomas, colliery owner
Duke John, blacksmith
Fryer Rich. Esq. colliery owner, Pelsall wood
Pelsall Iron Company, Pelsall *wood*
Redfearn Thomas, tailor
Thompson Daniel, wheelwright

Inns and Public Houses.

Crown, Thomas Stackhouse
Royal Oak, Robt. York, Pelsall wood
Swan, William Snape
White Lion, John Harrison

Beer Houses. — *Farmers.*

Cooper Jacob — Birch Jas.
Platts Henry — Birch Jas. jun.
Russell Joseph — Cooper Abm.

Cooper Geo.	Snape John	Meakin Wm.	*Shoemakers.*
Cooper Isaac	Wood Robert	Whitehead Geo.	Birch Thomas
Cooper Saml.	*Nailers.*		Lycett Wm.
Simkin John	Harris John		Man Samuel

WEDNESFIELD is a township and chapelry in the South Division of Offlow Hundred, 2 miles N. E. of Wolverhampton, and on the Wyrley and Essington Canal. It contains upwards of 3,000 acres of land, and 1879 inhabitants, (see p. 163,) residing in the large village of *Wednesfield*, and the neighbouring hamlets of *Wednesfield Heath*, *March-end*, *Nechell*, *Wood-end*, and *Wood Hayes*. Immense quantities of *locks*, *keys*, and *traps* of every description, are manufactured here for the Birmingham and Wolverhampton merchants. In Domesday book, this place is called *Wodnesfelde*, (from Woden, the Saxon God of battle,) and is mentioned among the lands given to Wulfruna's monastery. (See p. 164.) It is memorable as the scene of a decisive *victory* which *Edward the Elder* obtained over the *Danes* in 910; and which is thus related by Dr. Plott, after his account of the battle of Tettenhall, where the Danes were also routed with dreadful slaughter:—"Another army of the Danes that possessed Northumberland, breaking a league they had formerly made with King Edward, invaded Mercia in the very same year, pillaging the country wherever they came; against whom, King Edward, bringing a powerful army both of West Saxons and Mercians, overtook them in their return at the village of Wednesfield, not far from Theotenhall, and overthrew them again in another bloody battle, wherein he killed Eowills and Halfden, or Hildein, two of their Kings, and Ohter and Scurfa, two of their Earls, and nine other Noblemen, to whom Ethelwardus adds Fuver, or Hinguar, another of their Kings; of which great slaughter there are no more remains but a low called Southlow-field, and another called Northlow-field: these doubtless were cast up over some of those Kings, or Danish or Saxon Nobles, then slain here." The Duke of Cleveland is lessee lord of the manor, and lay impropriator under the Dean of Wolverhampton, but the land belongs mostly to the families of Gough, Perry, Fryer, and Devey. The CHAPEL OF EASE is a neat structure, erected about the year 1760, by Mrs. Martha Gough, who, in 1768, endowed it with £250, to which £100 more were added by Charles Gough, in 1774. The latter sum was invested in the purchase of £113. 19s. 5d. old South Sea annuities; but the former is now in the hands of John Gough, Esq., of Perry Barr, the patron of the curacy, who, from 1811 to 1822, refused to pay the interest to the present curate, the Rev. John Clare. The *Benefactions* to the poor, consist of three small *annuities*, viz. £260 out of the poor rates, as the *interest* of £26, left by several donors; 12*s. left by John Fryer, in* 1778, and 10s. left by John New-



ton, in 1758 The *Methodists* have a small chapel here, built in 1827.

WEDNESFIELD DIRECTORY.—*Those marked* 1, *reside at Newhavention*, 2; *March-end*, 3; *Wednesfield Heath*, 4; *Wood-end*; 5, *Wood Hayes*; *and the remainder at Wednesfield, or where specified.*

Miscellany.

Basford John, joiner & cabinet maker
Bickley Job, maltster and farmer
Brewster Jas. saddler
Cale George, gent. New cross
Clay Thos. and John, bricklayers
3 Cordwell Hy. gov. of workhouse
Devey Mark, gent.
Filkin Jno. blacksmh.
Guttridge Jph. brass cock founder
Hadley Mrs. Mary
Harvey Mrs. Lint hs.
Jones John, gent. East cross
1 Parkes Jas. iron & key founder
2 Pritchard Edward, chest & coffin handle maker
Woolley Geo. tailor

Academies.

Bradney Thomas
Griffiths Phœbe
3 Quinton Caroline

Boot & Shoe makers.

3 Bate Henry
Hancher Benjamin
3 Hancher William
Hope Doctor
Lane Robert
Marshall James
Taylor Joseph
5 Taylor John

Butchers.

Ash William
Newton Mary
3 Vaughan Charles

Farmers.

Bickley Isaac
Bickley John
Davies William
Eccleston Daniel
Egington William
Mason John
3 Neachell Edward
Nicholls William
Owen Thomas, *Perry Hall*
5 Peace Francis
Peace Ths. *Long Knl.*
5 Pearson Humphry
Quinton Chas. junior, Newbould
Squire John, *Nechell*
Stanley John
3 Titley Joseph
Tomkys Samuel
Turner Ann
Wilkes Samuel
Yorke William

Grocers.

Adey Joseph
3 Bradney Thomas
Corkindale Joseph
Corkindale Samuel
3 Davies John, (and miller)
Grosvenor Thomas
Hames Henry
Moorwood John, (& baker)
Parker Elizabeth
3 Quinton Caroline
Spittle Joseph

Hinge Manfrs.

Green Edward
4 Green James

Inns, &c.

Angel, Luke Nichols
Crown Inn, Jno. Marshall
Dog and Partridge, Samuel Marston
New Inn, John Tomkys
Old Tiger, Joseph Tomkys
Rose and Crown, Esther Taylor

Beer Houses.

Board, Wm. Evans, Nechell hall
1 Board, Bernard Perry
3 Buil's Head, James Pearson
3 Cock, Rd. Tomkys
3 Cottage, Jno. Green
Gough's Arms, Walter Lane
Pheasant, Eliz. Lane, Wood-end
3 Upton Hill, Wm. Hardy

KEY MAKERS.

*Marked * make Cabinet, & † Pad Lock Keys.*

† Astley John
† Astley Joseph
† Astley Thomas
4 * Aston George
Aston Thos. Lint hs.
Badger G. Perry hall
* 3 Broom Benjamin
† Cooper Thomas
Corkindale Joseph
* Deeley William
* Duckhouse John
* Evans John
2 Flinn James
* Forster James
* Forster Thomas
3 Gibbons Joseph
3 Giles Edward
* Giles John
* Giles Michael
* Giles George
* Green Thomas
Green William
Hadley Joseph
3 * Hartley Thomas
4 Hargrove Amos
4 * Hawksford Jas.
* Hinton John
Hope Edward
Hope John
Hope Jonathan
Hope Joshua
Kendrick Wm. (and stamper)
* Lane Joseph
* Lane Frederick
* Lane Michael
* 3 Lane Samuel
Lane Thomas
Lane Walter

Loftus Thomas
* Marston John
* Marston Joseph
* Mason David
* Mason Edward
* Mason Henry
* Mason Jeremiah
2 Mason James
* Mason John
* Mason John
Mason John
Mason Jph. Lint hs.
* Mason Richard
3 Mason Samuel
* Millichamp Thos.
* Nicholls Richard
Peers John
* Peers Mary
3 * Peers Richard
3 * Peers Samuel
* Penson William
* Preston George
* Preston Henry
* Preston Thomas
* 4 Rowley Peter
* Rowley Samuel
* Rowley Thomas
Rowley Thomas
* Sidebotham Edw.
* Smith Joseph
Taylor Nathaniel
† Teague John
† Terry Samuel
Tomkys Martin
* 3 Tomkys William
* 4 Turner John
* 5 Whitehouse Thos.
* Wilkes William

LOCK MANFRS.

The letters c. p. & t. *denote Cabinet, Pad, & Till Locks.*

Adey John, c.
AdevJoseph
Adey Joseph, t.
Adey Richard
3 Adey Thomas, c
Adey Walter, c.
Adey William, c.
Adey William, jun. c.
4 Appleby Thos. t.
Barnes William, p.
3 Bratt James, *rim*
3 Bratt John, (drawback)
3 Bridgen Jph. c.
Coates Thomas, t.
Corbett John, t.
4 Corkindale John, t.
Corkindale Jph. (& iron merchant,) t.
Corkindale Benj. c.
Corkindale Saml. (& iron merchant,) t.
1 Dukes Rd. *(trunk)*
Green William, p.
2 Hargroves Joseph, (*stock*)
Horton Henry, p.
5 Langley John, c.
Latham William, p.
McMormick Wm. t.
3 Mattocks Thos. p.
Myring John, c.
Palmer Richard, c.
1 Parkes John, t.
Parkes Moses, t.
Pearson James, c.
1 Perry Bernard, c.
Perry John, p.
Powell Thomas, t.
Preston Thomas, p.
3 Sadler Joseph, c.
3 Smith Henry, p.
Smith James, p.
3 Smith Richard, p.
Smith Thomas, p.
Taylor Richard, t.
3 Turner John, t.
Walton John, (chest)
Whitehouse John, (chest,) Castle hs.
Yates James, c.

Spring Latch Makers

3 Lawrence Wm.
3 Pool Samuel
4 Taylor Thomas

TRAP MAKERS.

(*For rats, vermin, &c.*)

Beckett James
Bellimore Richard
Corbett James
3 Ecclestone Joseph
Evans James
Grundy Henry
Grundy Samuel
Hames Henry
Hames Richard
Harrison Thomas
Hope Edward
Hope James
Hope Joseph
Jefferson Edward
Lane Richard
2 Marshall George
Marston Joseph
Nicholls Luke
Nicholls Thomas
Spittle Joseph,
Tomkys George
Tomkys Samuel
Tomkys Thomas
Tomlinson William
Tonks John
2 Tottey John
Ward Benjamin

Wheelwrights.

Done William
Nightingale Joseph

Carrier.—Ezekiel Stokes, to Birmingham, Sat. dep. ½ p. 7 mg. ar. 10 evening.

WILLENHALL.

WILLENHALL is a populous village, township, and chapelry on the turnpike midway between Wolverhampton and Walsall, being three miles from each of those towns. It is in the *South Division of Offlow* Hundred, and in the manor of

Stowheath, of which the Duke of Sutherland and T. W. Giffard, Esq. are joint lords, but the land (about 1800 acres) belongs to a number of freeholders. It is an improving place, and since the year 1801, its population has increased from 3143 to 5834 souls, most of whom are employed in the manufacture of locks, keys, bolts, latches, chafing dishes, gridirons, curry combs, &c. It is said that "more locks, of all kinds, are made here than in any other town of the same size in England or Europe." As an instance of the ingenuity of the *locksmiths* here, the following fact is related by the Rev. T. Unett:—"In 1776, *James Lees*, of Willenhall, aged 63, shewed me a padlock, with its key, made by himself, that was not the weight of a silver twopence. He at the same time shewed me a lock that was not the weight of a silver penny; he was then making the key to it—all of iron. He said he would be bound to make a dozen locks, with their keys, that should not exceed the weight of a silver sixpence." In Domesday book, this place is called *Winehala*, from the Saxon word for victory, and it was probably so designated in commemoration of the great battle fought in its vicinity in the year 910, as already noticed with Wednesfield. The *church*, dedicated to St. Giles, is a chapel of ease to Wolverhampton, and was rebuilt in 1748. The living is a perpetual curacy, in the patronage of the resident freeholders, and has long been enjoyed by the Rev. Wm. Moreton, A.M.—But every new incumbent must be approved by the lords of the manor, and have a license from the Dean of Wolverhampton, under whom the Duke of Cleveland is impropriator, but his Grace has leased the tithes to Messrs. James Whitehouse and Charles Quinton. The *Methodists* and the *Baptists* have each a chapel here. In the church is a neat mural monument, erected in 1800, to the memory of *Richard Wilkes, M.D.*, "the last of an ancient and respectable family, resident at this place 300 years and upwards." The doctor was educated for the church, and held several benefices before he retired to his native village and commenced the practice of physic, in which he rose to considerable fame, and died in 1760, universally lamented. He wrote much concerning the antiquities of his native county, and notices a *spa*, on the north side of Willenhall brook, about 200 yards above which, he says, "there are several springs, one of which was much taken notice of by our ancestors, and consecrated to St. Sunday." Over it is the following inscription:—"*Fons oculis morbisque cutaneis diu celebris*, A.D. 1726." The Dr. likewise mentions a white *clay*, full of yellow veins, of a deep colour, which in his time was gathered a little below the spa, and, after being tempered and made into cakes, was sold to glovers under the name of "*ochre cakes*." The poor of Willenhall have several small *benefactions*, *producing* the following yearly sums:—20s. left by Wm. Prestwood, *in 1642*, out of Canne Byrch close; 30s. by Jas. Pedley,

in 1728, out of Little Clothers closes; 20s. out of land at Shepwell Green, as the interest of £20 left by John Tomkys and Geo. Welch; and 5s. as the interest of £5 left by John Bate.

LITTLE LONDON, a large village half a mile N., and NEW INVENTION, 3 miles N. of Willenhall, are both in this township, except a small part of the latter, which is in Wednesfield. Here are also several smaller hamlets and districts of scattered houses, as enumerated below. ☞

The Willenhall POST OFFICE is in Wolverhampton-street, and Mr. Joseph Tildesley is the postmaster. Letters from Bilston arrive at 10 mg. and are despatched at 9 mg. and at ¼ past 2 aft. From Wolverhampton, at 6 mg. and despatched at a ¼ before 5 aft. From Walsall, at half p. 4 aft. and desp. at 6 mg.

☞ *In the following* DIRECTORY OF WILLENHALL, *those marked* 1 *reside at Ashmore Lane,* 2 *Birmingham-street or Bentley-row,* 3 *Diminsdale,* 4 *Lane-head,* 5 *Little Island or Mobb's-bank,* 6 *Little London,* 7 *Momble-lane,* 8 *New Invention,* 9 *Noose lane,* 10 *Sand-bed,* 11 *Short-heath,* 12 *Waterglade,* 13 *Willenhall-green, and the remainder in Willenhall village, or where specified.*

Miscellany.

4 Bagnall Danl. coal master
Cartwright Mr. Thos.
4 Coltham coal & iron works; D. Bagnall, agent
6 Cooper Saml. fishmonger
Cox Edw. bookpr.
Clemson John, gent.
Crockett Wm. excise
Hartill Isaac, gent.
1 Hartill Mrs. Lydia, Crescent
Kimberley Wm. wood screw manfr.
Lees Mrs. Priscilla
Mason Edw. chapel clerk
Mason Isc. coal mstr.
2 Moreton Rev. Wm. A. M. inc. curate
Pitt Wm. cooper
Rabone Mrs. Mary
Read Jph. steel truss maker
Stokes Benj. gent.
Stokes Wm. gent.
Thatcher Priscilla, matron of the workhouse
Walton Miss Brbra.

Academies.

Butler *Eliza*
Jeffs Sarah
Roberts George
11 Smith Thomas

Bakers.

Austin John
Collier Richard

Blacksmiths.

4 Griffiths John
Richard Isaac

Bolt manfrs.

6 Austwick Daniel
6 Banks Francis
6 Banks Isaac
6 Banks John
9 Banks Joseph
6 Banks Timothy
2 Braddock Martha
Clarke Job
Davis Mark
Harper Wm.
6 Henry Francis
6 Knowles Timothy
12 Lawrence Hugh
6 Lloyd John
6 Mansfield John
Marston Joseph
Pearson Thos. (N. & S. America bit and spur mfr.)
Rawlett Wm. (and spring and shutter bar)

Boot & Shoe mkrs.

Atkins George
Atkins John
Band Charles
Beckett Richard
6 Broomfield John
Fowke Eliz.
Lane Wm.
Lees Thomas
Lycett Edward
7 Massey James
Pedley Rd. (& patten)
Poole John
6 Smith Wm.
Summerfield Benj.
8 Tarbuck John
8 Taylor John

Bricklayers.

Baker Saml. (& slater)
Dangerfield Jph.
12 Fisher Isaac
11 Moseley John
2 Taylor Joseph

Butchers.

Baker Joseph
Davies Richard
11 Davies Thomas
Hartill Alfred
Kidson George
Meanly Benj.
6 Phillips Wm.
Walker Benj.
12 Whitehouse John

Chafing Dish mfrs.

12 Lawrence Hugh
Marston Joseph
Rawlett Wm.
Saunders Susan
12 Whitehouse John

Corn Millers.

4 Walker James

Curry Comb mfrs.
Atkins Wm.
Carpenter James
Carpenter Wm.
Kershaw Thomas
Rowley Wm.
Veal John
Veal Mary
Veal Thomas
Wakelam Thomas
Wilderson Edward

Die Sinkers.
Ash Isaac
Marston David

Druggists.
Grove George
Robinson Geo. (& veterinary surgeon)

Farmers.
Atkin John
Bird Wm.
Bratt George
Crump John
13 Fletcher John
10 Fowler John
13 Hartill Mark
7 Hemingsley Joseph
10 Hincks John
6 Nicholls John
Quinton Charles
6 Shepherd John
6 Taylor Thomas
Wilkes Rd. Moseley hall

File manfrs.
Bruerton Samuel
Jeavons James
Neville Benj.
Pitt Wm.

Gridiron manfrs.
Braddick ——
Marston Joseph
Perry Joseph
Rawlett Wm.
Saunders Susan
Terry John
Wootton Wm.

Grocers and Shoprs.
Barnes Sarah
6 Cooper Wm.
4 Dallaway Samuel
1 Dyer Obadiah
Evans John Bartlw.
6 Ferrington Wm.
Fisher John
Fletcher Abm.
Fletcher Wm.
Fox John
Grove George
Jackson Benj.
Jackson Joseph
Kimberley Wm.
Knowles Lucy
6 Pearson Eliz.
Pedley Hannah
Pitt Wm.
Shutt Richard
6 Terry John
Tildesley Isaac
Tildesley Jeffrey
Tildesley Samuel
Tildesley Thomas
10 Wilcox Thomas

Hinge manfr.
Kendrick Henry

Inns & Public Houses.
Angel, Ths. Carter
Bell, Hy. Wakelam
Bull's Head, Jno. Riley Hincks
8 Crown, Jas. Cooper
4 Engine, Jas. Pritchard
8 Gate, Mry. Tarbuck
6 Hope and Anchor, John Phillips
4 Jolly Boat, Walter Colbourne
King's Arms, Wm. Badger
King's Head, Wm. Rowlett
Neptune, Hy. Hartill
New Inn, Ann Phillips
Plough, Hy. Morgan
Red Lion, Ann Hodson
Royal Artillery, Benj. Gosling
Royal George, Wm. Duncomb
Swan, Saml. Bruerton
Turk's Head, John Arnold
Woolpack, Joseph Duncomb

Beer Houses.
Beddaw Joseph
12 Bradbury Richard
Croshaw Joseph
6 Foster Richard
8 Hartill Abm.
Huntbatch Geo.
Lees William
Smith Benjamin
8 Tonks Joseph
Walters William
11 Wilks Richard
2 Wolverson Saml.
Crown, Rd. Butler
12 Engine house, Jas. Wood
13 Fountain, Mosley Harthill
10 Royal Exchange, Benj. Turner
Royal Oak, Edw. Robinson
Spread Eagle, James Hodgson
The-Case-is-altered, Richard Pedley
11 White Horse, Jph. Jackson
Woodman, Jph. Pedley

Iron, Brass, &c. dlrs.
Hartell Randle
Payne John
6 Thompson Augustin
Tildesley Henry
Tildesley Thomas

Ironmongers.
Hartell Randle
Tildesley Saml. jun.

Job-Smiths and Tool makers.
12 Haldren Thomas
6 Jackson Rt. (iron stand mfr.)
Pace Charles
Parkes Joseph
Reeves, Samuel
Stephenson Wm.
Wright Wm. & Son

Joiners and Cabinet makers.
Clark Phineas
Foster John
Homer Benjamin
11 Lees Ts. Taylor

Key (Malleable Iron) and Brass Founders
8 Parkes James
6 Pidgeon Rd. Jebb
Tiddesley Richard

KEY MANFRS.
*Marked * make Cabinet and † Padlock Keys.*
11 * Appleby Rd.
7 Aston Abm.
11 * Aston Wm.
Babb Thomas
Bates Wm.
8 * Brindley Wm.
11 * Brooks Robt.
10 * Brooks Thos.
11 * Broomhall Jph.
Butler Henry
Butler Richard
7 Cluley John
11 * Cooper Henry
7 † Cooper Joseph
Cooper Richard
Corkindale James
4 * Corns James
4 * Corns Mark
11 * Dawson Richd.
Dudley Edward
Dugmore Wm.
11 * Duncomb John
4 Foster Abednego
4 * Foster Wm.
8 * Foster Wm.
Griffiths Caleb
11 * Griffiths James
9 * Hadley Lot
9 * Hadley Thomas
Harper Wm.
8 * Hartill Abm.
13 Hartill George
8 * Hartill Isaac
Haynes Robt.
7 † Hill John
Huntbatch John
12 Jordan John
Knowles Abm.
6 Marston Isaac
Millingchamp Thos.
6 † Morgan Isaac
6 * Morgan Samuel
Nicholls Isaac
8 * Parkes William
Pearson James
Pearson William
Pedley Joseph
Perkins John
Phillips Edward
Phillips Thomas
Phillips Thos. jun.
12 Pitt James
12 Pitt John
Pitt Richard
6 Pitt Samuel
6 Read William
Reeves Isaac
Reeves Samuel
13 Rutter James
11 * Smith Samuel
11 * Smith Thomas
8 * Smith William
11 * Squire Edward
11 * Tomkison Aaron
6 † Tomkinson Chs.
6 Tonks Mark
3 Walton Joseph
4 * Washbrook John
11 * Whitehouse Sl.
8 * Wilduck James

Key Stampers.
Ash Abraham
6 Ash John
6 Foster John
6 Foster Richard
3 Grimley William
Hartill Jonah
Tildesley Jeffrey
Walton William
Wright Gilbert & Son
Linen & Wln. Drapers
Hincks William
Read Joseph

LOCK MANFRS.
The letters c. d. m. p. r. & t. *denote cabinet, dead, mortise, pad, rim, and trunk locks.*
13 Abbotts Jph. d.
1 Adams Chas. p.
Adams Joseph, c.
11 Appleby David, t.
11 Appleby John, t.
4 Appleby John, t.
11 Appleby Joseph, t.
6 Appleby Josiah, p.
11 Appleby Wm. c.
Arnold Jno. (brass) p.
Arnold Thos. r.
Arnold W. (brass) p.
Ash Charles, r.
Ash Isaac, p.
Ash James, c.
Ash Samuel, p.
11 Aston Isaac, c.
Aston John, r.
2 Badger Ann, t.
4 Ball Joseph, t.
6 Banks Abm. r.
6 Banks Isaac, p.
6 Banks W. (brass) p.
11 Beardsley J. (chest)
13 Beckett John, p.
3 Beckett Wm. m.
6 Beddow John, m.
Beddow Joseph, m.
Beddow Thomas, r.
6 Birch John (box of wards & m.)
8 Boulton Dd. (till)
6 Bratt Abm. p.
6 Bratt Danl. p.
6 Bratt Jer. (closet)
Brevitt Henry, p.
Brevitt James, r.
Brevitt Richard, r.
Brevitt Thomas, r.
Bridgen Samuel, p.
Brindley Thomas, p.
Brindley Wm. p.
11 Broomhall Jas. t.
4 Broomhall John, t.
Broomhall Saml. t.
11 Broomhall Thos. t.
2 Bucknall John, d.
1 Burnes Edward, p.
1 Burnes Enoch, p.
Burrows Joseph, c.
Butler Mark, d.
10 Caddick Thos. c.
11 Cane John, c.
1 Cane John, p.
Carpenter Jas. (*patent rim,*) Summerford place
Churm Chas. r.
4 Colbourne Wm. c.
6 Collett John. r.
Collett John, r.
13 Constable Benj. r.
13 Constable John, r.
13 Constable Saml. r.
2 Constable Wm. r.
6 Cowper H. (brass) p.
4 Dallaway Saml. r.
Dugmore Daniel, r.
7 Dukes Thomas, t.
11 Duncomb Hy. c.
11 Duncomb Jph. p.
1 Dunn Joseph, p.
Dunton Jph. t.
Emery Samuel, r.
Emery Wm. r.
Evans Benj. c.
7 Evans Henry, c.
6 Evans John, r.
7 Evans Thomas, c.

Ferguson Bj. m. & d.
Ferguson Js. (closet)
12 Ferguson Thos. d.
Fisher Rd. (brass p.)
8 Fletcher Abel, c.
8 Fletcher Abm. c.
1 Fletcher Geo. p.
Fletcher John, r.
5 Fletcher Saml. p.
8 Fletcher Wm. c.
1 Fletcher Wm. p.
Ford John, r.
11 Foster Simeon, c.
Fox John, c. & m.
Gough Henry, r.
1 Groves Charles, p.
1 Groves Thomas, p.
Haddock Thomas, r.
6 Hadley Joseph, r.
6 Hadley Jph. jun. r.
7 Hall Richard, p.
Hall Thomas, r.
Hall William, p.
Harper Wm. r. & d.
1 Hartill Jonah, (pad) Crescent
7 Hartill John, p.
5 Hartill John, p.
5 Hartill Josiah, p.
13 Hartill Stph. p.
6 Hartill Thomas, p.
8 Hawkins Danl. c.
6 Henney Isaac, m.
Hill Joseph, r.
7 Hill William, r.
Hodson James, c.
Hodson Joseph, r.
Hodson Richard, p.
6 Hodson Stephen, r.
Hodson Wm. p.
6 Horton Geo. p.
10 Huffadine Geo. t.
Hughes Thos. p.
Huntbatch Geo. r.
8 Hutchinson Jno. c.
6 Jackson Benj.
1 Jackson John, p.
6 Jackson John, p.
11 Jackson Wm. c.
8 Jarvis Wm. c.
6 Jeffs George, p.
6 Jibber John, p.
Jibber Solomon, p.
Johnson Isaac, r.
Jones Benjamin, r.
Jones Henry, m.
7 Jones James, c.
6 Jukes John, p.
6 Kempson Wm. p.
6 Kendrick Saml. p.
3 Knowles Geo. m.
Lansdale Elias, m.
11 Lawrence Amb. t.
12 Lindall Wm. r.
6 Lloyd Alex. p.
9 Lloyd Jas. (staple manfr.)
7 Lloyd Thomas, p.
7 Lowe James, p.
6 Marsh Enoch r.
Marsh Richard, r.
Marston Edw. p.
Marston Jeremiah, r.
6 Marston Philip, p.
6 Marston Simeon, p.
6 Mason Benj. p.
5 Mason Daniel, p.
6 Mason Thomas, p.
6 Mason Wm. r.
11 Matthews Wm. c.
1 Mills Thomas, p.
Mirors Thomas, p.
Morgan Henry, p.
6 Morgan Joseph, p.
Morris James, r.
11 Mountford Jph. c.
6 Myatt Thomas, r.
Newman Jas. c.
Nicklin Timothy, p.
13 Ordidge Edw. p.
2 Ordidge Job, p.
6 Osborne Benj. m.
Palmer Wm. r.
Panks Saml. r.
8 Parkes James
Parkes Samuel, p.
Parkes Wm. p.
Pearson Geo. c.
11 Pearson Edward
Pearson Henry, r.
Pearson John, r.
11 Pearson Jph. c.
Pearson Wm. m. & d.
Pedley Jph. m.
7 Pendlebury Jas. r.
Perry Isaac, (staple mfr.)
12 Perry John, d.
3 Perry Jon. (closet)
12 Perry Richard, d.
6 Pitt Benj. p.
Pitt Isaac, r. & m.
6 Pitt Josh. (brass p.)
6 Pitt Saml. (stock)
6 Pitt Stephen, p.
12 Pitt Stephen, p.
11 Pool Charles, c.
11 Pool Jeremiah, c.
11 Pool Joseph, c.
8 Pool Joseph, c.
Pool Thomas, r.
Povey William, m.
Powell Thos. r. & m.
1 Price Thomas, p.
3 Pritchard Jas. t.
6 Proffit Henry, c.
6 Proffit John, c.
Read Danl. (box of wards & chest)
Read Enoch, p.
7 Read Richard, p.
Read Thos. (brass p.)
6 Read Wm. (box of wards)
Reaves George, r.
Reeves Thomas, r.
Richards Daniel, m.
7 Richards Thos. r.
12 Richards Wm. r.
Robinson Edw. r.
11 Robinson Jph. c.
Robinson Wm. d.
Robinson Wm. r.
12 Rowbotham Ts. p.
Rowley Eliz. r.
Rutter Richard, d.
12 Rutter Stephen, d.
11 Salt Thomas, c.
11 Smith Abm. c.
Smith Benjamin, p.
8 Smith Benjamin, c.
Smith Daniel, c.
11 Smith Isaac, c.
11 Smith Jacob, c.
8 Smith Jacob, c.
11 Smith John, t.
1 Smith Joseph, p.
10 Smith Thomas, c.
Smith William p.
11 Squire George, c.
8 Squire James, c.
11 Squire Thomas c.
6 Stanley Isaac. r.
Starkey Charles, r.
9 Starkey George, p.
Starkey Thomas, r.
6 Stone John, r.
Stringer Daniel, m.
Stringer John, m.
6 Sturmey John, r.
Summerfield Hy. p.

6 Summerfield Jas. r.
Summerfield Thos. r.
Summerfield Wm. r.
5 Tabiner William, (brass p.)
Taylor Danl. (closet)
Taylor Robert, p.
Taylor Thomas, r.
5 Thompson Jas. p.
6 Tildesley Isaac r.
Tildesley Sl. (factor)
6 Tombs Thomas, p.
6 Tonks Francis, r.
7 Tonks George, p.
7 Tonks Joseph, p.
7 Tonks Timothy, p.
Townsend E. (closet)
11 TuckleyHumph. c.
11 Tuckley Isaac, c.
11 Tuckley John, c.
11 Tuckley Joseph, c.
11 Tuckley Milcnt. c.
10 Turner Benj. c.
Turner James, p.
4 Turner John, c.
Turner Joseph, d.
13 Turner Mark, c.
7 Turner Richard, c.
7 Turner Thomas, r.
6 Turner Timothy, c.
7 Vaughan Stph. t.
7 Vaughan Thos. t.
Veal William, m.
6 WalkerJno.(closet)
Walker Jthn.(closet)
Walker Joseph, r.
Walker Richard, r.
11 Walker Thos. c.
4 Whitehouse Ed. c.
Whitehouse Jph. r.
8 Whitehouse Sml. c.
Whitehouse Thos. r.
11 Wilkes Richard, c.
Williams T. (brass p.)
12 Wolverson Rph. r.
2 Wolverson Saml. r.
Wolverson Thomas, m. & r.
12 Wood James, r.
7 Wood Joseph, p.
Woodcock Edw. r.
Woodcock Thos. r.
6 Wootton Benj. r.
Wootton Thos. r.
6 Wootton Wm. p.
Wootton Wm. r,
Worrall John, r.
Wright, Benj. p.
Wright Sl. (brass p. and lapidary)
8 Yates Samuel, c.
8 Yates Thomas, c.

Maltsters.

Fisher John
Hincks Thomas
Stokes William
Whitehouse James

Pawnbrokers.

Atkins John
Hartill Randle

Plumbers, Glaziers, and Painters.

Coleman John
Turner Joseph, (and auctioneer)

Spring Latch mfrs.

6 Bratt Abraham
Croshaw Joseph
Fox Humphrey
6 Fox John
Harper John
Hinkley John
Jordan John
6 Marsh Thomas, (& staple)
6 Morgan George
Morgan Mark
Rawlett William (& thumb latch)
6 Whitehouse John
Whitehouse Titus
6 Wootton Thomas
Wootton William

Surgeons.

Biddle John
Hartill Jeremiah

Tailers.

Fallen Patrick
Hodson George
Mason William
Putnan John
Tildesley Thomas, (& draper)
3 Troath Joseph
Veal Edward

Turner in Wood.

Duffey James

Varnish makers.

Parkes William
Tildesley Samuel

Wheelwrights.

4 Hickin John
Mann William
Wilkes Samuel

COACH.

From the Angel to Birmingham, at ½ p. 8 mng.

CARRIERS.

To *Birmingham.*—Thomas Addy, of Willenhall, & John Shepherd of Sandbeds, Tue. Thu. and Sat. at 8 mng.

To *Wolverhampton.*—Wm. Fletcher of Willenhall, & Ann Carroll, of Little London, daily.

AMBLECOAT, on the north side of the little river Stour, opposite the flourishing town of Stourbridge, in Worcestershire, is the only hamlet of Old Swinford parish situated in the county of Stafford. It is distant 10 miles S. of Wolverhampton, and comprises about 600 acres of land, and 1236 inhabitants, whose dwellings are scattered on the banks of the river and the canal, ming a busy suburb of Stourbridge, which town is not with- the limits of this volume. The Earl of Stamford is lord of *manor and principal* owner of the soil. Amblecoat has

several wharfs upon the Stourbridge canal, which has 20 locks, and forms a junction with the Dudley and the Staffordshire and Worcestershire canals. It participates largely in the *coal*, *iron*, and *glass* works of this neighbourhood, and is celebrated for the best *clay* in the world for the manufacture of *crucibles* and *fire bricks*. Plott says, "the clay that surpasses all others is that at Amblecote, on the banks of the Stour, of a dark bluish colour, whereof they make the best pots for the glass-houses of any in England; and it is so necessary to be had, that it is sent to London both by land and water carriage; the goodness of which clay, and plenty of coal hereabout, no doubt has drawn the glass-houses into these parts, there being divers set up at Amblecote, *Holloway-end*, and *Colbourn-brook*." This valuable stratum of clay is about 150 feet below the surface, and 45 below the coal, to the extent of nearly 200 acres, but the best sort is found only under about 48 acres. It is about 2¼ feet thick, and is taken up in lumps of 100lbs. weight, which are afterwards carefully washed, picked, and scraped by women. Above 4000 tons per year are got, and sold at from 34s. to 44s. per ton. It is sent to most of the manufacturing towns in Great Britain, and considerable quantities are exported for the use of chemists, and furnaces requiring very strong fires. The exportation of it as *fullers'-earth* is prohibited unless manufactured; on which account it is shaped like bricks, which may be ground down and used as clay. The largest pots made of it for the use of the glass makers, will hold from 15 to near 30 cwt. Here is a *National School*, built in 1815; and in Brettell-lane is a small *Methodist Chapel*.

In the following DIRECTORY OF AMBLECOAT, *those marked* 1 *reside at Colbourn-brook*, 2 *at Hollows-end, (two small villages;)* 3 *at the Bridge, and* 4 *at Stourbridge Wharf.*

Addenbrooke John, Esq. The Hill
4 Bradley John & Co. bar, rod, sheet, &c. iron manufacturers
1 Davis Rev. Theophs. Ind. Min.
1 Flavel John, shopkeeper
4 Hodgson Saml. mfr. of spades, shovels, chains, and edge tools
2 Hopkins Chas. acting overseer
1 Jones George, blacksmith
2 King Wm. clay merchant
2 Littlewood Benjamin, gent.
1 Perrins Mrs. Ann
Pidcock John, Esq. *Platts*
Rolason Thomas, farmer
1 Shepherd John, glass mfr.
2 Street Richard, shopkeeper
1 Skidmore Mr. Charles
2 Wakeman Mr. James
Wheeley Wm. Seger, Esq. *Dennis park*
2 White John, gentleman
1 Wills Wm. shoemaker
3 Wood Jane, shopkeeper
1 Young Joseph and Son, coopers and timber dealers

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Board, Noah Plant
1 Fish Inn, John Evers
3 Navigation Inn, Rhoda Wood
2 Royal Oak, Edward Shearstone
1 White Horse, Benj. Hyde

ACADEMIES.

Hopkins Elizabeth and Maria
3 National, Elijah Cartwright & Phœbe Jukes

BEER HOUSES.

1 Slinn John, (and wheelwright)
2 Thomas John
2 Turner Richard

COAL MASTERS' WHARFS.

4 Firmstone William & George, William Bolshaw, agent

4 Homer, Dudley, and Briscoe
1 Wheeley John and Co., David Woodward, agent

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.
1 Hill, Hampton, & Co. (bottle)
2 Littlewood Thomas, (flint)

JOINERS.
2 Robinson Rt. (& mason)
2 Turner Richard

NAIL MANFACTURERS.
4 Bates George
1 Harrison Arthur and Co. (and scythes)

Carriers by Water.-Vessels from the Canal Wharf, daily, to all parts of the kingdom. Mr. Thomas Westen is wharfinger and *agent* to the Canal Company, and Wm. Brown and Joseph Smith are agents to several carriers.

ARELEY (OVER), on the banks of the river Severn, is a [illegible] village and parish, containing 735 inhabitants, and occupying a narrow neck of Staffordshire, bounded on three sides by Shropshire and Worcestershire, and distant 16 miles S.S.E. of Wolverhampton, and 10 miles W.S.W. of Stourbridge. The soil is generally a good clay loam, and, from its situation and aspect, is well adapted to the cultivation of fruit, especially apples, of which large quantities are consumed yearly in the *cider* trade. Hops were formerly cultivated here, but have long been neglected. The mines of coal have been exhausted, but here is still an excellent quarry of *red free stone*, of which a considerable number of grindstones and millstones are made, and immense blocks are raised for the building of docks, bridges, &c. The Severn, which crosses this narrow limb of Staffordshire, is navigable for barges of 60 tons burthen, and sometimes vessels of 90 tons may pass with a draught of 6 feet. At the eastern verge of the village is a Roman vicinal road, called the Port-way, which probably led from *Brennogenium* (Worcester), to *Uriconium* (Wroxeter), and now forms part of the post-road from Worcester to Shrewsbury. In Areley wood are the remains of a large Roman camp, which is an exact square, with double, and on one side treble, ditches: it was probably the work of Astorius, who fortified the banks of the Severn during his conflicts with the Silures and Ordovices. At *Hawkbatch*, a Roman town and bridge are said to have existed, and many Roman coins have been found there. Here is likewise the eminence called *Shatterfoot* and *Seckley wood*, containing about 600 acres. The *manor* of Areley was possessed by the male descendants of Sir Thomas Lyttleton, from the reign of Henry VI. till the year 1779, when Thomas, son of George Lord Lyttleton, bequeathed it to his nephew, the late Lord Valentia, who is known to the literary world by a well written volume of travels in India, Arabia, and Egypt. The *hall* was rebuilt by the Lyttletons about 1650, and is delightfully situated on the well-wooded banks of the Severn. It is now the seat of

1 Mountnorris, (an Irish peer,) who is lord of the manor, [illegible]cipal owner of *the soil, impropriator*, and patron of the be[illegible]*e, which is a perpetual* curacy, now enjoyed by the Rev.

John Allen; but it is in the peculiar jurisdiction of the dean and chapter of Lichfield, who hold an annual visitation for proving wills, auditing the churchwarden's accounts, &c. The *church*, which stands on a lofty eminence, is a small fabric, dedicated to St. Peter, first erected by Henry de Port, in the reign of Henry I., and rebuilt in the time of Edward I., since which it has undergone many repairs, and the interior was thoroughly renovated and beautified at the expense of the late Lord Valentia. It has several ancient monuments; one of the Heckston, and several of the Lyttleton family. The parish *feast* is on the Sunday after St. Peter's day. The following property belongs to the *poor*, viz.:—a house, with outbuildings and 9A. 1R. 28P. of land at *Nash end*, let for £16; three cottages, with 3R. 25P. of land, called the Hurne, worth £7, but let to one of the trustees for £2. 10s., out of which the levies and taxes have to be paid; and five cottages, in Frenchman street, let for £13. 5s. per annum. This property was purchased with several benefactions, except a part of the premises at Nash end, bequeathed by a Mr. Longmore. The rents are distributed by the churchwardens on St. Thomas's day and Good Friday, together with the dividends of £100 three per cent. consolidated annuities, purchased in 1813, with the bequest of *Thomas Corbyn*, who died in 1811.

Mountnorris, Earl of, *Hall*
Allen Rev. John, incumbent
Cotterill Edmund, day school
Griffiths Edmund, butcher
Hince Samuel, beer house
James Thomas, blacksmith
Lawley Thos. maltster & butcher
Longmore Wm. oversr. & schoolr.
Newnham Hannah, beer house
Owens John, grocer & maltster
Parton Wm. wheelwright
Plaire Robert Wm. Esq. Cottage
Potter Jno. vict. Lyttleton's Arms
Price Thos. grocer & shoemaker
Robinson George, beer house
Willcox Samuel, vict. and stone quarry owner, Valentia arms

FARMERS.

Baker James, *Bannut tree*
Caswell Joseph, *Heckston*
Cox Henry
Garbett Thomas, *Nash end*
Horn Samuel, *Frenchman street*
Johnson Joseph, *Bromley*
Oakley Benjamin, *High trees*
Reade John, *Hill house*
Wigan Wm. *Whitnel end*

A *Market boat* to Bewdley every Saturday morning.

BOBBINGTON parish, on the western verge of the county, nine miles S.W. of Wolverhampton, has 426 inhabitants, and 2500 acres of land, of which about 500 acres, with part of the hamlet of *Halfpenny Green*, are in Shropshire. The Earl of Stamford and Wm. Moseley, Esq. are the principal proprietors of the soil, and the latter, who resides here, is lord of the manor and impropriator, having lately purchased the tithes of Thomas Whitmore, Esq. of Apley, who has still the patronage of the CHURCH, which is a perpetual curacy, in the peculiar of *Bridgnorth*. The Rev. George Henry Betterton Gabutt, of *Claverley, in Shropshire*, is the incumbent, and has £40 a-year



from a farm in the parish, bequeathed in 1689, with other property, by Edward Careswell, for the endowment of the curacy, and the support of several scholars from Bridgnorth, at Christ Church College, Oxford. The curate's stipend was originally only £10, but owing to the increased value of the land, it was raised many years ago to £40. The FREE SCHOOL, at White Cross, was founded in 1792, by Hannah and Mary Corbett, for the instruction of 20 boys and 12 girls, and for providing them, once in two years, with hats, great coats, and gowns, to be worn only on Sabbath days. The endowment consists of £1400 three per cent. consolidated bank annuities, yielding £42 per annum. The school premises consist of a house and two school rooms, with 1½ acre of land, occupied by the master, who receives £20 yearly, and the rest of the income is expended in clothing.

Barker Edw. vict. & shoemaker, Lion inn
Fellows Thos. blacksmith
Halls Rev. Henry, curate
Moseley Wm. Esq. *Leaton hall*
Rogers John, vict. Royal Oak
Stokes Wm. free school, White cross
Thatcher Thos. wheelwright

FARMERS.

Boraston Geo. *Blacklands*
Bowen Thos. *Blacklands*
Green Rd. *White cross*
Hayes John, *Alder house*
Knowles John, *Heath*
Lea Wm. *Tuck hill*
Marrian Wm.
Southall John
Baker Mrs.
Perry Wm.

BROOM, or *Brome*, a parish with 140 inhabitants and 700 acres of land, occupies part of a small detached member of Staffordshire, 4½ miles S. of Stourbridge, and 14 miles S. of Wolverhamton, lying on the western side of the picturesque hills of Clent. The ancient mansion here called *Harborough*, was the seat of Wm. Penn, one of whose daughters was mother of *Shenstone* the poet, who spent here many of his juvenile hours. The executors of the late Earl Dudley and Ward are lords of the manor, which is now rented by Edward Amphlett, Esq.; but J. A. Grove, Esq. and the Rev. Edward Dudley have estates here. The latter is incumbent of the *church*, a small modern brick edifice, dedicated to St. Peter. It is a rectory, in the gift of Sir Edward Scott, of Great Barr. The poor have 30s. yearly, bequeathed in 1701, by John Harris, to be distributed in bread, out of Bradford meadow, which is now converted into a mill dam. Broom is in Worcester diocese. (See Clent.)

Amphlett Edw. Esq. magistrate
Blakeway Henry, farmer
Crump Mrs. Sarah
Dudley Rev. Edward, rector
Pitt John, shopkeeper
Waldron Thos. & Cole Thos. gent.

BUSHBURY, or *Bushbury* parish, comprises the two townships of *Bushbury and Essington*, the former in the Seisdon and the latter in the Cuttleston hundred. In 1831, its

population amounted to 1275 souls, of whom 677 were in *Bushbury township*, which comprises 6000 acres, extending from 2 to 4 miles N. of Wolverhampton, and including the *hamlets* of Bushbury, Ford Houses, Gosbrook, Moseley, and Oxley.—The MANOR, at the time of the Norman conquest, was held by *Wm. Fitz-Anculf*, whose posterity assumed the name of *Bushbury*. It afterwards belonged to the Grosvenors and the Goughs, ancestors of the well-known antiquary of that name. In 1790, it was purchased by the late P. T. Hincks, Esq. of Tettenhall, whose daughter, Miss Theodosia Hincks, is now lady of the manor; but T. G. Whitgreave, John Horton, and Alex. Hordern, Esqrs. and some others, have estates here. The farm called *Wobaston*, gives name to a prebendal stall in the Collegiate church of Wolverhampton. *Moseley*, 3¼ miles N. by E. of Wolverhampton, forms a separate manor of about 500 acres, of which T. G. Whitgreave, Esq. is lord, and resides at *Moseley Court*, a modern mansion erected near the *old hall*, a venerable half-timbered building, now occupied by a farmer, but celebrated as one of the hiding places of Charles II. (vide civil wars, at a preceding page.) In cleansing a pit in a field near the old hall, a skeleton in complete armour was found some years ago, and supposed to be the remains of a cuirassier in King Charles's service. The small *village of Bushbury* is sheltered on the east by a lofty hill, covered with a profusion of yew and other trees, and said to have been once crossed by the great road from London to Chester. The summit of this hill is 650 feet above the level of the sea, and commands a rich and extensive prospect. On the south side is the handsome seat of Mrs. Phillips; and at a short distance are two other neat mansions, called Low-hill and Ford-house, the latter of which was lately the residence of Lewis Clutterbuck, Esq. Near the village appears a considerable *tumulus*, and near it was dug up some years ago the brass head of a catapult, supposed to be of Roman construction. The ancient appellation of the parish, *Biscopesburie*, would seem to point it out as having been the residence of some of the Mercian bishops. The CHURCH, dedicated to the assumption of the Blessed Virgin, is an ancient fabric, surmounted by a massy embattled tower, and formerly belonged to the priory of St. Thomas, near Stafford. It has many monuments, of the families of Bysshbury, Moseley, Huntbach, Hellier, Leacroft, Whitgreave, Gough, and Huskisson, the latter of whom possessed the *Oxley* estate till 1793, when it was sold by the father of that eminent statesman, the late Right Hon. Wm. Huskisson, M.P.* to the late James Hordern, Esq. In 1812, the monument of *Hugh Byshbury* was opened, and

* Mr. Huskisson was unfortunately killed at the opening of the Liverpool and *Manchester railway*, September 15th, 1830, and his loss was universally lamented *by the whole nation.* His remains were interred at Liverpool, where his constituents *raised a splendid* monument to his memory.



found to contain a stone coffin, with a skeleton, and a silver chalice now used in the communion service. The living is a vicarage, in the patronage of the principal inhabitants, and since the year 1800 it has been enjoyed by the Rev. John Clare, of Wolverhampton, who built the present vicarage house. At Moseley there is a *Catholic chapel*, belonging to the Whitgreave family, and endowed with a farm for the maintenance of the priest.

Benefactions.—The poor of Essington have £10. 3s. 10d., and those of Bushbury and Moseley £8. 5s. 8d. per annum, arising as follows, viz. £8. 5s. 6d. from land at Essington, left by the *Rev. Fras. Collie*, in 1625; £7. 12s. from 2¼ acres of land called *the Sting*, purchased in 1660, with £40 left by *Lady Judith Corbett*; and two annuities amounting to £2. 12s. paid out of two tenements at Essington, pursuant to the wills of Richard Upton, in 1642, and Thos. Leacroft, in 1625. The interest of £47, left by *Mrs. M. Harwood*, in 1798, is distributed in sheets and blankets amongst the poor parishioners.—The following yearly doles belong solely to the poor of Bushbury and Moseley, viz. £5 from Cold-lawn meadow, left by *Richard Moon*, in 1729; £8 from Whetstone-green houses, purchased with the benefactions of *Sarah Huntbach* and others, in 1782; 10s. left by John Huntbach, in 1703; and 4s. out of a meadow belonging to T. G. Whitgreave, Esq. left in 1672, by Frances Underhill.

ESSINGTON township, 4¼ miles N.N.E. of Wolverhampton, is a district of scattered houses, mostly occupied by colliers; but the coal mines here are now nearly exhausted. H. C. E. Vernon Graham, Esq. of Hilton park, is lord of the manor, and owner of most of the land. Some remains of an ancient residence of the De Essingtons, formerly seated here, may still be traced.

BUSHBURY.

Marked 1 *are at Coven heath*, 2 *Ford houses*, 3 *Gosbrook*, 4 *at Oxley*, 5 *at Wobaston, and* 6 *at Moseley*.

4 Child Thos. vict. Three Tuns
4 Ellis James, wheelwright
Evans Rev. Watkin, curate
2 Foster Miss Mary
Heap Mrs. and Mrs. Alexander, Vicarage
1 Hillier Saml. Shaw, surgeon
3 Hordern Alex. Esq. banker
2 Jeavons Timothy, beer house
6 Meehan Rev. John, Cath. priest
Phillips Mrs. *Bushbury hill*
Pountney Rd. gent. *Low hill*
2 Sidebotham Jas. cab. lock mfr.
1 Spilsbury Thos. *vict. Golden Ball*
Tarratt Jph. gent. *Ford house*
2 Thurstans Mr. Wm.
4 Vaughan Jph. blacksmith
4 Warner Mr. Wm.
3 Wenman Wm. gent.
Whitgreave Thomas Geo. Esq. Moseley court

FARMERS.

Buxton Wm.
5 Foster Jph.
2 Hordern Ed.
4 Taylor Wm.
6 Towers Hy.
Willington Ed.
Wilson Jph.

ESSINGTON.

Badger Esther, beer house
Burton Philip, butcher
Griffiths Wm. sen. blacksmith
Griffiths Wm. jun. blacksmith
Heap Ann, vict. Mitre
Jones Wm. corn miller

Peake Thos. brick maker
Perkes John, sheriff's officer
Spencer Sarah, shopkeeper
Williams John, wheelwright

FARMERS.

Badger Thos.
CartwrightWm.
Green John
Heap Wm.
Morris Laban
Peace Hphy.
Price Wm.
Starkey Thos.

CLENT parish, comprising 1000 acres and 922 inhabitants, is divided into two hamlets or constablewicks, called *Upper* and *Lower Clent*, which repair their roads separately, but maintain their poor conjointly, and form the eastern moiety of that small detached member of Staffordshire lying 3¼ miles S. S. E. of Stourbridge, and 13¼ miles S. by E. of Wolverhampton; bounded on the west by Broom, and on the north and south by Worcestershire, and on the east by an insulated part of Salop, in which is Hales Owen. Under the provisions of the Reform Bill, the freeholders &c. both here and at Broom, vote for the Knights of the Shire of Worcester, and not for those of Staffordshire. Both Broom and Clent are in the Deanery of Kidderminster, and diocese of Worcester. Clent parish is composed principally of a group of lofty hills, on which there is an extensive uninclosed sheep walk, covered with a fine turfed herbage. It contains two manors, Upper or Church Clent, and Nether Clent. Lord Lyttleton, of Hagley Park, on the north side of the parish, is lord of the latter, and has a paramount jurisdiction over the former, of which C. A. and J. S. Manning, Esqrs. and Mr. Wm. Hollington, are joint lords; but John Amphlett, Esq. the Rev. E. Dudley, and Mrs. and Misses Durant, hold part of the soil, which is mostly copyhold, subject to *fines and heriots*. The fines amount to one year's rent on the death of the lord; and on the death of the tenant, the lord claims his best beast as a heriot. Tradition says the Romans and Britons had an engagement at Clent heath, where there are several lows or barrows; and ancient writers say that Clent is the place where *Kenelm* the young King of Mercia was murdered, in 820, by the orders of his sister, whose iniquitous object was thus to clear the road to the throne for herself and her lover; but the Mercians defeated her ambition, by placing the crown on the head of her uncle, Cenulf. The unfortunate youth was afterwards canonized; and on the east side of Clent hills, in the adjoining parish of Hales Owen, is St. Kenelm's chapel, a venerable edifice dedicated to his memory. His ashes are supposed to rest here, and the murder is said to have been committed in a field called Cowbach. Clent CHURCH is an ancient structure dedicated to St. Leonard. It has a tower and six bells, and the body is covered with wooden shingles, a sort of decoration *common to the Saxon* and early Norman churches. The living is *a vicarage, with* Rowley Regis annexed to it, in the gift of the *crown, and* incumbency of the Rev. Adolphus Hopkins. V.

Amphlett, Esq. is impropriator of the great tithes. The *Methodists* have a chapel at Adam's hill, and the *Baptists* have one at Holy cross green.—(See charter, p. 264.)

The *Church lands* consist of 30A. 1R. 16P., let in 1820 for £67. 3s. per annum, which is applied to the repairs of the church, &c. The land, for which most of this property was obtained in exchange, was surrendered for the use of the parish by Humphrey Penn, at a Court Baron held in 1616.

The *Free School* was founded in 1704, by *John Amphlett, Esq.* who endowed it with £200, (which, in 1820, was out on mortgage at four per cent.) and a house, with a garden, orchard, &c. for the use of the master, who teaches about six free scholars. The *Benefactions* for the relief of the poor of this parish are as follows:—in 1797, *Thos. Waldron, Esq.* left £500, which, in 1801, was laid out in the purchase of £732. 12s. three per cent. reduced annuities, yielding £21. 19s. 6d. per annum, half of which is applied in supporting a *Sunday school*, and the remainder in providing linen for the poor; in 1654, a benefactor left the *Grove close* (4A. 2R. 12P.) let for £6. 17s. per annum, which is distributed in bread; in 1712 & 13, *John Maris* and *Wm. Cole* left 14A. 1R. 12P. of land, in Clent, now let for £35 a year, which is distributed in equal moieties on June 24th and Sept. 29th; in 1753, £20, left by *John Sparrey*, and others, was expended in building two houses on the parish land, but the overseers and churchwardens agreed to distribute the interest yearly. In 1691, *Joshua Waldron* gave the rent of a house and land at Belbroughton, to be divided equally betwixt that parish and those of Kidderminster and Clent, but nothing had been received by this parish in 1821, when proceedings were instituted against Belbroughton, to recover the portion belonging to Clent.

HOLY CROSS is a small village near *Lower Clent*, on the Broomsgrove road, 3¼ miles S. by E. of Stourbridge. It is noted for two large cattle and cheese FAIRS, held on the second Wednesdays in April and September.

In the following DIRECTORY OF CLENT PARISH, *those marked* 1 *reside at Clent village*, 2 *Lower Clent*, 3 *Holy cross*, 4 *Oldmill brook, and* 5 *at Walton.*

Addenbrooke Henry, iron master, Field house
Amphlett John, Esq. Clent house
Durant Mrs. Fanny, Clent hall
5 Durant Misses Mary and Ann
4 Ellis Wm. butcher
1 Gardner Wm. day school
1 *Greaves Thomas, surgeon*
Grove Wm. corn miller, Clatterbatch mill
Harris John, gardener & shopkeeper, Stool style
Harris Edw. corn mlr. Spoutmill
1 Hill Mrs. Elizabeth
3 Hitchman Mary, beer house
3 Hitchman Wm. saddler
1 Hopkins Rev. Adolphus, vicar
3 Hyde John, tailor & beer house
3 King Jas. vict. & shoemkr. Cross
Liell Misses Eliza and Mary, Clent grove
3 Pearman Joseph, butcher

3 Fearman Thomas, butcher and maltster
Phillips Wm. joiner, Adam's hill
3 Price John, wheelwright and blacksmith
1 Rayboold James, vict. Old gate
3 Thomas Richard, blacksmith
3 Timmings Mrs. Mary & Sar. Wm.
3 Wright Mrs. Jane

FARMERS.
*Marked * are Yeomen.*

5 *Bury Joseph
*Hollington W. *Calcut hill*
*Pratt John
1 RayboouldJno.

4 *Smith John
3 Taylor Saml.
3 Waldron Ed.
3 Waldron Ts.
1 Wyatt, Thos.

Post from Stourbridge Sally.

CODSALL parish is divided into the two townships of *Codsall and Oaken*, and contains 844 inhabitants, and 2887 acres of land, which forms part of Sir John Wrottesley's manor of Tettenhall Clericorum; but a great part of the soil belongs to other proprietors. Codsall township has 1589 acres, and a small village picturesquely situated on an eminence, 5 miles N.W. of Wolverhampton, and 3¼ S. by W. of Breewood. Here are several neat villas, and near Codsall wood, (an extensive common adjoining Chillington park wall and Shropshire,) is a remarkable *sulphureous spa*, which springs up through the hollow stump of a tree, and runs down the road, leaving a yellowness on the moss resembling flour of brimstone. It is considered very salutary in scorbutic cases, and was anciently famed for the cure of leprosy. The CHURCH, dedicated to St. Nicholas, is a handsome edifice, consisting of a chancel and north aisle, separated by very fine pointed arches. The roof is of wood, carved in a most curious and elegant manner. In the chancel is a fine old monument, on which rests a recumbent effigy of Walter Wrottesley. The living is a perpetual curacy; Sir John Wrottesley, Bart. is the patron and impropriator, and the Rev. Matthew Kemsey, of Breewood, is the incumbent. The Primitive Methodists have a small chapel here.

OAKEN is an ancient hamlet and township, with 1298 acres of land, one mile S.W. of Codsall. It has two handsome mansions, but most of the other dwellings are constructed of wood, plaster, and thatch.

Benefactions to Codsall parish.—In 1602, *Walter Wrottesley, Esq.* gave £30 to purshase land, which now consists of 12A. 2R. 36P., let for £27. 16s. 6d. per annum. The rent is distributed amongst the poor, on St. Thomas's day; and two cottages upon the land are occupied by paupers. In 1672, *Wm. Greasley* left a yearly rent charge of 40s. out of the land called the Ryebirch. A house, with a garden, &c. were purchased in 1770, with £40 left by *Dorothy Derby* and the *Rev. John Hellman*. The house was burnt down about 1790, and the present poor-house built upon its site, for which the overseer pays a yearly rent of £6. 10s.; of which £3. 10s. is distributed amongst the poor, and the remainder is contributed to the funds of the National school, together with the dividends of



£27. 13s. 3d. three per cent. consols, purchased with £20 left by *Margaret Somerford*, in 1730. The dividends of £400 three per cent. reduced annuities, bequeathed by *Wm. Barrett, Esq.* in 1796; are distributed in weekly doles of bread every Sunday. *At an unknown date, John Brook* gave for the repairs of the church, &c. a cottage and three acres of land, now let for £9 per annum. The National school is a large stone building, erected by subscription in 1818.

CODSALL.

Those marked 1 *are at Billbrook, 2 at Codsall Wood, and the others at Codsall.*

Bedford John Stubbs, gent.
Brooks Mrs. Jane, gentlewoman
1 Eggington Rev. John Clemson
Farmer Wm. butcher
Fletcher John, blacksmith
Hancox John, cooper
Love Mrs. Ann
Phillips Thos. Moss, atty.; h. Birches
Postan John, cattle dealer
Price John, mole catcher
2 Sale Joseph, beer house
Salmon Mrs. Mary
Shelley Mr. Joseph
2 Stanley Mr. William
Stretton Joseph, bricklayer
Wollaston Mr. Joseph

ACADEMIES.

Lea William
National, Sarah Tonks
Richmond Thos. (ladies' bdg.) Codsall house

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Board, George Jenks
Bull Inn, John Salmon
Crown, Thomas Wellings
2 Gifford Arms, Thos. Fielding

FARMERS.

Dutton Geo.
1 HardwareJtn.
2 Higginson Ts.
Jones John
Kendrick Jas.
Kendrick John
2 Moore Isaac
Shelton John
Stevenson Edw.
Walford Benj.

GROCERS.

Lea Wm.
Nicholls Thos. (& corn miller)

SHOEMERS.

Gough Rd.
Lees James
Lees Thomas
Patten Rd.
Pritchard Wm.

TAILORS.

Ralphs Edw.
Tottey Jph.

WHEELWGTS.

Barnes Thos. (& joiner)
BellinghamJph.
1 Marsh John
Smith John

OAKEN.

Bowers Thos. mole catcher
Cherington Mrs. Mary
Davenhill Edward, blacksmith
Pool Mr. John
Powell Joseph, shopkeeper
Shingler John, shoemaker
Vickers Thomas James
Wall John, agent
Wood Christopher, gent.

FARMERS.

Clift John
Fletcher Fras.
Shaw Wm.
Yates John

ENVILLE, is a neat and pleasant village on the road from Bridgnorth to Stourbridge, 10 miles S.S.E. of Wolverhampton, and 5¼ miles W. by N. of Stourbridge. Its *parish* has many scattered houses, 766 inhabitants, and 4130 acres of land, forming the *manors of Enville and Lutley*, the Earl of Stamford being lord of the former, and Walter Moseley, Esq. lord of the latter; but here are several smaller freeholders, among whom are H. M. Campbell and J. A. Grove, Esqrs. and Miss Theodosia Penzer. Lutley is supposed to have formed part of Kinfare forest, as no mention is made of it in Domesday book. ENVILLE HALL, the beautiful sylvan seat of the Earl of Stamford, has belonged *to his Lordship's family* more than two centuries.



being originally a small brick house, erected by Thomas Grey, who died in 1578. Dr. Wilkes thus describes it in 1759:—"Harry, the present Earl of Stamford, having purchased several estates, so as to make the whole neighbourhood his property, and having married Lady Mary Booth, by whom he had an immense fortune, has laid out many thousand pounds in beautifying the park, &c. but he has not yet meddled with the house." Since that period the mansion has been enlarged and modernized, but much of its original Gothic character has been retained, having in its centre, windows with pointed arches, and two octangular towers, from which are projected two wings of modern erection. The beautiful lawn rises boldly to the left, and is adorned by a charming *lake*, skirted with foliage and a few ornamental buildings. From the side of the water, a path lies through a neat shrubbery, and leads to a fine *cascade*, founded by the celebrated Shenstone, who indeed originally designed the whole of this delightful scenery, which is now ornamented by a small *chapel*, dedicated to his memory, and having its windows embellished with various paintings on glass.—Though the hall is not extensive, the park and pleasure grounds are on a most magnificent plan, and are well worthy the attention of the tourist. The other seats of the *Rt. Hon. George Harry Grey, Earl of Stamford and Warrington, &c. &c.* are at Dunham Massey, Cheshire, and Broadgate Park, Leicestershire; but the latter was burnt down some years ago, and has not yet been rebuilt. His town residence is at 33, Hill-street, Berkeley-square, London. He succeeded his father in 1819, and is the sixth Earl of Stamford, the title being first conferred on Henry Grey, second Baron Grey of Groby, in 1628. The CHURCH is an ancient building, dedicated to St. Mary, and contains many ancient monuments, one of which has two recumbent effigies of Thomas Grey and Anne his wife, who died in 1559; and near it, under an arch, lies the figure of a priest. In 1762, a stone coffin, inscribed "*Rogerus de Morf*," was dug up under the west end, and there is an estate in the parish which still retains the name of *Morfe*. The living is a RECTORY, valued in the King's books at £27. 2s. 11d. The advowson was purchased by the late Rev. Richard Wilkes, who bequeathed it to the present incumbent, the Rev. Thomas Price, A.M., after whose decease it will devolve on the Rev. Wm. Jesson, of Tryshull.

Enville is famous for a variety of *black cherries*, which possess a peculiar vinous flavour; and the wakes held here on the first, second, and third Sundays in August, are called "*cherry wakes*," and are numerously attended by parties who come to partake of this delicious fruit.

The *Boys' Free school* was endowed by Edward Gravenor, *in 1654, with £5* per annum out of land at Swindon, for the *education of six* poor boys; and six more are now taught at the



expense of the Earl of Stamford and his family. The *Girls' Free School*, founded in 1755, by Lady Dorothy Grey, and augmented by subsequent benefactions, has now a yearly income of £161. 2s. 10d., for the education, clothing, and maintenance of six poor girls. £70 of this income arises from two rent charges, bequeathed in 1755, by Lady Grey, out of Arm Tree and Wildmoor farms, in Lincolnshire, now belonging to the Earl of Stamford, and the remainder from £622. 18s. 1d. five per cent. navy annuities, purchased with the following legacies, viz. £100 left by Harry Earl of Stamford, in 1764; £100 by Dr. Thomas Evans, in 1815; and £500 by the late Earl of Stamford and Warrington, in 1819.

Benefactions.—With £100 left in 1686, by *Harry Grey, Esq.* and £20 left by *Peter Lefargue*, a house and 7A. 3R. 27P. of land at Rednall End, in King's Norton parish, were purchased in 1732. This property is let for 12 guineas per annum, of which 10s. are expended in the purchase of the books called "the Whole Duty of Man," and the remainder is given in apprentice fees with poor children. In 1667, *Henry Grey, Esq.* of Enville Hall, in consideration of £56 poor's money, granted a yearly rent charge of 56s. to be paid out of 12 acres of land adjoining the churchyard. The poor of Enville have also the following benefactions, the yearly proceeds of which are mostly distributed on St. Thomas's day; viz. 10 acres of land left by *Tomyns Dickens*, in 1689, and now let for 10 guineas; the interest of £10 by *Abigail Watts*, in 1727; 5s. yearly by *John Elock*, in 1773; 10s. yearly out of the Hollies estate, by Edward Gravenor, in 1654; and the dividends of £833. 6s. 8d. bank consols, given by the Earl of Stamford and Warrington, in 1807, and now distributed in sheets, blankets, and clothing. The *poor's land*, 1A. 3R. 37P. is held by the present Earl of Stamford, at a yearly rent of £2, which is applied with the poor rates.

In the following DIRECTORY OF ENVILLE, *those marked* * *are in the service of Earl Stamford.*

Bush Mrs. Eliz. and Mr. Thos.
* **Beddard** John, gardener
Booth Geo. boot & shoe maker
Booth Wm. cooper
Campbell Hugo Montgomery, Esq. *Hollies*
Collins Thos. saddler and tawer
Dalley Mr. Henry
* **Davenport** John, jun. steward
Fellows Wm. blacksmith, Four Ashes
Grove James Amphlett, solicitor, Four Ashes House
Hawkes Wm. shoemkr. & p. clerk
Jones Thomas, *blacksmith*
* *Lambert John, valet*
Meredith Esther, shopkeeper
* Moverley John, groom
* Osgood Philip, butler
Penzer John, assistant overseer
Penzer Miss Theodosia
Phillips Mrs. Prudence
Pountney James, wheelwright
Price Rev. Thos. A.M. rector
Rea Thomas, blacksmith
Stamford Earl of, *Enville hall*
Willcox Charles, shopkeeper
* Wood John, joiner

FARMERS.

Baker Thomas, Groves house
Causer Samuel, Mere house
Collins Edward, Lea house
Edmunds Thomas, Cock's green
Fereday Wm. Hoo farm
Fowns John, Camp house

Fowns Thomas, Morfe house
Fox John (& miller,) Lutley
Hainsworth Wm.(& miller) Toys mill
Jones Mary, Four ashes
Mansell John, Blunders
Page Thomas, Lutley
Pagett Samuel, Morfe heath
Pountney John, New house
Stokes Richard, Mere hall

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Cat Inn, Thos. Penzer (& maltster)
Cross, Saml. Broadfield, Gilbert's cross
Swan Inn, (and posting house,) Susanna Thomas

SCHOOLS (CHARITY.)

Holmes Richd. | Haynes Martha

POST from Stourbridge, Mon. Thu. & Sat.; and during the residence of the Stamford family, daily.

A COACH calls at the Cat Inn, from Bridgnorth to Stourbridge, Dudley, and Birmingham, every Tu. Thu. and Sat. at 9 morning, and returns at 7 evening.

HIMLEY is a pleasant village and parish, delightfully situated on the Stourbridge road, 5 miles S. by W. of Wolverhampton. It has 421 inhabitants, and its grand object of attraction is *Himley Hall and Park*, the splendid seat of the late *Earl Dudley*, now occupied by his relative, the Rt. Hon. and Rev. Wm. Humble, Baron Ward. The hall is a noble structure, situated in the midst of the rich and extensive park, which abounds with deer, and has a magnificent sheet of water, and many picturesque eminences rising gradually towards the horizon, and finely clad with ancient and modern foliage. The house has several spacious and elegant apartments, well furnished with valuable paintings, &c. &c. During the life of the *late Earl's father*, this mansion was frequently the scene of rejoicing and festivity upon public occasions. The king's escape from assassination, in 1786, and several of our naval victories, were celebrated here by illuminations, fireworks, &c. But the father of the late noble owner (William Viscount Dudley and Ward) was not more conspicuous for his loyalty than for his benevolence. In the distressful year of 1792, no less than 1000 of the unemployed poor of this neighbourhood were regularly relieved by him; and his princely donations to the public subscriptions in London and in this county, in 1816, for the relief of the distressed artizans, besides innumerable acts of private charity, conferred upon him the enviable appellation of the "Poor Man's Friend," and as such his memory will be long cherished by his countrymen. He was the third *Viscount Dudley and Ward*, and died in 1823, when he was succeeded by his son, John William Ward, the late viscount, who, in 1827, was created *Earl of Dudley*, but dying without issue in March, 1833, that title became extinct, and that of *Baron Ward* descended to his relative named above, (vide Dudley castle.) The late Earl was owner of all the land in this parish, and lord of the manors of Himley, Swindon, Kingswinford, Rowley Regis, &c. &c. His estates, &c. are now vested *in trustees* for the benefit of his cousin, the present Baron *Ward, and other* branches of his family. By the probate of

his WILL, it appears he died possessed of £350,000, personal property, within the province of Canterbury. By a codicil, written by himself, he bequeathed an annuity of £2000 to Lady Lyndhurst, and another of £800 to Mrs. Spencer, the wife of William Spencer, the poet; and a legacy of £25,000 to Mrs. Spencer's son. To the Bishop of Exeter he bequeathed £5000. It is said the son of Lord Ward will become possessed of the Himley and other estates when he has attained his 28th year. Himley CHURCH, dedicated to St. Michael, stands near the hall, and is a neat brick fabric, erected in 1764, by the first Lord Dudley and Ward. The living is a *rectory*, valued in the King's books at £3. 13s. 4d. The *executors* of Earl Dudley are the patrons, and the Rev. Robert Wrottesley the incumbent. The beautiful and extensive wood called *Baggeridge*, adjoins the park, and is well stocked with pheasants. The *poor's land* consists of 3¼ acres, purchased in 1681, with several benefactions, and it is now let for £3. 10s. per annum; of which 5s. is for the repairs of the church, and the remainder for the *poor*, who have also 20s. yearly left by Mary Hanson and Edw. Robins, out of land belonging to the late Earl Dudley, and 8s. yearly, paid by the rector as the gift of an unknown donor.

Baron Ward, *Himley hall*
Bate Jas. beer house & millwright
Bate John, millwright
Bennett, John, gent.
Cartwright Cornelius, farmer
Cartwright Geo. and John, corn millers, *Woodmill*
Cartwright Joseph, corn miller & victualler, Dudley Arms Inn
Dalton George, Esq. banker
Hawkes Thomas, Esq.
Pratt Stpn. corn miller, *Holdbatch*
Wrottesley Rev. Robert, rector

KINFARE, or as it is commonly called, *Kinver*, is a large and pleasant village, consisting of one long street, with many good houses, on the declivity of an eminence called Kinfare edge, on the west bank of the river Stour, near the borders of Worcestershire, 4 miles W. S. W. of Stourbridge, and 11 miles S. by W. of Wolverhampton. It was anciently a borough and market town of some importance, but the weekly market and the two annual fairs on May 1st and Dec. 14th, have long been obsolete, though the market-house or town-hall still remains. It was formerly noted for the manufacture of both coarse and fine narrow woollen cloth, and it has now several *forges* for the manufacture of bar, rod, and sheet iron; and one of them at a place called *Hyde*, is said to be the first rolling and slitting mill erected in England, being founded by one Brindley, who went into Germany, and there "acted the part of a fool," until he had obtained a complete knowledge of all the machinery &c. used in the iron works of that kingdom. The *parish* is intersected by the Stour river and the Staffordshire and Worcestershire canal, and contains about 9000 acres of fertile land, and 1831 inhabitants. It



consists of two *manors*, viz. *Kinfare*, (including Compton, Dunsley, Iverley-hay, and Stourton Castle,) of which John Hodgetts Hodgetts Foley, Esq. M. P. of Prestwood, is lord; and *Whittington*, on the east side of the Stour, of which the Earl of Stamford is lord. These lords are likewise owners of most of the land; but here are a few small freeholders and copyholders, the latter of whom pay small chief rents, and a fine equal to two years' rent on the change of lord or tenant. On the south side of Kinfare-edge is a small plain covered with sand, where there are the remains of an ancient *encampment*, of an oblong form, 300 yards long and 200 broad, which tradition says was the work of the Danes; but Shaw imagines it to have been constructed by Wulfere, one of the Kings of Mercia;—Kin-raur, signifying in the Anglo-Saxon language, the *great edge* or ridge. Just below the camp appears a *tumulus*, surrounded by a narrow ditch, and supposed to cover the ashes of a Celtic warrior. Near it is a large stone of a square figure, two yards in height and four in circumference, but tapering towards the summit, on which there are two notches. It is called *Bastone*, or *Bolstone*. On the north side of the hill is a remarkable cavern, called *Meg-o-fox-hole*. The *Church* holds a lofty situation upon the same hill, on the west side of the village, and is an ancient fabric, dedicated to St. Peter. From the form of an arch over the principal window, Bishop Lyttleton supposed it to have been erected even prior to the Norman conquest; but the chapel adjoining the chancel, he ascribes to the time of Henry the third, when the Hamptons were lords here, and resided at Stourton castle. Here are some fragments of painted glass, and several antique monuments of the families of Grey, Hampton, Hodgett, Foley, and Talbot. The benefice is a *perpetual curacy*, vested in trustees, and now enjoyed by the Rev. Howell Davies. The lord of the manor, J. H. H. Foley, Esq. is impropriator of the tithes, and pays thereout the yearly sum of £13. 6s. 8d. to the officiating curate, who also receives the following yearly payments, viz. £5. 6d. 8d. from the Leather Sellers' Company of London, pursuant to the bequest of Wm. Moseley, in 1617; and £47, from a house at Shadwell, in Middlesex, and three small tenements at Kinfare.

The FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL of Kinfare, was endowed before the 13th of Elizabeth, but the date of its foundation is unknown. Of the benefactors of land, only two appear to be known, viz. *Wm. Vynsent*, in 1592, and *Roger Jeston*, in 1605. The yearly income now amounts to about £130, of which £6. 13s. 4d. is an annuity charged on the tithes of Kinver, in consideration of £50 left in 1595, by John Jorden; and £2. 13s. 4d. is paid by the Leather Sellers' Company of London, pursuant to the will of Wm. Moseley, in 1617. The rest arises from land and buildings in this parish. The school was rebuilt in 1819, after having lain dormant for several years, during which the

funds were employed in repairing the buildings on the school lands, and in erecting four new cottages. It is only free for the classics. The present master, the Rev. George Wharton, M. A. is allowed to take boarders.

Benefactions to the Poor:—In 1625, *Roger Jeston* left £5 a-year to be paid by the Haberdashers' Company of London. In 1624, £28 given by the *Jorden family*, was laid out in the purchase of two houses with gardens in Kinfare, now let for £13 a-year, including the rent of an allotment made at the enclosure in 1800. In 1649, *Thomas Keyghtley, Esq.* left a yearly rent charge of £5, out of land at Bromsgrove, to be distributed on St. Thomas's day amongst twenty aged poor. The sum of 50s. is paid yearly out of the Bible Meadow, to purchase bibles, testaments, and catechisms, pursuant to the bequest of the *Rev. Roger Kimberley*, in 1659. The yearly sum of £2. 16s. being the interest of £70, arising from the gift of *Robert Bird*, in 1689, is distributed in apprentice fees and donations to young women. Five cottages, with gardens to each, at Whittington, were derived from the gifts of *Longworth Crosse*, *Mary Newey*, *and others*, in 1717, and are now occupied, rent free, by poor families. In 1659, *George Brindley* gave 20s. to be distributed in bread out of the Burgage field. The poor have also 20s. yearly out of an estate at Dunsley, left by *John Grove*, in 1698; £2, from a house and garden at *Stourton*, left by *John Cook*, in 1770, and £2. 10s. as the interest of £50, bequeathed by *Margaret Comber*, in 1777. They also receive as their portion of *William Seabright's* charity, of Alveley, in Shropshire, £3. 7s. 4d. in bread, yearly.

Compton is a hamlet of scattered houses, 2 miles W. of Kinfare, near the borders of Shropshire.

Stourton Castle, nearly two miles N. of Kinfare, on the west bank of the Stour, is a venerable mansion, which has recently been repaired, and is now occupied by James Foster, Esq. an extensive iron-master. At an early period it was the property of the Hamptons, and Leland says, "I heard there was a Lord Storton, a baron of this Storton." It was fortified for the King at the commencement of the civil wars, but surrendered to the Parliament in 1644. The celebrated *Cardinal Pole* was born in this castle, in 1500. His descent was illustrious, being younger son of Lord Montague, (cousin german of Henry VII.) by Margaret, daughter of George Duke of Clarence, brother of Edward IV. He received many marks of royal favour from Henry VIII. but his court influence was of short duration; for having vigorously opposed the divorce of Catherine of Arragon, he became so obnoxious to the lascivious King, that he was obliged to seek shelter in Italy, where he wrote his celebrated piece, intituled "De Unitate Ecclesiastica," which so exasperated Henry, that he caused an act of attainder to be passed against him, which however was repealed when the



4 Parr Benj.
4 Parr Thos.
5 Pointer Thos.
2 Robins John
Roden Geo.
2 Savage Benj.
1 WhitehouseT.
5 Wilkes Jas.
Wilson Rd.
Hair Dressers.
Morgan Geo.
Mason Thos.
Joiners.
Butler Jas, (& builder)
Green Edw. (& wheelwright)
Millward Jph.
Maltsters.
2 Burgess Thos.
5 Dunn Wm.
Evans John
Hawkes Henry
Piper Mary
Skett Thomas
Painters, Plumbers, &c.
Adams Henry
Cooper John
Surgeons.
Coomb Wm.
Reeve John
Tailors.
Johnson Saml.
Perrens Wm.

Post and Carrier.—Benj. Field-house, (White Hart Inn,) to Stourbridge, 10 mng. ret. 4 aft. daily.

KINGSWINFORD PARISH.

Kingswinford, or Swinford Regis, is a small but pleasant village, with many neat houses, 3 miles W.S.W. of Dudley, and 7 miles S. of Wolverhampton. It gives name to a very extensive parish which comprises 7315 acres of land, and 15,156 inhabitants, though in 1801, they only amounted to 6464 souls, as has been seen at page 163. The greater portion of this immensely encreased population is at Brierley-hill, Wordsley, Brettell-lane, Brockmoor, Bromley, Delph, Shutt-end, and Wall-heath; besides which, there are in the parish about 20 smaller *hamlets* as enumerated at page 266. In these villages and hamlets, are many extensive *coal, iron, and glass works*, a wire mill, nine *potteries* of stone and coarse black ware, several large *brick and tile yards*, and a number of chain and nail manufacturers. The parish is divided into the "*First and Second Divisions*," which support their poor and repair the church and chapels of ease, conjointly. The *poor rates* amounted in 1830 to £5713; in 1831, to £5397; and in 1832, to £6006, out of which upwards of £500 per annum was paid to the county rates; and in the latter year, £263 was disbursed for the relief of cholera patients.—(Vide p. 223.) Since the year 1828, the *church rates* have amounted to about £800 a-year, of which about one-fourth was levied on the coal mines, and nearly two-thirds disbursed in the erection of the new church at Wordsley. The trustees of the late Earl Dudley are lords of the manor (which comprises the whole parish,) and owners of most of the soil; but J. H. H. Foley, Esq., Messrs. Homer, Dudley, and Briscoe, John Bradley and Co., John and Benjamin Gibbons, Diana Briscoe, W. S. Wheeley, John and Edward Addenbrooke and several smaller proprietors, have estates here. The '*wake*' or *feast* is held on the first Sunday after Sept. 19th.

King's Swinford derived the *regal* part of its name from its being an ancient demesne of the crown, and the latter part from *Sweyn*, the first *Danish King* of England, who conquered the *Anglo-Saxons, in the year 1010*. It was held by the crown

from the reign of William the Conqueror till that of King John, who gave it to Baron Dudley, in whose descendants it has ever since continued.—(Vide Himley and Dudley Castle.) By a CHARTER granted by Elizabeth, in 1567, and confirmed by Charles I., in 1630, the inhabitants of the parishes of Kingswinford and Clent enjoy several valuable privileges, as will be seen in the following copy of the confimatory charter, many hundred impressions of which have lately been printed and attested by the signatures of the parochial authorities, for the purpose of being carried by the inhabitants in their journies to distant markets, &c. as a proof of their immunities.

CHARTER FOR THE

Parishes of Kingswinford and Clent.

" *Staffordshire to wit.*—CHARLES by the grace of GOD of *England, Scotland, France* and *Ireland,* King, Defender of the Faith, &c. &c.—To all whom these Presents shall come Greeting.

" WE have seen the Enrolment of Certain *Letters Patent* of our Dear Sister ELIZABETH QUEEN OF ENGLAND bearing Date at WESTMINSTER, the 13*th* Day of June, in the 9*th* Year of her Reign.—To the Men and Tenants of the *Manors* of *Kingswinford* and *Chennet* alias *Clent,* in the *County* of *Stafford,* made and granted and in the FILES of our CHANCERY enrolled, and there remains upon Record in these Words.—THE QUEEN to all and singular *Justices, Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables, Ministers,* and to all other *Faithful Subjects* as well within Liberties as without, Greeting: Whereas according to the Custom of our Kingdom of England hitherto used and approved the *Men* and *Tenants* of ANCIENT DEMESNE of our Crown of ENGLAND of *Toll, Stallmoney, Highway-money, Bridge-money, Pitching-money, Walling-money, Standingmoney,* throughout our whole KINGDOM OF ENGLAND ought to be *Acquited* according to the CUSTOM aforesaid.—The Men and Tenants of our Ancient Demesne, of our Crown, ever hitherto *Time* whereof the Memory of Man is not to the Contrary have been accustomed from *Contributing* to the *Charge* of KNIGHTS of Parliament and of our PROGENITORS in time past—KINGS of the KINGDOM OF ENGLAND chosen and coming for their COUNTRIES, and also according to the Custom aforesaid.—The Men and Tenants of the Manors which are of Ancient Demesne of our Crown, ought not to be sworn at ASSIZES or put upon *Recognizances,* unless it be in their own *Manors* for the *Land* they hold of the same Demesne, and that the *Manors* of KINGSWINFORD and CLENT within the *County* of *Stafford* are Ancient Demesne of the CROWN of ENGLAND by a certain Certificate unto *Lord Henry* the 8th, late KING OF ENGLAND our most dear Father, and by his Appointment put into his Chancery and amongst the Files of our Chancery and remains upon Record to us it does appear.—You and every of you, we do Authorise and Command, that ye suffer all the singular, Men and Tenants of the *Parishes* of *Kingswinford* and *Clent* and every of them to be QUIT OF ALL PAYMENTS OF TOLL, *Stall-money, Highway-money, Bridge-money, Pitching-money, Walling-money, Standing-money,* and from the Expences of Knights of the PARLIAMENT, and that ye put not the Men and Tenants of the said *Manors* or either of them, to be sworn in ASSIZES or upon any *Recognizances,* but upon such as ought to be in the Courts of the same MANORS or either of them, contrary to the aforesaid Custom; and if YE have done any damage to Them by these Occasions, without DELAY see that ye RELEASE THEM.

"*IN WITNESS* whereof at WESTMINSTER the 13th day of June, in the 9*th* Year of her Reign.—*WE* admit of the Enrolment of the aforesaid LETTE. S PA-

TENT, at the Request of *William Bendy* and others the Inhabitants of the MANORS of *Kingswinford* and *Clent* aforesaid, and have caused to be Exemplified by these Presents."

"IN WITNESS whereof these our LETTERS we have made PATENT, Witness our SEAL at *Westminster* the 3rd Day of November in the 5th Year of our Reign."

"*WE the Ministers, and Churchwardens and Overseers of* Kingswinford, *do believe the above to be a TRUE COPY OF THE CHARTER granted to the Tenants of our Manor, and those of* Clent." [Here follow the Signatures]

In pursuance of this charter, the inhabitants of Kingswinford and Clent parishes are allowed their exemption from toll in all the neighbouring markets; but when at a distance, they sometimes pay, rather than waste the time and money that would be required in proving their immunities before a magistrate. They are not, however, so fortunate as it respects "highway money and bridge money," as the highway and county rates are levied, the former wholly, and the latter partly, by themselves; nor does their charter imply that they should be exempt from making and repairing *their own* roads and bridges, but that they should be exempt from contributing towards those of other districts, either in the shape of toll or otherwise.

In the *village of Kingswinford*, encompassed by lofty walls, stands *Bradley Hall*, an ancient half-timbered house, with gable ends, transom windows, and other grotesque features of 1596, which date appears on its front. To the west is the pleasant eminence called *Summer Hill*, where there are several good modern houses; and at a short distance is *Ashwood*, an excellent house erected by Lord Dudley, and formerly occupied by Sir Joseph Scott.

Upon *Ashwood Heath* (now enclosed,) appear the remains of a *Roman camp* of considerable extent, but surrounded only by a single ditch, which shews it to have been only a temporary post. The *tumuli* on Barrow hill, which now seem to be entirely formed of solid rock, are supposed, by Plott, to have been brought into that condition by the action of subterranean heat. Eastward from the village is *Holbeach*, the place where Stephen Lyttleton, and others concerned in the *Gunpowder Plot*, were taken in 1605. About half a mile to the south is *Shutt end*, a venerable structure, the seat of the Bendys for many generations; and beyond it is *Corbyn's Hall*, which took its name from its former owners. On the banks of the river Stour, and the Staffordshire and Worcestershire canal, about two miles S.S.W. of Kingswinford, is PRESTWOOD HOUSE, formerly the seat of the Hon. Edw. Foley, and now of Jno. H. Hodgetts Foley, Esq. M.P. It is a handsome Gothic mansion, placed on the site of one more ancient, built by Sir John Lyttleton, of which the gateway still remains, forming a very picturesque appendage *to the present residence*. The surrounding pleasure



grounds exhibit a most delightful variety of hill and dale, wood and water, effected chiefly by the hand of nature.

Kingswinford CHURCH, dedicated to St. Mary, is an ancient fabric, surmounted by a massive tower, and containing several monumental inscriptions of the families of Corbyn, Scott, Hodgett, and Bendy.* It has lately been thoroughly repaired, the windows decorated with stained glass, and the exterior covered with plaster, so that it has now a neat and clean appearance.—It is, however, much too small for the greatly increased population of the parish; but its place is now partly supplied by a spacious and handsome *new Church*, erected a few years ago at Wordsley, a modern village one mile to the south; besides which there is in the parish another chapel of ease at Brierley Hill. The *rectory* is valued in the King's books at £17. 13s. 4d. The trustees of Earl Dudley are the patrons, and the Rev. W. H. Cartwright the incumbent. There are in the parish nine *dissenting places of worship*, viz. three Wesleyan chapels, at Bromley, Brierley Hill, and Mount Pleasant; three Primitive Methodist chapels, at Quarry Bank, Brierley Hill, and Shutt-end; and three Independent chapels, at Wordsley, Hart's Hill, and Brockmoor, the latter of which was built in 1827. About 1200 children attend the various *Sunday-schools* attached to the churches and chapels; and about 80 boys, and as many girls, are educated at the *National school*, which was built in 1821, by Viscount Dudley and Ward, as a church Sunday school, but established as a day school in 1829, under the patronage of the late Earl Dudley. The *school house at Brierley Hill*, was left in 1701, by the Rev. Francis Ashinhurst; but the parishioners have for many years suffered a family of the name of Ward to occupy it rent free, and without teaching a school there, so that they now claim it as their own property. The old *alms-houses near Ashwood*, have belonged to the parish from an early period, and are supposed to have been derived from the Hodgett family. They consist of six cottages, which have long been in a ruinous condition, being suffered to go to decay, and to be occupied by any person who could get possession of them. The poor parishioners have several BENEFACTIONS, amounting to the following yearly sums:—£16 from two allotments on Ashwood Hay, given at the enclosure in 1776, in lieu of land left by Eliz. Dancer and John Hodgetts; 40s. from the church-wardens, as the interest of £40 left by Edward Molyneux; and £2. 10s. out of the poor rates, as the interest of £50 left by Ann Dudley, in 1784, and paid to the overseers in 1809. Several other charities to this parish are lost.

* Among the monuments in Kingswinford church is a plain stone, erected by Joseph Scott, Esq. and his wife, in memory of Mary Harrison, a faithful servant, who had served them 30 years, and conducted herself with such integrity and anxiety for her master's interests, as drew from him the beautiful poetic effusion which forms her epitaph; and we hope that every servant who reads it will endeavour to deserve a similar eulogium.

AUDNAM, a hamlet on the Wolverhampton road, 1¼ mile N. by W. of Stourbridge, where there are bottle and flint glass works.

BRETTELL LANE, on the Dudley road, one mile N. of Stourbridge, is a long village, with two coarse potteries, a flint glass house, and several iron works.

BRIERLEY HILL, 1½ mile N. of Stourbridge, and two miles S.S.E. of Kingswinford, is a populous village and chapelry, consisting of several streets, and having in its vicinity extensive coal, iron, and glass works. It enjoys the benefit of the same canal, and strata of coal, iron, and clay, as its neighbour, Amblecoat, (see p. 245.) By an old deed, it appears that coal and ironstone were got here as early as the 46th of Edward III. (1373.) The *main coal* is about ten yards thick. The *chapel of ease* is a neat brick edifice, erected by subscription about 1767, and has 900 sittings, of which 388 are free. The rector of Kingswinford is the patron, and the Rev. Robert Harris the officiating curate. The first minister here was the *Rev. Thos. Moss, B.A.* author of the elegant little poem called the "Beggar's Petition," but he afterwards removed to Trentham, as domestic chaplain to the Marquis of Stafford.

BROCKMOOR is a straggling village ¼ m. N. of the above.

BROMLEY and COMMON SIDE are two adjoining villages, two miles S.W. by S. of Dudley, near *Pensnet Chase*, where there is a saline spring.

DELPH, 3 miles S. by W. of Dudley, is a village on the canal, where there is a rise of nine locks. Here are many nail makers, and a large fire brick manufactory.

MOUNT PLEASANT and CRIER'S PLAIN form a scattered village, 3 miles S. of Dudley; and near them are the hamlets of *Quarry Bank* and *Thornes*.

SHUTT END district has several coal and iron works, and the village of TANSY GREEN, 2 miles S.W. of Dudley.

WALL HEATH is a scattered village, with a large spade and shovel manufactory, 4 miles W. of Dudley, and one mile N.W. of Kingswinford.

WORDSLEY, on the Stourbridge road, nearly a mile S. of Kingswinford, is a large modern village, with a spacious and handsome CHURCH, lately erected at the cost of several thousand pounds, raised partly by subscription and loan, and partly by parochial assessment; upwards of £500 per annum having been paid out of the church rates, since the year 1828, as interest of the money borrowed, and for other expenses incurred by this edifice, which is now considered as the parish church, the old one, at Kingswinford, being too small for the present wants of this populous district. Here are two flint glass manufactories, one of which (Messrs. Webb and Richardson's) is said to be the oldest in the county.

POST OFFICE [redacted]homas Lee's, Brierley Hill. The Mail from London, Birmingham, &c. arrives at 10 mng. and is despatched at 4 aft. A Mail Gig from Stourbridge by Dudley, to Wolverhampton, at 3, and returns at 10 mng.

In the following DIRECTORY OF KINGSWINFORD PARISH, *those marked* 1 *reside at Audnam,* 2 *Brettell Lane,* 3 *Brierley Hill,* 4 *Brockmoor,* 5 *Brockmoor Bridge,* 6 *Bromley,* 7 *Bromley Lane,* 8 *Buckpool,* 9 *Common Side,* 10 *Delph,* 11 *Harts Hill,* 12 *Kingswinford,* 13 *Level,* 14 *Leys,* 15 *Mill Lane,* 16 *Moor Lane,* 17 *Mount Pleasant,* 18 *Pensnet,* 19 *Quarry Bank,* 20 *Shutt End,* 21 *Stallings,* 22 *Tansy Green,* 23 *Thorns,* 24 *Town End,* 25 *Wall Heath,* 26 *Wordsley,* 27 *Wordsley Dock, and* 28 *at Prestwood.*

24 Addenbrooke Edw. iron master
6 Attwood W. miner
6 Banks Rd. miner
3 Bartlet Wm. pipe maker
26 Bassano Rev. Jno. (Ind. min.)
3 Bent John, agent
12 Bissell Mrs. Esther
8 Bond Mr. Joseph
3 Bowman George, clothes dealer
12 Bradley Mrs. E.
Briscoe Saml. Stone, Esq. Fir tree house
Briscoe Mrs. Diana, gent. Summer hill
Cartwright Rev. W. H. curate, Bromley
3 Cole Wm. supervisor
Cope Thos. Bill, agt. Copy lane
Cope Wm. Hy. glass mfr. Holbatch
3 Cresswell Josh. agt.
24 Davies Rev. Edw. curate
Davies Thomas, coal master; h. Summer hill
2 Davis John, glass mfr.
1 Deeley Ed. bookpr.
Dixon Edward, Esq. Ashwood house
Dudley Miss Anna Maria
Dudley John & Walter, iron masters; *h. Tiled house*
10 Eades John, fire brick mnfr.
15 Eades Mr. W.
20 Farmer John, agt.
13 Fellows Thos. agt.
26 Firmstone, Mrs. Sarah
Firmstone Geo. iron master; h. Stand hills
Foley John Hodgetts Hodgetts, Esq. M.P. Prestwood house
3 Forest Mr. John
Foster William, Esq. Wordsley house
Gibbons John, iron master, Corbyn's lodge
20 Gibbons Mr. Wm.
3 Gill Eli, currier
1 Glazebrook Mrs. Mary Ann
1 Glazebrook Wm. glass mnfr.
8 Green Rt. bookpr.
3 Greenfield Mary, confectioner
20 Hall Hy. bookpr.
3 Harris Rev. Robt. curate
Hassall Mr. Samuel, Summer hill
3 Hitchman Thomas, saddler
3 Hutchinson Ann, midwife
3 Hutchinson Rev. Jno. (Prim. Meth.)
26 Jefcoate Mr. Thos.
Jones Jph. gov. of workhs. and assist. overseer
Jones J. jun. Lays works
2 Jones Rd. bailiff
Matthews Wm. iron master, Corbyn's hall
12 Murcott Jno. bookkeeper
2 Neard Benet. agent
3 Onions W. fruiterer
26 Pargeter Mrs. Eliz.
10 Pargeter Wm. nail mfr. &c.
13 Pearson Ts. coach proprietor
1 Pidcock Mrs. Eliz.
26 Richardson Benj. glass mfr.
26 Richardson Wm. Haden, glass mfr.
16 Rider John, glass mfr.
25 Robinson Jph. mfr. of scythes, spades, shovels, &c.
3 Robinson Wm. engineer
3 Segar Mrs. ——
16 Silvers Jph. glass mfr.
23 Skidmore Henry Parkes, nail ironmonger
23 Skidmore Miss Mary
2 Smith & Sons, mfrs. of Roman cement and orntl. chimney pipes, &c.
3 Stinson Benjamin, spirit mercht.; Jas. Lee, agent
3 Stevens Mr. Wm.
3 Storer John, dispenser of medicine
25 Taylor Thomas & Gretton, mfrs. of

scythes & hay & straw knives, and dlrs. in bellows, anvils, &c.)
3 Toulinson Mr. Ts.
2 Turley Mr. James
3 Wathew Mr. Rd.
26 Weston Mrs. M.
16 Westwood Ewd. glass mfr.
3 Whitehouse John, farrier
12 Wight Mr. Thos.
2 Williams Rd. agent
20 Woodcock Chas. bookpr.

Academies.
*Marked * take bdrs.*
3 Chevasse Anna
* 6 Crane Wm. M.
3 Dancer Eliza
3 Geary John
* 12 Horton Henry
* 12 Perrins Eliza
12 National, Josephus & Margt. Lilley
* 12 Stringer Misses
* 25 Weller Mary

Blacksmiths.
26 Billingham Saml.
25 Bowler John
24 Bowler Thomas
20 Gilbert Joseph
24 Jones John
27 Jordan John
13 Pitt Edward
7 Smith Levi
2 Westwood Francis
7 Westwood John

Boatbuilders.
5 Partridge Wm.
27 Webb Joseph

Boiler and Gasometer makers.
2 Horton Joshua, (& sugar & salt pans, canal boats, &c.)
3 Pearsall Ann & Son

Boot & Shoe makers.
9 Batham John
3 Cooper Benjamin
3 Cooper William
3 Elcock Richard
4 Gill William
2 Guest Edward
3 Jackson Joseph
3 James John
3 Jeffries Thomas
12 Jones John
5 Porter William
3 Price John
3 Richards John
3 Russell James
3 Southall John
24 Wall Joseph
26 Watkins Edward

Braziers, Tinmen, & Ironmongers.
3 Cook William
3 Siviter Samuel

Bricklayers.
2 Guest James
18 Hartland Abm.
25 Weller John
7 White Silas

Brick & Tile makers.
6 Hanley & Millward
10 Hughes and Eades (fire)
9 Hughes Thomas; h. Green lane
12 Hughes William
14 North Ed. Parsons (blue tile)
3 Pearson Thomas
5 Porter John
2 Smith and Sons
17 Ward James
2 Wassall George
16 Wassall Levi
9 Wassall Rd. & Ths.

Butchers.
3 Ashton James
10 Atwood Charles
9 Blewitt Joseph
4 Caddick Thomas
2 Corbett John
2 Hancox Joseph
3 Hancox Jph. Cox
3 Higgs James
17 Higgs Thomas
12 Hillman Elijah
4 Hingley Joseph
6 Jones Richard
3 Pagett James
3 Pagett Mark
4 Plant Thomas
3 Sriven Sar. (pork)
3 Siddons Henry
3 Skelding Martha
7 Southall William
26 Webb John
26 Webb Thomas
2 Webb Thomas
2 Webb William

Chain manufacturers.
3 Horton Jsha. (cable)
26 Parkes Benjamin
3 Parkes Jas. & John, (cable and traces)

Coopers.
12 Edmands George
3 Guttery George
12 Ireland John
26 Lee Aaron

Corn Millers & dlrs.
3 Beckley Benj. (dlr.)
3 Dugard Jno. (dlr.)
25 Meredith William
26 Parrish Jno. & Co.
5 Pearson John
2 Smith and Sons

Earthenware mnfrs. (*Stone & coarse black.*)
3 Barnbrook John
2 Edge Samuel
16 Evans Richard
3 Green Benjamin
23 Onions John
23 Read William
2 Smith and Sons
3 Southall Ts. (dlr.)
Stinson Jph. Ravensitch
3 Westwood, Moors, & Rider, (stone)

Farmers.
28 Beddard John
26 Burrows John
28 Corbets James
21 Cox William
Giles Geo. Ashwood lodge
1 Glazebrook Chas.
2 Griffiths John
21 Lee Richard
22 Parker John
26 Parrish Jno. & Co.
Salter Geo. Ashwood
25 Taylor Thomas
6 Thomas Roger
22 Timmins Thomas
6 Westwood Richard
Wilson John, Hollies

GLASS MANFRS.
*Marked * are Bottle mfrs. & the others mnfr. Plain and Cut Flint Glass.*
Glazebrook Mich. & Wm. Audman



* Hill, Hampton, & Co. Colbourn brook
Littlewood Thos. Colbourn brook
* Pidcock, Cope, and Co. Dial works
Shepherd and Webb, Whitehouse works
3 Silvers, Mills, and Stevens
Webb & Richardsons, Wordsley
3* Westwood, Moors, and Rider
Wheeley and Davis, Brettell lane

Glass Cutters.

26 Parrish Jno. & Co.
2 Parrish Thomas
15 Thompson James

Grocers & Provn. dlrs.

3 Bate Joseph
3 Beckett Jno. Atkins
3 Bradshaw Ellis
3 Dugard John
18 Machin John
3 Parkes John
26 Pearsall William (and druggist)
3 Storer William (& druggist)
3 Thomings Ann

INNS & TAVERNS.

3 Bell, Thos. Mees
23 Blue Ball, John Sidaway
Board, Richd. Evans, Hinksford
7 Board, Mary Jones
Board, Lucy Talbot, Cradley forge
8 Boat, Thos. Cook
16 Bottle, Benjamin Holloway
10 Britannia, W. Lea
5 Bull's Head, Wm. Sansom
9 Bush, Wm. Stokes
26 Cat and Cushion, Margaret Gritton
26 Cottage of Content, Benjamin Parkes
5 Cross, Isaac Mullet
24 Cross, My. Gretton
4 Cross Keys, Wm. Gill
2 Crown, Francis Westwood
4 Crown and Anchor, John Westwood
10 Duke William, David Higgs
12 Earl Dudley's Court House, Wm. Fletcher
2 Foley's Arms, Jno. Webb
3 Fortune of War, William James
20 Four Furnaces, Sobeaske Jukes
18 Fox and Grapes, Abraham Hartland
3 Horse Shoe, Ann Pearsall
2 King's Arms, Jno. Smith
26 King's Head, Hannah Sutton
9 King's Head, Mary Turley
26 Leopard, John Edwards
1 Marquis of Granby, Henry Moody
3 Mouth of the Nile, James Pagett
3 New Inn, Richard Tomkinson
26 New Inn, William Darby
13 Old Bush, Benj. Greenfield
4 Old Bush, James Armstrong
16 Old Bush, John Farmer
13 Queen's Head, Edward Pitt
2 Red Lion, James Pagett
1 Rose and Crown, Joseph Tomkiss
26 Rose and Crown James Wellings
3 Round Oak, Henry Husselbee
26 Royal Oak, Edw. Paskin
15 Seven Dwellings, James Thompson
25 Seven Stars, Thos. Gorton
3 Star, Saml Thompson
4 Sun, Thos. Sower, (& brass founder)
8 Swan, Rd. Cooper
16 Swan, William Richards
2 Talbot, Benjamin Wellings
22 Tansy Green Inn, James Hadduck
13 Three Furnaces, Edw. Oakes
1 Turk's Head, Saml. Hammond
3 Waterloo, Joseph Leech
26 Wheat Sheaf, John Darby
10 Wheat Sheaf, Jas. Tart
3 Whimsey, Isaiah Dawes
26 White Hart, Thos. Weaver

BEERHOUSES (58.)

2 Adams John
25 Allen Joseph
3 Baker William
4 Bate James
6 Beddard John
9 Brecknell Richard
18 Beech Jeremiah
3 Cartwright Joseph
5 Christopher James
1 Dancer John
11 Davis Joseph
3 Dean Elizabeth
10 Elwell Isaac
16 Fennell John
10 Green James
2 Guest James
19 Hadlington Wm.
6 Hall John, (and fruiterer)
9 Hanley James
19 Hill Thomas
3 Holt John
3 Holt John
24 Hughes Aaron
12 Inston Charles
17 Jervis William
2 Jones Joseph
9 Jukes Thomas
3 Lloyd David
18 Massey William
3 Meese William
16 Mobberley Wm

2 Narwood James
4 Parker Isaiah
3 Parkes James
3 Pearson John
3 Pearson Thomas Perry Jno. Caledonia
5 Price William
2 Rider Benjamin
16 Rider Michael
3 Rowley Edward
10 Scriven Richard
22 Swift Thomas
19 Thomings Samuel,
22 Turner Samuel
24 Wall Joseph
2 Wassall George
9 Wassall Thomas
26 Watkins Edward
3 Weston Richard
4 Whitaker Solomon
16 Wood Ann
4 Wood Edward
8 Wood John
14 Wood Littleton
14 Wood Thomas
3 Woodcock Sarah
26 Young Christopher

IRON GATES, HURDLES, &c. MFRS.

3 Hill Edward
3 Mees Thos. (& pallisades, balconies, verandas, racks, rollers, piping, tin ware, &c.)

IRON AND COAL MASTERS.

*Marked * are mfrs. of bar, rod, sheet, &c. † pig & castings, & ‡ are coal masters.*

3 Bailey Wm. & Co. (founders)
† ‡ Bradley John Co. Shutt end
* Bradley John & Co. Brockmoor & Brettell lane
3 * British Iron Co.
6 ‡ Dixon Edward
23 ‡ Eades John
† ‡ Firmstone Wm. & Geo. Leys furnaces
13 * Gibbons Benj. jun. & Co.
20 † Gibbons John & Benjamin
*† Glazebrook Mich. & Wm. Netherton
20 ‡ Homer, Dudley, & Briscoe, Birds leasowes
* Horton Danl. & Geo. Leys works
13 † Izons & Co.
† ‡ Matthews & Dudley, Corbyn's hall works
* † Wheeley John & Co. Red Lead and Bromley works

Joiners and Builders.

3 Bent Danl. (cabt. mkr. & upholsterer)
10 Drake Robert
3 Guttery John
3 Holmes Robert
12 Inston Charles
26 Northwood Fredk.
2 Smallman William
2 Smith John
13 Stephens Seth.
27 Webb Benjamin

Linen and Woollen Drapers.

3 Harrop Hannah
3 Petford Jason
3 Thomings Ann
3 Wathew and Co.

Maltsters.

25 Bannister Jesse, (& lime burner)
3 Beckley Benjamin
26 Cook George
17 Darby Joseph
10 Higgs David
12 Hughes William
10 Pargeter & Skidmore
26 Parrish John & Co.
23 Paskin Edward
Pearson John, (and porter merchant)

Hollies

3 Pearson Noah
2 Smith James
24 Taylor Rd. Bradley Hall
2 Wassall George
26 Webb John
26 Webb Thomas
26 Webb William

NAIL MFRS.

Dudley Rt. Summer hill
3 Eades Thomas
10 Pargeter & Skidmore
23 Webb Thos. and Richard

Plumbers, Glaziers, and Painters.

3 Higgs Joseph
24 Jones James
3 Morton Joseph
Perry Jno. Caledonia
19 Thomings Samuel
26 Webb Richard
11 Wright Joseph

Shopkeepers & Flour Dealers.

17 Baggott Job
3 Baggott Joseph
9 Baker Benjamin
3 Beckley Daniel
18 Collins James
3 Deeley George, (& baker)
3 Fothergill Edward
2 Hancox Joseph
3 Hancox Jph. Cox
12 Hand William
10 Harley William
10 Higgs David
22 Lench Joseph
26 Matthews Joseph
26 Northwood Fredk.
2 Pagett Mary Ann
3 Parkes Sarah
4 Pearson William
5 Porter John
9 Silvers Joseph
3 Stevens Adam
4 Thomas George

Surgeons.

17 Berryman Cecil
3 Cartwright John Talbot
24 Ireland John
3 Monteith George
3 Stanton Peter

Tailors.

3 Holds John
2 Page James
24 Webb Thomas
26 Willetts James

Timber Merchants.

10 Pearson Oliver
5 Round William



27 Webb Joseph
Wheelwrights.
9 Brecknell Richard
23 Preece Francis
2 Smith John
26 White William

COACH—*The Wolverhampton, Wed. 7. Not* to Dudley and Birmingham, from the New Inn, Brierley hill, daily, except Wed. at 9 mg. arr. at ½ p. 7 evng. and to Stourbridge & Wolverhampton, Wed. 7. mg. arr. at ½ p. 6 evg.

Carrier by Water.—Wm. Price, Br[illegible]moor bridge to M[illegible]chester, Liverpool, Gloucester, &c.

PATTESHULL, or *Patshull*, anciently called *Peccleshala*, is a small village and parish, containing 132 inhabitants, and occupying (with Pattingham on the south) a sort of promontory of Staffordshire, which projects a considerable way into Shropshire, 6 miles W. by N. of Wolverhampton. The *Hall* and *park*, comprising 341 acres, are highly picturesque, and art has been successfully employed in embellishing the beauties of nature. The mansion is very extensive, and is adorned in front by a delightful serpentine expanse of water, called Snowdon Pool. This beautiful seat of Sir George Pigot, Bart. was sold by Sir John Astley, with the adjacent estate of Pattingham, for £100,000, to the late Lord Pigot, "whose celebrated diamond paid for it." The *Church*, dedicated to St. Peter, is an elegant Grecian fabric, built by Sir John Astley, to whose memory it has a noble tomb, bearing recumbent effigies of himself and his lady. Here is another tomb to the memory of Sir Richard Astley, who is represented in *basso relievo* at the head of a squadron of horse, with the figures of his two wives placed on pedestals at each end of the monument. The living is annexed to the vicarage of Pattingham, and is in the patronage of Sir George Pigot, the lord and sole proprietor of the manor, nearly all of which is in his own occupation, the only tenants being a few cottagers, and Thomas Whistons, a publican, who keeps the sign of the "Pigot's Arms."

PATTINGHAM is a neat and pleasant village, 6 miles W. of Wolverhampton. The parish consists of two townships, viz. *Pattingham*, containing 2500 acres and 817 inhabitants; and *Rudge*, comprising 1000 acres and 124 inhabitants. The latter is in Shropshire. As has just been seen, this parish adjoins Patteshull, and acknowledges the same lord of the manor, Sir George Pigot, who is likewise owner of most of the soil, and patron of the *vicarage*, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. Rd. Thursfield. The *Church* is a neat Gothic structure, dedicated to St. Chad. It was repaired and new pewed about 20 years ago, and near it is a venerable stone cross and a good vicarage house. The tower is of a pyramidical form. Pattingham is supposed to be a very ancient place, from the circumstance of several Roman relics having been found there at different periods, particularly a valuable gold *torques*, (four feet in length,) discovered in 1700, and a gold ingot found in 1780.

The Lands held in trust for the repair of the church, consist

of four fields at Muswall Brook, containing 17A. 0R. 36P., let for £43 per annum; and two fields at Newgate, containing 3A. 2R. 26P., let for £10 per annum. On this land there are seven cottages, two of which are let for £3 a year each, and the others are occupied by paupers. The earliest trace of this property is a surrender to new trustees, in the manor court, held in 1582. The *Poor's Land, &c.* consists of 3A. 2R. 36P., let for £10; and five cottages occupied by paupers. This property was received at the enclosure, in exchange for other land, &c. of which the earliest trace in the manor court is in 1609. The yearly sum of 30s. is paid out of the poor rates, as the interest of John Perry and Mary Taylor's benefactions.

The *Free School* was built on the Poor's land in 1702, and endowed in 1725 and 1736, by Edward Devy and others, with 2A. 3R. 24P. of land, which at the enclosure was exchanged for an allotment of 2A. 2R. 3P., let in 1823 at the high rent of £15. 4s. 6d. The school was rebuilt by subscription in 1831, and is now conducted on the National plan, for the education of about 100 children, aided by annual contributions.

NURTON is a hamlet in Pattingham township, 5 miles W. of Wolverhampton.

In the following Directory of Pattingham township, those marked 1 *are at Great Moor,* 2 *at Nurton, and* 3 *at Westbeach.*

Brawn Charles, tailor
2 Finney Francis, corn miller
Grant Thomas, saddler
Hill Mr. Edward
3 Hilton Mr. John
Patten John, shoemaker
Pauton Thomas, corn miller
Sparrow William, gent.
Thurstans Samuel, maltster
Thursfield Rev. Richard, vicar

INNS AND TAVERNS.

King's Arms, Hy. Matthews
Reebuck, Charles Owen

Beer Houses.

Finney Wm.
Miles Thomas

Academics.

Jukes, S. C. (ladies bdg.)
National, Henry Richards and Mrgt. Latham

Blacksmiths.

Harper Thomas
Newton John

Butchers.

Cartwright Ts.
Owen John

Farmers.

Barker Samuel
2 Bate John
Callum Cphr.
2 Cureton Ts.
1 Faulkner Stp.
1 Holden Wm.
3 Law William
2 Matthews Bj.
Offley Jonas, *Clive*
1 Offley James
2 Ridley John
2 Simmons Hy.
2 Simmons Mary

Shopkeepers.

Farmer Thos.
Finney George
Lane John
Tomkins John

Wheelwrights.

Bentley John
Hyde Thomas
Ridley Edward
Thorpe Thos. (joiner)

Carrier.—Sar. Davies, to Wolverhampton, on Mon. Wed. and Friday.

PENN is a large parish, comprising the two townships and villages of *Upper and Lower Penn*; in the former of which there are 630 inhabitants, and in the latter 233. (Vide p. 163.) The Duke of Sutherland is lord of the manor, and owner of a large portion of the soil. The rest belongs mostly to the following resident freeholders, viz. Wm. Bradney Pershouse, Esq. of Penn Hall; the Rev. Wm. Dalton, of *Lloyd House*, (in old deeds called the Luyd or Lyde;) Wm. Thacker, Esq. of *Smithall Hall;* and Mrs. Sarah Bate, of Upper Penn, which

is a large and pleasant village on the Stourbridge road, 2 miles S. W. by S. of Wolverhampton, containing Penn Hall, and several other neat mansions, and commanding extensive prospects of the surrounding country. The *Church*, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, was repaired in 1765, when the tower of brick was erected; and again in 1799, when the chancel was rebuilt of brick at the joint expense of Mrs. Ellen Pershouse, and Richard Bayley Marsh, Esq., heirs of the late Thomas Bradney, Esq. The living is a *vicarage* in the gift of the Bishop of Lichfield, and incumbency of the Rev. George Augustus Thursby, of London, whose son is the officiating minister. The *parish feast* is on the Sunday after Old Bartholomew's day.

Lower Penn is a small irregularly built village, near the canal, 2 miles W. of Upper Penn, and nearly 4 miles W. S. W. of Wolverhampton.

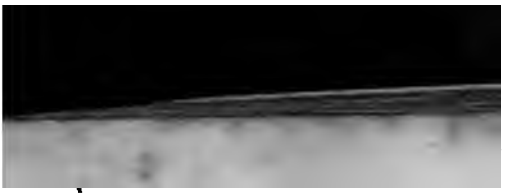
The Free School *at Lower Penn*, is endowed with a clear yearly income of £104. 7s. 10d., for which the master educates all the poor children of the parish, and gives to each of them on quitting the school, a bible and prayer book, provided they have remained long enough to be able to read. Of this income, £94. 7s. 10d. arises from 75 acres of land, with a farm-house, &c. at Edvinloach, bequeathed in 1669, by the Rev. Charles Wynn, for the education of poor children, and to buy them bibles. The remaining £10 is a rent charge out of an estate at Penn, left in 1747, by Dr. Raphael Sedgwick.

Sedgwick's Alms-houses, *at Upper Penn*:—Dr. Sedgwick just mentioned, also charged his estate at Penn with the payment of £25 per annum to five alms-people, and with the cost of erecting and keeping in repair five alms-houses, agreeable to the will of his late wife, Ann Sedgwick, dated 1728. The testator died in 1747, and his charity was to have commenced four years afterwards; but it was not till a decretal order had been obtained in Chancery, in 1760, against Mr. Bradney, (on whom the estate devolved,) that he commenced the erection of the present alms-houses. Mr. B. was also compelled to pay eight years and nine months' arrears, amounting to £218. 15s., which, with an accumulation of interest, was afterwards laid out in the purchase of £464. 19s. 1d. three per cent consolidated annuities, the dividends of which have swelled the yearly stipends of the five alms-people to £7. 15s. 6d. each. The estate charged with Sedgwick's annuities, now belongs to W. B. Pershouse, Esq. of *Penn Hall*, and the Rev. Wm. Dalton, of *Lloyd House*.

The poor have the following yearly doles, viz. £2, left by Richard Evans, out of a farm-house at Penn, then belonging to Lord Dudley; and £6 from two closes called the Poor's Land, and Dead Lad's Grave Piece.

PENN (LOWER.)

Barlow Ann, day school { Dalton Rev. Wm. Lloyd house
Holmes Jph. vict. Pershouse Arms



[illegible] Edw. Free schoolmaster
[illegible]mas Wm. road surveyor, Langley
Vaughan Thomas, blacksmith

FARMERS.

Beddard Jph. (& maltster)
Hancox Richard
Harris John, Grange
Jones Wm., New house
Jones Wm. jun. Bills
Jordan Wm., Stubbs
Kettley Wm., Langley
Miller John, (& miller)
Perry Wm. Lloyd farm
Southwick Phœbe, Pool hall
Thurstans Thomas
York Thomas, (& maltster)

PENN (UPPER.)

Marked 1 *are at Penn Wood.*

Baddeley Jph. joiner
Bate Mrs. Lucy & Mr. Joseph
Beddard Joseph, blacksmith
Corser Miss Frances
Cotterell Mr. Isaac
Deakin Mr. Phillips
1 Fereday Joseph, maltster
Hayward Charles, butcher
1 Jones Evan, maltster
Jordan Lieutenant Edward
Lakin Sophia, hatter
Mott Mrs. Jane
Pershouse Wm. B. Esq. Penn hall
1 Powell Wm. maltster
Roden Joseph, shoemaker
Row John, wheelwright
Smallwood Fras. Wood, gent.
Thacker Wm. solr. Muchall hall
Thursby Rev. Henry, curate
Vardy James, merchant

FARMERS.

Bate Sarah, Lessowes
Holles Richard
Jenks Thomas
Shepherd Joseph, Muchall
Tandy Edward, (& horse dealer)
Thurstans Eliz. Finch field

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Fox & Goose, Henry Smith
Old Holly Bush, Thomas Davies
Roe Buck, John Hancox
Rose & Crown, Leah Cotterell
Stag's Head, Thomas Nicholls

ROWLEY REGIS parish forms a peninsulated promontory of the Seisdon Hundred, stretching between two detached portions of Worcestershire and Shropshire, near Dudley and Hales-Owen; and consisting of an extensive range of hills, terminated by several lofty peaks or summits of perpendicular rock, one of which, called the *Hail-stone*, or *Turner's hill*, is an object of considerable attraction, as it commands extensive views of the surrounding country. The base of the largest of these hills is a singular species of quartzose stone, of the basaltic kind, but devoid of grit, and not at all calcareous; it is commonly called Rowley Rag-stone. The parish of Rowley Regis forms part of the great barony of Dudley, and contains 7438 inhabitants, and 3550 acres of land, of which the executors of the late Earl Dudley are lords and owners, and hold a court leet here in October. It comprises the large but indifferently built *village of Rowley*, seated in the declivities of a lofty hill, 2¼ miles S.E. of Dudley, and about 20 small hamlets, enumerated at page 277; all of which maintain their poor conjointly, and are occupied chiefly by *nailers;* but the British Iron Company have extensive *iron and steel works* at Corngreaves; and at Cradley, Mr. Samuel Evers has a large manufactory of bar iron, wire rods, &c. In pulling down a stone wall at Rowley, in 1794, *there was found* concealed in it, an earthen pot, of a *globular form, which* contained about 1200 Roman silver coins

of 40 different sorts, many of them fine impressions of the Roman emperors, Galba and Otho. The parish CHURCH, at the head of the village, is only remarkable for the deformity and barbarous taste of its construction. It is dedicated to St. Giles, and is in the diocese of Worcester. The benefice is in the patronage of the Crown, and is annexed to the vicarage of Clent, (see page 252.) The Wesleyans and the Baptists have each a chapel at Rowley, and the Primitive Methodists have one at Old-hill. About 600 children attend the various Sunday-schools, and about 160 are educated gratuitously at the three Charity schools noticed below.

The *Old School* at Rowley Regis was endowed in 1703, by *Lady Elizabeth Monnins*, with £10 a year out of Brindlefield farm, in Tividale, for the education of 24 poor children, and £5 a-year to buy them books. The late Earl Dudley was the trustee.

Mackmillan's Charity Schools, one at ROWLEY REGIS, and the other at REDDAL HILL, were endowed with £20 a-year each, by George Mackmillan, in 1792. The latter school was built in 1790, and has since been augmented with £300, left by the Rev. Christopher Stephenson, and £10 left by Phœbe Parke; and both of them have an equal share of the interest of £42 bequeathed by Edward Chillingworth. These sums are in the hands of the Birmingham Canal Company, at 5 per cent. The School at Reddal Hill is the largest, and derives a large portion of its support from annual subscriptions. It has upwards of 100 free scholars of both sexes. The master and mistress have a yearly salary of £75, with £10 for an assistant, besides allowances for coals, books, &c. making the total annual expenditure about £120. The School at Rowley Regis was built by the founder's brother in 1794, on land given by his will, and has no support but the endowment, (£21. 1s. per annum,) for which, and the use of the house, the master and mistress teach 40 poor boys and girls. An upper room was added to this school in 1811, at the expense of the "Sunday-school Fund," and the master's house was built by subscription in 1818.

The *Six Alms-houses* at Old Hill, occupied by six poor families, placed in them by the parish officers, were built with several benefactions, upon three-quarters of an acre of land, given by Lord Ward and John Turton, in 1688. The inmates have the use of a garden, but no stipends.

The *Benefactions* for distribution among the poor, amount yearly as follows:—£20 from two houses and three and a-half acres of land, left by Elizabeth Mansell, in 1651; 50s. charged on the building now used as the Workhouse, as the interest of £110 left by John Moore and John Turton, in 1739; 30s. out of *Little-well-close*, left by Mary Payton, in 1758; and £12 from *a house and land* at Warley Wigorn, left in 1815, by Thomas *Newby, for* equal distribution among the poor of Rowley Regis

and Aldbury. The small benefactions of Thurling, Turton, Chambers, and some others, have been absorbed in the parochial expenses, and interest used to be paid for them out of the poor rates, but these payments, amounting to £8. 10s. per annum, were discontinued in 1806.

BULL BAITING.—We have already noticed at page 168, that this brutal sport is still tolerated in the Staffordshire mining district, notwithstanding the efforts of the ministers of religion and other persons to put an end to it. In this parish and neighbourhood it exists in its most horrid form, as will be seen in the following extract from the *Staffordshire Advertiser*, Nov. 23rd, 1833. "Two shocking instances of bulls being tortured, recently occurred in the neighbourhood of Dudley. At Rowley Regis wake a two-year old bull was worried in the most brutal manner. Either on the Monday or Tuesday one of this bull's horns was broken off, and the following day the other shared the same fate, and a portion of the tongue was also torn out of his mouth by one of the dogs. On the Thursday he was again dragged to the stake and worried for hours, the whole of his head and face being mangled and covered with blood, in a manner too shocking to describe. Two iron horns had been also riveted on the broken stumps, and the bellowings and groans of the wretched beast, while undergoing this barbarous operation, are said to have been truly appaling."

In the following DIRECTORY *of* ROWLEY REGIS PARISH, *those marked* 1 *are at Blackheath*, 2 *Corngreaves*, 3 *Cradley Heath*, 4 *Gosty Hill*, 5 *Haden Cross*, 6 *Haden Hill*, 7 *Hayseech*, 8 *Knoll*, 9 *Lye Cross*, 10 *Oakum*, 11 *Old Hill*, 12 *Portway*, 13 *Powke lane*, 14 *Reddal Hill*, 15 *Tipety Green*, 16 *Tividale*, 17 *Turner's Hill*, 18 *Windmill End*, 19 *Whiteheath Gate*, 20 *at Slack Hillock, and the rest in Rowley village.*

Auden Mr. John
Auden Mr. William
6 Barrs Alfred Haden, A.M.
6 Barrs Fredk. W. Geo. M.A.
6 Barrs Rev. George, curate
3 Beardmore Richard, plumber, painter, &c.
Beet John, gent. *Rowley Hall*
3 Beitson David, baker
10 Bennett Mr. William
Bressier John, parish clerk
Bridgewater Edw. colr. of taxes
Bridgewater John, bricklayer
Briggs John, druggist
Briggs Samuel, grocer
2 British Iron Co. mfrs. of iron and steel; Benj. Best, agent
18 Crump Wm. agent
Darby Mr. Edm. Hawes hill
Darby Oliver, gardener
14 Detheridge *Jas. pincer maker*
17 Downing Mr. Joseph
Evers Saml. mfr. of charcoal iron bars, (round,) wire rods, &c. *Cradley works*
Hadley John, gunsmith
Hill Mrs. Nancy
Hingley Mr. James
Hunt Mr. Thomas, *Brades*
Manwaring Edward, surgeon
Matthews Rev. Danl. (Baptist)
Parkes Josha. coal master, *Hyatts*
16 Parker Mr. Anthony
Smith Thos. linen drpr. hatter, &c.
Southall Frederick, hinge maker
15 Thompson Geo. master of the workhs. assistant overseer, &c.
8 Walker J. G. nail factor
12 Williams James, iron master
12 Williams Thomas, iron master

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Bannister Sarah, Newtown



1 Chambers Benjamin
13 Gaunt Decimus
1 Harper Edward
18 Hodgetts Benjamin
4 Mason Joseph
Bell, Saml. Johnson, *Brades*
Blue Ball. William Mills
20 Boat, James Smith
15 Bull's Head, Jph. Bowater
Cock, Hannah Bate, *Spring hill*
11 Cross, Thomas Troman
3 Five Ways Inn, Jesse Edmonds
11 Gate, Horatio James
1 George & Dragon, Jph. Hackett
14 Golden Harp, Thos. Sidaway
King's Arms, Richard Bowater
16 Lion, Elizabeth Brown
Lord Dudley's Court House, Jno. Hadley
Pack Horse, Hannah Hingley
Ring of Bells, Matthew Stainton
3 Roe Buck, Richard Homer
5 Rose and Crown, Wm. Finney
3 Salutation, Jerh. Billingham
19 Swan, Daniel Hadley
9 Wheat Sheaf, Benj. Woodhouse
White Swan, Thomas Glaze

Beerhouses.

4 Adams John
Baker Edward
14 Barnsley B.
Barnsley Abm.
3 Billingham A.
3 Billingham T.
3 Bolton James
12 Bridgwater J.
20 Childs Phœbe
Cox Thomas, Cherry In.
20 Darby Thos.
3 Dodson Spencer
3 Forrest Jph.
11 Green Jas.
3 Hickton Hy.
5 Hickton Jph.
7 Hill Isaac
Hollis Joseph
4 Lowe Benj.
3 Morgan Wm.
11 Oakeley Jas.
Page Samuel
16 Parkes John
14 Sidaway Alice
Slim Thomas
3 Taylor Eliz.
4 Thomas Jph.
11 Tibbetts Jno.
16 Timmings Stephen
16 Webb John
Wright Samuel, junior
Wright Samuel

Blacksmiths.

Hinton Richard
3 Roberts Wm.
11 Turner Rt.
3 Woodall Benj.
3 Bannister Jsha.
Bennett John
Bennett Samuel
3 Hingley Hy.

Butchers.

5 Attwood Benj.
15 Bowater Jph.
Bridgewater Ed.
3 Cole William
Gaunt Jeremiah
3 Heathcock Jph.
14 Johnson Chs.

Farmers.

Alsop Edward
15 Bate Richard
17 Bridge Wm.
1 Chambers Ben.
16 Clift Benj.
20 Cole Charlotte
8 Cook Joseph
1 Darby Joseph
5 Darby Wm.
Davies Benj. Warren's hall
16 Downing Jno.
19 Hadley Isaac
Homer Neheh. & Rd. Fox Oak
Hodgetts John
11 Hodgetts Jno. and Samuel
Levett John
12 Mallen John
Mallen Wm.
9 Merris Jph.
13 Mullet Jas.
1 Newton Edw.
Newton Titus, Pig lane
Nicklin Saml.
17 Parkes Jos.
Pinson John
3 Purser Jph.
17 Round Saml.
2 Sidaway Jph.
10 Smith Saml. and Thomas
Walker Wm.
10 Whitehouse Joseph
17 Woodhouse William

Jews Harp mkrs.

Bowater Richd.
Lowe Thomas
Troman Nealy
Troman Dd.

Joiners.

Chambers John
Johnson Saml.

Brades

11 Woodhouse John

Maltsters.

Darby Thos.
Glaze Thomas
Jones Edward
Laister Jerh.
Fox Oak
Partridge Thos.
11 Tibbetts Jno.

Nail Ironmongrs

3 Bloomer Jph.
Cox Thomas, Cherry lane
3 Grainger Danl.
3 Hingley Noah
13 Jones Thos.
3 Nock James
14 Sidaway Ths.
Taylor George
11 Williams Elij

Schools.

Cattle William
14 Rann Thos.

Shopkeepers.

15 Bate Benj.
3 Bloomer Jph.
Bridgewater Edward
Bridgewater Daniel
1 Hadley Thos.
3 Moore Ann & Frances
4 Parkes Enoch
Parsons Daniel
3 Tibbetts Wm.

Wheelwrights.

3 Hickton John
Preece James
3 Waterhouse W.
3 Waters Wm.

Carrier.-Thos. Parkes, to Birmingham, Sat.

SEDGLEY PARISH

Is a large and populous district in the centre of the great mining district of Staffordshire, lying betwixt Wolverhampton and

Dudley, and containing 7000 acres of land, and a population which, since the year 1801, has increased from 9,874 to 20,577 souls, as has been seen at page 163. It is divided into two divisions, called Upper and Lower Side, which maintain their poor conjointly, but their roads separately, and are sub-divided into 9 *constablewicks* or *hamlets*, viz.—Sedgley, Gospel End, Cotwall End, and Upper and Lower Gornall, in the "*Upper Side*;" and Ettingshall, Brierley, Coseley, and Wood Setton, in the "*Lower Side.*" The executors of the late Earl Dudley and Ward are lords of the manor, and hold a Court Leet here in October both for this manor and Darlaston; but L. H. Petit, Esq. has a large estate, and there are a considerable number of smaller freeholders and copyholders in this extensive parish, which abounds with excellent *coal*, *ironstone*, *limestone*, *freestone*, and *clay for bricks*. The coal and iron works are mostly at Coseley and Ettingshall, and give employment to a vast number of workmen. Several hundred hands are also employed at their own homes in making *nails* and *fire irons*. The main coal is here 10 yards thick, and is well suited to the use of the furnaces, the forges, and the smithies. The *poor rates* levied in the parish have latterly amounted to about £4000 per annum.

SEDGLEY VILLAGE is very extensive, and occupies an elevated situation on the high road, 3 miles S. of Wolverhampton, and the same distance N.N.W. of Dudley. The parish CHURCH, dedicated to All Saints, was rebuilt during the years 1826, 7, 8, and 9, by the late Earl Dudley and Ward, at the cost of £10,880. It has a handsome tower, surmounted by a lofty spire, and containing eight bells. It has upwards of 1300 sittings, of which 595 are free. The east window is of stained glass, representing ten of the apostles, and the arms of several of the principal families who subscribed towards the cost of this ornamental feature of the church. The living is a *vicarage* worth about £320 per annum. The executors of the late Lord Dudley and Ward are the patrons, and the Rev. Charles Girdlestone, M.A. is the incumbent. In the parish are two *Chapels of Ease*, at Coseley and Lower Gornall, and 12 *Dissenting Chapels*, viz., *five* belonging to the Wesleyans, at Uppper Gornall, Can Lane, Gornall Wood, Mason's Bank, and Hall Green; *two* to the Primitive Methodists at Sedgley and Sodom; *three* to the Baptists, at Upper Fields, tbe Coppice, and Dark Lane; one to the Unitarians, at Coseley; and one to the Independents, at Ruiton. In the village of Sedgley there is also a *Catholic Chapel*, built in 1823, in the Gothic style, with a low tower and spacious burial ground. Upwards of 2000 children attend the *Sunday Schools* attached to these places of worship, and nearly 800 are day scholars at the *National and Infant Schools*, in Sedgley (built principally at the expense of the late Earl Dudley and Ward,) and at the Gornall National and the Ruiton Infant Schools. Between Wolverhampton and Sedgley is Sedg-



ley Park, an ancient seat of the Dudleys, which has been long used as a Roman Catholic Academy. *Ellers Hall*, on the west side of the parish, is the handsome seat of J. T. Fereday, Esq. On April 23rd, 1797, during a dreadful thunder storm, three houses in Sedgley were injured by lightning, but happily no lives were lost. Three BENEFACTIONS belonging to the poor of the parish produce £13. 10s. per annum, which is distributed at Christmas, and arises from the following yearly doles:—70s. left by Thos., Mary, and Rd. Bradley, and Capt. Dudley; 10s., paid by the overseers as interest of £10, left by John Perry; and £9. 10s., from 4¼ acres of land, purchased with the benefactions of Elix. Pinson, Daniel Walter, and Anne Webb. The sum of £100, left in 1717, by *John Jesskes*, was laid out in land now let for £12 a year, which supplies 18 sixpenny loaves, every Sunday, to 18 poor widows. The poor have also 30s. yearly in bread, left in 1811, by *Edward Coe*, out of two houses in Sedgley. The money is distributed in the nine divisions of the parish, in proportion to the population of each.

The following are the VILLAGES and HAMLETS in this parish, with their distances and bearings from Sedgley.

BRIERLEY, a district of scattered houses, 1¼ mile N.E. of Sedgley.

BROAD LANE and LADY MOOR, adjoining hamlets, 2 miles N.E. of Sedgley, and within half a mile S.W. of Bilston.

CAN LANE, a long street of houses, ¾ of a mile E.N.E. of Sedgley.

COSELEY, a populous but straggling village and district, 2 miles E. of Sedgley. Here is a handsome new CHURCH or Chapel of Ease, dedicated to Christ, and erected in 1830, at the cost of about £9000, raised by subscription and a parliamentary grant. It is of brick, cased with stone, in the plain Gothic style, and has 2000 sittings, of which 1230 are free. The vicar of Sedgley is the patron, and the Rev. Francis F. Clark the incumbent curate. Here is also an endowed PRESBYTERIAN MEETING HOUSE, now occupied by Unitarians. Attached to this chapel is a FREE SCHOOL, which was endowed, in 1753, by Samuel and Sarah Timins, and Jane Turton, with a house and land, let for £25 per ann. In 1809, £268 was received from the sale of the coal under this land. In 1755, Joseph Kettle left £20 to this school, for which 20s. a year is paid by the chapel trustees, out of the rents of the *Coppice estate*, which belongs to the chapel. From these funds, about 25 children are educated, and provided with books. The master takes other scholars.

COTWALL END, a district ¾ of a mile S.W. of Sedgley, occupied chiefly by nailers, and a few farmers.

DEEPFIELD has a number of scattered houses in the coal and iron *district*, 1 mile S.W. of Bilston.

ETTINGSHALL, a scattered village and large estate, belonging to *L. H. Petit*, Esq. half a mile W. by S. of Bilston. It was

anciently a park, but has long been disfigured by extensive coal and iron works and quarries of limestone.

GOLDTHORN is partly in Wolverhampton & Penn, (see p. 190.)

GORNALL (LOWER), a village and district 2 miles W. of Dudley, occupied partly by nail makers. Here is a neat CHURCH, dedicated to St. James, and built of excellent stone, from the neighbouring quarries. This chapel of ease to Sedgley was commenced in 1815, but not finished till 1823, owing to a want of funds, occasioned by the universal depression in trade which followed the general peace of 1815, (see p. 174.) It has 700 sittings, of which 300 are free, and cost only £1600, raised by voluntary subscription. The burial ground (about a rood,) was given by the late Earl Dudley and Ward, who also endowed the *curacy*, which has since been augmented by an allotment of Queen Anne's bounty, so that it is now worth about £130 per annum. The Earl's executors are the patrons, and the Rev. T. Theodosius is the incumbent. At Gornall there is a National school, and at *Gornall Wood* a Methodist chapel. The population of this division of the parish, in 1831, was 3124.

GORNALL, (UPPER,) is a long street of detached houses, 1 mile N.W. of Dudley, where there are quarries of excellent freestone, several brick-yards, and a Methodist chapel.

GOSPEL END, a district half a mile W. of Sedgley.

GOSPEL OAK, a scattered hamlet, partly in Tipton parish, 2 miles W. of Wednesbury. Part of it is now called WEDNESBURY OAK, from the extensive coal and iron works of Messrs. P. Williams and Sons.

MASON'S BANK, a village in the Coseley division, with a Methodist chapel, 2 miles N.W. of Dudley.

PRINCE'S END, a large village, partly in Tipton parish, 2¼ miles N. by E. of Dudley. Here are extensive coal and iron works.

RUITON, a hamlet and district adjoining Upper Gornall, occupying a fine lofty limestone eminence, which had formerly a beacon, and commands a most extensive prospect, in which the Malvern hills (at the distance of thirty-eight miles,) the Wrekin, and many of the mountains of North and South Wales, may be seen, in a clear day, without the aid of a glass. The *prebendary of Prees and Ruiton*, in Lichfield cathedral, derives part of his title from this place; and perhaps Prince's End, noticed above, may be a corruption of Prees End, as we find the said prebendary belongs to the tithes of the adjoining parish of Tipton. The *Independent Chapel* here was built in 1830; and attached to it is a large *Infant School*, also used as a Sunday school.

SODOM, a hamlet adjoining Can Lane, 1 mile E.N.E. of Sedgley.

WOOD SETTON, half a mile S.E. of Sedgley, is a scattered hamlet *occupied by farmers*, fire-iron makers, &c.

POSTMEN.—Amos Fletcher, to Wolverhampton, at 4 afternoon. ret. at 8 evng.; and Joseph Attwood, to Dudley, at 9 mg. and at half past 2 afternoon, daily.

In the following DIRECTORY OF SEDGLEY PARISH, *those marked* 1 *reside at Bradley,* 2 *Brierley,* 3 *Broad Lane,* 4 *Can Lane,* 5 *Chalk Hill,* 6 *Coppice,* 7 *Crosley,* 8 *Crosley Lane,* 9 *Cotwall End,* 10 *Daisy Bank,* 11 *Dark Lane,* 12 *Deepfield,* 13 *Dibdale Bank,* 14 *Ettingshall,* 15 *Fullwoods End,* 16 *Goldthorn Hill,* 17 *Lower Gornall,* 18 *Upper Gornall,* 19 *Gornall Wood,* 20 *Gospel Wood,* 21 *Gospel Oak,* 22 *Hall Green,* 23 *Highfields,* 24 *Mumble Square,* 25 *Mason's Bank,* 26 *Mount Pleasant,* 27 *Lady Moor,* 28 *Old Park,* 29 *Otley,* 30 *Princes End,* 31 *Ruiton,* 32 *Sedgley,* 33 *Skidmore's Row,* 34 *Sedom,* 35 *Straits Green,* 36 *Wednesbury Oak,* 37 *Willingsworth, and* 38 *at Wood Sutton.*

14 Baker Isaiah, mfr. of wood, bed, and coach screws, bolts, nails, washers, &c. (& *Wolverhampton*)
28 Bannister Wm. agent
32 Birchall Wm. saddler
18 Blackburn Jonth. tinman
37 Brain Isc. bookpr.
16 Broad John, iron-master
18 Cartwright Edw. Parkes, clay mert. & casting pot mfr.
32 Cartwright John, bellows maker
21 Clare Wm. agent
26 Claridge Thomas, gent.
7 Clark Rev. Francis Foreman, curate
12 Collins Benj. boat builder
7 Cooper Rev. John, (Unitarian)
14 Cox Jno. constable
7 Cope Benj. ground bailiff
16 Cumley Mrs. Ann
32 Darbey Jph. mason
30 Deakin Thomas, cashier
36 Edwards Mrs. —
32 Ellis John, agent
32 Ellis Wm. lime dlr.
Foreday Jno. Turton, Esq. Eller's hall
18 Foreday Wm. coal *master*
32 Fletcher Abel, miller
31 Gadge Ambrose, currier
32 Girdlestone Rev. Chas. M.A. vicar
26 Green Wm. ground bailiff
23 Griffin John, bkpr.
32 Grinsell Wm. bkpr.
22 Halford Jas. patten & ring maker
28 Hawthorn Thos. ground bailiff
31 Hill Rev. John, (Ind.)
30 Hipkins Stephen, chain, &c. mfr.
32 Homer Chas. solr.
32 Jeavons Mr. Simeon
23 Jones Geo. & Co. mfrs. of shoe tips, cut nails, & fancy & small irons
32 Lewis Rev. Wm. curate
14 Mainwaring Mrs. Mary
30 Marson Jph. bkpr.
Maullin Mr. James, Coseley green
16 Moore John, cow keeper
32 Parker Benj. assist. overseer, &c. Workhouse
23 Perry Thos. mfr. of iron gates, hurdles, fencing, racks, bedsteads, &c.
32 Perry Mr. Wm.
32 Powell Rev. Thos.
12 Railston Thos. agt.
20 Roberts John F.
12 Rollinson Benj. & Jph. mfrs. of founders' blacking
20 Rollinson Wm. woodman
12 Rose Wm. & Co. timber merts.
10 Round John, coal master
32 Rushton Wm. hair dresser
33 Salmon Wm. iron founder
32 Savage Rev. John, (Baptist)
8 Sheldon Edw. iron founder
32 Sheldon Jno. mfr. of wrought iron chests, bookcases, & large iron doors, & jobbing smith
30 Skidmore John, miner
10 Tate Wm. fender maker
38 Tay Josiah, gent.
17 Theodosius Rev. Theodosius, curate
16 Turley Bnj. bench vice mkr.
7 Turley Rd. carrier
18 Turton John, coal master
32 Tysan Rev. Thos. (Catholic)
Underhill John, iron master; h. Goldthorn cottage
16 Warr Wm. snuffer maker
26 Wassell Jno. agt.

7 Wassell John & Co. steam engine and boiler mfrs.
17 Willington Mrs. Maria
7 Wolverton John, chain & trace mkr.
30 Wragg Edw. axle tree & lifting jack mfr.
7 Wright Mr. John
23 Yates Wm. Norton, agent

Academies.

*Marked * are Boarding.*

* 35 Beddard John
* Blount Rev. Walter, (Cath.) Sedgley park
Infant, 32 Louisa Smith, & 31 Sarah Hall
7 Jones Edw. (commercial)
31 Millikin Wm.
National, Job Bridgwater, Sedgley; & Thos. Addenbrook, Gornall
32 Naylor Esther
15 Wright Eliz.

Bakers.

4 Fletcher Joseph
31 Marsh Richard
32 Rabould Benj.
14 S. Staff. Bread Co.

Blacksmiths.

7 Haddock Saml.
32 Jones John
18 Morpeth Richd.
7 Round James
32 Wedge James

Boot & Shoe makers.

18 Blackham Saml.
35 Bradley Geo.
32 Brown Wm.
19 Carter John S.
16 Cheadle Fras.
30 Cooper James
32 Darbey Wm.
32 Deakin John
23 Drew Edward
7 Fieldhouse Thos.
20 Glover Edward
11 Green George
19 Guest Edward
14 Hardy James
18 Hartill Wm.
25 Hickman Serjt.
32 Law Joseph
32 Newey Benj.
32 Newton Jno. & Rd.
18 Passmore Abm.
35 Passmore Isaac
4 Shorthouse John
18 Stokes Isaac
25 Turley Thomas
38 Turley Wm.
30 Wassell Joseph
15 Williams John
25 Wright Thomas

Bricklayers.

36 Dutton Thomas
4 Eley Mark
32 Groves Thomas
18 Hartland Jph.
18 Hickman Wm. and Henry

Brick makers.

12 Baggott Moses
18 Cartwright Ed. P.
12 Dicken Jph.
4 Elwell Jph.
23 Hall Richard
5 Hinton Thomas
37 Hughes Daniel
12 Shilton Thomas
6 Waterhouse Wm.
5 & 17 Watton Jph.

Butchers.

18 Addenbrook Jph.
17 Addenbrook Rd.
6 Caddick David
18 Collins Thomas
11 Coslett Ths. (pork)
14 Cox Thomas
32 Evans John
22 Gough Thomas
27 Harper Wm.
24 Harris Wm.
30 Holland Jph
19 Hughes James
32 Leech Matthew
31 Marsh Daniel
32 Milner Edward
18 Parker Jerh.
7 Price Thomas
4 Stanley Moses
17 Thompson Paul
33 Tillings Paul

Coal Masters.

See Iron Masters.

Coopers.

19 Hale Stephen
30 Smith Richard
32 Wilkes Cornelius
32 Wilkes John

Corn Millers.

Davis Danl. Hunt's mill
32 Fletcher Joseph
7 King William
31 Richmond Geo.
18 Richmond James
14 S. Staff. Bread Co.

Curriers.

Jukes Rd. Ruiton hall
18 Marsh Wm.
7 Turley Joseph

Farmers.

Ashcroft Wm. Rookery
13 Baggaley Thomas
Brown Sarah, Wood farm
19 Cartwright Geo.
28 Cartwright Hanh. Maria
9 Caswell Wm.
20 Fereday Thomas
28 Finch Samuel
4 Fletcher Abel
32 Gibbons John
14 Goode Edward
20 Harris Wm.
20 Hilyard Thomas
30 Hipkins Thomas
28 Jukes John
Kettle Ths. Hurst hill
25 King Mary R.
9 Law Stephen
Marsh Henry, Cooper's bank
32 Perry Samuel
Rhodes Eliz. Wren's nest
35 Russell John
Shale John, Cappon field
17 Simmons John
Such Wm. High-arcol
17 Thompson Isaac
14 Thompson Paul
1 Titley John
White John, Turshill
14 Whitehouse Sarah

Fire Iron makers.

38 Evans Isaac
4 Fellows Daniel



25 Fowels Benj.
32 Harper John
38 Harper John
38 Mills Wm.
18 Mills Wm.
38 Parkes John
38 Smith Thomas
25 Stephens Saml.

Grocers and Provision dealers.

32 Beaman Wm.
36 Caddick Rd.
18 Carliss James
17 Cartwright Wm.
30 Hipkins Stephen
18 Parker John
36 Partridge Samuel
32 Rabould Benj.
18 Tinsley Theops.
32 Wilkes Stephen
25 Wright Thomas

INNS & TAVERNS.

12 Anchor, Benj. Collins
12 Boat, Isaac Hill
27 Boot and Slipper, John Bennett
36 Bricklayers' Arms, Thos. Dutton
22 Britannia, Isaac White
26 Bull's Head, Benj. Webb
7 Bush, Rd. Caddick
19 Bush, Stpn. Hale
24 Bush, Jph. Dabbs
29 Bush, John Harris
17 Chapel House, Isc. Fisher
17 Cross Keys, Rd. Bradley
31 Duke Wm., Henry Smith
25 Duke of York, Thos. Turley
32 Et. Dudley's Court House, Julia Ebery
Fighting Cocks, Thos. Tay
14 Forge Hammer, Ann Hide
36 Fox, Rd. Caddick
4 Gate, Mark Eley
4 Gate, Wm. Waterhouse
3 George & Dragon, Benj. Adderley
22 George & Dragon. James Swindall
21 Gospel Oak, Esther Turner
20 Green Man, John Lester
18 Green Dragon, Jno. Cartwright
18 Horse Shoe, Benj. Bate
18 Horse and Jockey, Jph. Watton
13 Horse and Jockey, John Marsh
7 Ivy House, Joseph Whitehouse
18 Jolly Crispin, Jno. Lewis
30 King's Arms, Wm. Whitehouse
18 Leopard, Theophilus Tinsley
4 Lord Collingwood, Benjamin Salt
32 Old Bush, Joseph Ikin
38 Old Bush, William Turley
32 Pig and Whistle, Hanh. Short
10 Red Lion, Edward Smith
32 Red Lion Inn, Geo. Jenkins, (& common brewer)
11 Rising Sun, John Thompson
30 Seven Stars, John Spencer
7 Spread Eagle, Mary Hill
32 Swan, Wm. Harris
27 Three Horse Shoes, Edward Onions
21 Union, Wm. Harris, sen.
32 Union, Ts. Church
17 Waggon & Horses, Jph. Cartwright
3 Waggon & Horses, Jph. Fletcher
32 White Lion, Jph. Baker
18 White Lion, Sarah Darbey
7 Wind Mill, James Page

BEERHOUSES (71.)

32 Bagley Benj.
33 Baker Henry
32 Baker Thomas
Banks Thos. Rough hills
3 Beaman Thomas
6 Beardmore George, (Coseley tavern)
35 Bradley George
19 Carter John S.
2 Clempson John
15 Colburn John
23 Cole Benjamin
18 Darbey John
32 Darbey Joseph
12 Dicken Joseph
2 Dawning Thomas
34 Elwell Samuel
15 Elwell Thomas
30 Evans Wm. & Rd.
22 Fellows Benj.
19 Flavell Dennis
34 Fullwood John
20 Glover Edward
2 Gregory Eliza
2 Grinsil Ann
18 Guest Mary
19 Guest Edward
22 Halford James
36 Hickman Joseph
4 Hilton Richard
6 Hartland David
23 Hall Richard
14 Hazledine Thomas
13 Hickman John
35 Hickman Josiah
5 Hinton Thomas
31 Hughes Isaac
19 Hughes James
34 Jackson Thomas
22 Jeavons Abm.
7 Jeavons Simeon
1 Jones Lewis
30 Kennedy Thomas
26 Langley John
30 Lees James
23 Light Francis
31 Marsh Daniel
18 Marsh Lot
32 Marston Thomas
33 Martin Mary
11 M'Cloud James
30 Moreton Jph.
18 Naylor Samuel
38 Naylor Samuel
32 Newey Benj.



17 Oakley Thomas
5 Parkes Wm.
15 Prince James
Rose Mary, Coseley green
18 Round David
4 Ruge James
14 Sheldon Stephen
32 Sheldon Thomas
4 Shorthouse John
15 Stanford Jph. (& horse dealer)
14 Stanley Eber.
8 Taft John
13 Waterfield John
32 Weston Richard
32 Wilkes Cornelius
7 Wright Mary
25 Wright Thomas

IRON FOUNDERS.

7 Green David & Co.
37 Salisbury Edward Dodson
12 Sheldon Edward & Stephen, (in general)
7 Wassell John & Co.
22 Woodward Wm. (& brass)

IRON AND COAL MASTERS.

*Marked * are mnfrs. of bar, rod, and sheet iron; † pig iron, and castings, and ‡ are coal masters.*

* † Banks Ts. & Son, Ettingshall works
‡ Bannister & Banks, Batman's hill
† ‡ Bishton and Underhill, Park field
* Broad John & Co. Spring vale
† 27 Jones, Barker, & Co. Coseley furnaces
‡ Pemberton Edwin, Deep field
† 7 St. Paul Sir Horace, Bart. Willenswortth
‡ Smith David, Summer hill
30 Spencer Jno. (iron merchant)
‡ 26 Webb Adam
6 Whitehouse Danl.
† ‡ White[illegible] Hy. Bickerton, Wallbrook
* † Williams Philip & Sons, Wednesbury Oak

Joiners and Builders.

32 Box William
18 Cartwright John
17 Cartwright Jph.
15 Church Thomas
30 Evans William, (& appraiser)
20 Fereday Thomas, jun. (cabt. mkr.)
16 Hartland Jph.
34 Hewitt Robert
11 Lewis John
18 Lewis William
34 Mainwaring Wm. (cabt. mkr.)
27 Onions Edward
18 Peacock Henry
32 Pinces Stephen
8 Smith Joseph
Tay Thomas, (timber dlr.) Fighting Cocks

Lime Burners & dlrs.

32 Baker Joseph
32 Baker Thomas
32 Dudley Earl of (Executors of)
32 Jenks and Ellis
32 Jones Amy
32 Rudge John
32 Beaman Wm.
31 Underhill Eliza

Lock manufacturers.

32 Law John (box of wards)
32 Sheldon Jno. (box of wards and pipe locks)
32 Sheldon Ts. (brass cabinet)
3 Skelton Jph. (and coach screw)

Maltsters.

36 Caddick Richard
17 Cartwright Jph.
18 Collins John
35 Drury Benj. Geo.
32 Ebery Julia
4 Fletcher Joseph
12 Hill Isaac
32 Jenkins George
38 King Thomas
18 Parker John
4 Stanley Moses and Son
11 Thomp[illegible]ohn
25 Turley Thomas

Malt and Coffee Mill makers.

32 Hall John
32 Jones Edward

Nail Bagging mfrs.

32 Haden James
18 Venables John, (& sheeting & sacking)

NAIL MANFRS.

18 Addenbrook Saml.
14 Baker Isaiah
6 Caddick Mary
18 Collins John
32 Elwell & Willetts
18 Hall Jno. (&chain)
23 Jones Geo. & Co. (cut)
4 Stanley Moses and Son
18 Tinsley Theops.
32 Wilkes Stephen

Painters, Plumbers, and Glaziers.

34 Blewitt Wm.
32 Fereday John
26 Green John
11 James John
8 Taft John
29 Wright John

Pawnbrokers.

4 Fletcher Joseph
30 Hipkins Stephen
7 Hodgkiss Jas. (& mine agent)

Shopkeepers and Flour dealers.

3 Bailey John
21 Benson Joseph
6 Caddick Mary
32 Cole Joseph
5 Griffith Edward
22 Hallen Thomas
30 Hill Lot
12 Hill Lydia
30 Holland Joseph
17 Hood Sarah
32 Jackson Wm.
22 Jeavons Abm.
17 Jones John
15 Legge Hannah
11 Lewis John
32 Milner Edward



[illegible] Underhill James
[illegible]
[illegible] Johnson Joseph
[illegible] Jones James
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] Williams Thomas
[illegible] Jones Thomas
[illegible] Jones Joseph
[illegible] Walker Samuel
[illegible]
[illegible] Smith Samuel
[illegible] Edwards
[illegible] Richard
[illegible] Isaac
[illegible]
[illegible] Simeon
[illegible]
[illegible] Thomas
[illegible]

Saunders Wm.
Stanley Ezer
Stanley James
Waterhouse Wm.

COACHES.

The Wolverhampton and Worcester Coaches pass through Sedgley.—See p. 218.

CARRIER BY WATER.

Wm. Turley, from Highfields to London, Shardlow, Liverpool, Manchester, Bunbury, Hull, &c.

CARRIER BY LAND.

Daniel Smith, from Sedgeley to Whampton. Wed. & Sat.—See also p. [illegible]

[illegible] is a [illegible] of Wol- [illegible] acres of [illegible] viz. Tet- [illegible] Comp- [illegible] and [illegible] Wrens, [illegible] comprehend- [illegible] Crook [illegible] of these [illegible] is di- [illegible] hamlets [illegible] Bart., [illegible] Pir- [illegible] of the [illegible] William [illegible] Esq. [illegible] woods, except [illegible] Foley Esq's [illegible] are a [illegible] and Miss [illegible] Granger, S. Hellier, [illegible] parish, [illegible] assem- [illegible] Dead road, [illegible] antique emi- [illegible] and the Staf- [illegible] pleasant village

occupied chiefly by gentry, and by persons engaged in the trade and commerce of Wolverhampton. Before the Norman Conquest, it was called *Theotenhall*, signifying the house of the Pagans. In 910, a severe battle was fought here, between the Danes and Edward the Elder,—(see p. 237,)—and the ashes of the slain are supposed to rest under a *tumulus* in Lowhill-field. On the green is a fine grove of elms, planted more than a century ago. The CHURCH, dedicated to St. Michael, is a Royal free chapel, and enjoys all the privileges of such peculiars, but it was anciently collegiate. The *College* was founded previous to the Norman Conquest, and had a *dean* and five *prebendaries*, till the period of its dissolution, in the reign of Henry VIII. The present church is supposed to be a part of the original foundation, but it was enlarged in 1825, so as to make room for 382 additional sittings, the total number being now 956, of which 200 are free. The eastern window contains an ancient painting on glass, representing the archangel trampling on a dragon. The font is curiously ornamented with Gothic sculpture; and in the vestry is a venerable oak chest, 13¼ feet long, hewn out of a solid block, and strongly plated with iron. The five bells in the steeple bear the date of 1604. Sir John Wrottesley is the patron and impropriator, and the Rev. Robert Wrottesley, of Himley, is the incumbent curate, for whom the Rev. G. W. Woodhouse officiates.—(See *Tettenhall Wakes*, at p. 167.)

Church Land.—By an act of Parliament in the 5th of Anne, and the gift of "the several lords, owners, and tenants of the manor of *Tettenhall Regis*," 48A. 3R. 12P. of land on Kingswood Common, was allotted for the support of the incumbent minister of Tettenhall, together with a house and garden for his residence. In 1821, the land was let for £72, and the parsonage for £40. 5s. a-year, besides which, the minister has £5. 5s. yearly, from an acre of land adjoining his garden, purchased with £210 received for land taken for a new turnpike, and for a right of road over the glebe land.

BENEFACTIONS.—The proceeds of *six charities*, amounting to £56. 7s. 4½d. per annum, are distributed in the vestry on Good Friday and St. Thomas' day, among the poor not receiving parochial relief, in sums of 2s. 6d. and 3s. each. Of this yearly income, £13. 11s. arises from *land at Albrighton*, purchased in 1630 with £60 given by Walter Wrottesley, Esq., and others; £19. 6s. 4½d. from Brych House and land, purchased in 1714, with £115, the amount of several benefactions; £5 from land at Salt Moor, near Wolverhampton, left by *Thomas and Ann Croffts*, in 1709; £16. 10s. from High Bagridge close, (11A. 26P.) near Whitwick, purchased in 1729, with £115 left by Henrietta Wrottesley and William Smith; and £2 from the benefactions of *Mary Dobson* and *Matthew Wightwick*. *Two shillings' worth of* bread is distributed every Sunday, *from the bequests of Sir John* and *William Wollaston*, out

of land at Trescott, belonging to Sir John Wrottesley. The poor have also the interest of three other benefactions, viz. £20 by Eliz. Russell, in 1757; £100, three per cent. reduced annuities, by Lady Wrottesley; and £60 by William and Richard Smith; but part of the latter sum was expended in enlarging the *workhouse* in 1787, together with £50 left by *Dorothy Fowler*, who directed the interest to be distributed yearly in bibles, prayer books, and "The Whole Duty of Man," amongst the poor boys and girls of the parish. In 1827, *Phœbe Rogers* left £40, and directed one-half of the interest to be divided among 20 poor parishioners, and the other to be paid to the master of the NATIONAL SCHOOL built in that year by subscription and a grant from the Central School Society. This school is supported by voluntary contributions, for the education of 100 boys and 60 girls.

ALMS-HOUSES.—Richard Cresswell, Esq., in 1707, settled the six alms-houses which he had built, for the residence of six poor parishioners, and endowed them with £5 each per annum, to be paid for ever out of his estate at Bilbrook. For many years the persons who received this rent charge of £30, resided at a distance, and let the alms-houses (whic hnow consist of only four cottages,) at £1 a-year each. About 45 years ago, owing to the non-appointment of new trustees, the application of the annuities became irregular, and at length entirely ceased, so that in 1821, Mr. John Parker, the owner of the estate, owed to the charity an arrear of £450, which he said he was ready to pay to the heir of the surviving trustee, as soon as he should be ascertained, provided the annuitants were suffered to reside in the alms-houses, as required by the founders' will.—*(Parl. Report.)*

BILBROOK is a hamlet of scattered houses, partly in Codsall, but mostly in Tettenhall parish, 4 miles N.W. of Wolverhampton.

COMPTON is a neat village, adjoining the canal and TETTENHALL WOOD, two miles W. of Wolverhampton, where a considerable quantity of sand is got for the use of the iron founders, and for mixing with mortar. Several handsome houses, and a great number of cottages, have been built at *Tettenhall Wood*, since its enclosure in 1809; also a small Methodist chapel.—The cottages are mostly occupied by *lock makers*. Among the pleasant villas of Compton is the seat of Miss Theodosia Hinckes, the proprietor of part of the WIGHTWICK and ALDERSLEY estates, the former lying one mile S.W., and the latter one mile N.E. of Tettenhall.

PENDEFORD, commonly called *Penford*, is a hamlet and estate of 1868 acres, near the source of the river Penk, 3½ miles by W. of Wolverhampton. The principal landowner is [illegible] *Fowler*, Esq. of *Pendeford Hall*, a neat mansion, surrounded by picturesque and well-wooded scenery.

PIRTON and TRESCOTT are neighbouring hamlets, belonging to Sir J. Wrottesley, 4 miles W. by S. of Wolverhampton.

WERGS (The) is a scattered village on the Holyhead road, 3¼ miles N.W. of Wolverhampton. Here is the seat of Richard Fryer, Esq. M.P., but it possesses no architectural beauties.

WROTTESLEY HALL, with an estate of 2319 acres, is the seat and property of Sir John Wrottesley, Bart. M.P., whose ancestors have possessed it since the first of Henry III. The present hall is a magnificent structure, erected in 1696, and stands on rising ground, 4¼ miles W.N.W. of Wolverhampton. Near it are some vestiges of a *British town*, supposed to have been destroyed during the conflicts of the Saxons and Danes; but, from the massive square stones and large hinges dug up at various periods, and from the apparent regularity of the streets, some antiquaries consider it to have been a *Roman city*, and one of them (Mr. Salmon) maintains that it is *Uriconium*, which others have placed at Wroxeter. A dreadful *hail and thunder storm*, on August 18th, 1742, completely thrashed out the growing corn in this neighbourhood. In December, 1799, and January, 1814, the thermometer here was 24 degrees below the freezing point.

In the following DIRECTORY OF TETTENHALL PARISH, *those marked* 1 *reside at Aldersley*, 2 *Bilbrook*, 3 *Compton*, 4 *Pendeford*, 5 *Pirton*, 6 *Tettenhall Wood*, 7 *Trescott*, 8 *The Wergs, and* 9 *at Wightwick. Those without marks are in the village.*

Barnett Mr. Thomas
2 Bate Wm. gent.
Birch Roger, bankers' clerk
Birkin Samuel, cattle dealer
6 Cartwright George, bricklayer
6 Cope George, spirit merchant
Corbett Uvedale, Esq. barrister
Cratchley Jno. Kenderdine, gent.
6 Davenhill Mr. John
6 Davis Mrs. Dorothy
3 Elwall Thomas, merchant
Evans Mr. James
4 Fowler Miss, ——— Cottage
Fowler Thos. Esq. *Pendeford hall*
Fregleton Robert, gent.
8 Fryer Richard, Esq. M.P.
8 Fryer Wm. Fleming, Esq.
6 Granger Henry, Esq.
Gregory John, gent.
Guinan Thos. Wm. printer of the *Wolverhampton Chronicle*
2 Hardware Mr. Wm. sen.
2 Higginson *Mr. John*
Higgs Benjamin, gent.
Higgs Mrs. Esther
9 Higgs Chas. gent. *Netherton hs.*
6 Hill Henry, Esq. *Beech croft*
6 Hinckes Miss Theodosia
9 Hitchcox Wm. gent.
Holyoake Fras. Esq. banker
2 Holyoake Geo. solicitor
3 Jenks James, canal engineer
Neale John, Esq.
Newton Miss Mary
3 Owen George, gent.
Parker Mrs.
Powis Mr. Benjamin
6 Pretty Miss Rebecca, *Mount*
Price W. T. solicitor
Roaf Rev. John (Ind.) *New hs.*
6 Savage Wm. gent.
Smith Mr. Richard
3 Talbot Miss Mary
Thomas Mr. Samuel
8 Tomlinson John, pig dealer
8 Tomlinson Wm. pig and sheep dealer
Walters Philip, plumber, glazier, and painter
Walton Benjamin, merchant
Woodhouse Rev. G. W. curate
Wrottesley Sir John, Bart. M.P. *Wrottesley hall*
6 Young Mr. John

INNS AND TAVERNS.

9 Board Joseph Thorp, Fields

3 Boat, Sarah Nicholls
8 Crown, Saml. Shotton (& horse dealer)
9 Mermaid, Sarah Smith
Mitre, Anthony Lee
Old Rose and Crown, Jas. Dawes
Rose and Crown, Edw. Cotes
3 Swan Inn, Edw. Butler

Academies.

3 Davies Jas.
JonesMy.(bdg.)
6MeredithThos. (boarding)
National, John Smith & Ann Webb
6 Smyth Sarah

Beer Houses.

Barratt Thos.
CoatesCharlotte
3 Cowhorn Jno.
2 HardwareWm. jun.
3 Hope Thos.
6 Matthews Ts.
Parker Diana
6 Southall Jas.
9 Sproson Benj.

Blacksmiths.

Filkin Thomas
8 Howell Thos.
Southwick Hy.

Shoemakers.

6 Cotterell Geo.
6 Dyas Mark
8 Gough Rd.
2 Windley Rt.

Brickmakers.

6 Bate Wm.
6 Hill Susannah

Butchers.

Hayward Chas.
6 Matthews Ts.
Moore John
3 Moore Thos.

Corn Millers.

6 Hickman Rd.
4 Jones John
9 Sproson Benj.
9 Sproson Wm.

Farmers.

1 Cale Richard
8 Corgan Jas.
8 Crutchley Ts.
1 DavisHanh.G.
Dickins John, Cranmere
Earp William
4 Evans Thos.
Fleming John, Crank hall
3 FlemingW.H.
Foley Thos. Rt.
8 Harris Thos.
MansellWilliam Kingswood
7 MatthewsJno.
Moore Hugh, Palmer's cross
9 Moore James
5 Owen Henry
3 Parsons John
5 Pickin Geo.
Southwick Wm. Finchfield
3 Thorpe Thos.
Wike Mrs. —— Hollies
8 Wilkes John
8 Wright Rt.

Gardeners.

6 Davenport Agustus
6 Turner Wm.

Hinge makers.

6 Farnall John and William
6 Wright John

Key makers.

Beech Edward
3 Hope Thomas (stamper)
Walker James
6 Wilkes Wm.

Lock makers (cabinet.)

Chapman Wm.
6 Child John
6 Coley E. & R. (mortise)
Cotterell Hy.
6 CotterellJ.&S.
Davis J. (sash)
6 Eccleshall Ts.
6 Groves Wm.
6 Guy Edward
6 Jordan B. & R.
Lee Anthony
6 Marrin James
6 Marriott Jno.
6 Nichols Benj.
6 Riley Stph.
6 Smith Thos.
6 Toft Wm.
6 Willington C.H.J.M. &P.
6 Wright Jno.

Maltsters.

3 Butler Edw.
3 Peak John
Shaw Eliz.

Shopkeepers.

Allen Thomas
3 Blakemore Js.
6 James Wm.
6 Knowles Jas.
Lloyd Charles
Parker Diana

Tailors.

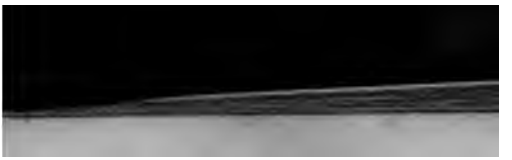
3 Holles John
6 James Wm.
3 Nicholls Saml.

Wheelwrights.

Allen John, (& joiner)
2 Matthews Ts.
2 Parker Thos.

TRYSULL, a small village, 5 miles S. W. of Wolverhampton, comprising within its parish 562 inhabitants, and the hamlet of Seisdon. The waste land here was formerly very extensive, but it has all been enclosed. Sir John Wrottesley, Bart. is lord of the manor; but T. P. Pudsey, Esq., Mr. John Perry, and Dr. Jesson, have estates and neat mansions here. The CHURCH is a small ancient edifice, dedicated to All Saints, and having the figure of a bishop carved upon its tower. The living is annexed to the vicarage of Wombourn. The *feast* is on the nearest Sunday to November 5th. The charities belonging to the parish are as follows:—

Lands at Bulwardine, in Claverley parish, comprising about **eleven acres**, now let for £15 a-year, were purchased in 1620, **with several** benefactions amounting to £63. 6s. 8d. The sum ***of £30, obtained*** by the sale of timber on this land, was laid



out in 1753, in the purchase of *Shinton's Meadow and Garden*, at Siesdon, now let for 30s. a-year. At the same place is a cottage with 3A. 3R. of land, purchased with the bequest of *Mary Andrews*, in 1716, except a small allotment received at the enclosure in 1800. The poor of Trysull have also 2½ acres of land at Trimpley, near Kidderminster, purchased in 1712 with several donations, and now let for £4. 2s. per annum, of which, 15s. is to provide school books. They have likewise three annuities, amounting to £3. 12s., left by *John Rudge*, in 1725; *Henry Wheeler*, in 1695; and *John Keiley*, in 1728; and £1. 10s. arising yearly from £100 three per cent. stock, purchased with the benefactions of *Thomas* and *Samuel Peach*, in 1800, for the equal benefit of the school and poor. Of the foregoing funds (amounting to £31. 2s. 9d. per annum,) £26. 8s. 9d. is distributed in August, and the rest at Christmas.

The *Free School* was endowed by Thomas Rudge with £200, which was laid out in the purchase of a barn and 18 acres of land, at Woodhall, near Trimpley, now let for £15 per annum, for which, and the yearly sum of 30s. from Peach's charity, the master instructs eleven poor children, and supplies them with necessary stationery. In 1820, there was timber on the school land worth £60.

SIESDON, the small hamlet which gives name to this populous hundred, lies near the borders of Shropshire, one mile N. W. of Trysull, where there is a narrow bridge of several arches over the river Smestall. Upon a lofty height which forms the boundary line between the two counties, is the ancient *entrenchment* called *Apewood Castle*. The whole extent of the ridge for a mile in length, has hollows cut in the ground, over which the possessors are supposed to have set their tents, so as to form one continued line of defence. The *lowes* in the adjoining parish of Wombourn, are perhaps the cemeteries of some Romans of rank, who were slain in an attempt to dislodge the Britons from this strong position, which is so admirably calculated by nature as well as art for a vigorous resistance. Near Seisdon Common is a large triangular stone, called the *War Stone*, and at a short distance is a small square camp with a single ditch.

Marked 1 *are at Seisdon, and the rest at Trysull.*

Barnsley Mrs. Rebecca
Blunt Simeon, day school
Bradley Wm. beer house
1 Caswell Jno. vict. Seven Stars
Eld Captain John
Eld Mrs. Sarah
Higgs Joseph, corn miller
Jesson Henry, M.D.
Jesson Rev. Wm. curate
Law, Stephen, gardener
Massey Fanny, blacksmith
Perry John, gent.
1 Pudsey Thomas Peach, Esq.
Richards Benj. vict. & gardener,
Robathon Wm. overseer

Farmers.

1 Ashton John
1 Benton Danl.
Bradley Thos.
Tranter Edw.
1 Wilson Jno.



WOMBOURN is a large and ancient village, 4 miles S. S. W. of Wolverhampton, occupied chiefly by nailers, who work for the neighbouring manufactures. The parish comprises about 4000 acres of light, loamy land, remarkable for the early produce of vegetables and corn; extensive garden and nursery grounds having long been cultivated here. It is divided into two *townships*, viz. *Wombourn*, which includes the hamlet of Swindon, and has 1471 inhabitants; and *Orton*, which has only 176 inhabitants. Sir John Wrottesley, Bart., the impropriator of the tithes, is lord of the *manors* of Wombourn and Orton; and the executors of the late Earl Dudley are lords of Swindon. The other principal landowners in the parish, are the Rev. Wm. Dalton, Thomas Shaw Hellier, Esq. of *Woodhouse*, (a pleasant seat in a picturesque valley near Wombourn, anciently occupied by a family of its own name;) and Miss Mary Tongue, of Orton. The two townships support their poor conjointly, but the three manors or liberties, repair their roads separately. The *Church* was built by one of the Priors of Dudley, about the year 1170, and is dedicated to St. Benedict. The spire is surmounted by the figure of a large dragon. The interior was modernized, and an organ added by Sir Samuel Hellier, Knt., who died in 1792, and it was again repaired and new pewed in 1816. Its chief object of attraction is an elegant *monument* from the chisel of Chantrey, in memory of the late Richard Bayley Marsh, Esq. of Lloyd-house, and representing in bas-relief, the figure of Grief weeping over an urn. The benefice, with that of Trysull annexed to it, is a discharged *vicarage*, formerly in the gift of the Hodgetts, but now in the patronage of a number of trustees. The Rev. Thos. Philip Foley, of Old Swinford, is the incumbent. The parish *feast* is on the last Sunday in October. The Church *Sunday School* was established in 1805, and a new building was erected for it in 1833, at the expense of Mrs. Dalton, of Lloyd House, in the parish of Penn.

Benefactions:—The poor have two annuities of 20s. left by *Edward Bird*, in 1647, and *Walter Woodhouse*, in 1687; and also the dividends of £127. 11s. 10d. three per cent. consols, purchased with £100, left by Sir Samuel Hellier, in 1792. In 1800, *William Parker* (who was afterwards murdered,) gave by will £100 to the poor of the *Liberty of Swindon*; but his executor, Mr. John Wilson, refused to pay it on the ground that the testator's personal estate had been exhausted by the payment of debts, &c.; but this was proved to be erroneous by the Parliamentary Commissioners, and we trust that it will yet be recovered with arrears of interest.

ORTON is a hamlet near the canal, 1 mile N. W. of Wombourn.

SWINDON, commonly called *Swin*, is a small village and manor 2 miles S. S. W. of Wombourn, on the canal and the *river Smestall*, where there are iron works, several corn mills, *and Smestall House*, the seat of William Meredith, gent. (a



1796, a large common in this manor was enclosed, and is now good turnip and barley land; the hilly parts have been planted, and are very picturesque.

Marked 1 are in Orton, 2 in Swindon, and the others in Wombourn.

Aston Mr. Joseph
Beddard Miss ——
Bevan Rev. Jas. curate of Wombourn, and incmbt. of Tipton
Blewitt Isaac, blacksmith
Glover Thomas, draper & grocer
Gough Mrs. Ann, *Bessgate*
1 Gough Ralph, gent. *Heath ho.*
Hayward Joseph, shoemaker
Hellier Thos. Shaw, Esq. *Woodhouse*
Jones —— mercht. *Greenhill ho.*
Meredith Thomas, scythe mfr. & nail factor
2 Meredith Wm. gent. *Smestall house*
Potter Thomas, wheelwright
Prior Geo. parish clerk, organist, and assist. overseer
2 Thorneycroft Geo. and Edw. mfrs. of bar iron, wire rods, &c.
1 Tongue Miss Mary gentwn.
York John, plumber, painter, &c.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

1 Board, Wm. Blewitt, *Bratch*
Boat, Thomas Sadler, *Bottram*
New Inn, Joseph Ashton
Old Bush, John Noake
Red Lion, Edward Tranter
Round Oak, Oliver Richards, *Ounsdale.*

Beer Houses.

Aston Jonah, (& joiner)
Cartwright Chs.
Cartwright J.H.
2 Hobson Jerh.
York Wm. (and cooper)

Corn Millers.

2 Beddard Benj.
2 Beddard Jas.
Bullock Saml.
2 Cox William
Croydon John
1 Jones Eli
Longville John

Farmers.

1 Andrews Rd.
Brewster John
Hayward Wm. (& butcher)
Hill John, sen.
Hill Richard
1 Jones Saml.
2 Perry James
2 Williams R.P.
York Peter

Gardeners and Nurserymen.

Cartwright Jno.
Pilsbury Geo.

Maltsters.

Aston Joseph
Hill John, jun.
1 Law John
2 Perry Wm.

Shopkeepers.

Corns Benj.
Pyatt Wm. (& nail factor)

WOODFORD GRANGE, the last place we have to describe in the Seisdon Hundred, is an *extra parochial* farm belonging to Sir John Wrottesley, Bart. and occupied by Capt. John Dickin. It is pleasantly situated 6 miles S. W. by S. of Wolverhampton, and is nearly encompassed by two branches of the river Smestall, and the Staffordshire and Worcestershire canal.

OFFLOW HUNDRED

Contains seven *extra-parochial places* and *thirty-eight parishes*, subdivided into about eighty *townships*, of which latter nine are also *chapelries*, as will be seen in the following enumeration, shewing the *annual value* of the lands and buildings, as assessed for the property tax in 1815, and the *population* of each place in 1801 and 1831; from which it will be seen, that the number of inhabitants here has been nearly doubled during the last thirty years; but this augmentation has principally occurred in the South Division of the Hundred, which forms part of the great mining and manufacturing district of Staffordshire.

[The *Contractions* used are—p. or par. for parish: t. or twp. for township: ham. hamlet; p. c. parochial chapelry; c. or chap. chapelry; and ex. p. extra parochial places. N.B. Each chapelry is also a township.]

North Div.	Ann. Val. 1815.	Population 1801.	Population 1831.
	£		
Alrewas parish	4418	949	1102
Fradley township	1994	268	382
Orgreave township	761	104	123
Alreway-Hay, *ex. par.*	..	12	77
Bromley Regis parish	5356	454	629
*Burton-on-Trent par.**	6912	3679	4399
Branstone township	4606	281	382
Burton-Extra twp.	3611	716	910
Horninglow twp.	4335	272	391
Stretton township	2350	330	373
Clifton-Campville p.	—	362	369
Haunton twp.	595	229	214
Harlaston chap.	2186	160	218
Edingale par chap †	1222	158	177
Hamstall Ridware p.	3424	349	443
Hanbury parish:—			
Coton hamlet	4065	69	56
Fauld hamlet		72	45
Hanbury twp.		113	154
Woodend ham.		239	219
Draycott twp.	1436	188	288
Marchington chap.	3695	210	491
Marchington Woodlands township	283	260	293
Newborough chap.	11213	440	757
Stubby Lane ham.			173
Haselour *extra par.*	707	33	36
Mavesyn Ridware p.	3271	486	576
Needwood Forest *ex p.*	‡	310	‡
Oakley *extra par.* †	.	..	..
Pipe Ridware par.	1612	107	111
Rolleston parish	2896	446	564
Anslow township	1563	200	302
Tamhorn *extra par.*	††	10	7
Tatenhill parish	3609	266	475
Barton-under-Needwood chapelry	7263	834	1344
Dunstall twp.	2297	177	204
Wichnor chap.	2873	133	157
Thorpe Constantine p.	2013	62	49
Tutbury parish	5472	844	1553
Whittington parish	4118	611	766
Yoxall parish	8422	753	1582
Total *North Div.*	108478	15197	20391

South Div.	Ann. Val. 1815.	Population 1801.	Population 1831.
	£		
Aldridge parish	5128	736	841
Barr (Great) chap.	6645	756	859
Armitage parish	3212	464	979
Canwell *extra par.*	396	36	24
Darlaston parish	4213	3812	6647
Drayton-Basset par.	4290	395	499
Elford parish	4250	383	483
Farewell & Chorley p.	1000	165	206
Hammerwich p. c §	1189	209	218
Handsworth parish	16874	2157	4044
Perry Barr ham.		562	909
Harbourn parish	4316	1178	1551
Smethwick chap.		1097	2676
Hints parish	3738	245	225
Hopwas-Hay ex par.	500	3	2
Longdon parish	6673	909	1147
Norton-under-Cannock parish	5087	547	678
Ogley-Hay extra par.	§	8	24
Rushall parish	3700	485	693
Shenstone parish	12827	1309	1827
Statfold parish	641	27	41
Tamworth Bor. and parish, (part of) ‡‡	3256	1123	1711
Fazeley, with Bangley, Bitterscote, & Bonehill twp.	3187	905	1433
Syerscote twp. ‡‡	600	10	34
Wigginton, with Comberford, Coton, & Hopwas township	6425	671	737
Tipton parish	22874	4280	14952
Walsall borough	6692	5177	6401
Walsall *foreign* p.	10231	5222	8065
Wednesbury par.	10000	5372	8437
Weeford parish	2750	200	306
Swinfen hamlet	1343	193	120
Packington twp.			44
West Bromwich par.	13245	5687	15327
Total *South Div.*	165203	44283	82684
Grand Total §§	273681	59480	103075

(☞ For Notes, see the next page.)

OFFLOW HUNDRED is one of the largest and most populous divisions of Staffordshire, forming the south-eastern portion of the county, stretching southward from the river Dove to the environs of Birmingham, Dudley, Bilston, and Wolverhampton, and having in its centre the city of Lichfield, to the north of which it has an extensive and highly cultivated agricultural district, including Needwood Forest; and to the south it has Walsall, Wednesbury, and many populous parishes engaged in the coal mines and iron manufactures. Its length from north to south is about 30 miles, and its average breadth from eight to twelve miles. It is bounded on the north and north-east by Derbyshire, from which it is separated by the rivers Dove, Trent, and Mease; on the south-east by Warwickshire, on the south by two detached portions of Salop and Worcestershire, and on the west by the other four hundreds of Staffordshire.—It is well watered by rivers and brooks, and intersected by the "Wyrley and Essington," the "Trent and Mersey," and other canals. It has generally a champaign character, having extensive and highly cultivated plains, broken only by gentle undulations of the earth, except on its southern and western borders, where some of the hills rise rather abruptly. The low lands in the vales of the Trent, Tame, and Dove, are frequently irrigated by the inundations of those rivers, and form rich pastures, celebrated for fat cattle, and the production of cheese. The higher lands produce excellent crops of corn, especially barley; and about Lichfield, immense crops of onions, carrots, and other vegetables, are raised; the soil being a deep red loam, which is very light and friable from Watling-street to the Trent, but assumes a stronger character to the east of the Tame, and between the Trent and Dove. Needwood Forest, and all the commons in this hundred, are now enclosed, except a large tract which forms part of Cannock Chase. The market towns within its limits are Burton-upon-Trent, Tamworth, Walsall,

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* Burton-on-Trent parish has three other townships in Derbyshire.

† Edingale is partly in Derbyshire, in Croxall parish. The population, &c. of *Oakley* (extra parochial) is included with it.

‡ *Needwood Forest* was inclosed in 1802, and divided amongst the townships of the four adjoining parishes, viz. Hanbury, Tatenhill, Tutbury, and Yoxall, but ecclesiastically it is still united, under a new church erected for the convenience of its inhabitants.

§ Ogley-Hay is uninclosed, and adjoins Cannock Chase and *Hammerwich*.—The latter is in St. Michael's parish, *Lichfield*, and is there described.

†† *Tamhorn* valuation was included with Whittington.

‡‡ *Tamworth borough* is partly in Warwickshire, in which county it has also four townships. *Syerscote* is in the North Division of Offlow Hundred.

§§ OFFLOW HUNDRED comprises besides the above, four townships belonging to WOLVERHAMPTON PARISH, (vide p. 163,) and several hamlets and townships belonging to the LICHFIELD PARISHES, enumerated on a preceding page. *Dudley Castle* is in the South Div. of this Hundred, but the town is in *Worcestershire. Including these* places, the total population of this Hundred in 1831, *was 112,982 souls.*

Wednesbury, and Lichfield; but the latter city forms a county of itself, though locally situated in the centre of this Hundred.

ALDRIDGE is a large and well-built village, seated on a pleasant declivity 3 miles N.E. of Walsall, and gives name to a large parish which extends to the confines of Warwickshire, and is divided into the two *townships* of Aldridge and Great Barr; the former containing 841, and the latter 859 inhabitants. Aldridge township comprises about 3000 acres of land, mostly in a high state of cultivation, having generally a sound gravelly loam, and in some places a strong clay, of which excellent bricks are made, though some of it contains small limestone pebbles, which have to be picked out by the brickmakers. *Druids' Heath* and *Mill Green*, two neighbouring hamlets within a mile north of the village, are both in the manor and township of Aldridge, of which Chandars Leigh, Esq., is lord paramount, and holds a court leet; but Mrs. Croxall, of Shutstoke, Warwickshire, and John Swift, Edward Tongue, James Guest, William Dilke, and William Leigh, Esqrs., claim the game on their own estates; and besides them here are many smaller owners. On Druids' Heath, which adjoins Cannock Chase, are Copy Hall and Druid's Place, two ancient seats; and in the village of Aldridge, is the modern mansion of E. Tongue, Esq. The *Church* is a fine old fabric in the pointed style, dedicated to St. Mary, and containing several monuments to the Scotts, and other families, one of which supports a recumbent effigy of Robert Stapleton. The living is a *rectory* valued in the King's books at £8. 1s. 3d. The Rev. Henry Harding, M.A., is the incumbent, and Sir Edward Dolman Scott, Bart., the patron, whose brother, the late rector, rebuilt the rectory house in 1826. The *parish clerk* has £26 yearly, as the rent of nine acres of land and three houses, left by an unknown donor.

Custom Money.—It was formerly customary for the rector of Aldridge, on every Christmas day, to regale all his parishioners who choose to come to the rectory, with as much "bread, beef, mustard, and vinegar" as they could eat; but this has long been changed for a money payment,—the rector now paying to every housekeeper, who demands it, in Aldridge, 6d.; and in Great Barr, 8d. The origin of the custom is unknown.

The *Free School* was built by subscription in 1718, on land given by the Rev. Thomas Cooper. In the same year it was endowed by the Rev. John Jordan, with several pieces of land, which, with several allotments made at the *enclosure* of Great Barr and Druids' Heath commons, now comprises about 00 acres, let for £115 per year, which is the whole income of he school, except £2 paid yearly by the overseers, as the bene- *tion of John Twyford.* The school is open to all the boys of *Aldridge, from 6* to 14 years of age, free of expense, except

for book, pens, ink, and firing; but the master is allowed to take boarders. Here is also a *free school for six poor girls*, endowed with land let for £12 a-year, but the particulars of the foundation are unknown.

The *Benefactions* to the poor of Aldridge are of the following *yearly value*, viz. £15 from land purchased with *Catherine Walker's* legacy, in 1756; 10s. out of Bowen Meadows, left by *Mr. Simkins;* 10s. out of Middlemoor Crofts, by *Thomas Harrison;* 10s. out of Long Lee, by Thomas Cooper; 10s. out of White Quales, by *John Harrison;* £5 by *Thomas Cox*, out of his estate in Aldridge; 5s. by John Cox, out of land in Walsall Wood; £2 by *John Twyford*, out of the poor rates; 4s. by *Elizabeth Thompson*, in 1767; £2. 2s. out of Novington Farm, in Whittington, by *Thomas Latham*, in 1807; 26s. by *Thomas Davill*, out of land in Bosty Lane; and 22s. by *John Jordan*, out of land held by the Croxall family.

GREAT BARR, 2¼ miles S.E. of Walsall, is a small but pleasant village, seated on the declivity of the lofty *Barr-beacon*, which stretches itself out to a considerable extent, and seems like a vast barrier to the country beyond it. This hill is supposed by antiquaries to have been the elevated point from which the *Druids* gave notice to the people of their quarterly sacrifices, and in the time of the Saxons a beacon was placed upon it to alarm the country on any invasion of the Danes. The township and chapelry of Great Barr contains about 5000 acres, and includes many scattered houses, and the hamlets of *Hardwick*, *Margaret's Lane*, *Scott's Arms*, *Sneal's Green*, *Little Aston*, and *Questlett* or *Questley;* extending eastward to the extensive *heath* of Sutton Coldfield, a large portion of which is yet unenclosed; but the greater part of the waste is in Warwickshire, and the remainder in this township and that of Perry Barr, which adjoins it on the south. Lady Lee, of Stoneley Abbey, Warwickshire, and Sir Edward Dolman Scott, Bart. M.P., who resides in the hall here, are the principal owners; and though the latter is lord of the manor, the former claims a paramount jurisdiction, and holds a court leet. *Barr Hall*, formerly called Nether House, has long been the seat of the family of Scott, and stands in a romantic valley, surrounded by an extensive lawn, a deer park, and a great variety and abundance of trees, with a charming sheet of water in front. Near the flower garden is a beautiful urn of statuary marble, to the memory of Miss Mary Dolman, whose elegant epitaph in Latin, inscribed on the pedestal, is from the pen of her cousin, the celebrated Shenstone, who added much to the sylvan beauties of this delightful residence. In the village is a good inn called the *Gough's Arms*, from John Gough, Esq., who has a large estate here. *Red House*, near Sneal's Green, is a neat Gothic seat belonging to Robert Scott, Esq., *but occupied* by J. V. Barber, Esq. On *the north side of the chapelry* is *Aldridge Lodge*, the seat of the

Rev. T. B. Adams, and near it is a small lake called *Bourn Pool*, not far from which is an ancient *moated house*, and the *Hay-head* lime works, from which there is a branch to the Wyrley and Essington canal. Great Barr CHAPEL is an elegant structure standing on an eminence shaded by a number of lofty elms. It was founded by a Mrs. Bromwich, and the six bells were the gift of a Mrs. Whitby, but it has since been nearly rebuilt, and ornamented with beautiful painted glass windows. The painting in the east window is the work of Mr. Eginton, and in style and execution is not inferior to many of the most approved productions of this art in more remote times. The *curacy* is in the gift of the rector of Aldridge, and the Rev. T. G. M. Luckock is the incumbent. The *Chapel Lands* consist of 66A. 17P. of land on Barr Common, obtained at the enclosure in 1799, from the late Sir Joseph Scott, in exchange for the Chapel Hills, which had been held from time immemorial for the benefit of the clerk and the chapel, together with some other land and buildings, which have been sold or otherwise alienated for the purpose of repairing the chapel. The allotment was let, in 1822, for only £24 a year, but it is now worth nearly double that rent. Half of the income is paid to the clerk. In 1825, the late Sir Joseph Scott, one of the trustees, had expended at various times, in repairing and beautifying the chapel, about £1750. Amongst his improvements are an organ, new windows, (seven of them painted,) a new spire, battlements, and porch, an altar-piece, &c. &c. Towards this expense he received several large sums for timber, and by selling part of the chapel land.

The *Free School*, on Sneal's Green, with a dwelling-house, two adjoining tenements, and five acres of land, were bequeathed in 1722, by *Thomas Addyes*, for the education of 13 poor children. His brother, Nicholas Addyes, in 1733, increased this endowment by a bequest of the Mill Field, which was exchanged at the inclosure for 5A. 1R. 16P., called Little Hills, and now let for £12. 12s. per annum. There is also an allotment of 5A. 2R. 1P. given in satisfaction of the common right of the school property, and now let for £5. 5s. per annum. The scholars have been increased to 20, and are clothed yearly from the interest of £400 left by Mrs. Ann Scott, in 1807. In the chapel yard is a *Girls' School*, said to have been built by the Hoo family, now represented by the Scotts. It is endowed for five free scholars, with £3. 18s. per annum, left by John Scott and Joseph Gibbons.

The poor of Great Barr have the following *yearly doles*, viz. £5 left by Thomas Addyes, in 1722, for clothing; £2. 12s. by Mr. Bradburn, to provide 2s. worth of bread every other Sunday; £2. 10s. by Thos. Bromwich, out of land at Handsworth; *and £2. 10s. left* by Thos. Cox, from land at Aldridge. The



wo latter are given away on Whit-Monday, by the chapel-wardens.

ALDRIDGE.

Those marked 1 *reside at Druids' Heath, and* 2 *at Mill Green, and* 3 *on Walsall Wood Road.*

Allport Henry, gent.
Arrowsmith John, brickmaker
Ashcroft Wm. excise officer
Atkins Thos. shoemaker
Attwood Benj. shoemaker
Beams Vincent, saddler
Birch John, blacksmith
3 Brown and Arrowsmith, brickmakers
Bricoe James, grocer
Brown Allen, gardener
Cotgrave Robert, tailor
Crumpton Thomas, butcher
Davis Rev. George
Harding Rev. Henry, M.A. rector
1 Hill Mr. Samuel
2 Jackson Chas. brass founder
Keeling John
Lea Thomas, gent.
Martin Anth. joiner & wheelght.
2 Mills Sarah, corn miller, Little Aston
Mold Charles, plumber, glazier, and painter
Newby Benj. rope & twine manfr.
1 Otway Thomas, iron founder, *Druids' place*
Paget Henry Leigh, surgeon
Perry Charles, painter
Prince Wm. baker and grocer
Prince Wm. shoemaker
Richards Ephm. brickmaker
1 Shutt Rev. Jph. M.A. *Copy hall*
Smallwood Miss Ann
Swift John, gent.
Theobold Mr. John
Tongue Edward, Esq.
Wateman James, gent.
Webster William, tailor

ACADEMIES.

Allport Mrs. Wm. (ladies' bdg.)
Butler Elizabeth, (day)
Jackson Edw. (gent. bdg. & day)

PUBLIC HOUSES.

Anchor, John Barnett
Harp, Gilbert Haughton
2 Plough and Harrow, William Winters
Swan, James Briscoe

BEER HOUSE.

Crown, Joseph Reynolds

Farmers.

1 Arblaster Dan.
2 Bate Wm.
Clarke Thos.
2 Cliff John
Derby John
Fletcher Jph.
Haughton Wm.
2 Hipwood Ts.
Kean Thos.
Martin Thos.
2 Mills Sarah, Aston villa
Pickin Richard
Profitt Ann (& maltster)
Shelly Joseph
Smith James
Swift Sarah, (& maltster
Titley ——
Tookey Wm.
White John
White Jph.

GREAT BARR.

Those marked 1 *reside near the Gough's Arms,* 2 *Howell's Row,* 3 *Sneal's Green,* 4 *West Bromwich Road,* 5 *Margaret's Lane,* 6 *Questlett,* 7 *Common,* 8 *Hardwick,* 9 *Bourn Pool,* 10 *Bourn Vale,* 11 *Tamworth Road, and* 12 *near Barr Hall.*

Adams Rev. Thomas Burrows, *Aldridge lodge*
4 Attwood Charles, butcher
1 Ball James, brickmaker
3 Barber John Vaughan, Esq. banker, *Red house*
5 Birch Joseph, corn miller
5 Bayley Thomas, shoemaker
5 Balden Miss Eliz. Thornhill
12 Bradbury Wm. bricklayer & sexton
11 Brindley John, lime master, cement manf. and magistrates' clerk, *Moat house*
3 Cox Mrs. Jane
1 Davis John, brickmaker, (and Walsall)
4 Davis John, tailor
6 Dixon Miss Catherine
1 Elwell Stephen, toll contractor
4 Finch Francis, Esq. iron master
4 Fletcher Richard Westley, merchant, (& Walsall)
1 Hales Edward, joiner
12 Hall John, gent. *Barr villa*
4 Hall Thomas wheelwright
1 Hancock Benj. gamekeeper
10 Harding Matthew, thrashing machine owner

5 Hobbins John, ironmonger, & Walsall)
2 Howell Mrs. Mary
2 Lebon Joseph, gent.
3 Luckcock Rev. Thomas Geo. Mortimer, M.A. curate
2 Mist James, jun. gardener
4 Parkes Elizabeth shopkeeper
3 Pinches Thomas, merchant
4 Pountney John, grocer, assist. overseer, and constable
11 Ross Samuel, awl blade maker
Scott Sir Edward Dolman, Bart. M.P. *Barr hall*
3 Seavill John, gent.
12 Siddons Charles, cattle dealer
1 Smith John, gent. *Grove vale*
4 Tandy Mrs. Sarah
5 Welch John gun lock maker, & chapel clerk
5 Welch Wm. gun lock maker

ACADEMIES.

2 Bewlay Sarah, (ladies' bdg.)
12 Harding Eliz. (*girls' free*)
4 Mayne William, (boarding)
3 Moseley Wm. Addye's charity and bdg.)

INNS AND PUBLIC HOUSES.

Bull's Head, Benj. Hall, Dawend road
1 Gough's Arms, Mountfort Clarkson
6 Horns, Thomas Sparkes

BEER HOUSES.

1 Blue Bell, William Inston, (& joiner)
4 Malt Shovel, Thomas Emery

Blacksmiths.

1 Size John
6 Sparkes Thos.
8 Turley Jph.

Farmers.

1 Allen D.
1 Betson Rd.
11 Boot Thos.
11 Day Thos.
11 Downing Ts.
10 Harabin Ts.
10 Harabin Wm.
6 Inson Geo.
7 Lee Thomas
8 Musgreave J.
1 Meanley Rd.
12 Moore Wm. Old hall
1 Osborne Ts.
9 Osborne Wm.
1 Osborne Wm.
5 Paget Benj. Hill top
1 Paget David
1 Paget Jph.
9 Parrat James
8 Riley Joshua
12 Sheldon Frs. Pinfold
1 Smith Richd. Rag hall
7 Smith Thos.
7 Smith Thos.
1 Terry Sarah
11 Titley Hphy.
12 Whitehouse John, Chapel farm
Whorley Geo. (& maltster)
11 Wood Eliz.
6 Yeomans Jno.

Spectacle Frame makers.

5 Boyce Jas.
5 Jones Jph.
5 Tandy Wm.
8 Wright Jph.

ALREWAS is an extensive village pleasantly situated on the south bank of the Trent, opposite to Wichnor, one mile W. of the mouth of the river Tame, and five and a-half miles N. E. of Lichfield. Its centre is crossed by the Trent and Mersey canal, and its eastern extremity by the Burton road. The parish is an extensive and level district, comprising the three townships of Alrewas, Fradley, and Orgreave, in which are 1607 inhabitants, and 5249 acres of rich grazing land, of which, 2249 acres were not enclosed till after the year 1794. This is exclusive of *Alrewas Hay*, which is extra parochial, and was not wholly enclosed till after the year 1820. The Earl of Lichfield is lord of the manor, and owner of nearly all the land. He is also lessee of the rectorial tithes under the Chancellor of Lichfield Cathedral, who enjoys the *Prebend of Alrewas*, instituted by the Bishop of Lichfield in 822. In the time of the Saxons this extensive manor belonged to Algar, Earl of Mercia. It was afterwards held by the Conqueror, and is described in *Domesday book* as containing eight carucates of arable land; two in demesne, and six held by a bondman, 20 villans, 6 bordars, and *a priest; together* with twenty-four acres of meadow; a fishery *that yielded 1500* eels, and a wood one mile in length, and half

a mile in breadth. King John granted the manor in fee-farm to Roger de Somerville, and in 1660, it was sold by Sir Francis Boynton, for £3130, to John and Philip Turton, Esqrs. whose descendant, John Turton, Esq. of Shugnall, sold it in 1752, to that distinguished naval commander, the first *Lord Anson*, from whom it has descended to the *Earl of Lichfield*. [Vide Shugborough.] The parish *Church*, dedicated to All Saints, is a fine specimen of Saxon architecture, but it has undergone many repairs, and over the western door is the date 1627. The Chancellor of Lichfield is its prebendary, and also patron of the vicarage, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. John Moore, M. A. Among the *remarkable events* recorded in the Register Book, are the following:—On Nov. 11th, 1585, "a blazing starre" *(comet)* appeared, and was seen for forty days after; in 1593, the *Plague* carried off 200 at Alrewas, and more than 1100 at Lichfield; 1601, *Salter's Bridge*, which crosses the Tame, was rebuilt two feet broader than the old structure; 1613, Robert Nevill and his son were killed by lightning under an oak in Salterholmefield; 1614, the mill at Alrewas-Hay was re-built; 1621, King James was at Wichnor Hall; 1643, an alehouse near the Church was burnt down, together with an adjoining house and barn; 1675, on January 4th, a terrible earthquake was felt; 1711, all the Church bells were re-cast; in 1794, six troops of *yeomanry cavalry* were raised in Staffordshire, and trained on Fradley Heath. In the same parochial register, it is recorded that an extensive *cotton mill* was erected at Alrewas a few years prior to 1793, by Messrs. Dickins and Finloe, of Burton-upon-Trent. About sixteen years ago, part of this mill was wilfully destroyed by fire, and the incendiary was condemned to die, but his sentence was commuted for imprisonment on the ground of insanity. The mill is now occupied by a wire drawer, a needle maker, a corn miller, and a lace thread doubler. *A Wesleyan Chapel* was built here in 1805; one for the *Primitive Methodists*, in 1828; and a *National School*, in 1815. The parish feast is on the Sunday after All Saints' day. In 1832, the parishioners erected *May Poles* in the three townships of the parish, with suitable inscriptions, to commemorate the passing of the *Reform Bill*, and as a testimony of their gratitude to Earl Lichfield for the firm and unremitting zeal which he displayed in supporting that great national measure. The pole at Alrewas cost about £30. The comparative extent of each township is shewn by the quotas paid to the Church and County rates, Alrewas paying five-eighths, Fradley two-eighths, and Orgreave one-eighth. A *Lock-up* or temporary prison, was built here in 1832; but the *Petty Sessions* are held at the Wichnor Inn, on the opposite side of the Trent.

The poor of Alrewas parish have by some ancient grant, a yearly distribution of sixteen bushels of rye, out of the Great *Tithes of the parish*. They have also the rent of six acres of

land, called *Great Busall*, left by an unknown donor, and are further relieved by the following yearly sums, viz.: 10s. left by *William Bradbury*, in 1641, out of land called Greaven, lying in Banbutts; 10s. out of Furlong close, left by *John Kirkland*, in 1737; 6s. out of land in Mickleholme, left by *Wm. Wright*; 5s. left by *John Yeld*, out of Burway meadow; 5s. left by *Thomas Shemmonds*, out of the Leens close; and £4. 10s. as the interest of £90, left by *Francis Cobb*, in 1804. Amongst the LOST CHARITIES of this parish is the interest of £55, left in 1692, by William Turton, Esq., and from the year 1777 to 1814, paid out of Highlins Park, a part of the demesne of the Duchy of Lancaster, lately held by Lady Evelyn, a descendant of the testator.

FRADLEY, 1 mile S. of Alrewas, is a small village, comprising within its township about 1300 acres of land, and 382 inhabitants. *Fradley Heath* formed part of the extensive waste of Alrewas-Hay, but was enclosed about the year 1805. Plott says, on one part of this common is a remarkable *spring*, vulgarly said to be bottomless, which always overflows, and though in a low situation, actually permits the plummet to descend 42 feet. On the canal, half a mile S. of Fradley, is *Dunstall* wharf and hamlet.

ORRGEAVE is a small village and township, on the south bank of the Trent, half a mile W. of Alrewas. It has 123 inhabitants, and about 700 acres of land. The *Hall*, now a farm-house with a fine avenue of elms, was formerly the seat of the Adams family, the paternal ancestors of the Earl of Lichfield.

ALREWAS-HAY, 4 miles N. by E. of Lichfield, is an *extra parochial* liberty, belonging to the Earl of Lichfield, and containing the small village of FRADLEY JUNCTION, so called from the Fazeley, and Trent and Mersey canals, which here unite. This district, which has now 77 inhabitants, was formerly an open forest or chase, and at the time of the conquest, perhaps formed the extensive *wood* noticed in Domesday book. It was not wholly enclosed till 1826.

ALREWAS.

Baggaley John, gent. Alrewas Cottage
Battelle Thos, Esq. *(& Elford)*
Bean Hanh. straw hat maker
Brooks Jeremiah, manager
Cross Mr. William
Dagley Mr. Daniel
Farmer Mrs. Sarah
Genders Thomas, gentleman
Gillott Samuel, nail maker
Gould Ralph, cart owner
Graham James, cooper
Green James, butcher
Green John, wool sorter
Green Joseph, butcher
Green Thomas, saddler
Hackett & Essex, needle mnfrs.
Haythorn T. W. lace thread mnfr. *(and Nottingham)*
Heath Daniel, gentleman
Hickson Mrs. Penelope
Kent Isaac, joiner
Kent John, wire drawer, & bonnet wire, & hair pin manfr.
Knight Rd. gent. Dunstall bdg.
Lakin John, gentleman
Marshall Thomas, grocer, draper, cotton ball mnfr. and agent to the Manchester Fire Office
May James, junior, bricklayer
Moore Rev. John, M. A. vicar

Mottram James Seymour, wool stapler, & hop & seed mert.
Osborn John, surgeon
Port Thomas, hatter & flour dlr.
Sanders Joseph, mole catcher
Shaw William, corn miller
Shemmonds John, gentleman
Shenton Samuel, gentleman

PUBLIC HOUSES.

Crown, William Lakin
George & Dragon, Jno. Thorniwork
Paul Pry. Thos. Fredk. Dugmore
White Hart, Henry Bladen

BEER HOUSES.

Acorn, William Eaton
Bull's Head, Thomas Fisher
Cross Keys, John Gildart
Jolly Boatsman, Mary Hanson
King William, Thomas Morgan
Malt Shovel, Stephen Fox
Royal George, Mary Thomas
Truss of Hay, Daniel Riley

Academies.

Clarke Gilbert
Ellis Sarah
LonghurstThos.
Lyon Samuel

Bakers.

Edgley Thos.
Thomas George

Basket mkrs.

Dolman John
Dolman Moses
Dolman Phineas
Dolman Wm.
Gray Isaac

Blacksmiths.

Bean Joseph
Bean William

Shoemakers.

Gaskill Wm.
Genders John
Green William
Lakin John
Langley Thos.
Roberts George

Butchers.

Dolman Thos.
Green James
Green Joseph
Shakeshaft Ths.

Clog and Patten Makers.

Thomas Wm.
ThomasWm.jun

Farmers.

Allcock Henry
Bailey William
Bakewell John
Banks William
Clarke John
Cox George
Danify Wm.
Dolman Thos. (& butcher)
Dooley John
Gough John
Gould Ralph
Gray Thomas
Greenaway Hy.
Hunt Ann, *Bear's hay*
Lakin Thomas
Lees Ralph, *Sittels*
Middleton Wm.
Osborne James, *East hill*
Parr Thomas
Shakeshaft Ths. (& butcher)
ShemmondsHy.
ShemmondsJno
Shemmonds Jph
Shemmonds Ths
Shemmonds W.
Slater Thomas
Smith Wm. *Tunley John*

Maltsters.

Fox Stephen
Kent George
Lakin Thos.
Thorniwork Jn.

Shopkeepers.

Fox Stephen
Hanson Mary
Herdsman Rd.
Langley Thos. (& coal dlr.)
Marshall Thos.
Slater Henry

Tailors.

Bannister Sams.
Dakin John
Herdsman Rd.
Liversuch Jph.
Maddocks John
Stokes Thomas
WilkinsWilliam

Wharfingers.

Brown Isaac
Kent John
Riley Daniel

Wheelwrights.

Kent Joseph, (& ironmonger)
Shakeshaft Jno.
CARRIER, Abm. Earp, to Burton, Thursday.

FRADLEY.

Bevins Mr. Wm. Dunstall bridge
Dolman Daniel, basket maker
Dolman Jph. basket maker, and Tankard beerhouse
Edwards Nathaniel, gentleman
Fisher Isaac, Bell beer house, Dunstall bridge
Green Thomas, shoemaker
Lester Thomas, vict. Crown
Paskin John, vict. Bull's Head
Upton Wm. blacksmith, & Wm. IV. beer house
Wiggin William, tailor & shopkr.

Farmers.

Cosby Eliz.
Deakin John
Dilks Hannah
Dilks MaryAnn
Dilks Wm.
Dilks Wm.
Edwards N.jun.
Heath Daniel *West hill*
Paskin Samuel
Paskin Thos.
Price Robt.
Riley James
Shaw Wm. *Hall*
Upton John
Wiggin Joseph
Winter Rd.
NicholsChs.Jas.

ORGREAVE.

Batkin John, gentleman
Lancaster Wm. shoemaker

Farmers.

Collett Eleanor
Gould Joseph
Kent John
Smith John
Smith Wm.
Summers Jas.
Sylvester John
Sylvester Mary
Winter Samuel, *Hall*
Wright John

ALREWAS-HAY.

*Those marked * reside at Fradley Junction.*

* Cooper John, joiner
* Inskip Richard, stone mason
* Johnson Thomas, joiner
* Nichols Jas. grocer, canal surveyor, and vict. Swan Inn

Owen Edw.gent. Alrewas-Hay hs.
Robotham John, wharfinger, & agent to the Trent and Mersey Canal Company
Shemmonds Thos. gamekeeper
Vann William, boatman
Wale Jacob, gamekeeper

ARMITAGE is a pleasant village, in the fertile vale of the Trent, on the south side of the Trent and Mersey canal, 5 miles N.N.W. of Lichfield, and 2¼ miles E.S.E. of Rugeley. The parish includes the hamlet of Hansacre, and contains 979 inhabitants, and 1821A. 1R. 11P. of land, part of which lies on the north side of the river. Armitage forms about three-fifths of the parish, and was formerly called *Hermitage*, from a tradition that a hermit anciently resided in a sequestered spot between the church and the Trent. The parish is in several manors, and belongs to a number of freeholders. When *hearth-money* was collected in 1660, it paid for 68 hearths, £6. 16s. *Hawksyard*, now called *Armitage Park*, is surrounded by a beautiful and picturesque domain, and is the property of Thos. Lister, Esq., LL.D, but is now occupied by Sir James Fitzgerald, Bart., the lessee lord of the manors of Armitage and Brereton. The house is a handsome Gothic mansion, 1 mile W. of the church, forming a complete square, with an embattled pediment, and four turrets at the corners crowned by the cupolas. In the romantic pleasure grounds, the canal passes through a short tunnel, cut through the solid rock. *Armitage Lodge* is the pleasant seat of Thomas Birch, Esq. *Lee Hall*, now a farm house, belongs to the Hon. Henry Curzon. The village of Armitage has nearly doubled its population during the last 20 years, partly owing to the establishment of a large *pottery* of cream coloured ware, commenced in 1817. The *Church* is dedicated to St. John the Baptist, and stands on a rocky eminence, which commands a fine view of the vale of Trent, and the distant hills of Charnwood Forest, in Leicestershire. It is very ancient, and in the tower are three bells, one of which is dated 1727, and inscribed, "I to the church the living call, and to the grave do summon all." It is in the appropriation and patronage of the prebendary of Hansacre, in Lichfield Cathedral, and the Rev. Henry Binfield is the incumbent curate. Near Armitage Lodge, is a neat *Independent Chapel*, of brick, cased with stone in the Gothic style, and erected about 10 years ago by Thomas Birch, Esq.

Curate and Parish Clerk.—In 1720, *John Bolton* gave £30 to be laid out in land for the use of the *curate*, who now receives £3 yearly from 1¼ acre purchased with this legacy. Mr. Bolton also left a cottage and garden for the use of the *clerk*, and they are now worth about £5 per annum, exclusive of a *piece of waste* enclosed from the side of the road by a former *clerk*.

The *Benefactions* to the poor are £2 per annum, from an acre of land and five cattle gates, left by William Oldacre, in 1753; and 16s. a-year, as the interest of £20, left by *Benjamin Bolton*, in 1730, and now vested with the Hitchcock family.

Hansacre, or *Handsacre*, is a pleasant hamlet about 1 mile E. of Armitage, and 4 miles N. by W. of Lichfield, where there are several malt kilns and brick and tile yards; and at a short distance to the north, the Uttoxeter road crosses the Trent by a handsome *iron-bridge*, containing about 500 tons of metal, and having only one arch of 140 feet span, resting on stone piers. The erection was commenced in 1829, but the bridge was not opened till the commencement of 1832. The old stone bridge is still standing a few hundred yards below, and has seven arches, but is very narrow and inconvenient. Hansacre is thus briefly mentioned in Domesday book:—"Hadsacre: the arable land is five carucates. Robert holds it." *Hubert de Handsacre* lived in the reign of Henry I., and was lord of Hansacre, which continued with his descendant till 1452, when it passed by marriage to other families. During the civil contentions which disturbed the kingdom, when Richard II. was deposed, and Henry IV. took possession of the throne, *Sir William Handsacre* was slain by Sir Robert Mavesyn, lord of the neighbouring manor of Mavesyn Ridware. "Sir Robt. espoused the cause of the usurper, and Sir William that of the unfortunate Richard. Each assembled his vassals, and began their march to join the armies, then lying in view of each other near Shrewsbury; but unfortunately meeting, a skirmish ensued, in which Sir William was slain on the spot. Sir Robert proceeded to the royal army, and soon after met his fate, fighting against the gallant Percy. What a dreadful picture does this accident exhibit of the miseries of civil discord! What a tale is the following, of the sudden vicissitude of hatred to love, between contending families! *Margaret*, one of the daughters and co-heiress of Sir Robert Mavesyn, gave her hand to *Sir William*, son of the knight slain by her father; and with her person and fortune, compensated the injury done by her house to that of *Handsacre!!* The *manor* now belongs to Sir George Chetwynd, Bart., H. M. Chadwick, Esq., and several smaller proprietors. Near the turnpike, a little south of the village, are some remains of the ancient *manor house*, surrounded by a moat. The structure was originally large in the half-timbered style, exhibiting many gables and heavy stacks of chimneys. The part now remaining, is occupied by a farmer, and at a short distance, on the old road, is a small cottage, said to have been the Park-lodge. In the Mill-croft, are traces of the foundation of some sacred edifice, which is supposed to have given name to the adjacent field called the Church *Croft*. *Verdon's Manor*, was a part of Hansacre, which formerly belonged to the Verdon family, but was grant-

ed, in 1318, by Sir Robert de Verdon, to Robert, son of Sir Henry Maveeyn.

ARMITAGE.

Those marked 1 *reside at Brereton,* 2 *Birchen Fields,* 3 *Booth Hurst,* 4 *Holly Bank,* 5 *Lee Hall, and* 6 *Westfields.*

Birch Thos. Esq. & Thos. John, solicitors, Armitage lodge
Bradbury Isaac, maltster and brickmaker
2 Bradbury Robert, bricklayer
Brown Charles, parish clerk
Carthy Edward, joiner
Colgrave John, shoemaker
Fitzgerald Sir James Bart. *Armitage park*
Green Thomas shoemaker
Hill Wm. brickmaker
Hoon Samuel, vict. Plumpudding
Hughs Andrew, shopkeeper
Jackson Mrs. Hannah
Jackson John, shoemaker
Jupp Rev. Alfred John, (Indpt.)
1 Lindores Wm. gardener & beer house
Merryman Wm. vict. Boat house
Moore Eliz. beer house
Morecroft Wm. blacksmith
Painter Rd. joiner & beer house
Richards John, clerk
Robinson Wm. cart owner
Robinson John, gardener
Robinson Wm. tailor
Scott John, butcher
Tipper Wm. maltster
Tunnicliff & Hall, earthenware manfrs.
Turner Robert, tailor
1 Wallis Mary, vict. Talbot Inn
Weate Wm. net mkr. & beer hs.
Whiteford Misses C. & E. ladies' bdg. school
Whiteford Thos. managing clerk to Messrs. Birch
Yates Jno. brickmkr.; h. Colton

Farmers.— are Yeomen.*

Alldritt John
*Beresford My.
3 Cox John
5 Gascoyne Hy. Charles
4 Jones Sus.
* Kent Thos.
1 Massey Saml.
1 Millwood Fs.
* Morre Jph.
* Painter Saml.
6 Rowley Walter
Saunders Wm.
Turner Robt.
*Warren Matt.
Wooding Benj.

HANSACRE.

Marked 1 *reside at Bromley Lane,* 2 *Clark's Hay,* 3 *Marsh Barn, and* 4 *Tappenhurst.*

Adcock Edward
Adcock Miss Eliz. bdg. school
4 Adie Thomas, gardener
Alldritt John, butcher
Barnes Samuel, corn dealer
Bond Thomas, brickmaker
Cartmail Wm. shopkpr. and coal dealer
Conway Wm. blacksmith
Emery George, builder, brickmaker, and boat owner
Forrester Geo. vict. Red Lion
Grimes Wm. tobacco pipe mfr.
2 Harvey Geo. wine and spirit merchant & brickmaker
Harvey Wm. wheelwright
Hayden Daniel, tailor
3 Jackson Robert, gent.
Millett Robert, blacksmith
Morecroft Wm. schoolmaster
Myatt Solomon, shopkeeper
Thomason Benj. land irrigator
Toft Wm. stone mason
Woolley Joseph, vict. & maltster, Crown Inn
Worrall John, schoolmaster and bookbinder

Farmers.

1 * Brown Jane
3 * Jackson Ts.
*Pipe T. (*Hall*)
4 Sedgwick W.

Coaches

To Birmingham, at 7 morn. and 5 evg., Rugeley, 7 evg.; and Utoxeter 11 mng.

BROMLEY REGIS, or *King's Bromley*, is a well-built on the south bank of the Trent, 5 miles N. of Lichfield, ing within its parish 629 inhabitants, and a champaign of 3800 acres, of which nearly 1000 acres formed an

open heath or common, partly included in Alrewas-Hay, till the commencement of the present century; but it has been enclosed at various periods, under an act passed in 1799. The MANOR was anciently called *Brom Legge*, and derived its present name from the circumstance of its being the property of the Crown for nearly two centuries after the Norman conquest, previous to which it had been distinguished as the residence of the Earls of Mercia. Leofric, the husband of the famous Lady Godiva, died here in 1057. Henry III. granted the manor to the Corbets, who sold it, in 1569, to Francis Agard, of Ireland, for £1240. In 1573, it comprised "100 messuages, 20 cottages, 2 water mills, 1 dove cote, 1600 acres of arable land, 200 of meadow, 200 of pasture, 200 of wood, and 1000 of heath or furze." About 1670, it was sold by Charles Agard, Esq. to John Newton, of the island of Barbadoes; and in 1794, it was bequeathed, by Sarah Newton, to her cousins, John and Thomas Lane, Esqrs. The Earl of Lichfield and John Lane, Esq. have estates in the parish; but the principal owner, and present lord of the manor, is John Newton Lane, Esq. who resides at *Bromley Hall*, a handsome mansion, surrounded by an extensive park. The CHURCH, dedicated to All Saints, is a fine Gothic building, adorned with large and beautiful windows, and containing several monuments to the families of Agard, Newton, and Lane. The prebendary of Alrewas and Weeford is the patron and appropriator; but J. N. Lane, Esq. is lessee of the tithes. The Rev. John Hinckley is the incumbent curate; for whom the Rev. T. J. Moore officiates. Plott mentions a remarkable instance of LONGEVITY, in the person of *Mary Cooper*, who lived in this village, and had seen her descendants to the sixth generation; and, what is more extraordinary, all of them alive at the same time, so that she could say to her daughter, "Rise daughter, go to thy daughter, for thy daughter's daughter hath got a daughter." The parish *feast* is on the nearest Sunday to All Saints' day. The parishioners have the benefit of an *endowed school*, seven *alms-houses*, and several *benefactions* for yearly distribution.

The *Free School* was built out of the rents of a farm, of 55A. 3R. 3P. at Marchington Woodlands, bequeathed for that purpose, and for the support of a schoolmaster, by *Richard Crosse*, of Baggington, "provided the lord of the manor would give an acre of ground for the site of the said school and play ground." This farm received an allotment of 10A. 1R. 15P. at the enclosure of Needwood Forest, in 1800, and the whole now yields about £120 per annum. The original school premises were exchanged, in 1815, with John Lane, Esq. for another piece of ground near the village, and a new and commodious school and house. It is open to the boys of the whole parish. The *rectors of Yoxall* and Hamstall Ridware are the *trustees*.



The *Alms-Houses* were founded in 1699, by *Ralph Crosse*, for the residence of seven poor women, with an annuity of £4 each, to be paid out of an estate at Bromley Regis, which passed, about twenty years ago, with the heiress of the Cooper family, to Mr. Michael Poyser, of Yoxall. The alms-houses were rebuilt in 1806, by John Lane, Esq. The founder, also, left all the land which he had "bought of James Lunn, of Penkridge," for the use of the poor of Bromley Regis, but this land is not now known.

Benefactions.—Edward Crosse, about 1699, bequeathed to King's and Abbot's Bromley a yearly rent charge of £10, out of a farm at Bromley Hurst, in equal portions to those parishes, for putting out poor children as apprentices. The yearly proceeds of the other *charities*, belonging solely to the poor of this parish, are as follows, viz., £15. 18s. from 12 acres of land, given at an early period by the families of *Crosse* and *Cotterell*; £30, the rent of the *Carr's Estate*, obtained from the gifts of Mrs. and Miss Newton, Widow Wright, Francis Cobb, and others; £10, for a weekly supply of bread, by John Newton, out of land belonging to the lord of this manor; and £5, paid by the said lord, as the interest of £100, left by Thos. Newton, Esq. in 1783.

BROMLEY WHARF, on the Trent and Mersey canal, 1¼ mile S.; and WOODEND, 2 miles S. of Bromley Regis, are two hamlets in this parish, which also includes *Aston Hay*, *The Shaws*, and several scattered farm houses.

In the following Directory, those marked 1 *reside at Bromley Wharf*, 2 *at Aston Hay*, 3 *at Woodend, and the rest at Bromley Regis, or where specified.*

Batkin Richd. grocer & beer hs.
Batkin Robert, grocer & draper
Batkin Thomas, wheelwright
Bradbury Nathaniel, stone mason
1 Brawn and Co. lime burners
Cooper Henry, gent.
Cooper John, joiner
Cooper Wm. wheelwright
1 Cresswell Joseph, wharfinger
Fearneyhough Lewis, blacksmith
Green James, butcher
Green Thomas, schoolmaster
Haddock Nathaniel, gardener
1 Haslam Mary, coal dealer
Jobberns Mr. Thomas
Jobberns Jno. maltster & oversr.
Knight John, tailor & shopkeeper
Lane J. N. Esq. *Bromley hall*
Merry Wm. joiner
Moore Rev. Thomas James, B.A. *curate*, (& boarding academy)
Osborn Thomas, blacksmith and *beer house*
Piddocke Mrs. Mary
Tunstall Stephen, tailor
Tyler John, corn miller
1 Walton George, coal dealer
Williams Arthur, vict. Fighting cocks

Farmers.

Averill Chas.
3 Averill John
Bannister Thos.
2 Bentley Geo.
Charles Wm.
3 EllsmoorThos
Marshall Chas.
Mott Wm.
Poyser John
Rice James
Rochford Augusta
3Rowland Thos.
Sedgwick John, *Shaws*
Sharrald Joseph *Tappenhurst*
Simmons Rd.
Slater John, *Shaw lane*
Sutton Thomas, *Riley hall*
2SummersThos.
Worner Geo.
Woolley Robert
Woolley Thos.

Shoemakers.

Haddock Rd.
Jackson John
Jackson Wm.
Slater Samuel

BURTON-UPON-TRENT.

BURTON-UPON-TRENT is an ancient and thriving market town, celebrated for its *ale*, and an extensive cotton manufactory, and pleasantly situated on the west bank of the river Trent, which here flows, in a double stream, through an open but picturesque valley, and is crossed by a venerable bridge of thirty-six arches, the centre of which marks the boundary between the counties of Stafford and Derby. It is in 52 deg. 53 min. north latitude, and 1 deg. 35 min. west longitude; and is distant 11 miles S.W. of Derby, 13 miles N.E. of Lichfield, 25 miles E. of Stafford, and 125 miles N.W. of London. It is the capital of an extensive PARISH, containing 7347 inhabitants, and 10,249 acres of land, subdivided into seven townships, two of which are on the east side of the Trent, in Repton and Gresley hundred, Derbyshire, as will be seen in the following enumeration, which shows the population, in 1831, and the territorial extent of each.

Townships.	*Pop.*	*Acres.*	*Townships.*	*Pop.*	*Acres.*
Burton Borough	4399	583	Stretton	373	1233
Burton Extra ..	910	983	*Stapenhill	535	1736
Branstone	382	2458	*Winshill	357	1105
Horninglow	391	2161			
		Total		7347	10249

* Stepenhill and Winshill are in Derbyshire. (See also p. 294.)

The Marquis of Anglesey is *lord of the manor, and impropriator of the great tithes* of the whole parish, and owner of most of the soil. An Act of Parliament, for *enclosing the common and waste lands* of Burton Extra, Branstone, Horninglow, and Stretton, was obtained in 1773, and another for enclosing the small common of Burton, in 1812. The east and west sides of the parish are rather hilly, and have a strong red, marly soil, well suited for the growth of barley, wheat, &c.; the rest is a champaign district, forming rich loamy pastures, which, in the rainy seasons, are often flooded by the waters of the Trent and Dove, the latter of which bounds the parish on the north.

The TOWN of Burton extends into Burton Extra, or, as it is sometimes called, *Bond End*, and includes most of the population of that township, so that its inhabitants may be estimated at more than 5000 souls. It has one principal street, of considerable length, lined with good shops and houses, and running parallel with the river from north to south. This is called *High street*, and has several other streets and lanes intersecting it at right angles. During the last thirty years, many of the ancient houses have been rebuilt, and many new ones have been erected in the northern suburbs, adjoining Horninglow, so

that the town has now a very respectable appearance. It is well *paved* and *lighted*, under an act of Parliament obtained in 1779, partly at the expense of a rate levied on the inhabitants, and partly from land and buildings bequeathed for the use of the town, as will be seen in the account of the numerous charities belonging to the parish. *Gas works* were erected here in the year 1832, under the superintendence of Mr. Samuel Sanders, at the cost of £2500, raised in £10 shares, which now yield seven per cent. interest. The *Town Hall*, in the Market place, is a neat and spacious structure, erected on the site of the old Market House, in 1772, by the late Lord Paget, father of the Marquis of Anglesey, the present lord of the manor, who holds a *Court of Record* weekly, on Friday, called the Jenter's Court, where pleas can be maintained to any amount; and his Bailiff is also *Coroner*. A *Court Leet* and *Baron* is held yearly, in Oct. for the election of officers, the recovery of small debts, &c. &c. Nathl. Rd. Clarke, Esq. is the *lord's steward*, and Sir J. D. Fowler is *deputy steward, bailiff, and coroner*. Among the borough officers elected yearly at the Court Leet are six *Deciners*, (perhaps a corruption of the Roman *Decemviri*,) and three *constables*. "Burton retains the name of a BOROUGH merely with reference to the translation of *Burgos*, a town;" though in monastic times some of the *Abbots* here were summoned by writ and sat in Parliament. The MARKET, held every Thursday, under a charter granted by King John, is well supplied with provisions, &c. Here are also four annual FAIRS, for horses, cattle, &c. held on Candlemas-day, April 5th, Holy Thursday, and Oct. 22nd to 29th. The latter is noted for the sale of colts; and on the last day (29th) there is a large shew of cheese. A *Hiring for Servants*, is held on the Monday after New Michaelmas day; a *Feast*, on the nearest Sunday to St. Modwen's day, (Oct. 29;) and *Races* in August. The fairs are held under a grant of Henry III., who also confirmed the market charter granted by King John.

ALE AND MANUFACTURES.—Burton was anciently famous for ornamental works in *alabaster*, as is noticed both by Leland and Camden. How long these works continued to flourish, is unknown, but during the last 150 years there has been no business of this kind carried on here, though abundance of alabaster is still to be found in the neighbourhood of Needwood Forest. In the 17th century, many of the inhabitants were *clothiers*, and their kerseys were held in great estimation. At present, the chief production of Burton is its ALE, for which it has long been celebrated. The origin of this lucrative trade was in 1610, when Benjamin Printon began a small brewery, [illegible] his success induced others to engage in the same business. [illegible] the trade has gradually risen to its present importance. [illegible] are *now* nine extensive breweries in the town, and im[illegible] *quantities of* Burton ale are sent yearly to all parts of

Great Britain, and to many foreign countries, es o the East and West Indies. Catharine II., Empress ia, is said to have been immoderately fond of this beve ut the present "Autocrat of all the Russias" has prohibi nport- ation. Contrary to general practice, the brewe- prefer hard water to soft, the former being found to m terial difference in the strength of their ale. This fact ously explained by Dr. Darwin, who supposes that so ic sac- charine acid in the malt combines with the calc rth of hard water, and forms a sort of mineral sugar, w ce true sugar, is convertible into spirits. The brewe extensive maltsters, and occacionally make porter. large *cotton factories*, both for spinning and power- ing, have long been carried on here by Messrs. John ompany, and give employment to several hundreds o tants.— Here are also a large tannery, an iron f ide and shovel manufactory, several hat makers, a ve wood screw manufactory. The river Trent, a Canal which connects that river with the Mersey, open a water communication with nearly all the sea-ports and principal towns in the kingdom; the river washes the eastern skirts of the town, and is there joined by a branch from the canal, which runs about a mile to the west of Burton, and is extended northward to Wilden Ferry, in Derbyshire, where it terminates in the Trent.

The BRIDGE, which crosses the twin streams of the Trent, is one of the noblest fabrics of the kind in England, and the most entire and remarkable object of antiquity now possessed by this town. It consists of 36 arches, extending 515 feet across two streams of the Trent and part of the valley, and was, according to Erdeswick, erected by Bernard, Abbot of Burton, about the year 1174, but Shaw considers it to be of a much older date. In early times, this bridge was placed underthe care of an overseer, or procurator, nominated by the abbot, together with the knights and justices connected with Burton, who acted in the capacity of trustees. At one end formerly stood a chapel, supposed to have been erected by Edward II., in memory of his victory over the rebel Earl of Lancaster. In this chapel, mass was frequently said, in order to collect donations to defray the expenses of repairs. A large warehouse now occupies the foundation on which it stood, and intercepts the view of the town. The piers and arches of this ancient bridge are of various forms, and almost wholly covered with lichens and mosses. These, with the trees growing immediately near it, give to the whole an air of very picturesque beauty. Three of the arches are entirely blocked up, and five more of them are only visited by the water in the time of floods. The TRENT here runs for a short distance in two streams, that to the east being the main river, and dividing the two counties of *Stafford and Derby, and that* to the west washing the eastern

skirts of the town. On the Burton side of the river is an extensive space of level and fertile meadows, and on the other a long range of beautiful and well-wooded hills.

ANCIENT HISTORY.—Burton-upon-Trent is undoubtedly of great antiquity. At an early period of the Saxon dominion in England, it was a town of considerable note. In the annals of that people it is written *Byreton*, which is synonimous with *Bureton*, a word used by them to denote places of Roman or British origin. Hence it may be inferred that some British chief or Roman general possessed a *bury*, or capital mansion here, prior to the Saxon era. This, however, is merely probable conjecture, there being no records of the town till the time of the celebrated *St. Modwen*, called also *Modwenna*, *Mowenna*, and *Mudwin*. This lady, who flourished in the ninth century, had long been Abbess of a monastery in Ireland, which having been destroyed, she removed to England in the reign of King Ethelwolf. That monarch pitying her misfortunes, bestowed upon her lands sufficient for the endowment of two religious houses, in one of which she resided for some years. After this she retired to the *Island of Andressey*, an insulated meadow situated opposite to the present church in Burton, between two streams of the Trent. This island was sometimes called *Mudwennestow*, as we are informed by Leland, from her name, as it was Andressey, from a chapel dedicated to St. Andrew which she built upon it. Upon her death she was buried here, and a Latin epitaph preserved by Camden, inscribed on her tomb. St. Modwen is said to have lived to the age of 130 years! She founded a variety of chapels and monasteries in various parts of England, Ireland, and Scotland. Her piety and influence with the divine power were so famous, that King Ethelwolf sent his son Alfred to her to be cured of a disease reckoned incurable, which, happily for her own fame and the benefit of England, she very soon accomplished. Editha, sister to Ethelwolf, was a nun under St. Modwen, after her arrival in England.

The ABBEY, which long flourished in Burton, was founded and endowed by Ulfric, or Alfric, Earl of Mercia, about the year 1002. This Saxon nobleman, long held the high situation of chief Councellor of State, to King Ethelred. He is characterized, however, by several of our historians as a traitor on many occasions, both to his King and country, and was slain in an engagement with the Danish invaders, in 1010. The lands which he bestowed upon this monastery, seems to have been very considerable, being then worth £700; and, that the ratification this gift might be ensured, he gave the King 300 manes of gold, to each bishop five manes, and to the Archbishop of Canterbury, the town of Dumbleton. His gift was accordingly confirmed by the King, in 1004. The tenor of the royal confirmation was full and free, exempting the abbey

and its dependencies from all exactions, duties, and services, except the *trinodas necessitas*, the erection of fortresses and bridges, the reparation of highways, and the repelling of invasions. In this charter, however, several places are omitted, which are mentioned in the will of Ulfric. By an abstract of Mr. Shaw's, from various parts of Domesday book, the yearly value of the possessions of this monastery, at the time of the Conquest, appears to have been estimated at £36. 15s. A variety of charters were subsequently granted in its favour, by different monarchs, bishops, and others, in which its original privileges were confirmed, and many new ones added. The *abbots* were empowered to hold a *weekly market*, and had besides the privileges of collecting toll, and instituting *fairs* at different periods of the year. Some of them occasionally sat in Parliament, and were extremely beneficial to the abbey. After the dissolution, this monastery was constituted a COLLEGIATE CHURCH, dedicated to Christ and St. Mary, but it continued to enjoy this distinction only for the short space of four years. The SEAL of the college is one of the most beautiful specimens of that species of sculpture extant in England. It is a representation of our Saviour and his disciples at the last supper, having the arms of Ulfric, the founder of the abbey, at the bottom. The words on the margin are in Latin, and signify, "the common seal of the dean and chapter of the collegiate church of Christ, at Burton-upon-Trent." The ABBEY appears to have been very extensive and superb. Erdeswicke says that it must have been "a very goodly one, for the ruins be very large."—The dimensions of the *church* were 228 feet in length, and 52 feet and a half in breadth. It was adorned with a handsome tower at both ends. The other buildings were proportionably extensive. The cloisters, which lay on the south side of the church, measured 100 feet square. The fraytor, or common sitting-room, adjoining on the same side, was 96 feet in length and 30 in breadth; and the principal dormitory, on the east, 100 feet by 10. Besides these, there were a variety of other rooms and halls. Close to the buildings were two large gardens, walled about, and containing a great variety of trees. Of this once large and beautiful monastic edifice, several vestiges may still be traced. Some small remains of the cloisters are visible in an old wall between the present church and the bowling-green. In this wall are a number of Saxon ornaments and arches; and beyond these, on the margin of the Trent, in Bond-end, is the old *Manor-house*, said to have been originally that part of the monastic establishment which was appropriated to the abbot for his private residence. It is a venerable mansion, but has been so much mutilated and altered by modern additions and repairs, as totally to efface the most distant resemblance of what it formerly was. The only remarkable part of it is the *perfect lines of the east window* of a chapel, now filled up with



brick and mortar. What was once the porter's lodge, on the side next the town, is now converted into a blacksmith's shop. Some fragments of the boundary wall, which enclosed the abbey and its extensive gardens, may still be seen in various parts of the town; and at the south end is a large half-timbered house, called *The Farm*, and said to have anciently been attached to the abbey. In the centre of the town is another curious old house, adorned with a number of wooden pillars, on which a variety of curious Gothic ornaments are cut. Shaw considers this to have been the *prebendal house*, during the brief existence of the college instituted after the dissolution of the monastery.

Events.—In 1255, a great part of the town was consumed by an accidental conflagration. In the reign of Edward II. it suffered great damage during a rebellion, incited by *Thomas, Earl of Lancaster*, who, in 1322, marched his forces from Gloucester to Burton, and thence to his castle of Tutbury, about four miles distant from this town. While on his march, the Earl sent a confidential officer into Lancashire, to bring up 500 men to his aid; but he conducted the levies to the King's army, and apprized Edward of the Earl's intentions. The King immediately pursued his enemy, first marching to Coventry, and thence to Lichfield. On the approach of the royal army to Burton, the Earl placed infantry upon the bridge, to blockade the passage of the Trent. The King, however, forded the river at Walton, about three miles above the town; and the Earl immediately sallied forth with his troops from Tutbury castle, in expectation of being joined by his Lancashire auxiliaries; but finding they had gone over to the King, he fled northward, and was pursued to Pontefract, where he was taken and beheaded. The abbey of Burton suffered so much by the depredations of the rebels, that the King gave to it, as a recompense, the advowson of the churches of Tatenhill and Hanbury, which were forfeited to the crown by the rebellious Earl. In 1574, a remarkable appearance of the *aurora borealis*, or northern lights, is recorded as having been visible at Burton, on the nights of the 15th and 16th of November, to the great terror of the inhabitants, who described them as "certayne strange lights, whereof some appeared verie fyerie and terrible to beholde." The unfortunate Mary, Queen of Scots, passed through Burton, on her way to Fotheringay castle. In 1611, Edward Wightman, of Burton, was burnt at Lichfield, "for holding dangerous and blasphemous opinions." During the *civil wars*, in the reign of Charles I., Burton suffered considerably, being several times taken and retaken by both parties. 1643, it was plundered by the republican army, who placed rison in it. Prince Rupert regained it after the reduction *hfield*, but the royalists were soon again obliged to sur*der to Lord Grey*. Some time subsequent, when Sir John

Harpur, an officer in King Charles's army, was engaged in raising some fortifications, Major Mollanus fell upon them with the Parliament horse, and made the greater part of them prisoners. The King's army lay here, under the command of Lord Loughborough, in 1645, at which time his Majesty's head quarters were stationed at Tutbury. In 1793, a *night watch* was first established here. The town has several times been injured by the *inundations* of the Trent, especially in the years 1771, 1792, 1795, and 1798, when the greater part of the streets were laid under water. In 1815, a deputation from Burton presented a loyal address to the Prince Regent, on his arrival at Baudesert, the seat of the Marquis of Anglesey, upon which occasion the bailiff and coroner, *John Dickenson Fowler, Esq.* received the honour of knighthood.

The PARISH CHURCH stands near the southern extremity of the borough, upon a gentle eminence above the Trent. It is a neat edifice, with a fine tower, and was built in 1720, on the site of the ancient fabric dedicated to St. Modwen. It has a well-toned organ, erected in 1771, and eight musical bells, with a set of excellent chimes. In the belfry lies a defaced monument, supposed to be the tomb of the founder of the abbey; but if so, it must have been the work of the abbots, at least 200 years after Ulfric's death. In the church-yard, (to which 1½ acre of land was added by the Marquis of Anglesey, in 1830,) several stone coffins have been found, and one of them is now placed under the shade of a weeping willow, that overhangs the western stream of the Trent. The Marquis of Anglesey is impropriator of the tithes, and patron of the benefice, which is a *perpetual curacy*, now enjoyed by the Rev. Hugh Jones, B.A.

HOLY TRINITY CHAPEL, in Horninglow street, is a chapel of ease for the northern part of the town, and the hamlets of Horninglow, Stretton, Whetmore, and Winshill. It is a handsome fabric, in the florid Gothic style, partly of brick, cemented so as to correspond with the stone windows, buttresses, pinnacles, and other ornaments, amongst which are a number of grotesque heads. It was built at the cost of £7000, from funds bequeathed for its foundation by the late Isaac Hawkins, Esq. It has 600 free sittings. The *curacy* has been augmented by Queen Anne's bounty. The Marquis of Anglesey, who gave half an acre of land for the burial ground, is the patron; and the Rev. Peter French, M.A. is the incumbent.

Here are five *Dissenting Places of Worship*, viz., the Independent chapel, in High-street, rebuilt about 70 years ago, and enlarged in 1825; the General Baptist chapel, in Bond-end, opened in 1825; the Particular Baptist chapel, in Cat-street, erected in 1823; the Wesleyan Methodist chapel, in Horninglow-street, *erected 50 years ago*, and rebuilt in 1813; and the *Primitive Methodist chapel*, in Cat-street, built in 1829. The



first occupies the site of a *Nonconformist meeting-house*, which was formed out of two dwellings, for the congregation of the Rev. Thomas Bakewell, who, in 1661, was ejected from the rectory of Rolleston, for not complying with the Act of Uniformity passed in that year.

Sunday-Schools are attached to all the churches and chapels, and some of them have existed since the year 1787. Burton has also three *Day Schools*, supported by charity; and possesses many valuable *benefactions* for the improvement of the town and the relief of the poor, as will be seen in the following summary, abridged from the Parliamentary Reports.

The FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL, adjoining the churchyard, was founded in 1520, by *Wm. Bens*, abbot of the monastery of Burton-upon-Trent, who erected the school-house, on certain ground belonging to the said monastery, and deposited a sum of money in the hands of Ralph Sacheverel, to purchase lands for its endowment. The property so purchased now consists of a farm of 120 acres, at Orton-on-the-Hill, in Leicestershire, let for £250 per annum, and two farms at Brearton, containing 111 acres, and let for £202 a year. The master and usher are both appointed by the trustees; the survivors of whom, in 1825, were the Rev. F. H. Carey, and Messrs. Joseph Muckleston, Joseph Pycroft, Abraham Hoskins, Joseph Perks, and Thomas Thornewill. The master receives for his stipend two-thirds of the rents of the school lands, and the usher one-third. The former has also £3, and the latter £6 a year, under Eliz. Paulett's benefaction, noticed below. The scholars are limited to 60, and are taught reading, writing, and arithmetic, by the usher; and about 20 of them are instructed by the master in Latin, &c. The school is free to the sons of parishioners of Burton, and all such are admitted on application to the master, as vacancies occur, but with a preference to such as apply for admission into the classical division of the school.

Allsopp's Charity School, in New-street, is endowed with 3A. 2R. of land on Horninglow Moor, and 5A. 2R. 39P. on Goose Moor, given at the enclosure, in exchange for other land purchased with a legacy bequeathed in 1728, by Richard Allsopp, for the education of 30 poor boys. This land is now let for £24 per annum. Six of the free scholars are clothed from the rent of Rush Holme close, at Hatton, in Derbyshire, which was purchased with £170 left by Francis Astle, in 1735, and is now let for £6 a year. The feoffees of the Town Lands are the trustees.

The *National Schools*, near the foot of Horninglow-street, were erected in 1827, by subscription, and are supported by yearly contributions, for the education of about 60 boys and 100 girls, on Dr. Bell's system, exclusive of many others who attend on Sundays.

Libraries.—There are in the town two circulating libraries,

and one supported by subscription. The latter is called the "Permanent library," and was commenced in 1826, by a committee of seven clergymen, who pay one guinea per annum, and thirty other yearly subscribers of 10s. 6d. each.

The TOWN LANDS, &c. consisting of a number of small parcels, (comprising upwards of forty acres,) and several buildings in the town and parish, produce a yearly income of about £190, including the rent of Finney's close, and the Workouse garden mentioned below. From a very early period they have been vested in trustees or *feoffees*, "for the common use, benefit, and profit of the inhabitants of the town of Burton." In 1820, they were conveyed to *new trustees*, viz. the Marquis of Anglesey, Sir J. D. Fowler, the Rev. C. Kingsley, the Rev. H. Des Voeux, and Joseph Pycroft, Joseph Clay, William Osborne, Samuel Lowe, Wm. Worthington, Michael Bass, Chas. Perks, John Spender, sen., and John Spender, jun. Esqrs. These feoffees are also possessed (for the same use) of £1800, which has been accumulated from fines received on different renewals of leases for lives. The interest of this money (£84 per ann.) swells the total yearly income of the trust property to £274. The rents are collected by the *town masters*, to which office the constables of the preceding year, appointed at the court leet, succeed as a matter of course. The rents, &c. are paid by them to the treasurer of the feoffees, at their general meeting, on Dec. 21, and are applied during the course of each year, partly for the general public uses of the town, and partly for particular charitable purposes, at the discretion of the trustees; such purposes being the apprenticing of poor children, supplying coals for the use of the alms-people, and a distribution of money and clothes among the other indigent townspeople. The *feoffees of the town lands* have the management of all the following charities of Burton, except Caldwell's.

BENEFACTIONS.—*Finney's Close*, 2A. 1R. 22P., let for £11, is situated in Anderstaff-lane, and was given by a Mr. Finney, for apprenticing yearly one poor boy. The *Workhouse garden*, in Anderstaff-lane, was given by some person, for providing yearly, six coats for poor men, and is now let to the overseers at a yearly rent of £5. 8s. The '*Pavement House*,' consisting of a house, shop, two cottages, and 36P. of land, is let for £12 a-year, "and is appropriated by ancient usage to the reparation of the pavements of the inferior inhabitants in High-street." The *New Close*, containing twenty acres, was formerly part of the Town Moors, but was conveyed by the Commissioners under an enclosure act past in 1772, to the feoffees of the Town Lands, &c. in trust, to employ the yearly proceeds thereof in purchasing and maintaining lamps for lighting the streets, or for other public uses. This close is now let in leys or gates for the depasturing of cows between May-day and Michaelmas; and in winter, horses are *occasionally taken in*. The yearly profit, after paying for



manuring, &c. averages about £55. Since 1815, the whole of the income derived from the Pavement House, and the New Close, has been employed in repairing the pavements of Burton and Bond-end, and the expenses of lamps and lighting have been defrayed by a rate, levied under the powers of an act passed in 1779. *Daniel Watson* left a stable and coach house, in Cat-street, now let for £4, and directed the rent to be distributed to the poor of Burton and Bond-end, on Whit-Monday. In 1712, *Isaac Hawkins* left £100 to be laid out in land for the maintenance of one poor man at Burton. With this legacy was purchased the Low Gate-piece, 4A. and 14P., in Barton-under-Needwood, now let for £7. 7s. per annum. *Mrs. Almond's gift* (date unknown,) consists of a house and 30A. of land, at Aston, in Derbyshire; Blackwell's Close (6A. 2R.) at Rolleston, and an allotment of 1A. 1R. 19P. in Horninglow. The rents amount to £71. 18s. 8d. per annum, out of which the following yearly distributions are made, viz., £5. 17s. for weekly doles of bread to eighteen poor parishioners; £6. 6s. to the poor of Horninglow, Stretton, and Branstone, in sums of 3s. a-piece; and £29. 17s. to the poor of Burton and Burton Extra, at Easter, in sums of 5s. each. The rest of the income is reserved for the occasional relief of poor families in times of peculiar exigency, resulting from depressions in trade and other calamities. *Wm. Hawkins*, in 1724, left a yearly rent charge of £5. out of a house at Newport, to be given in bread, but for a long period it has been applied in a distribution of *gowns* to twelve poor women of the parish. An annuity of 21s. left by *Richard Steele*, and now charged on part of the Hop-yard close in Rolleston, is divided equally among the poor of Burton, Branstone, and Stretton.

Loans.—In 1582, *Richard Caldwell, M. D.*, left in trust with the bailiffs of Lichfield, £160 to be lent free of interest to honest and industrious persons in Burton-upon-Trent, being *clothiers* or other handicraft men. The sum of £40 is lent from five years to five years, and the remainder, alternately, in four sums of £30, and twenty of £6. The bailiffs of Lichfield go over to Burton at the time when the securities are to be renewed, and they receive applications for, and advance the loans.

Paulett's Alms-houses in the Swine-market, for five poor women, were founded in 1591, by Elizabeth Paulett, with property which now produces £81. 17s. per annum, and consists of 28A. 1R. 22P. of land, at Fenny Bentley, let for £50; several parcels of land in the parish of Chelmorton, and some buildings adjoining the alms-houses. The foundress also bequeathed a yearly rent charge of £10, to be divided as follows, viz., £1 to the alms-women, £3 to the master of the Grammar school, and £6 to the usher. This rent charge has been exchanged for £333. 6d. three per cent. consols. The five alms-women receive a weekly stipend of 6s. and a supply of coals yearly.

[illegible]'s Alms-houses, High-street, were founded in 1634,

pursuant to the will of *Ellen Parker*, who bequeathed to her executor £300, in trust, to erect alms-houses for six poor widows or old maids, and to buy land for their support. The property now belonging to the alms-houses yields £54. 5s. 3d. per annum, and consists principally of buildings and land in Anderstaff-lane, Rolleston, &c. The six alms-women have each a weekly stipend of 4s.—about £6 yearly being added to the funds from the rents of the Town Lands. The alms-houses were new-fronted in 1788; and the alms-women informed us that a Mr. Hawkins left them an annuity of £12, to be paid on the decease of a Mrs. Wilkins, who died three years ago, but that they have not yet received any part of his legacy.

The *Self-Supporting Dispensary*, in the Market-place, was established in 1830, and is now a very beneficial and flourishing institution, though it derives but little support from the rich. For the small weekly payments of 1d. for an individual, or 4d. for a family, it affords medicines and surgical aid to the poor inhabitants, who have also the privilege of choosing their own surgeon; all the medical men in the town rendering their services gratuitously to the institution. Mr. Rupert Baldwin is the dispenser.

The *Savings' Bank*, in High-street, is another institution for the benefit of the humbler classes, and was established in 1818. The *deposits*, in 1832, were as follows:—£23,475, belonging to 749 individuals; £93 to three Charitable Societies; and £939 to ten Friendly Societies. It is open every alternate Friday, from two to three o'clock; and Mr. John Yates Bedford is the clerk.

Townships in Burton Parish.

(*For Population and extent, see page* 294.)

Buron-Extra or Bond-end, comprises the southern portion of the town, and the district of Shobnal, distant one mile to the west, and forming in monastic times the *Abbey Grange*. Here is a chalybeate spring.

Branstone township has a village of its own name, 2 miles S. by W. of Burton; several scattered houses, and *Sinai Park*, which occupies a fine eminence, and was anciently the summer retreat of the Abbots of Burton. On this eminence are the remains of an immense oak tree, in which there is a cavity through which an ox might pass. On the summit of the hill are the lines of an encamptment. *Branstone Wake* is on the nearest Sunday to old Michaelmas-day.

Horninglow, one and a-half mile N. W. of Burton, a pleasant village, seated upon an abrupt eminence overlooking the vale of the Trent. The township has several wharfs and warehouses on the canal, and includes the hamlets of *Outwood* and *Whetmore*, the latter of which was anciently in one farm, occupied by the Abbots of Burton; but the old house has been rebuilt on a smaller scale, though there is still preserved over the parlour-chimney, the name of "Thomas Feyld, Abbott," curiously

embossed in stone. A large portion of this township, with the rest of the abbey lands, was granted at the dissolution of the monasteries, to the Paget family, of whom the Marquis of Anglesey is now the head. The hilly parts abound with gravel, and contain large quantities of very rich *marl*, variegated with white veins.

STRETTON township is bounded on the north by the Dove, and on the east by the Trent, and has a small village on the *Icknield street*, two miles N. of Burton. In the vale of the Dove, one mile further to the north, are several scattered houses, the *Clay mills Iron works*, and an *aqueduct* of twenty three arches, which conveys the Trent and Mersey canal across the valley.

STAPENHILL township is in *Derbyshire*, on the east bank of the Trent, one mile E. by S. of Burton, adjoining a parish of its own name, with which it keeps its poor conjointly. *Bristlington*, an estate of 295 acres, one mile E. of the village, is the property of the Earl of Chesterfield.

WINSHILL, another township in *Derbyshire*, has a small village upon a declivity, one and a-half mile E. by N. of Burton; and on the Trent bank is an extensive corn mill, and Bladon House, a respectable boarding school.

BURTON-UPON-TRENT DIRECTORY.

POST-OFFICE, Bridge street. John Lees, Postmaster.

Mails.—To London, Leicester, &c. at 3 aft., arrives ½ p. 10 mg.; to Birmingham, Wolverhampton, &c. at 25 min. p. 1 noon, arrives 15 min. p. 8 mg.; to Sheffield, at 15 min. p. 8 mg., arrives 25 min. p. 1 noon.

Aller George, farmer, Bridge st.
Allsopp Chas. brewer; h. High st.
Allsopp Samuel, brewer; house, Horninglow street
Appleby Jph. fishmonger, game dealer, & *town crier*, High st.
Baldry Chas. currier, High st.
Bass Michael Thomas, brewer; house, High street
Bedford Wm. accountant, Horninglow street
Belcher Robert Shirley, surgeon, High street
Bindley Thos. bookpr. Market pl.
Bishop Mr. Wm. Pinfold lane
Blake Fras. traveller, High st.
Carter Wm. timber mert. High st.
Clark Hy. timber mert. High st.
Clark Mary Ann, pawnbroker, High street
Clark Mrs. Rebecca, High st.
Clarke Mrs. Sarah, New street
Clay Henry, Esq. banker, Horninglow street
Collier Mrs. Eliz. New street
Cooper George, bank clerk, Market place
Coxon Thos. gov. &c. Workhouse
Crump Wm. excise, Anglesey ter.
Cummins Hugh, millwrt. Cat st.
Cutts James, swine dlr. Cat st.
Dancer Eliz. Horninglow street
Dean Mr. Geo. Port, sen. High st.
Dicken Miss Ann, Market place
Dickinson Danl. pleasure & fishing boat builder, Lichfield st.
Dolman Wm. basket mkr. High st.
Ewers Rd. shopman, Anglesey ter.
Field Edmd. cowkpr. Burton ex.
Flanegan Miss Judith, Horninglow street
Fletcher Mr. Thos. Swine market
Folson David & Wm. smallware dealers, Cat street
Ford Misses Mary & Ann, Market place

French Rev. Peter, M.A. inc. of Trinity church, *The Abbey*
Fullshaw John, gent. Burton ex.
Goodhead Mr. John, Lichfield st.
Goodwin Mr. Geo. Cat street
Greatorex Thos. organist & professor, High street
Grettton John, bookkeeper, Horninglow street
Hall Mrs. Margaret, Horninglow street
Hall John, cowkeeper, New st.
Hall Robert, cowkeeper, New st.
Hanson Miss Ann, High street
Hardy John, sacking & bed bottom mfr. Staley's yd. High st.
Harrison Mrs. Elizabeth, Horninglow street
Hawkins John, stamp office, and commissioner for taking special bail, High street
Hawkins Wm. farmer, Shobnal
Hill Wm. gardener, New street
Hind Thos. gent. New street
Hodson Chs. Jas. land agent to the Marquis of Anglesey, New street and Manor house
Hollins Geo. travllr. Burton ex.
Homer Rev. Wm. (Meth.) Horninglow street
Hoskins Miss Jane, High street
Johnson Mrs. Susanna, High st.
Jones Rev. Hugh, B.A. incumbent curate, High street
Jones Misses Susanna and Eliz. New street
Keen Miss Ann, High street
Kemshall Rev. Thomas, (Meth.) Horninglow street
Kennerley Rev. Thomas, (Ind.) High street
Lambert Mr. Thos. Pinfold lane
Lee Geo. bailiff, Horninglow st.
Lawton Mrs. Frances, Market pl.
Leedam Jas. gent. New street
Leedam Wm. Allport, surgeon, High street
Lees Joseph, cooper, High st.
Mason Jno. cowkpr. Anglesey ter.
Mason Henry, brewer, High st.
Lowe Thos. solr.'s clerk, High st.
Mason John, farmer, Horninglow street
Melwain Wm. tea dealer, Cat st.
Merrey Wm. sawyer, New st.
Moulder Thos. *bookkeeper, Horninglow street*
Mousley Mr. Benj. Common
Nadin Joseph, coal master, Anglesey terrace
Noon John, grinder, High st.
Norton Dd. brush mfr. Hornlw. st.
Oakden Thos. excise, Hornlw. st.
Ordish Jas. farmer, *The Farm*
Orgill Mary, farmer, Shobnal
Orgill Phillis, Poor hs. Burt. ex.
Orgill John, farmer, Lichfield st.
Orme Thos. gent. Bridge street
Osborne Wm. gent. High street
Peel Robert John, cotton spinner, Lichfield street
Pickard Mr. Richard, New st.
Pool Mr. Wm. Common
Port Miss Esther, Lichfield st.
Port John, jun. gent. Burton ex.
Port Hy. screw mfr. Lichfield st.
Poyser Thos. bookkpr. High st.
Pringle Wm. Henry, gent. Anglesey terrace
Ratcliff John, brewer, High st.
Raven Jno. Brown. gent. High st.
Reeve Rev. Saml. (Bap.) Mkt. pl.
Richardson Jno. solicitor's clerk, Churchyard
Salt Thos. brewer, High street
Sanders Joseph, bookpr. New st.
Saunders Thomas, cheese factor, High street
Shilton Geo. gardener, New st.
Shilton Wm. par. clerk, New st.
Shore Mrs. Ann, Manor gate
Siddon Mr. Fras. Horninglow st.
Simpson John, plasterer, High st.
Smith Joseph Peters, carrier by water, Horninglow street
Smith Mrs. Sarah, High street
Spender John, M.D. High street
Spender Miss Margaret, High st.
Taylor Jno. gent. Horninglow st.
Thomas Mr. Edward, High st.
Thorneloe Fras. sheriff's officer, Lichfield street
Thornicroft Thos. Horninglow st.
Tong Jno. umbrella mkr. High st.
Tunley Wm. carrier by water, Lichfield street
Turner Joseph, bank clerk, Horninglow street
Turton John, sexton, Cat street
Vickers Jno. bookpr. Burton ex.
Warren Saml. druggist, High st.
Wheatcroft Edw. paver, High st.
Wilding Jph. naturalist, Anderstaff lane

Wilkins Jas. gent. Cat street
Willden Thomas, traveller, Horninglow street
Wilson Miss Maria, High street
Wilson Mrs. Jane, Bridge street
Wilson Matw. bookkpr. High st.
Wilson John, brick maker, Hawkin's lane
Wood, Smith, & Port, wood screw manufacturers, Pinfold lane
Wood Wm. cowkpr. Cat street
Wornell John, modeller, High st.
Worthington Mrs. Marth. High st.
Wright Mr. Joseph, Common
Yates Chas. organist, Hornlw. st.
Yates Thos. gent. Lichfield street
Yeomans Miss Anne, High street

ACADEMIES.

Bedford John Yates, (boarding,) High street
Bindley Eliz. Market place
Bradbury Lettice, (boarding and day,) Bridge street
Cooper Mary, New street
Downes Jas. (boardg.) High st.
Free Grammar, Church yard; Rev. Hugh Jones, A.B. master; Henry Hodson, usher
Marshall Mary, Anderstaff lane
National, Horninglow st.; Thos. Cox, Sophia Moore, and Mary Lees
Newbury Ann, (bdg.) Market pl.
Ordish Mary (& tea dlr.) Mkt. pl.
Ordish Ann, Pinfold lane
Rushby Geo. Bridge street
Shaw John, High street
Shilton Wm. (*Charity*) New st.
Stratton Mary, High street

ATTORNEYS.

Bass Abm. High street
Drewry Jas. High st.; h. *Priory*
Fowler Sir Jno. Dickenson, (bailiff & coroner,) High street
Edwards Wm. Horninglow st.
Mosley John Edw. Hornlw. st.
Phillips Edward, High street
Thornewill John, (commissioner in bankruptcy,) Lichfield st.
Wright Edward, High street

AUCTIONEER.

Titterton John Tarratt (and land agent,) High street

BAKERS & FLOUR DLRS.

Baldwin Wm. High street
Bradford James, New street
Fox Thomas, Horninglow street
Dobson Wm. Horninglow street
Douglas James, High street
Dukes John, New street
Evans John, High street
Heath Wm. High street
Hudson Wm. Horninglow street
Johnson Robert, High street
Kirkham Wm. & Mary, New st.
Patrick Thomas, New street
Rice Thomas, New street
Thompson John, Horninglow st.

BANKS.

Blurton, Webb, & Co. *Market* pl. & Uttoxeter, (draw on Smith, Payne, and Smiths)
Clay & Son, Horninglow street, (draw on Roberts, Curtis, & Co.)
Savings' Bank, High st. (see p. 319)

BLACKSMITHS.

Barratt Joseph, Anderstaff lane
Brandon John, Horninglow st.
Dooley Samuel, Lichfield street
Roe Rd. High st. & Bond-end
Smedley Thomas, Cat street
Watson Mary, Horninglow st.

BOOKSLRS. PRINTERS, &c.

Darley Wm. Butterfield (& paper hanging warehouse,) High st.
Wayle Thos. (& musical instrument & medicine vendor) High street
Whitehurst Jno. (statnr.) High st.

BOOT & SHOE MAKERS.

Adams Wm. High street
Bagnall Richard, Cat street
Baker Thomas, High street
Bladon Thos. Leicester, High st.
Bracey Joseph, High street
Cantrill Wm. Horninglow street
Dean Geo. Port, jun. High street
Dean Philip Port, High street
Dyche John, Bridge street
Eaton John, High street
Eborn Wm. High street
Foster Joshua, High street
Gilbert Wm. & Son, Cat street
Hanson John, (& patten) Lichfield street
Holland John, High street
Kent Wm. High street
Langley Robert, High street
Langley Robert, jun. High street
Leedham Francis, Bridge street
Newstead Samuel, High street
Norton Thomas, High street
Parker Thomas, Horninglow st.
Peace Wm. Anderstaff lane

Rice Richard, New street
Rutter John, Anderstaff lane
Shorthose Wm. New street
Simnett John, New street
Smith Eliz. (shoe & toy dealer) Market place
Tipper Wm. Cat street
White Thomas, High street
Whitehead Jas. Horninglow st.

BRAZIERS AND TIN PLATE WORKERS.

Ash Joseph, Market place
Lowe Wm. High street
Maclaflin Wm. High street
Richards Wm. High street

BREWERS (ALE & PORTER)

Allsopp Samuel & Sons, High st.
Bass and Ratcliff, High street
Hill Charles, Lichfield street
Mason Jno. & Co. Horninglow st.
Meakin Jonathan, High street
Meakin Lewis, Burton extra
Salt Thos. & Co. High street
Worthington Wm. High street
Yeomans John, High street

BRICKLAYERS.

Barrow Thomas, High street
Harlow Thos. High street
Keates Geo. Horninglow street
Keates Geo. jun. New street
Knight Wm. New street
Lund Geo. Horninglow street
Patrick Thos. Horninglow street
Sidley Robert, High street

BRUSH MAKERS.

Norton David, Horninglow street
Richards John, Burton extra

BUTCHERS.

Atkin Aaron, High street
Atkin Wm. High street
Chawner Samuel, New street
Dean Benjamin, High street
Evans John, Bridge street
Fletcher John, New street
Hall Mary, Horninglow street
Holland Edw. Horninglow street
Holloway Charles, High street
Holloway Geo. New street
Lea John, High street
Morecroft Geo. Horninglow st.
Robinson Fras. (pork) Mkt. pl.
Robinson Joseph, High street
Staley Francis, High street
Staley Robert, Lichfield street
Staley Wm. High street
Stanley Wm. High street
Sutherns Wm. High street
Wayte Thomas, High street
Whitehead David, High street

CABINET MAKERS AND UPHOLSTERERS.

Atterbury James, High street
Holmes Thomas, High street
Hunt John, High street
Prynn Wm. High street
Staley Wm. High street

CHEESE FACTORS.

Daniel Wm. High street
Saunders Wm. & Thomas, Horninglow street

CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

Brookes Philip, High street
Goodger Wm. Bridge street
Piddocke Morris, High street
White John, High street

COAL & COKE DEALERS.

Hodson Wm. Bond-end
Hollis Wm. Horninglow
Morecroft Geo. Bond end
Salt John, Horninglow

CONFECTIONERS & BAKRS.

Coates Henry, Bridge street
Wragg Samuel, High street
Wright Joseph, High street

COOPERS.

Ewers Charles, High street
Ewers Geo. Horninglow street
Ewers Wm. High street
Sutherns Wm. High street

CORN MERCHANTS.

Hanson John Nicholas, Horninglow street
Payne Thomas, High street
Saunders Wm. & Thomas, Horninglow street

CORN MILLERS.

Kynnersley Wm. steam and wind mills, Pinfold lane
Wilson Joseph & Benjamin, Burton mill, Winshill

COTTON SPINNERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

Peel John & Co. Burton extra

CURRIERS.

Elliott Robert, High street
Morris Samuel Coates (and oil merchant,) Bridge street

DYERS AND PRESSERS.

Newton Thomas, Bridge street
Tennant Robert, High street
Statham Joseph, Burton extra

FARRIERS.

Heath George, Swine market
Watson Wm. jun.

FIRE & LIFE OFFICES.

Atlas, John Wilson, High street
British (Fire,) and Westminster (Life,) Thos. Hanson, High st.
County (Fire,) & Provident (Life,) John Yates Bedford, High st.
Clerical & Medical (Life,) James Downes, High street
Globe, Jph. Lathbury, Market pl.
Norwich Union, Thomas Wayte, High street
Phœnix, Thos. Shakespeare, High street
Royal Exchange, Henry Hodson, Lichfield street

GARDENERS, &c.

Appleby Wm. High street
Copley James, Horninglow st.
Heath Edward, Horninglow st.
Heath Richard, High street
Hill Joseph, Lichfield street
Smith Wm. New street

GLASS, CHINA, &c. DLRS.

Stubbs Solomon, Horninglow st.
Warren Joanna, (earthenware) High street
Wildman Sarah, High street

GLOVERS.

Baxter John, High street
Stevenson Richard, Lichfield st.

GROCERS & TEA DEALERS.

*Marked * are Tallow Chandlers.*

Adams John, High street
Douglas James, High street
Dukes John, New street
Evans John, High street
Goodger Wm. bridge street
* Leedam Thomas, High street
* Leedam Wm. & Son, Market pl.
Marston John, Anderstaff lane
Piddocke Morris, High street
* Robinson Francis, High street
Wayte John, New street
* Whittingham John, High st.
Wood Wm. High street

HATTERS.

*Marked * are hat mfrs.*

* Beale Benj. New street
* Beale Eliz. High street
Cooper Thos. New street
* Port John, (& military cap) Market place & Soho
Rice Wm. Burton extra
Rogers Stephen, Burton extra
Sollory Thos. Burton extra

HOOP MAKER.

Hodgkins Sylvester, Hornlw. st.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Anchor, Jas. Cox, New street
Angel, Thos. Whitehead, Swine market
Bear Inn, (& excise office) John Thompson, Horninglow st.
Bell, Chs. Atkins, Horninglow st.
Blue Posts, John Yeomans, High street
Boot, Thos. Blood, High st.
Carpenters' Arms, Wm. Wright, New street
Coach & Horses, Wm. Baldwin, High street
Dog, Fras. Staley, High street
Fox and Goose, Ellen Hodson, Bridge street
George Inn and Posting House, Margt. Baldwin, High street
King of Prussia, Eliz. Baldwin, New street
Lamb, John Lakin, High street
Lord Nelson, Mary Creswell, Lichfield street
Man-in-the-Moon, Fras. Atkin, Market place
Nag's Head, Thos. Adsetts, Lichfield street
Old Crown, Benj. Hicklin, High street
Old Queen's Head, Wm. Shorthose, New street
Old Spread Eagle, James Turner, Lichfield street
Old White Lion, Fras. Robinson, Market place
Rising Sun, Geo. Keates, Horninglow street
Royal Oak, Mary Dalton, Market place
Saracen's Head, Wm. Davison, Bridge street
Ship, Jas. Clarke, Bridge street
Shoulder of Mutton, John Evans, Anderstaff lane
Spread Eagle, Hy. Bagnall, New street
Star, Rt. Measom, High street
Swan, Stpn. Garton, Anderstaff lane
Talbot, Jph. Rhoades, Horninglow street
Three Queens & Posting House, John Lees, Bridge street
Vine, Mary Whitehurst, Horninglow street

Wheat Sheaf, Rd. Roe, jun. High street
White Hart Commercial Inn, Thos. Herbert Cooke, Market place
White Horse, Mary Woolley, High street
White Lion, Thos. Bell, Lichfield street

BEER HOUSES.

Barley Mow, Thos. Stenson, Pinfold street
Roe Richard, New street
Beck Ann, Horninglow street
Peace George, Horninglow st.
Roe Thomas, Burton extra
Bull's Head, Thos. Rice, New st.
Boat House, Thos. Leck, Little Burton
Cross Keys, Wm. Barratt, High street
Dragoon, Cath. Cornell, Anderstaff lane
Dusty Miller, Philip Tyzack, High street
Malt Shovel, John Stone, Anderstaff lane
Marquis of Anglesey, Jno. Ward, Burton extra
Masons' Arms, Jph. Harrison, High street
Old Peacock, Saml. Morris, Anderstaff lane
Rose & Crown, Wm. Chambers, Bridge street

IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS.

Thornewill John & Fras. (& spade mfrs.) New street

IRON MERCHANTS.

Thornewill John & Son, New st.

IRONMONGERS.

Ash Jph. Market place
Halbard Rd. High street
Hawkins John, (cutler) High st.
Lowe Wm. High street
Richards Wm. High street
Wilson Robert, High street

JOINERS.

Bagnall John, Swine market
Brown John, High street
Crompton Wm. Hy. Bridge st.
Dyson John, Lichfield street
Heath Richard, High street
Shelly George, Cat street
Shelly John, (& appraiser) Horninglow street
Stratton Thomas, Lichfield st.

LINEN & WOOLLEN DRPRS.

Cape Thomas, High street
Hawkins Hy. Horninglow street
Hodgson Thomas, High street
Lathbury Jph. jun. Market place
Ordish Daniel, High street
Robinson Benjamin, High street
Walker William, Market place
Wayte John, High street

MALTSTERS.

Adsetts Thomas, Lichfield street
Mason John & Co. Horninglow st.
Payne Thomas, High street
Tyzack Philip, High street

MILLINERS, &c.

Bladon Mary, New street
Bramham Mary, New street
Burton Sarah, Horninglow st.
Chamberlain Mary, Lichfield st.
Elliott Ellen, High street
Fletcher Harriet, New street
Frost Mary, High street
Gibson Hannah, High street
Hickson & Lathbury, High st.
Johnson Mary, Cat street
Ordish Johanna, Horninglow st.
Pipes Jane, Lichfield street
Robinson Mary, High street
Talbot Jane, Lichfield street
Tong Mary, (& stay) High st.
Whateley Eliza Horninglow st.
Wheatcroft Mary, High street
Wildman Mary, High street

NAIL MAKERS.

Douglas Wm. & Son, (& patten ring) New street
Dyche Joseph, New street
Lowe William, High street
Ward John, Burton extra

PAINTERS.

Brook William, Lichfield st.
Farmer Harrington, Little Burton
Godwin Wm. Lichfield street
Green John, Trinity court
Peace William, High street
Stanley William, High street

PERFUMERS & HAIR DRSRS.

Hanson Thomas, High street
Hanson Wm. (& hosier) High st.
Holmes Edw. Horninglow street
Ordish William, High street

PLUMBERS & GLAZIERS.

Astle Thos. Horninglow street
Fletcher Danl. Horninglow st.
Meakin Jonathan, High street
Sanders Samuel, High street

ROPE MAKERS.
Hardy Wm. Anderstaff lane
Leedam Francis, Horninglow st.

SADDLERS.
Brookes William, High street
Malliber John, Bridge street
Newbold Thomas, High street
Raven John, High street
Ward William, Market place

SHOPKEEPERS.
Bannister Wm. Lichfield street
Best Joseph, High street
Brookhouse Lettice, High street
Brown John, High street
Buxton Thomas, Burton extra
Buxton William, Pinfold lane
Lowe Dorothy, Anderstaff lane
Shepherd John, New street
Topliss James, Horninglow st.
Wilson Thomas, New street

STONE MASONS.
Brunt James, Horninglow st.
Clarke William, Bridge

STRAW HAT MAKERS.
Bateman Mary, High street
Heginbottom Eliz. Lichfield st.E.
Jefford Ann, Horninglow street
Langley Eliz. Bridge street
Lunn Sarah, Horninglow street

SURGEONS.
Adams William, Horninglow st.
Allen Saml. Septimus, High st.
Berrow William, High street
Granger Benj. High street
Hodson Edw. Hewitt, Horninglow street
Leedham & Belcher, High st.
Mason William, Bridge street
Tomlinson Rt. Sherratt, High st.
Whateley John, Bridge street
Wilders John, Horninglow st.

TAILORS.
Allen Joseph, Market place
Baldwin John, (& drpr.) High st.
Bannister Joseph, Little Burton
Birch Henry, Swine market
Blood Robert, High street
Coates John, Horninglow street
Feakes Thomas, Bridge street
Goodhead John & William, Lichfield street
Jackson Geo. (& hosier) High st.
Marklew Edward, High street
Moss Thos. Horninglow street
Mouseley Wm. (& drpr.) High st.
Orgill Matthew, High street
Riddell Wm. Horninglow st.
Staley Thos. Jackson, New st.
Upton Joseph, New street

TANNERS & FELLMONGRS.
Wilders Wm. & Thos. High st.

TIMBER MERCHANTS,
(*and dlrs. in Slate, Flags, &c.*)
Bass & Carter, Horninglow wharf
Clark Thos. & Son, Fleet stones
Perks Chas. & Son, Lichfield st.; h. Sinai park

TURNERS & CHAIR MKRS.
Appleby John, High street
Appleby Jph. jun. High street
Hardy Thomas, (turner only) Staley's yard, High street
Noon Wm. (bobbin mfr.) Anderstaff lane
Richards John, (spade shaft mfr.) Burton extra
Simpson Wm. High street

VETERINARY SURGEONS.
Heath George, Swine market
Kent Joseph, Horninglow st.

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS.
Baldwin James, Market place
Musgrove Joseph, High street
Noon Thomas, High street
Shakespear Thomas, High st.
Wilson Thomas, New street

WHEELWRIGHTS.
Atkins Charles, Horninglow st.
Coxon John, Hawkin's lane
Dyche Francis, Lichfield street
Marklew John, Cat street
Port William, Anderstaff lane

WHITESMITHS.
Barratt Wm. High street
Dalton Francis, Burton extra
Halbard Richard, (& locksmith) High street
Mansfield John, (tool and agricultural machine maker) Horninglow street
Page Thomas, Pinfold lane

WINE & SPIRIT MERTS.
Bass Wm. & Samuel Ratcliffe, Bridge st.
Tabberer Edwin, Horninglow st.
Worthington Wm. High street

WOOLSTAPLERS.
Cooper Thos. & Son, New street

COACHES.
(*From the George & Three Queens' Inns.*)

The *Mail* to Birmingham, 20 min. past 1 noon, and to Sheffield at 10 min. past 8 mng.

The *Telegraph* to Birmingham, at 5 aft. and to Sheffield at 2 aft.

The *Red Rover* to London, (excp. Mon.) at ½ past 7 evg. and to Liverpool, at ½ past 2 mng.

From the Three Queens' Inn.

The *Mail* to Leicester and London, at 3 afternoon

From the Vine Inn.

The *Amity* to Sheffield, ½ bef. 10 mng. and to Birmingham, ½ past 1 noon.

WATER CARRIAGE.

To London, Liverpool, Manchester, and all parts of the kingdom: Pickford and Co., & John Kenworthy, from *Horns wharfs*, and Tunley Hodson, Geo. Morecroft from *Bon wharfs*.

To Gainsbro', Hull, Man ster, and all parts of the king , Joseph Smith and Sons, m Horninglow wharfs.

LAND CARRIERS.

From the Inns, &c.

Appleby, *Old Crown*, J eph Wyatt, Thurs. 3

Ashby-de-la-Zouch, *Angel*, Thos. Riley, Thu. 4; *Vine*, Rd. Orchard, Mon. & Thu. 2

Barton, *Vine*, John Daintry, Tue. Thu. and Sat. 4

Birmingham, Walsall, Sheffield, Leeds, &c. *White Horse*, G. Wheatcroft and Son, Tue. Thu. & Sat. *Bear Inn*, Joseph Bosworth, Tue. 12

Derby and Nottingham, Jph. Briscoe and Wm. Chambers, *Bridge st.* Mon. Wed. & Fri. dep. ½ past 8 mng.

Derby, *Vine*, Geo. Hadfield, Tue. Thu. and Sat. 5

Derby, *Man-in-the Moon*, Jno. Evans, *(Van)* Thu. 4

Hanbury, *Angel*, Thos. Harrison, Thu. 4

Lichfield, *White Lion*, Wm. Cornock, Thu. 4; *Bear Inn*, Jph. Geary, Tue. Thu. & Sat. dep. 4

Marchington, *Angel*, William Shaw, Thu. 4

Netherland Green, *Angel*, Ts. Taft, Thu. 4

Newborough, *Old Crown*, Jno. Eason, Thu. 3

Oversall, *Star*, J. Hutchinson, Thu. 3

Repton, *White Lion*, Jno. Marshall, Tue. Thu. & Sat. 3 aft.

Rolleston, *Angel*, Fra. Bladen, Thu. 4

Scropton, *Angel*, Jph. Rose, Thu. 4

Tamworth, *Angel*, Jno. Riley, and Wm. Ison, Thu. 4

Ticknall, *Blue Posts*, (frequently)

Uttoxeter & Derby, *Bear Inn*, John Coates, Mon. & Thu.

Uttoxeter, Solomon Stubbs, Horninglow st. Mon. Wed. and Sat. 6 mng.

Walton, *Angel*, Rd. Redfern, Thu. 4

VILLAGES IN BURTON PARISH.

BRANSTONE.

Allen Mrs. Sarah
Astle Francis, shoemaker
Bull Richard, cattle dealer
Coxon William, wheelwright
Gilbert Mr. John
Gilbert William, bobbin manfr.
Goring James, schoolmaster
Gretton Thomas, baker
Harris James, blacksmith, shopr. and beer house
hn, vict. Anglesey Arms
. coal dlr. and beer hs.
u bridge
eld My. Maria, dress mkr.
n Jas. gardener, Cottage
Noon Thomas, joiner
Noon Vernon, bobbin manfr.
Perks Chas. timber mercht. Sinai park
Shipley William, shoemaker
Smith Mr. Thomas
Swindell William, vict. Gate
Warren Thomas, overseer and beer house

Farmers.

Edwards Wm.
Harrison Wm.
Healey John
Higgott Wm.
Hodgson Edwin
Hunt John
Millward John
Moore Daniel
Powell John
Robinson John
Smith Joseph
Warren Edw.
Wood John

HORNINGLOW.

Aldam Abraham, whsman.
Batkin John, hay & corn dlr.
Carver Samuel, shoemaker
Gretton Francis, vict. New Inn
Hanson Sarah, beer house
Hardy Francis, rope & net mkr.
Harlow John butcher, Outwood
Hollis Wm. shopkpr. coal dlr. & beer house
Lathbury John, horse dlr.
Lee Charles, shoemaker
Lee Thomas, maltster, shopkr. & beer house
Marsh Thos. gamekpr. Outwood
Marshall James, baker
Moss William, blacksmith
Osborne William, agent to the Trent and Mersey Navigation Company, and wharfinger
Robinson Samuel, blacksmith
Salt Frederick, ——
Salt John, coal and coke dlr.
Smith Thomas, agent
Upton Wm. Morris, vict. and bricklayer

Farmers.
Allen William
Greaves John
Hopkins John
Hopkins Joseph
Lathbury Mary
Lathbury Mich.
Lee John
Page John
Rowland Hy.
Rowland H. jun.
Shorthose Hy.
Smith Wm.
Tunley Richard
Turner James
Turner John

STRETTON.

*Marked * are at Clay Mills.*

Bullock Charles, tailor
Cox James, butcher
* Gretton Joseph, coal dlr.
* Gretton William, schoolmaster
Gretton Richd. shopr. & beer hs.
* Gretton William, iron master
Page John, beer house
Sanders John, carpenter
* Thornewill & Co. iron masters
Thornewill Thomas, iron master, Dove cliff
Walker Benjamin, shoemaker
Ward Robert, vict. Marquis of Anglesey
* Ward William, bookkeeper
Wood John, blacksmith
Wright Charles Staniforth, gent. *Whetmore*

Farmers.
Chawner John
Cotton Chpr.
Gretton John
Gretton J. jun.
Gretton Thos.
Hallam Cath.
Higgott John
Hodson Wm.
Page John
Page John, jun.
Walker Mich.
Walker Thomas

STAPENHILL.

(In Derbyshire.)

*Those marked * are not in Burton Parish.*

* Brittain Samuel, shopkeeper
Brooke Wm. vict. Barley Mow
Brown William, tailor
Clay Rev. John, curate
Court John, gunsmith
* Ensor Mrs. Hanh. Maria
* Granger Nath. vict. & maltster, Punch Bowl
Hargrave Thomas, joiner
Higginson Mrs. Hannah
* Jones William, gent.
Lakin Richard, joiner
Lee Thomas, ferry boat keeper
Lloyd Miss Margaret
Nadin Nathaniel, coal master
* Sanders Sarah, wheelwright
Simnett Elizabeth, beer house
Vallack James, solicitor's clerk
* Walters Geo. smith & maltster
Warren Charles, butcher
* Warren Joseph, baker
* White George, blacksmith
White Thomas, shoemaker
Wilson John, brickmaker
* Wood Charles, grocer
Wright Thomas, parish clerk

Farmers.
* Foster Edw.
Higgott John
Hodson Charles
* Warren John
Warren Saml.
* Warren Wm.
Watson John
Watson Mrs.
* Wood Fras.
Wood Fras.

WINSHILL.

(In Derbyshire.)

*Marked * are at Burton Mill.*

Ash John, brickmaker
Bailey Mrs. Clara, ladies' boarding school, *Bladon*
* Bladon James, staymaker
* Chiswell John, shoemaker
* Gaunt Sarah, vict. Royal Oak
Pipes George, beer house

Salisbury Wm. Geo. tobacco pipe mfr. and brush dlr. Bridgend
* White George, wheelwright
* Wilson Jph. & Benj. corn mlrs.

Farmers.

Fitchell Wm.
Hallam Chas.
Hanson John
Hardy Richard
Moore Daniel
Moore John
Newton Mary
Pegg John
Radford Jas.
Taylor Thomas

CANWELL, an extra-parochial estate of 400 acres, 5 miles S.W. of Tamworth, had anciently a small *Priory* of Benedictine monks, founded by Geva Ridell, daughter of Hugh, Earl of Chester. It was one of the monasteries seized by Cardinal Wolsey. In Queen Mary's time, the manor was held by the Bishop of Exon. It now belongs to Lord Wenlock; but he seldom visits his spacious and beautiful mansion here, which was built by the father of the late possessor, Sir Robert Lawley, Bart., under the inspection of Mr. Wyatt, the celebrated architect, at the cost of £60,000. Near the park is *Canwell Gate*, a public-house occupied by Thomas Cammack.

CLIFTON CAMPVILLE is a large village and manor in the vale of the Mease, and near the junction of the four counties of Stafford, Derby, Leicester, and Warwick, 5 miles N.N.E. of Tamworth. Its parish has three *townships*, (Clifton, Haunton, and Harlaston,) in Staffordshire, and one in Derbyshire, called Chilcote. These four townships contain about 1000 inhabitants, (see p. 294.) Clifton and Haunton maintain their poor conjointly, and contain, together, about 3000 acres of land, all belonging to Henry John Pye, Esq. of *Clifton Hall*. For some time after the Norman conquest, the manor of Clifton was held by the King, and from the year 1200 to 1315, by the Camville family. In 1700, it was sold, by the Coventry family, to Sir Charles Pye, Bart. an ancestor of the present owner. The CHURCH, dedicated to St. Andrew, is adorned with one of the finest spires in the kingdom, and has two chancels, separated by a handsome screen. In the windows are several paintings on glass, one of which represents St. Mark; and in the south chancel is an ancient monument, with recumbent effigies, to the memory of Sir John Vernon and his lady. The living is a *rectory*, in the gift of H. J. Pye, Esq., and incumbency of the Rev. Robert Taylor, M.A. The parish *feast* is on Advent Sunday. The poor have the interest of £35, left by Mrs. Cox.

HAUNTON village lies 1 mile W. of Clifton Campville.

HARLASTON is a village, township, and chapelry, pleasantly seated on an eminence, on the south bank of the Mease, 4 miles N. of Tamworth, and 2½ miles W. of Clifton Campville. It has 218 inhabitants, and 1400 acres of land. The Rev. Thos. Levett, of Packington, and Mr. John Nevill, of Wigginton, are joint lords of the manor; but most of the soil belongs to several other proprietors, one of whom is Sir Francis Burdett, and another the *Dowager Countess* Chetwynd. The chapel is an

ancient building, with a low wooden spire. The nave was rebuilt and new-pewed about six years ago. The curacy is annexed to the mother church.

CHILCOTE is a township and chapelry in Derbyshire, but in this parish, 2 miles E.S.E. of Clifton Campville. Near it is a small common, called "*No-man's Heath*," with a cross cut in the turf to mark the converging points of the four counties which here unite, as noticed above.

CLIFTON CAMPVILLE.

Booth Richard, shopkeeper
Evans John, blacksmith
Grainger Thomas, shopkeeper
Heath Joseph, baker & flour dlr.
Hill Richard, butcher
Orton John, tailor
Pye Hy. John, Esq. *Clifton hall*
Radford Thomas, schoolmaster
Riley Wm. vict. Green Man
Smith Thomas, shoemaker
Stratton Mrs. Elizabeth
Taylor John, shoemaker
Taylor Rev. Robert, M.A. rector
Tricklebank James, tailor
Ward Ann, wheelwright
Ward George, shoemaker
Yates Wm. joiner

FARMERS.

Bach Waller | Heath William
Bancroft Henry | Mould Sarah
Cooper John | Mousley Benj.
Riley Robert | Wheatley Wm.
Stratton John

HAUNTON.—FARMERS.

Baker Edward | Smith James
Biddle Thomas | ThompsonEdw.
Earp Sylvanus | Twamley Thos.
Mousley Edw. | Wheatley Thos.
Payne Mary

HARLASTON.

Bellfield Thos. vict. White Lion
Elliott Thomas, butcher
Hopkin Thomas, saddler
Smith Thomas Attwood, grocer
Stanton Mary, corn miller
Sturgess Benjamin, bricklayer

FARMERS.

DarlastonThos. | Medley John
Elton Thomas | Smith Ann
Favell John | Smith Richard

DARLASTON, one of the largest villages in Staffordshire, is situate near the Birmingham canal, 1 mile N.W. of Wednesbury, 4¼ miles E. by S. of Wolverhampton, and 3 m. W.S.W. of Walsall. Its parish, which includes only 800 acres of land, has increased its population, since the year 1801, from 3812 to 6647 souls; and has long been famous for the manufacture of *gun-locks, bits, stirrups, buckles, nails, screws, cast iron articles*, &c. Here is also a large bar-iron manufactory, established eight years ago; and at Darlaston Green, the Birmingham Coal and Iron Company have an extensive *mine*, containing several excellent beds of *coal and ironstone;* and a stratum of *free stone*, 27 yards thick, and 15 feet below the surface, which the Company commenced working about three years ago, and erected a saw mill for cutting it into slabs, &c. Among the ironstone are found great quantities of very hard limestones, called *peldon*, which, after being burnt, are ground down and used as Roman cement. Lord Gower, Sir E. D. Scott, and Thomas Blakemore, Esq. are the principal landowners; but there are in the parish no fewer than 240 small freeholds, most of which were enfranchised by Lord Crewe, the late lord of

the manor, about 40 years ago, for an electioneering purpose. The CHURCH is a plain brick edifice, which was nearly all rebuilt, by subscription, in 1721, except the tower, which was built in 1606, by Thomas Pye, an author of some celebrity.—The fabric has just been considerably enlarged, by the erection of a new chancel, which was opened by the Bishop, Nov. 17, 1833. Three quarters of an acre of land, given by the late Duke of Sutherland, was added to the burial ground in 1823. The living is a *rectory*, valued in the King's books at £3. 11s. 5½d. The Rev. C. Simeon, of King's College, Cambridge, is the patron, and the Rev. Samuel Lowe, M.A. the incumbent.—The *Independents*, and the *Wesleyan* and *Primitive Methodists*, have each a chapel here. That belonging to the Wesleyans is a large and neat brick edifice, erected in 1810, at the cost of £1900; and nearly an acre of land has lately been annexed to it as a cemetery. A *Sunday school* was erected in the Churchyard in 1793; one at the Green, in 1813; and another near the Wesleyan chapel, in 1814. The parish *feast*, or *wake*, commences on the Sunday after Aug. 21st, or on that day, when it happens to be Sunday. The *Benefactions* to the poor consist of the yearly sums of £4. 17s. 6d., arising from the bequests of John Perry, Thomas Abberley, and Michael Lane; 7s. left by Walter Farell, and 20s. by Mary Pedley, in 1820. The *workhouse*, which stands on the western side of the parish, in the populous district called *Darlaston Green*, was built in 1813.

HEATH, *half a* mile N.E., and MOXLEY, 1 mile S.W. of Darlaston, are two villages, partly in Wednesbury parish. The latter also extends into Bilston chapelry, and has an excellent bed of clay, of which large quantities of *bricks and tiles* are made; and also a fine stratum of *sand*, in great request among the iron smelters and founders.

DARLASTON PARISH DIRECTORY.

A FOOT POST to Wednesbury every morning, departs at half-past eight with letters, and returns at ten.

☞ The CONTRACTIONS used are, Bst. for Bilston street; Bkl. Brockall; Cross, Catharine's cross; Cst. Church street; Cpl. Cramphill bank; Ckt. Cock street; Cft. Croft street; Dld. Dale end; Est. Eldon street; Gn. Green; Kst. King street; Mxy. Moxley; Nrw. New row; Nst. New street; and Pst. for Pinfold street.

Adams Geo. piercer, Bilston st.
Adams Jph. basket maker, Pst.
Baker Mr. Richard, New street
Banks George, clock and watch maker, Church street
Barrs Mr. John, Caths. cross
Batch John, farmer, Green
Bayley Mrs. Eliz. Church street
Bayley Charles, farmer, Green
Bills *Rd. iron master, Church st.*
Blakemore Wm. Hill, teacher, Dale end
Bridgwater M. N. & A. milliners, Bilston street
Bridgwater Wm. vestry clerk, Brockall
Bromley James, colliery viewer, Moxley
Burford John, bookpr. Moxley
Butler Thomas, farmer, Green

Cook Wm. (excise) New street
Corbett Mrs. Nancy, New st.
Cooper Geo. farmer, Cramphill ln.
Dorsett Rd. gent. King street
Foster Jacob, farmer, Cross
Foster Jno. bed caster mfr. Cross
Gill Joseph, bookpr. Green
Goold Amos, farmer, Heath
Green Geo. cow keeper, Brockall
Harper Thos. hair drsr. New st.
Horton Moses, farmer, Cross
Jinks, & Ellis, lime burners, Mxy.
Jones John, tinplate wkr. Cross
Kendrick John, farmer, Heath
Lawton Eliz. Dashfield lane
Morris John, druggist, King st.
Partridge John, glaziers' lead tree & wire & bolt guage mfr. New row
Partridge John, bookpr. Cst.
Partridge Thos. serjt. of Court of Request, King street
Riley Benj. key maker, New st.
Rubery Jabez, bag frame mkr. Croft street
Slater Thomas, printer, bookseller, & stationer, New street
Smith Saml. gent. Cock street
Village Thos. governor Workhs.
White Rev. Geo. Wm. M.A. curate, Rectory
Wilkes Mr. Job, Bilston street
Wilkes John, gent. New place
Williams Rd. sand miner, Mxy.
Wood Mr. Abraham, Bank
Wood Rev. Benj. (Meth.) Pinfold street

Academies.

*Marked * are Boarding.*

Booth Wm. New st.
* Cartwright Mary, Pardoes lane
* Davenport George, King street
Dixon Ann, New st.

Attorney.

Adams Charles, Pst.

Bakers, &c.

Bayley Thos. Pst.
Perry Hy. Pinfold st.
Wood Thos. Cst.

Bit makers.

Bowen Dd. Cock st.
Bowen Sml. (S. American) Blakemore lane
Butler John, Dld.
Howl John & Jabez, Brockall
Taylor Jph. Green
Wilkes Rd. King st.
Wilkes Thos. Blakeman lane
Yates Jph. (and cart harness) Green

Blacksmiths.

Prince Thomas, Pst.
Woolrich John Cpl.

***Bolt & Latch mkrs. Marked** 1 make Norfolk, and 2 Thumb latches.*

1 Butler Thos. Cft.
2 Carter James, Cft.
1 Carter Wm. & Son, Croft street
1 Cresswell Thomas, Pinfold street
2 Harper Wm. Cft.
1 Howl John & Jabez, Brockall
2 Longmore Isaiah, Cock street
2 Partridge Danl. Pst.
Tysall Thos. Eldon st.
Yardley Jph. Pst.

Boot & Shoe Heel Tip mfrs.

Carter John, Ckt.
Carter Wm. & Son, Croft street
Cresswell Thos. Pst.
Partridge Danl. Pst.

Boot & Shoe mkrs.

Booth Wm. Cock st.
Butler Rd., Cross
Coulter Edw. Blakeman lane
Eaton Rd. New st.
Green Wm. Croft st.
Horton Thos. (& leather seller) Kst.
Jackson Wm. Bkl.
Meek Richard, Cpl.
Partridge Jas. Pst.
Partridge John, Nst.
Partridge Thos. Kst.
Pearce Jph. Pst.
Sansom John, Pst.
Simkin Thomas, Ckt.
Surdifield Jas. Bst.
Tranter John, Pst.
Warrener Aaron, Gn.
Wilkes Momford, Catharine's cross
Williams Wm. Cst.
Wood Thomas, Kst.

Bricklayers and Plasterers.

Baker Benj. Butt cft.
Bayley James, Bst.
Harper Moses, Cft.
Shingleton Wm. Ckt.

Brick & Tile mkrs.

Martin Jph. Moxley
Wood John, Moxley
Wood Thos. Moxley
Wood Wm. Moxley

*Buckle mkrs. (Rollers) * make Tongues.*

* Belcher John, Gn.
Blakemore John, Bkl.
Blakemore Thomas, Dale end
Cooper John, Cross
Cotterell Thos. Butt croft
Cressall Jph. Bst.
Cresswell Jph. Nst.
Dumbleton John, Est.
Harper Fras. Ckt.
Hawkes Jph. Green
Haynes Martha, Bst.
Hemingsley John, Pinfold street
Perkins Edw. Green
Perrins Enoch, Pst.

Perrins Sarah, Bank
Poole Jeremiah, Gn.
Proffitt John, Bst.
Proffitt Jno. jun. Bst.
Small Wm. Cst.
* Stanfield William, Heath
* Taylor John, Heath
Taylor Jph. Green
* Wilkes Geo. Bank
Wilkes Joseph, Bst.
Yates Joseph, Green

Bullet Mould mkrs.

Foster Daniel, Bst.
Partridge Danl. Pst.
Perry William, Est.
Robinson Isaac, Gn.
Robinson John, Gn.
Smith Edward, Cst.
WinsperThomas, Pst.

Butchers.

Allen Joseph, Kst.
Brevitt Archibald Pl. Church street
Butler Joseph, Ckt.
Cockram Jph. Cross
Foster Moses, Bst.
Hind Enoch, Green
Partridge Enoch, (pork) Kst.
Poyner Robert, Kst.
Spittle Joseph, Kst.
Underwood Jas. Pst.
Wilkes Samuel, Pst.
Wilkes Wm. Kst.

Coal Masters.

Birmingham Compy. Green; Wm. Owen, agent
Holland Wm. Moxley

Coopers.

Johnson James, Mxy.
Jones John, Bank
Lawton Eml. Cross
Oldrenshaw Jas. Catharine's cross

Corn Millers.

Smith Samuel, Ckt.
Steam mill ——

Engravers (Gun Lks.)

GolcherWm. jun. Ckt.
Howell Wm. Cpl.

File makers.

Best Samuel, Bkl.
Bruerton Enoch, Ckt.
Butler John, Cock st.
Foster Stephen, Cpl.
Hughes Thomas, Pst.
Hume Thomas, Bkl.
Orton John, Green
Orton Wm. Croft st.
Small John, Cst.
Wilkes Josiah, Blakeman lane
Wilkes Mary, Cst.

Grocers and Tea dlrs.

Adcock George, Ckt.
Coleman Eliza & Edna, Church street
Maddock Wm. Kst.
Riley Thomas, Kst.
Waldron Felix Augs. (and clothes whs.) King street

Gun Lock Forgers.

Archer Thomas, Cft.
Belcher Thos. Bkl.
Belcher Wm. Longlands lane
Disturnall Rd. Nst.
Duncomb John, Pst.
Foster Moses, Cross
Golcher Joseph, Cft.
Humpage Thos. Gn.
Longmore Samuel, Catharine's cross
Pedley George, Bst.
Stokes John, Bst.
Tayler Pade, Pst.
Wilkes James, Cft.

*Gun Lock Filers. Marked * are Factors and Finishers.*

Ashmore Geo. Bst.
Corbitt George, Butt croft
Bird John, Cross
*Butler Thomas, Bkl.
Cotterell Thos. Butt croft
Dangerfield Edward, Cross
Duffield Wm. Bst.
* Golcher Wm. Kst.
Griffiths John, Pst.
Horton Thomas, Kst.
Howell Wm. Est.
Martin Richard, Cpl.
* Partridge Danl. Pst.
* Partridge William, Butt croft
* Riddin Margery, Green
*Rubery Jabez, (& turn screws and worms) Cft.
* Rubery John, Cft.
Rubery Wm. Pst.
Taylor James, Bst.
Tonks James, Cross
Tonks Joseph, Cross
* Turner Emanuel, Butt croft
Watson John, Nst.
Wilkes Stephen, Kst.
* Wilkes Wm. Cpl.
Woodward Joseph, Cross
* Yates Jph. Green
Yates Wm. Church st.

Hinge makers.

Bayley Thomas, Kst.
Newton Isc. Green
Rubery Jabez, (and patent joint chains) Croft street

Inns and Taverns.

Bell, Charles Foster, Church street
Boat, Joseph Butler, Canal side
Britannia, Samuel Johnson, Moxley
Dog and Partridge, Thos. Horton, Kst.
Duke of York, Benj. Skidmore, Bank
Green Dragon, Wm. Wilkes, Church st.
Horse & Jockey, Jph. Corns, Butt croft
King's Arms, Thos. Coleman, Cpl.
King's Head, Wm. Colbourn, Pst.
Nag's Head, Ralph Baddeley, Green
Nelson, Rd. Cotterell, Cath.'s cross
Old Bush, John Devis Aldridge, Gn.
Old Crown, Thomas Butler, Cpl.
Red Lion, Jas. Jones, Church street
Swan, Hannah Page, Moxley
Waggon and Horses, Jas. Bayley, Kst.
White Lion, Charles Green, King st.

Beer Houses.
Butler Rd. Cross
Baker Benj. Buttcft.
Foster James, Cst.
Partridge W. Buttcft.
PartridgeEnoch, Kst.
Stokes John, Bst.
Wood Thos. Cst.
Wilkes George, Cft.
Black Horse, Edw. Wood, Bank
Black Horse, Job Taylor, Pinfold st.
Blue Pig, Rebecca Jones, Cath.'s cross
Bricklayer's Arms, Jas. Bayley, Bst.
Bull's Head, John Butler, Cock st.
Cottage Spring, Jane Harper, Cock st.
Cross Guns, William Corbett, New st.
Earl Grey, Thomas Tysall, Eldon st.
Fox, Mary Bayley Green
Green Man, Thomas Jones, Green
Hen & Chickens, Ellen Foster, Cross
Hop & Barley Corn, Jno. Duncomb, Pst.
Jolly Crispin, Thos. Simkin, Cock st.
Lamp, Thos. Taylor, New pl.
Plough, Eliz. Rose, Green
Noah's Ark, Jonth. Lowe, Pinfold st.
Queen's Head, Thos. Bayley, King st.
Rose & Punch Bowl, Benj. Giles, Cpl.
Seven Stars, Wm. Singleton, Cock st.
Sycamore Tree, Ed. Dangerfield, Cross
Thatched House, Dd. Bowen, Cock st.
Three Perches, John Swift, Bank
Unicorn, Jas. Foster, Catharine's cross
Vaise, John Corbett, Pinfold street
Vauxhall, John Kimbley, Green
Vine, Wm. Wilkes, Cramphill bank
Woodman, J. Hughes, Blakeman lane
Iron Candlestick mfr.
Yardley Jph. Pst.
Iron Founders.
Butler Asher, Bst.
Gibbons Jp. (& brass) Catharine's cross
Hemingsley Jno. Pst.
Jones Rd. Dashfld. In.
Lawton Wm. New st.
Taylor John, Cross
Wilkes Jas. Cross
Wilkes John, Bank
Iron Hurdle and Fencing mnfr.
Wilkes Geo. Croft st.
Iron Masters.
Bills & Mills, (bar, rod, and swarf iron for fluted rollers, &c.) Green
Iron Dealers.
Baggott Thos. Bkl.
Foster Moses, Bst.
Rubery Sarah, Bkl.
Joiners and Builders.
Adams Thomas, Butt croft
Bruerton Jno. Nst.
Lawton Thos. Cross
Lowe Jph. Bank
Manlove Edw. Mxy.
Sheldon J. Butt cft.
Taylor Rd. Croft st.
Linen and Woollen Drapers.
Coleman Eliza and Edna, Church st.
Pigott John, Cst.
Skidmore Thos. Pst.
Lock manfrs.
Marked 1 *make Pad*, 2 *Trunk*, & 3 *Coach Locks.*
1 Burns Thos. Green
Harper James, (rim) New Row
1 Jones Robt. Green
2, 3 Rubery, Jabez, Croft street
Simpson Jas. Bkl.
1 Stanaway Rd. Cft.
Maltsters.
Aldridge John Devis, Green
Green Thos. (dlr.) King street
Jones Geo. Bank
Page Hanh. Moxley
Yates Wm. Cst.
Nail Factors & Mfrs.
Marked * *are manfrs. only.*
Baggott Thos. Bkl.
Coleman Thos. Cpl.
Dorsett Jas. & Stph. King street
* Foster Benj. Kst.
* Foster John, Cst.
* Foster Thos. Cross
Patten Ring makers.
Howl John & Jabez, Brockall
Howl Thomas, Bkl.
Longmore John, Cst.
Pawnbrokers.
Bruerton John, Nst.
Meeson Samuel, Nst.
Plumbers, Patrs. &c.
Colbourn Wm. Pst.
Hughes Wm. Kingst.
Lee Richard, Cst.
Saddler.
Bowen Dd. Cock st.
Saddle Spring Bar makers.
Coleman Thos. Cpl.
Griffiths Thos. Dld.
Hewson Wm. Est.
Shopkeepers & Flour dealers.
Baggott Rebec. Bkl.
Brevitt Laura, Bst.
Bruerton Jas. Ckt.
Corbett Jph. New st.
Hopkins Chas. New street
Horton Thos. Cross
Jones Sarah, Bank
Lunn Rd. Cross
Partridge William, Butt croft
Proffitt Edw. James, Bilston street
Ray James, Cock st.
Riddin Margery, Gn.
Riley Benj. New st.
Riley Ezekl. Cross
Simkin Thos. Cockst.

Smith Ann, Brockall
Spink Thos. King st.
Winsper Wm. Green
Whitehouse Jph. Cft.
Wood Thos. King st.
Yates Jph. Green
Snuffer manfrs.
Corns Abna, Cst.
Partridge Ts. Evans, Pinfold street
Stampers, (Gun Chs.)
Carter Wm. & Son, Croft street
Duffield John, Bilston street
Garrington Jno. Bkl.
Golcher Jph. Ckt.
Ridden Margery, Gn.
Stirrup manfrs.
Butler Saml. Bank
Carter James, Cft.
Foster Daniel, Bst.
Howl J. & J. Bkl.
Howl Ts. Brockall
Longmore John, Cst.
Mountford Thos. Ckt.
Perry Wm. Eldon st.
Taylor, Jph. Green
Stone Masons.
Redfern Abm. Cst.
Smith Wm. Bst.
Stone Quarry Owners.
Baddeley Ralph, Gn.

Birmingham Co. (& cement mfrs.); J. Watts, agt. Green
Surgeons.
Dickinson Wm. Cst.
Rooker Abel, Kst.
Thornhill Chs. Nst.
Tailors.
Duffield Wm. Bst.
Foul[illegible]
Lort[illegible]
New[illegible]
Skid[illegible]
Wilk[illegible]
Woo[illegible]
Tim[illegible]
Lawt[illegible]
Page[illegible]ey
Tayl[illegible]t st.
W[illegible]rights.
Croo[illegible]n. Moxley
Green[illegible]ohn, Pst.
Wood Screw makers.
Baddeley Rd. Cpl.
Bayley John, Cpl.
Bruerton Abm. Ckt.
Butler Saml. Bank
Coleman Thos. Cpl.
Cotterell Thos. Butt croft
Foster Benj. Green
Foster Fielding, Nst.
Foster Thos. New st.

Foster [illegible]reen
Harpe[illegible]New st.
Hemin[illegible]bz. Bst.
Howel[illegible]Eldonst.
Howel[illegible]Eldonst.
Howl[illegible]Brockall
Linga[illegible]Ths. New st.
Partri[illegible]Danl. Pst.
Pasmo[illegible]Rd. Cpl.
[illegible]Danl. Bst.
[illegible]Ts. Blake-
[illegible]
[illegible]h Cpl.
[illegible]Green
[illegible]Eldon st.
[illegible]s. Green

CARRIERS.

To Birmingham. Thomas Smith, Butt Croft, Tue. Thu. and Sat. (Goods & passengers) ½ past 8 mg.; George Dangerfield, New street, Thu. and Sat.; and Geo. Bayley, from the Green, Tue. Thu. and Sat. 8 mg.

To Wolverhampton. George Bayley, from the Green, Wed. 11 mg.

DRAYTON BASSET is a village and parish, occupying a gentle declivity, two and a-half miles S. by W. of Tamworth, and containing 459 inhabitants, and about 3100 acres of rich loamy land, most of which belongs to the Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, who resides in the ancient *manor house*, which stands in a spacious and beautiful park; but it will in a short time give place to a more superb mansion now erecting near it, of white freestone, in the style that prevailed in the reign of Elizabeth, under the direction of that eminent architect, Sir Robt. Smirke. The old mansion is of brick, and will be taken down as soon as the new one is completed. *Drayton manor* was anciently held by the Basset family. About twenty years ago, it was sold by the Marquis of Bath, to the late Sir Robert Peel, who, during the preceding half century, had accumulated an immense fortune as a calico printer and cotton manufacturer, near the small town of [illegible]ry, in Lancashire, where his son, the present worthy baronet, was born. The parish CHURCH, dedicated to St. Peter, was built above thirty-years ago, except the tower. It is in the [illegible]ic *style, and the interior* is adorned with a variety of tombs

and heraldic blazonry of the Bassets. The living is a *rectory*, valued in the King's books at £7. 8s. 4d. The King is the patron, and the Rev. Wm. Michael Lally the incumbent. The sum of £28, left to the poor, and lent to the late rector, is lost, his executor having refused to pay it. Lady Peel supports a *charity school* in the village, for the education of 34 poor children. The small hamlet of *Bangley*, and *Sherral Park*, about two miles W. of Drayton, are the property of Lord Wenlock. About a mile further to the west, at the junction of the Lichfield and Tamworth turnpikes, is *Basset's Pole*, a large Inn where the Prince Regent changed post-horses when visiting the late Marquis of Anglesey.

Peel Sir Robert, Bart., Drayton manor
Lally Rev. Wm. Michl. L. L. D. rector
Edden Fras. vict. & grocer, White Lion
Farnell Jno. grocer & vict., Lamb
Hill Thomas, land agent
Hudson Thomas, vict. Basset's Pole Inn
Jackson Henry, blacksmith
Milner Richard, schoolmaster
Montgomery Thos. Wm. grocer
Storer James, tailor
Wade Jph. joiner & parish clerk
Wildig John, shoemaker
Wrigt Thomas, shoemaker

Farmers.

Adams Thos.
Bond John
Cox Thomas, Sherral park
Edden John
Ingram John
Ingram Wm.
Jackson John
Jolley Thomas
King Thomas
Lees William
Loffill Joseph
Pratt Thomas
Proctor Samuel Cheatle
Thurman Thos.
Webster John

DUDLEY CASTLE, the venerable but now ruinous seat of the great barony of Dudley, stands upon the summit of a lofty conical hill, near the northern extremity of the populous town of Dudley, which latter forms, with its precincts, a detached portion of Worcestershire, nearly six miles S. by E. of Wolverhampton. The ruined castle, with the limestone hill on which it stands, is *extra parochial*, in the South Division of Offlow Hundred, but it has no inhabitants. This noble work of antiquity is said to have been built by *Dudo*, a distinguished Saxon chief, about the year 760, from whom it likewise derived its name. After the Norman conquest, it appears to have been bestowed upon William Fitz-Ausculph, who possessed no fewer than twenty-five manors in this county. During the contentions for the crown between King Stephen and the Empress Maud, this castle was fortified, and maintained on the part of the latter, by Gervase Pagnel, whose son having joined in rebellion against Henry the Second, it was dismantled by the orders of that monarch. This second Pagnel dying without issue male, this *honour* past by marriage to John de Somery. In the seventeenth year of Henry the Third, it was seized for the King's use, on account of Roger de Somery neglecting or refusing to appear in order to have the honour of knighthood conferred upon him. It was, however, soon after returned; and we find that about *thirty years* subsequent to this, the same Somery obtained license

to fortify it again. Issue male also failing in his family, it became the property of John Sutton, who married Margaret, one of the heirs general in the reign of Edward the Second. The Suttons were a respectable family in Nottinghamshire; and in consequence of their owning this castle, one of them was called to the peerage by the title of *Lord Dudley*. In the reign of Henry the Eighth, it was purchased by John Dudley, Duke of Northumberland, who lost it by rebellion in the reign of Queen Mary. This nobleman is said to have made great repairs and additions to the buildings. After his death, the Queen bestowed it on Sir Edward Sutton, son and heir of the Lord Dudley, who had sold it to the Duke. Anne, great grand-daughter of this gentleman, carried it by marriage to Humble Ward, who was created Baron Ward, of Birmingham, in Warwickshire, on the third of March, 1643. During the civil wars which now began to distract England, this castle was twice besieged; first in 1644, when, after holding out for three weeks, it was relieved by a corps of the King's forces, from Worcester; and again in 1646, at which time it was surrendered to Sir William Brereton, commander of the Parliamentary troops, by Col. Levison, governor for the King. Some affirm that this noble family still continued to reside here for a considerable period after the Restoration; but at length they deemed it expedient to abandon it, probably on account of the ruinous condition to which it had been reduced by the siege. In 1750, it served as a retreat to a set of *coiners*, who, having set fire to the buildings, were thereby discovered, and compelled to seek some other refuge, in which to carry on their iniquitous profession. The title of *Viscount Dudley* was renewed in 1763, in the person of Lord Ward, by the title of *Viscount Dudley and Ward*, of Dudley; and in 1827, the late Viscount was created *Earl Dudley*, as has been seen at page 258, with the description of *Himley Hall*, which has for many years been the principal residence of this noble family. The deserted castle of Dudley, now consists of a number of dilapidated buildings, surrounded by the remains of a strong wall, flanked with towers, and encompassing nearly an acre of ground. The keep and the chapel are evidently the most ancient parts. In the latter, are two very fine Gothic windows, and under it is a vault called the prison. The great gateway, with the apartment over it, may have been erected about the same time; but none of the other buildings appear to be older than the reign of Henry VIII. In the kitchen, are two chimney-pieces, of monstrous size, the fire-place in one of them measuring no less than 4¼ yards in width. The hill on which these picturesque ruins stand, has its declivities covered with a beautiful and varied display of trees, and is intersected by several serpentine walks, forming in the summer season the busy promenades of numerous parties who come hither to witness the remains of ancient gra-

deur, and to enjoy the extensive and beautiful prospect commanded by the lofty eminence, at the foot of which may be seen the traces of an entrenchment thrown up in the civil wars, and the entrance to that stupendous work, the Dudley Canal *tunnel*, 1¼ mile in length, cut through a hard rock. In the *limestone quarries* in this neighbourhood, are found a variety of fossils and marine substances, in a state of petrifaction, particularly the *Dudley locust*, a water insect; the *cornu ammonis*, a worm coiled up; *astroites*, or star stones; *cockles*, &c., which are frequently found in large masses.

EDINGALE, in the vale of the Mease, 7 miles N. by W. of Tamworth, is a village and parochial chapelry, consisting of two townships of the same name, one of which is on the east side of the river, in Croxall parish, Derbyshire, and keeps its poor separately, whilst the Staffordshire township joins with Oakley and Croxall, for the same purpose. That portion of the chapelry in this county, contains 177 inhabitants, and 851A. 2R. 24P. of land. At the enclosure of the common, about forty years ago, the tithes were commuted for an allotment of 120A. and 14P. to Francis Cobb, Esq., the impropriator; and 16A. 2R. to the incumbent curate, who has also 27A. of old glebe, and an annuity from the tithe farm. The Earl of Lichfield is lord of the manor; but the soil belongs to Sir Robert John Wilmot, and a number of other freeholders. The Church is a small edifice, upon an eminence near the river Mease. The living is a curacy, in the gift of the prebendary of Alrewas, and incumbency of the Rev. John Evans. The poor have the interest of £90, left in 1804, by Francis Cobb, Esq. About half a mile N.E. of the village, is *Salter's Bridge*, an iron structure of three arches. The parish *feast* is on the first Sunday in June.

OAKLEY, about half a mile S. of Edingale, is an extra parochial, or tithe free estate, of about 600 acres, which keeps its poor with Croxall and Edingale, and is now in two portions, belonging to Sir R. J. Wilmot, and the Hon. F. G. Howard. The *farmers* are Charles Booth, of *Oakley House*, and John Winter, of *Broadfield*.

In the following DIRECTORY OF EDINGALE, *those marked * are in the Derbyshire township.*

* Buller Mrs. Thomas
* Collingwood Jph. shoemaker
Dewsbury Ed. shoemkr. & grocer
Evans Rev. John, incb. curate
Gadsby John, blacksmith & vict.
Gascoyne Mrs. Philippa Mary
Hatchett Thomas, joiner
Moore Rd. vict. Holly Bush
Odams Rd. baker & flour dealer
Pimm John, gent.
* Pimm Mrs. Mary
* Riley Rt. joiner & wheelwright
* Shakespear Wm. shoemaker
Tricklebank Thomas, tailor

Farmers.

Buller Walter
Foster Francis
German John
Leedham John
* Hatchett Ths. and Ralph
Smith Wm.
Welch Benj.

ELFORD is a pleasant village, upon a declivity on the north bank of the Tame, 4¼ miles N. by W. of Tamworth, said to have derived its name from the great number of eels with which the river here formerly abounded. Its parish comprises 483 inhabitants, and 1900 acres of highly cultivated land, most of which was an open common till 1766, when it was enclosed, and 240 acres allotted to the rectory in lieu of the tithes. Before the Norman conquest, this *manor* belonged to Earl Algar. In the reign of Henry III. it was held by *Wm. de Arderne*, whose descendants continued to enjoy it till the marriage of Maud, sole heiress of Sir John Arderne, with Thomas, second son of Sir John Stanley, of Latham, carried it to that family.—By a succession of females, it passed, in like manner, to the families of Stanton, Smith, Huddleston, and Bowes. After remaining for several generations with the latter, it devolved on the Hon. Craven Howard, by marriage with Mary, daughter of George Bowes, Esq. ancestor of the late Earl of Suffolk, Viscount Andover, &c.; upon whose death, it fell to his sister, the Hon. Frances Howard; from whom it passed to the Hon. Fulke Greville Howard, of Castle Rising, the present lord of the manor, and owner of most of the soil, who resides occasionally at ELFORD HALL, a handsome mansion erected about 1758. The CHURCH, dedicated to St. Peter, is a fine old building, in the pointed style of architecture; and in 1828, it was ornamented with an ancient stained glass window, brought from the continent, representing Christ, turning water into wine. It has also many antique monuments and effigies of the former lords of the manor. The living is a rectory, in the gift of the Hon. F. G. Howard; and is now enjoyed by the Rev. John Sneyd, M. A. A neat stone bridge crosses the Tame at Elford; and a little above it is a *paper* and *corn mill*, formerly occupied by the late *Robert Bage*, who was born at Derby, in 1728, and wrote five popular novels, viz.—"Mount Kenneth," "Barham Downs," "The Fair Syrians," "James Wallace," and "Harmsprong; or Man as He is Not, and Man as He Is." Mr. Bage died in 1801, aged 73, much respected for his benevolence and integrity. *Elford Lowe*, on the summit of a hill, about one mile east of the village, is distinguished by a large oak tree; and in it were found, about 60 years ago, several human skeletons, a piece of a bayonet, a wooden bowl or noggin, and some other warlike utensils. Opposite to it, at the distance of a mile, is another *lowe*, of smaller extent. Both of them are evidently sepulchral, and were probably the burial places of the slain in some battle during the Saxon Heptarchy. "These lowes are denominated by the common people, *Robin Hood's shooting butts*, from a belief, prevalent among them, that he sometimes practised here, and was able to throw an arrow from one to the other." The parishioners have the following *Benefactions*: In 1614, the *Rev. John Hill* bequeathed land for the equal be-

nefit of the *poor* and *schoolmaster;* and it is now let for about £27 per ann. For the same uses, an annuity of 27s. was left by the Rev. Wm. Sawrey, in 1792; and another of 9s. by the Rev. Thomas Moore. The school has long been conducted on the national system; and each scholar pays 2s. 6d. per quarter.—Lord Chetwynd, the Hon. Col. Howard, and the rector of Elford, are the acting trustees. In 1810, Edward Astbury left the interest of £20, to be distributed by the rector to poor widows of Elford. In the village is also an *Infant School*, supported, chiefly, by Lady Howard. The parish *feast* is on the first Sunday in July. COMBERFORD, a hamlet 2 miles S. of Elford, is mostly in Tamworth parish. A FOOT POST from the Crown Inn, Elford, takes letters and small parcels daily to and from Lichfield.

Howard Hon. Fulke Greville, *Elford hall*
Bourne Misses Jane and Edith, *Elford lowe*
Bowler Jno. Wilson, corn miller, Comberford
Buck Wm. gardener
Dunn Edw. vict. & shopr. Crown
Faulkner Edw. tailor & beer hs.
Furniss James, joiner
Holland Mary, Infant school
Hollis Humphrey, farming bailiff
Hopley John, shoemaker
Jukes Miss Mary, Elford lowe
Lea Wm. Esq. Comberford hs.
Newton Ann, schoolmistress
Nicholls Isaac, shoemaker
Sneyd Rev. John, M.A. rector
Spooner Thos. grocer & beer hs.
Taylor Thomas, tailor
Taylor Wm. J. excise officer
Thacker Chas. Wm. Elford mill
Thornton John, blacksmith
Ward George, schoolmaster
Ward Mrs. Sarah, Elford house
Webb Geo. paper mfr. & corn mkr.
Williams James, wheelwright
Williscroft Benj. parish clerk
Wilson John, butcher

FARMERS.

Allen James, Elford park
Bourne Wm. Elford park
Hallam George, Comberford
Hollis Humphrey
Marshall Thomas
Smith Wm. Elford lowe
Strattan Joseph, (and maltster,) Meer pits

FAREWELL with CHORLEY, are two picturesque hamlets, within a mile of each other, and forming a parish of 200 inhabitants, and about 850 acres of land, lying on the eastern side of Cannock Chase, from 2 to 3 miles N. W. of Lichfield. The Marquis of Anglesey is the principal owner, lord of the manor, impropriator, and patron of the Church, which is a curacy, now enjoyed by the Rev. Henry Binfield. The Church was formerly conventual, and belonged to a priory of Benedictine Nuns, founded here in 1140, by Roger Clinton, bishop of Lichfield, who endowed it with the mill, and all the lands lying between the brooks called Chistals and Blackesiche; together with six husbandmen, with their tenures, horses, and services. Henry II. confirmed this grant, and added to it 40 acres of land, cleared from wood, in the forest of Cannock.—Upon the suppression of the lesser religious houses, in 1527, this nunnery and its possessions were given to Lichfield, for

the support of the choristers. In 1747, the old nunnery chapel was taken down; and in the south wall, three rows of coarse earthen vessels, of different dimensions, were found. The mouths of these vessels were laid towards the church, and covered with a thin coat of plaster. About 60 years ago, the church (except the chancel) was rebuilt of brick. *Chorley Hall*, an ancient mansion on the western side of the parish, is the seat of Wm. Adey, Esq. The BENEFACTIONS belonging to the parish are as follows:—In 1710, Richard Hinckley bequeathed, out of a farm in this parish, £5 a year to the curate of Farewell, and £3 to the poor; besides £2 to the poor of Longdon and Ashby-de-la-Zouch. In 1765, Eliz. Ball left the interest of £500, at four per cent. to be dispensed as follows: £14. 16s. a year to the minister of Farewell, 1s. a week to the clerk, and 1s. a week in bread to the poor.

In the following Directory, those marked 1 *are at Farewell, and the rest at Chorley.*

Adey Wm. Esq. Chorley hall
Arnott John, shoemaker
Arnot Wm. shoemkr. & beer hs.
1 Ashmall John, corn miller
1 Ashmall Thos. gent. Farewell hill
Cooke Samuel, tailor
Craddock Barnaby, shoemaker
Dodd Joseph, bricklayer
Getley John, blacksmith
Hide Joseph, wheelwright

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yeomen.*

* Arnott Wm.
Ashmall John
1 * Brown Jno. Lees
* Berry Henry
* Holmes Joseph
* Henney John
* Hyde Joseph
Lane John
* Mann Geo.
* Sands Jno.
Smith James
Stretton Jno.
Winterton R.

HAMSTALL RIDWARE is a small village lying north of Mavesyn and Pipe Ridwares, in the vale of the Blithe rivulet, 8 miles north of Lichfield. Its parish contains 443 inhabitants, and 2959A. 1R. 29P. of land; of which 435 acres is an allotment made at the enclosure of Needwood Forest, in which is included *Hoar cross Park* and the *Rough*, (114 acres,) belonging to Hugo Meynell, Esq., and distant nearly three miles N. of the village. In the parish are also the hamlets of *Netherton* and *Sandborough*, within one mile of the village; and a number of scattered houses. Chandos Leigh, Esq. is owner of most of the land, and lord of the *manor*, which, before the Norman conquest, was held under the Earl of Mercia, and in the reign of Henry I. by *William de Ridware*, who resided here. In the beginning of the 17th century, it passed to the Leigh family of Stoneleigh Abbey, Warwickshire; and on the death of the last *Lord Leigh*, in 1786, the title became extinct, and this manor passed to his sister, from whom it descended to its present possessor. The ancient MANOR HOUSE, now occupied by a farmer, is an extensive edifice of brick and stone, formerly fitted up in a style of great magnificence. Near it stands a tower-gateway, and a watch tower; the latter is fifty feet

high, and open at the top, which commands a fine prospect of the surrounding country. In the hall several antique relics are preserved, among which are—a coat of mail provided for Charles I. in the time of the civil wars, and a *bridle for a scold*; the latter is made of narrow thin plates of iron, with vacancies for the nose and eyes, and a projecting piece of iron that would hold fast the tongue of the most boisterous virago. There is a ring in the centre, through which a cord was put to lead the culprit to the churchyard, where she was obliged to remain till she promised reformation. Dr. Plott mentions two similar instruments at Newcastle and Walsall, and a third at Mr. Greene's museum, in Lichfield. The *Church*, near the Manor-house, is a small ancient structure dedicated to St. Michael, and having in its windows some painted glass. It has several handsome monuments, one of which is to the memory of the Rev. Thomas Allastree, M. A. "who was a minister of the Church of England 54 years, composed 500 sermons, and preached 5000 times." The living is a rectory in the gift of Chandos Leigh, Esq. and incumbency of the Rev. Henry Willes. The poor parishioners have several BENEFACTIONS.—In 1690, the *Rev. Timothy Deleene* left £15 a-year out of lands at Yoxall, to be distributed by the overseers amongst the poor of Hamstall Ridware, to whom he also bequeathed several parcels of land in this parish, which, at the enclosure of *Netherton Fields*, in 1815, were exchanged for an allotment of 7A. 1R. 2P. of common, and two acres of the old enclosure, to which there was added one acre at the enclosure of Needwood Forest. This land is let for £15, which, with the rent charge of £15, is distrbuted on Good Friday, Michaelmas day, Ascension day, and St. Thomas's day, amongst the aged poor. About the year 1803, the sum of £30, left to the poor by the Leigh family, was expended in repairing six cottages in the village, which are occupied rent free by poor parishioners. In 1809, Thos. Leigh, Esq. built a *school* here, which is now open on the national system, for 70 children, who each pay a small quarterage to the master. The parish *feast* is on the nearest Sunday to old Michaelmas day.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *reside at Bancroft*, 2 *Blithfield Cross*, 3 *Cowley Hill*, 4 *Hay-end*, 5 *Netherton*, 6 *Rough Park*, 7 *Rowley*, 8 *Sandborough*, *and the rest at Hamstall Ridware.*

3 Bently Samuel, wheelwright
Chapman Wm. shoemaker
Fletcher My. vict. Rose & Crown
Fowell Joseph, blacksmith
Godwin James, shoemaker
Hicklin Thomas, shoemaker
5 Knowles Richard, gentleman
Leigh Charles, shopkeeper
Lindsey Jph. tailor & shopkeeper
Mason Joseph, butcher
Roobottom Edw. corn miller
Tomlinson Ann, free school
Willes Rev. Edw. Rider
2 Woolley Charles, wheelwright

Farmers.

7 Cooper Wm.
5 Cotterill Ellen
8 Gee James
Gee William
Gould Thomas
Jaggard Wm.
5 Jones Joseph
3 Jones Samuel
5 Lawrence Jno.
7 Lawrence Jno.
8 Lawrence Rbt.
4 Lawrence Ths.
5 Lawrence Ths.
1 Orgill Wm.
6 Orgill Thos.
Woolley John
Woolley Jph.



HANBURY is a small but pleasant village, upon a lofty eminence, overlooking the vale of the Dove; to the north of which is seen the moorlands and picturesque hills of Derbyshire, 7 miles N. W. by W. of Burton-upon-Trent, and the same distance S. E. by E. of Uttoxeter. The PARISH of Hanbury is a very extensive district, being upwards of five miles square, and including the north end of Needwood Forest, and ten villages and hamlets, constituting five townships, as will be seen in the following enumeration, which shews the population and territorial extent of each.

Townships	*Pop.*	*Acres*	*Townships*	*Pop.*	*Acres*
Hanbury *	154	2035	Megton. Woodlands	393	2407
Hanbury Wood-end	291	247	Draycott*	288	
Faulde	45	760	Moreton		1830
Coton	56	586	Stubby Lane	173	
Newborough	757	2745			
Marchinton	491	2402	*Parish Total*	2648	13,016

* *Hanbury township* includes Hanbury, Wood-end, Faulde, and Coton; *Draycott* includes Moreton and Stubby Lane. (For annual value, &c. vide p. 294.)

Of the 13,016 acres of land in this parish, 3,372 acres consist of *allotments* on *Needwood Forest*, as will be seen in the description of that now enclosed and fertile tract, at a subsequent page. These allotments to the five townships, include 1103 acres, awarded to the King, as *Duke of Lancaster;* 212 acres in lieu of the *rectorial tithes*, and 93 acres in lieu of the *vicarial tithes* of the forest lands within the parish; but the old enclosures are still subject to both. Earl Talbot is lord of Agardsley and Marchington MANORS, and has a *paramount* jurisdiction over the whole parish, in which there are several MESNE LORDS, viz. John Smith, Esq. of *Hanbury;* Ralph Adderley, Esq. of *Coton;* John Brown, Esq. of *Faulde;* Lord Vernon, of *Draycott;* Robert Blurton, Esq. of *Marchington Woodlands*; and T. K. Hall, Esq. of *Newborough*. But there are in the parish a number of smaller freeholders, and some copyholders.

HANBURY, the capital of this extensive, but thinly populated parish, is a place of great antiquity. In the year 680, the Saxon princess, St. Werburgh, became Abbess of a *Nunnery* founded here by her brother Ethelred, King of Mercia. She was buried in this convent; but in 876 her bones were removed to Chester, where an elegant shrine was erected to her memory. No vestige of the nunnery is now visible; but it is supposed to have stood near the east end of the present church, where many human bones have been dug up in a garden and gravel pit. The *manor house*, now occupied by Miss Smith, commands an extensive prospect, and was anciently the seat of the Hanbury family. The CHURCH, dedicated to St. Werburgh, was founded long before the Norman Conquest, and was anciently a rectory attached to the nunnery. It stands on the edge of a steep declivity, and was repewed, and the north aisle rebuilt, in 1824; towards which two grants were obtained from the revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster, and the society for

building new churches. The living is a vicarage, in the patronage of the Bishop of Lichfield; and is now enjoyed by his son, the Hon. and Rev. Frederick Dudley Ryder, A.M.—The old vicarage-house was taken down in 1793, by the late incumbent, the Rev. Hugh Bailye, who erected a new one on the opposite side of the church. John Smith, Esq. is lessee of the rectorial tithes. The parish *feast* is on the Sunday before Midsummer day. The present FREE SCHOOL in Hanbury, with a house for the master, was erected about 1815, at the cost of £400, which was raised by subscription, aided by a donation from the Diocesan School Society in Lichfield. In 1783, *Jane Browne* left £200 for the instruction of poor girls of Hanbury parish; and it was laid out in the purchase of land in Draycott, which, with an allotment made to it at the enclosure of Needwood Forest, is now let for £13. 12s. per annum. Out of money left for charitable uses by Mr. Hawkins, of Burton-upon-Trent, £200 was paid to the trustees of this school, and invested in the purchase of £354. 15s. 4d. three per cent. consols. A grant from the crown, of £400, obtained in 1825, out of the produce of timber felled in Needwood Forest, has since been invested in the same stock, for the benefit of the school, in the names of the Rev. Fdk. Anson, the Rev. Hume Spry, and Jno. Rt. Harper, Esq. as trustees; but the appointment of the master is vested with the trustees of Wakefield's Charity, in Tutbury. The master and his wife teach about 50 free scholars, (boys and girls,) of Hanbury and Draycott. The TOWN LANDS, &c. consist of a house and several detached pieces of land, in Hanbury, of copyhold tenure, containing together 11A. 1R. 18P., let for £35. 13s. per annum, which, by ancient usage, is appropriated towards the payment of the church levies, county and constable rates, the repairing of roads, bridges, culverts, fences, and town pump, and similar public purposes, in the township of Hanbury, under the direction of five trustees. The POORS' LAND consists of the Millfield, 2A. 2R., taken in exchange, at the enclosure, for 11 selions or leys, purchased with £15; Bostake's close, 1A. 11P. purchased with £20, left by John Turner; and an allotment of 2A. 2R. 11P. made on the enclosure of Needwood, in respect of the above. They are let for £13. 6s. per annum; which is distributed, half-yearly, (on Good Friday and St. Thomas's day,) by the tenant of the Millfield. The other BENEFACTIONS to the poor of Hanbury are—10s. yearly, out of the Four-lands, left by George Timbrill, in 1703; an annual rent charge of £6 to Hanbury and Draycott, out of a large estate belonging to —— Villiers, Esq., left by John Villiers, in 1719; 12s. yearly, in bread, to poor widows of Hanbury and Woodend, out of a house at the latter place, left by Joan Henley, in 1755; 30s. yearly to Hanbury, out of an estate at Alvaston, left by Mrs. Woolock, to be divided as follows, viz., 10s. to the minister, for a sermon on New Year's day; 10s. to

the parish clerk, for keeping clean the monuments of the Woolocks in the church, and 10s. to the poor:—and 6s. 8d. yearly, out of Lord Vernon's estate at Draycott, to the poor of that township.

HANBURY-WOODEND is a hamlet of scattered houses, at the eastern extremity of Hanbury.

COTON, one mile N.W. of Hanbury, is a small village generally called *Coton-under-Needwood*, to distinguish it from other places of the same name. Ralph Adderley, Esq. the lord of the manor, resides in the *hall*, a neat rural mansion erected in 1790.

FAULDE or *Felde* hamlet, is seated on a romantic terrace in Dove dale, one mile N.E. of Hanbury, where great quantities of white and variegated *alabaster* are got at a considerable depth below the surface, for the use of china, earthenware, and Derbyshire spar manufacturers, who use it for making moulds, &c. Some of the farmers have cheese presses made of this heavy and beautiful stone. The ancient *hall* is occupied by John Browne, Esq. the lord of the manor.

DRAYCOTT, or *Draycott-under-Needwood*, is a scattered village on the Lichfield and Sudbury road, one mile W. by N. of Hanbury. The manor was included in the Conqueror's gift to Henry de Ferrers, and has for many ages been possessed by the noble family of Vernon. In a meadow beyond Draycott mill, are the ruins of an ancient mansion surrounded by a moat. The hamlets of MORETON and STUBBY LANE are about one mile N.W. of Draycott.

MARCHINGTON is a village, township, and chapelry, situated on the south bank of the Dove, at the most northern point of the Offlow Hundred, 4 miles E.S.E. of Uttoxeter. The *manor* was part of the demesne lands appertaining to the honour of Tutbury, and given by the Conqueror to Henry de Ferrers. Earl Talbot is the present lord, and holds a court leet and baron in October. The *copyhold land* is held on a heavy tenure, being subject to fines amounting to one and a half year's rent, with the best beast or stack as a heriot on the death of every tenant. The *chapel* stands below the village, and is a curacy worth about £100 a year. The vicar of Hanbury is the patron, and the Rev. Hugh Bennett, M.A. the incumbent. Lord Bagot has a large estate here, and in the chapelry is the manor of *Hounhill*, containing 500 acres, belonging to Lord Vernon.—The FREE SCHOOL was endowed in 1784, by *Fras. Wheeldon*, with a yearly rent charge of £10 out of a farm in Stubby Lane, for the education of 14 poor children. For 16 other free scholars the master has the interest of £120, obtained by the sale of timber on "Twenty Acres" and Lovecoat close, subsequently mentioned; and also the benefit of a yearly subscription, which swells his salary to £20. The present school-house was built in 1816, by subscription, at the cost of £400. The present



Thomas Smith. Newborough *feast* is on the nearest Sunday to All Saints' Day.

THORNEY LANE is an ancient hamlet, one mile N.W. of Newborough; and about 1¼ mile S. of the latter is HOAR CROSS, a hamlet partly in Hamstall Ridware parish.

HANBURY (TOWNSHIP.)

Those marked 1 *reside at Coton,* 2 *Faulde,* 3 *Hanbury,* 4 *Woodend, and* 5 *Far Woodend.*

Bott John, Esq. Coton hall
Brown John, Esq. Faulde hall, and Castle Hay park
5 Alsop Lot, cattle dealer
4 Archer Isaac & Thos. joiners
1 Archer Thomas, joiner
5 Bagnall Joseph, shopkeeper
3 Bannister Ann, vict. Fighting Cocks
3 Bannister Aaron, tailor and parish clerk
5 Bladon John, schoolmaster
4 Brown Benjamin, weaver
3 Corbett George, schoolmaster
5 Harrison Thomas, beer house
3 Hollis John, cooper
5 Marlow John, wheelwright
3 Mould Mary, beer house
2 Orme Hannah, alabaster dlr.
5 Orme Thomas, brickmaker
4 Pountain Jph. asst. overseer
3 Smith Miss Elizabeth, (*Hall*)
3 Wakelin Mary, shopkeeper
3 Watson John, blacksmith
3 Woolley John, grocer & draper

Farmers.	
1 Archer Henry	2 Leedam Stpn.
1 Archer Thos.	2 Lees Jeremiah Slater
4 Bakewell W.	4 Phillips John
4 Blurton Edw.	4 Pounton Jno.
4 Bowen Thos.	5 Richardson C.
1 Bullock Jas.	4 Riley John
3 Coates Thos.	5 Shaw John
2 Corbett Jph.	1 Smith Joseph
5 Cotton Ann	5 Stanley Ann
5 Cotton Hanh.	4 Swindell My
3 Deaville My.	5 Udale Saml.
3 Hollis Thomas	3 Wakelin My.
4 Hollis Wm.	5 Wallis John

DRAYCOTT (TOWNSHIP.)

Those marked 1 *reside at Draycott,* 2 *Greaves,* 3 *Moreton,* 4 *Piper Lane,* 5 *Stubby Lane,* 6 *Wood-Edge, and* 7 *Woodgate.*

1 Allen George, wheelwright
1 Babb Richard, beer house
1 Bakewell and Taylor, corn millers
7 Banister William, tailor
5 Clews William, joiner
5 Dooley Thomas, shoemaker
1 Ford James, vict. White Hart, and farrier
1 Ford Mr. Thomas
5 Hardy John, yeoman
7 Harrison Mr. James
4 Lane William, shoemaker
7 Lathbury William, tailor
7 Pendleton Mr. John
1 Sowter John, plumber & glazier
4 Stubbs Geo. baker & shopkpr.
1 Taylor Edw. corn miller
1 Thorley Thomas, shoemaker
5 Upton Eliz. shopkeeper
5 Ward Thomas, shopkeeper and beerhouse
5 Woolley Joseph, joiner
5 Woolley Thomas, shopkeeper

*Farmers. Marked * are yeomen.*	
1 Adams Thos.	3 Foster John
1 Allen John	1 Gibson Chas.
1 Allen Joseph	3 Hollis Walter
4 Allen Thomas	7 * Moore Rd.
2 Archer Wm.	6 Pool Andrew
5 Cope Wm.	1 Stockley Ed.
5 Deaville John	4 Thorley Jph.
5 * DenstoneW.	2 Upton Wm.
4 FernyhoughE.	1 Walker John
7 Fernyhough Mary	1 Warrington Benjamin
3 Ford Thomas	6 Watson Wm.
	1 Williams W.
	5 * Wood John
	1 Wooley Rt.

MARCHINGTON.

Those marked 1 *reside at Birch Cross, and* 2 *on the Forest.*

Ash John, corn miller
Bagshaw Samuel, wheelwright
Bennett Rev. Hugh, M.A. curate
Blore William, sen. wheelwright
Blore William, vict. Royal Oak
Calvert John, Esq. *Hounhill*
Charles Isaac, schoolmaster
Clews Jph. nursery & seedsman
Clews John, tailor
2 Douce John, blacksmith



1 Hall William, beer house
Harris William, gent.
1 Hudson Edward, brickmaker
Hulme John, butcher & shopkr
Lathbury Thos. joiner, Lenbrook
1 Myatt Solomon, blacksmith
Owen John, Esq. *Field house*
Rogers Mr. Thomas
Scarratt Joseph, tailor
Shaw Reuben, vict. Bull
2 Wakefield John, joiner
Watts Joseph, blacksmith
Wilson Gamaliel, shoemaker

Farmers.
Bladon Thomas
Burton Cath.
Capewell Eliz.
Chawner Pris.
Deaville Luke
Deaville Wm.
Hall William
2 Hunt William
2 Lawley John
2 Lloyd Wm.
1 Moore Thos.
Moxon James
Myatt William
Slater William
Stanley James
Sumner Wm.
Wenlock Edw.
Wilkins James
Wilson Thomas

Carrier.

Reuben Shaw, to Burton, Thu.; Derby, Fri. and Uttoxeter, Wed.

MARCHINGTON WOODLANDS.

Those marked 1 *reside at Bank House*, 2 *Brook Houses*, 3 *Forest Side*, 4 *Gorsty Hill*, 5 *Hawks Hill*, 6 *Hill Top*, 7 *Knipersley*, 8 *Newfieldgreen*, 9 *Oversale*, 10 *Seven Stars*, 11 *Smithy Hill, and* 12 *Stock Lane*.

Blurton Robert, Esq. *Smallwood*
2 Clewley Michael, gent.
Edwards —— corn miller
2 Heath, George, shoemaker
2 Heath Edward, wheelwright
12 Hodgkinson John, tailor
2 Taft Thos. vict. Farmers' Arms

Farmers.
Marked * *are yeomen.*
12 Charlesworth Anth.
3 Charlesworth Thomas
10 * Deaville J.
3 Deaville W.
1 Foster Geo.
4 Foster Thos.
12 Frost Sarah
2 Garland Wm.
1 * Gerrard Ts.
4 Sumner Ts.
2 Taylor Wm.
5 Upton Wm.
11 Ward John
2 Wardle Samp.
3 Hall Edward
12 * Hall Ann
2 Hall William
5 Harper Wm.
10 * Hickling B.
3 * Hollingsworth John
3 Hollingsworth John, jun.
3 Littlewood R.
4 Minors Rd.
7 * Minors W.
* Phillips Ed.
9 Roobottom J.
6 Weeldon Ts.
3 Witterance Dinah
2 Wood John

NEWBOROUGH.

Marked 1 *reside at Brick Kiln Houses*, 2 *Hoar Cross*, 3 *Newbro'*, 4 *Thorney Lane*, & 5 *Agardsley Park*.

3 Abberley John, gent.
3 Abberley Joseph, gent.
Baker James, linen manfr.
Clarke Charlotte Matilda, ladies' school
2 Cotton John, vict. & wheelght.
3 Ginders Rt. Myatt, gent.
3 Gould William, wheelwright
3 Griffith Wm. shoemkr. & shopr.
Hall Thomas Kirkpatrick, Esq. *Holly bush*
3 Hall William, blacksmith
Lloyd James, tailor & grocer
3 Loverock William, butcher
4 Rawlings Daniel, corn miller
Ryley Charles, Esq. *Mout hall*
Robinson John, shopr. & beer hs
3 Sherratt Thomas, shoemaker
Sherwin Jas. shopr. & beer hs.
3 Soars Benj. vict. Red Lion
3 Storton John, saddler
3 Swindall Thos. cattle dealer
3 Townsend Hy. wheelwright
3 Turton George, gardener
Wakelin John, schoolmaster
3 Whyman John, vict. & painter, White Hart
3 Wilson George, blacksmith
Woodings Fras. linen manfr.
Woolley Hannah, free school

Farmers.
Marked * *are yeomen.*
3 Cotton Thos.
* 1 Dunn Benj.
3 Hawksworth Thomas
Hollingsworth William
2 IronmongerE
5 Littlewood T.
3 Loverock J.
4 Mellor Edw.
4 Potts John
4 Rawlings Fs.
3 * Swindall Jph.
3 Townsend W.
1 Wood Cath.

Carrier.

John Robinson & John Eastoe, Lichfield, Fri.

HANDSWORTH PARISH comprises the two extensive townships of *Handsworth* and *Perry Barr*, which, since the year 1801, have encreased their population from 2719 to 4944 souls, of whom upwards of 4000 are in HANDSWORTH, which includes SOHO, and forms a large and handsome north-west suburb of Birmingham, being bounded on the south and east by Warwickshire, and extending about three miles on the Walsall and Wednesbury roads, including many large assemblages of houses, several manufactories, and a considerable number of neat villas, mostly occupied by merchants, &c. engaged in the trade and commerce of Birmingham. The Earl of Dartmouth is lord of the manor of Handsworth; and the other principal proprietors of the soil, are Matthew Robinson Boulton, Esq., of *Soho House;* and — Birch, Esq.,* owner of *Hamstead*, an ancient seat of the Wyrleys, but now occupied by Edward Lewis, gentleman. Here are also a number of small freeholders. The grand objects of attraction in Handsworth are the SOHO WORKS, one and a-half mile N. W. of Birmingham. These works, belonging to Messrs. Boulton, Watt, and Company, form one of the largest and most important manufactories in Europe; and are situated at the foot of a considerable eminence, (on a piece of ground formerly a marsh, but now converted into fertile soil,) and consist of four squares with connecting ranges, or rather streets of warehouses and shops, sufficiently extensive for the accommodation of a thousand workmen. To the south are a number of agreeable gardens, which give an air of uncommon cheerfulness to this splendid seat of art and industry; and afford ample proof of the taste and skill of the original projector. At the commencement of this great manufactory, its productions were only such as were usually made by the artists in this populous part of the country, viz., buttons, buckles, watch chains, trinkets, medals, and articles of a similar description. In a short time, however, the manufacture of *silver plated wares* on a large scale was likewise introduced; and when these substantial and useful branches had been fully established, the proprietors began to bring forward works of elegance and grandeur, in *stone bronze* and *Or-moulu*. These consisted of all kinds of vases, candelabra, clock cases, watch stands, ice pails, and many other articles equally valuable. No sooner was this novel manufacture fairly begun, than it received the sanction and encouragement of his Majesty and of the principal nobility; while on the other hand no exertion or ingenuity was wanting to render it deserving of such distinguished patronage. Thus sup-

* *Judge Birch* was an ancestor of the family formerly resident in the old mansion of Hamstead, which was taken down after the erection of the present house on HAMSTEAD HILL, which commands a rich prospect of the vale of Tame, and the Aston and Sandwell estates in Warwickshire, from which Handsworth is separated by the Hockley brook. The late *Mr. Eggington*, who brought the art of glass staining to great perfection, resided near Soho.



ported, the proprietors were soon enabled to bring their productions to the highest state of perfection, so that not only was the importation of such articles from France materially reduced, but a new and valuable branch of commerce was thereby created to many of the most polite cities in Europe. Some foreigners were even pleased to confer upon them distinguished marks of approbation and munificence. The brilliant success of this last manufacture, afterwards induced the proprietors to embark in another of no less novelty, and of much greater importance. This was the manufacturing of *wrought plate*, to facilitate which, they at length succeeded in obtaining the establishment of an *Assay Office* in Birmingham, for regulating the purity of the metal. Since the completion of this object, silver and silver-plated wares have been among the principal productions of this immense establishment, in which there is a *coining* and *rolling mill*, erected in 1788, with eight machines, each capable of striking from 70 to 80 pieces of money per minute, of the size of a guinea; and at the same blow which strikes the two faces, the edge of the piece is also struck, either plain or with an inscription; and thus every piece becomes perfectly round, and of equal diameter. Large quantities of medals and foreign coins have been struck here, as also were the oldest English copper coins now in general circulation. Soho is likewise famed for the manufacture of a great variety of iron and steel articles, copying machines, and steam engines, and to the latter it owes much of its present importance; for here it was, that *James Watt*, an ingenious Glasgow mechanic, after inventing his rotative steam engine, in 1775, was induced to become a partner with Mr. Boulton, and, after obtaining a patent, they commenced the manufacture of that powerful machine, which has tended so materially to facilitate and encrease the manufactures of this kingdom. A son of the late Mr. Watt is now a partner in the firm.

Handsworth CHURCH stands on the Walsall road, about two miles N.N.W. of Birmingham, near the rectory and a few other neat dwellings. It is an ancient structure, dedicated to St. Mary, but was partly rebuilt and enlarged in 1820, under the powers of two Acts of Parliament, passed in the 58th and 59th of George III. The tower contains a good clock and six bells. The rectory is valued in the King's books at £13. 9s. 2d. Sir Robert Peel, Bart. is the patron, and the Rev. Thomas Lane Freer, M.A. is the rector; assisted by two curates. The other place of worship in Handsworth is the *Union chapel*, a neat edifice belonging to the *Independents*, and erected in 1788, but enlarged with galleries in 1818, so that it will now seat 500 hearers, besides 150 Sunday scholars. A burial ground was attached to it in 1833. The present minister is the Rev. John *Hammond*. The parish of Handsworth enjoys the benefit of a *large National* school, a valuable trust estate, and several benefactions for the use of the poor.

BRIDGE TRUST.—There are eight bridges in parish, of which five are carriage bridges and three foot br s. All of them are repaired wholly or partly out of the re of several parcels of land and buildings, which are now le £131 per annum, and have from time immemorial been ve ued with trustees for the reparation of the said bridges, and th surplus to be employed in "some good and charitable uses." The sums required for the repairs of these bridges have during the last 30 years been so small, that trustees have at various periods been in possession of larg accumulations of income, out of which they expended £80 1813, in the erection of a NATIONAL SCHOOL; and in l advanced £500 on mortgage of the church rates, towards ... expenses incurred in enlarging and repairing the church. Two large bridges which used to be repaired by this trust, were transferred to the county about the year 1802. The National school is supported by subscription, and a weekly payment of one penny by each scholar. There are now in the school 180 boys and 80 girls; the latter are clothed once a year from the school funds, and the former once in two years.

The *Benefactions to the poor* amount to the following yearly sums:—£8 from a garden of four acres, left in 1579, by *Thos. Bromwich*, to be given in three equal portions, to the poor of Handsworth, Perry Barr, and Great Barr; 40s. out of a close at West Bromwich, left by *Thos. Hodgett*, in 1625; 20s. out of Gold's grounds, in West Bromwich, left by *Geo. Birch*, in 1663; £10. 17s. from 7A. 1R. 8P., called the *Poor's Lands*, one third belonging to Perry Barr and the rest to Handsworth; 42s. from land purchased by the overseers, at the enclosure, in 1794; 42s. for the rector, 76s. for the poor of Handsworth, and 38s. for those of Perry Barr, from building land at Sand pit terrace, Birmingham, given in 1806, by *Joseph Grice, Esq.*; 42s. for the singers, and 40s. for the poor, from an acre of land at Far Bird's Hill, purchased in 1819, with the bequests of *Dorothy Huxley* and *Joseph Stubbs;* 20s. out of Undrell's tenement, left by an unknown donor; 6s. 8d. out of a cottage in Oldbury, left by *Wm. Cowper;* and £5 from *Sir Wm. Worwood's charity*, (see West Bromwich.) The doles belonging to the Handsworth poor are mostly distributed on St. Thomas's day and Good Friday, as are also those belonging to the poor of Perry Barr, who likewise receive 25s. yearly from the bridge trustees, as the bequest of *Humphrey* and *Thos. Gibbons*, in 1680. Several other charities are lost.

PERRY BARR is a large township, containing the small village of PERRY BRIDGE, 3 miles N. by W. of Birmingham, a number of scattered houses, extending northward to on Park, and Great Barr, within 3 miles of Walsall.—
ry Hall, on the *north* bank of the Tame, one mile W. of
y Bridge, is the pleasant seat of John Gough, Esq. the



principal owner of the soil and lord of the manor, which was purchased in 1669, by *Sir Henry Gough, Knt.* Of this ancient and distinguished family, a biographical sketch is already inserted at page 171. The elegant CHURCH, or chapel of ease, dedicated to St. John, was consecrated in August, 1833, and was erected by John Gough, Esq. at the cost of about £5000.—It is in the pure Gothic style, the exterior displaying much of the florid character, forming a fine contrast with the chaste and simple style of the interior. The east end is enriched by a beautiful stained glass window, representing St. Peter, St. Paul, and St. John. The church has 670 sittings, of which 170 are free. Mr. Gough, the liberal founder, also endowed it with £3000 for the support of the minister, and £220 as a provision for the reparation of the edifice. He likewise supports a *Free school*, near the church, for educating and clothing 40 poor children. Upon *Sutton Coldfield Moor*, on the north-eastern side of this township, Mr. Gough has a game preserve of 400 acres. OSCOTT COLLEGE, near Perry Bridge, is a large Roman Catholic academy, under the presidency of Dr. Weedall.

HANDSWORTH DIRECTORY.

POST-OFFICE, at Mr. John Sanders, grocer, Soho street.—Letters from all parts are received by the Birmingham post, at half-past 8 in the morning, and despatched at 5 in the afternoon.

In the following Directory, those marked 1 *reside at Aston Villa,* 2 *Birchfield,* 3 *Brunswick Row,* 4 *Churchfield Lane,* 5 *Clarence Place,* 6 *Coal Bank,* 7 *Deadmore Lane,* 8 *Grove Lane,* 9 *Hamstead Row,* 10 *Hamstead Row West,* 11 *Heathfield Place,* 12 *Heathfield Road,* 13 *Heathfield Terrace,* 14 *Hunter's Lane,* 15 *Lozells Lane,* 16 *Moneybank Hill,* 17 *Salop Row,* 18 *Soho Hill,* 19 *Soho Street,* 20 *Spring Row,* 21 *Three Mile Oak,* 22 *Union Row,* 23 *Villa Lane,* 24 *Villa Road,* 25 *on the Three Mile Oak Road,* 26 *near the Church, and* 27 *at Handsworth Place.*

Adams Joseph Philip, merchant; h. Woodlands
4 Adkins Thomas, soap mfr.
12 Allen Mr. Charles
Allen John, brick mkr. Pool fids.
9 Allen Mr. Thomas
27 Amphlett Mr. Richard
10 Barrel Mrs. Elizabeth
9 Barrows Wm. merchant
18 Bates Richard, factor
12 Batkin Wm. gent.
9 Bill Mrs. Sarah
12 Blocksidge Jesse, gilt toy mfr.
15 Blood Richard, factor
Bodington Mrs. Mary, Leyhall
10 Bosworth Mrs. Sarah
18 Botteley Thomas, plater
Boulton Matthew Robinson, Esq. *Soho house*
Boulton M. & Plate Co. mfrs. of silver & plated goods, medals, coins, &c. Soho
Boulton M. R. mint and metal rolling mill, Soho
Boulton, Watt, & Co. steam engine mfrs. Soho
5 Bowly Edw. portrait painter
2 Bragg George, wine merchant
Bratt Mrs. Cath. Grove house
7 Brown Mr. Thomas Crockett
12 Buckley Capt.
12 Butler Mr. Joseph
Chamberlain Wm. Barker, silversmith; h. Fir cottage
Chance R. L. glass manufacturer; h. New Inn hall
22 Chillingworth Chas. collect. of taxes & poor rates, & vestry clk.

18 Clarke James, timber mercht.
Clarke Mrs. Brown's green
25 Cooke Miss Sarah
19 Corne James, hair dresser
Corrie Rev. John (Unitarian) Woodville house
18 Cotterell Mr. Peter
11 Cox Edward, gilder
14 Cracklow Henry, brewer
14 Creed Joseph, silversmith
19 Crickett Joseph, wheelwright
4 Crutchley Samuel, gent.
Dawes Samuel, gent. Leveretts
Dawson Rt.land agt.Sandwell cot.
Dewy Capt. Henry Fryer, Moorfield house
14 Docker Robert, wine agent
19 Dodd George, ironmonger
Dunderdale Mrs. Han. Oaklands
12 Edge Mr. John
26 Edge Mr. Thos. Church hill hs.
15 Evans Mr. Benjamin
18 Evett Miss Mary
Fletcher Mrs. Ann, Hunt's green
15 Freeman Mr. Samuel
26 Freer Rev. Thos. Lane, M.A. rector
26 Freer Rev. Richd. Lane, M.A. curate
9 Garland Lawrence, scale beam maker
Gibson James, M.D. Heathfield
9 Gill Benjamin, factor
10 Goer Thomas, agent
14 Gotwaltz Mr. Wm. George
12 Green Miss Betsy
Green David, iron founder; h. New road
11 Green Wm. brass founder
Grice Jph. gent. Handsworth hall
12 Groutage Saml. glass stainer
Hadley Mr. Wm. sen. Woodville cottage
24 Hale Mr. Thomas
22 Hammond Rev. John (Ind.)
19 Harding Thos. Brassington, saddler
14 Hardman John, button mfr.; h. Woodland house
9 Hardman Mr. John
18 Harris Mrs. Mary
9 Harris Mr. John
9 Harwood Mrs. Ann
15 Harwood Jas. coal merchant
14 Hasluck Richard, merchant
24 Hateley Mrs. Eleanor
19 *Hawkes Miss*
14 Heig[illegible]homas, agent
2 Hicks Mrs. Ann
11 Hill Mr. Stephen
10 Hill Thos. painter, plumber, &c.
19 Hill Wm. John, coach maker
Hooper Mr. George, Woodlands
12 Horsley H. H. H. gent.
Horton Joshua, boiler manufacturer; h. Hoyland house
17 Horton Thomas, augur, gimblet, and bit maker
2 Houghton Wm. draper
Humphreys Miss Susanna, Aston villa cottage
Hunt Samuel, iron master; h. Rookery
27 Jackson Mrs. Sarah
18 Jackson John, button mfr.
9 Jagger Mrs. Lydia
11 Jagger Joseph, bankers' clerk
14 Jones Mr. Joseph
18 Jordison Thomas, traveller
19 Kidgell Wm. stove grate, ornament, & fender mfr. Handsworth cottage
12 Lane Thomas, japanner
9 Lee Mr. John F.
18 Lee Mr. Wm. B.
18 Lewis Mrs. Elizabeth
Lewis Edw. gent. Hamstead hill
18 Lightfoot Miss A.
9 Lowe Benjamin, merchant
18 Lowe John, gent.
9 Lowe Wm. jun. glass mfr.
13 Luckcock Mr. Joseph
Mason Jas. mert.; h. Thorn hill
13 Meadows John, grocer
10 Mills Mr. Daniel
16 Murdock John, gent.
Murdock & Toney, manufacturers of steel goods, Soho
Murdock Mrs. Sarah, near Coal bank
11 Nelson Mrs. Charlotte
9 Nelson Edward, engraver
Nichols Geo. Esq. Fryery
18 Orr Mrs. Mary Ann
Osborn Wm. Henry, wine merchant, Bird's cottage
11 Osborne Charles, gun maker
19 Parker Edw. writing master
Peake Wm. land agt. Bird's villa
1 Perry Chas. collector of rates
Phillips Mr. Geo. Oak cottage
2 Phillips Edwin, gilt toy mfr.
2 Pinks Mr. Wm.

14 Rabone Thos. thermometer, rule, &c. manufacturer
[illegible] Remmett Mr. Thomas
[illegible]ennard Mr. John
[illegible]odes Thos. gent. Waver hill
[illegible] Richards Rev. John (Ind.)
18 Richards John, attorney
8 Richardson John, gent.
18 Righton Richard, clerk, (Bank of England)
17 Riley Mr. John
18 Robinson Mr. John
14 Roe Mr. Richard
18 Rogers Edward, gent.
17 Saunders Richard, traveller
19 Sherriff Mr. George
19 Sheward Thomas, druggist
10 Short Mrs.
18 Simms Capt. Wm. R.N.
Smallwood Edward, draper; h. Yew tree cottage
3 Smallwood Thomas, corn, hay, &c. dealer
14 Smith James, traveller
13 Smith Mr. Joseph
17 Smith Wm. plumber & painter
18 Smith Wm. traveller
9 Soulter Mr. Wm.
Southall Mr. Bay tree cottage
18 Stretton Thomas, car owner
10 Such Miss
4 Swinson George, gent.
17 Taylor Thomas, modeller
7 Toney Mrs.
24 Toney Wm. steel worker
12 Trow Mr.
Waddams Mrs. Isabella, Limes
9 Walker Mrs. Mary
Walton Joseph, gent. Oakfield ho.
12 Walton Rev. Danl. Nathaniel, curate
1 Watt James & Co. copying machine manufacturers, Soho
Wheatley Mrs. Oak hill
Wheatley Miss Eliz. Austins
13 Whitehouse Richard, engraver
Willetts Mr. Thos. Rose hill
Willmore Ann, metal roller, Old ford
15 Winterton Mr. Thomas
10 Woodward Mrs.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

6 Blue Ball, Samuel Dalton
23 Bull's Head, Wm. Jones
2 Crown & Cushion, Sarah Ryley
6 Frighted Horse, Chas. Partridge
26 Lamp Tavern, Robert Beeson
25 New Inn, John Crockett
25 Queen's Head, Richd. Hooper
19 Red Lion, Wm. Smith
6 Waggon and Horses, Alexander Greaves

Academies.
*Marked * are Brdng.*
* Aston Ts. *Rose hill*
18 Bewlay Sarah
* 9 Bibby Mrs. & Miss
9 Cooke Wm.
5 Hardman Ann
* 22 Hutton Eliza
9 Mason Charlotte
19 Molineux Eliz.
* MooreEliza, White house
26 *National*, William Price & Elizabeth Stevenson
* 1 Perry Eliz.
* 18 Roberts Harriet

Bakers, &c.
23 Sheyler Thomas
19 Weir David

Beer Houses.
19 Brown Wm. C.
2 Bush John
[illegible]4 Gill Joseph
[illegible]okes Samuel
20 Morley Wm.
18 Rooker Thomas
21 Rowe Thomas
19 Williams Thos.
19 Worley Thomas

Blacksmiths.
2 Bush John, (and wheelwgt.)
21 Harris John
19 Hastie Robt. (and farrier)
19 Such John
27 Wilden Wm.

Boot & Shoe Makers.
23 Allport John
2 Banks Isaac
23 Burton Benj.
15 Glover Charles
9 Jukes Samuel
20 Pearsall Wm.
18 Simcox George
3 Smallman Wm.
19 Stokes Benj.
2 Williams Edward

Bricklayers.
23 Barker Wm.
3 Capewell Ben.
6 Scoffom Wm.

Butchers.
19 Andrews Henry
19 Brown Wm. C.
23 Emuss Thomas
6 Wilkins Thos. (& tallow chandler)
9 Wright Robert

Corn Millers.
Reed J. Oldford
Swain James, Hamstead mill

Farmers.
2 Aucott Thos.
2 Beeson John
Beeson Ths. Hill top
16 Corbett Wm.
Farmer Richd. Manwoods
7 Harrold Thomas
Heathcott John, Cherry hall

8 Smith William
Villers James, Hawthorn tree
Wadhams Margaret, Hill farm
Williams Walter, Oxhill

Gardeners, &c.

7 Bayley George
2 Jackson Henry
21 Pope John & Sons, (nursery, seedsmen, & flourists, Handsworth nursery)
2 Twist Joseph

Grocers, &c.

18 Adams James
19 Banister, Wm.
14 Birmingham Tea Co.; Thos. Cracknell, agent
9 Crane Wm. (and haberdasher)
19 Economical Union; Thos. Brown, agent
19 Huband Joseph
19 Sanders John
14 Thomason John

Joiners, &c.

27 Barnsley Thomas
19 Hill Saml. (cabt. maker)
19 Hold George
Hughes Edw. Summer row
2 Smith Thomas
6 Steel Thomas
18 Wilson Jas. (and stone mason)

Linen Drapers.

14 Jones Mary Ann
19 Payne John

Maltsters.

25 Green John
19 Smith Wm.
Wadams Jno. Wellhead hs.
2 Walker Thos.
6 Wilkins George

Milliners, &c.

* are *Straw Hat mkrs.*

23 * Allerton Thos.
19 Ashford M. & L.
19 * Mears Jane
17 Williams Mary

Surgeons.

22 Hammond Wm.
19 Perks George
18 Welch Wm.

Tailors.

18 Adams James
19 Hobley John
19 Jones Wm.
20 Morley Wm.
23 Owen Wm.
19 Russell Thomas
19 Wilkinson Wm.

PERRY BARR.

Marked 1 *reside at Hamstead*, 2 *Oscott*, 3 *Paper Mill End*, 4 *Perry Bridge*, 5 *Tower Hill, and* 6 *at Warren House.*

3 Allen Wm, miller, Perry brdg.
4 Batte Mary, cowkeeper
Bayley Geo. gent. Hems cottage
Benson Wm. gent. King's vale
4 Birkenhead Clara, day school
4 Cooper Mary, vict. Gough's Arms
Craggs Robt. vict. Scott's Arms
Elwell Saml. corn miller, Perry mill
3 Gallimore, Mr. Charles
Gough John, Esq. *Perry hall*
Hall Thomas Esq. Broom hill
2 Lander Mrs. Ann
1 Matthewson Wm. gardener
Mist James, gardener
Moilliet Jno. Lewis, Esq. banker, Hamstead hall
Moore John, gardener, Parkwall
Newton Thos. vict. Royal Oak, Sutton Coldfield
2 Scott Sarah, day school
5 Smallwood John, maltster
4 Stokes Edw. paper and pasteboard mfr.
1 Stubbs John, solicitor
4 Turner John, blacksmith
4 Turner Joseph, blacksmith
1 Underhill Mrs. ——
Weadall Dr. president, Oscott college
Wright Benj. Yew Tree cottage

FARMERS.

3 Allen Wm.
Attwood Jph.
Clark John
Cooper William, Queslet
Davenall Wm.
Fellows John
Lines Thomas
2 Proud Geo.
5 Shelton Wm.
Smith William, Spout house
6 Stanley Ann
6 Stanley Wm.
Todd Jph. *Gorse*
2 Woodall Jno.
Wren Chpr.

HARBORNE is a small, irregularly built village, 4 miles S.W. of Birmingham. Its parish, which contains about 2000 acres and 4227 inhabitants, (see p. 294,) is divided into the two hamlets of *Harborne* and *Smethwick*, which maintain their poor conjointly, and have each a parochial officer called the bailiff. It has a fertile soil, and occupies that southern tongue

of the Offlow Hundred which is nearly encompassed by Warwickshire, Worcestershire, and a detached part of Salop. Harborne forms the southern division of the parish, and belongs mostly to the Rev. T. G. Simcox and Mr. T. Price, the former of whom is lord of the manor. The *Church*, dedicated to St. Peter, stands nearly half a mile from the village, but has near it several genteel residences. It was repaired and enlarged in 1827, and has now 1500 sittings, of which 260 are free. The living is a vicarage, in the gift of the Dean and Chapter of Lichfield, and incumbency of the Rev. James Thomas Law, M.A., who is also Chancellor of the Diocese, and master of St. John's Hospital, Lichfield, where he generally resides. His curates here are the Revs. E. G. and T. G. Simcox. The *Independents* have a small chapel in the village. Plott says, "*James Sands*, of Harborne, died Dec. 6, 1588, aged 140, having outlived five leases of a farm, of 21 years each, after his marriage; his wife lived also to 120 years of age." The parish *feast* is on the Sunday before Michaelmas Day.

SMETHWICK hamlet, comprises the northern part of the parish, and nearly two-thirds of its population, having greatly increased since the Birmingham canal was cut through its northern limits. It includes a number of scattered houses and the NEW VILLAGE, 3 miles W. of Birmingham. In this hamlet, on the banks of the canal, is a large iron foundry, forming part of *Soho Works*, (vide p. 349,) also a refinery belonging to the Smethwick Brass Company; two bar, rod, and sheet iron works, and a soap and red lead manufactory. In the New Village are two dissenting chapels, occupied by the Independents and the Methodists. A little to the west is a neat CHAPEL OF EASE, erected in 1723, with £800 left by *Mrs. Dorothy Parker*, who also endowed it with 75 acres of land in Smethwick, and 33 acres in Titford and Warley Wigorn, now let for about £250 a-year, all of which is received by the minister, who pays thereout an annuity of £10 for charitable uses as named below, and retains the residue as his own salary. The living is a peculiar in the jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of Lichfield, but in the patronage of the trustees appointed by the foundress. The chapel has 260 sittings, besides benches for 60 children. The Rev. Edward Dales is the incumbent.

The *Free School* at *Harborne*, and the master's house, were rebuilt about the year 1821, at the cost of £800, of which £350 was raised by subscription, and the other was subsequently paid by the trustees. The original school and house were built many years ago by subscription, on land given by Sir Thomas Birch, upon which Henry Hinckley, in 1730, built three houses, as an endowment for the school. These houses are now let for £21 a-year, for which, and the free use of the school-house, and the dividends of £125 three per cent. consols, the master and his wife teach about 40 poor children to read, write, knit,

sew, &c.; but they pay out of this income 26s. yearly, for a weekly distribution of penny loaves to six of the poorest scholars, in consideration of £20 left by the before-named Henry Hinckley.

The *Dame's School* at *Smethwick*, has an endowment of £8. 9s. 9d. arising from £136 secured on the tolls of the Birmingham and Coventry turnpike, and bequeathed in 1723, by Dorothy Parkes, (who also provided funds for the erection of the school,) and an annuity of 33s. 9d. paid by the Birmingham Canal Company, for a piece of land taken out of the school garden. The mistress teaches from 12 to 20 poor girls.

BENEFACTIONS.—The *Parish Lands* consist of 66A. 12P., let for £143 per annum, of which Harborne receives £67. 15s., and Smethwick the remainder. These rents are distributed yearly by the bailiffs of the two divisions as follows, viz., £5 in each division for apprenticing poor children, and the remainder in relieving the indigent and infirm not receiving parochial relief, and in repairing 13 cottages occupied by paupers, of which 9 are in Harborne, and 4 in Smethwick. These lands have been vested in trust for their present use, from time immemorial; and the donors are unknown, except of 9A. and 1R., called Green's Farm, and 1¼ acre called Pighill Close, both of which were purchased with £40 left in 1576, by *Elizabeth Cooper*, alias *Piddock*. A house, with half an acre of land at *Oldbury*, bequeathed to this parish in 1685, by *William Cooper*, was occupied more than 60 years rent-free by Jeremiah Smith and James Simpson, who claimed it as their own, but a small rent is now paid for it, and distributed with the rents of the parish lands.—*William Jephcote*, in 1715, bequeathed out of his estate in Harborne, an annuity of £2. 12s., which is now distributed in four 3d. loaves every Sunday, to four poor people attending the church. The poor parishioners have also £10 a-year from the Smethwick Chapel lands, left in 1723, by *Dorothy Parkes*, to be divided yearly as follows, in equal portions between Harborne and Smethwick, viz., £5. 4s. in weekly doles of bread; 6s. in Bibles, and the remainder in six gowns for as many poor women; but the participants are to be such as have not received parochial relief during the preceding year.

HARBORNE.

Marked 1 *are at Church End*, 2 *Cross Ways, and* 3 *at Harborne Village.*

1 Attwood Thos. Esq. M. P. The Grove
3 Baker Thos. Free schoolmaster
2 Bedford Stephen, jeweller
3 Carr William, shoemaker
3 Collis Mr. John
1 Dugmore Saml. parish clerk
Firchield Charles William, gent. *Harborne house*
1 Ganderton John, shoemaker
Gray Edw. nail mfr. Green house
Greathead Mr. Fras. White cot.
3 Green Hugh, butcher
3 Green Joseph, shoemaker
3 Hamus Charles, constable
3 Harrison Mrs. Mary
1 Law Rev. Jas. Thos. M. A.
Lea William, farmer
Nevill Wm. gent. Mitchley abbey
3 Newey Jph. smith and shopkr.
3 Newey Thomas, cooper
3 Newey Saml. wheelght. & joiner

3 **Parkes Peter,** gold beater
1 **Price Theodore,** gentleman
3 **Pritchett Saml.** beerhs. & shopkr
1 **Simcox Rev.** Edw. Geo. curate and magistrate
1 **Simcox Rev.** Thos. Green, B.A. curate
1 **Stevens Benj.** collr. of poor rates
Thomason Hy. Botfield, silversmith, Greenfield house
Thorn Lieut. Col. Nathl. K. H. assistant Quarter master Genrl. of the Midland district, *Harborne lodge*
1 **Tibbatts William,** farmer

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Bell Joseph Stevens, (overseer)
3 **Duke of York,** Thos. Felton
1 **Harborne Tavern,** Jph. Stokes, (& plumber, painter, &c.)
3 **King's Arms,** John Newey
2 **King's Head,** Wm. Gray

A POST *to and from Birmingham, daily.*

SMETHWICK.

Marked 1 *reside at New Village,* 2 *Spon Lane,* 3 *near the Summit Bridge, and* 4 *at Bird Hill.*

Adkin, Nock, & Boyle, soap and red lead manufacturers
Boulton & Watt, jun. steam engine manufacturers, *Soho*
Croxall Samuel, corn miller
Dale Rev. Edwin, curate
3 **Downing Mary,** blacksmith
2 **Downing William,** maltster
Hanson Ths. gent. Smethwick hs.
Hartley John, glass manufacturer; h. Spon lane
Hayes Benjamin, locksmith
Lea William, jeweller
Loach Thomas, cooper
Mason Samuel, joiner
Parker Misses
Rabon Mr. Richard
1 **Ray Wm.** lime burner
Record Ann, Free school
Reynolds John, gentleman
3 **Robinson Thos.** common brewer
2 **Rowe John,** blacksmith
Smethwick Brass Co. mfrs. of Ingot brass; Hy. Pratt, agent
Sprigg William, gent. *Beaks*
3 **Sproston Rev. George,** curate of Oldbury
Unett John, solicitor
Vernon Joseph, tailor
Willett Henry Goodrich, gent. Lightwood house

IRON MANUFACTURERS.

Bar, Rod, Sheet, &c.

Bordesley Steel Co. French walls, Hy. Downing, acting partner
Hadley Joseph

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Bear, Rd. Sankey, (& horse dlr.)
Blue Gates, Ann Holloway
Boat, George Thompson
Chapel House, Richard Scott, (& veterinary surgeon)
1 Engine & Forge, Saml. Sheldon
Plough, Samuel, Downing, (& maltster)
Swan, Jph. Morris, (& maltster)

Beerhouses.

Boswell John
Boswell Saml.
Evans John
2 **Gallaway Eliz.**
1 **Grant Thos.**
Lewis John
1 **Pearsall Rd.**
Powell James
3 **Smith Thos.**
Smith Thos.

Shoemakers.

Bridge Edw.
1 **Hawkins Jph.**
3 **Normansell Jno**
1 **Roberts Wm.**
1 **Slim Edrien**

Butchers.

1 **Middleton Jas.**
Vernon Ralph
Ward Rd. Bearwood hill
1 **White Isaiah**

Farmers

4 **Collins Wm.**
4 **Cottrill Jno.**
3 **Downing Geo.**
Marshall Wm.

Beaks

Pope Luke
Smith George, Cross ways

Shopkeepers.

Boswell Jno.
1 **Freth John**
1 **Middleton Jas.**
Timmins Thos.

HASELOUR, 7¼ miles E. of Lichfield, is an extra-parochial manor of 570 acres, containing only five houses, thirty-six inhabitants, and a deserted *chapel*, which is a *prebend* of Lichfield Cathedral. This *manor* passed from the Staffords to the Stanleys, and by marriage to John Brook, Esq. It subsequently became the property of Joseph Girdler, sergeant-at-law, from whom it passed to two coheiresses; so that it is now in two moities, belonging to the Dowager Lady Chetwynd, and Thos.

Nevill, Esq., the latter of whom is lord of the whole manor, and resides in the *Hall*, which is a fine specimen of the old half-timbered houses, having several florid gables and transom windows. The other mansion is occupied by Wm. Darlaston, Webb, Esq. Until 1832, Haselour was claimed as a member of St. Michael's parish, Lichfield; but in that year, after a long and expensive litigation between the owners of the manor and the Churchwardens of St. Michaels, the latter suffered judgment to be filed against them in the Court of King's Bench. The feast is on the same day as that at Harlaston, a neighbouring chapelry, where the inhabitants have church room.

HINTS is a small village delightfully situated on the side of a lofty eminence, that rises on the north side of the river Bourn, five miles S. S. E. of Lichfield. Its parish contains 225 inhabitants, and about 2000 acres of land, of which 200 acres belong to Lord Wenlock, and the remainder to the lord of the manor Wm. Humberstone Cowley Floyer, Esq., who is also lessee of the great tithes under the prebendary of Hansacre. The village stands on the Roman Watling-street, and near the church is a large tumulus, supposed to be of Roman construction. In 1792, some labourers, in digging on Hints Common, found a pig of lead weighing 150lb. and bearing the following inscription in basso relievo: "IMP. VESP. VII. T. IMP. V. COS." which plainly refers to the year of Christ 76, when *Vespasian and Titus* were consuls, the first the seventh, and the other the fifth time. They were both called Emperors, from their being associated in the government of the Empire.

The *Church* is an elegant modern structure of Grecian architecture, and, from its lofty situation, it is a very picturesque object in the scenery of this romantic vale. It has several monuments of the Floyers, who have held the manor more than two centuries. The living is a perpetual curacy in the patronage and incumbency of the Rev. J. F. Muckleston, D. D., for whom the Rev. Thos. Henry White officiates.

Bayley Saml. shoemkr. & shopkr.
Fisher John, butcher
Floyer Rev. Charles
Goodwin Jas. shoemkr. & par.clk.
Hall Edward, wheelwright
Littleford Mary, corn miller and maltster
Smith Lucy, vict. Buck's head

FARMERS.

Bourne Wm. K.
Fisher Wm.
Greensill John
Hanson Thos.
Proctor John
Shaw Samuel

HOPWAS HAYE, 3 miles W.N.W. of Tamworth, is a wood of 373 acres, forming an extra-parochial eminence, with a house upon its summit, occupied by Joseph Tomlinson, the woodman. It is the sole property of the Rev. Thomas Levett; and near the skirts of the wood is the hamlet of Hopwas, which belongs to Tamworth parish. At an early period, Hopwas was given to the Bishop of Lichfield, for the purpose of supplying *stone for the reparation* of his cathedral.

LONGDON, 3½ miles N.N.W. of Lichfield, is a long straggling village on the Rugeley road, including within its parish 1147 inhabitants, 4452 acres of land, a number of small hamlets, and several gentlemen's seats, the largest of which is *Beaudesert*, on the eastern margin of Cannock Chase, the splendid residence of the *Marquis of Anglesey*,* who is lord of the manor, owner of most of the soil, and lessee of the great tithes, which belong to the *prebendary of Longdon*, in Lichfield Cathedral. From the time of the Saxons till the reign of Henry VIII., the Bishops of Lichfield held the manor of Longdon and its members in free barony, and had there a *free Court*, with *Waif*, *View of Frank-pledge*, &c. without the cognizance of the sheriff. In 1546, the bishop surrendered the manors of Longdon and Haywood, with their appurtenances, to the King, for an annuity of £183; and in the same year, his Majesiy granted them to Sir Wm. Paget, Knt. an ancestor of the Marquis of Anglesey. The PARISH CHURCH stands about half a mile N. of Longdon Green, upon a fine eminence, and is a large ancient edifice, dedicated to St. James. It was thoroughly repaired about 20 years ago, and enlarged, in 1829, by the erection of a new gallery, in which an organ was placed in 1831. The living is a vicarage, in the gift of its own prebendary, and incumbency of the Rev. Stuart Majendie, who has just considerably improved the vicarage-house. At the Green is an old *chapel*, belonging to the Independents. Plott mentions three instances of *longevity* in Longdon, viz.—Wm. May, aged 108, and his wife, Joyce, 98, who were both buried on the same day; and the "good wife, Nip," who lived to the age of 109. To these we may add Ann Agon, who died at Longdon, in Sept. 1833, aged 102 years and 3 months. There are three small *free schools* in the parish, one of which is supported by the Marchioness of Anglesey, and the other partly by subscription and several small payments from the following BENEFACTIONS:—The *Church Lands* comprise nearly 10 acres, let for £20. 15s. per annum, of which £2. 12s. 6d. belongs to the poor. The Church trustees have also eleven small houses, with gardens, which were left by a Mrs. Cotton, and are occupied, rent-free, by poor parishioners. One half of the rent of Little Town Meadow, at King's Bromley, (£2. 12s. 6d.) arises from the gift of John Adey, in 1720, and is distributed on St. Thomas's day. In 1690, Thomas Marshall left £100, afterwards laid out in land at Gentleshaw and Marshall's Moor, now let for £15 a year, which is dispensed in cloth coats and petticoats amongst poor

* The Marquis is lord of the following *Manors* in this neighbourhood, viz.—Longdon, Haywood, Rugeley, Cannock, Farewell, and Cheslyn, and holds for each *Courts Leet*, *Baron*, *and Customary*. C. J. Hodson, Esq. is the Bailiff. The Marquis is also lord of Burton-upon-Trent, and several other manors in the county.

men and women. The poor of this parish have also the following yearly sums, viz.—20s. out of land at Farewell, left by Rd. Hinckley; £7. 10s. out of land, &c. left, in 1691, by John Hinckley and others; 30s. out of Nobles Hayes, by John Marshall; 20s. out of Cherry Orchard, by the Rev. John Adie; 20s. out of an estate at Horsey-lane, by Richard Adie; 30s. being the dividends of £30 Navy five per cents., by Henry Smith and Mrs. Armstrong; 50s. for teaching and apprenticing poor children, left by Wm. Barnes; 16s. from £20, by Mr. Newton; £5 from £100, by Fras. Cobb, in 1804; 30s. by Walter Aldrich and Joseph Waddams, for 20 threepenny loaves, on every Sunday in Lent; and the interest of £200, left by Mrs. Tyson, in 1830, to be given in beef at Christmas.

BEAUDESERT, anciently a palace of the bishops of the diocese, and now the residence of the Most Hon. Marquis of Anglesey, is situated on the eastern verge of Cannock Chase, 2 miles W.S.W. of Longdon Church, and 4 miles N.W. of Lichfield. The mansion, which is very magnificent, stands on the declivity of a lofty, sloping eminence, sheltered above by beautiful rising grounds, and completely enveloped in trees of the finest and most luxuriant growth. The greater part of it was rebuilt by Thomas Lord Paget, in the reign of Elizabeth, and many improvements were made by the late noble owner. The principal entrance is under a light Gothic portico, which leads into a spacious and handsome hall, in which is deposited a piece of copper ore, of a conical shape, from the Anglesey mine, upwards of 1200lbs. weight. Many of the apartments are large, and elegantly furnished; and the library contains a valuable collection of books and manuscripts, among which is the register of Burton Abbey. Among the modern improvements, are the stable and coach-houses, built of white stone, in the form of a crescent, and situated in a romantic valley, at a convenient distance from the house. Beyond these, the extensive gardens display all the beauties of horticulture; both the soil and the situation being well adapted to the production of the most valuable herbs, roots, fruits, and flowers. The park is well stocked with deer, and contains an extensive succession of hills and dales, abounding with excellent springs. Upon the lofty summit of *Castle hill*, in the rear of the mansion, are traces of an extensive *encampment*, which Pennant conceives to be of British origin, in opposition to Plott, who considers it as the work of King Canute. It is surrounded by a vast rampart and two ditches, and is nearly circular, except on the south side, where it is straight. The two entrances face the east and west; and opposite the former are several advanced works. This was certainly a spot well chosen for an observatory station, as it commands an extensive prospect over no less than nine counties in England and Wales. The boundary line which divides the Offlow and

Cuttleston Hundreds runs across this hill, and the extensive park of Beaudesert.

The PAGET FAMILY is very ancient, but the first who was raised to the peerage was Sir Wm. Paget, who, after rendering considerable service to Henry VIII. was appointed one of the council of the young King, Edward VI., and in 1549 created *Baron Paget*, of Beaudesert; but he suffered some persecution in the latter reign; and when Elizabeth ascended the throne, he quitted the public service, being a strict "zealot of the Roman Church." Thomas, the third Baron, was attainted in the 23rd of Elizabeth; but his honours were restored to his son, Wm. Paget, in the first of James I. William, the sixth Baron Paget, was Lord-Lieutenant of Staffordshire in 1688, and appointed Envoy Extraordinary to the Emperor of Germany. He died in 1713, and was succeeded by his son Henry, who, in 1714, was created EARL OF UXBRIDGE. His grandson, Henry, succeeded; but dying without issue, in 1769, the Earldom of Uxbridge became extinct, but the Barony of Paget descended to *Henry Bayley*, who assumed the name of Paget, and was exalted to the Earldom of Uxbridge in 1784. He died in 1812, and was succeeded by his eldest son, the present *William Henry Paget*, who, after rendering the most efficient and gallant services to his country during the late war, and losing a limb in the glorious battle of Waterloo, was created MARQUIS OF ANGLESEY in 1815. His other honours are—*Earl of Uxbridge, Baron Paget, a Baronet of Ireland, K.T., G.C.B., K.G.H., K.M.P.*, and *K.S.G.* He is a General, and Colonel of the 7th Reg. of Dragoons; Chamberlain and Chancellor of North Wales; Vice-Admiral and Custos Rotulorum of the Island and county of Anglesey, (where he has a large estate, and valuable copper mines;) Ranger of Snowdon Forest, &c. &c. For several years, he held the vice-regal office of *Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland*, to the great satisfaction of that unhappy country; but his health being much impaired, he retired from that distinguished office in 1833; being now in the 66th year of his age, much exhausted by a long period of active service, both in the field and the senate. The late Earl of Uxbridge was Colonel of the Staffordshire Militia, and devoted much of his attention to the discipline of that fine regiment. He had seven sons and five daughters. In 1793, at the commencement of the war with the French republic, his eldest son, Lord Paget, (the present Marquis,) raised a regiment of infantry, and was distinguished for bravery, as its leader, in several engagements on the Continent. Though the death of his father, in 1812, conferred on him immense wealth, he still continued in his active career of military honour; and, by a series of important services, achieved amid perils and privations, he acquired that renown which will illumine his name in the history of his country to the latest posterity.

On Nov. 6th, 1815, his Royal Highness the *Prince Regent*, accompanied by the *Duke of Clarence*, (now Wm. IV.) arrived at Beaudesert, on a visit to the Marquis of Anglesey; and next day the royal brothers were joined by the *Austrian Archdukes, John and Lewis*, who were then making the tour of this country. His Royal Highness arrived at Lichfield about six o'clock, changed horses at the George Inn, and proceeding rapidly through the city, was met at Longdon by a numerous body of gentlemen and the Marquis's tenantry, headed by his keepers; a particular form of the ancient system, and probably indicative of his Lordship's right of free warren over Cannock chase.—The procession then moved forward to Beaudesert, amid the acclamations of assembled thousands. After his arrival at the hall, deputations from Lichfield and Burton-upon-Trent, presented loyal addresses to the Prince Regent, to which he returned "most gracious answers," whilst standing in the spacious dining room, surrounded by the Marquis's family and friends. During their stay, the illustrious visitors joined in the sports of the field and the joys of the banquet, with all the amenity of private life; and on their departure, expressed themselves highly gratified with their reception and entertainment.

Among the other ANCIENT SEATS in the parish of Longdon are the following:—LISWIS HALL, a large handsome mansion near Longdon Green, is the property of — Austin, Esq. but now occupied by Col. Wm. Berrisford. It formerly belonged to the ancient family of Liswis, one of whom, *Wm. de Liswis*, or *Lysweys*, granted, in 1356, to his son Richard, and Margaret his wife, in frank marriage, at the church door of Longdon, "all his lands, tenements, rents, services, &c. in Longdon, and all his demesne there, with suit of court, amercements, wards, reliefs, &c. belonging to that manor, and all the liberty of Cannock, granted to his ancestors." It afterwards passed by marriage to the Legydds and Arblasters, the latter of whom sold it in 1769 to Francis Cobb, Esq. of Lichfield. CHESTALL, situated to the east of Beaudesert, was formerly the seat of the Rugeleys, but is now only a farm house. STONYWELL, about a mile S.E. of Longdon church, was anciently the residence of a family of its own name, but is now divided into two farms.—*John Stonywell*, who died in 1553, was buried in the chapel which he built in Longdon church, and was celebrated as a learned Benedictine monk, being abbot of Pershore, and for some time a suffragan bishop. He bequeathed to Longdon, "all his books, his two chalices, his crewetts, holy water stock, vestments, albes, altar clothes, and other things belonging to his private chapel here." HANCH HALL, near the Abbots Bromley road, one mile E. of the church, is the seat and property of John Breynton, Esq. This ancient mansion was built in the reign of Edward I., by one of the Astons, of Haywood; but it has frequently been repaired and beautified. From the

Astons it passed to the Ormes, one of whom, *Wm. Orme*, suffered greatly for his loyalty to Charles I., in whose service he expended about £2000, and was subsequently fined £1500 by the Parliament, after being "barbarously taken out of his bed, when sick of the palsie, and imprisoned at Stafford, so long as to bring him to distraction."

In the following DIRECTORY OF LONGDON PARISH, *those marked* 1 *reside at Borough Lane*, 2 *Brereton Hill*, 3 *Brock End*, 4 *Cross Ash*, 5 *Gentle Shaw*, 6 *Goosemoor Green*, 7 *Gorton's Green*, 8 *High Street*, 9 *Hill Top*, 10 *Horsey Lane*, 11 *Longdon Green*, 12 *Stonywell*, 13 *Upper Longdon, and* 14 *Windmill Bank.*

POST OFFICE, at Wm. Orton's, Brock end; Letters arrive from Lichfield at 11 morning, and are despatched at ¼ p. 3 afternoon.

Anglesey (Most Hon. Marquis of) Beaudesert
2 Alldritt Samuel, butcher
Bean Jph. game keeper, Lichfield lodge
4 Bentley Joseph, gent.
Berrisford Col. Wm. Liswis hall
11 Binfield Rev. Hy. A.B., incumbent curate of Armitage
13 Birch Eliz. school mistress
5 Bonill John, corn miller
Breynton John, Esq. Hanch hall
13 Bradbury Mrs.
8 Bradbury Mrs. Sarah
13 Brown Charles, builder
13 Brown Mr. Thomas
3 Cheadle Joseph, blacksmith
Cooke James, land surveyor, Brereton cross
3 Cooke John, stone mason
Cooper Mrs. Car. Isb. Church hill
14 Craddock Thos. bricklayer
3 Craddock Wm. tailor
11 Dawes Charles, M.D.
5 Deakin Mr. Valentine
2 Dukes John, cooper
Everett Brewster, vict. Holly Bush
11 Farnsworth Job, blacksmith
11 Field Wm. gent.
4 Fowke Fras. brick maker
1 Gee Lydia, girls' school
3 Gee Rd. pinder & sexton
3 Gee Wm. maltster
13 Gee Wm. tailor
3 Godwin Mr. James
13 Greatrix Geo. butcher
11 Greatrix John, parish clerk
2 Grimley John, vict. Red Lion
3 Harris John, blacksmith
3 Haughton —, gent.
13 Hodson Fras. gardener
5 James Thomas, bricklayer
13 Lees Edward, Thos. & Wm. bricklayers
Majendie Rev. Stuart, vicar
8 Mann John, wheelwright
3 Marsh Thos. corn miller
3 Marshall Miss Mary
14 Moss Matthew, maltster
11 Nash Thos. wheelgt. & vict. Red Lion
11 Oldham James, gent.
3 Orton Wm. vict. Swan
Perks —, gent. Gorton's lodge
13 Salt Jph. vict. Atkinson's Arms
11 Shaw Misses Caroline & Mary
1 Sheldon Wm. schoolmaster
3 Simpson John, wheelwright
13 Sleigh John, gardener
3 Storer Misses Sarah & Mary
5 Stringer Lydia, girls' school
11 Swift Mrs. Mary
11 Turner Rt. maltster & bricklr.
13 Turner Thos. shopkeeper
Ward Henry, gent.
11 Webb Thomas, artist
14 Wyley James, gent.
Wyley Jas. jun. corn miller

*Farmers. Thus * are Yeomen.*

Adie Wm.
1 Arblaster Ams.
3 Arblaster Rd.
11 Arblaster Rd.
13 Bacon Danl.
13 Brown Mchl.
Brown Thos.
5 * Butler Mrs.
4 Caddick John
10 * Cope Thos.
6 * Craddock Bartw.
15 * Freeman Thomas
3 * Gee Jas.
7 * Gee Jph.
11 Greatrix Jn.
5 Holmes Mrs.
6 Leadbetter William
12 * Lees John
Mann John, Chestall
* Marshall Jno.
9 Marshall Ts.
1 Matthews Sl.
6 * Pegg Jas.

13 * Sharratt Edward	8 Derry Lucy	13 Brown Ts.	13 GallimoreW.
10 Sharratt Ed. jun.	13 GreatrixJph.	5 Carter John	3 Hodson Jas.
8 Shorter Jas.	3 Rushton Wm.	5 Clewley Frs.	Marshall Jph.
14 * Sutton W.	11 Wood Alex.	13 GreatrixJph.	3 Oram John
5 Wilson Jas.	*Carters.*	11 Morecroft Joseph	11 Wilkins Jno.
Beer Houses.	Bird Danl.	3 Orton Wm.	11 Wood Alex.
13 Cope Dl.	Marshall Ts.	*Shoemakers.*	*Shopkeepers.*
14CroddockMy.	3 Rushton Jno.	Bradbury Jph.	3 GreatrixHnh.
	Joiners.	8 Derry Chas.	3 Nixon Wm.
	5 Austin Jph.		11 Patrick Sar.

MAVESYN RIDWARE parish extends from 5 to 8 miles N. by E. of Lichfield, on the Uttoxeter road, from High Bridge on the Trent, to Blithford Bridge on the River Blithe. It contains the small villages of MAVESYN and HILL RIDWARES, 5½ miles, and BLITHBURY, 8 miles N. by E. of Lichfield. Its population amounts only to 576 souls, though it comprises a highly cultivated and picturesque district of 2325 acres, of which Hugo Mavesyn Chadwick, Esq., Mrs. Mary Robinson, Mr. Richard Aston, and Mr. George Webb, are the principal owners; but Chandos Leigh, Esq., is lord of the manor, as well as of the neighbouring parishes of Hamstall and Pipe Ridwares. After the Conquest, Mavesyn Ridware was given to Roger de Montgomery, under whom it was held by Azeline, another adventurous follower of the Norman Conqueror. From the latter, it passed to the knightly family of Mavesyn, with whom it remained during ten generations; and one of them, in 1403, had a deadly feud with his neighbour the lord of Hansacre, as has been seen at page 305. The two co-heiresses of the Mavesyns married *Sir William Handsacre* and *Sir John Cawarden*. The old *manor house*, with a large estate and the fishery of the Trent, have belonged to the Chadwick family since the year 1615, and are now possessed by H. M. Chadwick, Esq., who resides at Hill Ridware, in a modern brick mansion, called the *Upper House*, seated on an eminence one mile north of the church. The *Church* stands near Mavesyn Ridware, on the north bank of the Trent. It is dedicated to St. Nicholas, and was rebuilt in 1782, except the tower and north aisle, at the cost of £730, part of the old stones being used in the walls and faced with brick. The living is a rectory valued in the King's books at £7. 2s. 11d., but it is now worth about £230 per annum, arising from 11 acres of glebe, a composition of 2s. 1½d. per acre in lieu of tithes, surplice fees, &c. J. N. Lane, Esq., of Bromley Regis, and H. M. Chadwick, Esq., are the patrons, the latter having one and the former two turns. The Rev. Thomas Grove, M.A., is the incumbent. From 1642 to 1647, this parish paid about £500 towards supporting the troops of the contending parties in the civil wars. The *Benefactions* to the poor of the parish consist of 6s. 8d. yearly, left by Richard Lyon, in 1682, and four acres of land at Armitage, purchased

with £200 bequeathed by Daniel Sandford, in 1779. Here are two small *free-schools*, supported chiefly by subscription. The Trent abounds with a great variety of FISH, some of which are very large. In 1785, a *pike* was caught here which weighed 24¼lbs., and another in 1772 weighing 31¾lbs. The *Otter* is the most formidable enemy of the pike in this river, and will kill and devour those of the largest size. This and the neighbouring royalties have had "*game of swans*" from time immemorial; and great numbers of those majestic birds were formerly bred on the Trent in a wild state, those belonging to each of the eight liberties being distinguished by a peculiar mark made by the swan-marker, who annually caught them for that purpose with an iron crook. It is said these swans were very vicious in pairing time; and a cob, when guarding his mate, has been known to beat and and nearly drown a powerful dog; "and a lusty farmer was once unhorsed and ducked, as he attempted to cross the river too near a nest."

BLITHBURY or *Blythbury*, is a hamlet on the north side of the parish, in the vale of the Blithe, 8 miles N. by E. of Lichfield. Here Hugo Mavesyn settled in the reign of Henry I. and founded a church and priory on his demesne. The *priory* was dedicated to St. Giles, and occupied by Benedictine Monks; but no traces of it now remain, the site having been long occupied by a farm house, belonging to H. M. Chadwick, Esq. The most pleasant situations in the parish are the two farms, called *Bentley* and *Cowarden Spring*, the former half a mile east, and the latter nearly a mile west of Blithbury.

Marked 1 *reside at Bentley Farm*, 2 *at Blithbury*, 3 *at Cowarden Spring*, 4 *Hill Ridware*, 5 *Mavesyn Ridware, and* 6 *in Wade Lane.*

4 Beck Thomas, shoemaker
4 Benton Job, joiner
4 Brindley Ann, shopkeeper
2 Brindley Richard, blacksmith
4 Bromsgrove Thomas, butcher and vict. Talbot
4 Chadwick Hugo Malvesyn, Esq. Upper house
4 Chamberlain Thos. wheelwht.
5 Collins Alex. gent.
4 Cope Edward, vict. and shopkr. Royal Oak
2 Cope William, shoemaker and shopkpr.
4 Felkin James, tailor
5 Grove Rev. Thos. M.A. rector
4 Handy William, blacksmith & *beer house.*
2 *Haywood John*, vict Bull's *Head*
4 *Longhurst Edw.* schoolmaster
4 Matthews Rev. Marmadake
2 Moxon Miss Eliz. Bank house
1 Newman Edward, shopkr.
4 Ordish Thomas, shoemaker
4 Pearson Mrs. Eliz. *Ridware cottage*
4 Peters Richard, rope and net maker
4 Robinson Mrs. Mary
3 Robinson Saml. wheelwright
2 Robinson Sampson, plumber, glazier, and vict. Swan
2 Smith Mr. James, Cottage
4 Smith Thomas, maltster
5 Webb Geo. corn miller & mert.

FARMERS.

2 Bevons Isaac
2 Bolton Thos.
4 Booth Geo.
4 Cope Walter
2 Goodwin W
3 Gough Bartw.
5 Handy John
5 Jackson Ts.
4 Matthews Ed.
2 Moxon Eliz.
2 Rowley Thos.
4 Sanders Chpr.
4 Sanders Wm.
4 Saunders Job Jefferies
2 Strongitharm Edward
5 Taylor Wm.
4 Webb Jas.

NEEDWOOD FOREST now forms one of the most beautiful and highly cultivated territories in the honour of Tutbury, and contains, exclusive of the public roads, 9437A. 2R. 31P. of land, in the four parishes of Hanbury, Tutbury, Tatenhill, and Yoxall, and subdivided into the four WARDS of *Tutbury*, *Barton*, *Marchington*, and *Yoxall*, which together form a district of an irregular oval figure, upwards of seven miles in length and three in breadth, extending northward from Wichnor to Marchington Woodlands, and lying nearly at an equal distance between Burton-upon-Trent and Abbots Bromley, being about four miles from each of those towns. This extensive forest or chase, where the neighbouring nobility and gentry "eagerly pursued the cheerful sport of hunting," was a member of the Duchy of Lancaster, and after the accession of Henry IV. became a possession of the crown, subject, however, to the depasturage of the landholders and inhabitants of the surrounding townships; and in this state it remained till the *enclosure act*, passed in 1801, empowered the commissioners to disafforest it, and to divide the soil among the different claimants. Before this enclosure, which was not completed till 1811, Needwood was wholly in a state of nature, except four small patches of Lodge lands. Here the little warblers of the grove, unnumbered, chanted their wild and mellifluent notes; the woodcock, the snipe, the pheasant, and the partridge, abounded in profusion; numerous deer ranged in the valleys; the hare burrowed in the thicket, the fox and badger in the declivity of the deep glen, and the rabbit on the sandy hill; but the sport of the huntsman and the fowler has undergone as much alteration as the scenery. The *officers of the forest* were a lieutenant and chief ranger, assisted by a deputy, four lieutenants, four keepers, and an axe bearer. A *court* was held every year, by the King's steward of the honour of Tutbury, when a jury of 24 persons, resident within the jurisdiction, presented and amerced all persons guilty of "encroaching on the forest, or committing any offences in vert or venison." There were anciently eight *parks* impaled within the ring of the forest, viz., Agardsley, Stockley, Barton, Heylyns, Sherholt, Castle Hay, Hanbury, and Rolleston. That of Castle Hay, distant about two miles from Tutbury Castle, was 3¼ miles in compass; and that of Hanbury, 2½ miles. The *lodges* of Brickley, Ealand, Yoxall, and Sherholt, were the only dwellings upon the forest before the enclosure, but it now contains a considerable number of scattered villas and neat farm houses. The natural disposition of the forest presents a great and beautiful variety of aspect; gradual eminences and easy vales, watered by murmuring rills, with here and there a bolder and more abrupt swell, form its general features. In the northern parts, the eminences are far more numerous and lofty than in the southern divisions. The forest here exhibits to the eye a series of deep glens, enclosed

by steep and rugged precipices, incapable of agricultural improvement, but happily covered with a vast variety of trees, among which, the native oak, vigorous and luxuriant, shoots up in great perfection, and forms almost the only remaining feature of the ancient forest, which in 1684 contained 47,150 trees, (chiefly oak,) and 10,000 cords of hollies and underwood, valued at £30,700. Shaw, who wrote in 1798, says, "the whole forest does not contain less than 1000 acres of oak timber, a greater quantity than perhaps any district in England can boast of possessing." But nearly all of the trees and underwood, except on the steep declivities, were uprooted at the enclosure, and carried away as timber, or burnt upon the spot as charcoal or manure for the soil, of which about 1000 acres consist of a light, sound loam, adapted to the culture of turnips; and 7000 acres of a whitish-grey marly loam, which produces fine crops of grain and grass. One of the noblest remains of the ancient sylvan ornaments of Needwood is the SWILCAR OAK, a tree of immense size and majestic appearance, situated in an open lawn, and supposed to have stood upwards of 600 years, though it is still fruitful in acorns. It measures 21 feet round the trunk to the height of five feet; the lower stem is 10 feet high; the whole height 65, and the extent of the arms 45 feet. It contains at least 1000 feet of solid timber, and is celebrated in the beautiful poem of "Needwood Forest, written by Frns. Noel Clarke Mundy, who resided at Ealand Lodge, on the north-west side of the forest, where this monarch of the wood rears his venerable head.

Though at the enclosure, the forest land was all assigned to pay parochial rates to the townships of the five surrounding parishes, it still forms a separate *ecclesiastical jurisdiction*; and for the use of the inhabitants, a handsome CHURCH, dedicated to Christ, has been erected under the powers of an act of parliament passed in 1805, and endowed by the King with ten acres for the site of the church, parsonage house, and churchyard, and 150 acres for the support of the minister, whose duty it is to baptize the young, visit the sick, and bury the dead; but for baptism and burial, double fees are paid, of which one-half is claimed by the incumbent of that parish, from which they respectively arise. The church stands in the Tutbury ward. The living is a perpetual curacy in the gift of the King, and incumbency of the Rev. Humphrey Price.

The territorial extent of the four FOREST WARDS, are as follows:—*Marchington*, 2895A. 0R. 39P.—*Tutbury*, 2366A. 3R. 39P.—*Yoxall*, 1940A. 2R. 9P. and *Barton*, 2234A. 3R. 24P. making the *total extent of the Forest*, 9437A. 2R. 31P. Each of these wards extend into several TOWNSHIPS and HAMLETS, for we find in an account of the *final award of the Commissioners under the enclosure act, dated May* 9th, 1811, that in MARCHINGTON WARD, 1148A. 3R. 30P. belong to Hanbury; 214.

2R. 21P. to Hanbury Wood-end; 11A. 14P. to Coton; 265A. 36P. to Draycott; 72A. 2R. 39P. to Moreton; 84A. 3R. 4P. to Stubby Lane, 337A. 1R. 12P. to Marchington and Houndhill; 525A. 2R. 7P. to Marchington Woodlands; and 427A. 3R. 36P. to Newborough and Thorney Lanes. In the TUTBURY WARD, 777A. 3R. 15P. belong to Tutbury; 610A. 27P. to Rolleston; 319A. 15P. to Anslow; 34P. to Tatenhill, 1A. 1R. 30P. to Callingwood; 91A. 7P. to Draycott; 346A. 3R. 7P. to Marchington and Houndhill; 38A. 2R. to Newborough and Thorney Lanes; and 181A. 3R. 24P. to Scropton. In the YOXALL WARD, 96A. 1R. 33P. belong to Barton-under-Needwood; 1192A. 37P. to Yoxall; 80A. 3R. 31P. to Hoarcross; 433A. 3R. 39P. to Hamstall Ridware; and 136A. 3R. 29P. to Scropton. In the BARTON WARD, 886A. 3R. 1P. belong to Tatenhill; 307A. 2R. 1P. to Dunstall; 891A. 1R. 11P. to Barton-under-Needwood; 19P. to Yoxall; and 149A. 32P. to Scropton.

By the *two awards* dated Nov. 14th, 1805, and May 9th, 1811, the following ALLOTMENTS were made, viz. 3225A. 5P. to the King; 4697A. 1R. 26P. to the *freeholders* and *copyholders;* and 951A. 2R. 32P. to the *tithe owners* in discharge of the tithes of the new enclosures, viz. 212A. 2R. 17P. to the lay rector, and 93A. 26P. to the vicar of Hanbury; 179A. 3R. 29P. to the lay rector, and 75A. 3R. 28P. to the vicar of Tutbury; 174A. 3R. 4P. to the rector of Yoxall; and 215A. 38P. to the rector of *Tatenhill.* The *old enclosures and lodge lands* comprise about 500A., and are still subject to yearly rent charges, in lieu of tithes. The lodge lands comprise about two hundred and sixty acres, and are the property of the King, so that his Majesty's real estate in this newly enclosed forest, now comprises nearly 3500 acres. For the whole of the foregoing information respecting the enclosure allotments, we are indebted to a valuable communication received from J. B. H. Bennett, Esq. land agent and surveyor, of Tutbury. The names of the inhabitants of Needwood will be found incorporated with the *Directories* of the townships to which they belong, in the four parishes, of Hanbury, Tatenhill, Tutbury, and Yoxall. (See also Rolleston.)

NORTON CANES, or NORTON-UNDER-CANNOCK, is a small village seated on a gentle eminence, 7 miles W. S. W. of Lichfield; comprising within its parish the two *manors of Norton and Little Wyrley*, in which are 678 inhabitants, and 2400 acres of enclosed land, 120 acres of wood, and upwards of 1000 acres of the extensive heath called Cannock Chase. The Rev. Frederick Gildart, and Phineas Fowke Hussey, Esq. are the principal owners and joint lords of Norton; and the latter is sole lord of Little Wyrley. The *Church* is a neat Gothic structure, rebuilt by subscription in 1832, at the cost of £1220. It has 296 sittings, of which 144 are free. It is a perpetual curacy, in the gift and appropriation of the Dean and Chapter of

Lichfield. The Rev. Wm. Blow Collis is the incumbent, but for want of a parsonage house, he resides at Cannock. The parish *wake* is on the first Sunday in August.

Benefactions to the School and Curate:—In 1776, the lords of the manors of Norton and Little Wyrley, together with the landowners, enclosed about 55 acres of land from Cannock Chase, and conveyed it to trustees for the benefit of the curate and schoolmaster, together with a school-house which they had built in the village. The land is now let for upwards of £40 a-year, which is divided between the curate and schoolmaster, the latter of whom teaches about 30 free scholars. The *poor* have the following yearly doles, viz., £3. 5s. in bread, out of the Poor's Pieces, left by Roger and Phineas Fowke; 15s. out of Newlands farm, left by Ann Davis; 6s. out of Big-field, by Thomas Walker; and 30s. out of the poor rates, as the interest of £35 left by John Smith and Richard Green.

BROWN HILLS is a scattered village and district in this parish, near the Wyrley and Essington Canal, and the Roman Watling-street, 2 miles S. E. of Norton, and 5 miles S. W. of Lichfield. It adjoins the western verge of Cannock Chase, and has an extensive *colliery*, opened many years ago.

LITTLE WYRLEY is a manor and hamlet, of scattered farms, on the Pelsall road, 1¼ mile S. W. of Norton Canes. *Wyrley Grove*, now occupied by John Stokes, Esq. is the ancient seat of the Husseys, who obtained it in marriage with the heiress of the family of Fowke. The mansion stands at the head of a fine lawn, amid groves of elms and other full grown trees, and is a noble and picturesque specimen of ancient architecture.

In the following Directory, those marked 1 *reside at Brown Hills,* 2 *at Little Wyrley, the remainder, if not otherwise expressed, at Norton. The Inns are on or near the Chester Road.*

Allbut —— blacksmith
1 Braddock Saml. grocer & drpr.
Brookes Wm. Neville, maltster
1 Caddick Wm. gent.
2 Cooper Phineas, woodman
Craddock John, tailor
Crane Mary, shopkeeper
Doley Thomas, schoolmaster
Earp Joseph, parish clerk
1 Freeth John, yeoman
1 Hanbury William, coal master; h. *Morton*
1 Hanbury Wm. jun. colliery agt.
2 Hand Thomas, gamekeeper
Hawkes John, Esq. *Norton hall*
Lander Geo. & Thos. wheelwhgts.
Masfen William, gent.
1 Rogers George, engineer
Smith Rd. butcher & shopkpr.
2 Stokes John, Esq. *Wyrley grove*

INNS AND PUBLIC HOUSES.

Fleur-de-Lis, Wm. Smith
Holly Bush, Charles Mann
Rising Sun, James Thacker
1 Swan, Edward Beck
Turk's Head, John Webb (and butcher)
1 *Barley's*, Charles Arblaster

FARMERS.

2 Adcock Edw.
Brookes Mary
Chidlow John
Cooper John
1 Genders Jph.
Hulme Wm.
Jenney James
1 Jones James
Lander Robt.
2 Lindop Jph.
Moss John
2 Parker Robt.
Sylvester Mrs.
2 Sylvester Sl.
Thacker John
2 Walker Mary

OGLEY HAY is an unenclosed *heath* at the south end of Cannock Chase, betwixt Brown Hills and Hammerwich, 4 miles S.W. by W. of Lichfield. It is an *extra parochial* district of 1025 acres, of which, 25A. are occupied by the Wyrley and Essington canal, and 17A. by roads and a small enclosure. Phineas Fowke Hussey, Esq., is lord of this extensive waste, on which the landholders of Hammerwich have common right. On the north side of it, near the Watling-street, upon the summit of a hill, are traces of a Roman encampment, called KNAVE'S CASTLE, and encompassed by three ditches, with an entrance on the south. Grouse and partridges are here in abundance.

PIPE RIDWARE is a small ancient village and parish, on the north side of the Trent, 6 miles N. of Lichfield. It contains only 111 inhabitants and 770A. 1R. 22P. of land, forming a flat grazing district. This is the first of the three Ridwares mentioned in Domesday book, and it derived the first part of its name from its early possessors, who resided in the ancient manor house, of which nothing now remains but some vestiges of the moat, near an extensive orchard. The present *hall*, now occupied by a farmer, was built by John Whitehall, Esq., who purchased the demesne, in 1677. John Littleton, Esq., is now the principal owner and mesne lord of the manor; but Chandos Leigh, Esq., is lord paramount both of this and of Hamstall, and Mavesyn Ridwares.—(See p. 365.) The *Church* is a small antique structure, dedicated to St. James. The living is a curacy, in the gift of the Prebendary of Alrewas, and incumbency of the Rev. Henry White, for whom the Rev. E. W. Oldacres officiates. The *benefactions* to the poor, consist of the interest of £20, left in 1716 and 1743, by Bridget and Frances Whitehall; and of £100 left by Francis Cobb, in 1804. *Gouldhay* and *Quinton* farms, belong to T. H. Parker, Esq., and Woodhouse farm to Captain William Bagot.

Bolton John, butcher
Hodgkinson Sampson, shoemkr.
Newman John, victualler
Sheldon John, tailor

FARMERS.

Alldritt William, Hall
Brownson, Margt. Gouldhay
Harris George, and maltster, Hickbury
Lees William, Quintons
Minors Peter, Woodhouse

ROLLESTON is an ancient village on the south side of Dove Dale, 3¼ miles N.N.W. of Burton-upon-Trent, comprising within its parish the two townships of *Rolleston* and *Anslow*, which together contain 866 inhabitants, and about 3000 acres of land, of which about 930 acres were allotted from ...od Forest, (see p. 367,) and include ROLLESTON PARK, ...elongs ecclesiastically to Tutbury, though it pays poor ...is parish. Sir Oswald Mosley, Bart., who resides ..., a handsome mansion near the church, is the prin-

cipal landowner and lord of the manor, which comprises the whole parish, and was anciently held by a family of its own name, from whom it passed to the *knightly family of Mosley*. On the failure of male issue of Sir Edward Mosley, Bart., who married Catherine, daughter of Wm. Lord Grey, of Wark, the baronetcy became extinct; and his widow marrying Charles, son of Dudley Lord North, he became possessed of this manor, and in the 25th Charles II, was summoned to parliament by the title of Lord North and Grey, of Rolleston. Oswald Mosley, Esq. a descendant of the second branch of the family, afterwards became possessed of Rolleston, and was created a Baronet in the 6th year of George I. This title and the family estates are now possessed by the present Sir Oswald Mosley, who is descended from a branch of the family formerly resident near Manchester. He is also patron of the *Church*, which is a *rectory* worth about £300 per annum, and is now enjoyed by the Rev. J. P. Mosley, M.A. The church was thoroughly repaired about six years ago. The *Methodists* have a small chapel in the village. *Petty sessions* are held every Monday at the Spread Eagle Inn. The *wake* is on the first Sunday after new Candlemas day. In the village are ten *alms-houses* and a *free school;* and the parish has also several benefactions for the relief of the poor.

The *Free School* was founded about 1520, by *Robert Sherbourne*, bishop of Chichester, who endowed it with £10 a year, to be paid by the dean and chapter of Chichester. The master's yearly salary is now £37, having received several augmentations, arising from three small allotments, made at the *enclosures* in 1757, 1808, and 1811, and from the following annuities, viz.—£5, out of houses in Ludgate-street, London, left by *Florens Caldwell*, in 1612; 5Os., as interest of £50, left by *Wm. Caldwell*, in 1673; 35s. 4d. left by *Lawrence Caldwell;* £15, left by *Wm. Roulston*, in 1672, (with 10s. per quarter, to buy cakes for the scholars;) 17s. 6d. by *Humphrey Moore*, in 1612; and 20s. by *Andrew Newton*, in 1800. The *School* was built in 1638, with £100, given by Sir Edward Mosley, and has since been frequently repaired out of the Church-rates. It is free to all the sons of the parishioners, for English grammar, writing, arithmetic, &c. The average number of free scholars is about 45.

Alms-houses, &c.—Wm. Roulston, in 1672, bequeathed the fee-farm rents of Rolleston, and so much out of the rents of his lands at Acton as would produce, with the said fee-farm rents, £100 per annum, to be distributed as follows:—£10 to the schoolmaster; 40s. to the scholars, in quarterly moieties, at Easter, Midsummer, St. Stephen's day, and Michaelmas; £6 each to six alms-people; and the remainder to be lent, free of interest, "to poor young people that are newly married," on good security, but to change hands every four years. He also charged his estate with the erection of a steeple and a bell at

the parish church. But his benevolent intentions were not carried into full effect until two decrees had been obtained in Chancery, in 1708 and 1750. The yearly income of the charity is now £145, arising from £45. 6s. 11½d. per annum, being the fee-farm rents of Rolleston, £54. 13s. ½d. per annum, charged on lands at Acton; and the interest of £1833. 6s. 8d. three per cent. consols, obtained by arrears and savings of the income. Out of this revenue, £15 is paid to the schoolmaster, £2 to the scholars, and £113. 6s. to the ten *alms-people*, who are chosen from among the most poor and aged parishioners of either sex. Eight of them have 4s. each per week, two of them 3s. a-week, and all of them 30s. a-year in addition, for coals and clothing. The alms-people were encreased from 6 to 8, in 1750, and from 8 to 10, in 1808, when additional houses were erected for their accommodation. The present trustees are Sir Henry Every, Bart., Sir Oswald Mosley, Bart., Rev. Wm. Gresley, Rev. J. P. Mosley, and L. Rollestone, J. Spencer, and T. Thornewill, Esqrs.

The *Poor's money* consists of £87, left by Florens and William Caldwell, and Thos. Keeling. The Poor's land consists of Moss Acre Close, 2A. 3R. 20P., purchased with £60 left by *Humphrey Moor*, in 1612, and now let for £6 a-year, and three allotments made in respect of the said close, and now let for 40s. 6d. per annum. The rents of these lands, and the interest of the poor's money, producing yearly £11. 14s., are distributed among the poor on St. Thomas's day, except 17s. 6d. paid to the schoolmaster, under Moore's gift; and 7s. 6d. to the churchwardens, for the repairs of the clock and bridges.

Rolleston and Egginton Church land, consists of 1A. 1R. 28P. at Rolleston, and several small allotments made at the enclosure. The whole is let for 69s. per annum, which is divided equally between this parish, and that of Eggington, in Derbyshire. There is also a sum of 9s. 4d. collected annually from what is called common grass land, which is applied to the repairs of Rolleston church.

ANSLOW is a hamlet and township, comprising nearly half of the parish, and including the hamlets of CALLINGWOOD and STOCKDALE RIDDING, on the eastern side of Needwood Forest, distant from 4 to 5 miles W. N. W. of Burton-upon-Trent.—The Primitive Methodists erected a chapel at Stockdale Ridding, in 1828. Upon the Forest is *Needwood House*, and the Mosley Arms Inn, both in Rolleston township.

ROLLESTON.

Mosley Sir Oswald, Bart. Rolleston hall
Mosley Oswald, Esq. ditto
Mosley Rev. John Peploe, rector, M.A.
Atkin James, blacksmith
Atkin Samuel, wheelwright
Atkin Mrs. Sarah
Blackshaw Joseph, bricklayer
Blore James, blacksmith
Dugmore Danl. tailor & draper
Eley Wm. schoolmaster
Fenwick Mrs. ——



Fountain Hannah, dressmaker
Griffiths Jno. shoemkr. & shopkr.
Hanshaw Thomas, butcher
Hardwicke George, tailor
Levitt Mrs. Martha
Oliver Edward, shopkeeper
Payne Thos. maltster (& Burton)
Robinson Thos. baker & flour dlr.
Rowland Jph. vict. Spread Eagle
Stones John Spencer, Esq. Needwood House
Sutton Mr. William
Taylor Ann, shoemaker
Taylor Charles, parish clerk
Walker John, joiner
Walker Robert, shoemaker
Weston Mary, vict. Mosley's Arms, Needwood
Wood Thomas, shoemaker

FARMERS. (* *are Yeomen.*)

Bladon John
Dugmore Adam
Emery Moses
Emery Thos.
* Higgott Saml.
Holbrook Jph.
Hopkins Wm.
Mason Sarah
Page Thomas
* Pycroft Jph. East Lodge
* Pycroft Jno
* Robinson Th.
Shirley Wm
Sutton Sarah
Talbot Sarah
Taylor John
Warren Eliz.

ANSLOW.

Marked 1 *reside at Anslow,* 2 *Callingwood,* 3 *Castlehill Bank,* 4 *Stockdale Ridding.*

1 Botham Richard, blacksmith
1 Hanson Samuel, wheelwright
1 Sutton John, vict. Bell

FARMERS.

1 Bates Joseph
3 Bowrin John
4 Bryan Danl.
1 Davis Joseph
1 Hanson Thos.
2 Harlow John
1 Harrison Wm.
1 Howkins Sl.
4 Hollis Geo.
1 Hopkins Jas.
2 Newbould Jn.
2 Pool Thos.
4 Statham Eli.
1 Statham Wm.

RUSHALL is a village and parish on the Lichfield road, one mile N. E. of Walsall, containing 693 inhabitants, and about 1800 acres of land, abounding in excellent *limestone*, much celebrated for its superior quality, taking a polish almost equal to marble, and raised from mines nearly 80 yards below the surface. But the most attractive objects are the ruins of the ancient *Manor house*, which, during the wars of the Roses, and of those between Charles I. and the Parliament, was strongly fortified and defended by a numerous garrison. The enclosed area of this castellated residence comprises about an acre.—The walls, which are composed of rough limestone, are very strong, and, according to Erdeswick, were surrounded by a deep moat, of which no vestiges can now be discovered. The house itself is gone, except some small offices on the north side of the area. Over the entrance gate is a shield, with a lion rampant. During the civil wars, a Mr. Pitt, of Wolverhampton, attempted to bribe Captain Tuthill to betray the garrison of Rushall, but his treachery was discovered, and he suffered death for it in 1640. The *manor* anciently belonged to the knightly family of *Bowelcs*, from whom it passed to that of *Grobbere*, and afterwards to the *Harpurs;* one of whom, John Harpur, Esq. endowed the vicarage, and rebuilt the church, about the year 1444. Early in the 17th century, the manor became the property of the *Leighs*, from whom it passed to the late Rev. Edward Mellish, Dean of Hereford, whose executors are now the principal proprietors, lords of the manor, and patrons of the *church*, which is dedicated to St. Michael, and has some old monuments of the Leigh family; one of whom, *Edward Leigh*,

was author of *Critica Scara*, and several other useful books. He was a member of the Long Parliament, and, at the mandate of Cromwell, was confined, with many other members of the House of Commons, at the King's Head, in the Strand. He died in 1677, and was buried in the chancel of Rushall Church, which is said to have been anciently a chapel of ease to Walsall. It is now a *vicarage*, enjoyed by the Rev. John Whalley. The curate receives 14s. 6d., and the poor 51s. 6d., as the Rushall share of *J. R. and N. Parker's charity*, (vide Walsall.) A *National school* was established a few years ago in the old vicarage.

DAWEND and the BUTTS are two hamlets within half a mile of Walsall, where the limestone mines of this parish are situated, and where there is a branch from the Wyrley and Essington canal.

DIRECTORY.—*Marked* 1 *are at Butts*, 2 *at Dawend, and the rest at Rushall.*

2 Cooper Thos. lime merchant
Cowley Rev. Wm. A.M. curate
2 Darby John, awl blade maker
Eaton John, blacksmith
1 Hawkins John, maltster
Hulme Jph. rope mkr. Cart bdg.
Martin Eliz. grocer
2 Meanly and Strongitharm, maltsters
Rutter George, wheelwright, &c.
Smith Joseph, corn miller
Sparrow Martha, schoolrs.
Webb Matthew, grocer
1 Webster Benjamin, chain mfr.
Whalley Rev. John, vicar
2 Whitehall Judith, grocer

PUBLIC HOUSES.

George and Dragon, John Moss
Royal Oak, Wm. Harrison
Three Horse Shoes, John Eaton
White Lion, James Burn

LIME MERCHANTS.

1 Adams John Bradnock
2 Strongitharm, Cooper, & Co.

FARMERS.

Brawn John, Ryecroft
Groocock John
1 Holmes Rd.
Hulme James, Cart bridge
2 Meanly Illidge
Pakeman John
Pickerell John
Proffitt John, College
Stokes John,
Strongitharm G. Calder fds.
Ward Ts. Coal Pool

SHENSTONE is a large and pleasant village, consisting principally of neat houses with gardens in front, upon a gentle eminence on the Birmingham road, 3 miles S. of Lichfield. Its parish is very extensive, comprising several hamlets and gentlemen's seats, and about 9000 acres of fertile land, watered by several rivulets abounding with excellent trout. Its population has increased since the year 1801, from 1309 to 1827 souls. The common land was enclosed in 1812. Among the numerous instances of longevity at Shenstone, the most remarkable are, Henry Lea, who died in 1660, aged 107; and Susanna Southwell, who married at the age of 112, and could relate occurrences of which she had been an eye-witness 100 years before. [illegible]. Leigh, Esq. is lord of the manor, and owner of about [illegible] acres of the soil, which he purchased a few years ago, of late lord and present *impropriator*, Wm. Tenant, Esq.—*Stone Hall*, with about 400 acres of land, was the property



of Lord Berwick, but now belongs to John Gough, Esq. *Shenstone Lodge* is the seat of Rear-Admiral Parker. *Shenstone Park*, upon an eminence near the Black brook, about a mile east of the village, is the seat of Edward Grove, Esq. *Shenstone Moss*, half a mile south, is the seat of Mrs. Case. There are also a number of smaller land owners in the parish, among whom are Sir Robert Peel, Bart. and Mr. Robert Moss, of Woodend. The CHURCH, dedicated to St. John, is an ancient edifice in the form of a cross, but much altered from its original condition by successive repairs. The living is a *vicarage*, in the gift of the Rev. John Peel, and is enjoyed by the Rev. James Hargreaves. About two miles to the W.S.W., betwixt the two hamlets of Over and Nether Stonnal, is a neat CHAPEL OF EASE, erected in 1822, at the cost of £1100, raised by subscription, except £200 given by the new church society. The Rev. J. Hargreaves, jun. M.A. is the curate. The "*Shenstone Savings' Bank*" is open on the first Monday in every month, from twelve till two o'clock, and its deposits in November, 1832, amounted to £11,790, belonging to 330 individuals and seven friendly societies. A FAIR for sheep and fat cows is held on the last Monday in February. The annual *feast*, or *wake*, at Shenstone, is on the Sunday after St. John the Baptist, and at Stonnal on the Sunday following.

LITTLE ASTON is a picturesque hamlet at the south end of the parish, near the borders of Warwickshire, about four miles E.N.E. of Walsall. The HALL is a handsome mansion, in an extensive lawn, shaded with trees and adorned with a noble lake. It was erected by Wm. Tenant, Esq. the late lord of Shenstone, but is now the seat and property of Wm. Leigh, Esq.

CATS HILL, on the western side of Cannock chase, 5 miles N.E. by N. of Walsall, is a district which was not enclosed till 1812.

CHESTERFIELD, a hamlet on the Watling-street, 3 miles S. of Lichfield, formed the southern part of the Roman station at Wall, (see p. 108.) Here is situated the parish *workhouse*.

FOOTHERLEY is a district of scattered houses, extending from one to two miles S.W. of Shenstone, and adjoining *Radley Moor*. The *hall* belongs to Mrs. Case, but is occupied by Miss Corbett.

HILTON and LITTLE HAY are hamlets within 1¼ mile N.W. of Shenstone; and at the latter is a small *Independent chapel*, belonging to the Rev. Joseph Ellis.

LYNNE is a pleasant hamlet, 2 miles W. of Shenstone, near the south-eastern verge of Cannock Chase. The ancient *hall* is now occupied by a farmer.

STONNAL (OVER and NETHER) are two hamlets about a mile from each other, the latter being 1¼ mile S.W., and the former 2¼ miles W. by S. of Shenstone. Between them stands the

chapel of ease already described, and *Thorns Hall*, now divided into cottages and a *free school*, supported chiefly by Wm. Leigh, Esq. and the curate. Near Over Stonnal, and upon the same hill, are vestiges of an ancient fortification called the *Castles*, or *Old Fort*. The lines of a double ditch, encompassing an area 160 paces in diameter, may be distinctly traced, but whether it is a British or a Roman work, is unknown. Several iron spear heads, and a barbed arrow head of flint, were found here some years ago. When the great road between London and Chester passed through Over Stonnal, it had two good inns, called the Swan and the Welsh Harp, and it has still two alehouses bearing the same signs.

Wood End is mostly a newly enclosed district, adjoining Warwickshire, on the Birmingham road, 2 miles S. of Shenstone.

Benefactions.—In 1623, *Richard Ruggeley* bequeathed to the poor of Shenstone twelve fields called the *Bullmoors*, comprising 45a. 3r. 36p. An allotment of 6a. 1r. 19p. was made to this land at the enclosure of Upper Stonnal. The whole is now let for £94 per annum, which is distributed on St. Thomas's day, in sums varying from £1 to 5s., to the most industrious poor parishioners. The poor of Footherley hamlet have £13 divided amongst them on Good Friday, as the rent of 13a. 3r. 15p. of land at Radley Moor, left by *Rowland Fryth, Esq.*, a former lord of the manor. Those of Lynne and the two Stonnals have £7. 10s. yearly from land purchased with £50 left by *Mrs. Grenada Brown*, the mother of Rowland Fryth. They have also 10s. yearly out of Nickin's farm, left by *Thomas Cooper*, in 1667. The poor of Little Aston have a rent charge of 3s. left by Mr. Wenlock Sedgwick. *Robert Greisbrook* left 30s. yearly out of two closes, for schooling four poor children of Shenstone. *John Sylvester* left 10s. yearly out of Little Hill Field, to the poor of Over Stonnal. *William Smith*, a *barber-surgeon* and citizen of London, left a yearly rent charge of £5, out of his farm in this parish, for apprenticing a poor boy of Over Stonnal every year to the profession of a barber, but the objects of this charity are now put out to various trades. In 1801, *Gratiana Coleire* bequeathed £320, (since laid out in £589. 17s. 3d. three per cent. annuities,) and directed one-half of the yearly interest to be given to the vicar of Shenstone, for performing divine service every Friday morning; and the remainder to the poor of Shenstone, to the latter of whom she also bequeathed £150 three per cent. consols.

In the following Directory of Shenstone Parish, *those marked reside at Little Aston, 2 Cats Hill, 3 Chesterfield, 4 Footherley, 5 at Bossis, 6 Little Bossis, 7 Greensbury, 8 Hilton, 9 Little Hay, vane, 11 Over Stonnal, 12 Nether Stonnal, 13 Sand Hill, 14 End, and the rest at Shenstone village, or where specified,*

Abney Captain Edward
13 Brawn Jas. & Geo. lime merchants & brick makers.
12 Brawn Mrs. Jane
10 Brawn Rd. lime merct. Lane house
Broughton James, gent.
Case Mrs. Eliz. Shenstone moss
4 Corbett Miss Caroline
3 Craddock Samuel, gent.
Day Wm. gent.
11 Eld Joseph, gent.
11 Eld Miss Sarah Wheeler
9 Ellis Rev. Jph. (Ind. min.)
Garrett John, butcher
Grove Edw. Esq. Shenstone park
Harding Wm. gent. Shenstone hall
Hargreaves Rev. Jas. M.A. vicar
Hargreaves Rev. Jas. jun. M. A. curate of Stonnal
3 Henney Wm. gov. Workhouse
2 Jackson Wm. chain maker
1 Leigh Wm. Esq. Aston hall
9 Lymer ——, gent.
1 Mellor John, gent.
11 Mountfort Charles, gent.
14 Myring Edw. bricklayer
3 Naden Jph. land agent & surveyor
Nevill Jas. jun. tailor
14 Nevill Miss Susanna, Belvidere cottage
Nevill Wm. shoemaker
Parker Rear-Admiral Wm. Shenstone lodge
Phillips Mr. John
Princett Jas. net maker
14 Rawson Saml. stocking maker
9 Russell James, bricklayer
9 Russell John, bricklayer
14 Sedgwick Ts. timber surveyor
Shorthouse Benj. nurseryman
Stringer Geo. tailor & draper
2 Strongitharm, Cooper, & Co. lime masters
Tonks Saml. plumber, glazier, & painter
Tonks Thos. Adlam, parish, vestry, magistrates', & savings' bank clerk
Turner Wm. gardener
Wadams Joseph, gent.
Western John, thrashing machine owner
White Edward, gent.

INNS AND PUBLIC HOUSES.

2 Anchor, John Hodgkins
14 Ball, John Edkins
Black Cock, Jph. Lakin, Hadley moor
Bull's Head Inn, Thos. Wheeler
Fox & Hounds, John & Thomas Stringer
11 Harp, John Holmes
9 Hay Cock, Benj. Shaw
9 Holly Bush, John Griffin
13 Leopard, Wm. Atkin
Old Leopard, John Titterton
11 Swan, Charles Glover

BEER HOUSES.

14 Crown, John Boot
Hope & Anchor, Eliz. & Ann Higginbotham
4 Plough, Edward Wilding

Academies.
Dandridge Mrs. Sus. (bdg.)
9 Ellis Rev. J.
11 Moss Jas.
4 Myring Dthy.
Tonks Wm.

Blacksmiths.
12 Bott John
11 Bott Jph.
Hodgkins Wm.
1 Webster John
14 Webster Jph.
Yeomans Thos.

Corn Millers.
12 Brawn Saml.
Day Samuel
5 Jackson Stn.

Farmers.
* *are Yeomen.*
3 * Adcock Jno. Ashcroft
12 * Adcock Sl. Clarke
6 Banks Rd.
Batkin Cath.
Baxter Philip
5 Beech Wm.
11 Brown Wm.
9 Burton John
12 * Caddick Rd.
1 Cardwell Jno.
9 Careless Wm.
3 Chipman Ts.
1 Cook Thomas, Hill hook
4 Cooper Sarah
3 * Craddock Sl.
3 Craddock Snr.
4 Cramer Saml.
14 Derry Dan.
4 Ditchfield Geo.
8 Dorrington Benjamin
4 Emery Chas.
6 Hand Jph.
4 Hand Wm.
Hardy George
10 Harvey Geo.
11 Holmes Geo.
Howell John
10 Hughes Rbt.
14 King Wm.
12 Lager Jas.
9 Marlow Jph.
10 Micklewright Wm.
11 Middleton Joseph
7 Mills Henry
3 Morris David
14 * Moss Rt.
4 Myring Thos.
14 Nevill Thos.
10 Newbrook Thomas
10 Owen John
8 Pavour John
4 Preston John
1 Roberts Geo.
8 Sedgwick Jas.
4 Shorthouse Thomas
10 Smart Geo.

Smith Hy. (and butcher)
Smith John
11 Smith Wm.
12 Swan Sarah
4 Whitehurst Charles
3 Willetts Geo.
14 Winterton Joseph
2 Woodhouse Thomas

Joiners.
14 Bownell Hy.
9 Myles Thos.
Pearson Thos.
11 Russell Benj.

Shoemakers.
14 Boot John
4 Bott John
14 Fearfield Chs.
Hilton Wm. (& constable)
Hobby Mary
Nevill James
10 Wallis John
White Jph.

Shopkeepers.
11 Hathaway Ellen
Hilton Robt. (& baker)
11 Holmes Geo.
9 Stephenson John
10 Wallis John
14 Webster Jph.

Wheelwrights.
14 Bownell Hy.
8 Hodgkins Hy.
Hodgkins Jph.
1 Marygold Wm.
11 Snape Rd.
9 Weldon Wm.
4 Wilding Edw.
Yeomans Thos. (& coach mkr.)

STATFOLD is a remarkably small parish and manor, 3 miles N.E. of Tamworth, containing only three houses, 41 inhabitants, and 450 acres of land, all belonging to Stanley Pipe Wolferstan, Esq., who resides in the HALL, a handsome brick mansion, erected in 1571, and having an observatory which commands an extensive prospect. The Wolferstans obtained this manor in marriage with the heiress of the Stanleys, in 1550. The *Church* is a small neglected structure, containing some ancient monuments; but it has no minister, the parish being too small for the maintenance of one. The two *farms* are occupied by William Lees and John Minion.

TAMHORN, in the vale of the Tame, is an extra parochial liberty, on the Fazely canal, 3 miles N.W. by W. of Tamworth, containing a *wood* of 108 acres, and a *farm* of 505 acres, occupied by William Bourn. This estate was purchased by its present owner, Sir Robert Peel, Bart., in 1827, of Lord George Cavendish, before whom it had belonged to Richard Dyott, Esq. In the population returns, this liberty, which contains only 7 inhabitants, is included with the neighbouring parish of Whittington.

TAMWORTH BOROUGH & PARISH.

TAMWORTH is an ancient *borough*, and well built *market town*, pleasanly situated 112 miles N.W. of London, and 8 miles E.S.E. of Lichfield, at the confluence of the rivers Tame and Anker, which divide the town into two nearly equal portions; the western half, with the church, standing in *Staffordshire;* and the eastern part, with the castle and market place, being in *Warwickshire.* The same remark also applies to its extensive PARISH, which is nearly equally divided between the two counties, and contains a considerable number of hamlets and gentlemen's seats, 9847 acres of land, and 7180 inhabitants, as will be seen in the following enumeration of its eight townships, shewing the population (in 1831,) and the *territorial extent of each.*



Townships.	Acres.	Pop.	Townships (Warwicksh.)	Acres.	Pop.
Borough*	73	3837	Castle Liberty	360	6[illegible]
Fazeley	1827	1433	Amington & Stonedelph	2167	251
Syerscote	480	34	Bolehall & Glascote	880	481
Wigginton	3700	737	Wilnecote & Dosthill	1660	659

* Of the *Borough* population, 1626 are in Warwickshire, and 1711 in Staffordshire. Its increase during the last 30 years is about 800. The *Staffordshire* part of the Borough and Parish is in the *Offlow Hundred*, (see p. 294,) and the *Warwickshire* part, in the *Hemlingford Hundred*. The latter includes the whole of the first last named townships.

☞ The *number of Houses in the Borough*, in 1831, was 263 in the Staffordshire, and 393 in the Warwickshire part.—Total, 656.

The BOROUGH OF TAMWORTH has now a very clean and respectable appearance, and its situation is uncommonly fine, being surrounded by an extensive tract of rich meadows, through which the Tame and Anker glide along in the most picturesque manner. The two bridges which are thrown across these rivers, and the venerable church and castle, add considerably to the general beauty of the scenery; whilst its situation on the great roads from London to Chester and Liverpool, and from Birmingham to Nottingham, &c.; together with its contiguity to the Fazeley and Coventry canals, which open a direct communication with the Grand Trunk, the Trent and Mersey, and other great canals and navigable rivers, render the town as advantageous for trade as it is for retirement. The MARKET held here every Saturday, is plentifully supplied with corn and provisions of all kinds. Here are likewise seven annual FAIRS, for cattle and merchandise, held on the last Monday in January; the first Mondays in March and April; May 4th, and four following days; July 26th, and four following days; first Monday in September; October 24th, and four following days; and December 15th. The May, July, and October fairs, are on the feasts of St. George, St. Swithen, and St. Edward the Confessor, old style. Those held in March, April, and December, were established a few years ago. *Races* are held occasionally in Calford Meadow. At *Fazeley*, about one mile south of Tamworth, are extensive wharfs and warehouses on the canal, two extensive *cotton mills*, and two large wool stapling establishments; and in various other parts of the parish are several corn mills, bleach works, dyehouses, and a paper mill; but the calico print works and the woollen manufactures, noticed by Pitt and other authors, were discontinued many years ago, as also were the two banking houses.

Tamworth appears to have been a town of considerable note at a very early period, and evidently derives its name from the river Tame. During the Saxon Heptarchy, it was a royal village, being the favourite residence of the *Mercian Kings*, who dated many of their charters from *Tamenecordige*, or *Tamewmdine, as it was anciently called*. One of these charters was from the *celebrated Offa*, to the monks of Worcester, in 781. At this

period, a vast ditch 45 feet in breadth, protected the town and royal demesne on the north, west, and east; the rivers serving as a defence on the south side. Of this ditch some vestiges may still be traced; and at two angles which it forms, are two mounts, probably raised as the foundations of small towers. Many bones of men and horses have been discovered here, during the last seventy years. Upon the invasion of this kingdom by the *Danes*, as mentioned in the general history, Tamworth was totally destroyed. *Ethelfleda*, however, the celebrated daughter of the illustrious Alfred, rebuilt it in the year 913, after she had, by her prudence and valour, succeeded in freeing her brother's dominions from the grasp of the marauding invaders. This lady also erected a *tower* on the artificial mount which forms the site of the present castle, and here she generally resided till her death in 920. About two years after this event, Tamworth witnessed the submission of all the Mercian tribes, together with the Prince of Wales, to the sovereign power of her brother Edward. In the 9th century, *St. Editha*, the sister of Ethelwolf, is said to have founded a small *monastery* here, but the truth of this statement is extremely doubtful; she is, however, the tutelary saint of the church, and was a nun at Burton Abbey. When Canute, the Dane, obtained the sovereignty of England, in 1017, he had a royal *mint* here, as also had William II., but the coins struck here are very scarce. During the Commonwealth, the corporation struck a local halfpenny, inscribed on one side, "Tamworth Chamberlains;" and on the other, "For Change and Charitie." In 1799, two other *copper tokens* were struck here by the Rev. F. Blick, and John Harding, calico printer; one bearing views of the Church and Castle, and the other of the Castle and Town-Hall.

After the accession of William the Conqueror to the throne of England, Tamworth continued a royal demesne till Henry III. let it at a certain rent to the tenants of the castle, and constituted it a free borough; but the inhabitants afterwards forfeited their charter, which was restored by Edward II. A market and other immunities had been held by prescription from the time of the Saxons, if not earlier; but the town again fell into decay, and lost the name of a borough till it was restored by a *charter* of *Queen Elizabeth*, which was confirmed by one of the 16th of *Charles II.*, under which the town is now governed by a High Steward, two Bailiffs, a Recorder, a Town Clerk, and 24 Capital Burgesses; and sends two members to Parliament. The right of voting is in the inhabitants paying *scot and lot;* and the members are returned jointly by the bailiffs, who are elected annually from the capital burgesses; one for the Staffordshire, and the other for the Warwickshire portion of the borough. The bailiffs have the power of holding a three weeks' *court of record*, and act as *justices* of the peace within *the borough*. They have likewise a court leet once a-year, a



gaol, and a common seal; and they, with the 24 capital burgesses, (of whom the town clerk is one,) are lords of the manor. The borough gives the title of *Viscount Tamworth* to Earl Ferrers, of Chartley. In 1796, the late Marquis Townshend was chosen high steward of the borough; and the Parliamentary interest was, till about twenty years ago, divided between his family, as owners of the castle, and that of the late Marquis of Bath, by the influence of his neighbouring seat of Drayton Basset; but the latter is now the seat of the *Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, Bart.*, who is at present both High Steward and one of the Parliamentary Representatives of the borough. The other member is the *Hon. Lord Charles Vere Ferrers Townshend*, the eldest son of the present Marquis Townshend. Mr. Thomas Hunt is the Recorder; Mr. Thomas Willington the Town Clerk; and Messrs. Joseph Knight and John Thompson are the two Bailiffs for 1833-4. The three latter, and the following gentlemen, are the Capital Burgesses forming the corporate body, viz.: Thos. Arnold, Rev. Francis Blick, Thos. Buckerfield, Richard Bird, sen., Richard Bird, jun., Cave Browne, James Berrie, Wm. Cox, Thomas Freeman, R. K. Fallows, Robert Fowler, John Hall, Joseph Heath, Thomas Holmes, R. W. Lloyd, Robert Neville, William Parsons, sen., William Parsons, jun., Shirley Palmer, James Pipe, William Robinson, Samuel Tylecote, and Francis Willington.—The *Sergeants at Mace* are John Barber and Samuel Britain; and Richard West is the *Town Crier*.

The Town-Hall, where the corporation transact their business, and where the *assemblies* are held, is a handsome building in the Market-place. It was rebuilt in 1707, by Thomas Guy, Esq., one of the former representatives of the borough in Parliament, and the founder of the alms-houses; but in 1812, it was enlarged and beautified at a considerable expense, towards which Sir Robert Peel gave £500.

The CASTLE stands on the south-east side of the town, upon a lofty artificial mount, rising within the angle formed by the conflux of the Tame and Anker. Until the commencement of the last century, it was the seat of its lords, the first of whom was Robert Marmion, Lord of Fontnoy, in Normandy, and a celebrated chieftain in the army of William the Conqueror. His discendants possessed it till 1291, when it passed by marriage to William Mortein, and from him to the Frevilles. In little more than a century afterwards, it passed to the Ferrers, from whom it descended to the Comptons, whose heiress, Lady Charlotte Compton, Baroness de Ferrers, only daughter of the Earl of Northampton, carried it in marrige to George, *first Marquis Townshend*, who died in 1807, and was succeeded by his son George, the late Marquis, who died in 1811, when his honours and estates devolved on his son, George Fer-

rers Townshend, the present "*Marquis, Viscou a aron Townshend, Earl of Leicester, Baron Ferrers d pton, and co-heir of the Barony of Bourchier.*" But o in some improvidence of one of his ancestors, Tamworth astle and its demesne, (300 acres,) with a part of the borough a l some adjacent estates, were alineated or mortgaged to M Robins, an auctioneer of London, who died in 1833, and whose executors have lately obtained a decree from the Lord Chancellor, to sell the said property in 100 lots, which were put up by auction on Sept. 11th and 12th, 1833; but no purchaser has yet been found for the castle, nor is it yet known whether the sale of the other property is strictly legal or not. Part of the castle is occupied by John Temple, Esq. and the exterior is kept in a tolerable state of repair. Its embattled walls and towers have a dull and heavy appearance, but the elevation of its site and the umbrageous foliage of the surrounding declivities, throw around it an air of considerable grandeur. All the apartments, except the dining and drawing rooms, are extremely inconvenient and irregular; and many of them are much injured by the corroding hand of time, and the want of necessary repairs. The architecture is of various periods, and the chief object of attraction is the beautiful view which the castle leads command of the town and the surrounding country. On the western side of the town, at the end of Lichfield-street, is the *Moat House*, a curious mansion erected in 1572, by the Comberfords.

The CHURCH, dedicated to St. Editha, is supposed to occupy the site of a nunnery founded by that saint, but the date of its erection is unknown, though Leland thinks it must have been the work of one of the Marmions, soon after the Norman Conquest. Some person of that family, probably the founder, constituted it a *collegiate church*, and placed in it a *dean and six prebendaries*, each of whom had his substitute or vicar. St. Editha is said to have had an image here, which was destroyed at the time of the dissolution. The seven incumbents enjoyed pensions till 1553. In the reign of Elizabeth, the college and all its prebends were granted to Edward Downing and Peter Ashton. For many years afterwards, the Church was only considered a curacy; but, towards the close of the last century, a decision of the House of Lords declared it to be a *vicarage*, which is now in the patronage of Charles Edward Repington, Esq., and incumbency of the Rev. Francis Blick, M.A., whose income is very small compared with the extent and population of his parish. In 1809, the church was re-pewed, and the whole edifice completely repaired the cost of £4000, towards which the Marquis Townsd and Sir Robert Peel contributed liberally; and the ainder was raised by other contributions, and the profit of oratorio. It will now seat 3000 people, and the communion amented with a tesselated pavement found under some

of the old pews. The tower is very massive, and surmounted by lofty pinnacles, one of which was blown down December 31st, 1833. The nave, chancel, and aisles, are very spacious, and contain many ancient and modern monuments, some of which have effigies of the Frevilles and Ferrers, as large as life, and beautifully executed in marble.

The CATHOLIC CHAPEL, near Aldersgate, is dedicated to St. John, and was erected in 1829, with a house for the priest, at the cost of £2200. It is a handsome brick edifice, cemented in imitation of stone. Its altar-piece is an excellent painting of Christ healing the sick. The Rev. James Kelly is its present pastor. Here are also four DISSENTING CHAPELS, viz., one belonging to the *Methodists*, at Bole-bridge, built in 1816; one to the *Independents*, in Aldersgate, built in 1827; one to the *Baptists*, in Peel-street; and one to the *Quakers*, in Lichfield-street.

The CHARITIES belonging to the borough and parish of Tamworth are numerous and valuable; but the Parliamentary Commissioners, who visited the town in 1823, found but few documents relating to the origin of the gifts, and their principal source of information on that subject, was from a manuscript book, written in 1690, by Samuel Langley, a late vicar. The Corporation are *trustees* of most of those belonging to the borough.

The FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL, with a large house for the master, is in Gungate. Leland says, "there is a guild of St. George in Tamworth, and to it belonged £5 land per annum, and of late one John Bailie gave other £5 land unto it, and therewith is now erected a grammar school." Queen Elizabeth, in 1588, re-founded this school, for the education and instruction of boys and youths in grammar, to continue for all future time, and to consist of one master or pedagogue; and she confirmed to it a yearly rent charge of £10. 13s. 2½d. granted out of the revenues of the crown by Edward VI. She appointed the bailiffs and commonalty of Tamworth to be a body corporate, by the name of guardians of the possessions, &c. of the said school, and gave them the power of appointing the master. This was afterwards confirmed by the corporation charter, granted to the borough in the 16th of Charles II.; but the master now only receives £7. 13s. yearly from crown revenues, the remainder being deducted for land tax and office fees. His salary has, however, been augmented by the following benefactions, viz.:—£5 yearly, left by *Sir Francis Nethersole*, in 1659, for the instruction of six poor boys of Polesworth and Warton; £10 a-year, left by *Wm. Ashley*, in 1666, out of land in Essex; £5. 1s. 6d. yearly, given by John Vaughton; £2. 9s. 9d. yearly, left by *Rd.* and *Eliz. Beardsley*; £2 from John Rawlet's gift, and 10s. from Henry Mitchell's gift, making a total yearly income of £33. 11s. 3d. In 1823, there were only four scholars,

who attended the school two hours in the morning to be instructed in Latin, and then went to other schools to learn reading, writing, and arithmetic, which latter are the only branches of learning required by the inhabitants generally; and consequently this endowed school will never be of any benefit to the poor until the governors require the master to teach them to a certain number of free scholars, as has been done at many other ancient grammar schools.

RAWLET'S FREE SCHOOL, in Church-street, was founded in 1686, by the Rev. John Rawlet, for the education of 12 poor boys and 10 girls, as will be seen in the list of *Benefactions*, where an annuity of £10, for the instruction of 16 young children at two other schools, pursuant to the will of *Lord Weymouth*, is likewise noticed.

The NATIONAL, INFANT, and SUNDAY SCHOOLS, form a handsome and spacious brick building, in College-street, stuccoed in imitation of stone, and erected in 1828, at the cost of nearly £1200, of which £676 arose from the profits of two *Bazaars*, held in the Town Hall, in 1826 and 1828; £200 from the National School Society; £50 from the Lichfield Diocesan Society, and the remainder from individual contributions. During six days in the week, 130 boys, 95 girls, and 100 infants attend these schools; and a number of other children attend on Sundays. Behind the schools are commodious play grounds.

The PERMANENT LIBRARY, at Cole-hill, was established in 1804, and now contains upwards of 2000 volumes, belonging to about 60 subscribers, who pay one guinea each per annum. New members pay an initiation fee of 2½ guineas. Here is also an HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, established in 1831, to which the subscribers pay 2s. per annum.

The SAVINGS' BANK, in Silver-street, was opened in 1823, and in 1831 had deposits amounting to £18,211. 14s. 2d. belonging to 529 individuals, 11 charitable societies, and 2 sick clubs. It is open every Monday, from 12 till 1 o'clock. The Revs. R. Taylor and E. Blick are the acting managers, and Mr. Thomas Hill, the clerk. There were formerly two *Commercial Banking Houses* in the town, but both of them failed upwards of 12 years ago, and many of the inhabitants sustained heavy losses.

The BENEFACTIONS to the poor produce the following *yearly sums*, viz.:—£6 for flannel and cloth (and 13s. 4d. for a sermon on Nov. 1st,) left by *Henry Suckley*, in 1564, out of land at Corbetslye, Essex, and two houses in Watling-street, London; 40s. by *Stephen Baylie*, in 1620, out of the Tamhorn estate; 10s. by *John Wightwick*, out of Spittlefield; 16s. from £18, by *Thomas Cheatle*, in 1628; 20s. (with 10s. to the minister, and 10s. to the school-master) by *Henry Mitchell*, in 1629, out of *land in Tamworth*, lately belonging to John Robins, Esq.;



£10 by *Sir John Ferrers*, in 1630, out of Lea-hall, near Bradbourn, in Derbyshire; £8 from Lidge-lane close, at Fazeley, and 26s. from land occupied by the Coventry Canal, both left by *Edward Drayton;* but out of these rents 20s. is paid to the poor of Atherstone;—40s. by *Rd. Vaughton*, out of Gorsty-Perricrofts, in Bolehall; £5, out of a close in Wigginton-field, purchased with the gifts of *Eliz. Mitchell*, and *Ann Osburn;* £20, from a house and garden in Gungate, left by the *Earl of Northampton*, and for some time used as the workhouse; £6. 15s. by *Eliz. Beardsley*, from £135 secured on the turnpikes from Tamworth to Ashby, Fielden Bridge, and Measham, for bread; 21s. 8d. by *Mrs. Harcourt*, out of land at Fillongley; 10s. (with 10s. to the poor of Wigginton) by *Thomas Cope*, out of Chare's croft; £5 to the poor of the parish, and 6s. 8d. to the curate of Amington, from £120 left by *Rd. Repington*, and now vested with C. E. Repington, Esq.; (this legacy is equally divided amongst the poor of Bolehall, Glasscote, Tamworth, Wigginton, and Amington); £14, by *Henry Smith*, out of the manor of Drayton Basset, for relieving the sick and clothing poor boys; £7. 9s. from Kettlebrook close, left by *Rd. & Eliz. Beardsley*, in 1670, for the equal benefit of the vicar, the schoolmaster, and the poor; £17. 15s. 6d. also divided into three portions for the same parties, and arising from two crofts and two houses left by *John Vaughton*, in 1683; £6, from land on Stanley Pipe Wolferstan, Esqr's. estate, in Wigginton, given in exchange for land left by *Sir Henry Gough*, in 1686; £109, from 32 acres of land and 5 houses, left in 1686 by the *Rev. John Rawlet*, for apprenticing four poor boys, for educating 12 boys and 10 girls, and for relieving the poor, after paying £4 to the vicar for four sermons, and £2 to the master of the Grammar School; £14. 7s. paid by the churchwardens of Atherstone, as the Tamworth portion of *Wm. Symond's Charity*, for apprenticing poor boys, left in 1687; £88, arising from 25 acres of land, and £1364. 15s. three per cent. consols, purchased with £400 left by *Samuel Port*, in 1705, and the savings of the yearly proceeds of his charity, which he directed to be employed in apprenticing poor children of Tamworth to trades in London,* except 21s. for a sermon in October; £8 from £200, four per cents. left by *Mary Wilson*, in 1808, for apprenticing one poor boy yearly; £27. 9s. 7d. from houses and land purchased in 1698 with the bequests of *Lady Clobury and Rebecca Mitchell*, for the poor; 13s. from two cottages, in Gungate, left in 1701, by *Walter Ashmore*, and 15s. from £15, arrears of the said annuity; £16, from Peddy Croft, in Bolehall, left by *Thomas Blood*, one-half to 20 poor housekeepers, and the other to the curate; 20s. from £20 left by *Christian Orton*, for six poor widows; 10s. to the minister, 5s. to the clerk and organist, and

* *A premium of* £40 *is given with each apprentice, and the trustees say it is difficult to procure good masters in London, even for that sum.*

5s. to the poor, left by *Eliz. Mathews*, in 1795; 50s. from £50, left by *Mary Dones*, in 1788, for the support of Sunday Schools, together with £100 three per cent. consols, for providing bread and a sermon yearly, and the interest of £100, for apprenticing poor children; and an annuity of £10, left by *Lord Weymouth*, and now paid by the Marquis of Bath, for the instruction of 16 young children in reading and knitting. Several smaller charities belonging to Tamworth are lost. The following belong to the OUT-TOWNSHIPS of the parish.

GUY'S ALMS-HOUSE, in Gungate, is a substantial building, containing 12 dwelling rooms, with separate entrances, and two rooms used as a *library*, in which the books given for the use of the parishioners, by the Rev. John Rawlet, in 1686, are deposited. This alms-house was founded and endowed with an annuity of £115, by Thomas Guy, Esq. of London, in 1724, for the reception of 12 poor men or women, of Wilnecott, Glascote, Bolehall, Amington, Wigginton, and Hopwas; his poor relations having the preference. The annuity is received from the governors of Guy's Hospital, in Southwark; and out of the savings thereof, nine parcels of building land, in Birmingham, have been purchased for £1570, and they are now let for £68, swelling the total yearly income of the charity to £183, from which the 12 alms-people have each a weekly stipend of 4s.; and the remaining part of the income, after paying for repairs, &c. is divided among the founder's poor relations, principally of the names of Vaughton and Wood, without reference to the place of their residence. The *alms-house* was rebuilt about seven years ago, and is a neat brick building, with gardens behind it for the use of the inmates. The founder was a native of Tamworth, and a celebrated bookseller and citizen of London, where he bequeathed £200,000 for the foundation of the hospital in Southwark, which bears his name.—The alms-house here occupies the site of a religious house or hospital, dedicated to St. James, and founded by Philip Marmion, in the 15th of Edward I.

The *benefactions to Amington township* amount yearly as follows:—£6 from the proprietors of the Grand Junction Canal, for land left in 1660, by *Hugh Sharpe*, for nine poor families; 10s. out of Dester's close, left in 1658, by *John George;* and 20s. out of Tell Feathers close, left in 1669, by *Rd. Beardsley*. One-half of the two latter belongs to the poor of *Bolehall* and *Glascote*. The SCHOOL AT HOPWAS and the croft adjoining, were given in 1724, by *Thomas Barnes*, and have since been augmented with an allotment of common land, containing 2A. 2R. 14P. The whole of the premises are worth about £14 per annum, and are occupied by a school mistress, who teaches about 20 free scholars. *Wigginton township* has the following yearly doles, viz. £8. 15s. 9d. from £293 three per cent. consols, *purchased with* £200 left in 1774, by Elizabeth Beards-



ley, one half to the curate and the other to the poor; £10 from £200, left in 1795, by *John Taylor*, for the same uses; and two sums of 10s. each, out of two farms, left by unknown donors, for the poor. *Fazeley township* has for the poor, 20s. a-year left by *John Walton*, in 1727, out of land at Kingsbury; and £2 arising from land in Fazeley, left in 1729, by *Samuel Twigg*.

FAZELEY is a considerable village on the canal, to which it gives name, and in the pleasant vale of the Tame, 1½ mile S. of Tamworth. The Coleshill road is here crossed by the great Roman Watling-street, which, at the east end of the village, crosses the river Tame and enters Warwickshire, on its route to London. The *township* and *chapelry* of Fazeley, includes the neighbouring hamlets of BONEHILL, BANGLEY, BITTERSCOTE, and DUNSTAL, which encompasses the east end of the Park of Drayton Basset, the seat of Sir Robert Peel, Bart., who is lord of this manor and principal owner of the soil, and whose father established here two extensive *cotton mills* on the river Tame; at one of which calico is wove by power looms, and the other has machinery for weaving tape, &c. But the *calico printing works*, at Bonehill, commenced by the late Baronet, were taken down in 1833, after being for some years unoccupied. Besides its cotton manufacture, Fazeley enjoys an extensive traffic on the canal, and has several extensive *wharfs*, one of which is *free*, and has a powerful crane for lifting stone, timber, and other heavy articles. Here are also two large *woolstapling* establishments, and MONTHLY FAIRS for sheep and cattle, held on the second Mondays in January, February, April, October, and December; last Mondays in May and June; third Mondays in July, August, September, and November, and March 21st. The *wake* is on the first Sunday after Old Michaelmas day. The *Chapel of Ease* is a neat edifice, built and endowed in 1810, by the late Sir Robert Peel, whose son, the present Baronet, is the patron, and the Rev. C. Thompson the incumbent. Edmund and William Peel, Esqrs., have neat and pleasant mansions at Bonehill, half a mile N.W. of Fazeley.

SYERSCOTE, 2¼ miles N. by E. of Tamworth, is a township with a few cottages and a neat house, occupied by Joseph Earp, Esq., the owner of the estate, which was anciently a prebend of Tamworth.

WIGGINTON is a village 2 miles N. of Tamworth, comprising within its *township* and *chapelry*, the hamlets of COMBERFORD, COTON, and HOPWAS, situated on the banks of the ame, from 1 to 2 miles W. of Wigginton, and N.W. of Tamh. These hamlets were formerly prebends to Tamworth ch, and mostly in open fields, which were enclosed in , *Wigginton Chapel* was rebuilt in 1777, and enlarged in , *so that* it has now 270 sittings, of which 142 are free.

The Rev. R. W. Lloyd is the curate, and the vicar of Tamworth the patron. Sir Robert Peel is the principal landowner, but here are many smaller freeholders. On the north-west side of the village, is a flat space called *Money Lands*, where many ancient coins and human bones have been found; and near Low Flat, is a remarkable eminence called *Robin Hood's Butt*. Plott mentions a singular instance of abstinence here, viz. "*Mary Vaughton*, a maiden of a fresh complexion, who never took more food in one day than a piece of bread and butter the size of half-a-crown; or if meat, not above the size of a pigeon's leg; nor of drink, more than a spoonful of milk or water." *Comberford* is partly in Elford parish, and the *Hall* is the seat and property of William Tongue, Esq., and stands pleasantly on the east bank of the Tame, 2½ miles N. by W. of Tamworth. On the same river, a mile nearer Tamworth, is CORON, where are *Alder Mills*, employed in grinding corn and making paper, and a large *cotton factory*, which has not been occupied since the bankruptcy of Messrs. Fowler, several years ago. HOPWAS is on the opposite side of the Tame, on the Lichfield road, which here crosses the river and the canal. The handsome bridge on the Tame was erected after 1795, when the old one was washed down in a great flood. The *wake*, at Wigginton, is on the Sunday after Nov. 5th, (old style;) and that at Hopwas, on the Sunday after Lammas day.

The TOWNSHIPS in WARWICKSHIRE, belonging to Tamworth parish, are AMINGTON and STONEDELPH, 2 miles E. of Tamworth, where is *Amington Hall*, the seat of C. E. Repington, Esq., and the ruins of an ancient *chapel*;—BOLEHALL and GLASCOTE, forming a north-eastern suburb of Tamworth, with which the former is connected by a long but narrow bridge;—and WILNECOTE and DOSTHILL, two miles S.E. of Tamworth. The *Chapel*, at Wilnecote, was re-built in 1821. The living is a curacy, in the gift of the vicar of Tamworth, and incumbency of the Rev. R. W. Lloyd.

TAMWORTH DIRECTORY.

POST OFFICE, Church street; John Twelch Greaves, Post Master. London mail arrives at ¼ past 9 morning, and departs at 5 afternoon; Birmingnam mail arr. 20 min. past 6 evening, and dep. 40 minutes past 7 morning; Chester mail arr. at 5 afternoon, and dep. ¼ past 9 morning.

The CONTRACTIONS *used are, Agt. for Aldergate, Bst. Bole Bridge street, Chn. Church lane, Cht. Church street, Chl. Colehill, Cln. College lane, Gst. George street, Ggt. Gungate, Kst. King street, Lst. Lichfield street, Lbk. Lady Bridge bank, Mkp. Market place, Mkt. Market street, Pst. Peel street, and Sst. for Silver street.*

Allen Mrs. Sar. Ggt.
Allsop Mrs. Eliz. Lst.
Allum Rd. road surveyor, Gungate
Baker Capt. Rt. Lst.
Barton Mrs. Ann, Lbk.
Bird Rd. gent. Gst.
Blick Rev. Frs. vicar, Chn. & Millfield
Blood Wm. gent. Gst.

Blunt John, cattle dealer, Bst.
Bodell Miss My. Bst.
Bourne Miss My. Chl.
Bradburn Robt. gent. Ggt.
Bramall John, corn miller; h. Bst.
Bramall Ts. Esq. Lst.
Cam Miss Mary, Gst.
Clements Rd. coachman, Lst.
Cockayne Wm. clerk, Bole bridge street
Collins Mrs. Alice, Aldergate
Coton Mrs. Sus. Ggt.
Davis Edw. farmer, Lichfield street
Dawes Mrs. My. Cst.
Dewsbery Mr. David, Coleshill
Dickenson Rev. Thos. B.A. curate, Lst.
Flint Thos. gent. Lst.
Fowler Rt. gent. Lst.
Freeman Capt. Earle, Lichfield street
Freeman Thos. gent. Church street
Freeman Wm. gent. Bst.
Glover Mrs. Sar. Agt.
Goodess Edw. Iliff, vestry clerk & gov. of Workhouse
Greaves Jno. Twelch, professor of music, Church street
Hall Jno. fellmonger, George street
Harding Mrs. Mary, Lbk.
Hastilow Jno. farmer, Bole bridge st.
Heath Jph. gent. Chl.
Hoskinson Ann, Thistle field
Jones Hy. par. clerk, & constable, Cht.
Jones Mr. Thos. Cht.
Kelly Rev. J. (Cath.) Aldergate
Kirton Mrs. Martha, Lichfield street
Knight Jph. grazier, *Church street*
Ladbury Chas. drpr.; h. Market place
Langley Wm. spade shaft mkr. Ggt.
Lloyd Rev. Rt. Watkin, M.A. Cst.
Marshall Mr. Ts. Ggt.
Mitchell Jas. gent. George street
Moore John, chaise & gig owner, Lst.
Moore Wm. chaise & gig owner, Cht.
Palmer Mrs. Shirley, Aldergate
Poole Thos. gent. Ggt.
Preston Mrs. Mgt. Lst.
Redfern Wm. hay & straw dlr. Cht.
Robinson Wm. veterinary surgn. Lbk.
Roby Mrs. Eliz. Lst.
Roe Jno. sexton, Cht.
Ruffe Wm. gent. Cambrian cottage
Saunders John, farrier, College lane
Shaw Thos. cowkpr. Lst.
Temple Jph. gent. Castle
Thompson John, surgeon, Moat house
Webster Mrs. Sarah, Lbk.
West Rd. town crier, Church street
Whitmore John, furniture broker, Bst.
Willcox John, gent. Lichfield street
Williams Evan, (excise) Agt.
Woody Mrs. Alice, Moat house

Academies.
*Marked * take Boarders.*
* Butler Hanh. (ladies' bdg.) Cst.
Grammar, Rev. Thos. Pearson Lammin, Gungate
* Hamel Sarah Eliz. Bole bridge house
National, Ts. Drake, Cath. Willis, and Sarah Adcock
* Smith Frances, Lbk.
* Spooner Ts. Piercy, Church street
Tuffield Fdk. Cht.
Wainwright Ths. Cht.
Willis James, (Rawlet's) Cht.
Wright Eleanor, Lbk.

Artists.
Hamel Etienne Bruno, Bole bridge hs.
Webb Wm. Lst.

Attorneys.
Holmes Thos. Lst.
Nevill Robert, Gst.
Stevens Thos. Brook Bridges, Lst.
Willington Francis, Cole hill
Willington Thomas, (& town clerk) Colehill
Woodcock Jph. Mkp.

Auctioneers.
Cotton & Thorniloe, Church street
Evans Thos. Gst.
Hunt Thos. (& bailiff) Cht.

Bakers & Flour dlrs.
Atkins Jph. Cht.
Jefcoate Saml. Lst.
Logan Wm. (& horse breaker) Cht.
Mountfort John, Bst.
Mountfort Jph. Mkt.
Orton Thos. Cht.
Palmer Geo. Lst.
Rice Allen, Sst.
Shirley George, Ggt

Basket makers.
Dafforn Saml. Mkt.
Long David, Lst.

Blacksmiths.
Holyoake Thos. Ggt.
Hopkins Jph. Lst.
Ison Wm. Gungate
Riley Wm. Bst.
Sommers John, Agt.
Tyler Wm. Gungate
Webster Thos. Lst.

Booksellers, &c.
Baker Ann, Mkt.

Beard Jph. (printer & binder) Agt.
Cotton Rd. (printer) Church street
Hawksworth Hanh. Market street
Smith John, (periodicals) Mkp.

Boot & Shoe makers.

Alldritt Jph. Bst,
Arnold Thos. Bst.
Barber John, Cln.
Barber John, Lst.
Baxter Thomas, Gst.
Brooks John, Lbk.
Brown Wm. Gungate
Carter Jph. Bull yard
Carter Thomas, Gst.
Clarke James, Lst.
Clement Rd. Bst.
Cox James, Bst.
Danks Fras. (whs.) Market street
Drake Jno. Silver st.
Drake Thos. Chn.
Found William, Bst.
Healey Thos. Gun gt.
Knight W. Silver st.
Miller Jph. Cht.
Miller Thomas, Lst.
Nicholls John, Chn.
Pallet Thomas, Lst.
Pegg William, Bst.
Poynton Thos. Chn.
Riley Joseph, Cht.
Robinson Thos. Lbk.
Smith Danl. Gun gt.
Vaughton Jph. Lst.
Ward Rd. Market st.
Webster Robt. Cht.
Whitehead Saml. (& last mfr.) Lst.

Brickmakers.

Arnold Thos. David, and Jph. Lst.
Beard Eliz. Gun gt.
Patrick Thos. Agt.
Whitmore Thomas, *Kittlebrook*

Bricklayers, &c.

Clarson John, Agt.
Clarson Wm. Lst.
Keeling Joseph, Lst.

Butchers.

Blood Mary, Mkp.
Cooke Ed. George st.
Cope Thomas, Lst.
Farmer John, Chn.
Gadsby Ellen, Sst.
Harrison Saml. Lst.
Holloway John, Gst.
Johnson Wm. Mkt.
Jones Daniel, Bst.
Morgan Richd. Cht.
Pratt James, Gun gt.
Wallis Martha, Gst.
Woolfe Rd. Hayfield, Bole bridge street

Cabinet Makers.

Harris Thomas, Lst.
Horton George, Bst.
Jones Edward, (and upholsterer,) Chl.
Mouseley John, Chl.
White John, (clock case mkr.) Bst.

Chair Makers and Turners.

Holloway Chas. Cht.
Marshall John, Lst.
Pickering Thos. Bst.

China, Glass, &c. dlrs.

Hamel Bruno, (and toy & cutlery dlr.) George street
Langley Jane, Cht.
Thurman Eliz. Gst.

Clothes Brokers.

Moore Hy. Gun gt.
Stephenson Wm. Chn.

Confectioners.

Barsby Lois, Mkt.
Cox Sarah, Cht.
Langley Jane, Cht.
Miller Joseph, Cht.

Coopers.

Spare Robert, Mkp.
Ward Seth, Aldergt.
Wilcox Charles, Lst.

Corn & Flour dealers.

Eaton Edmund, Lst.
Edden Thomas, Mkp.
Pountney Rich. Chl.
Shirley Geo. Gun gt.

Corn Millers.

Heath and Bramall, Castle mills

Curriers.

Aldridge Saml. Cht.
Felthouse John, Cht.
Grist Nathl. Bst.
Peters Richard, Bst.

Druggists.

☞ *See Grocers.*

Dyer.

Shepherd John, Gst.

Fire, &c. Offices.

Coventry, Jno. Wootton, George st.
Globe, Thomas Wilcox, Aldergate
Guardian, John Butler, Market st.
Norwich, Jas. & Sl. Wilcox, Silver st.
Royal Exchange, Rd. Barratt, Mkt.
Sun, Thos. Hill, Sst.

Fishmgrs. & Fruiterers.

Fletcher Wm. Mkt.
Harris Brooks, Lst.
Merrick John, Mkp.

Gardeners, &c.

Barber Thos. Agt.
Foulkes Jph. Gun gt,
Hastilow Thos. Bst.
Heathcote Jph. Bst.
Hunter John, Bst.
Keen Samuel, Lst.
Lathbury John, Lst.
Marriott Ann, Ggt.
Marriott Thomas, (nurseryman) Agt.
Patrick Thos. Agt.
Robinson Wm. Bst.
Shelton John, Cht.
Wheeley Thos. Ggt.

*Grocers & Tea dlrs. Those marked * are Druggists also.*

* Allport Rd. Cht.
* Berrie Chas. Jas. Market place
Eaton Edmund, Lst.
* Fallows Rt. Kirkman, Mkp.
* Farmer Jph. Bst.
Glover Saml. (wholesale) Silver st.
Hall Eliz. & Harriet, Market place
* Hanson Saml. Mkt.
* Parsons Wm. and Son, (wholesale,) Market place
Pickard Sarah, Mkt.
Shirley Geo. Gun gt.

Hatters.

Bodell Thomas, Bst.

Buckerfield, Thos. & Edward, Gst.
Hare Jas. (and carpet whs.) Mkt.
Hosiers.
Mottram John Hunt, (and wool stapler) Cole hill
Riley John, Cht.
Hotels, Inns, and Taverns.
Bell, Thos. Biddle, Gun gate
Boot, Samuel Mottram, Lichfield st.
Castle Inn, Urrum Lucas, Market st.
Dog, Eliz. Beard, Ggt.
George, Jacob Clarke, George street
George IV., Henry Woodlands, Gst.
Golden Cup, Thomas Orton, Church st.
Hare & Hounds, Jas. Webster, Lst.
Holly Bush, Samuel Jefcoate, Lst.
Jolly Button Turner, Jas. Hastilow, Bst.
King's Arms Hotel, James Carter Barton, Market st.
King's Head, Joseph Knowles, Mkt.
Malt Shovel, Job Keen, Lichfield st.
New Star, Charles Goodwin, Gun gt.
New Swan, Thomas Handley, Bst.
Old White Lion, Geo. Knight, Bst.
Old Swan, Jph. Hall, Bole Bridge st.
Park Inn, Rd. Taylor, Kittlebrook
Red Lion, Jno. Dutton, Lichfield st.
Red Lion, Catherine Stanley, Bst.
Rose & Crown, Mary Ann Coleman, Mkp.
Stag's Head, Richd. Atkins, Lichfield st.
Star, John Gilliver, *Gun gate*
Tamworth Arms, George Eaton, Mkt.
Three Tuns, James Wallis, Church st.
Three Tuns, Ann Hawkins, Lst.
Townshend's Arms, Wm. Weston, Ggt.
Waggon and Horses, Joseph Woodcock, George st.
Waterloo, Jph. Farmer, Bst.
Wheat Sheaf, Saml. Wilcox, Church st.
White Horse, Wm. Deakin, Lst.
White Lion, John Lucas, Lichfield st.
Ironmongers.
*Marked * are Braziers and Tinners.*
* Butler John, Mkt.
* Duffy James, Mkt.
Shilton James, Mkt.
Joiners & Builders.
Bennett Richd. Agt.
Brant Chas. Agt.
Harris Thomas, Lst.
Redfern John, Ggt.
Watton Samuel, Ggt.
Westbury Robt. Ggt.
Lace Manufacturers.
Butler John, Mkt.
Cox Wm. Market pl.
Eaton Edmund, Lst.
Truman Thos. Agt.
Willcox James, Sst.
Willcox Saml. Cht.
Linen & Woollen Drprs.
Barratt Rd. Mkt.
Pipe Jas. Silver street
Sale & Ladbury Mkp.
Twells John, Mkp.
Wain Eliz. Geo. st.
Maltsters.
Arnold Thos. Dd. & Jph. Lichfield st.
Beard Eliz. Gungt.
Jones Thos. Bst.
Shirley Geo. Gungt.
Weston Wm. Gungt.
Milliners and Dress Makers.
Ackeroyd Mary, Sst.
Barnes Mary, Cht.
Bindley Fanny, Chl.
Carter Sarah, Gst.
Hare My. & Eliza, Gst
Harrison Mary, Mkt.
Newbould Eliz. Bst.
Pitt Mary, Colehill
Shilcock Eliz. Chl.
Smith Eliz. Agt.
Wilkins Ann, Cht.
Wright & Spare, Sst
Nail Makers.
Butler John, Mkt.
Davis Wm. George st.
Taylor Wm. Lst.
Willcox Jas. & Saml. Lichfield street
Net (Fishing) Mkrs.
Capewell Thos. Chn.
Markland Rd. Lst.
Paper Maker.
Flint Geo. Alder Mills, h. Church st.
Patten and Tye Mkrs.
Willcox Jas. & Saml. Lichfield st.
Patten Ring Makers.
Ison Wm. Gungt.
Ison Wm. Bole, Bst.
Willcox Jas. & Saml. Lichfield st.
Perfumers and Hair Dressers.
Hunter John, Cht.
Stafford John W. Cht.
Vinson Jph. Sst.
Woodcock Rd. Gst.
Plumbers, Painters, and Glaziers.
Fletcher Hy. Chn.
Hunter Fras. Chl.
Pullin John, Gungt.
Sansom Chas. Church st. and *Hopwas*
Seargent Chas. Gst.
Wallis John, Cbt.
Willcox Thos. Agt.
Rope and Twine Mkrs.
Bindley Cath. Gst.
Hall, John, George st.
Orton Thos. Cht.
Willcox Wm. Lst.
Saddlers.
Bassett Wm. Bst.
Mercer Wm. Gst.
Tompson Walter, Mkt
Shopkeepers.
Cartwright Jph. Gst.
Day Mary, Cht.

Holloway Chas. Cht.
Hughes John, Gungt.
Jones Danl. Bst.
Mousley Jph. Gungt.
Pegg Wm. Bst.
Pipe Richd. Lst.
Pullin John, Gungt.
Salt Hanh. Bst.
Sharp Rt. Bst.
Thompson Jane, Lst.

Stone Masons.

Clarke Wm. Agt.
Mitchell Hy. Agt.

Straw Hat Makers.

Miller Ann, Lst.
Tompson Wm. John, George st.

Surgeons.

Baker Edw. Lst.
Bird Rd. jun. Cht.
Browne Rt. Cave, Chl.
Woody & Thompson, Lichfield st.

Tailors,
*Marked * are Clothes Dealers and Drapers.*

Akeroyd Jere. Sst.
Arnold Jph. Lst.
Blower Saml. Bst.
Camp Thos. Gungate
*Earp Thos. Chl.
*Gilbert Wm. Lst.
Hawksford Geo. Lst.
Hunter James, Cht.
*Kitchen Jas. Gst.
Mousley Wm. Cht.
Neal Jph. Lst.
Nightingale Wm. Kst.
Roe Wm. Aldergate
Wootton John, Gst.

Tallow Chandlers.

Bindley Cath. Gst.
Hall John, Gst.

Watch and Clock Makers.

Baker Ann, Mkt.
Chambley Wm. Bst.
Cooper Thomas, Mkp.
Fenton James, Chl.

Wheelwrights.

Hall John, Lst.
Hatton John, Lst.
Platts Wm. Aldergt.
Redfern John, Ggt.

Whitesmiths, &c.

Allport Rd. Mkp.
Barton John, Mkt.
Ison John, Gst.
Shelton James, Mkt.
Willcox Jas. & Saml. (engineers, turners, &c.) Lst.

Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Cox Wm. Mkp.
Kirkby Rt. Silver st.
Tylecote Saml. Chl.
Vale Jas. Church st.
Wain Eliz. George st.

COACHES

From the King's Arms and George Inns.

Mails to London 5 aft.; to Chester ½ p. 9 mg., and to Birmingham ½ before 8 morning.

The Umpire to London ½ past 10 night. and to Liverpool ½ past 5 morning.

Royal Dart to Birmingham at 3 aft., and to Nottingham half-past 11 morning.

Defiance to Birmingham ½ p. 4 aft., and to Sheffield 10 morning.

A Car from the George, to Birmingham, every Monday and Thursday at 7 morning.

CARRIERS.

*Marked * put up at White Horse, † George IV., and ‡ Tamworth Arms.*

Wm. Fox * to Birmingham, Monday 5 mg. and to Ashby-de-la-Zouch, Tuesday 8 morning.

Pettifor's Waggon * to Birmingham 5 mg., and Nottingham 2 afternoon daily.

To *Atherstone*, John Riley, Church street, Tues. 7 mg. Rt. Hudson * Saturday 5 evg.

To *Birmingham*, John Bull & Samuel Wilkins, Bole bridge st. *Wed. and Friday, 12 night.*

To *Burton*, J. Riley, Church st. Thursday 7 morning.

To *Horton*, Thos. Bradbury,† Saturday 4 afternoon.

To *Lichfield*, Wm. Cormack* and J. Thompson, ‡ Sat. 4 aft.

To *Warton*, Rd. Baxter,† Sat. 4 afternoon.

FAZELEY DIRECTORY.

Post Office, Plough and Harrow Inn, Atherstone st.; Rd. Sadler, Post Master. Letters to London, ½ p. 5 mng.; Birmingham. 8 mng. & to Lichfield, &c. at ½ p. 9 mng.

Marked 1 are at Bonehill, 2 at Dunstal, and 3 at Bangley.

Allkins Thomas, watch maker
Barnes John, maltster
Barrett Thomas, coal dealer
Birch Mgt. basket and sieve mkr.
Brown Abm. plumber, glazier, and painter
1 Buxton Samuel, bleacher
Clemenshaw John, bookkeeper
Cooke Mark Thos. bookkeeper
Farmer Mrs. Susanna
Fisher Joseph, woolstapler
1 Grundy Richard, clerk
1 Harding John, gent.
Hobson, Wm. hair dresser
Horn Wm. wool sorter
Horton Wm. bookkeeper

Hubbard Wm. bookkeeper
Jones Wm. hatter
Lakin and Best, coal dealers
Mead Jas. overseer and constable
Morgan Joseph, excise officer
Parsons Wm. bricklayer
1 Passan Mrs. Eliz.
Peel Edmd. Esq. Bonehill house
1 Peel Wm. Esq.
Riley Mr. Robert
Scott John, canal agent
Smith John, farrier
Spencer Mr. John
Thompson Rev. Cyprian, curate
Thompson Joseph, cooper
Thorneloe Geo. sheriff's officer
Wakefield Thomas, gardener
Wilkes Geo. boat owner & coal dlr.
1 Wood Thomas, gent.
Wyatt James, surgeon
Yeomans Wm. tinner and brazier

Cotton Spinners & Manufacturers.

Hunter John and Co. (and tape and lacing mfrs.) New mills
Peel Edmd. Esq. (& calico mfr.)

Public Houses.

Navigation Inn, John Sadler
Odd Fellows, John Atkinson
Plough and Harrow, Wm. Sadler
Red Lion, Wm. Sillitoe
White Lion, John Pipe

Beer Houses.

Crown, Wm. Jones
1 Lamb, Thomas Barrett
Royal Oak, Richard Keene
Shoulder of Mutton, Jno. Thacker
Shoulder of Mutton, Jno. Skellett
Stag & Pheasant, Thomas Allkins
Woolpack, Robert Butlin

Academies.

Thompson Jofin
Jennings Hanh.
Clement Eliz.

Bakers.

Biddle John
Stennitt Thos.
Storey John

Blacksmiths.

Harrison Wm.
Middleton Jno. (nail & drag-rake mfr.)

Butchers.

Baylis Thomas
Bullivant Wm.
Thacker John

Corn Millers.

1 Farmer Edw.
Mills Geo. Old Mills

Dyers.

1 Feast Edw.
Shepherd Wm.

Farmers

2 Glover Robert
3 Hanson John
Riley Thomas
Riley Joseph
3 Yeomans Sl.

Grocers and Drapers.

Birch Charles
Owen Samuel

Joiners.

Port John
1 Smith John
Yeomans Frs.

Shoemakers.

Evans Joseph
Huskins Rd.
Jennings Saml.
1 Latham John
Lees Edward
Smith Wm.
Wilkins Wm.
Yeomans Jph.

Shopkeepers.

Butlin Robert
Edwards Chs.
Graham Robert
Humphreys Eliz
Keen Richard
1 Perkins Thos.
Wardle John
1 Wilkins John

Tailors.

Childs James
Hewitt Wm.
Jenkins Peter
Macklery Thos.
Smith John

Wheelwrights.

Harrison Wm. (& gig bldr.)
Yeomans Thos.

Woolstaplers.

Webster and Fisher
Webster Wm. (& seedsman)

CARRIER, John Booth, from Farmer's Wharf to Tamworth

WHARFINGERS & CARRIERS to *all parts of the Kingdom, by Fly Boats, &c. daily.*

Bache Thos. (Jph. Manning, agt.)
Farmer Edward, (wharfinger)
Pickford & Co. (Caleb Hawkins, agent)
Thompson James, (general wharfinger and land carrier to all parts adjacent)
Birmingham Co.'s *Free Wharf*, (John Scott, agent)

COMBERFORD.

Tongue Wm. Esq. (Hall)
Bowler John Wilson, corn miller
Eaglestone Miss Ann
Emery Thomas, maltster
Neville Richard, farmer
Roberts Henry, blacksmith
Snelson Joseph, wheelwright
Storey James, shoemaker

COTON.

Marked 1 reside at Alder Mills, and 2 Wigginston Field.

Bevan Thomas, gent.
Bishop Joseph, gardener
1 Blick Rev. Francis, Mill field
1 Darby Miss Priscilla, Bdg. schl.
1 Flint Geo. paper manufacturer, h. Tamworth
1 Fowler Miss Ann England
2 Heath Henry, corn miller
1 Hill Richard, corn miller
Hill Samuel, cattle dealer
1 Massey Rev. Richard (Baptist)
Pallett Edward, gardener

Pallett Thomas, gardener
1 Smith Samuel, shoemaker
1 Smith Thomas, gent.

FARMERS.

Allport Mary	2 Sadler Fredk.
Hanson Saml.	Thurman John
Proudman Rt.	

HOPWAS.

Allcock Thomas, shopkeeper
Atkins Robert, gardener
Brightland Edward, butcher
Brown John, gamekeeper
Gadesby, Wm. coal dealer, blacksmith, and victualler, Red Lion
Hastilow Joseph, gardener
Hill George, shopkeeper
Patrick David, tailor
Patrick Eliz. schoolmistress
Proudman John, gent.
Proudman Thos. vict. Chequers
Proudman Thos. jun. shoemaker
Reeves Thomas, gardener
Sampson Chas. painter & glazier
Smith John, tailor
Stephens John, swine dealer
Turner George, shoemaker
Webster Walter, blacksmith

FARMERS.

Birch Peter	Marlow Joseph
Haskew James	Mason Robert
Jackson John	Turner Robert

WIGGINTON.

Archer Joseph, butcher
Arnold Wm. beerhouse
Bird Joseph, blacksmith
Clarke Mrs. Eliz. Lodge
Dunn Martha, schoolmistress
Ellis Thomas, wheelwright
Jackson Joseph, shoemaker
Jackson Joseph, pinder
Langley Thomas, shopkeeper
Lloyd Rev. Rt. Watkin, curate
Vaughton Joseph, chapel clerk
Wykes Mr. John

FARMERS.

Hood John	Lucas Sarah
Ingle Mattw. (& brkmkr.)	Nevill John
	Smith John
Jones Wm.	Wallis John

AMINGTON, (*in Warwickshire.*)

Marked * *are at Stonedelph.*

Repington Chas. Edw. Esq. (Hall)
Lees Thomas, blacksmith
*Long Alice, victualler, Red Lion
Miles Mary and Jph. victuallers
Orton Wm. beer house, Gate
Taylor Thomas, shoemaker

FARMERS.

* Abel Robert	Ordish Ann & J.
Brown John	Ordish Jph. and William
Ensor Thomas	
* Farmer Thos.	ShorthouseJno.
GodderidgeJas.	Wallis James

BOLEHALL AND GLASCOTE.

Marked 1 *reside at Bolehall,* 2 *Glascote,* 3 *Peddycroft.*

1 Berrie Mrs. Eleanor
3 Brown John, gardener
1 Godderidge George, gardener
1 Gray John, gent.
1 Harding Chas. tape manfr.
2 Heath Henry corn miller
2 Kenyon Rev. ——
1 Knight Wm. wholesale grocer
1 Robinson John, shopkeeper
1 Stokes Henry, Esq. tanner
Withnall Joseph, shoemaker

FARMERS.

2 Arnold Robt.	Frearson Sml.
2 Bamford Jno.	3 Hodgkins Jno.
3 Blood Thos.	2 Ordish Joseph

WILNECOTE.

Marked 1 *reside at Two Gates, and* 2 *Kittlebrook.*

Bamford Major Thos. Bradgate, Esq. (Hall)
2 Bainard James, bookkeeper
Coleman Ann, shopkeeper
Cotton Mrs. Elizabeth
Cotton John, shopkeeper
Cotton Wm. butcher
Coxon John, baker & shopkeeper
Crawford Wm. vict. Queen's Hd.
Davis David, shoemaker
1 Davis Joseph, joiner
2 Dickenson Edw. Wakefield, Esq. Dosthill Spa
Garratt Mrs. Dorothy
Gibson John, blacksmith
1 Hamer Joseph, shopkeeper
Harris John, bricklayer
Hoskison Ann, brickmaker
Humpherstone Richard, joiner
Huskins John, corn miller
1 Jones John, beer house
1 Kirk Benjamin, beer house
2 Lakin and Best, coal masters
Long John, cooper
Long John, shoemaker
1 Maddocks Rd. vict. Bull's Head
Paul Miss Sarah
1 Simmons John & Jph. pipe mfrs.
Snape Mary and Eliz. blacksmiths
Spear Wm. rope maker

Summerfield James, saddler
Vallance Adam, vict. White Hart
Wallis Thomas, butcher
Webster John, woolstapler
Wilkinson William, tailor
Wright Ann, shopkeeper

FARMERS.

Alsager Mary | Flint John
Baker Wm. | Paul James

TATENHILL is an ancient village, seated in a deep, romantic glen, between two high hills, which gradually descend from the eastern border of Needwood Forest, 3¼ miles W.S.W. of Burton-upon-Trent. Its extensive PARISH contains 2150 inhabitants, and about 9435 acres of land; as will be seen with the following enumeration of its four townships :—

Townships.	*Acres.*	*Pop.*	*Townships.*	*Acres.*	*Pop.*
Tatenhiill	2235	475	Dunstall	1700	204
Barton.....	3900	1344	Wichnor	1600	137

Of the first three townships, upwards of 2300 acres are new enclosure, forming the *Barton Ward of Needwood Forest* (see p. 369,) and a large portion of it belonging to the KING, who has reserved *Banister Hollies*, *Rangemoor Dingles*, and some other small pieces of hilly land, for the growth of timber.

TATENHILL township comprises the greater part of *Callingwood*, 1¼ miles N.W.; and most of *Highlands Park*, *Range Moor*, and *Sherholt Lodge*, on the forest, from 2 to 3 miles W. and N.W. of the village. Sir Wilmot Horton is lord of Tatenhill manor, and Sir Oswald Mosley, of Callingwood, which latter is a large district partly in Rolleston parish; but here are a number of other freeholders, and several lessees of the Crown. The CHURCH is a large ancient fabric, dedicated to St. Michael. It is a *rectory*, valued in the King's books at £26. 1s. 8d.; and at the enclosure of Needwood received an allotment of 215A. 38P. The Dean of Lichfield is the patron and appropriator, and the Rev. H. G. Cooper is the incumbent curate. The church tower is remarkable as the object of an echo, which returns, to the opposite acclivity, no less than five syllables, distinctly. The *National School* was erected by subscription, about 20 years ago, and has now about 50 free scholars belonging to this township and Dunstall.

BARTON-UNDER-NEEDWOOD is a large and well-built village, nearly 5 m.S.W. by S. of Burton-on-Trent, comprising within its extensive *township and chapelry* a large portion of the enclosed forest, many scattered farmsteads, several handsome villas, and a fine tract of pasture land, extending along the western bank of the Trent. In Domesday book, it is called *Bertune*, and described as the property of the crown. Edward the Confessor granted it to Henry de Ferrers; from whom it passed to the Somervilles, and afterwards to the Earls of Derby, one whom forfeited it by rebellion in 1263, when Henry III. gave to his youngest son, Edmund, Earl of Lancaster. It subsequently reverted to the crown as a part of the Duchy of Lancaster, but was sold by Charles I. in 1629, to the citizens of London, of whom it was purchased by Sir Edward Bromfie[illegible]

The present lord of the manor is Sir Wilmot Horton; but Sir E. Antrobus, George Birch, Esq., Theophilus Levett, Esq. and several others have large estates here. *Barton Hall*, a neat modern mansion, is the seat of Rd. Butler Fowler, Esq. *Yewtree House*, the ancient seat of the Sanders family, has just been rebuilt in the Gothic style, and is now occupied by J. Webb, Esq. NEWBOLD MANOR, one mile E. of Barton, is the seat and estate of C. P. Johnstone, Esq.; and near it are several *saline springs*, which, Plott says, have such an effect upon the pastures, as to change the colour of the cattle that graze on them, from a black, red, or brown, to a whitish dun. About a mile E. of the village, is the hamlet of BARTON TURNING, on the Trent and Mersey canal; and a little further to the east, a handsome BRIDGE, of stone and iron, has just been raised across the river Trent, at the cost of £7000, raised in £10 shares. The *ferry*, which here crossed the river to Walton, in Derbyshire, was often difficult and dangerous. Barton CATTLE FAIRS are held on May 3rd and Nov. 28th; and the *wake* on the first Sunday in August. The CHURCH, or chapel of ease, is a neat stone edifice, dedicated to St. James, and founded by Dr. John Taylor, a native of this village, and the eldest son of *three at a birth*, who were shewn, when children, to Henry VII., who immediately placed them under his royal patronage, so that it is said "they all came to be doctors, and to good preferment." The windows of the chancel, which have lately been repaired, display rich and elegantly finished paintings of the crucifixion and the twelve apostles, with the Virgin Mary, John the beloved Disciple, John the Baptist, Moses, and Elias. The *curacy* has been augmented with Queen Anne's Bounty, and is now worth about £130 per annum. The Dean of Lichfield is the patron, and the Rev. James Gisborne, M.A., the incumbent. A little south of Barton is *Blakenhill*, now a farm-house, but anciently the seat of the Mynors family.

The *Free Grammar School* of Barton-under-Needwood was founded in 1593 by *Thomas Russell*, who, by will, left money for its erection, and endowed it with an annuity of £21. 10s. per annum, to be paid out of property in the parish of St. Leonard's, Shoreditch, London, held in trust by the Draper's Company, who have advanced the annuity to £30; besides which, the master has the free use of a house, and about three acres of land, which, together with the annual subscriptions of the inhabitants, swells his yearly salary to upwards of £80; for which he teaches 65 boys, on the Madras system, the teaching of the classics being discontinued many years ago, as of no benefit to the township. A Gothic *School House*, where 40 poor *girls* are educated, by subscription, was built here in 1831; and an *Infant School* has lately been established in another part of the village.

BENEFACTIONS:— *Thomas Russell* also left an annuity



of £2. 10s., to be paid out of the same premises by the Draper's Company, to provide a weeky distribution of bread for the poor of this township. They have, likewise, the following charities. In 1692, the sum of £32. 10s. bequeathed by Alice Kingstone, Sir Walter Walker, and Thomas Russell, was laid out in the purchase of land, called *Neville's Piece*, which, with an allotment made at the enclosure, is now let for about £4 per annum. In 1651, *William Key* gave two closes, called Lincroft and Bonthorne, and two acres of arable land upon Collier's Flat and Spellow, and directed 10s. to be paid yearly out of the rents to the curate, for preaching a sermon on Good Friday; and of the residue, three-fifths to be given to the poor of Barton; one-fifth to the poor of Dunstall, and one-fifth towards repairing the chapel. The rents, including the interest of timber money, amount to £32 per annum. The *Breach Close*, 2A. 1R. 35P., was purchased in 1656, with £19 left by *Edmond Godfrey*, and it is now let for £4 per annum. In 1639, William Holland gave a close of 2A. and 7P., on part of which the *workhouse* and nine cottages were afterwards built. The township pays a yearly rent of £5. 10s. for the land. The *coat and shoe money* arises from Warford's piece in Dockcroft, 4A. 1R. 35P., let for £2; and two allotments of forest land, 2R. 32P., let for 16s. 9d. This land arose from the bequest of *Henry Warford*, in 1705. Three fourths of the rents belong to Tatenhill, Dunstall, and Callingwood, and the rest to Barton. The interest of £25. 10s., left by Harrington Drayton and Martha Busby, is distributed in bibles, &c., amongst the parishioners. The poor of Barton have the following yearly doles; 5s. left by *H. Drayton*; £5. 8d. as the interest of £120 left by *Elizabeth Busby*, in 1721; 45s., interest of £50 left by *Thomas Webb, Esq.*; 18s., interest of £20 left by *Mary Holland*, in 1757; 21s. 6d. from the Trent and Mersey Navigation, for a piece of Barton Common; £4. 10s. as interest of £100 left by *Lady Brownfield*, and five others; 18s. from £20 by *Priscilla Allen*, in 1752; 42s. from £52 by *Joseph Saunders*, in 1691; and 4s. from £5 left by *Henry Leese*. The *Tatenhill poor* have the interest of £60 left by Priscilla Allen and others; and those of *Dunstall* have the interest of £70 bequeathed by Elizabeth Beardsley and others; besides their shares of several charities named above.

DUNSTALL is a small village and township, about one mile S. S. W. of Tatenhill, and on the eastern verge of Needwood Forest. Charles Arkwright, Esq., resides in the *hall*, and is owner of a large portion of the soil, and lord of the *manor*, which was anciently a member of the honour of Tutbury; a large portion of *Highland's Park* (crown land) is in this township. The *Salt Marsh*, enriched by the saline springs already noticed, is celebrated for its beneficial effects upon sickly horses.

WICHNOR, or *Whichnoure*, is a scattered village, township

and chapelry, forming the south end of the parish, 6¼ miles S.W. by S. of Burton-upon-Trent, and the same distance N.E. of Lichfield. The whole belongs to the lord of the manor, Theophilus Levett, Esq., of *Wichnor Lodge*, a handsome mansion, seated in a beautiful park of 300 acres, on the north bank of the Trent, which river, about a mile to the east, is crossed by the canal and the Burton turnpike, and a little below receives the waters of the Tame. In 1338, this manor was held by *Sir Philip de Somerville*, under the famous *John of Gaunt*, Duke of Lancaster, who, during his residence at Tutbury castle, established several *curious customs*, for the purpose of gaining the affections of the people, and none of them is more singular than the tenure of this manor, which requires the Lord to keep a FLITCH OF BACON* hanging in his hall at Wichnor, at all times of the year, except in Lent, that it may be delivered to any man or woman who shall come and claim it, and at the same time swear that he or she has been married a year and a day without repenting; and that if they were then single, and wished to be married again, the demandant would take the same party again before any other in the world. Two neighbours were required to testify the truth of this deposition; and if the claimant was a freeman, he received, besides the bacon, half a quarter of wheat and a cheese; and if a villain, half a quarter of rye. These things, with the bacon, were carried before him, with trumpets, tabernets, minstrels, and a procession of the tenantry, through the lordship of Wichnor, and then, without music, to his abode. Since this custom was established, but very few have dared to claim the prize, and three couples only have obtained it; one of which, having quarrelled about the mode of cooking the bacon, was adjudged to return it; and the other happy couple were a sea officer and his wife, who had never seen each other from the day of their marriage, till they met at the hall; and "a simple pair in the neighbourhood; the husband, a good natured sensible man, and the wife luckily *dumb*." No claimant for the flitch having appeared during several centuries, a wooden one was long since substituted in its stead, and still hangs in the hall—a friendly monitor to the young and free, to be cautious of trusting themselves in the hymeneal noose. The hall is supposed to stand on the site of the ancient manor-house, which Leland mentions as totally in ruins in his time. The then family residence being situated close to the bank of the Trent, and much liable to the overflowings of that river, which here runs in two circuitous streams, crossed by a range of noble aquaducts forming part of the canal, and by a stone bridge of many arches and culverts on the Lichfield and Burton road, which latter is the *Ikenield-street* of the Romans. Near the bridge is an *iron forge*, established about *70 years ago*, and the large "*Flitch of Bacon* Inn,"

* *A similar custom forms part of the tenure of Dunmow Priory, in Essex.*

where the county magistrates hold petty sessions. The CHURCH dedicated to St. Lennard, is a small Gothic edifice, seated on an eminence betwixt the park and the Trent. It is a *curacy* in the gift of the dean of Lichfield, and incumbency of the Rev. John Muckleston. *King James* I., visited Wichnor, on Aug. 21st, 1621, and held a court at the hall; and he dined there again, Aug. the 19th, 1624. The corn mills here were burnt down on Good Friday, 1596. Many *coins* of different Roman Emperors have been found in the neighbourhood, and in the park are vestiges of an encampment.

TATENHILL.

Those marked 1 *reside at Callingwood,* 2 *Highland's Park,* 3 *Range Moor, and* 4 *Tatenhill Lane.*

Barton Henry, Esq.
Brown Jph. vict. Horse Shoe
Cooper Rev. Henry Gisborne
Cooper Mrs. Mary Ann
Gaunt William, wheelwright
4 Gething Wm. schoolmaster
4 Hodgkinson Jas. corn miller
Jackson Joseph, Plough, beer hs.
Kynnersley Wm. corn miller and grocer
Rice John, joiner
Robinson Mrs. Elizabeth
4 Robinson John, beer house
Robinson Thomas, gent.
Robinson Ths. jun. corn mercht.
Shilton Edw. baker, maltster, & beer house
Shipley Thomas, blacksmith
Sneyd Miss Mary Emma, *Brickley lodge*
2 Tabberer Benjamin, Esq.
4 Thompson Sarah, shopkeeper

Farmers.

Atkin Aaron
4 Atkin Wm.
Coleman ——
1 Corser Edw.
Deville John
1 Evans John
Goring Thomas
Hardy Abm.
Linhurst
4 Kirk Henry
1 Ledham John
1 Mellor ——
Nuttall Sarah, Sherholt lodge
4 Robinson Jas.
4 Robinson Jno.
4 Robinson Sar.
Walker Hy.
Wilkin Wm.

BARTON.

Those marked * *are at Barton Turning.*

Post Office at John Holland's; letters despatched at 6 mg.

Arden Capt. Wm. Fullbrook hs.
Alymer John, R.N. Greenhill *cottage*
Bailey Geo. gardener, Thatch moor
Barnes James, timber dlr. and beer house
Barnett Wm. fellmonger
Biddulph John, gent.
Birch George, Esq. Holly Bank cottage
Birch Wm. & Nephew, surgeons
Birch Wm. jun. surgeon
Bladon John, corn miller
Bradley Mrs. Sarah
Brown John, joiner
Brown Robert, gent.
* Cash Eliz. Red Lion beer hs.
Chamber Wm. nail manfr.
Clark Jph, tailor & beer house
Coxon William, wheelwright
Coulson Samuel, vict. spirit merchant, and maltster, Shoulder of Mutton
Dagley John, shopkeeper
Dugmore Thos. tailor & draper
Elkin Mrs. Mary
Elton John, wheelwright
Fowler Richard Butler, Esq. Barton hall
Gisborne Rev. Jas. M.A. curate
Hallam Henry, cheese factor and seedsman
Harding James, hair dresser
Harding Thomas, saddler
Hazledine James, beer house
Hickson James, farming bailiff
Holland Mrs. Hannah
Ironmonger Edward, joiner, cabinet maker and grocer
Ironmonger Mrs. Elizabeth
Johnstone Charles Philips, Esq. Newbould manor
Kent Mrs. Ann
Knight John, grocer, draper, auctioneer & valuer
Lee William, draper and grocer
Levitt John, Esq. Holly bank hs.

* Limer Chs. vict. Three Crowns
Moore George, bricklayer
Moore Mary & Eliz. dress mkrs.
Moore William, bricklayer
Palmer John, stamp office
Pardoe Samuel, gov. workhouse
Poole Edward, blacksmith
Proby Miss Maria
Riley William, blacksmith
Sanders Ann, straw hat maker
Sanders Miss Emma
Sanders, Wm. joiner, builder, and timber merchant
Scarratt John, tailor
Shaw John, plumber & glazier
Shipton Elizabeth, blacksmith
Tooby John, gent.
Tunnicliff Joseph, shopkeeper
Webb George, gent.
Webb John, Esq. Yew tree hs.
Weldon Thomas, maltster
White John, druggist & grocer
Whateley Henry, solicitor
Whiting Mary, vict. & plumber and gazier, Bell
Writtle William, nursery and seedsman
Wyatt Horace, gent.
Wyatt Robert Harvey, land agt. and valuer

Academies. Marked † take boarders.

Greaves Sarah
† Hawksworth Stephen
Keeling John
† Nichols Ann
Woolley Jane

Bakers, &c.

Coates Henry
Marshall Wm.
Shorthose John

Shoemakers.

Brittan Wm.
Bush James
Bush William
Chamberlain R.
Dawson John
* Sylvester Jas.
Ward Robert

Brick & Tilemkrs

Birch William
Coulson Saml.
Coxon John
White John

Butchers.

Goodman Jas.
Gray Thomas
Gray William
Leadbeater Wm.

Farmers.

Ball James
Bates William
Cooper John
Cooper William, Woodside
Coxon John
Deville Isaac, Fatholme
Hollis Hannah, Silver hill
Kent William, Barton park
Osborne John, Sherholt Thrn.
Reeves Joseph
Shaw Francis
Shilton John
Stone William
Stych William, (& maltster)
Whiting Wm.
Woodward Geo.
Woolley Thos.

Wharfingers.

* Geary Fras.
* Limer Charles
* Shilton Eliz.

DUNSTALL.

Arkwright Charles, Esq. (Hall)
Potts Thomas, bricklayer
Watkin Edward, farmer
Watkin William, tailor

WICHNOR.

Levitt Theophilus, Esq. Wichnor park
Fearn Thomas, blacksmith
Hall Charles, farmer
Hickson Edward, farmer
Holland William, parish clerk
Shipton William, farmer
Stretton Wm. vict. Flitch of Bacon
Tyler Benjamin and Wm. Ward, scrap, bar, & sheet iron manfrs.

THORPE CONSTANTINE is a small village and parish, near the Warwickshire borders, 5 miles N.E. of Tamworth. It has only 49 inhabitants, and about 1000 acres of land, all belonging to William Phillips Inge, Esq., who resides in the *hall*, and is lord of the manor and patron of the *Church*, a small building dedicated to St. Constantine. The benefice is a *rectory*, enjoyed by the Rev. George Inge, M.A. The other principal residents are two *farmers*, William Ball and William Dennitts. The poor have the interest of £50 given by several donors, and 45s. yearly, left by Samuel Wollaston, in 1668, out of an orchard at Northampton.

TIPTON PARISH

Is a populous district, bounded by Dudley, Bilston, Darlaston, *Wednesbury, and Westbromwich*, and containing 14,952 inhs.

bitants, and about 2160 acres of land, most of which is either built upon, or occupied by the owners of the extensive and valuable mines of coal and ironstone, or by public roads and canals; the Birmingham canal having here several branches which completely insulate a large portion of the parish. The Marquis of Anglesey is lord of the *manor;* but it is let to Wm. Birch, Esq., on a long lease, of which upwards of 300 years are unexpired. The other principal owners of the soil, are the executors of the late Earl Dudley, Sir Horace St. Paul, Thos. Fletcher, Esq., and Messrs. Dixon, Amphett, and Bedford, with some smaller proprietors. The parish is celebrated for the richness of its *coal* and *ironstone*, and for the number and extent of its *iron furnaces*, *forges*, and *rolling* and *slitting mills*, where immense quantities of pig, bar, rod, and sheet iron are produced weekly. Many of the inhabitants are also employed in the manufacture of cast iron articles, steam engines, boilers, fire-irons, hinges, screws, nails, &c. &c. Here is also a large *soap* and *red lead* manufactory. Such has been the flourishing state of this parish, that, during the last thirty years, its *population* has been increased from 4280 to 14,952 souls.—(See p. 294.) In Domesday book, it is called *Tibington*. In 1832, it suffered severely during the prevalence of that awful disease, the *Asiatic Cholera*, as has been seen at page 223.

Tipton Green, the largest village in the parish, is situated on the canal and the turnpike, 1¼ mile N. of Dudley, and 3 miles S. of Bilston, and consists of a number of well built streets, with several extensive wharfs, manufactories, and retail shops, and five dissenting chapels. Branching eastward from this, are the neighbouring villages of Bloomfield, Burntree, Dudley Port, and Horseley Heath, forming one continued street of houses and manufactories, extending nearly two miles on the Birmingham road; and a little beyond them are the large villages of Toll-end and Great Bridge, the latter of which is partly in Westbromwich, and distant 3 miles E.N.E. of Dudley. Gospel Oak and Princes End, are two villages about 1¼ mile N. by E. of Tipton Green, and partly in Sedgley parish.—(See p. 281.) Within a mile east of the latter, is the village of Ocker Hill, at the north end of the parish, 1 mile S.W. of Wednesbury; but the whole parish may be said to present one continued hive of population, and one of the busiest scenes of industry, in the great mining district of South Staffordshire.

The present Parish Church is situated on the east side of the parish, at Horseley Heath, 2 miles N.E. of Dudley, and is a plain brick building commenced in 1795, and finished in 1797, at the cost of £5000, including the expense of its large *burial ground*. It was erected under the powers of an Act of *Parliament*, and the money was raised by rates levied on the pa-

rishioners. It has 1000 sittings, of which 400 are free. The prebendary of Prees and Ruiton, in Lichfield Cathedral, is appropriator of the tithes and patron of the living, which is a perpetual curacy; but T. S. Hillier, Esq., is his lessee. The Rev. James Bevan, of Wombourn, is the incumbent; and the officiating ministers are the Revs. John Howells and J. H. Cotton. The *ancient Church*, near Princes End, on the west side of the parish, has long been a neglected ruin, but the tower and part of the walls are still standing. Both it and the burial ground were too small for the encreased wants of the parish, even in 1795, when the erection of the new church was commenced. Its cemetery is, however, occasionally used by some of the parishioners. In various parts of the parish are no fewer than ten DISSENTING PLACES OF WORSHIP, viz. six belonging to the Wesleyans, one to the Kilhamites, one to the Primitive Methodists, one to the Baptists, and one to the Independents. The two last were built in 1833. The *Roman Catholics* have a room in Dudley road, where the Hon. and Rev. George Spencer, of Westbromwich, (brother to Lord Althorp,) officiates every Wednesday evening and Sunday afternoon. The parish *wake* commences on the nearest Sunday to July 21st.

NATIONAL SCHOOLS.—In 1800, *Solomon Woodall* left £650 to be invested in the funds for the support of a school at *Great Bridge*, for the education of poor children of the parishes of Tipton, Dudley, West Bromwich, and Wednesbury; but large schools were subsequently established in the three latter parishes, and the children from those places consequently ceased to come to the school at Tipton, which was at too great a distance to be of much benefit to them. The above legacy, with £100 left in 1804, by *Isaac Hawkins*, was invested in the purchase of £1102. 18s. 9d., three per cent. consols. The interest of this stock has been latterly combined with other funds, consisting of £100 old South Sea annuities, left by *Miss Catherine Nickens*, and of subscriptions and collections after sermons, with which SIX SCHOOLS, viz. three for boys, and three for girls, have been supported during the last twenty years, on the Madras system. These schools are situated at *Tipton-green*, *Ocker-hill*, and *Horseley-heath*, and are now attended by about 600 children, who each pay one penny per week for books, slates, firing, &c. The buildings were erected by subscription, and a donation of £200 from the Central School Society.

BENEFACTION.—*Josiah Sheldon*, in 1722, bequeathed 2¼ acres of land in Tipton, and directed the rents to be distributed in weekly doles of bread to twelve poor widows. In 1797, the coal under this land was sold for £1052, now vested at five per cent. interest, so that the yearly income of the charity is about £57, affording a weekly distribution of more than 20*s.* worth *of bread to poor widows* not receiving parochial relief.

TIPTON PARISH DIRECTORY.

Post Office, at Martha Partridge's, Horseley Heath. Letters from all parts are received daily at ¼ p. 9 mg. and despatched at 10 min. past 4 afternoon.

Marked 1 *reside at Bloomfield*, 2 *Burnt Tree*, 3 *Church Lane*, 4 *Dudley Port*, 5 *Gospel Oak*, 6 *Great Bridge*, 7 *Horseley*, 8 *Horseley Heath*, 9 *Hurst Lane*, 10 *Lea Brook*, 11 *Ocker Hill*, 12 *Old Church*, 13 *Park Lane*, 14 *Princes End*, 15 *Quarry Lane*, 16 *Summer Hill*, 17 *Toll End*, 18 *Chapel Street*, 19 *Dudley Road*, 20 *Lower Green*, 21 *Owen Street*, 22 *Union Street*, 23 *Upper Green*, 24 *Water Lane*, and 25 *in Wood Street. The latter* 8 *places are at Tipton Green.*

6 Abbot Geo. estate valuer, auctioneer, & land agent
19 Baddeley John, blacksmith
4 Bailey Thomas, miner
21 Barnes George, hair dresser
6 Batson James, iron master
21 Betts Thos. agent to the Canal Company
8 Birkett Mrs. Sarah
19 Bissell Job, carrier
3 Bissell Simeon, governor of the workhouse & assist. overseer
19 Bradley Richard, iron mercht.
4 Bunch Wm. augur manfr.
21 Danks Thos. printer, stationer, auctioneer, appraiser, & hatter
17 Devey & Co. Roman cement mfrs.; John Quinsey, agent
7 Dodds Isaac, engineer
14 Drysdale Gilbert H. agent
16 Dutton Abm. fender maker
23 Elliott Mr. Edward
6 Finch Mrs. Lydia
Fletcher John, atty. Park cottage
18 Field John, bookkeeper
1 Garbutt Benjamin, miner
8 Graham James, bookkeeper
7 Gunter Philip, mine viewer
21 Gwinnett Thos. bookkeeper
6 Haines Job, corn dealer
19 Hall John, glass cutter
1 Hall Jph. iron merchant
17 Harker Benjamin, blue slater
23 Hill Wm. professor of dancing and astronomy
21 Hilton John, currier & leather cutter
5 Holmes Wm. agent
17 Horton Thos. secretary to the Birmingham Coal Co.
22 Howe Edward, bookkeeper
Johnson Wm. iron founder, &c.; h. Horseley hall
14 Johnson Wm. mineral agent and surveyor
21 Morris Danl. ground bailiff
1 Nicklin Henry, joiner
20 Nicklin Mr. Thomas
8 Parry Benjamin, farmer
23 Paskin Joseph, cart owner
8 Persbouse Ezekiel, miner
23 Pitt Edwin, bookkeeper
1 Rhodes Wm. spade maker
17 Robinson James, bookkeeper
21 Rowley Samuel, mine agent
21 Shepherd Elijah, earthenware dealer
7 Shorthouse Benj. coal agent
3 Shorthouse Thomas, bookpr.
23 Sugden Rev. Saml. (Meth.)
11 Taylor Job, mine agent
20 Thomas Thos. Manners, agent to the Brmingham Canal Co.
4 Waldron George, wharfinger
1 Watson John, supervisor
4 Wetherell Charles, clock mkr.
25 Whitehouse Edward, miner
24 Wright Benjamin, gent.

ACADEMIES.

22 Allen Rev. Jno. (& Ind. min.)
4 Lalor Daniel, (Catholic)
National Schools:—Owen street, Maria & John Jones Moss; Ockerhill, Wm. Hill Blakemore and Sarah Burford; Horseley heath, Abm. Smith and Ann Brierley
1 Round Isaiah
17 Stanton Robert
4 Westwood Benjamin

Bakers, Confectioners, &c.

6 Bissell Joseph
17 Dooley John
21 Jones Richard
21 Lewis George
21 Parsons Eleazer
21 Smith Benjamin

Blacksmiths.

16 Baker Isaac
10 Hill David
24 Hipkins William

5 Houiston Wm.
23 Johnson Wm.
23 Lea James
3 Lindon Joseph
6 Parkes John
7 Thornton Edward
6 Titton Thomas

Boat Builders.

19 Bissell Job
19 Monk Thos. sen.
19 Monk Thos. jun.
17 Morris Richard
17 Walton Joseph

Boot & Shoe makers.

19 Banister Thomas
4 Banks Samuel
6 Beckett Joseph
17 Bennett Thomas
21 Brookes Henry
21 Brownhill John
21 Davies Clement
17 Dee John
6 Finch John
4 Foster Richard
6 Gough John
23 Hancock Wm.
6 Harris Edmund
21 Hawkins Charles (warehouse)
9 Hughes John
4 Jones Edward
6 Pagett Elijah
16 Parker Jeavon
1 Price John
23 Round Thomas
20 Turner Isaac
20 Whitehouse Wm.
1 Wilson James
17 Winkle Wm.

Bricklayers and Plasterers.

23 Crofts John
1 Kimberley Samuel
1 Nicklin and Crofts, (furnace builders)
24 Round Joseph

Brickmakers.

21 Aston James
4 Jeavons Jonah and Co. (fire)
25 Martin Edward
11 Nock Thomas
9 Turton John, (fire)

Butchers.

21 Aston Wm. Johnson
17 Grainger John
17 *Harborn Wm.*
16 Hickman Joseph
1, 21 Hipkins Daniel
8 Hollis Thomas
22 Lewis Wm. (pork)
6 Mills John
21 Round John
6 Smith Ann
11 Smith Benjamin
20 Smith Charles
4 Smith Thomas
17 Smith Timothy
6 Taylor Stephen
19 Thompson Richd.
14 Whitehouse Danl.

Coal Masters.

(*See Iron and Coal.*)

Chemists and Druggists.

21 Cope Thomas
21 Hickman Henry
21 Lakin Wm.

Coopers.

4 Austin John
21 Austin Sampson

Engine Smiths and Boiler Makers.

Marked * *are Boiler & Gasometer Mkrs. & † Engine Mkrs.*

† 17 Davis George, Albion foundry
† 7 Horseley Coal & Iron Company, (& millwrights)
* 14 Horton Thomas
† 17 Lester Michael
* 16 Millington Wm. and Isaiah
* 17 Robinson Joseph

Fire Iron Makers.

20 Aston John
15 Brinton Wm.
20 Cartwright Jph. sen. and jun.
20 Cox Paul
21 Fisher Edward
20 Wilkinson John

Fire and Life Offices.

21 Birmingham, Thos. Danks.
19 Royal Exchange, Rupert Meller

Fruiterers, &c.

20 Fox Peter
21 Kendrick James
21 Marsh Thomas
21 Sheppey John
21 Wright Benjamin

Grocers and Provision Dealers.

Marked * *are Tallow Chandlers also.*

6 Bissell Isaac
21 Crutchley Henry
21 Fisher John
4 Groves Charles
6 Groves Joseph
* 1 Hipkins Daniel, (chandler only)
17 Hodgetts Samuel
14 Hyde Joseph, (& corn dealer)
* 21 Jones David
21 Lakin Wm.
21 Lewis George
9 Round Saml. & Co.
21 Smith Benjamin
11 Smith Benjamin
* 6 Taylor John
19 Thomason Edward
23 Wade John
6 White Wm.

Hinge (Wrought Iron) Makers.

8 Bott Joseph
6 Butler Joseph
8 Crawley Thomas
8 Doughty Wm.
8 Edmands Robert
8 Fisher Edward
17 Fisher Henry
6 Horton Hy. & Dd.
6 Williams John

INNS & TAVERNS.

21 Albion, Jas. Whitehead
4 Anchor, Benjamin Blewitt
23 Bell, Henrietta Hawkins
20 Boat Inn, William Whitehouse
11 Bricklayers' Arms, Henry Nock
21 Britannia Inn, Edward Aston
14 Bull's Head, Thos. Skidmore
9 Bush, Jph. Aston
21 Cock, Thos. Mills
11 Cottage Spring, Thomas Nock
11 Crown & Cushion, Joseph Warr

4 Dudley Port Inn, Edward Williams
6 Eagle Tap House, John Williams
21 Fountain Inn, Jas. Aston
12 George & Dragon, Henry Wollers
8 Golden Ball, John Pershouse
17 Golden Cup, Jph. Jevons
19 King's Head, Rhoda Taylor
6 Limerick Inn, John Millington
20 Navigation House, Maria Griffiths
11 Old Bush, Joseph Gibbons
17 Old Crown, John Nock
8 Prince Regent, Thos. Stillard
20 Red Lion, Richard Nicklin
4 Royal Oak, William Hancox
5 Sampson and Lion, Job Smith
19 Swan, John Whitehouse
25 Three Furnaces, Esther Jones
20 Three Horse Shoes, Edw. Whitehouse
6 Tipton Tavern, John Hartland
20 True Briton, John Aston

BEER HOUSES.

23 Aston Isaac
4 Attwell Thomas
6 Bailey James
25 Breakwell Thos.
3 Brown Thomas
17 Calloway George
4 Clifton Thomas
1 Davies Ann
17 Deely George
16 Duffield Benjamin
4 Duffield Francis
3 Edwards Thomas
17 Feeling Thomas
19 Fletcher Joseph
4 Foster Abraham
6 Galloway John
4 Gill Joseph
21 Griffiths Caleb
13 Griffiths Wm.
11 Hill Esau
17 Hill Abel
6 Hodgkins Sarah
16 Homer John
3 Hopkins Thomas
7 Hunstone James
21 Jay Wm.
4 Law Charles
6 Law John
17 Lewis Wm.
8 Martin John
19 Meller Rupert
25 Millichamp John
20 Mills Daniel
21 Nixon Joseph
17 Nock James
6 Pagett Elijah
6 Parkes John
23 Parks Thomas
1 Rhodes Wm.
4 Roberts James
19 Robinson Edward
17 Robinson Joseph
6 Round Wm.
1 Rubery Thomas
4 Sadler Thomas
11 Shaw James
17 Shaw Maria
4 Smith Wm.
20 Southall Samuel
17 Stanford Joseph
17 Taylor Chenaniah
22 Taylor Samuel
6 Taylor Francis
9 Turner Richard
17 Vickers Richard
19 Whitehouse Isaac
21 Whitehouse Jph.
17 Whitehouse Thos.
6 Williams Daniel
16 Williams John
15 Woodward Wm.
14 Woollard Samuel
24 Wootton John

IRON FOUNDERS.

17 Davies George
8 Horseley Coal and Iron Company
22 Whitehouse Benj. Wm. and Samuel

IRON AND COAL MASTERS.

*Marked * are mfrs. of bar, rod, and sheet iron, † pig and castings, and ‡ are coal masters.*

* † ‡ 17 Birmingham Coal Company
* 1 Bradley, Welch, and Hall
* † 9 Cresswell Edw.
‡ 17 Davis & Bagnal
† Dixon & Co. Three Furnaces
† 6 Eagle Furnace Co.
* 12 Henderson Wm. (and tin plate)
‡ Hickman Geo. R. Tipton wood
* 23 Hill Mary, (and mfr. of gates, &c.)
‡ 11 Hood & Haynes
‡ Hopkins & Payton, Conygree
* 7 Horseley Coal and Iron Company
Hunt Benjamin, (bar, round, &c.) Sheepwash mill
12 Hunt Wm. (mfr. of hammered iron for engine purposes)
* 10 Marshall Wm. and Sons
‡ 23 Morris Thomas
† Parker Geo. Coneygree Furnaces; h. West Bromwich
‡ St. Paul Sir Horace, Bart. Ash leasows
* † Walker Samuel & Co. Gospel oak

Ironmongers.

21 Adams John Garratt
6 Bissell Isaac
21 Nixon Joseph

Joiners and Builders.

6, 19 Cox Thomas
17 Deeley John
6 Hackett John
21 Jones Wm.
2 Nicklin Edw.
8 Partridge Samuel
15 Powell Thos. (and building surveyor)
2 Priest Robert
5 Wilkes Wm.

Lime Burners & Dlrs.
19 Banister Jesse
4 Jeavons, Jonah, and Co. (stone dlrs.)
17 Nock James

Linen and Woollen Drapers.
21 Jevons David
6 Lees Wm. & Chas. Maddocks (& hatters)
25 Taylor John
19 Toney Thomas
21 Wathew John Foxall (& silk mercer)

Maltsters.
21 Aston Edward
2 Birch Charles
4 Hancox Wm.
17 Jevons Joseph
6 Millington John
9 Round Saml. & Co.
4 Tilley Thomas (and farmer)

Nail Manufacturers.
4 Cookson Samuel
14 Horton Benjamin
20 Mills Danl. (factor)

Painters, Plumbers, and Glaziers.
6 Collins Thomas
6, 21 Dixon Isaiah
8 Haddock Adw.
21 Nixon Joseph

Pawnbrokers.
25 Holloway John
22 Lewis Wm.
21 Round John

ROPE MAKERS.

*Marked * are Round and Flat Rope Mkrs.*
*4 Bourne Wm. *Gainsbro'*; Job Haynes, agent
11 Alldritt Edm.
*4 Graves Rt. & Co.; Rt. W. Tonge, agt.
17 Haden Benjamin
*4 Maggs Chas. & Co.; Edw. Williams, agt.

Saddlers.
19 Meller Rupert
21 Sheldon Edw.

Shopkeepers and Flour Dealers.
17 Brierley John (and snuffer maker)
23 Bissell Joshua
4 Bunch Wm.
17 Butler Abraham
20 Davies John
8 Doughty Thomas
17 Dunn Thomas
6 Fisher Ann
23 Foster Lydia
11 Gibbons Joseph
5 Hilton John
23 Hinsley Thomas
6 Hodgkins Sarah
4 Jenks Joseph
4 Lawton James
22 Lyndon Joseph
4 Mallin Isaac
1 Marsden John
6 Mills John
9 Phillips James
1 Pratt John
2 Rabone Thomas
1, 21 Robbins Uriah
19 Robinson Edward
8 Rocke Eliz.
8 Scotthorn Kendall
11 Shaw James
17 Smith George
1 Smith Joseph
8 Webley Thomas
20 Wilkinson John

Soap and Red Lead Manufacturers.
9 Stephenson John & Son

Straw Hat and Dress Makers.
25 Hughes Rachael
8 Rocke Eliz.
23 Smith Sarah

Surgeons.
6 Bullivant Isaac
23 Ledbrook Leonard
21 Scofield Henry
17 Underhill Thomas

Tailors.
23 Bates Henry
8 Bevins Edmund
14 Dudley John
6 Frier George
1 Leedham Thomas
6 Morris Josiah
22 Ward John

Timber Merchants.
19 Cox Thos. (& slate)
23 Round Wm.
6 Wilday Wm.

Wheelwrights.
23 Edwards John
6 Groves Samuel (& wheelbarrow mfr.)
6 Wilday Wm.

Wood Screw Mfrs.
4 Cookson Samuel
14 Horton Benjamin

CARRIER by Land, Joseph Lyndon, from Union-st. to Birmingham, Tu. Thu. & Sat.

CARRIERS BY WATER.

Thos. Monk, jun's. *packet boat* from the Fountain Inn, Owen st. to Birmingham, Mon. Thu. & Sat. at ½ p. 8 mng., and arr. 8 evening.

Jph. Walton from Toll-end, to London, Manchester, & Liverpool.

From Tipton Green.

Job Bissell, to London, Liverpool, and Gainsbro'.

Crowley & Co., & Pickford & Co. to all parts of the kingdom *daily*.—See p. 219.

Tildasley and Sturland, and John Whitehouse & Sons, to London, Worcester, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, &c. *daily*.

TUTBURY, celebrated for its ruined castle, once the seat of the Mercian kings, and afterwards of the Earls and Dukes of Lancaster, was anciently a market town, and is still a large and respectable village, pleasantly seated on the south bank of

the river Dove, which separates it from Derbyshire, 5 miles N.W. of Burton-upon-Trent. It has three large FAIRS for horned cattle, &c. on Feb. 14th, Aug. 15th, and Dec. 1st; a *hiring for servants* on the second Monday after Michaelmas-day; an extensive *corn and cotton mill*, on the Dove, erected in 1781, and a steam-mill, employed in cutting glass, commenced about twenty years ago. The ancient trade of the town, woolstapling, is now obsolete. The PARISH has increased its population, since the year 1801, from 844 to 1553 souls; but this augmentation is chiefly attributable to the enclosure of Needwood Forest; from which 777A. 3R. 15P. were allotted to this parish, out of the Tutbury Ward, making its total extent 3881A. 1R. 23P. (See p. 367 to 369.) The King is lord of the manor, and owner of about 2000 acres of the soil, let to several lessees, viz.—the Castle, to Lord Vernon; the demesne, with Stockley Park, &c. to John Spencer Stone, Esq.; and the Castle-hay Park to the Earl of Dartmouth. The rest of the parish belongs to a number of freeholders and copyholders, owing suit and service to the courts of the HONOUR of TUTBURY, which anciently comprised within its jurisdiction a large portion of this and the adjacent counties. Rd. Hinckley, Esq. of Lichfield, is *steward* of the manor, and holds the King's *Court Leet and Baron* once a year; but J. P. Dyott, Esq. of Lichfield, is steward of the *Court of Record*, held once in three weeks, for the recovery of debts under 40s. contracted within the honour or liberty of Tutbury. It is said, that at a very early period, some of the royal personages who occupied its once magnificent castle, constituted Tutbury a *free borough*, and granted to its inhabitants many valuable privileges, among which were "divers liberties of common of pasture, purvenage, and estovers, in the forest of Needwood," and freedom from "all toll, tonnage, package, poundage, and other exactions within all their possessions."

The CASTLE, than which there is none more famous in England, is said to have been founded in the early part of the Saxon era, and to have been the chief residence of the kings of Mercia. The last Saxon who held Tutbury was Hugh de Albrincis, but he was dispossessed by the Norman Conqueror, who gave it to Henry de Ferrers, who rebuilt the castle upon a larger scale. In the Ferrers family it remained, till Robert de Ferrers, the rebel Earl of Derby, forfeited it in 1250, to Henry III., who bestowed it on his second son, Edmund, Earl of Lancaster. In 1332, it once more reverted to the crown, in consequence of the rebellion of Thomas, Earl of Lancaster, against Edward II. (See p. 314.) The castle having suffered considerably during this revolt, and being afterwards allowed to fall into decay, *was rebuilt* upon the ancient site in 1350, by JOHN OF GAUNT, *the first* Duke of Lancaster, and the fourth son of Edward III. *It now* became the scene of much festivity and splendour, and

the number of minstrels who crowded to it was so great, that, as an expedient for preserving order among them, the celebrated John of Gaunt appointed a chief minstrel, with the title of king, and inferior officers under him, to assist in the execution of the laws, which the illustrious, but whimsical Duke embodied in a charter, granted to the "*King of the Minstrels*," in 1381. The king, and other officers of the musical fraternity, were elected annually, with much pomp and ceremony on the festival of the assumption of the Virgin Mary, when, after the business of their court was finished, and after partaking of a sumptuous repast at the castle, the minstrels assembled in the afternoon at the gate of the priory, where the prior, by the tenure under which John of Gaunt had granted a new charter to the monastery, was obliged to provide them with a bull; and thus commenced that ludicrous and inhuman sport called the "*Tutbury bull-running*." The bull, previous to its being presented to the minstrels, had always his horns, ears, and tail, cut off, his body besmeared over with soap, and his nostrils blown full of pepper. In this horrid condition he was let loose; and if the surrounding minstrels could catch hold of him so as to deprive him of the smallest portion of his hair, he was declared to be their property, provided this could be done in Staffordshire, and before sun-set. But before being delivered to the minstrels, the bull was baited with dogs at the Market-cross. This custom is supposed by some antiquaries to have been an imitation of the Spanish bull-fights, which is not improbable, as the eccentric, yet good-natured prince, John of Gaunt, was King of the provinces of Castile and Leon, in Spain. After several centuries, the pursuit of the bull, which had been confined to the minstrels, became general; and numerous throngs, from Tutbury and the neighbouring places, promiscuously joined in the chase, which often ended in quarrels and bloodshed. The last bull-running took place in 1778, when Wm. Bennett, of Tutbury, was killed in an affray with a party from Burton; in consequence of which, the clergy, and other inhabitants of the neighbourhood, successfully petitioned the King, as lord of the Honour of Tutbury, to absolve the Duke of Devonshire from this singular tenure, under which he held the priory lands.

On the demise of John of Gaunt, the Duchy of Lancaster and all its dependencies devolved on his son, who afterwards ascended the throne as Henry IV., so that the honour and castle of Tutbury, with his other possessions, became attached to the crown, as they have since remained. In 1569, the unfortunate *Mary Queen of Scots* was confined in Tutbury Castle; and in the latter part of the following year, she was removed to Sheffield by the Earl of Shrewsbury; but she was brought hither again in 1584, and remained a close prisoner in the solitary castle till 1586, when she was removed to Chartley, and from *thence in 1587, to* Fotheringhay, where she was beheaded on

Feb. 8th, in the same year, evincing in her last moments all the fortitude and resignation of a martyr. *King James* I., in one of his tours through England, visited Tutbury Castle, and such are the strange vicissitudes of life, that those walls which had so long re-echoed the sighs of his mother, were now shaken with the acclamations of a multitude assembled to greet her son, their sovereign. In the civil wars of the 17th century, the CASTLE was garrisoned for Charles I., who spent a fortnight here in 1643; but after a long siege, it surrendered to the parliamentarians, under Col. Brereton, in 1648, and was soon afterwards dismantled. Since then it has been a neglected ruin, which, from its situation, upon a lofty conical mount, on the south bank of the Dove, has now a very picturesque appearance. From the ruins which still remain, it is evident that the whole area of the castle contained about three acres, and was encompassed by a strong embattled wall, and a broad deep ditch; over which, Plott says, there was in his time an extraordinary *bridge*, composed of distinct pieces of wood, none of them above a yard long, though unsupported by any archwork, pillars, or other prop, and yet "the more weight was upon it, the stronger it was." The ancient *gateway* is tolerably entire, and towers and buildings, with hewel staircases, as well as vestiges of divisions of rooms, with fire places, can yet be discovered in different parts of the walls, which appear to have been of immense strength and thickness, constructed of hewen freestone, with admixtures of gypsum; so that enough still remains to declare the former extent and grandeur of this once princely residence. A round tower intended to appear as a *ruin*, has been erected on a high mound by Lord Vernon, the present lessee of the castle and the adjacent grounds; and among the ruins is a modern house occupied by a land surveyor. The summit of the castle hill commands an extensive and picturesque view of Needwood Forest on the south, and of Dovedale and Derbyshire in the north.

Of the PRIORY which was founded in 1080, by Henry de Ferrers, nothing now remains, except the present parish church, which is a portion of that anciently attached to the convent, and dedicated to the Virgin Mary. The religious of this Priory were monks of the Benedictine order, and by the gift of the founder, possessed a great extent of landed property. Other sources of revenue were conferred upon them by Wm. Rufus, for the benefit of the souls of William I. and his Queen, Maud; and for the health of his father's wife, Berta, and their sons and daughters. Berta afterwards gave them the town of Doveridge, and the manor of Estanfort. Earl Robert, the grandson of the founder, gave them the tithes of Newborough, and decreed by a new charter that the prior should in future be elected from the monks of St. Piere, in Normandy. Several other descendants of the family of Ferrers, also contributed

largely to augment the possessions of this monastery, which received a confirmatory charter from John of Gaunt, who subjected the monks to the tenure, of finding a bull yearly for the sport and benefit of the minstrels, as already noticed. The annual income of the priory was £244. 16s. 8d., in 1538, when it was surrended by the prior and eight monks to Henry VIII. In the sixth of Edward VI., it was granted with the rectorial tithes of Tutbury, to Sir Wm. Cavendish, who pulled down the priory and part of the church, to build a large mansion for the residence of his son, Henry. The late possessor, the Duke of Devonshire, sold the *rectorial lands and tithes* in 1820, to John Spencer, Esq., and they are now possessed by J. S. Stone, Esq. About the same time his Grace gave the *advowson* of the vicarage to the vicar of Bakewell, in Derbyshire, in exchange for the patronage of a new church, which he erected some years ago at Buxton. The *vicarage* is now enjoyed by the Rev. George Robinson, and possesses an allotment of land in lieu of the tithes of that part of Needwood Forest, within this parish. (See p. 369.) The CHURCH is a large edifice, with an embattled tower, standing on a declivity near the castle, and finely decorated with beautiful specimens of Saxon sculpture; as is already noticed, it formed part of the priory church, and is dedicated to the Virgin Mary. There are in Tutbury, an *Independent*, a *Wesleyan*, and a *Primitive Methodist Chapel;* the first erected in 1804, and the last in 1831. Here are also several Sunday Schools, an *Infant School*, an endowed *Free School*, and several benefactions.

The FREE SCHOOL was founded in 1730, by *Richard Wakefield*, who endowed it with eighteen acres of land, worth about £40, a-year, for the education of thirty free scholars, to whom twenty others have been added by the trustees, who pay to the master £15 a-year out of other charitable funds bequeathed by the founder, as noticed below. The school was rebuilt in 1789, and enlarged in 1818, at the cost of £99, of which £30 was received from the trustees of the late Andrew Newton of Lichfield.

BENEFACTIONS.—*Richard Wakefield*, the founder of the school, by will in 1733, devised to certain trustees, various parcels of land in Tutbury, Horninglow, Anslow, Rolleston, and Hatton, amounting to 246A. 2R. 8P., now let for £438 per annum. Agreeable to the testator's will, this income is dispensed in apprenticing poor children, providing medicines and other necessaries for the sick and infirm; clothing, bread, and coals for poor persons; books of devotion, and religious instruction; a distribution of weekly sums of money among the poor, and a donation of beef and money at Christmas. The *trustees* are Lord Vernon, Rev. F. Anson, Sir O. Mosley, Rev. J. P. Mosley, and T. K. Hall, R. J. Harper, F. Calvert, and J. Spencer, *Esqrs., and Messrs. J. Allen*, and W. Smith. The poor pa-

rishioners have also £15 yearly from 11A. 3R. 28P. of land in Tutbury, purchased with £100 left by *Thos. Smith*, in 1672, and £30 left by *Abraham Astle*, in 1675. They have, likewise, 6s. 4d. yearly, left by *Joan Lant;* 20s. yearly by *Henry Chamberlain*, and £2. 12s. yearly left by *John Chamberlain*, out of land at Blockforby, for weekly doles of bread.

ANN MOORE, the notorious impostor, who pretended to have lived without eating and drinking from 1807 till 1813, was a native and resident of Tutbury. This deception, which made so much noise in the world, was commenced for the purpose of exciting charity, and carried on for nearly six years with such extraordinary art and success, that it obtained the credulity of thousands, among whom were many medical, philosophical, and other distinguished visitors, who flocked hither to see the living wonder of the day, whom they generally found propped up in bed with a bible before her. The laudable exertions of a committee of gentlemen, formed for the avowed purpose of investigating this extraordinary case, at length discovered the cheat, after subjecting her to two strict *watchings*, the first of which was in 1811, and continued for 16 days and nights, but not with that strict scrutiny which was used in the second watch, which commenced April 21, 1813, and continued till the 30th, a period of nine days. Her daughter and other accomplices carried her victoriously through the first ordeal by administering nourishment to her in some manner unperceived by the watchers, and during the following summer, she was enabled, by the exhibition of her person, to place the sum of £400 in the public fnnds! A few more such summers would have have rendered all further *fasting* quite unnecessary; and, like many similar impostors of former times, she would, as soon as her harvest had been gathered, have pretended that her appetite had been suddenly restored by some miraculous interposition. But the unconquerable scepticism of some of the faculty, caused the *second watching* to be instituted in such a manner as to prevent the slightest possibility of fraud. The Committee of Gentlemen, (among whom were Sir O. Mosley, Dr. Garlick, and the Rev. Leigh Richmond, who took their turns in the watch,) first examined the room very minutely, and then placed her in a new bed upon a Merlin's weighing machine, constructed with peculiar accuracy, in order to ascertain the variations of weight during the period of the watch. During the nine days the committee verified that she did not receive any nourishment. She, however, gradually grew feebler, her pulse became almost imperceptible, and on the ninth day she became so ill as to induce the gentlemen to suspend the watch. At this time she begged to have her mouth moistened with a wetted cloth, and her desire was complied with, by *applying to* her lips a cloth dipped in vinegar and water; this *was done* several times, and the gentleman who administered it,

declared he perceived her to swallow, although she strenuously denied it. The physician attending her, gave it as his opinion that she could not survive an hour; and yet at this period, with the immediate prospect of eternity before her, she, *by her own desire*, took an oath, drawn up in the strongest and clearest terms, that for more than four years past, she had not taken sustenance of any description! From the weighing machine upon which she was placed during the watch, it appeared that she had lost daily nearly fourteen ounces in weight! Nothing now remained to convince every one of her imposition, but her own confession, and this last proof of her guilt she voluntarily made before a magistrate; after this confession, she took milk in the presence of several of the watchers, and soon afterwards recovered. Her case was the most extraordinary one that ever exercised the credulity of mankind; and her sufferings in the experiment must have been exceedingly severe, and this consideration, though it will do nothing in extenuation of her base hypocrisy, in "that bourn" to which she is now gone, it served to soften the rigour of public indignation, and to avert that punishment in this world which her deception so richly merited. She died a few months afterwards, aged about 53 years.

ANCIENT COINS.—The workmen of John Webb, Esq., whilst employed in wheeling a considerable quantity of sand out of the bed of the river Dove, for the purpose of improving the mill-race at Tutbury (on June 1st, 1831), found a number of silver coins, which appeared to have been washed from some grand deposit higher up the river, where, in the following week, a further search was made by a number of persons, two of whom found upwards of 5000 coins, which they sold to the spectators at from 6s. to 8s. 6d. per 100. This splendid success attracted a great number of *money searchers* to the spot; and such quarrels and disturbances arose that the magistrates were obliged to interfere for the restoration of peace, which was not fully established until the crown officers asserted the right of his Majesty to all coins that might be subsequently discovered. The search was continued several days, and the total quantity found was about *one hundred thousand*, of which only about 1500 were forwarded to his Majesty. The whole of them were *silver*, mostly about the size of sixpences, and among them were the coins of the 1st and 32d of Henry III; those of Edward I. and II.; many prelatical coins of Durham and York; the Scotch coins of Alexander III., John Baliol, and Robert Bruce; many coins of Brabant, Lorraine, Hainhault, and other foreign countries; and a number of others, inscribed "Robert de Hadley," supposed to have been struck at the Abbey of St. Edmonds.

The *TUTBURY POST OFFICE* is in Duck street, at Edward Robert *Palmer's*. *Letters* are despatched at 6 mng. and received at 12 noon.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *reside in Burton st.* 2 *Castle st.* 3 *Duck st.* 4 *Monk st.* 5 *High st.* 6 *Church st.* 7 *Ludgate st.* 8 *Hanbury park, and* 9 *Castle hay.*

Allen George, cooper, Duck st.
Allen Mr. Thomas
Bakewell Mr. Edward
Bennett Joseph Bennett Hankin, land agent & surveyor, Castle hill
Browne John, Esq. Castle hay pk.
Butler Mrs. Duck street
1 Clark Edward, hair dresser
5 Clarke Wm. nursery & seedsman
Cockram Joseph, corn miller
Cockram Edw. bookkpr. Bridge
Dakin Wm. fellmonger
Davenport John, gent. Castle st.
Edwards Henry, surgeon, High st.
Eld Mrs. Sarah, High street
Etherington Samuel, plumber and glazier
Gill Francis, musician, High st.
Hanson James, gent. Duck st.
Hinckley Arthur, Esq. King's Standing, Needwood Forest
5 Hobson Wm. printer & stationer
Jackson Henry, glass cutter
Jackson Mr. Henry, High st.
Jackson John, saddler, Duck st.
4 Moor Thomas, excise officer
Owen John, gent. Woodhouse
Palmer Edward Robert, shoe and confectionery whs. Duck st.
Pratt John, bookkpr. High st.
Price Rev. Humphrey, curate, Needwood church
Robinson Rev. George, vicar
Sanderson Rev. Charles B. A. High street
2 Shaw Rev. Joshua, (Indpt.)
5 Smith Rupert, basket and sieve maker
Stone Mrs. Rolleston park
5 Strutt Joseph, cotton spinner
Tabberer Sarah, tanner
Tutbury Mill Company, cotton twist spinners and corn millers
Ward Dickenson, surveyor's clerk, Castle
5 Webb John, Esq. (and Barton)
Williams Mrs. Sarah, Monk st.
Wragg Wm. gent. Castle street

Inns and Public Houses.

Dog and Partridge Inn, John Barraclough, High street
1 Old Rose and Crown, Samuel Tipper
7 Old Vine, Wm. Turner
Queen's Head, John Gascoyne
Shoulder of Mutton, Eliz. Cotton, High street
Wheel, Francis Gill, High street

Beer Houses.

Board, Thos. Standley, Monk st.
4 Case-is-altered, Wm. Allen
Cock, Michael Upton, Monk st.
Hope and Anchor, Ellen Wetton, Monk street

Academies.

2 Blurton Prud.
Dooley Joseph, Mill street
4 Mason Eliz.
5 Ward Arabella
4 Wolfe John

Bakers.

4 Cox Wm.
5 Moore Wm.
1 Salt Thomas
7 Scotton Jane

Blacksmiths.

Allen William, Ludgate st
Hanson Wm. Monk street

Boot and Shoemakers.

6 Elton Thomas
4 Everton John
4 Lester Thos.
4 Mansfield Ts.
5 Morecroft Jas.
1 Morley Saml.
1 Rumbold Wm.
1 Williams Saml.

Bricklayers.

1 Blood Wm.
Dodsworth Chs.
4 Lithgoe John
6 Owen Thomas
2 Pearson Benj.
7 Yeomans John

Butchers.

3 Allday Charles
5 Allen Thomas
4 Appleby Wm.
3 Jackson Chas.
4 Walton Geo.

Farmers.

8 Archer John
9 Corbett Jph.
8 Foster Wm.
Hanson George
Holbrook John
Holbrook Jph.
9 Morris Wm.
Mosedale James
7 Shaw Wm.
Stretton Jane
1 Tabberer Eliz.
9 Upton Joseph

Grocers.

4 Allen Wm.
5 Cox John
5 Farmer John, (& druggist)
3 Fearn John
5 Frost John
3 Ordish Daniel and Charles
6 Shipton John
5 Shipton Thos. (& chandler)
6 Woodroff John

Joiners.

4 Babington Jn.
5 Cox John
3 Fearn John
5 Jackson Saml.
3 Leedham Fs.

Linen & Woollen Drapers.

3 Ordish Daniel and Charles
5 Woodroff John

Maltsters.

3 Holbrook John
4 Standley Thos.
4 Toogood John

Milliners, &c.

2 Elton Sarah
5 Pratt Ann
3 Barker Hanh.



Tailors.	Barker Wm.	*Wheelwrights.*	COACH to London 7 evng. & Liverpool at 2 morning.
4 Allen Wm.	5 Payne Thos.	Hilton Joseph,	
3 Barker Chas.	Stoneystreet Jn.	Mill street	
4 Barker James	4 Yates Wm.	5 Hanson Rd.	
Barker Richard			

WALSALL BOROUGH AND PARISH.

WALSALL is an ancient *borough*, and thriving *market town*, celebrated for the manufacture of *saddlers' ironmongery, &c.*, and seated on a bold eminence, surrounded by extensive mines of coal, iron, and limestone, and distant 8 miles N. by W. of Birmingham; 6 miles E. of Wolverhampton; 9 miles S.W. of Lichfield; 119 miles N.W. of London, and 87 miles S.E. of Liverpool. During the last 12 years, Walsall has been greatly enlarged and improved by the formation of new streets, the improvement of old ones, and the erection of a considerable number of very handsome houses, villas, and public buildings; so that it now ranks as the second manufacturing town in the county, as regards its population, and yields to none of them in beauty and elegance. The PARISH has increased its population since the year 1801, from 10,399 to 15,066 souls; and is divided into two TOWNSHIPS, viz. the *Borough*, containing about 100 acres, and 6,401 inhabitants; and the *Foreign*, comprising upwards of 7800 acres, and 8665 inhabitants, as has been seen at p. 294. The municipal government and other privileges of the incorporated *Borough* extend to the whole parish; and the *town* comprises the whole of the Borough township, and more than two thirds of the population of "THE FOREIGN OF WALSALL," which latter township includes the western and southern parts of the town, and a number of villages and hamlets, stretching three miles to the north, comprising the CHAPELRY OF BLOXWICH, and subdivided into four *constablewicks*, which maintain their *poor* conjointly, and their *roads* separately;—Great and Little Bloxwich, Harden and Birch-hills, forming the *first;* Coalpool and Goscote, the *second*; Walsall-wood and Shelfield, the *third;* and Woodend and Caldmore, the *fourth constablewick*. The township, called the BOROUGH OF WALSALL, being of small extent, is not subdivided either for the maintenance of its poor or its roads. The Earl of Bradford is lord of the MANOR, which comprises the whole parish, except Goscote, a small manor of which Mr. Joseph Smith is lord. But here are a number of other freeholders, and many *copyholders*, the latter of whom hold by a very easy tenure, paying only a few pence annually to the lord, and being in some respects superior to freeholders, as they can sell their estates without any restriction, as it respects dower, and without the great expense of suing for fines in the superior courts of London. The MARKET held *every Tuesday is well supplied with provisions*; and here *also are three annual* FAIRS held on Feb. 21st, Whit-Tuesday,

and on the Tuesday after, St. Matthew's Day (Sept. 21st.) The WAKE commences on the Sunday before the last named fair; and the RACES are generally held on the preceding Thursday and Friday, but they were formerly held in the following week. Among the staple MANUFACTURES of Walsall, are buckles, chains, curbs, bits, spurs, stirrups, plated and other mountings, bridles, saddles, harness, collars, &c. &c., and every description of saddlers' and coachmakers' ironmongery, for which Walsall stands unrivalled both in the variety and excellence of its productions; locks, keys, snuffers, iron spoons, brushes, spectacles* and a variety of other articles are also manufactured here, and in the town are a number of iron and brass founderies; and in the parish several extensive *coal and lime works*, the latter of which are on the north east side of the town, adjoining those of Rushall. (See p. 374.) The *limestone* is got at the depth of ninety yards, and is well suited either for husbandry or the smelting of iron ore, as well as for building purposes. The main bed is eleven yards thick, and above it are several strata of *ironstone*, and it is said that a small portion of *lead ore* has been found among the limestone. The *grey limestone* raised in immense quantities from the HAYHEAD MINES, about two miles east of Walsall, is surpassed by none in the kingdom for its extraordinary adhesive qualities, and its strength and durability; hence, it is in great demand for the building of docks, locks, bridges, &c., and for *stuccoing* buildings; to which latter use it has recently been extensively applied in Walsall, where many large houses, &c., now present beautiful fronts in the Grecian, Corinthian, Doric, and other styles of architecture wrought in this durable cement, which, to the superficial observer, has the appearance of stone. The *coal mines* near Bloxwich, Birch-hills, &c. are similar to those in the surrounding parishes and townships of Rushall, Wednesbury, Darlaston, Bilston, Bentley, Pelsall, &c. The trade and commerce of the town are greatly facilitated by an extension of the *Old Birmingham Canal*, which passes the western side of the town, and joins the *Wyrley and Essington Canal*, which has several branches intersecting a large portion of the parish, and opening a communication with all the canals and navigable rivers of this and the neighbouring counties. The *merchants and factors* of Walsall are numerous and wealthy, and are not only general dealers in saddlers' ironmongery, but also in a great variety of other articles manufactured in the neighbouring towns and villages. Being a great thoroughfare for carriages and travellers of every grade, the town has a great number of public houses, and several excellent INNS, one of which (the George Hotel), is a truly handsome building, while its internal arrangements and its external appearance, rank second to none in the county.

* Messrs. Eyland and Sons, Opticians, and Optical Glass Grinders of Walsall Manufacture, about 3000 pairs of SPECTACLES per week.

The *manor of Walsall, or Walshale*, is not mentioned in Domesday book, though Erdeswick supposes that it was held by *Wm. Fitz Anculf*, in the 20th of William I. In the reign of Henry III., it was held in fee-farm at the yearly rent of £26. 19s. 9d., by Wm. Rufus, who granted certain privileges to the burgesses. From him it passed to the families of *Marteyn, le Ross*, and *Basset;* from the latter of whom it descended to the great *Earl of Warwick*, surnamed "The King maker." It was afterwards in the possession of the celebrated *John Dudley, Duke of Northumberland*, who lost his head in the attempt to establish his daughter-in-law, the lady Jane Grey, on the throne of England, from which she was driven by the bigotted Mary, who, after seizing this manor, granted it to *Richard Wilbraham, Esq.*, in consideration of £1000. The grandson of the said Richard was created a baronet by James I., and the manor remained in his family till it was carried by one of two co-heiresses to an ancestor of its present lord, the *Rt. Hon. George Augustus Frederick Henry Bridgeman, Earl of Bradford, Viscount Newport, and D.C.L.*, who succeeded to the family honours and estates in 1825, and whose *seats* are at Weston-hall, Shropshire, and Castle Bromwich, Warwickshire.

CORPORATION CHARTER, &c.

Walsall was anciently a borough by prescription only; its oldest existing CHARTER being granted by *Charles I.*, in the 3d year of his reign, and confirmed and exemplified in the 13th *Charles* II. By this *charter*, "the Borough or Village and Foreign of Walsall was declared to be ancient demesne of the crown of England;" and the mayor and burgesses, and also all and singular, the burgesses and inhabitants of the Borough, or Town, and Foreign of Walsall, by whatsoever name or names, they should have been theretofore incorporated, or whether they had been theretofore incorporated or not, and their successors were incorporated by the name of "the *Mayor and Commonalty* of the Borough and Foreign of Walsall," and empowered to take grants of lands, not exceeding in the whole the clear yearly value of £20. The *corporation* consists of a *mayor*, and *twenty-four capital burgesses*, with a *recorder*, *town clerk*, *two serjeants at mace*, and a *beadle*. The mayor is elected yearly from the body of capital burgesses, on the feast of St. Michael, the Archangel; and he and the senior capital burgess, with the mayor of the past year, are justices of the peace, and hold a weekly petty session, and also courts of general quarter session four times a-year. The charter also empowers the mayor, recorder, and town clerk, to hold a *court of record* "on any Tuesday in any week, or within a fortnight, or in a shorter or longer space of time, as occasion requires," for the recovery *of debts and damages*, exceeding the sum of £2, but not amounting *to more than £20*. It likewise empowers the mayor and

capital burgesses to hold *courts of pie-powder*, during the two fairs held on the feast of St. Matthias, and on the Tuesday after St. Michael's Day; and gives them the benefit of all the tolls, stallage, piccage, fines, and amercements arising from the said fairs and courts. The mayor and twenty-four capital burgesses are exempted from serving on juries out of the borough, and they, and the inhabitants generally, are declared "free and acquitted" from the payment of toll, "in as ample form as the people of the manor of Walsall formerly were, by certain letters patent, dated at Westminster, the 8th of July, in the 47th year of Edward III."

But the charter declares that none of its clauses shall be "construed or interpreted to extend to the prejudice, derogation, interruption, or damage of any of the authorities, privileges, or profits belonging to the *Lord of the Manor of Walsall*," whose steward holds a *court leet and baron*, with *view of frank-pledge*, yearly in October, when the constables, deputy constables, clerks of the market, flesh tasters, and pinner are appointed; and when all persons, owing suit and service to the lord, and neglecting to perform the same, are amerced fourpence each. Though Walsall is an ancient borough by prescription, and has long been incorporated by charter, it never sent representatives to parliament, until that great national measure, the *Reform Bill*, gave it the privilege of sending *one* member to the House of Commons. In December, 1832, Walsall first exercised its new elective franchise, and after a boisterous contest, in which much damage was done to the windows, and some of the persons of the inhabitants, occasioned by a numerous throng of "Union men" from Birmingham, &c. *Charles Smith Forster, Esq.*, one of the capital burgesses, and a respectable banker, was raised to the honour of being the first representative of Walsall in the British Parliament; and he has since exercised the important duties of his office, to the general satisfaction of his constituents and townsmen. The mayor is the *returning officer*, and all the occupiers of houses and buildings within the parish, of the yearly value of £10 and upwards, have the privilege of *voting* at the elections. The following is the present list of the members of the corporation, and their officers :--

Mayor (1833-4).—Charles Windle, Esq.

Recorder.—N. R. Clarke, Esq. (appointed in 1833, after the death of his father, who had held the office since 1794.)

CAPITAL BURGESSES.

James Russell and John Wood, Esqrs., *Magistrates*.

Thomas Hall	Wm. Marshall	Edward Swift
Charles Adams	John B. Adams	Joseph Fletcher
Wm. Walton	Henry C. Windle	Joseph Wood
C.S.Forster Esq.M.P.	Rd. Westley Fletcher	Samuel Perks
Edward Ewell	John Heeley	Edward Wright
John Forster	Thos. Dickenson	Stephen Barber
Richard Rutter	Chas. F. Cotterill	Christopher Wren

Town Clerk.—George Brednock Stubbs,
Serjeants at Mace.—Samuel and Wm. Mason.
Gaoler.—Samuel Mason.
Police Superintendent.—Frederick Henry West.

The GUILD HALL is a neat building in High-street, with a figure of justice recently placed over the entrance in a niche, originally intended for the reception of a statue of Charles I. One wing is the front of the Dragon Inn, and the other is a large room where the corporation hold their courts, and transact public business. Under it is the borough prison, which has only accommodations for ten prisoners, and, happily, is but seldom filled. The ancient *staves* belonging to the corporation still remain in the hall, and are curious relics of antiquity, being decorated with heads of various animals, &c. in rude carved work.

The markets and fairs are held in *High-street*, which is broad and spacious, but rises with a rapid ascent from Digbeth, to the summit of the hill which is crowned by the parish church. At the head of this street is a small *market-house*, erected by the corporation in 1809, for the sale of poultry, butter, eggs, &c. but it is not much used, except on rainy days. The *pig-market* is in a long yard, behind a house erected for the market-keeper, in 1815. The *police station*, and the *fire-engine house*, near the church steps, are both under the control of the corporation, who also form part of the commissioners of an *Act of Parliament*, passed in 1824, for *improving, lighting, and watching the town;* and for the erection of *gas works*, which latter were finished in 1826, at the cost of £4000, and are now let on a seven years lease to Mr. John Hobbins, at a large rent, which is applied by the commissioners for the general purposes of the act; so that the rates levied on the inhabitants for the improvement of the streets, &c. are of a much less amount than those required at many other places, where the large profits arising from *gas* are monopolized by companies of private speculators. Among the principal improvements effected under this act, is the opening of a fine new street from Bridge-street to the Lichfield road, in lieu of the ancient and inconvenient road that passed from Lower Rushall-street. Many old buildings have been removed or rebuilt, to make room for other new streets, among which are Goodall and Freer-streets, communicating with High-street and Bridge-street; and Mountrath, and Great and Little Newport-streets, which form handsome and commodious entrances from the south-western suburbs. But the improvements in the mansions of the rich, and in the public buildings of the town, have far exceeded those recently effected in the streets and other thoroughfares, as will be seen in the following account of the churches, chapels, schools, and other institutions.

The PARISH CHURCH stands on a bold and commanding eminence, and is approached from the head of High-street, by a long flight of steps; the summit of which, commands an extensive view over the town; the streets descending from the churchyard very abruptly on every side, except the south. It is a large and handsome Gothic structure, which was nearly all rebuilt, except the tower and lofty spire, in 1821, at the cost of about £20,000, of which £10,000 was levied in rates on the parishioners; £500 given, and £2000 lent by the New Church Society, and the remainder was raised by the sale of pews, and by individual contributions. In this costly improvement, attention was paid to the external form of the ancient fabric; but the internal arrangements are on a plan which admits of a much greater number of sittings; there being now seats for 2,426 persons, of which 1136 are free. The building is in the form of a cross; but the south-west angle is filled up by a massive tower, surmounted by a handsome spire, which was erected about the year 1775, when a set of eight bells were put up by Mr. Rudhall, of Gloucester; the tenor weighing 23 cwt., and all bearing appropriate inscriptions. The original church was a very ancient fabric, though it exhibited no traces of Saxon architecture. Many of its antique ornaments are still preserved in the new erection, and among them are seven *stalls* on each side of the chancel; the seats of which are ornamented with a great variety of grotesque figures, carved in *basso-relievo*. Under this part of the church is a remarkable archway of massy gothic workmanship, forming a common passage through the eastern division of the churchyard. The interior is spacious, lofty, and neatly pewed, and the galleries are supported by very slender clustered columns, terminated by fine pointed arches. The large window at the west end contains a beautiful stained glass figure of St. Matthew; towards purchasing which, the late John Gough, Esq., gave £50. The chapels of St. Catharine, and St. Clement, which form the two transepts, were anciently decorated with paintings on glass; but they were almost completely effaced before the re-edification of the church. The living is a vicarage, valued in the King's books at £10. 19s. 7d. The Rev. John Baron, M.A., is the incumbent, and the Earl of Bradford, the patron. The latter, and Colonel Walhouse, being impropriators of the greater part of the rectorial tithes, are required to repair the chancel. In 1220, Walsall Church was granted by Sir Wm. Rufus, to the Abbey of Hales Owen. It was then a rectory, but was soon reduced to a vicarage by the greedy monks, who appropriated the great tithes to themselves, and instituted a vicar, to perform the duty for a yearly stipend of thirteen marks, together with all the small tithes and obventions arising within *Wednesbury* and Rushall, which are now separate parishes, *though they* were then called chapelries. A Guild of St. John

the Baptist, consisting of "brothers and sisters," had anciently an altar in Walsall Church, where there were also five richly endowed *chantries*, founded as follows:—the 1st by John Beverley and William Coleman; the 2nd by Roger Hillary, 15th Richard II.; the 3rd by Thomas Aston, Kt., 19th Richard II.; the 4th by Thomas Mollesley and Henry Flaxale; and the 5th, by the families of Vernon and Bernard. These chantries were dissolved in the 1st of Edward VI., and their rents and services given to the lord of the manor; but yearly pensions amounting to about £6 each, were paid to the chantry priests till after 1553. The churchyard having become much too small for the encreased wants of the parish, the corporation in 1756, gave two acres of land on the south side of the town, and in the same year it was neatly enclosed and consecrated as a *New Burial Ground*. This cemetery is already very amply occupied by the ashes and memorials of the dead, and at a short distance beyond it is the *vicarage house*, a large stuccoed mansion, finely shaded with trees.

A trial is now pending between the two townships, called the *Borough* and the *Foreign*, respecting the *Church rates*, which, from time immemorial, have been paid in equal moieties by those townships. As the inhabitants of the Foreign have to support a *Chapel of Ease at Bloxwich*, they consider that they ought not to contribute equally with those of the Borough, to the support of the parish church; and on this subject they had legal advice in 1803, when Mr. Mott gave it as his opinion that the ancient custom could not be altered, except by a general rate levied on all occupiers of land and buildings throughout the whole parish; but such an arrangement would certainly not benefit the Foreign, as it contains nine-tenths of the territorial extent of the parish. The two townships had another expensive litigation in 1813, when the inhabitants of the Foreign made a fruitless attempt to overturn an ancient custom, which empowers the *Overseers of the Borough* to compel the inhabitants of that township, to pay *poor rates* for the lands which they occupy in the Foreign.

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL is the only episcopal place of worship in the town, except the parish church; it is a handsome Grecian structure, built in 1826, at the cost of about £3000, by the Governors of the *Grammar School*, to which it is annexed, as will be seen in the account of that richly endowed institution at page 422. It stands in a pleasant situation near Bridge-street, in a burial ground of 2A. 1R. 26P., skirted with shrubs and trees, and a row of handsome houses. Its windows are ornamented with ground and stained glass, and in one of them is a beautiful painting of St. Paul. The living is a curacy which is always to beenjoyed by the master of the Grammar School, which *office is now held* by the Rev. Thomas Rogers, M.A.

There are in the town four CHAPELS belonging to DISSENTERS, viz., the *Particular Baptist Chapel*, in Goodall-street, a lofty brick building 40 feet square, erected in 1833, and now under the ministry of the Rev. James Maurice; the *Methodist Chapel*, in Ablewell-street, built in 1829, at the cost of £1700, in lieu of the old chapel in Paradise-court, erected in 1801; the *Independent Chapel*, in Bridge-street, a large handsome building, erected in 1790, in lieu of an old chapel that stood in Dudley-street; and the *Unitarian Chapel*, a handsome stuccoed building, in Stafford-street, erected in 1827, in lieu of the *Old Presbyterian Meeting House*, in Bank-court, which was rebuilt by Government in 1715, after being destroyed by a mob in the preceding year, during the religious feud created by Sacheverel, when George I. ascended the English throne. The Rev. Thomas Bowen, the present Unitarian Minister, has held his office nearly thirty years. The *Roman Catholics* have lately erected a neat Chapel at St. Mary's Mount, where the Rev. Francis Martyn officiates.

Sunday Schools and *Religious Institutions* are attached to all the places of worship; and there are in the town several large *Day Schools*, founded for the gratuitous instruction of the poor, as will be seen in the following account of the numerous CHARITIES belonging to Walsall, abridged from the latest *Parliamentary Reports*, and corrected to the present time. Most of these charities extend to the whole parish; but a few of them apply exclusively to the Borough, and others to the Foreign only, and in some of them the parish of Rushall participates.

GRAMMAR AND ENGLISH SCHOOLS, &c.

The FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL was founded in 1554, by the letters patent of *Queen Mary*, who endowed it with land at Woodend, Shelfield, Bloxwich, Norton, and Tipton, which now consists of about 298 acres, let for £418 per annum. She also appointed "ten of the more discreet and honest inhabitants of Walsall to be governors, and be a body corporate, with power to hold lands, elect a master and usher, &c. &c. The property of the charity has undergone some alteration, and its objects considerably varied by an Act of Parliament passed in 1797, "for enabling the governors of the Grammar School to sell certain mines under part of their lands, and to sell and exchange certain parts of their lands lying dispersed; for improving and extending the benfits of the said school; for enlarging the trust and powers of the said governors, and for enabling them to build a *chapel*," &c. &c. Under this act, the governors sold the *coal* under the land at Tipton, for a term of 42 years, at £505 per acre, amounting in the whole to £12,243, which, agreeable to the terms of the act, was paid over to the accountant-general of the Court of Chancery, with some other portions of the school funds, to be reimbursed for the future extension of the charity. The act empowers the governors to purchase freehold land in Walsall, and to *erect a chapel* thereon, to be in their patronage, and under the *pastoral care* of the master of the grammar school; to build and establish as many *school-houses* and school-rooms, in convenient situa-

tions in the town and parish of Walsall, as they should think necessary, and to direct how many boys and girls should be admitted into the said schools; what they should be taught, and how many should be maintained, clothed, and put out apprentices, or to service; and from time to time to appoint masters and mistresses to teach boys and girls of the *parish* of Walsall, in reading, writing, knitting, sewing, arithmetic, mathematics, &c. &c.; so that nevertheless there should always be one head master and one usher, to teach the classics, in conformity with the letters patent of Queen Mary; such head master to be a clergyman of the Church of England, in priests' orders, and a graduate at one of the Universities; and have, in addition to his school salary, an annuity of £50, as minister of the *St. Paul's Chapel*, which was built in 1826, at the cost of more than £2300, exclusive of the burial ground, &c., (2A. 1R. 26P.,) for which the governors, in 1822, paid the enormous price of £919. In 1813, £2750 was paid for the purchase of a house, warehouse, and other buildings, with a garden in Park-street, to be converted to two *schools* and two *school-houses* for the master and usher of the *grammar school*: and in 1817, no less than £940 was paid for altering the said premises; swelling the total cost of the present school premises to £3690. The old school premises, near the churchyard, are now used as the residence of a master, who keeps there an ENGLISH SCHOOL on the national system, and has now about 120 boys, who are admitted by the governors, and are taught free, except paying small quarterly sums for writing materials, &c. Besides this additional school, the governors have purchased a large *school* at *Walsall Wood*, and pay a yearly salary to the master, for educating the poor boys and girls in that part of the parish. They have likewise founded two *Infant Schools*, to which they pay small annuities. The other *yearly salaries*, paid by the governors, are £170 to the *head master* and *chaplain*, £100 to the *usher*, and £60 to the *writing master* of the grammar school; and £80 to the master of the English school. The freedom of these schools extends to the whole parish, and the course of education in the *grammar school*, now comprises besides the classics, every branch of an English and commercial education. The boys are admitted on application to the head master, without any formal nomination, and without any limitation of age; but it is required that they should be able to read and write, and bring their own books.

BLUE-COAT AND NATIONAL SCHOOLS.

The BLUE-COAT SCHOOL, in St. Paul's Place, is of uncertain origin, and is principally supported by subscriptions, and collections after annual sermons; but it is possessed of the following sources of permanent income, viz., £10 a-year paid by the corporation, as the interest of £200 left by *John Whittingham*, in 1723, and £4. 4s. a-year as the rent of 1¼ acre of land at Queen's Cross, near Dudley, given by *John Taylor*. Other property in Walsall has been at different times purchased by the trustees from the school funds, on part of which the present handsome school, with two houses adjoining for the master and mistress, was erected at the cost of about £1200, in 1826, since which the niches on each side of the entrances have been filled with two statues representing a boy and a girl, in the costume of the school, executed by a native sculptor, and purchased with an unappropriated fund that had been raised for the *presentation of a piece* of plate to the late Queen Caroline, who *died before the intention* could be carried into effect.

The NATIONAL SCHOOL, established by subscription about the year 1820, was annexed to the Blue-Coat School, on the erection of the present building, which has accommodations for 300 *boys* and 300 *girls*, of whom 25 of each sex are clothed at the expense of the charity. The upper school-room, occupied by the girls, is occasionally let for public lectures, assemblies, concerts, &c.

The *Sunday School*, at the Unitarian Chapel, is endowed with about 2¼ acres of land, near the Windmill, in the Foreign of Walsall, now let for £9. 18s. per annum, which is partly employed in giving occasional instruction in writing, on the week day evenings.

MOLLESLEY'S ALMS-HOUSES, in Dudley-street, consist of eleven dwellings, for as many poor women, and were erected by the corporation in 1825, in lieu of an ancient annual payment, called MOLLESLEY'S DOLE, which the corporation, till that year, were accustomed to make, of a *penny a piece*, to all the inhabitants of the parish of Walsall, and of the adjoining parish of Rushall. Three persons were employed to make this distribution, who began on New Year's day, and went through the parishes, giving a penny to every inmate of every house, whether permanently or accidentally abiding there. Plott says, the earliest mention of this dole is in the 36th of Henry VIII., when £7. 10s. 9d. discharged it; but from 1799 till the time of its cessation, it required about £60 a-year to satisfy all the claimants, and pay the expenses of the distribution. There are various traditions respecting this penny dole, but they all concur in attributing it to one *Thomas Mollesley*, from whom an estate, at Bascott, in Warwickshire, was derived in 1451, and is still possessed by the corporation. The donor, in granting this large estate to the corporation, charged it with the annual payment of nine marks to the abbot of Hales Owen, "who should keep one mark for his labour, in *distributing* the remaining eight marks, at the *obit* of the said Thomas Mollesley, at Walsall, for the souls of the said Thomas and Margery his wife, and others; and this by the oversight of the vicar of Walsall, and of all the chaplains of the *Guild of St. John the Baptist*, of the church of Walsall." The eight marks above named were no doubt the origin of the dole, and would, before the reformation, be amply sufficient to supply a penny a piece to all the parishioners, or at least to all who repaired to the church on the obit day, to pray for the souls of the donor and his wife,—a superstitious custom which caused the estate to be seized by Henry VIII., when he suppressed the monasteries. The estate remained with the crown, till Queen Elizabeth, in the 28th year of her reign, granted to certain persons in trust, as it is supposed, *for the use of the corporation and commonalty of Walsall*, "certain premises in Walsall, including the Town Hall, and also all lands, tenements, &c. lying in the villages and fields of Bascott, Itchington, and Stockton, in the county of Warwick, formerly parcel of the possessions of Thomas Mollesley, of Walsall; (together with other lands in Walsall and Rushall;) also all rents, services, &c. in as full and ample manner as any abbot, prior, master, dean, bishop, presbyter, chapter, chaplain, or other person or persons, had at any time theretofore enjoyed the same. The yearly income derived by the corporation from this property is considerable, but we have not been able to ascertain the amount. Though no charitable uses are pointed out in the grant from Queen Elizabeth, it was undoubtedly intended for the general weal of the town; for, in various conveyances of it and the other corporation property to new feoffees, the conveying parties describe themselves as "*surviving trustees of* the lands and revenues belonging

to the town of Walsall." With respect to the *penny dole*, the corporation have acted wisely in substituting for it another mode of application, which is *really* beneficial to the aged poor of Walsall and Rushall; whilst the old custom, of indiscriminately distributing a penny to every person in those parishes, wasted the greater portion of the fund on unworthy objects, and afforded but a very transient relief to the indigent. Of the eleven alms-women, 5 are admitted from the Borough, 5 from the Foreign, and 1 from Rushall. Each of them receives 2s. per week.

HARPER'S ALMS-HOUSES, in Dudley-street, are occupied by six poor women of the parish, nominated by the vicar, and were rebuilt about 1793; previous to which they consisted of only two dwellings, which were given in 1520, by John Harper, as a lodging for poor men, together with several pieces of land, now partly used as garden-ground, and let for £21. 15s. 6d. per annum. About the year 1560, this endowment was augmented by *George Hawe*, who left for the support of the alms-people a close at Walsall Town-End, now let for £21, making the total yearly income £42. 15s. 6d., out of which £10 is divided quarterly among the alms-women, and the surplus is retained for repairs. In 1636, *John Perrehouse* left three small tenements, at the head of the Church-steps, to be used as almshouses for poor widows, but they were taken down, for the improvement of the road, about 1793, and the inmates removed to Harper's Alms-houses.

The FISHLEY CHARITY consists of several parcels of land, situated at Great and Little Bloxwich, and Norton, "commonly called *Fishley Meadows and Cockstalls*," and comprising about 36 acres, purchased in 1657, for £300, of which £200 was bequeathed by *Wm. Parker*, to be employed for a stock to set the poor on work," and the other £100 was a gift from the sale of the materials of the cathedral of Lichfield, after that building had been partly demolished in the civil wars of Charles I. The land is now let for about £50 per annum, which is given in *apprentice fees* with poor children of the parish. The corporation are trustees.

PARKER'S CHARITIES.—The vestry clerk of Walsall receives annually £16 out of the Duke of Leeds's manor of Langthorne, left in 1620, by John Parker; and £20 from the Merchant Tailors' Company, as the interest of £400 left by *Robert Parker*, in 1624. These annuities are divided among the poor of the parishes of Walsall and Rushall, each hamlet receiving a certain portion, as well as the town; and in the last mentioned annuity the township of Pelsall participates. (See p. 236.) The said Robert Parker also bequeathed £100 to the Merchant Tailors' Company, to pay £5 a-year to the ORGANIST of Walsall, who also receives from the corporation £4 yearly, as the interest of £80 left by an unknown donor. An annuity of 20s. is paid to Walsall church, and 20s. to the poor of the foreign of Walsall, out of Peak House estate, left by *Nicholas Parker*, in 1627.—An annuity of £5, out of Molefields, left in 1618, by *John Hawle*, is distributed in weekly doles of bread, at the parish church. This distribution has of late years been increased by a yearly gift of £5 from the Parker family.

HENRY STONE, in 1639, bequeathed out of his lands in Walsall, Bloxwich, Colepool, Castle Bromwich, and Yardley, a yearly rent charge of £34. 14s., which is distributed in money, coats, and gowns, at Christmas, among the poor parishioners; but according to the donor's will, £5. 4s. is for weekly doles of bread, £3 for repairing the church, and £3 for sermons. This includes £5 per ann. charged

on the same estate by Henry Stone the younger, in 1669. THOMAS GORWAY left 40s. yearly to the parish of Walsall, out of land at Rushall, now belonging to the Mellish family, for poor widows on Good Friday. WM. WHEAT left £20 to buy land for four sermons on Easter and Whit Tuesdays, St. John the Baptist's day, and the feast of the Circumcision. A close at Five-lane-ends was purchased with this legacy, and is now let for £8 a year, which is paid to the vicar. The parish at large participates in all the foregoing charities, and the following are—

BENEFACTIONS TO THE BOROUGH *only*:—Eight 1d. loaves are given away at the church every Sunday, and £4. 13s. 4d. yearly in gowns at Christmas, as the proceeds of *Wm. Severn, and Thomas Webbe's charities*; the former of whom left the interest of £100, and the latter an annuity of 18s. out of Cow-leasow close, in Sheffield. In 1617, *Michael Shawe*, left 40s. yearly out of three closes in Walsall foreign, called Shawe's Leasows, (now belonging to the Smiths,) to be distributed on Good Friday, in the presence of the vicar and mayor. In 1621, *John Dee* left 22s. yearly out of Slinge meadow, at Woodend, and it is now distributed on Christmas-eve by the borough constable, in *groats* to poor men and women. On Christmas day the vicar distributes 26s. 8d., left by *Ellen Courteys*, [illegible], out of Swager's meadow. In 1676, *Blanch Wollaston* bequeathed all her lands, &c. in Great Barr, Westbrookfield, Druid Heath, and Hall Lane, now let for £62. 10s. per annum, which is distributed agreeable to her will as follows:—£5 to the poor of Bickenhill, in Warwickshire, £4 to 40 poor widows of Walsall borough; and the remainder, after paying for repairs and the expenses of the trustees, is given in *apprentice fees* with poor children of the borough, who are generally, but improperly, selected by the vestry clerk from among the paupers, as also are the objects of the Fishley charity. About £30 is yearly distributed in gowns and coats, as the Walsall share of *Roger Hinton's charity*. (See p. 100.) The corporation distribute £26 yearly in gowns, arising from the rents of several pieces of land, purchased in 1702, with part of £220 obtained as a commutation of the right of common which the burgesses had in *Bentley Hay*. To this distribution is added a yearly rent charge of 46s. left by *Richard Stone*, out of the Bentley Hay estate. The vicar distributes the following annuities, viz. 6s. left by *Rd. Stone*, out of Palfrey Green Leasow; 16s. by *John Wilcox*, out of Radley Gutter field, in Darlaston; and £5 as the interest of £100 left by *Bridget Mills*, in 1751.

The *Charities belonging exclusively to the Foreign of Walsall* amount yearly as follows:—£20 as the interest of £400, left in 1673, by *Wm. Parker*, to the curate of BLOXWICH CHAPEL, who, in consideration thereof, was to teach the poor boys of Walsall foreign, but now pays £8 to the chapel clerk, who teaches a number of free scholars for that sum and the use of the curacy house; £24 from five closes called the Ley Haye, and an allotment in Essington wood, left in 1624, by *Robt. Parker*, for the relief of the poor, to repair Bloxwich chapel, and to provide a clock for the said chapel; £4 from 2A. 2R. 23P. of land in Long Cockstalls, left by *Wm. King*; £2. 11s. from a farm at Little Bloxwich, belonging to Mr. W. Jones, and left by an unknown donor; and £6 out of land at Colepool, left in 1799, by *Henry Whateley*, to pay 21s. for a sermon, 84s. to the poor, and 15s. to the curate and chapelwardens, for refreshments on St. Thomas's day.

The WORKHOUSE for the borough stands near the churchyard,

and was enlarged in 1799, so that it will now accommodate upwards of 200 paupers. That for the *foreign* is at Bloxwich, and is of much less extent, though the poor rates there are higher than in the borough, amounting in the latter to upwards of £2000, and in the former township to about £3000 per annum.

The SAVINGS' BANK, at the Blue-Coat school, was established in 1825, and in 1831 possessed deposits amounting to nearly £14,000. It is open every Monday from one till two o'clock, and Mr. John Duignan is the clerk. There are in the town and parish a number of other provident institutions, consisting of *Sick Clubs*, *Gift Societies*, *Lodges of Odd Fellows*, &c. some of which have upwards of 100 members, but many of them reside in other parishes.

The SUBSCRIPTION LIBRARY and NEWS-ROOM occupy a handsome building in Lichfield-street, erected in 1831, at the cost of about £1600, raised in £10 shares. It is a large brick edifice, but has an elegant front stuccoed in the Grecian Doric style; having a portico, supported by four massive fluted columns, and opening into a spacious vestibule which is lighted from the roof by a pyramidal window, and has a gallery round it for the use of the *library*, which was first established in 1800, and now comprises upwards of 2500 volumes. On one side of this vestibule is the *News-room*, and on the other the library Reading-room; Miss H. L. F. Mason is the librarian. In the same spacious street are several houses, with elegantly stuccoed fronts, wrought in the durable cement from the Hay-head lime works, and one of them is a fine specimen of Corinthian architecture.

The PLACES OF AMUSEMENT in Walsall consist of the *Theatre*, a small building in the square, erected in 1803; the *Assembly Rooms*, at the George and the Dragon Inns; the three *Bowling Greens*, at the Dragon, the Green Man, and the Dog and Partridge Inns; and the *Race Course*, where the *Grand Stand* was erected in 1809, at the cost of £1300, in £25 shares.

Among the EMINENT MEN who were born, educated, or for some time resident at Walsall, are the following, viz. *John Lord Somers*, (obit 1716,) and *Bishop Hough*, who went to school here;—*Henry Stone*, a merchant, who busied himself with the sequestration of church property, &c. during the commonwealth, but afterwards distinguished himself by his charity, and resided in the hamlet, called the Windmill;—*John Perse-house, Esq.*, a distinguished loyalist during the civil wars of Charles I., when he resided at *Reynold's-hall*, which stood near the foot of Rushall-street;—*Mr. Siddons*, who married the celebrated tragic actress, Miss Kemble, and was born in Rushall-street;—and *Thomas Haskey*, who was known by the name of *Askin's*, *the ventriloquist*, in which character he long performed in London and other places, with great eclât.

During the early part of the war, occasioned by the first French Revolution, Walsall, following the example of other loyal towns, established in 1798, a numerous corps of *Volunteer Cavalry, and another of Infantry*, and both of them were

long distinguished for discipline, and the boldness with which they appeared to quell any disturbance of the public peace. The trade of the town suffered considerably from the French and the American wars; but, during the last ten years, it has risen rapidly in the scale of national prosperity. About two centuries ago, Walsall was a place of much greater importance than its now gigantic neighbour, Birmingham, which was then described as "a hamlet near Walsall."

VILLAGES IN THE FOREIGN OF WALSALL.

GREAT BLOXWICH is a considerable village, seated on an eminence 2¼ miles N. by W. of Walsall, and comprising within its chapelry the whole township of the Foreign of Walsall. The inhabitants are chiefly employed in the manufacture of *Saddler's ironmongery*, and *awl blades*, for which latter the village is more celebrated than any other in the kingdom. In Domesday book, *Blockeswich* is described as being held by the King, and having a wood three furlongs in length, and one in breadth. The *church*, or chapel of ease, was rebuilt in 1791, and enlarged in 1833, so that it has now 1400 sittings, of which 200 are free. It has a small endowment, as has been seen with the charities of the township at page 426; and in 1811, it received an allotment of Queen Anne's bounty. The *curacy* was always considered to be in the patronage of the inhabitants; but at the last vacancy, the advowson was disputed by the vicar and the Merchant Taylors' Company of London, and as the three parties could not adjust their claims, the Bishop nominated the present incumbent, the Rev. John Baylie. At SHORT-HEATH, a hamlet on the north side of the village, are a *Methodist Chapel*, and a *National School*, both built in 1828; and in HARDEN-LANE, about a mile to the south, is a *Catholic Chapel*, of which the Rev. Rodolphus Bagnall is the pastor. It is dedicated to St. Thomas, the apostle, and was built in 1808. The altar-piece, representing Christ, after being taken down from the cross, is a much admired painting.

Bescot, *Birch Hills*, *Doveridge*, *Caldmore*, *Fullbrooke*, *New-mills*, *Park-brook*, *Park-hill*, *Pleck*, *Whitehall*, *and Wood-end*, are neighbouring hamlets near Walsall, and their inhabitants will be found incorporated with the *Directory* of that town. At Wood-end, are several neat villas, one of which, *Gorway-house*, is occupied by Peter Potter, Esq., land agent to the Earl of Bradford. Near Birch Hills is a *colliery* belonging to J. C. Whately, Esq.

Blaken-Heath, half a mile E.; *Little Bloxwich*, 1 mile N.E.; *Broadstone*, 1 mile S.; *Coal-pool*, 1¼ miles, E.; *Goscote*, 1 mile *E.*; *Harden*, 1 mile E. by S.; *Sots-hole*, and *Wallington-heath*, *three quarters* of a mile N. by W. of Great Bloxwich, are all ham-

lets in this township; as also are HAYHEAD, 2¼ E., and SHELFIELD and WALSALL WOOD, 2¼ miles N.E Walsall. The two latter are separated from the rest of the arish by the intervention of Rushall, and are inhabited chiefly by *nailers* and *chain-makers*. At Goscote is a large iron and brass foundery, and steam engine manufactory, on the Wyrley and Essington canal. The *Ryecroft Sand Mines*, about one mile N. of Walsall, produce a fine white sand suitable for the manufacture of glass, and an excellent loam sand used by the brass and iron founders.

LIST OF STREETS, &c. IN WALSALL.

☞ *Those marked * are in the Foreign, and the others in the Borough township.*

Ablewell street, Rushall street
Acorn yard, Lower Rushall st.
Adams row, Digbeth
* Alpha cottages, Birmingham road
* Bagnall's buildings, Blue lane
Balls hills, Holt's hill lane
Bank street, Ablewell street
Belle vue, Windmill street
* Birch hills, Green lane
Birmingham street, King street
Black Boy yard, New street
* Blue lane, Stafford street
Bradford street, Cross street
Bridge street, Upr. Rushall st.
Bullock's row, the Ditch
Bull's Head yd. Upr. Rushall st.
* Caldmore terrace, Prospect row
* Cemetery road, Dudley street
Church street, Peal street
Cowley's yard, Birmingham st.
Cox's court, High street
Cross street, Bradford street
Day's court, New street
Digbeth, High street
Ditch, (The) Ablewell street
Doveridge place, Windmill street
Dudley street, Peal street
Elms, (The) Sutton road
Eyland's ct. Upper Rushall street
Fox's yard, Stafford street
Freer street, Goodall street
's yard, High street
brook, West Bromwich rd.
e street, High street
ll street, High street
's yard, Hill street
lane, Stafford street
rrace, King street
Hall street, George street
High street and Market place
Hill street, Ablewell street
Holt's hill lane, Lwr. Rushall st.
Intown row, Lower Rushall st.
* Jenitor, Woodend
King street, Ablewell street
Lichfield street, Bridge street
* Lion's den, Woodend
Little hill, High street
* Little London, West Bromwich road
Lower Hall lane, Digbeth
Lower Rushall street, Upper Rushall street
* Marsh lane, (part in borough) Park street
* Maw green, Little London
* Mayfield house, Sutton road
Meeting house court, High street
Mount Pleasant, New street
Mountrath street, Adam's row
New street, (part in foreign) Church street
Newton's yard, Park street
Nickol's court, Stafford street
Old Meeting yard, Dudley street
Paddock lane, Ablewell street
Park brook & hill, Wolverhampton road
Park street, St. Paul's place
Peal street, head of High street
Pig lane, Park street
Pinfold square, Townend bank
Pool street, Ablewell street
* Portland row, Blue lane
* Portland street, Stafford street
Priory, Park street
* Prospect row, Windmill street

Rose cottages, Birmingham rd.
Ryecroft street, Stafford street
St. Mary's mount & row, Bradford street
St. Paul's place, row, & close, Digbeth
* Spring field & Spring hill, Birmingham road
Square, (The) High street
* Stafford road, Stafford street
* Stafford street, Townend bank
* Sutton road, King street
Tantarra place, Ablewell street
Terrace, (The) King street
* Townend bank, Park street
Upper Rushall st. head of High st.
Veranda cottages, Birmingham road
Vicarage terrace, Dudley street
* Windmill street, New street
* Wisemore lane, Townend bank
* Wolverhampton road, Park st.
Wood's yard, New street
Woodend, Birmingham & Sutton roads

POST OFFICE, Adam's row; Mrs. Henrietta Heeley, Post Mistress. The London Mail arrives at half-past 9 mg., and departs at 4 aft. The Bristol Mail arr. at 7 mg., and dep. at 5 aft. The Manchester Mail arr. at 7 evening, and dep. at half-past 4 mg. to Chester. The Sheffield Mail arr. at half-past 4 aft., and dep. for Wolverhampton at 5 morning.

MISCELLANY—*containing the names of Gentry, Clergy, Partners in Firms, and others not arranged in the List of Trades and Professions.*

Adams Mrs. Ann, Pool street
Adams Edw. mfr.; h. High st.
Adams Mrs. Jane, Caldmore ter.
Allen Mrs. Peggy, Ablewell st.
Allott Mrs. Harriet, Bradford st.
Ash Mrs. Cath. Caldmore ter.
Bagnall Jph. Esq. tanner, Lower Rushall st.; h. Spring hill
Barber Rd. bookpr. Ablewell st.
Barber Saml. gent. Bridge st.
Bradbury Mrs. Sar. Stafford st.
Barney Wm. bridle cutter, Wolverhampton road
Baron Rev. John, M.A. vicar
Barrs Francis, herbalist, Upper Rushall street
Baylis Mrs. Dinah, George street
Beebee John, gent. Doveridge pl.
Bloomfield Mary, upholsterer, Lower Rushall street
Bootham Hy. bridle cutter, Wisemore lane
Bowen Rev. Thomas, (Unitarian) Upper Rushall street
Bradbury Rd. gent. Windmill st.
Brookes Chas. mfr.; h. Bradford street
Bullock Onesimus, letter carrier, Square
Bunt Jas. mfr.; h. Stafford st.
Calvert Thos. excise officer, Balls hills
Cater Mrs. Ann, Caldmore
Challinor John, cart owner, Lwr. Rushall street
Chawner Thos. mfr.; h. Lichfield street
Cliff Geo. glover, Park street
Cotterill Charles Forster, mert.; h. Lichfield street
Cowley Mrs. Jane, Grove ter.
Crump Mrs. Anne, Bank street
Curtis Mrs. Eliz. Bridge street
Curtis Jph. land agent, & chief constable of S. Offlow, Bank st.
Darwall Charles, solicitor; h. St. Paul's close
Davis Wm. gent. Vicarage ter.
Day Esther, carpet bag frame mkr. & presser, Stafford st.
Dawson Samuel, excise officer, Ablewell street
Dexter John, bookpr. Reedswood
Dixon Thos. mfr. Dudley street
Dixon Wm. founder, Grove ter.
Doody Wm. traveller, Alpha cottages
Duncalfe Mrs. Eliz. Mountrath street
Eglington John, building surveyor, &c. Mountrath street
Emery Saml. bridle cutter, Stafford street
Errington Thos. newspaper agent, Lower Rushall street
Eyland Moses, mert. Goodall st.

Eyland Moses, jun. mert. Hope cottage
Eyland Wm. mert.; h. Lower Rushall street
Faulkner Rd. (excise) Hall st.
Fifield Miss, Bridge street
Fletcher Mrs. Eliz. St. Paul's row
Fletcher Jph. mert. Bridge st.
Flewett Jph. (horses & gigs for hire) Lichfield street
Forster Chas. Smith, Esq. M.P. High street
Forster John, Esq. the Terrace
Freeth Geo. gent. Grove terrace
Friend EphraimAlfred,veterinary surgeon, Hall street
Garner Thomas, bookpr. Upper Rushall street
Glover Thomas, gardener, Lower Rushall street
Grafton Wm. cart owner, Stafford street
Greatrex Jph. gent. Lichfield st.
Groves Mrs. Ann, Dudley st.
Groves Mrs. Carew, Rose cottage
Groves Edward, (excise) Mountrath street
Hallsworth Wm. clerk, Dudley street
Harrison Simon, heavy steel toy mkr. Upper Rushall street
Harrison Wm. lime master; h. Stafford street
Hateley Jas. gent. King street
Hateley Saml. stencillor, Ditch
Higgins Mrs. Sarah, Prospect row
Highway Isaac, gent. St. Paul's close
Hill Wm. Henry, merchant, Birmingham street
Hobbins Mrs. Eliz. Digbeth
Hobbins Jas. Hamersley, mert. St. Paul's place
Hodgetts Thos. cattle dealer, Half way house, Sutton road
Hodgkins Saml.bookkeeper,Wolverhampton road
Holden John, bookpr. Dudley st.
Holland Miss Lydia, Dudley st.
Holmes Mrs. Ann, Stafford st.
Hoskinson Mrs. Amelia, Portland street
Harbridge Wm. carter, New st.
[illegible]on Mrs. Sarah, Upper hall street
Mrs. Susan, Balls hills
s. Eliz. King street
James John, founder; h. King st.
James Mrs. Mary, Ablewell st.
James Rd. mert. St. Mary's mnt.
Jarvis Edw. gent. New street
Jesson Rd. Esq. Spring hill
Jewster Mrs. Ann, St. Paul's cls.
Johnson Geo. draper; h. High st.
Jones Chas. (excise) Bank st.
Jones Clement, gent. Park st.
Lates Miss Frances, Mountrath st.
Lavender Jph. mfr. Stafford st.
Lee Jas. bookpr. Mountrath st.
Llewellyn Mrs. Martha, Digbeth
Longmore Chas. sexton, Hill st.
Lowe Rev. Saml. M.A. rector of Darlaston, St. Paul's close
Lucas Hy. gov. of the workhouse & assistant overseer, Hill st.
Loynes Miss Mary, Hall street
Lycett Mrs. Eliz. Park street
Marlow Jph. gent. Prospect row
Marsden Rev. Joshua, (Meth.) Ablewell street
Marshall Chas. bookkeeper, Lwr. Rushall street
Marshall Wm. Esq. banker; h. May field house
Martin Rev. Fras. (Catholic pst.) St. Mary's mount
Mason Saml. gaoler & market keeper, High street
Mills Saml. iron master, Caldmore
Moore Jesse, coal master, Lichfield street
Moore Jph. cattle dealer, Five ways, Woodend
Morris John, merchant, Hall st.
Nevill Miss Helen, Dudley st.
Newman Jph. gent. Prospect row
Newman Mrs. Unice, King st.
Nicholls Mrs. Eliz. Bridge st.
Oakley Wm. (excise) Stafford st.
Pann Mr. Benjamin, Stafford st.
Payton Jas. Esq. Sandy mount
Payton Jph. mert.; h. Field gate
Perks Mrs. Eliz. Mountrath st.
Postlethwaite Mrs. Ann, Birmingham street
Potter Peter, land agent, Gorway house
Potter Jas. slater, Stafford st.
Proffitt Mrs. Mary, U. Rushall st.
Reynolds Mrs. Sar. L. Rushall st.
Reynolds Miss Hannah, Birmingham street

Richards Abraham, boat builder, Wolverhampton road
Richardson Addison, accountant, Bank street
Rogers Mr. Edw. Park hill hs.
Rogers Rev. Thos. M.A. inc. of St. Paul's, &c. Park street
Rooker Mr. John, Square
Rose Thos. atty. clerk, Balls hills
Ross Chas. music master & tuner, Five ways cottage
Sharratt Saml. mfr.; h. Park st.
Sheldon Edw. bridle cutter, Stafford street
Sheldon John, par. clerk, Church street
Shorters John, mfr.; h. Bradford street
Smith Basset, banker's clerk, St. Mary's row
Smith Rt. gent. Birmingham st.
Spicer John, bookpr. St. Mary's row
Spooner Jph. bookpr. Mountrath street
Spurrier Wm. merchant's clerk, Cross street
Stephens Saml. traveller, Caldmore
Strongitharm John, lime master Park street
Stubbs Edw. gent. Holt's mill
Stubbs Mrs. Jane, L. Rushall st.
Stubbs Miss Mary, Lichfield
Swift David, draper, Birmingham road
Thomas Wm. gent. Vicarage te
Thornhill Mr. Jas. Sandywell p.
Tibbetts Hy. carter, Ablewell st.
Tisdall Rd. bookpr. Cross st.
Titley Mrs. Charlotte, Rose cotg.
Tomlinson Thos. gent. Dudley st.
Tonks Saml. bridle cutter, Stafford street
Unitt Mrs. Maria, Birmingham street
Wade Miss Carew, New street
Wadeson Jas. bookpr. Stafford st.
Walker Mrs. Ann, Park street
Weatherhead Chas. banker's clk. Bridge street
Weaver Thos. Astley, artist, Digbeth
Weaver Mr. Wm. Nevill, Stafford street
***Whitgreave* Mrs. Teresa, Windmill street**
Wilkinson Samuel, supervisor, Mountrath street
Willcox John, toll contractor, Flaxovengate
Windle Chas. Esq. merchant, The Elms
Windle Hy. Chpr. Esq. merchant, King street
Windsor Mrs. Eliz. Hall street
Woollatt John, bookpr. Gorton's yard
Woollatt Miss Mary, Upr. Rushall street
Worrallo Mrs. Eliz. Caldmore

ACADEMIES.

*Marked * take Boarders.*

Blue Coat & National, St. Paul's place
* Caley Jas. Charles, (Catholic) White hall
* Chapman Geo. St. Mary's row
Clarke Ann, George street
Denham Edmund, George street
Free Grammar, Park street; Rev. Thos. Rogers, M.A. head master; Rev. Wm. Cowley, A.M. second master; John Duignan, writing master
Free, (*English*) Thomas Mason, Church street
Gnosall Amelia, Dudley street
* Grafton Michael, Glebe land school, Portland street
[illegible] Hannah, Bank street
[illegible]ins Ann, St. Paul's close
[illegible]k[illegible]on Eliza, Portland st.
[illegible] schools, Sophia Williams, [illegible] st.; and Ann Lerry, [illegible] bank
Mason [illegible], Dudley street
Mountrath Joseph, Peal street
National, [illegible] Parker, Pleck
* Ri[illegible]re Maria, Doveridge pl.
Rooke Ke[illegible] square
Sleigh Wm. Temple street
* Smyt[illegible] Sarah, Mountrath st.
Wheeler [illegible], George street
Wilkes A[illegible], Birmingham street

ATTORNEYS.

Barnett Horatio, Lower Rushall street
Darwall Charles Henry & Sons, Bridge street
Forster John, Esq. High street
Heeley John, Ablewell street
Jesson Richd. jun. Bridge street

Marklew Charles, Park street
Shutt Joseph, New street
Smith Samuel, Lower Rushall st.
Stubbs Geo. Bradnock (& town clerk,) Lower Rushall street; h. Bridge street
Thomas Wm. jun. Digbeth

AUCTIONEERS.

Bowen Thomas, High street
Farrington John, Dudley street
Taylor John, Peal street

AWL-BLADE MAKERS.

See also Bloxwich.

Ashwell James, Maw green
Ashwell Richard, Maw green
Ross James, (saddle and collar needles,) Little London
Ross James, Stafford street
Ross Patrick, Whitehall

BAKERS & FLOUR DLRS.

*Marked * are Confectioners.*

Barron Sarah, Lower Rushall st.
Bramidge John, Peal street
* Coates Michael, Digbeth
Ellis John, Lower Rushall street
Green Joseph, New street
Griffin John, Ablewell street
Heatherley Saml. U. Rushall st.
Highway Thos. & Chas. Park st.
* Highway Wm. Peal street
* Lord Edward, High street
Proffit John, Upper Rushall st.
Westley James, Digbeth
Wright Joseph, Digbeth

BANKERS.

Barber and Marshall, Bridge st. (draw on Spooner, Attwood & Co.)
Forster Chas. & Sons, Old Bank, High street, (draw on Stevenson and Salt)
Walsall and South Staffordshire Banking Company (Joint Stock)
Savings' Bank, St. Paul's square, John Duignan, actuary, (open on Monday, from 12 till 2)

BASKET MAKERS.

Bullock Sarah, High street
Tisdall Thomas, High street

BIT MANUFACTURERS.

Those marked 1 *are Bridle*, 2 *Coach*, & 3 *Snaffle Bit makers.*

1 Allen John (& hame) Blue ln.
1 Baker Samuel, Marsh lane
1 Birch Thomas, George street
Buest John, Blue lane
Butler John, Day's ct. New st.
Butler Joseph, Stafford street
3 Cartwright Geo. Stafford street
3 Clarke John, Holtshill lane
3 Cockley Wm. Tower's yard, Dudley street
3 Craddock Isaac, Whampton. rd.
3 Craddock James, Caldmore
3 Craddock James, Blue lane
3 Craddock Job, Wisemore lane
3 Craddock John, Blue lane
1 Craddock John, Blue lane
Darby John, Ryecroft street
3 Darlington Sl. Whampton. rd.
Devey Thomas, Wisemore lane
1 Edge Timothy, Paddock lane
1 Emery James, Green lane
Faultless Wm. Green lane
3 Fletcher John, Whampton. rd.
3 Fletcher John, Birch hills
Gough John, Blue lane
1, 3 Green Thos. Windmill st.
3 Hardman Charles, Green lane
Hardman Samuel, Wisemore ln.
3 Harrison Ths. Day's ct. New st.
1 Haynes Wm. ct. 2, Dudley st.
2 Hickman John, Adams row
3 Hitchiner John, Hill street
1 Hodson Charles, Blue lane
3 Hodson Wm. (& hames) Birch hills
1 Hunt Richd. Wisemore lane
3 Llewellyn Samuel, Ryecroft st.
3 Llewellyn Wm. Stafford street
3 Lowbridge Jno. Bagnall's bldgs.
3 Lowbridge Wm. jun. Birch hills
3 Marsh Richard, Hall street
3 Mills James, Pig lane
1 Nickols Thomas, Pool street
3 Norris John, Birch hills
1 North Thos. ct. 2, Park street
1 Overton Timothy, ct. 8, Upper Rushall street
Palmer John, Portland row
1 Peace Henry, Pinfold square
Pendrell —, Stafford street
3 Riddin Wm. Park street
3 Riddin Wm. Ryecroft street
3 Robathan Joseph, Ryecroft st.
1 Roberts Thomas, Park brook
3 Russell Wm. Bagnall's bldgs.
1 Smith Thos. Townend bank
3 Somers Jas. Fox yd. Stafford st.
1 Stanley John, Park hill
2 Stanley Wm. Hall street
1 Stanley David, Stafford street
1 Stanley Wm. Green lane
1 Stokes Charles, Wisemore lane

1 Whitehouse Thos. Birch hills
3 Wilcox James, Portland street
3 Wilcox John, Blue lane
1 Wilcox Rowland, Blue lane
1 Wilcox Thomas, Blue lane
3 Wilcox Wm. Caldmore
3 Woolley Wm. Ryecroft street

BLACKSMITHS.

Cartwright Joseph, (jobbing), ct. 1, Upper Rushall street
Cox Joseph, High street
Edwards Thos. Towend bank
Hawley Wm. Bridge street
Roper, Wm. Ablewell street
Sault Thomas, Hill street
Shenton Wm. ct. 3, Upper Rushall street
Stokes Charles, ct. 6, Digbeth
Thornhill John, Peal street
Tudge Thomas, Pleck

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, & PRINTERS.

Millward Ann, Upper Rushall st.
Valentine and Throsby, (& stamp office,) High street
Wilkes John, High street

BOOT & SHOE MAKERS.

Adcock Charles, Hill street
Beech Wm. Stafford street
Bibb Richard, Gorton's yard
Bladon John Worsey, Stafford st.
Bladon Wm. Bank street
Cliff George, Portland street
Collier Wm. Stafford street
Cook Joseph, Lower Rushall st.
Dyoss James, Digbeth
Elton George, Bank street
Evenson John, Digbeth
Franklin Richard, Ablewell st.
Haddon John, Upper Rushall st.
Hodgkinson Robert, Church st.
Holder Charles, Dudley street
Jennings John, Low. Rushall st.
Jennings Stephen, Park street
Jones John, Dudley street
Jurbison Benjamin, Wisemore
Lane Joseph, Park street
Lawton Thos. Stafford street
Lightwood Wm. Dudley street
Lycett John, Windmill street
Malleber Wm. Ablewell street
Mason John, Lichfield street
Maxfield Thos. Lower Rushall st.
Meek Thomas, New street
Mills Eliz. (warehs.) High st.
***Newton Wm.* Prospect row**
Park Joseph, Lower Rushall st.
Rostill Charles, Dudley street
Sheldon Thomas, Hill street
Smith Chas. Upper Rushall st.
Smith Edwin, Mountrath street
Smith John, Upper Rushall st.
Smith Richard, Wisemore
Smith Thos Digbeth
Stephenson David, George st.
Taylor Thomas, George street
Taylor Wm. ct. 7, U. Rushall st.
Turner Joseph, Upper Rushall st.
White Charles, Stafford street
Wilcox Thomas, New street
Withers Thomas, Mountrath st.

BRASS FOUNDERS & HARNESS FURNITURE MFRS.

Apperson Robert, George street
Bates John, Wolverhampton road
Birch Wm. Windmill street
Bridgens Samuel, Stafford street
Brittain Benj. (founder only,) George street
Careless Thomas, Stafford street
Cowley Joseph, Birmingham st.
Deeley Thos. Lower Hall street
Dixon Edw. & Wm. (brass cock founders and gas fitters, Birmingham street)
Dixon Joseph, Dudley street
Dixon and Lowe, Dudley street
Elwell John, Windmill street
Eyland M. & Sons, L. Rushall st.
Fairbanks & Lavender, Staffordst.
Greatrex Charles, Adams row
Green Thos. Brookes, New st.
Griffin & Bennett, Wood's yard, New street
Guest Samuel, Doveridge
Hart Charles, Portland row
Hemensley George, Stafford st.
Hildick Thomas, Ablewell street
Hobbins & Morris, St. Paul's pl.
Hudson Samuel, King street
James Wm. (buckle) Bradford st.
Lawton Owen (ornaments) Day's court, New street
Marlow James, Windmill street
Mason James, Old Meeting yard
Mason Richd. Lower Rushall st.
Mayo William, Windmill street
Proffit Jph. (dresser) Ablewell st.
Rock James, Balls hills
Rowley Thomas, Stafford street
Smith Thomas, Park street
Stanley James, Caldmore terrace

Stone Joseph, George street
Walter John, Hill street
Whistance Sml. Lower Rushall st.
Whitehouse John, King street

BRAZIERS & TINMEN.

Hobbins John, High street
Wilkes Martin, New street

BRICK & TILE MAKERS.

Brewer John, Wisemore cottage
Foster James, Fleecepit field; h. Bank street
Gilbert George, King street
Highway Isaac, jun. St. Paul's cls.
Partridge John, Sots hole
Sheldon James, Ablewell street
Smallman James, Parks
Yates Benj., James' bridge

BRICKLAYERS.

Adshead Pet. (plasterer) Park st.
Bowrin Joseph, Ablewell street
Bowrin Richard, Wisemore lane
Cooper Thos. Little Newport st.
James Joseph, Bulls' Head yard
Malin James, Hill street
Martin Joseph, Ablewell street
Salt Moses, Ablewell street
Sanders John, Hall street
Sanders Wm. Lower Rushall st.
Stokes Aaron, Balls hills
Taylor Wm. Mountrath street
Wainwright Wm. Park street

BRIDLE CUTTERS.

Bird Wm. (& patent leather collar mfr.) Dudley street
Butler Joseph, Ablewell street
Butler Thomas, Park street
Cox Thomas, Stafford street
Dixon and Lowe, Dudley street
Fairbanks & Lavender, Stafford st.
Franklin Thomas, Bradford st.
Greatrex Charles, Adam's row
Hathaway Jas. Rowley's court, Stafford street
Hathaway Wm. (and blocked pouch) Stafford street
Holder Dd. Birmingham st.
Hudson Samuel, King st.
Lynex Richard, Upr. Rushall st.
Mason Charles, Ablewell st.
Moore John, Green lane
Myring Thomas, Pool street
Poppleton Thomas, Hall street
Sharratt & Busst, Stafford st.
Tomlinson Edward, Dudley st.
Wilson James, Priory
Wedge Josiah, Pool street

BRUSH MANUFACTURERS.

Marked * *make Bone and Ivory Brushes only.*

* Busst Joseph, Digbeth
Eagles James, Stafford street
Hall Charles, Park street
Hall George, jun. Bridge street
Jones George, Stafford street
Male Christopher, Ablewell st.
* Marlow Joseph, King street
Reynolds Jph. Lwr. Rushall st.
Thornhill Richard, Park street
* Wilson Geo. Lwr. Rushall st.

BUCKLE MAKERS

Marked 1 *are Bridle*, 2 *Gear*, 3 *Hat, Brace, and Stock*, 4 *Harness, and* 5 *Roller Buckle mfrs.*

4 Adams John, New street
5 Barnett Samuel, New street
1, 5 Barnett Sam. Birmingham st.
4 Bassett Jane, Wisemore lane
5 Bell Matthew, St. Paul's row
4 Bird Zachariah, Hill street
3 Bolus George, New street
Broadhurst Samuel, Pool street
3 Brookes Thos. (brass) Lower Rushall street
5 Bullock Mary, Green lane
4, 5 Butler Saml. jun. Dudley st.
5 Butler Samuel, Pool street
5 Butler Joseph, Stafford street
4 Butler Richard, Mountrath st.
4 Cowley John, Old Meeting yd.
4 Devey John Wolverhampton rd.
5 Eyland Charles, George st.
Eyland M. & Sons, Lwr. Rushall street
2, 5 Gameson John, Old Meeting yard
4 Hardman Joseph, Birch hills
3 Harrison Henry, Ablewell st.
3 Heateley John, Wisemore lane
1, 5 James Wm. Bradford st.
3 James John, Ablewell street
3 Lees John, Malt Shovel yard
Lynex Thomas, Dudley street
3 Mason Thomas, Caldmore
5 Mason William, New street
5 Mewis John, ct. 6, Park st.
1 Mills William, Pool street
5 Newey Edward, Wisemore ln.
Porter Wm. (spur) Little London
3 Rigby Charles, Caldmore
5 Russell Joseph, Pig lane
5 Russon Thomas, St. Paul's row
5 Rutter Samuel, Pool street

Sargent Edward, Portland street
5 Soult Thomas, Ditch
5 Smith Thomas, New street
1, 5 Stanton Wm. Dudley street
5 Waters Jas. Bull's Head yard
4 Webster Wm. Dudley street
Whitehouse John, King street
5 Wilkinson James, Blue lane
Wilkinson William, Marsh lane
4, 5 Williams Joseph, New st.
4 Wisedale Benj. Ablewell street
Woolley James, (stirrup) Wisemore lane
3 Woodward Thomas, Caldmore

BUCKLE TONGUE MAKERS.

Archer Ebenezer, Peal street
Archer John, Green lane
Bayley George, Prospect row
Bullock Thomas, Pool street
Harrison Thomas, Bank street
Hitch Thomas, New street
Hitch Wm. ct. 3, High street
Hopkins Joseph, ct. 2, Dudley st.
Ley George, Birch hills
Lightwood Hieronymus, New st.
Peace John, Birch hills
Sargent Edward, Ryecroft st.
Sedgwick John, ct. 3, Upper Rushall street
Taylor Nathaniel, Hill street
Voyse Wm. Bull's Head yard
Wilkes Thomas, Bull's Head yd.

BUILDERS.

(*See also Joiners.*)

Highway Isaac, jun. Park st.; h. St. Paul's close
Ward Wm. Lichfield street

BUTCHERS.

Barlow Hugh, Ablewell street
Cooper Benj. Upr. Rushall st.
Cooper Henry, Peal street
Davis Thomas, Windmill street
Farrington Thomas, Park street
Fox George, High street
Fox George, Lwr. Rushall st.
Heath Thomas, Park street
Keable Richard, (pork) High st.
Meanley Samuel, Dudley street
Meeson Josiah, Peal street
Meeson Thos. Cooper, Ditch
Middlemore William, Digbeth
Middleton John, Park street
Middleton Jph. Upr. Rushall st.
Nicholls William, Dudley street
Proffitt Thomas, High street; h. *Aldridge*

Proffitt Thomas, High street
Selvester Jph. Upr. Rushall st.
Shaw John, Stafford street
Somerfield Samuel, Stafford st.
Stanton Cornelius, Digbeth
Stanton John, Ablewell street
Vickers Edward, High street
Wainwright James, High street

BUTTON MAKERS.

Hart Eliz. (iron) Stafford street
Small Rd. (iron) Marsh lane
Tucker Jph. (flexible) Park st.
Wilkinson Wm. (iron) Marsh la.

CABINET MAKERS.

Aulton Abraham, Park street
Harrison John, New street
Murray Richard, Digbeth
Taylor Thomas, Ablewell st.
Willatt Anty. Lwr. Rushall st.

CHAIN & CURB MAKERS.

Marked 1 *make Curb,* 2 *Dog and Light Chains, and* 3 *Cart Harness Chains.*

1 Barnett Samuel, New street
1 Barnett Wm. 3, High st.; h. Peal street
1 Beebee John, St. Paul's row
1 Bellingham Wm. Hill's yard, Upper Rushall street
1 Bird Jas. Eyland's ct. Upper Rushall street
Butler Joseph, Stafford street
3 Butler Thomas, Ryecroft st.
2 Clark William, Caldmore
1 Cooper Henry, Stafford street
1 Cooper John, Bank street
1, 2 Cooper John, Hill street
1 Cooper Thomas, Gorton's yd.
3 Dewsbury David, Pinfold sqr.
3 Emery John, Pool street
1 Evans Geo. St. Paul's row
1 Faultless John, Town-end bank
1 Freeman Jph. Town-end bank
1 Glover Timothy, St. Paul's row
2 Harmes Benj. Stafford street
1 Hanby Chas. 8. Upr. Rushall st.
Hately David, St. Paul's row
1 Hickin John, Hill street
1 Holden James, Stafford street
1 Huskinson Wm. Bullock's row
2 Huskinson William, Caldmore
2 Kendall Joseph, Bank street
1 Lowbridge Jph. Bagnall's bdgs.
3 Moseley Jph. Hill street
1 Mills Thomas, Ryecroft street
Naylor Thomas, Portland street
4 Osborn John, Prospect row
4 Osborn Samuel, Bank street

1 Palmer John, New street
Perrins Charles, Ablewell street
Reynolds Charles, Wisemore
2 Reynolds Thomas, George st.
2 Richardson Jph. Wisemore
1 Riddin Charles, Newton's yard
Roper Nicholas, New street
1 Russell John, St. Paul's row
1 Russell Joseph, Pig lane
1 Russell Jph. (& tinner) Ablewell street
Shale James, Blue lane
3 Shelley Richard, Marsh lane
3 Stephens Samuel, Pig lane
1 Swan Thomas, Caldmore
Taylor William, Town-end bank
1 Webster Charles, Whitehall
Webster George, Blue lane
Webster John, Blue lane
3 Webster John, Portland street
Webster Thomas, Green lane
1 Whitehouse Charles, Birch hills
1 Whitehouse Hy. Wolverhampton road
1 Whitehouse John, King street
1 Whitehouse Joseph, Birch hills
1 Whitehouse Thos. Marsh lane
1 Williams Dd. St. Paul's row
1 Williams Jas. St. Paul's row
1 Williams Simon, St. Paul's row

CHEESE & BACON FACTORS.

Harrison Thomas, Ablewell st.
Holt John, Dudley street
Meeson Richard, New street
Thompson John, Church street

CHINA, &c. DEALER.

Allsop Thomas, Peal street

CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

Beasley Henry, High street
Cox Jane, High street
Day Saml. (and rolled silver dlr.) Digbeth
Harris John, High street
Highway Henry, High street
Rutter Richard, High street
Smith John, Park street
Smith William, High street
Woodwards John, Upr. Rushall street
Yates Francis, High street

CLOTHES DEALERS.

Lerry Wm. Digbeth
Napper James, New street

COAL MASTERS.

Baker James & Sons, Union colliery, Birch hills
Bealey Joseph, Bloxwich
Eardley John & Co. Green lane
Partridge John, Sots hole
Walker A. (assignees of) Birch hill old colliery
Whateley John Clement, Esq. Birch hills

COAL MERCHANTS.

Boys John, Wlampton. road
Boynton Richard, New street
Carver Jph. Park street wharf
Green Wm. Ablewell street
Perks Samuel, Lichfield road

COOPERS.

*Marked * Packing Case makers.*

Adams Wm. High st.; h. George street
Clements Wm. Upr. Rushall st.
* Mason James Rooker, High st.
Rooker James, Park street
Rooker Jph. Upr. Rushall street
* Silleter Mary, Square

CORN MILLERS.

Boulton Benj. Birch hills.
Highway Thos. & Chas. Park st.
Jackson Joseph, Short heath
Jennings Thos. Little London & Upper Rushall street
Jones Whitmore and Son, New mills
Pratt Thomas, Bloxwich wharf

CURRIERS AND LEATHER SELLERS.

See also Leather Japanners.

Bentley Henry, George street
Franklin Thomas, Bradford st.
Franklin William, Bank street
Hall Thomas, Caldmore
Holden Edward, Park street
Mason Charles, Ablewell street
Osbourn John, Church street
Smith Frdk. Lwr. Rushall street

DIE SINKERS.

Jackson Thos. Upr. Rushall st.
Tonks George, (& mark maker) Stafford street

DYERS

Faultless Ann, Town-end bank
Harrison Cath. Lwr. Rushall st.
Ross Clement, Bull's Head yard

EATING HOUSES.

Dickinson Sarah, High street
Nicholls Mary, High street

ENGRAVERS.

Smith David, Stafford street
Thacker Wm. (chaser & embosser,) Lower Rushall street



Dossett Wm. Green lane cott
Franklin Wm. Park hill
Gould Sylvanus, Wood end
Harris Richard, the Hills
Hughes Henry, New mills
Moor John, Reeds wood
Nicholls Horatio, Birch hills
Paget Ann Maria & Matild. Plec
Palmer Mary, Green lane
Partridge Wm. Wood end
Salt John, Wood end
Smith John, Reeds wood
Walker John, Doveridge
Wiggin John, Pool street
Wiggin John, jun. Hall street
Wood Samuel, Sutton road
Wood Thomas, Hay head

FILE MANUFACTURERS.

Arrowsmith Wm. Lr. Rushall st.
Green Benjamin, Dudley street
Hildick Moore (& iron square) Wolverhampton road
Summerfield Joseph, New st.

FIRE & LIFE OFFICES.

Alliance, Wm. Cotterill, Doveridge place
Birmingham, Joseph Marlow, Windmill
Manchester, Wm. Sleigh, Temple street
Norwich, John Adams, New st.
Pelican, G. B. Stubbs, Lower Rushall street

Big Coal, William Wainwright, Park street
Black Boy, Wm. Wood, New st.
Blue Boar, Nchs. Roper, New st.
Bradford Arms, Edward Burton, Lower Rushall street
Britannia, John Brown, Upper Rushall street
Bull's Head, John Clay, Upper Rushall street
Castle, John Vickers, High st.
Coach & Horses, Jph. Freeman, Ablewell street
Crown & Anchor, Thos. Taylor, Lower Rushall street
Crown and Malt Shovel, John Elton, New street
Dog and Partridge, Hy. Clenton, Windmill street
Dragon, (see Royal Oak)
Duke of York, Mary Whittaker, Dudley street
Earl Grey, Wm. Stoddard, Stafford street
Fox, Jane Labond, Stafford st.
George Hotel, Richard Moore Fletcher, St. Paul's place
George and Dragon, Jane Bridgwood, Park street
Golden Lion, Wm. Heykin, Birch hills
Green Man, (& excise office) Jno. Farrington, Dudley street
Hare and Hounds, Rd. Lynex, Upper Rushall street
Hen and Chickens, Geo. Cook, Lower Rushall street
Jolly Bacchus, Samuel Barnett, New street
King's Head, Danl. Gould, Caldmore
Leathern Bottle, Joseph Bould, Church street
Malt Shovel, James Sheldon, Lower Rushall street
Masons' Arms, Thos. Crossdall, Ablewell street
Nag's Head, Wm. Clarkson Smith, Upper Rushall street
New Inn & Commercial House, Ann Jukes, Park street
Old King's Arms, Thomas Male, Lower Rushall street
Old Peal, Jas. Hayes, Peal st.
Old Red Lion, Hugh Barlow, Ablewell street
Old Ring of Bells, John Eld, Ablewell street
Old Rodney, John Male, Park st.
Old Still, John Cooper, Digbeth
Original Green Man, Hannah Errington, George street
Paul Pry, Eliz. Read, Church st.
Prince Blucher, Joseph Roper, Stafford street
Queen's Head, Rt. Westwood, Hill street
Red Lion, Thomas Hutchinson, Park street
Roe Buck, Sarah Lea, Upper Rushall street
Rose and Crown, John Bradbury Dexter, Birch hills
Royal Exchange, Thos. James, Ablewell street
Royal Oak and Dragon, James Bullock, High street
Royal Oak, James Sheldon, Ablewell street
Salutation, Simon Smith, Stafford street
Shakspeare, Jph. Hicklin, Peal street
Spread Eagle, Jph. Whitehouse, Park street
Swan-with-two-Necks, Adam Urmson, Park street
Talbot, Chas. Shaw, Digbeth
Three Crowns, Ralph Allen, Wood end
Three Cups, John Scudamore, Park street
Three Swans and Peal, George Adderley, Peal street
Three Tuns, Thomas Boot, Temple street
Three Tuns, Wm. Stone, Lwr. Rushall street
Turk's Head, George Foster, Digbeth
Union, John Harvey, Windmill street
Vine, Thos. Trees, Mountrath st.
Walsall Arms, Saml. Mee, Bankst.
Watering Trough, Jph. Wright, Ablewell street
Waterloo, Hy. Thornhill, Marsh lane.
White Hart, Thos. Price, Caldmore
White Lion, John Daniels, High street

White Lion, Wm. Porter, Little London
White Swan, Josh. Roper, Dudley street
Woodman, Ann Holder, Park st.
Woolpack, Geo. Fox, High st.

BEER HOUSES.

Allin Thomas, Sutton road
Bird Thomas, Ryecroft street
Cameson Thomas, Church st.
Giles Joseph, Maw green
Gnosall Henry, Blue lane
Hardman Saml. Wisemore lane
Mason Benjamin, Caldmore
Rose James, Stafford street
Smith Wm. Peal street
Startin Charles, Pool street
Webster John, Portland street
Wilks Samuel, Pleck
Yates Benj. James's bridge
Barrel, Mary Beddowes, Ablewell street
Blue Pig, Chas. Butler, George street
Britannia, Wm. Whitney, Park street
Bricklayers' Arms, Jph. Parkes, Pleck
Castle & Falcon, Thos. German, Wisemore lane
Dolphin, Edmd. Denham, George street
Freemasons, Hy. Smith, Townend bank
Frighted Horse, Jas. Shale, Blue lane
General Hill, Richd. Humphreys, Blue lane
Globe, Jerh. Needham, Mountrath street
Globe, Ferd. Bedworth, New st.
Lamb & Lark, Thos. Hill, Pool street
Leg of Mutton, Benj. Westley, New street
Lord Nelson, Jph. Butler, Stafford street
Malt Shovel, Geo. Hackett, Birmingham road
[illegible]'s Head, My. Heath, Bank st.
[illegible]gh, Thos. Bates, Blue lane
[illegible]'s Sun, Jno. Osbourn, Hill st.
[illegible] Stars, John Thomas, Dudley street
[illegible] Cottage, Rd. Hayes, Holt
Steam Engine, Wm. Osborn, Wolverhampton road
Three Crowns, Emanl. Benton, Blue lane
Wheat Sheaf, John Hopkins, Birmingham street
White Horse, James Thomas, Park street
Wind Mill, Joseph Hickin, Windmill street
Woodman, Hannah Horton, Upper Rushall street
Woodman, John Beddoes, Ryecroft street

IRON FOUNDERS.

Marked 1 *mfr. Buckles,* 2 *Hinges and Builders' Ironmongery,* & 3 *Malleable Iron Harness Mountings, Bits, Buckles, Stirrups, &c.*

3 Ankrett Thos. St. Mary's row
3 Archer Charles, Wisemore
Ashford Stephen, Hill street
1 Bache Samuel, Windmill st.
Cotterell John, George street
3 Cresswell George, Pool st.
Elwell John, Windmill street
Eyland M. & Sons, L. Rushall st.
1, 2 Glover James, Church st.
1, 2 Glover John, King street
3 Guest Samuel, Doveridge
1 Guest Samuel, Malt Shovel yd. Lower Rushall street
1 Holland John, Windmill st.
1, 2 James John (and key) Ablewell street
1, 2 James Wm. Bradford street
1, 3 Marlow James, Windmill st.
Mason Wm. New street
Otway, Wennington, & Co. (engineers & machinists,) Goscote
2 Perks Samuel (& nails,) Lower Hall lane
3 Smith John, Dudley street
Stokes John, Townend bank
Tucker Joseph, Park street
Westley Benjamin, New street
1 Whittaker Mary, Dudley st.

IRON, STEEL, AND METAL MERCHANTS.

Banton Edward, Bridge street
Dawes John & Sons, George st.
Elwell Samuel, Park street
Marlow Henry and Co. Park st.
Nickols Jeremiah, Stafford st.

IRONMONGERS.

Brookes Thos. Lwr. Rushall st.

Eyland Jane, Upper Rushall st.
Hobbins John (& paper, metal, & silver warehouse,) High st.
Pretty Mary Ann, High street

JAPANNERS.

Allsop John, Marsh lane
Birch Wm. Windmill street
Brown Joseph, Birch hills
Denham Joseph, George street
Marsh Edward, Old Meeting yd.
Paddock Edward, Townend bank
Smith James, Mountrath street

JOBBING SMITHS, &c.

Birley Thomas (window and pad plate,) Adams row
Cartwright Joseph, ct. 1, Upper Rushall street
Dexter Ths. (coach) Wisemore ln.
Gregory Joseph, Stafford street
Mills Wm. (martingale hooks, &c.) Square
Shenton Wm. ct. 3, U. Rushall st.
Stanton Jerh. (hinge) Balls hills
Wright Gilbert, Townend bank
York John, Pig lane

JOINERS & BUILDERS.

Brewer Robert, Prospect row
Daniels John, High street
Dobson Samuel, Church street
Hale Henry, St. Paul's row
Hartop Wm. Stafford street
Lucas Wm. Dudley street
Highway Isaac, jun. Park street; house, St. Paul's close
Moore Joseph, Priory
Roper Joshua, Dudley street
Small Wm. ct. 2, Digbeth
Stokes Wm. Park street
Tisdall Henry, Ablewell street
Wedge James, New street
Whitney Wm. Park street

KEY MAKERS.

Allin James, ct. 5, Park street
Beddell Wm. Adams row
Cook Wm. Ryecroft street
Hill Paul, Birch hills
Hill Peter, Birch hills
James John, Ablewell street
Lockhard James, Birch hills
Robinson Wm. Blue lane
Walker James, Blue lane
Wilkinson James, Blue lane

LEATHER (PATENT) JAPANNERS.

Franklin Thomas, Bradford st.
Hall Thomas, Caldmore
Holden Edward, Park street
Roberts John, Tantarra place

LIME-MASTERS.

Wharfs, Canal Basin, Park street.
Adams Jno. Bradnock, Bloxwich wharf; house, High street
Brindley John (& cement manufacturer,) Hay head
Harrison, Wagstaff, & Co. Walsall and Butts works
Strongitharm, Cooper, Jenks, & Co. Walsall works
Strongitharm Jno. Old Lime wrf.

LINEN & WOOLLEN DRPRS.

Cotterell Joseph, High street
Crump Richard, High street
Harper James, High street
Johnson & Swift, High street
Powell Samuel Henry, Digbeth
Somerfield George, Stafford st.
Wood Rd. Upper Rushall street

DRAPERS, &c. (TRAVLNG.)

Kirkpatrick John, Mountrath st.
Kirkpatrick Thomas, Dudley st.
M'Cornick John, Dudley street
M'Queen Jas. Lower Rushall st.
Mitchell David, Birmingham st.
Shannon John, Hall street
Shannon Wm. Birmingham st.

LIQUID JET MANFRS.

Fletcher Wm. Henry, Balls hills
Hydes James, New street

LOCK MANUFACTURERS.

Marked 1 *are Cabinet*, 2 *Pad*, 3 *Rim, and* 4 *Trunk Lock mfrs.*
4 Appleby Henry, Blue lane
1 Archer Abraham (& chain polisher,) Birch hills
Barber Wm. (and bell-hanger,) Mountrath street
3 Bartle John, ct. 5, Park street
2 Bates John (& latch) Intown rw.
4 Bayley Samuel, Pinfold square
Bird Moses (and bell hanger,) Stafford street
Bratt Charles, Birch hills
Cooper John, Birch hills
Cooper Wm. Blue lane
4 Dale Thos. (and bell hanger,) Birmingham street
1 Duncomb Wm. ct. 5, Park st.
2 Eyland Charles, George street
2 Francis Joseph, Pool street
2 Hart James, Wisemore
Heykin Wm. Birch hills
2 Johns Henry, Pinfold square
1 Lawrence Samuel, Blue lane
1 Lawrence Wm. Green lane

2 Lawton Joseph, Wood's yard, New street
4 Marshall Richard, Stafford st.
Marshall Wm. Portland street
Newton Thos. (South America,) Wolverhampton road
2 Nicklin Abm. Portland row
4 Owen Thomas, Pig lane
2, 4 Parker James, New street
1 Rose Edward, Stafford street
1 Round Benjamin, Birch hills
2 Tibbits John, Bridge street
1 Tuckley Charles, Stafford st.
1 Tuckley Henry, Portland row
Vaughan Wm. Stafford street
3 Webster John, Adams row
Yates Stephen, (fine plate and stock) Brewer's yd. Stafford st.
1 Yates Wm. Birch hills

MALTSTERS.

Adams John Bradnock, High st.
Bould Joseph, Church street
Curtis Joseph, Bank street
Elton John, New street
Farrington John, Dudley street
Gilbert George, King street
Oerton Thomas, Dudley-street
Scudamore John, Park street
Sheldon James, Ablewell street
Smith Wm. Clarkson, Upper Rushall street
Sutton Ths. Upr. Rushall street
Turner Chas. Upper Rushall st.
Whitehouse James, Park street
Whitehouse Joseph, Park street
Wood Samuel, Sutton road
Wood Wm. Ablewell street
Wright James, Ablewell street

MERCHANTS & FACTORS.

*Marked * are also Saddlers' Ironmongers.*

* Adams Chas. & Son, Park st.
* Chawner & Adams, Bridge st.
Cotterill, Hill, & Co. Lichfield st.
* Eyland M. and Sons, Lower Rushall street
* Fletcher Saml. & Sons, Bridge street
* Hobbins & Morris, St. Paul's pl.
* Hudson Samuel, King street
James and Payton, Park street
* Sharratt and Busst, Park st.
Smith John, Bank street
* Smith Thos. Birmingham st.
Swift James, New street
Windle C. & H. C. King street

MILLINERS & DRESS MKRS.

Adams Ann, Bank street
Barber Amelia, Birmingham st.
Blakemore Mary, George street
Brookes Caroline, Ablewell st.
Butler Lydia, Pool street
Deeley Jane, Lower Rushall st.
Dorricutt Henrietta, Digbeth
Eyland Ann, New street
Glover Sarah, Church street
Hinton Eliz. Bridge street
Holden Eliza, Stafford street
Hurbridge Mary, New street
London Sarah, Lower Rushall st.
Peat Harriot, Ablewell street
Proffitt Ann, Ablewell street
Unitt Elizabeth, Birmingham st.

OPTICIANS AND GLASS GRINDERS.

Eyland M. & Sons, L. Rushall st.

PAWNBROKERS.

Bleakman George, Square
Harrison John, Gorton's yard
Matthews Mary, Upr. Rushall st.

PLATERS AND HARNESS FURNITURE MANFRS.

Marked 1 *mfr. Plated Bits,* 2 *Buckles,* 3 *Spurs, and* 4 *Stirrups, and the others are general manufacturers.*

3 Andrews Joseph, Square
Ankrett Thomas (and nails,) St. Mary's row
Apperson Robert, George street
2 Bagnall John, Ablewell street
Bayley Edward, Green lane
Beebee Benj. Holts hill lane
2, 3 Beebee Joseph, Hall street
2 Biddle Thos. Lower Rushall st.
Bird John, Stafford street
Bould Joseph, Intown row
2 Cash Joseph, ct. 3, High st.
3 Clark Thomas, New street
3 Clarkson Wm. Caldmore
3 Cooper Chas. Birch hills
Cooper Wm. (and elastic cattle tube manufacturer,) Park street
Cooper John, Birch hills
Cowley Joseph, Birmingham st.
Crowe Jno. Jackson's ct. Peal st.
Deeley Thos. Lower Hall lane
Deykin Joseph, New street
Davill Joseph, Old Meeting yard
2 Dixon George, Old Meeting yd.
Eyland John, New street
Farmer James, Ablewell street



Francis Samuel, (saddle nails,) Lower Rushall street
Greatrex Chas. Adams row
3 Gould Daniel, Caldmore
4 Green John, ct. 3, High street
2 Greenway James, Church st.
Griffin & Bennett, Wood's yard, New street
1, 4 Harvey John, (hard solder,) Windmill street
Harvey Wm. (hard solder,) Windmill street
Hawkford James, Windmill st.
Hart Chas. Portland row
2, 4 Heath Wm. Bank street
Hemonsley George, Stafford st.
1, 3 Hickin Wm. L. Rushall st.
Hildick Thos. Ablewell street
Hill Thomas, Pool street
1, 4 Hodgetts John (hard solder) Ablewell street
1, 4 Hodgetts John (hard solder,) King street
Hopkins John, Birmingham st.
1, 3, 4 Holland Chas. New st.
Hume Thomas, Blue lane
2 Jackson Thos. Nickol's court, Stafford street
James Wm. Hall street
2 Jones Edward, Stafford street
2 Lawrence Joseph, Balls hills
Lees James, Holts hill lane
2 Lynex James, Bank street
Lynex Henry, Church street
3 Mace Thomas, Dudley street
Marlow James, Windmill street
2 Mason James, Birmingham st.
Mason Wm. Bullock's row
Mayo Wm. Windmill street
Nicklin Wm. Stafford street
Oakley Jas. Hill street
Paine & Follett, Birmingham st.
Palmer Wm. (& metal worker) Little London
1, 2 Richardson Wm. Bank street
Robinson ——, Windmill
3 Rock Joseph (saddle nails,) Windmill street
1, 4 Roper Jph. (hard solder) Stafford street
1, 3 Ross Mattw. Little London
Rowley Thos. Stafford street
2 Smith Jas. Portland street
Smith Thos. Windmill street
Startin Chas. Pool street
2 Steel Thos. *Hall street*
Stone Jph. *George street*
2 Stringer John, Caldmore
1 Swift Richard, Blue lane
Thornhill Wm. (saddle nails,) New street
Whitehouse John, Ablewell st.
Whitehouse Wm. Windmill st.
Thacker Sarah & Son, Lower Rushall street
2 Thornhill Thos. Dudley street
2 Tucker Joseph, Park street
Westley Benjamin, (saddle nails,) Paddock lane
3 Wilcox Wm. ct. 3, High street
Walter John, Hill street
Whitehouse John, King street
3 Wilcox Thomas, New street

PLUMBERS, GLAZIERS, AND PAINTERS.

Abbiss John Whitley, Dudley st.
Brown Robert, Digbeth
Gwinnutt Cornelius, Digbeth
Mason Edward, Church street
Mold Charles, Park street
Taylor John, Whampton. road
Timmins John, Birmingham st.
Wood John, Ablewell

PUMP (WOOD) MAKERS.

Bedford Thomas, New street
Brumall Hugh, Hall street
Keyte Joseph, Prospect row
Keyte William, Newton's yard, Park street

REFINERS.

Marlow Rd. Doveridge
Ross Jeremiah, Caldmore
Thomas Thomas, New street

ROPE & TWINE MAKERS.

Hallsworth Edward, Park street
Jennings Thomas, Upr. Rushall street

SADDLE, HARNESS, AND COLLAR MANFRS.

Marked 1 *are Saddle*, 2 *Harness, and* 3 *Collar mfrs., and* 4 *covered Furniture makers. The others have retail shops.*

Beams Vincent, Upr. Rushall st.
2, 4 Riddle Joseph, Hill street
1, 2 Bingham Thos., Cox ct. High street
2 Butler Jph. Ablewell street
2 Cook Geo. Lower Rushall st.
1 Doughty Wm. Digbeth
2 Eversfield Thos. Holts hill lane
2 Greatrex Chas. Adams row
1 Jackson John, Upr. Rushall st.

Johnson Saml. Park st.; house Portland street
London Wm. High street
4 Lynex Richd. Upr. Rushall st.
2 Mason Charles, Ablewell st.
1 Moody Robert, Park street
2 Myring Thomas, Pool street
2 Poppleton Thomas, Hall street
2, 4 Richardson John & Richard Bank street
4 Shelton Robert, Prospect row
3 Shorters James, Prospect row
4 Stringer Thomas, Windmill st.
2 Thacker & Marshall, Cross st.
1 Thurstan Frederick, Digbeth
2 Tonks Saml. Stafford street
2 Tonks Saml. jun., Stafford st.

SADDLERS' IRONMONGERS.
(*See also Merchants.*)

Brace and Box, Park street
Brookes Wm. Hy. & Chas. Park street
Butter Joseph, Ablewell street
Butter Thomas, Park street
Chavasse Wm. Ablewell street; house, Veranda cottage
Dixon and Lowe, Dudley street
Durham & Shorters, Bradford st.
Fairbanks & Lavender, Stafford street
Fletcher Thos. Birmingham st.
Greatrex Charles, Adams row
Marlow Saml. Whitehouse, Windmill street
Newman Joseph, Prospect row
Newton Sophia & Co. Park st.
Rowley Thomas, Stafford street
Shutt John, Ablewell street
Swift Edward, Belle vue
Tomlinson Edward, Dudley st.
Walton George, Park street
Whitehouse John, King street
Wood John and Son, Bridge st.

SADDLERS' TOOL MAKERS.

Adams Thomas, Pool street
Allen John, Mountrath street

SADDLE TREE MAKERS.

Biddell Wm. (and harness,) New street
Mason William, Birmingham st.

SHOPKEEPERS.

Amphlet John, Stafford street
Apperson Robert, George street
Appleby Ambrose, ct. 7, Upper Rushall street
Bladon John, Stafford street
Broughton Joseph, Ablewell st.
Bullock Ann, Lower Rushall st.
Butler Samuel, Pool street
Butler Samuel, jun. Dudley st.
Carver John, Park street
Clarkson Zachariah, New street
Clenton Joseph, Windmill street
Clenton Robert, Dudley street
Cliff Eliz. Lower Rushall street
Cook Joseph, Park street
Cooper Henry, Stafford street
Cowley Lydia, Birmingham st.
Cox Sarah, George street
Cox Samuel, George street
Crowe Benj. Thos. Ablewell st.
Crowe Mary, Stafford street
Eagles John, Peal street
Elton George, Bank street
Errington Thos. Lwr. Rushall st.
Evans Richard, Hill street
Evans Samuel, Stafford street
Frances Saml. Lwr. Rushall st.
Gameson Thomas, Church street
Giles John, New street
Giles Wm. Windmill street
Gnosall Thos. Lwr. Rushall st.
Harris Thomas, Church street
Hawkins Jane, Bank street
Holloway Samuel, L. Rushall st.
Holland Chas. New street
James Edward, Bank street
James Edward, Balls hills
Jefferies Thomas, Green lane
Jennings Elizabeth, Park street
Jennings Mary, Peal street
Jones Joseph, Wisemore lane
Kendrick Wm. Henry, Lower Rushall street
Mason Elizabeth, Hill street
Pidgeon John, George street
Siberey Wm. Stafford street
Stanley David, Stafford street
Stanley Wm. Hall street
Thomas James, Park street
Vigress, John, Hill street
Wright James, Ablewell street

SNUFFER MANFRS.

Brookes Thos. & Jas. Hill st.
Lunn John, Park hill
North Wm. Green lane
Somerfield Thomas, (japanned,) New street

SPOON (IRON-TINNED) MAKERS.

Eyland Chas. George street
James John, Ablewell street

SPRING HOOK & SWIVEL MAKERS.
Allen John, Mountrath street
Hale James, Portland street
Hale John, Portland street
Ridding Wm. Stafford street
Smith Joseph, Townend bank

SPRING SADDLE BAR MKRS.
Bertram Saml. Birch hills
Birch Saml. Mountrath street
Cotterell Wm. Lwr. Rushall st.
Stringer Thomas, Hill street
Stringer Wm. Stafford street
Tonkison Chas. Upr. Rushall st.
Tonkison Hphy. ct. 4, Upper Rushall street

SPUR MANUFACTURERS.
Allsop John, New street
Allsop Thomas, Peal street
Ankrett Thomas, St. Mary's row
Bagnall John, Ablewell street
Brown Joseph, Birch hills
Butler Thomas, Whitehall
Carless John, Birch hills
Carless Joseph, Gorton's yard
Corfield Wm. New street
Frankham Saml. Hill street
Gould George, Dudley street
Gould John, Wood's yd. New st.
Gould Wm. Whitehall
Longmore Thomas, Windmill st.
Lynex Thomas, Dudley street
Mace Thomas, Dudley street
Parker John, New street
Smith John, Windmill street
Smith Joseph, Wisemore lane
Stringer Thomas, Hill street
Thornhill Charles, Windmill st.

SPUR ROWEL MAKERS.
Bown Francis, Bullock's row
Evans Josiah, Dudley street
Mason Thos. Wood's yd. New st.
Stanton Thos. Dudley street
Stanton Wm. jun. Dudley street
Trawford Thomas, Hill street

STAY MAKERS.
Smith Ann Caroline, Digbeth
Harris John, Church street

STAMPERS.
Bullock Mary, Green lane
Hardman Joseph, Birch hills
Newton John, Stafford street
Newton Thomas, Whampton. rd.
Platt Francis, New street
Starton *Charles, Pool street*

STEELYARD & SCALE BEAM MANFRS.
Beddows John, Ryecroft street
Rogers Peter, Ablewell street

STIRRUP MANUFRS.
Cocking John, Pool street
Cotterell Jph. (spring) George st.
Cowall John, Dudley street
Giles Pp. (spring) Windmill st.
Giles Wm. Windmill street
Goodwin Richard, Ryecroft st.
Green John, ct. 3, High street
Hands Wm. Townend bank
Harrison James, Wisemore lane
Harrison Jas. jun. Wisemore ln.
Hickin Abm. (ladies') Birch hills
Hickin Jph. Windmill street
Holden Joseph, Caldmore
Ingleby Thos. Whampton. road
Johns Samuel, Marsh lane
Meeson Thomas, Birch hills
Palmer Jph. (spring) George st.
Robertson Jph. Blue lane
Ross John, ct. 2, Park street
Ross Simeon, Pig lane
Smallwood Jas. (ladies' slipper) Devonshire ditch
Smallwood Jph. (ditto) New st.
Webb John, Stafford street
Westley Wm. Birch hills
Wilcox Thomas, Pleck lane

STONE MASONS.
Eglington John, Bridge street
Longmore John, Gorton's yard
Smallwood John, Lichfield st.
Ward Wm. Lichfield street.

STRAW HAT MAKERS.
Bache Ann, New street
Duignan Ann, Lwr. Rushall st.
Holden Ann, Stafford street
Palmer Sarah, Ablewell street
Partridge Jane, Ablewell street
Whittingham Eliz. High street

SURGEONS.
Adams, Thos. M.D. Park street
Chavasse Chas. Allen, Bradford street
Fletcher Arthur Augus. Digbeth
Kent Benj. Archer, M.D. George street
Paget Henry, Dudley street
Pitt Thomas, King street
Smith John, Park street
Spilsbury Edgar Ash, Park st.
Swift, John, High street

TAILORS.

*Marked * are Drapers also.*

Adderley John, Pinfold square
Brunt Charles, Meeting house ct.
Cook Joseph, Upr. Rushall st.
Cotterell Wm. Hall street
Hamlet Saml. Black Boy road
* **Oakley & Son,** Lwr. Rushall st.
Oakley Wm. Lwr. Rushall st.
* **Perkins Wm.** High street
Reynolds Thomas, Cross street
* **Shannon John,** Hill street
Smith Richard, George street
Spalding Jas. Lwr. Rushall st.
* **Taylor Rd. D.** Upr. Rushall st.
Whittick Wm. Dudley street

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

Brewer John, Wisemore cottage
Whitgreave John, Bradford st.; h. Caldmore terrace

TURNERS,

(In Bone, Ivory, and Wood.)

Bunst Joseph, Digbeth
Deroach Charles, Pool street
Hall George, jun. Bridge street
Male Chpr. Ablewell street
Painter John, (wood) Lwr. Rushall street
Stone Wm. (bone) Lwr. Rushall street
Walker John (& bed pole) Ablewell street

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS.

*Marked * are Jewellers.*

* **Dutton Thomas,** High street
* **Gent Joseph,** High street
Russell Geo. Lwr. Rushall st.

WHEELWRIGHTS.

Adams John, Bridge street
Evans Samuel, Bridge street
Whitehouse Wm. Abelwell st.
Wilks Samuel, Pleck

WHIP THONG MAKERS.

Carver Jph. ct. 8, Upr. Rushall st.; h. Park street wharf
Hubball Wm. Pool street
Mason George, Bullock's row

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHTS.

Fletcher, Howard, & Co. Ablewell street
Beak Johnson H. High st.; h. Lichfield street
Hawkins David, Park street
Oakley Joseph, High street
Probert John, Upr. Rushall st.

WIRE WORKER & DRAWER.

Gray Wm. Park street

COACHES.

(All are daily, except otherwise expressed.)

FROM THE GEORGE HOTEL.

To *London*, the Mail at 4 aft.; Albion, ½ p. 5 evg.; Magnet, every Wed. Fri. & Sun. ½ p. 5 aft.; Aurora, 4 mg. (except Mon.); and the Red Rover 4 mg.

To *Birmingham*, the Mail at 4 aft.; the Railway ½ bef. 9 mg. & a coach every mg. expt. Sun. at ½ p. 9.

To *Chester*, the Albion at 9 mg. except Sunday.

To *Liverpool*, the Aurora at ½ p. 8 mg. and the Magnet every Tue. Thu. & Sat. at 11 night.

To *Manchester*, the Red Rover at ½ p. 8 mg. and the Railway at ½ p. 9 evg.

To *Sheffield*, (by Lichfield, &c.) the Mail at 5 mg. and to *Wolverhampton* at ½ p. 4 aft.

FROM THE TURK'S HEAD.

To *Birmingham*, the Gleaner at 9 mg. and 3 aft.

To *Dudley*, the Times every Tuesday at 5 aft.

FROM THE OLD STILL.

To *Birmingham*, the Attwood at 10 mg. and every Tue. Thu. and Sat. at 3 aft.

CARRIERS BY WATER.

Smith, Wilkinson, and Co. and Pickford and Co. to all parts of the kingdom, daily.

CARRIERS BY LAND.

(To *London, all goods by way of Birmingham.*)

Smith, Wilkinson, & Co. from Upper Rushall st. to Birmingham, Wolverhampton, &c. daily, at 1 noon.

John Shackles, from the Red Lion, to Birmingham, Manchester, Stafford, York, &c. every Mon. Wed. and Sat.

Elizabeth Jones, from the Bradford Arms, to Birmingham, Mon. 9 mg.; and to Stafford every Tuesday night.

Wallace's Waggon, from the Bradford Arms, to Birmingham, Shrewsbury, &c., Tues. Thurs. and Sat.

To *Birmingham*, John Hale, from Stafford street, daily, 10 mg.; and Joseph March, from Wisemore lane, Mon. Wed. Fri. and Sat. 1 noon.

To *Wolverhampton*, Jno. Gould, from the Old Still, Tue. Thu. & Sat. 5 aft.; and John Hale, from Stafford street, Wed. 11 mg.

To *Sheffield, Leeds, Lichfield*, &c. G. Wheatcroft and Son's VAN, from Birmingham & Upper Rushall street, every Mon. Wed. and Fri. nights.

To *Cannock*, from the Talbot Inn, John Done and J. Barnes, Tues. 4 aft.

VILLAGES IN THE FOREIGN OF WALSALL.

SHELFIELD AND WALSALL WOOD.

*Those marked * are in Shelfield, & the other in Walsall Wood.*

Davis Wm. grocer
* Harrison John, nail mfr.
Skidmore Josiah, gent.
Smart James, schoolmaster
Stephens John, canal agent, Cats hill
Stubbs Edward, gent. & Walsall
* Whitehouse Hy. blacksmith

PUBLIC HOUSES.

Boot, John Rock
* Four Crosses, Robert Ball
Horse and Jockey, Sarah Stokes
Red Lion, Thomas Stokes

BEER HOUSES.

Board, John Latham
Black Lion, John Wigley
King William, Rich. Jackson

Chain makers.

* Homer Hy.
Jackson Chas.
Jackson Saml.
Jackson Thos.
Jackson Wm.
Jackson W. jun.

Farmers.

Arblaster Edm.
* Bates Joseph
Harrison AnnL.
* Harrison Sl.
* Keeling Jas.
Taylor Wm.
Twist Edward

BLOXWICH, &c.

Those marked 1 *reside at Birch Hills*, 2 *Blakenall*, 3 *Gt. Bloxwich*, 4 *Little Bloxwich*, 5 *Coal Pool*, 6 *Goscote*, 7 *Harden*, 8 *Short Heath*, 9 *Sneyd-lane*, 10 *Sots Hole*, 11 *Wallington Heath*.

2 Arnold John, bricklayer
Badger Jph. gent. Leymour house
3 Badger Joseph, bit manufacturer
3 Bagnall Rev. Rodolphus (Cath.)
3 Baylie, Rev. John, curate
4 Bealey John Edward, gent.
8 Bealey Joseph, gent.
3 Beetenson, Thomas, plumber, glazier, and painter
3 Binfield Henry Edw. surgeon
3 Daniel Miss Sarah
3 Duignan Henry, gov. of Workhouse and assistant overseer
8 Haden Richard, rope maker
5 Hildick Henry, edge tool mfr.
11 Harrison Joseph, gent.
8 Marshall Thomas, chapel clerk
Morson Henry, Esq. iron master, Bloxwich hall
7 Paddock Phillis, roller buckle manufacturer
8 Parker Wm. trip polish mfr.
11 Russell John, merchant
3 Sargeant James, buckle tongue manufacturer
3 Stones Catherine, dress maker
Smith Joseph, corn miller, Goscote lodge
3 Walton Wm. gent.
3 Welch Wm. painter and glazier
6 Wennington Hy. engineer, &c.

Academies.

8 Mountfort John & Clara Stokes (Natl.)
3 Perry Mary (bdg.)

*Awl Blade and Shoe Tack Manfrs. Marked * make tacks only.*

8 Beech Charles
10 Brookes Edward
11 Edge John
8 Edge Mark
8 Edge Titus
8 Evans David
2 * Fowler Zachariah
8 Harvey Thomas



7 Hooley John
8 Lahead Job
3 Mayo John
11 Nicholls John
11 Nicholls Joseph
11 Nicholls Mark
1 Parker Thomas
8 Parker Thomas
10 Partridge Charles
3 Partridge Michael
3 Partridge Thomas Potter
2 * Perry James
3 Pitt Thomas
3 Pitt Thomas, jun.
3 Powell Wm.
3 Reeves John
3 Reeves Joseph
3 Ross Joseph
3 Ross Thomas
8 * Somerfield Benj.
10 Somerfield Edward
8 Somerfield Jacob
3 Somerfield Joseph
8 * Somerfield Luke
3 Somerfield Phineas
8 Somerfield Wm.
8 Somerfield Wm.
8 Somerfield Titus and Son
11 Stokes John
8 * Unitt John
8 Wilkes David
8 Wood Simeon
8 Wood Thomas
3 * Yates Thomas

*Bit Manufacturers. Marked * make Coach Bits, † Snaffle and Bradoon, and the other Bridle Bits only.*

7 Allen John
2 Arm George
2 Arm Thomas
3 Badger Joseph
2 Baker Charles
2 * Baker Joseph
3 * Baker Thomas
3 Baker Wm.
3 Barton John
7 Birch Samuel
3 Birchall ——
3 Bird John
Blewitt Joseph
7 † Bradbury Thos.
7 Bromhall John
3 Brookes Humphrey
7 Chapman Joseph
8 † Clark Benjamin
Cockayne John
2 Cockayne Thomas
8 † Cocking Henry
3 Cooper James
Cooper Joseph
11 † Cooper Wm.
3 Cope Benjamin
3 Daniel and Badger, (bridle and saddle)
3 * Devey Edward
2 Edwards John
2 Emery James
2 Emery Joseph
2 Emery Wm.
3 Fletcher Stephen
3 † Goodwin Amos.
7 † Gough Wm.
1 † Hardman John
3 Hardman James
2 Harris Thomas
7 Hope Charles
7 Hope James
3 Horton Samuel
2 Hough John
8 Jennings Wm.
3 † Keates James
1 Keates Thomas
3 Keates Wm.
3 † Lander Thomas
2 Littler Wm.
1 † Lowbridge Wm.
3 Nicholls Henry
1 Nox George
3 Parke Edward
3 Parker Wm.
† Peace Edward
3 Peace Wm.
7 † Peers Richard
2 Proud Chas. James
2 Proud John
8 † Selvey John
2 * Sheldon Thomas
3 * Stokes Joseph
11 † Taylor Benj.
8 Taylor Henry
11 † Taylor John
3 † Taylor Joseph
8 Taylor Samuel
11 † Taylor Wm.
2 Thompson John
3 † Tranter John
8 † Tranter Ezekiel
2 † Vaughan John
6 † Vaughan Wm.
8 † Webb Samuel
2 † Webb Stephen
3 † Welch Benjamin
7 † Wilcox John
3 Wootton James, (American bits)
2 Wootton Joseph
2 Wootton Philip
3 Wootton Thomas
3 † Wootton Wm.

Blacksmiths.

4 Cadman Thos. jun.
3 Jennings John (Ash)
3 Marshall Edward
3 Marshall Thomas
3 Thompson Joseph

Boot and Shoe Mkrs.

1 Brotherton Samuel
3 Cope Henry
8 Goodwin Edward
7 Jennings Thomas
8 Jones John
8 Hanson John
3 Lycett Wm.
3 Oakley Wm.
2 Robinson James
3 Robinson Mark
8 Somerfield Thomas
3 Taylor John (and bar keeper)
8 Walker James

Butchers.

3 Kirk John
3 Meanley Richard
3 Parker Thomas

Chain Makers.

3 Jennings Daniel
2 Whitehouse James
Whitehouse Wm.

Coal Masters.

(See Walsall, p. 437.)

Corn Millers.

(See Walsall, p. 437.)

Farmers.

11 Astbury Charles
3 Cadman John
6 Cadman Thomas
7 Carrington James
2 Fletcher Samuel
1 Griffiths William
3 Head Luke
4 Hildick Francis Rt.
4 Holland John
Horton Walter, Ley moor
Kendrick Wm. Beasley lane.

7 Moore Ann (and gardener)
2 Richards Wm.
4 Smith Josiah
3 Stokes John
3 Stokes Wm.
5 Ward Wm.
3 Wood Wm.

Grocers, &c.

8 Arblaster Wm.
8 Arch Thomas
3 Baker Thomas
8 Bradbury Wm.
3 Boulton Benjamin
3 Brewster Edward
1 Clark Benjamin
4 Frankland James
1 Hickman Henry
7 Hope James
8 Jennings James
8 Lawrence Wm.
3 Meanley Richard
8 Reay Wm.
4 Richards Samuel
3 Somerfield Matt.
3 Stanley Edw. Ejh.
2 Webb Stephen
3 Welch Benjamin
8 Wilkes John

Public Houses.

6 Barley Mow, Wm. Foley
3 Black Horse, John Kirk
8 Blue Bell, Charles Beech
3 Blue Pig, William Radnall
8 Bull's Head, Thos. Taylor
3 Four Crosses, Jesse Cooper
3 King's Arms, Wm. Totty
2 King's Head, Sarah Horton
4 Nag's Head, Joseph Beech
7 Old Trooper, Saml. Birch
3 Spread Eagle, Phineas Somerfield
3 Swan, Chas. James Dace
3 Wheat Sheaf, Wm. Purchase

Beer Houses.

2 Proud Chas. Jas.
3 Ross Joseph
4 Tease George
6 Vaughan Wm.
3 Lord Hill, Michael Partridge
8 Royal Exchange, James Walker
3 Union, John Taylor

Iron and Brass Founders, Steam Engine Builders and Millwrights.

Otway, Wennington, and Co. Goscote

Joiners.

8 Bickley Enoch
3 Heaps Robert
9 Wootton Samuel

Lock Manufacturers.

9 Aston John
4 Banks Joseph
8 Beech Charles
6 Beech Joseph
8 Hadley John
6 Holland John
6 Morroll Samuel
6 Ross George
8 Smith Henry
8 Snow Wm.
9 Starkey Charles
3 Starkey Wm.
8 Taylor Moses
3 Westley Samuel
8 Wilkes John
8 Wilkes Samuel

Maltsters.

3 Boulton Benjamin
5 Jackson Wm.

Platers.

3 Adams John
3 Bird James
3 Bird Simeon
3 Gee James
3 Goodwin Thomas
8 Reay David
3 Sargent Edward
3 Smith Wm.

Saddlers' Ironmonger.

3 Somerfield Phineas

Stirrup Makers.

1 Bond James
11 Boot William
1 Goodwin Thomas
2 Harris Wm.
4 Hough Samuel
8 Perry James
3 Sharratt Wm.
8 Sheldon James
3 Stokes Francis
3 Stokes James
8 Wood Job

Tailors.

3 Craddock Thomas
3 Roobottom George
3 White George
8 White Solomon

Wheelwrights.

3 Fellows Wm.
3 Taylor John

Conveyance.

George Stokes' coach and cart to Birmingham, Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday, at 9 morning.

WEDNESBURY.

WEDNESBURY, or as it is vulgarly called, *Wedgebury*, is an ancient and considerable market town near the source of the river Tame, 3 miles S.S.W. of Walsall, 5 miles E. by S. of *Wolverhampton*, and 8 miles N.W. of Birmingham; comprising within its parish 2081 acres of land, and a population

which, since the year 1811, has increased from 5372 to 8437 souls. The Saxons called it *Wodensborough*, from their god of battle, Woden; and in 916, the celebrated Princess, Adelfleda, who for some years governed the kingdom of Mercia, built or fortified a strong castle here, upon the summit of the hill where the parish church now stands. After the Norman conquest, the MANOR of Wednesbury was a demesne of the crown, but Henry II. bestowed it on the family of Heronville, so that it became a parcel of the honour of Woodstock. In 1794, Thomas Hoo, Esq. died lord of this manor, which then passed to two coheiresses, Mrs. Whithy and the Hon. Mrs. Foley. The present lords are Sir E. D. Scott, Bart. and Thos. Edward Foley, Esq., who are likewise impropriators of the corn tithes and owners of a large portion of the soil; but there are in the parish several smaller proprietors, one of whom is Sir Horace David Cholwell St. Paul, the owner of WEDNESBURY HALL, a venerable brick mansion, now occupied by a farmer, and situated about a quarter of a mile N.E. of the church. On the opposite side of the church hill is a curious ancient house, called *Oakeswell Hall*, surrounded by high garden walls and lofty trees. The MARKET, held every Friday, is well supplied with provisions of every description, and is numerously attended both by sellers and buyers, from the populous surrounding parishes. Two FAIRS, for cattle and merchandise, are held yearly on May 6th and August 3d; and a *wake* or feast on the nearest Sunday to St. Bartholomew's day. The parish lies within the jurisdiction of the *Court of Request*, held at Bilston, on the first Monday in every month, as noticed at page 189. In 1816, Mr. Richard Woolrich erected, on one side of the Market-place, a small *butchers' market*, consisting of two rows of shops, but they are not much used, owing to the want of a thoroughfare.

Mines and Manufactures.—Wednesbury parish has long been celebrated for its valuable mines of *coal and ironstone*, and for the manufacture of *guns*, *gun locks*, *gun barrels*, and various other articles of iron and steel, among which are, *coach axletrees*, *springs*, *&c.*; *hinges*, *nails*, *screws*, *files*, *edge tools*, *gas tubes*, *stove grates*, and a variety of cast iron articles. The coal in this neighbourhood is considered the best in the kingdom for the smith's forge, on account of its peculiar intensity of heat. It is found in separate beds, from three to fourteen feet in thickness, and is a source of ample revenue to its proprietors. Though there are in the parish of Wednesbury a number of extensive collieries, where ironstone might be very plentifully obtained, there are only within its limits two smelting furnaces now at work, but these fiery establishments are numerous in the surrounding parishes. Here are, however, two iron rolling *mills, and* a large manufactory of gun barrel iron. A peculiar *species of* iron ore is found here called blond metal, which is

chiefly used in the manufacture of horse shoes, hammers, axes, &c. A reddish earth called *kip* is also found in the neighbourhood, and used in glazing vessels of various kinds. The trade of Wednesbury has the benefit of a general inland navigation, by means of the Walsall and Birmingham canal, which has a branch extended to the western extremity of the town, where the coal masters have commodious wharfs. During the late war, the grand staple articles produced at Wednesbury and the neighbouring parish of Darlaston, were GUN LOCKS, of which immense quantities were sent weekly for the use of the Birmingham musket manufacturers. Very high wages were obtained for the forging and filing of these locks, before the general peace, but they subsequently fell as much as 70 per cent. In a petition, presented to the House of Commons in 1833, from the gun lock filers of Wednesbury and Darlaston, they complained that "for the locks for which, in 1814, they received 6s. 8d., they received now only 1s. 10d.; and for other descriptions of locks they had received 5s. 3d., but were now only paid 1s. 3d." Mr. Littleton, who presented the petition, said, "the situation of these workmen was peculiarly hard. It was a trade that required a long apprenticeship, and to such an extent was it carried during the war, that Birmingham and its neighbourhood, for some months about its close, turned out a musket a minute. The cessation of the war, and the fall of prices resulting from other causes, had involved thousands engaged in this trade in ruin. The ordnance had done all in its power to relieve them. It had ceased to manufacture, and was, he was told, prepared to sell any portion of 600,000 stand of old arms, provided it could have security for their export out of the country, and to give orders for new to the amount of one-half of what it might sell. The petitioners prayed, if no measure could be devised for relieving them, means might be provided for their emigration."

Steam Explosion.—On Thursday morning, Dec. 9th, 1824, a large steam engine boiler, at the gun-iron manufactory of Mr. Richard Adams, at Wednesbury, suddenly burst, with a force and sound equal to the discharge of a volley of cannon. So tremendous was the explosion, that nearly the whole of the engine machinery was displaced, and the walls and roof of the engine house, with two lofty stacks of chimneys, were blown in heaps of ruins to a considerable distance, in various directions, involving in the dreadful wreck the lives of Mr. Rd. Adams and four of his workmen, viz. Charles Adams, Thos. Talbot, Jas. Lowe, and Amos Spittle, whose dead bodies were found in a dreadfully scorched and bruised condition, and one of them at the distance of 120 yards from the works. The boiler was 20 feet long and 20 feet in girth, and is supposed to have exploded *from the safety valve being over-weighted, as the engine had been standing for some time when the fatal accident occurred.*

Iron Gas Tubes.—In 1825, Mr. Cornelius Whitehouse, of Wednesbury, obtained a patent for an improved method of manufacturing iron gas tubes, for the use of street lamps, &c.; but he subsequently sold his invention to Mr. James Russell, who has recently instituted an expensive law suit against several persons who have ventured to infringe on the patent.

The PARISH CHURCH is an elegant Gothic edifice, in the pointed style of architecture, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, and seated on the summit of a bold eminence, which was once the site of a Saxon castle. It is a spacious edifice, which was re-pewed, thoroughly repaired, and enlarged by the erection of a north transept, in 1827, at the cost of £5600; of which £500 was given by the new church society, £1500 borrowed, to be repaid in ten years, by rates levied on the parishioners; and the remainder was raised by private subscriptions, and the sale of pews. It has now 1300 sittings, of which 459 are free. The aisles are separated from the nave by very neat arches, resting upon octagonal pillars. The chancel is lighted by five beautiful windows of ground and stained glass, one of which contains a figure of the patron saint. Here are several antique stalls, exquisitely carved; and a variety of monuments and effigies, in honour of the ancestors of Lord Dudley and Lord Harcourt. The organ cost £500, and was the gift of Benj. Wright, Esq. of Birmingham. The tower contains eight musical bells and an excellent clock, and is surmounted by a lofty and handsome spire. The burial ground was enlarged by the addition of an acre of ground in 1823, and around it is a large graff, in which the vestiges of the ancient fort, already noticed, may be distinctly traced. The benefice is a vicarage, in the gift of the King, and is now enjoyed by the Rev. Isaac Clarkson.

There are three CHAPELS here belonging to Dissenters, viz. one to the *Independents*, at Camp Hill, erected in 1761, and rebuilt in 1827, at the cost of £1200; one to the *Wesleyans*, in Springhead-street, built at the cost of £1500, in 1813, in lieu of their old chapel, now used as a maltkiln; and another to the *Primitive Methodists*, in Camp-street, erected in 1824, at the expense of £600. In 1742, when John and Charles Wesley visited Wednesbury, they were grossly insulted by rude mobs of miners and other workmen, who afterwards broke the windows of several persons who had become converts to Methodism. The *Lancasterian school*, in High-street, was established in 1820, by subscription, for the education of about 130 poor boys. The *Church Sunday school* is a neat cemented building, in Church-street, erected in 1829. The parish *workhouse* has generally about 40 pauper inmates, and the poor rates amount to upwards of £2200 per annum. When the census was taken *in 1831*, there were in the parish 1579 houses, of which 87 *were* unoccupied; and 8437 inhabitants, of whom 4305 were *males*, and 4132 females.

The *Benefactions* to Wednesbury parish produce the following yearly sums, viz. £7 from two fields at Shelfield, one half to the vicar and the rest to the poor; £60. 6s. from land called Hoo Marsh and Cranborrow Hills, in Darlaston, purchased with £200 left by *Joseph Hopkins*, in 1681, and from £1500 three per cent. consols, which arose from the sale of the coal and ironstone under the said land; (this is distributed in clothes, bread, and money;) 10s. left by *John Enton*, out of a house now belonging to Jonathan Perkins; 40s. from £66. 13s. 4d. three per cent. consols, left by *Wm. Holden*, in 1810; and 83s. from £83. 2s. 9d. navy five per cents., left by *Ambrose Tibbats*, in 1815.

The HAMLETS in the parish of Wednesbury, and their distances and bearings from the town, are as follows:—*Bull Bridge*, 1¼ mile N.W.; *Cock Heath*, ¼ a mile W.; *Delves*, 1¼ mile N.E.; *King's Hill Field*, extending from *Old Park* to Darlaston; *Monway Field*, on the south-west side of the town, and *Wood Green*, ¼ a mile N.E. The largest of these is DELVES, which is a fine agricultural district of 580 acres, with an ancient hall belonging to the Earl of Dartmouth, but occupied by a farmer. Nearly all the rest of the parish is broken up by mines, and at the north end of it are HEATH and MOXLEY, two small villages, mostly in Darlaston parish, as has been seen at page 331.

WEDNESBURY DIRECTORY.

POST-OFFICE, Market place; Martin Worcester, Postmaster.—The *London Mail* arr. ¼ p. 9 mg. and dep. ¼ 4 aft. The *Holyhead Mail* arr. ¼ p. 4 aft. and dep. ¼ p. 9 mg.

The CONTRACTIONS *used are Bdm. for Bedlam, Bst. Bridge street, Cpl. Camp hill lane, Cpt. Camp street, Cln. Campo lane, Chl. Church hill, Cht. Church street, Dst. Dudley street, Dkt. Duke street, Hld. Hall end, Hbn. High Bullen, Hst. High street, Mkp. Market place, Mtn. Meeting house lane, Mst. Meeting street, Nst. New street, Pln. Potter's lane, Rln. Ridden lane, Spt. Spring head street, Tln. Trouse lane, Vg. Vicarage, Kfd. King's hill field, Mfd. Monway field, Wfd. Wednesbury field, and Wst. for Walsall street.*

Adams Miss Eliz. Church hill ln.
Adams Wm. coach spring manufacturer, Bridge street
Addison John, Esq. banker, Mkp.
Arnall John, bookpr. Church hill
Ashmore Thomas, steelyard and scale beam mfr. Potter's lane
Barton Thos. confectioner, Mkp.
Bates John, bookpr. Meeting st.
Bills Thomas, bookpr. Bridge st.
Blakemore Mrs. Dorothy, Chl.
Brittain James, vety. surg. Tln.
Brittain James, tobacco pipe mfr. *King's hill field*
Butler Jph. cooper, Market pl.
Butler Joseph, gent. King's hill fd.
Butler Wm. farmer, Heath
Clarkson Rev. Isaac, vicar, Chl.
Constable Misses Mary and Eliz. Walsall street
Court George Watkins, parish clerk, Church hill
Court Mrs. Sarah, Market place
Court Thos. gent. King's hill field
Crowther John, Esq. Walsall st.
Danks Jph. fire iron mfr. Mkpt.
Duce Mrs. Mary, Church hill
Ebb Mr. John, Vicarage
Frost Jas. road surveyr. Wood gn.



Griffiths Wm. iron gas burner manufacturer, High bullen
Guttridge John, engineer, Chl.
Halfpenny Wm. gov. &c. Workhs.
Hardy Rev. Jas. (Ind.) Cpl.
Harper John, artist, Church hill
Harrison Jph. town crier, New st.
Hateley James, gent. High street
Huntriss Wm. gent. Field house
Jackson Wm. sand miner, Bull bridge
Keay Mr. Thomas, Vicarage
Kendrick Mrs. Eliz. New street
Kendrick Phineas, scrap dlr. Mtn.
Laughton Mrs. Jane, Trouse ln.
Lees Mrs. Cath. & Jane, Bst.
Lees Geo. gent. Bridge street
Lees Mrs. Susanna, High st.
Lloyd Samuel, jun. iron master, Wood green
Marsden Rev. Joshua, (Meth.) Spring head
Martin Edward, iron gas burner manufacturer, Campo lane
Mason Mr. John, Campo lane
Mason Thos. farmer, Wed. hall
Pearson Wm. turner, Walsall st.
Pheasant Wm. farmer, D. road
Platt Samuel, model maker, Kfd.
Rhodes Adam, farmer, W. field
Richards Jas. coach smith, Bst.
Robinson Anthony, gent. Dst.
Rooth Jno. iron mastr. Woodgn.
Shenton Mrs. Hannah, Duke st.
Smith Mrs. Mary, High street
Sparrow John, farmer, Kfd.
Stokes Mr. James, Bridgestreet
Taylor Daniel, land and building surveyor & auctioneer, Cpl.
Taylor Job, coal viewer, Hbn.
Taylor Wm. bookkeeper, Mfd.
Tibatts Mrs. Eliz. Church hill
Walker Ann, cowkeeper, High st.
Ward Saml. awl blade mkr. Mfd.
Westwood Jph. engineer, Mst.
Westwood Thomas, engineer and mineral surveyor, Mtn.
Wheeler Aaron, coach smith, Bst.
Whitehouse & Wilson, dealers in oils, & mfrs. of composition for mills, engines, &c. Lea brook wharf
Whitehouse Mr. Edw. Wood gn.
Wilkes Thos. basket mkr. Mkp.
Winkless Job, clerk, Church hill
Worsey Henry, gent. Dudley st.
Wright Benj. gardener, Cht.
Yardley John, enameller, Cht.

Academies.

Constable Mgt. Chl.
Hill Emma and Matilda, Church st.
Lancasterian, John Gittoes, High st.
Lillyman Ann, Hst.
Shenton John W. Vg.
Smith Eleanor, Nst.
Turner Peter, Pln.

Attorneys.

Hunt Chs. Walsall st.
Woodward Fras. Chl.

Bakers & Flour Dlrs.

Millner James, Hbn.
Wright John, Mkp.

Banks.

Addison Saml. & Son, Mkp. (draw on Sir J. Lubbock, Bart. and Co.)

Blacksmiths.

Hallow Wm. New st.
Holberry John, Mxy.
Kendrick Ann, Hst.
Lycett James, Cock heath
Marshall Saml. Bst.
Prince Thomas, Dst.
Sheldon Thos. Wst.
Smith John, Dst.

Booksellers, &c.

Blake John, Mkp.
Booth Joshua, Mkp.

Boot & Shoe makers.

Astley Thomas, Tln.
Beardmore Jas. Bst.
Beddows Jph. Hbn.
Booth Geo. New st.
Booth John, Bst.
Broadhouse John, Market place
Clinton Benj. Bst.
Fiddler James, Cht.
Field Benjamin, Cht.
Green John, Cpl.
Hampton Edw. Nst.
Hawkins Thos. Dst.
Hodgetts Jph. Tln.
Howe Henry, Wst.
Jones Robert, Wst.
Jones Thomas, Cht.
Lett Wm. Woodgrn.
Line Danl. Wybrow, High street
Lowe Thomas, Kfd.
Madeley Robt. Cht.
Oldbury Wm. Hst.
Pass John, Wfd.
Ramsdale Wm. Dst.
Rogers Wm. Hst.
Severn Luke, Dkt.
Smith Samuel, Tln.
Taylor Wm. Spt.
Whitehouse Sl. Nst.
Wilkes Thos. (whs.) Market place
Willis Wm. High st.
Woodall John, Kfd.
York Levi, Wst.

Brick & Tile makers.

Banks Samuel, Bst.
Lloyds, Foster, & Co. Old park
Taylor Thomas, Dst.
Turner James, Cht.

Bricklayers, &c.

Hill Joseph, Mfd.
Lowe Wm. New st.

Butchers.
Bailey Samuel, Wst.
Bailey Wm. High st.
Bamford Saml. Hst.
Brevitt Joseph, Hst.
Brevitt Wm. Spt.
Butler Thomas, Kfd.
Drew Joseph
Grant John, Mkp.
Handley John, Dst.
Holloway Jerh. Tln.
Jones Paul, High st.
Key Thos. (pork) Bst.
Meller Wm. High st.
Spittle Robt. New st.
Tibbits Thos. Nst.
Tibbits Richd. Mkp.
Turner John, Hbn.
Whitehouse Isc. Bst.

China, Glass, &c. dealers.
(* *Earthenware only.*)
Disturnall Sush. Hst.
* Ellis James, Bst.
Hallow Wm. Nst.
Littlewood Wm. Spt.
* Titley Saml. Hst.

Clothes dealers.
Grafton John Henry, High street
Higgs Thos. High st.
Webb Thomas, Mkp.

COACH BODY IRON MFRS.
*Marked * are Coach Spring and Patent Axle Tree makers also.*
* Adams & Richards, Bridge street
Hampson Rd. Dkt.
Jones Wm. Ptn.
Lees Ambrose, Bst.
* Lees David, Bst.
Partridge Benj. Dkt.
Richards Hy. & Sons, Potters' lane
Rowlinson Jph. Hst.
Turner Wm. (axle tree,) New street
Wheeler Jph. Bst.
[illegible]eler Moses, Bst.
[illegible]i Hannah and [illegible]s, High street
[illegible]gg Edward & [illegible], (*& glaziers'* vices and lifting jacks,) Potters' ln.

Coal Masters.
Butler Rd. Monway gate
Danks Samuel, Bst.
Lloyds, Foster, & Co Old park
Loxdale Joseph, Esq. Dudley street
Pitt Hy. Dudley st.
Morris Thomas, Dst.
Simkin John, Heath
St. Paul Sir Horace D.C. Monway field

Corn & Flour dlrs.
Smith Joseph, Wst.
Stone Josiah, Mkp.
Whitehouse Jas. Hst.

Corn Millers.
Jones Whitmore and Sons, Bridge st.
Southwick Jas. Vg.

Curriers and Leather Cutters.
Adams Thomas, Bst.
Miller Richd. Mkp.
Scarlet Geo. Cht.

Druggists.
Smyth Thos. Charles, Market place
Taylor Jas. High st.

Edge Tool makers.
Broadhouse Jn. Mkp.
Elwell Edw. *Forge File makers.*
Booth Wm. Dst.
Brotherton Jno. Wst.
Hawkins Thos. Hst.
Wood Henry, Dkt.

Fire & Life Offices.
British, Martin Worcester, Mkp.
Phœnix, Chas. Hunt, Walsall street
Royal Exchange, Wm. Lees, Mkp.

Furniture Brokers.
Taylor Joseph, Mkp.
Webb Thomas, Mkp.

Gas Tube, &c. mfrs.
Russell James & Son, (patent,) Dst.
Russell John (hammered,) Chl.

Grocers & Tea dlrs.
Booth Joshua, Mkp.
Brown Benj. & Jas. Mkp. & High st.
Crippin Susanna, Bst.
Gregory Benj. Mkp.
Rooth Wm. Tln.
Thomas Jph. High st.
Twycross Hy. Mkp.
Stokes Wm. Mkp.

GUN MFRS.
Rolinson Thos. Dst.
Russell Jas. & Son, Dudley street
Whitehouse Crnelius, (& sword) Dst.

Gun Barrel forgers.
Blaze John, Vicg.
Hodgetts Ezra, Cht.
Hodgetts Wm. Cln.
Roper Hy. (pistol) Ridden lane
Turner Jas. Wood green

Gun Lock forgers.
Bird Thomas, Kfd.
Bourn Wm. Kfd.
Brighton Saml. Hst.
Clayton Wm. Drd.
Disturnall Geo. Dst.
Gough Geo. Kfd.
Hadley David, Rdn.
Hawkins John, Cpt.
Holland Wm. Ptn.
Longmore Jas. Kfd.
Rathbone Wm. Nst.
Slater Edward, Tln.
Slater Joseph, Tln.
Turner Rd. Hbn.
Turner Wm. Cpt.

Gun Lock filers.
*Marked * are Gun Lock factors and finishers.*
* Ashmore Rd. Wfd.
* Bills Saml. Kfd.
Bridgewater Benj. Kfd.
Bridgewater John, Kfd.
Dangerfield Samuel, Kfd.
Danks David, Hbn.
Darlaston Abm. Rdn.
* Duce John, Cht.
Earp John, Nst.
Griffiths Isaac, Hbn.
Griffiths Thos. Hst.
Griffiths Wm. Hbn.

Hodgetts Rd. Mtn.
Jevon Samuel, (percussion) Duke st.
Jenks Thos. Camp st.
• **Martin Php.** Cst.
Martin Wm. Duke st.
• **Moor Samuel,** Mtn.
Parkes Samuel, Cln.
Powell John, Fletcher's court
• **Sansom Saml.** Tln.
Small Thomas, Cln.
Spittle Benj. (& lever charger) Wood gn.
Spittle Chas. Wgn.
Spittle Jabez, Chl.
Spittle Saml. Chl.
Thursfield Jph. Chl.
Turner Benj. Kfd.
• **Whitehead John, Hbn.**
Whitehouse Jas. Hst.
• **Wilson Chas.** Tln.
• **Wilson Jph.** Nst.

Hair Dressers.

Clarke Josiah, Hst.
Earp Thomas, Nst.
Keay Rd. Mkp.
Smith John, Hbn.

Hatters.

Dawes Jph. Mkp.
Oldacre Wm. Mkp.

Hinge makers.

Danks Saml. Bst.
Partridge Benjamin, (coach door) Potter's lane

INNS & TAVERNS.

Angel, John Glover, Mfd.
Blue Ball, Jonah Spittle, Hall end
Blue Bell, Jph. Sheldon, Walsall st.
Board, Mary Sutton, High street
Boat, Hy. Pitt, Dst.
Bull's Head, Jph. Edwards, Campo ln.
Bush, Saml. Willis Hickman, Hst.
Dartmouth Arms, John Parton, New road
Duke of York, Wm. Collier, Hst.
Elephant and Castle, Rd. Lloyd, Dst.
Green Dragon, Jph. Hobbins, Mkp.
Green Man, Jas. Taylor, High street
Hare & Hounds, Jph. Round, Bridge st.
Horse & Jockey, Maria Keay, Wood gn.
Horse & Jockey, Jas. Turner, Cst.
King's Arms, Wm. Lowe, Cock heath
King & Constitution, Adam Fairburn, Tln.
King's Head, John Jevon, High st.
Lamp, Thos. Griffiths, High street
Leather Bottle, Jph. Elcock, Vicarage
Nag's Head, Simeon Bissell, High st.
Old Pack Horse, Ths. Rollinson, Dst.
Red Lion, Rd. Davis, Bridge street
Rising Sun, Wm. Colcomb, Tln.
Royal Oak, Thomas Danks, Mst.
Scott's Arms, Enoch Turner, Kfd.
Swan, Jno. Teadstill, Bridge street
Talbot, Edw. Nightingale, Mkp.
Three Swans, John Jevon, Dudley st.
Turk's Head, John Russell, High st
White Horse, James Beddow, High st.
White Lion, James Southwick, Mkp.

BEER HOUSES.

Bird Joseph, Pln.
Brown Richd. Mfd.
Lawton John, Pln.
Pickard James, Kfd.
Yates Thomas, Kfd.
Angel, Jas. Simkin, Cock heath
Bird-in-Hand, Wm. Cornfield, Campo ln.
Black Boy, James Goodman, High st.
Britannia, Jno. Drew, Darlaston road
Brougham Arms, Wm. Webb, Kfd.
Brown Lion, John Holroyd, Kfd.
Church, John Duce, Church street
Coach and Horses, Jph. Wheeler, Bst.
Cottage of Content, Jph. Wilson, Nst.
Cottage Spring, Eliz. Hyde, Trouse lane
Cross Guns, Richard Ashmore, Wfd.
Dog & Duck, Benj. Hackwood, Nst.
Fortune of War, Sl. Sansom, Trouse ln.
Fountain, Thomas Bird, King's hill fd.
Fox, Josiah Foster, Vicarage
Freemasons' Arms, Fredk. Rowlinson, Dudley street
George and Dragon, Thos. Palmer, Wst.
Golden Cross, Jph. Danks, Mkp.
Golden Cup, John Hackwood, Hst.
Jolly Brewer, Anthy. Cornhill, Fletcher's court
Nelson, John Robinson, Dudley street
Noah's Ark, Noah Collins, Duke st.
Paul Pry, William Holmes, Moxley
Red Swan, Thomas Hitch, Darlaston rd.
Rose & Crown. Thos. Bailey, Walsall st.
Spread Eagle, Isaiah Rowlinson, Hst.
Star & Garter, John Savage, Wood gn.
Swan, Mary Turner, Bridge street
Three Crowns, Isaac Griffiths, Cpl.



Three Furnaces, Jno. Brown, Dudley st.
Three Tuns, Joseph Dawes, Hbn.
Two Furnaces, Jno. Butler, Kfd.
Union, Jno. Belcher, Bridge street
Waggon and Horses, Susannah Disturnall, High street
William IV. Richard Smith, Trouse ln.
Woodgreen Cottage, James Turner
Woodman, Ann Turner, Wood green
Woodman, Wm. Simkin, King's hill fd.

IRON FOUNDERS.
*Marked * are Stove Grate mfrs.*
* Derrick John, Hst.
Lloyds, Foster, and Co. Old park
Lloyds Rd. (& brass) Dudley street
* Taylor Jas. & Co. New street
Thompson Joshua, (& brass,) Nst.

IRON MASTERS.
Adams Geo. and Co. (gun iron,) Nst.
Lloyds, Foster, and Co. Old Park furnaces

Ironmongers.
Blakemore Edw. Nst.
Parkes John, Mkp.

Iron (bar, &c.) dlr.
Colcomb Wm. Hbn.

Joiners & Builders.
Andrews Thos. Cpt.
Armfield Rd. Rdn.
Deakin Thos. Nst.
Ellis Wm. Wst.
Horton Walter, (and cabinet mkr.) Mkp.
Smith George, Wst.
Taylor Thomas, Dst.
Wootton Wm. Bst.

Linen & Wln. Drapers.
Adams Dodo, (and stamp office) Mkp.
Cliff Ts. & Rt. Mkp.
Crippin Sus. Bst.
Cotterell Edwin & Co. High street
Dawes Jph. Mkp.
Lees, Wm. Mkp.

Maltsters.
Beddow Jas. Bst.
Colcomb Wm. Tln.
Parton John, Newrd.
Round Jph. Bridgest.
Russell John, Hst.
Spittle Jph. Kfd.
Whitehouse Jesse, Walsall street

Milliners.
Grafton Sophia, Hst.
Jones Ann, Cht.
Lees Eliz. Bridge st.
Slater Sarah, Hst.
Twycross Maria, Mkp
Williams Emma, Bst.

Nail makers.
George John, Cock heath
Wright Thos. Dst.

Pistol filers.
Green Benj. Cpl.
Guteridge Thos. Hst.
Oldbury, Jph. Dst.

Pawnbrokers.
Constable Simeon, High street
Lowe Wm. New st.
Stone Josiah, Mkp.

Plumbers, Painters, & Glaziers.
Hughes John, Newst.
Moore Abm. Spt.
Pugh Jph. Dst.
Spittle Predk. Wst.
Turner Enoch, Kfd.
Westwood Cornelius, (painter) High st.

Rollers, (Sheet Iron.)
Harris and Lowe, Monway gate
Russell John, King's hill mill

Saddlers.
Brassington Samuel, High street
Miller Rd. Mkp.

Shopkeepers.
Adie Jas. High st.
Appleby Wm. Hbn.
Aston Thos. Moxley
Brighton Saml. Hst.
Brown Rd. Mfd.
Danks David, Hbn.
Greenway Saml. Dst.
Gregory John, Kfd.
Griffiths John, Dst.
Hackwood John, Hst.
Hallow Wm. Nst.
Harrison John, Mkp.
Haughton Sar. Tln.
Hill Alex. Kfd.
Muckley Benj. Spt.
Newnham Thos. Bst.
Robinson John, Dst.
Rowlinson Fk. Dst.
Scholefield Thomas, Wood green
Smith Danl. Cht.
Taylor Jph. Dst.
Thompson Josh. Nst.
Whiting Ann, Tln.
Wood Wm. Ptn.

Stampers.
Duce John, Cht.
Longmore Jas. Kfd.

Straw Hat makers.
Danks Hanh. New st.
Kendrick Har. Spt.
Martin Jane, Cln.

Surgeons.
Best Wm. Church st.
Ladbury Thos. Chl.
Lees Thos. Bridge st.
Reynolds Chas. Bst.

Stone Masons.
Holroyd John, Kfd.
Scotson Gro. Ptn.

Tailors.
Brazier Wm. Hst.
Francis Wm. Tln.
James Henry, Nst.
Lees & Davis, (and woollen dprs.) Mkp.
Parkes Thomas, Tln.
Ray James, High st.
Reynolds Wm. Nst.
Roden Geo. Tln.

Tallow Chandlers.
Brown Benj. &. Jas. Market place
Constable Thos. Mkp.
Lloyds, Foster, & Co. Trouse lane
Stokes Jas. Cht.
Twycross Hy. Mkp.

Timber merchant.
Taylor Thomas, Dst.

Watch & Clock mkrs.
Hitchin Saml. Wst.



Weeks Thomas, Spt.
Worcester Mtn. Mkp.

Wheelwrights.

Adams James, Wst.
Stant Wm. Moxley
Taylor Thos. Hbn.

Whitesmiths.

Danks John, Nat.
Robinson John, Dst.
Turner Wm. Nst.
Whitehouse Cornls. (& machine maker) Dudley st.

Wine & Spirit dealers.

Hobbins Jph. Mkp.
Loxton Chas. Adshead, (& ale, porter, malt & hop dlr.) Market place
Russell John, Hst.

Wood Screw makers.

Aston Simon, Hst.
Collier Wm. Hst.
Collins Noah, (and coach bolt) Dkt.
Danks Samuel, Bst.
Edge Samuel, Dst.
Fellows Wm. Ptn.
Spooner Samuel, Ptn.
Wilkes John, Ptn.

COACHES.

From the Red Lion.

The London & Liverpool coaches, noticed at page 218, call here.

From the Green Dragon.

The *Tally-ho* to Birmingham, at ½ p. 8 mg., except Sun.

A coach to Wolverhampton every Tue. at 10 mg. and Dudley 5 aft.

From the Turk's Head

George Stokes' coach every Tuesday, Thu. and Sat. to Birmingham, ½ p. 9 mg. and to Bloxwich at 6 evening.

CARRIERS.

Josiah Turner, from Church street, to Birmingham, Tue. Thu. and Sat. and to Wolverhampton Wed. 12 noon.

Thomas Mall's caravan from the White Lion to Birmingham, every Mon. Thu. and Sat. at 10 mg. and to Wolverhampton 7 ev.

To *Birmingham* ev. Tue. Thu. and Sat. at 10 mg. Josiah Turner, Church st.; Jph. Collier, High st. and Cornls. Foster, New street.

DELVES.
(*Hamlet.*)

Adams James, vict. Tame bridge
Barney Thy, smith.
Huskinson Jno. light chain manfr.
Parry Dd. wheelwt.
Parry Wm. smith.
Rowlinson Job, light chain mfr.
Turner Wm. stirrup manfr.

Farmers.

Benyon Charles
Faulkner Thomas
Goodwin Edward
Leight W. Tame bdg.
Harwood Moses
Smith Thos. (Hall)

WEEFORD is a small village in the narrow and picturesque vale of the Black brook, or Bourn river, on the Coleshill road, 4 miles S. by E. of Lichfield; comprising within its parish 470 inhabitants, (see p. 294,) and the four hamlets of Weeford, Thickbroom, Packington, and Swinfen; the two first of which support their poor conjointly, as also do the two latter. On the banks of the rivulet, is a narrow but rich tract of meadow land, bounded by fertile eminences, one of which is the large *lowe* or *barrow*, which gives name to the hundred of OFFLOW, and is supposed by some antiquarians to be the sepulchre of Offa, one of the kings of Mercia; but Matthew, of Paris, says that celebrated monarch was buried at Bedford. The lowe here is evidently Saxon, and though it may not contain the ashes of Offa, it is probably the grave of one of his distinguished chieftains. In the wars of the Roses, a Purefoy was slain here by Sir Henry Willoughby, who was soon after desperately wounded, near the same spot, in a rencounter with Lord Lisle. *Weeford* Church is a small edifice, which was rebuilt about 30 years ago, and is a prebend, enjoyed (with Alrewas,) by the Chancellor of Lichfield Cathedral. (See p. 87.) The Rev.

Thomas White, of Lichfield, is the curate. Lord Wenlock is lord of the manor, and principal owner of the hamlet of Weeford.

PACKINGTON hamlet, on the north side of the parish, 3¼ miles S.E. by E. of Lichfield, contains 1000 acres of land, all belonging to the Rev. Thomas Levett, M.A., who resides in the Hall, a handsome mansion, standing in a spacious lawn, and approached by an avenue of elm and other trees. But the Hon. F. G. Howard has the manorial rights of part of the hamlet, and the rest belongs to the manor of Longdon.

SWINFEN hamlet, 2¼ miles S.E. by S. of Lichfield, contains 1020 acres, of which 900 belong to Samuel Swinfen, Esq. the lord of the manor, who resides in the hall, and whose ancestors were seated here as early as the reign of Edward III., when they possessed the neighbouring manors of Freeford and Whittington. SWINFEN HALL is a magnificent structure, built by the late Mr. Wyatt, father of the present celebrated architect, and said to have first brought him and his family into professional repute. It stands in a large and well-wooded park, with a fine lawn and lake, and commands an extensive view of the country around Lichfield. The farm called the *Hill Hall*, is the property of the Rev. Trevor Burns Floyer.

THICKBROOM is a hamlet lying on the west side of Weeford, from 3 to 4 miles S. by E. of Lichfield, and is said to have derived its name from the broom with which it formerly abounded. It is a manor of 700 acres, belonging to Admiral Isaac Geo. Manley, whose son, J. S. Manley, Esq. has just erected here a beautiful stone mansion, called *Broom Hall*, in the Gothic style which prevailed in the reign of Queen Anne. This elegant structure stands upon a lofty summit, on the north side of the Black Brook, commanding a fine prospect of the romantic vale of that rivulet.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *are in Thickbroom,* 2 *in Swinfen,* 3 *in Packington, and the rest in Weeford hamlet.*

3 Levett Rev. Thos. M.A. rector of Whittington, Packington hall
2 Swinfen Samuel, Esq. Swinfen hall
1 Manley John Shaw, Esquire, Broom hall
1 Allen Wm. builder
Holdcroft Richard, blacksmith
1 Nicholls Mrs. Mary, Clent hill
Pallet Mr. Charles
Short John, parish clerk
Stephenson John, corn miller, Money moor
1 Wyatt Augustus, gent. Clent hill
Wyatt James, gent.
Wyatt Mrs. Jane and Misses, boarding school

FARMERS.

1 Burton Wm.
2 Bacon Thos.
2 Elton Richd.
3 Goodall Ann (& maltster)
Greensill Thos.
Hampshire Mat.
Kendrick Edw.
2 Marklew Wm.
3 Nevill Chas.
3 Pipe Richard
1 Pallet John
2 Riddell Chas.
Pratt Wm.
2 Standley Geo.
Standley Jno.
2 Wakeman Wm

WEST BROMWICH PARISH.

WEST BROMWICH is a large and populous parish, lying between Wednesbury and Handsworth, and containing a long chain of villages and streets, which form one widely-spread town, extending from the vicinity of Wednesbury, on the Birmingham road, to within 3¼ miles N.W. of the latter town, and 3 miles E. of Dudley. This parish forms one of the busiest scenes in the South Staffordshire mining and manufacturing district; and since the year 1801, has increased its population from 5,687 to 15,327 souls! Less than 40 years ago, there were only eight houses between Great-Bridge and the Bull's Head, a distance of two miles, which now forms almost one continued street of buildings, with various cross-streets branching from it at irregular distances. BROMWICH HEATH, the central and most populous part of the parish, was, only a few years ago, an open common, where rabbits burrowed in great numbers; but it is now covered with good streets, the largest of which, *High street*, is about a mile in length, and has many well-stocked shops, occupied by drapers, grocers, druggists &c. giving to the whole the air and bustle of a market-town. The other principal assemblages of houses and streets are SWAN VILLAGE, HILL-TOP, SPON LANE, and GREAT BRIDGE, the latter of which is mostly in Tipton parish. The smaller hamlets, detached from the main village or town, are, *Carter's Green, Gold's Green, Greet's Green, Church Vale, Church Field, and Lyndon*, the latter of which is about half a mile south of the church, and is supposed to be the most ancient hamlet in the parish, and had, till a few years ago, an antique cross. COAL and IRONSTONE are found here in abundance, and of excellent quality, and immense quantities of the former are sent to Birmingham, Oxford, and other places. The collieries, and the works for smelting and founding iron ore, and for converting it into bar, rod, and sheet iron, are of considerable magnitude, and give employment to several thousands of the inhabitants; and many hundreds of the other parishioners are employed in the manufacture of pistols, gun locks, screws, coach springs, axletrees, &c., fine cast iron kitchen utensils, and a variety of other articles in the Birmingham trade. In Spon-lane, is a very extensive *crown and sheet glass manufactory;* and in the Swan village, are the largest GAS WORKS in the kingdom, erected under an Act of Parliament passed in 1825, at the cost of £120,000, raised in £50 shares, by a large number of proprietors, under the name of the "*Birmingham and Staffordshire Gas Company.*" These works supply not only *this parish,* but those of Wednesbury, Darlaston, Tipton, Old-bury, Bilston, and a great part of Birmingham; and have from 80 *90 miles of* main pipes, 200 retorts, and 10 gasometers, each

capable of holding 2500 cubic feet of gas, which is sold to the consumers at the rate of 12s. per 1000 cubic feet, which is rather a high price, considering the cheapness of coal and iron in this neighbourhood, and that the company have an excellent market for their coke and coal tar, the former of which is sold for the use of the furnaces, and the latter is variously prepared as varnishes, &c. for iron articles, lock gates, wharf walls, &c. The works are under the control of a committee of proprietors, who meet once a fortnight. J. F. Ledsam, Esq. is the *governor;* Mr. John Brunt, the *engineer;* and Mr. Thomas Lumby, the *clerk*. "The *Dudley and West Bromwich Joint Stock Banking Company*," was established in November, 1833, in upwards of 1000 shares of £100 each. The Birmingham canal, and its various branches that intersect the parish, afford every facility for the transmission of coal and manufactures, and for the admission of commodities for local consumption.

The PARISH CHURCH stands on the east side of the parish, retired from the noise and bustle of the mines and manufactories. It is an ancient fabric, dedicated to All Saints, and was thoroughly repaired about thirty years ago, when the interior was considerably enlarged, by the side aisles being thrown into the body, so as to present one entire space. It has now 1000 sittings, of which 300 are free. The living is a curacy, in the patronage of the Earl of Dartmouth, who is also impropriator of the tithes, and lord of the manor. The Rev. Chas. Townsend is the incumbent.

CHRIST CHURCH, at West Bromwich Heath, in the most populous part of the parish, is a chapel of ease, the first stone of which was laid by the Earl of Dartmouth, on the 25th September, 1821. The cost of this handsome stone fabric was about £19,000. It is 130 feet in length and 56 in breadth, and the height of the tower 114 feet. The Rev. Wm. Gordon is the incumbent.

The DISSENTERS have seven chapels in the parish, viz. three belonging to the *Wesleyan Methodists*, at Swan Village, Hill Top, and Paradise-street; two to the *Independents*, at Mares Green and Carter's Green; one to the *Baptists*, in Sandwell road; and one in Spon-lane, built by a Mr. Glover, for the use of all denominations of Christians. Here is also a CATHOLIC CHAPEL, in High-street, dedicated to St. Michael, built in 1832, and now under the pastoral charge of the Hon. and Rev. George Spencer, brother of Lord Althorp.

Two *National schools*, in New-street and Hall-end, were established by subscription in 1811, and endowed with the interest of £100, by Mr. Joseph Barrs, in 1827. They are now attended by about 300 children; and nearly 2000 other scholars are instructed at *the Sunday schools* attached to the churches *and chapels, and about* 100 at the Lyndon *Infant* school.

Benefactions.—The poor of West Bromwich and Handsworth

More distributed among them, in equal moieties, on Christmas-eve and Good Friday, an annuity of £10, left in 1617, by *Sir Wm. Whorwood*, out of the tithes of this parish. With the sewage of the West Bromwich portion of this legacy, two acres of land and two cottages with gardens, were purchased in 1626, and are now let for £9 per annum, which is distributed on St. Thomas's day. The poor of this parish have also the following yearly doles, viz. £2 left by *Wm. Turton*, in 1617, out of the farm called Pudding Lands; and 50s. left in 1701, by *Eleanor Turton*, out of her mill and lands at West Bromwich.

SANDWELL PARK, the beautiful seat of the Earl of Dartmouth, is at the south-east corner of the parish, 4 miles N.W. of Birmingham, in a romantic valley, and so effectually enclosed by a high wall and thick plantations, as to be completely secluded from the busy world that surrounds it. The park is very extensive, and the mansion is a stuccoed building, standing on the site of a *priory* of Benedictine monks, dedicated to St. Mary Magdalen; some vestiges of which are still visible to the antiquarian eye, behind the house and among the offices, where a stone coffin was found about thirty years ago. Sandwell has its name from *Sancta Fons*, or the holy well, which is now enclosed by iron rails. At the dissolution, this monastery was granted to Cardinal Wolsey, and afterwards passed to the *family of Legge*, one of whom was created Baron Dartmouth, in 1682, and another, *Earl of Dartmouth and Viscount Lewisham*, in 1711. The latter titles have descended to the present noble owner, the Rt. Hon. Wm. Legge, F.R. & A.S., who is colonel of the Staffordshire militia, and vice-lieutenant of the county, and whose other seat is at Woodshall, near Huddersfield, in Yorkshire; and his London residence, in Berkeley-square.

WALTER PARSONS, the gigantic porter of James I., was a native of West Bromwich, and appears to have been no less distinguished for his extraordinary strength than for the equanimity of his temper. Plott says, he was apprenticed to a smith, and that "they were obliged to dig a hole for him to stand in up to the knees, when he struck at the anvil." When he was the King's porter, he would sometimes take up two of the tallest yeomen of the guard, and carry them where he pleased, in spite of their utmost exertions to free themselves from his iron grasp. On being offended in the streets of London, by a man of ordinary size, it is said, "he only took him up and hung him by the waistband of his breeches upon a hook, for the amusement of the passengers."

WEST BROMWICH DIRECTORY.

POST-OFFICE, at Thomas Sutton's, Bromwich Heath. Letters *from Birmingham*, London, &c. arrive at ½ p. 8 morg. and are des-

patched at ½ p. 4 aftn. Letters from Wolverhampton, &c. arrive at ½ p. 4 afternoon, and despatched at ½ p. 8 morning.

STREETS AND HAMLETS.—*In the following Directory, those marked* 1 *reside at Black lake,* 2 *Bratt st.* 3 *Bull st.* 4 *Carter's green,* 5 *Charlemont,* 6 *Church field,* 7 *Church vale,* 8 *Cooper's hill,* 9 *Dunkirk,* 10 *Five ways,* 11 *Gold's hill,* 12 *Gold's green,* 13 *Greet's green,* 14 *Great bridge,* 15 *Hall end,* 16 *Hately heath,* 17 *Heath (Bromwich),* 18 *High field,* 19 *High street,* 20 *Hill top,* 21 *Holloway bank,* 22 *Loveday st.* 23 *Lyndon,* 24 *Mare's green,* 25 *Moore st.* 26 *New st.* 27 *The Oak,* 28 *Oldbury lane,* 29 *Paradise st.* 30 *Roway,* 31 *St. Michael st.* 32 *Sandwell road,* 33 *Sheepwash lane,* 34 *Spon lane,* 35 *Stoney lane,* 36 *Swan bridge,* 37 *Swan village,* 38 *Terrace (on the Heath),* 39 *Upper end,* 40 *Virgin's Inn,* 41 *Walsall st.* 42 *Wednesbury bridge,* 43 *Whitton lane, and* 44 *at Wigmore.*

24 Adams Mrs. Priscilla
19 Adams Samuel, music and instrument dealer, and tuner of piano fortes, &c. (from Broadwood and Sons)
19 Adams Thos. spring truss mkr.
19 Alcock John, hat mfr.
25 Astin John, smallware dealer
19 Averill Richard, hair & paper trunk maker
20 Bagnall James, iron master
20 Bagnall John, iron master
Bagnall Thomas, iron master; h. Oak cottage
14 Bate ——, iron master
Beddow Mr. James, Summerfield
9 Bill Charles, land & mine agt.
20 Bill Samuel, coal master
19 Blissett Thos. furniture broker
26 Bond Mr. Mark
26 Bond Mr. Richard
20 Botley James, coal master
1 Botley Thomas, coal master
Boulton Mrs. Sarah, Heath cot.
26 Boyle Robert, mfrg. chemist
36 Bradley Richard, lime burner
37 Brunton John, engineer
26 Burford Mr. Thomas
14 Clift Wm. millwright
38 Coldicott Wm. clerk of the Oldbury Court of Request
37 Constable Alexander, confecr.
37 Coombs George B. clerk (gas works)
26 Cooper Mrs. Sarah
38 Cox John, merchant
39 Culwick Jas. scale beam mkr.
Dartmouth Earl of, Sandwell
Dawes John and Sons, mfrs. of steel, *iron and tin plate,* and *wire, Bromford*
Dawes John, mfr. Littleton hall
Dorsett James, gent. Hall green
34 Evans and Brittle, saucepan handle makers
19 Fisher John, watch maker
13 Fisher Sarah, common brewer
17 Foster Rev. Wm. (Ind.)
26 Gilbert Mr. Arthur
22 Gilbert Benjamin, patten mkr.
17 Godfrey Thomas, plasterer
8 Gordon Rev. Wm. incumbent of Christ Church
19 Griffiths Thomas, spirit dealer
7 Hadley Benjamin, traveller
34 Hadley Wm. manufacturer of founders' blacking
19 Halford Henry, iron merchant
17 Harper Rev. Philip Gregson, curate
20 Hateley Joseph, Esq.
4 Haynes Richard, coal master
Heathcote Mrs. Heath cottage
Henderson Wm. iron master, Spon hall
21 Henley Joseph, ground bailiff
31 Holloway Wm patten ring mkr.
17 Hood Joseph, coal master
18 Hood Thomas, coal master
28 Horton Joseph, hinge maker
Horton Mrs. M. A. Heath cot.
17 Horton Thomas, iron master
Hudson Rev. John, (Independent) Springfield
1 Hughes Charles, coal master
4 Hunt Mrs. Rebecca
4 Ingle Mrs. car owner
Izon Wm. iron founder; h. The Lodge
7 Jessee Miss Eliz.
Jesson Thomas, gent. Greatwood
33 Jones Joseph, hinge maker
29 Jukes Wm. M. drawing master
29 Kempson Miss Lucy

[redacted] Marsh John, patten ring maker
[redacted] Matthews James, sen. gent.
17 Maybury Mr. ——
16 Nock John, soap manufacturer
20 Parker George, iron master
3 Parker Rev. John (Baptist)
23 Parker Miss Sarah
17 Parkinson Mr. Henry
4 Parsons Richard, car owner
20 Partridge Mrs. Hannah
19 Payne John Douglass, tallow chandler and soap dealer
Penrock Jonas, mine agent, Whitehall
29 Penn Mr. Thomas
20 Perry Thomas, porter dealer
14 Pershouse Mrs. Sarah
19 Pickering Rev. Robt. (Meth.)
17 Price Thos. Blois, iron master
38 Puckle Jas. Wm. bookkeeper
19 Salter George, manufacturer of improved spring balances, pocket steelyards, vertical jacks, and musquet bayonets.
Silvester Mr. George
4 Simcox John. spring box maker
6 Skelly Mr. Wm.
18 Smith Mrs.
Sparrow Mrs. Old hall
19 Spencer Hon. & Rev. George (Catholic)
35 Starkey Chas. gov. Workhouse
16 Stevenson John, soap mfr.
20 Stiles Wm. gent.
38 Stiles Mrs. Mary
26 Stokes Charles patten tie maker and porter dealer
14 Stokoe Rev. Thomas (Meth.)
25 Stokes Mrs. Rhoda, Lane
19 Stringer Joseph, rope maker
10 Tedd Edward, fish & fruit dlr.
3 Tew John, gardener
19 Thomas Mr. John
Townsend Rev. Charles, incumbent curate, Parsonage
8 Turner Benjamin, manufacturer of bayonets, steel studs, buttons and patten rings
19 Turner John, steel ornament manufacturer
18 Wagstaff Mr. Samuel
20 Whitehouse Hy. iron master
4 Williams Henry, mine agent
27 Wyley Mrs. Jane
Yardley Joseph, ground bailiff, Great Bridge
17 York John, iron master

Academies.
Marked take boarders*
29 Andrews Amelia
* 17 Ashdown Mary Ann
27 Bates Job
* Beddow Mrs. Summerfield
* 17 Borwick George
19 *Catholic Charity*, Caroline Beech
32 Crowley John
4 Gilbert Ann
14 Gittoes Edward
34 Glover John
23 *Infant*, Ann Banister
1 Jaques Joseph
* Marshall John, Spring field
National, Eliz. Pidwell, Hall end, and Wm. Grumbold, *New street*
Reeves Saml. George *street*
26 Richardson John
* Skally Michl. Field house
26 Starkey Jane
37 Swift William
14 Whitehouse Ernest Frederick

Attorneys.
26 Caddick Elisha
10 Holland Henry
38 Male James
38 Matthew Jas. jun.

Bakers, Flour dlrs. &c.
10 Egginton James
13 Dooley John
20 Danks Thomas
19 Griffin Samuel
19 Jones Thomas
37 Lines Joseph

Blacksmiths.
15 Cashmore Daniel
28 Round William
3 Granger John
43 Harrison Edward
37 Hipkins Daniel
4 Holding Richard
3 Humphries Thos.
7 Jones Benjamin
1 Jones William
19 Norton Richard
37 Roberts Thomas
Sheldon Thos. Stowcross
14 Smith Joseph
21 Smith Josiah
19 Taylor Thomas
36 Wootton George

Booksllrs. Printers, &c.
19 Griffiths Thomas
19 Maurice William
26 Salter William, (stamp office and comsr. for taking special bail)

Boot & Shoe makers.
25 Bates Benjamin
22 Blackham Wm.
37 Brown Thomas
3 Cooper Richard
20 Cotterell William
19 Davies Thomas
26 Dutton Richard
23 Formsby Edward
22 Gilbert Thomas
19 Newton Robert

42 Piggot James
19 Price Daniel
3 Prince John
7 Richards Joseph
34 Robinson Thomas
4 Rook Edward
14 Sheldon Joseph
41 Smith John
17 Sutton Thomas
28 Twigg Benjamin
14 Twist Robert
37 White Daniel
37 Wood John
13 Wood John

Braziers and Tinmen.

3 Robinson James
19 Wagstaff Thomas Parke

Bricklayers.

24 Forrest William
43 Hartland John
14 Twigg Samuel

Brick makers.

13 Bagnall & Robinson
Finch Thomas, Swan lane
13 Fisher Sarah
11 Jones Whitmore
4 Whitehouse Saml.

Butchers.

26 Bratt Daniel
41 Burrell Ann
20 Cartwright Rich.
20 Clough John
37 Constable Alex.
26 Cox Wm. (pork)
14 Davis James
19 Eley Richard
12 Fletcher Benjamin
34 Gordon Alex.
37 Gordon James
13 Grainger Wm.
37 Gregory Joseph Jones
37 Harris Thos. (& grazier)
19 Hipkins Benjamin
20 Kendrick Joseph
20 Lees Samuel
25 Short John
20 Siddons Joel
24 Smith James
25 Smith Joseph
19 Smith Richard
34 Spittle Edward
3 Spittle James
19 Tibbits John Constable
24 Upton John
26 Webb Joseph
19, 26 Wilkins Jph.

Chemists & Druggists.

37 Boyle Robt. and Sons, (mfrg. chemists)
19 Cope Philip
19 Cowell John
37 Lloyd Eliz.
19 Phillips John
3 Payne John

Coach Smiths, &c.

42 Adams & Wilson
24 Brazier Samuel
40 Brooks John
39 Bunn Jno. & Saml.
10 Glover Jacob
8 Gregory Joseph
20 Hawkins Simeon
19 Orme William
34 Reeves John
34 Reeves Joseph
7 Reeves William
20 Shorthouse Thos.
21 Stephens Samuel
21 Wilson Wm. and Thos. (& spring & patent axletree)

(*Coal Masters.—See Iron Masters.*)

Coopers.

20 Austin Thomas
3 Bayliss Richard
19 Cook John (and basket maker)
14 Hughes John
19 Tranter Joseph
34 Wakeman Thomas

Corn Millers & dlrs.

11 Davis & Bagnall
6 Bunn Isaac
Dorsett Geo. Bustle tombe
19 Cooper Thos. (dlr.)
32 Higgins Charles

Curriers, &c.

19 Miller Richard
26 Stokes Chas. (leather seller)
17 Whitehouse Thos.

Earthenware dlrs.

19 Kay James
20 Lees Joseph
19 Scavill William
19 Taylor Thomas

Engine (Steam) mfrs.

Gittins Rd. Guns In.
13 Glover & Co.
3 Granger John
14 Hackett Benj.
20 Horton John Pool, (boiler&gasometer)
20 Morris John

Farmers.

Beeston Thos. Forge farm
44 Bunn Henry
Chambers Jph. Hill house
5 Cooper John
Falkner & Marshall, Bromwich hall
17 Grigg Jeremiah
Hall W. Dagger hall
Hadley William, jun. Straighthouse lane
Harrison Rt. Cox's farm
Holland Jph. Hunt's farm
Hopkins John, Charlemont
Horton Josh. Charlemont cottage
44 Hughes Eliz.
Johnson Olr. Union
44 Keeming John
24 Lloyd Charles
Martin Jph. Cutts In.
16 Partridge Daniel
Rhodes Adam, Crankle
Smith Job, Fryer's park
9 Swatkins Joseph
27 Whitehouse Jph.

Fire Offices.

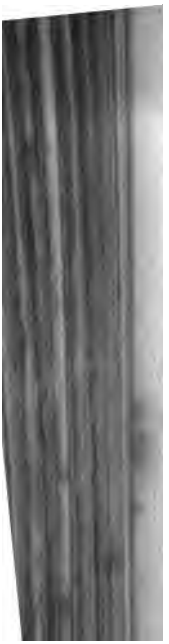
26 Birmingham, W. Salter
19 Protector, Septs. Davis (and auctioneer)

Glass (crown & sheet) manfrs.

West Bromwich Crown&SheetGlass Co. Spon lane

Grocers and Provision dealers.

19 Bradbury Robert
26 Bratt Daml.



[illegible]
25 Scott John, Cosley house
20 Siddons Samuel
[illegible] Wathew Jas. Moody
[illegible] Wright Chas. & Co. [illegible], *Pistol, and Lock makers.*
20 Belcher Thomas
20 Bissell John
32 Cashmore Edward
40 Cashmore James
20 Granger Thomas
3 Grice James
17 Grice Peter
14 Hadley Moses
20 Hands John
6 Hodgetts James
20 Robinson Joseph
20 Robinson Philemon
20 Tonks John
Tonks Wm. Duke st. *Hair Dressers.*
3 Clark John (bird, &c. preserver)
37 Phipps Hezekiah
40 Wilkes George *Inns and Taverns.*
23 Black Boy, Thos. Salmon
29 Box Iron, John Siddons
34 Cape of Good Hope

34 New [illegible] Hadley
34 Old Be Brinton
24 Old Bu Povey
20 Old Cr Pugh
20 Old Sow John She pig dealer
24 Plough & George Gr
6 Red Lion Smith
20 Royal Oa Tonks
37 Swan Inn Holloway
20 Talbot, Ed doe (and agent)
20 Three Crow Robins
12 Three Fu Jas. Persho
Three Mile Or Haynes
13 Union Cro Wood
25 Turk's He Smith
37 Vine, Joh

9 Skidmore Joseph
34 Slater George
13 Smart Daniel
19 Smith Joseph
28 Smith Wm.
19 Sutton Elizabeth
12 Taylor James
25 Thompson Benj.
35 Timmins Wm. Geo.
13 Tomkys Wm.
34 Underhill James
22 Walker James
26 Webb Mesbullam
37 Whitaker Joseph
4 Wright Wm. M.

IRON FOUNDERS.

*Marked * are mfrs. of tinned kitchen furniture, Foreign pots, coffee mills, bake pans, cast nails, &c.*

34* Bullock, Wm. & Co.
13 Glover & Co.
13 Green Joseph
30 *Izons & Co.
34 *Kenrick Archibald & Sons
34 *Kenrick Samuel
43 Siddons & Peters
17 Roberts James
20 *Siddons Luke & Jesse
12 Taylor James
42 Wearing Wm.
14 Westley Thomas

IRON AND COAL MASTERS.

*Marked * are mfrs. of bar, rod, sheet, &c., † pig iron and castings, and ‡ are coal masters only.*

‡, 12 * † Bagnall John & Sons
‡ Bagnall & Haynes, Bells moor
14 * Batson James
‡ Bennitt Joseph & Wm. *Coadley*
9 ‡ Bill, Jones, and Bill
20 ‡ Bill, Weston & Riley
1 ‡ Bullock E. & Co.
16 ‡ Davis Thos. (& Ridgacre coppice
* Dawes John & Sons, Bromford
*Gilbert, Whitehouse & Co. Ridgacre
8 ‡ Gregory Joseph
33 ‡ Haines Joseph
‡ Halford Jph. Wednesbury line; h. Charlemont hall
37 ‡ Holloway Eliz.
‡ Hood and Haynes, Meadow colliery
‡ Horton & Haynes, Cop hall
‡ Jesson & Bagnall, Church lane
‡ Jones Whitmore, White hall
30 * Page Edward
‡ Parker Geo. Wednesbury new mine
36 ‡ Pershouse and Gregory
13 * Price Thos. H. (rod)
‡ Riding & Siddons, Balls hill
‡ Spittle and Botley, War hall
* † Williams Philip & Co. Union furnaces

Ironmongers.

20 Bradney Hannah
14 Cooksey & Mallin
19 Cooper George
29 Lloyd Wm.
20 Siddons John

*Joiners & Builders. marked * are Cabt. makers also.*

14 Bate Joseph
34 Cope George
* 14 Danks John
19 Fisher Benjamin
* 19 Flint Edmund
* 19 Green Henry
3 Griffin John
19 Hipkins Benjamin
4 Ingle Edward (and architect)
20 Lees John
4 Milward Benjamin
36 Owen Edward
Rogers Rd. Heath cot.
* 19 Russell John
19 Russell Wm.
19 Seavill Wm.
22 Stamps Thomas
* 19 Stokes Thomas

Land Surveyors.

26 Salter Wm.
29 Smith Brooke R. (& coal surv.)

Linen and Woollen Drapers.

29 Andrews & Co.
19 Bebb John
10 Bratt James
19 George Hy. Wm.
14 Mallin Wm.
20 Siddons Samuel

Maltsters.

Allcock Egerton, Swan lane
Barrs John, Argate ln.
37 Bates Wm.
20 Belcher Joseph
37 Cartwright John
23 Cattle Nicholas H.
13 Dooley John
13 Fisher Sarah
23 Gilbert Luke
8 Gregory Joseph
15 Guest Joseph
10 Hardware Roger
17 Haynes Benjamin
14 Hodgkins Samuel
37 Holloway Samuel
14 Pershouse Joseph

Mill (Coffee) Makers.

24 Povey Isaac
34 Slater Geo. (and weights)

Milliners, Dress makers, &c.

** are Straw Hat mkrs.*

22 * Blackham Mezullum
19 * Cooper Ann
3 * Grice Eliz.
19 Lamb Mary
3 Morris Susanna
26 Perkins Hannah
14 Smith Hannah

Nail manufacturers.

34 Bullock Ephraim, (and cut sprigs)
14 Cooksey & Mallin
17 Duffield Richard (and chain)
41 Gwyn Noah
29 Whitehouse Chas.

26 Whitehouse Wm. and Son

Pawnbrokers.

37 Cooksey Joseph
32 Hassall Eliz.
19 Payne John

Plumbers, Painters, &c.

14 Blakemore Henry Thomas
35 Davis Thomas
26 Holbrow Nathl.
19 Iddins Joseph
19 Mason Thomas
19 Parke James
20 Robinson Edward

Saddlers.

19 Martin John
14, 19 Miller Hannah
19 Stone Henry

Saddlers' Ironmngrs.

6 Marsh Sampson
6 Marsh Wm.

Screw manufacturers.

14 Cooksey & Mallin
17 Fereday Samuel (for brass founders)
29 Lloyd Wm.
19 Orme Wm.
19 Whitehouse Ambrose Blackham

Shopkeepers and Flour dealers.

34 Adams Benjamin
41 Bates John
37 Bates Wm.
23 Biddleston Thos.
23 Bratts Sarah
20 Caldecourt Wm.
28 Collins John
24 Crofts John (and bone button mkr.)
12 Fletcher Benjamin
10 Glover Jacob
34 Grigg Daniel
41 Gwyn Noah
20 Hadley Joseph (& constable)
20 Hands John
26 Horton Benjamin
34 Icke Charles
26 Icke Roger
20 Jones James
17 Jones Thomas
20 Lees Samuel
20 Lowe Benjamin
12 Pershouse James
12 Sheldon Samuel
19 Smith Joseph
2 Stamps Thomas
26 Thomas Wm.

Slaters & Plasterers.

26 Jordon Robert
19 Stokes Mark

Stone Masons.

31 Blunt James
31 Faviell Wm.

Surgeons

19 Cowell John
10 Jackson Wm.
19 Jackson Wm. jun.
19 Kenwrick Thomas
4 Lawrence Joseph
20 Patison David
17 Silvester Thomas
4 Starkey Charles
38 Wynter Thomas

Tailors.

* *are Drapers also.*

20 Adams James
6 *Adams John & Son
19 * Barnett Samuel
19 Dalrymple and Pockett
34 Dickinson James
6 * Marsh James
19 * Needham James
19 * Oliver George
19 Parke Josiah
34 * Sanders Wm.
19 * Shaw John
20 Spencer Thomas
20 Wilkins Wm.
41 Webb Wm.
14 Yardley Wm.

Timber Merchants.

19 Horton Wm. (and slate)
11 Davis Thomas
19 Fisher Benjamin
20 Lees John

Wheelwrights.

4 Bowler Wm.
14 Cox Charles
3 Humphries Thos.
29 Owen David
17 Payne Wm.
19 Russell John
21 Till Philip

COACHES.

To and from Birmingham, Bilston, Dudley, Wednesbury and Wolverhampton, every hour.

CARRIER.

John Payne, from High st. to Birmingham, daily, at noon.

BY CANAL.

From Saml. Southall's wharf, Spon lane, to all parts of the Kingdom.

WHITTINGTON is a fine rural village, seated on a dry gravelly soil, 3 miles E. S. E. of Lichfield, and comprising within its parish, 766 inhabitants, and upwards of 3,000 acres of land, all of which is enclosed, except *Whittington Heath*, (338A. 3R. 1P.) on the west side of the village, where *Lichfield Races* are held. This heath forms an excellent sheep walk, and would, if enclosed, be very productive for the growth of turnips and barley. Theophilus Levett, Esq. and Sir Robert Peel are the principal land owners; but the Marquis of Anglesey is lord of the manor, which passed with the other members of Longdon to his great ancestor, Sir Wm. Paget. General Dyott, of Free-

ford, is lessee of the game. The *Church* has a lofty spire, and was rebuilt in 1762. It is in the appropriation of the dean and chapter of Lichfield, who have let the tithes on lease to the Earl of Lichfield, and Miss Wood, of Coleshill. The *curacy* is in the gift of T. Levett, Esq., and incumbency of the Rev. Thos. Levett, M. A. The *wake* is on the first Sunday after September 11th.

HUDDLESFORD, in this parish, is a hamlet, on the Fazeley canal, 3 miles E. of Lichfield, and 1 mile N. of Whittington.

The *Free School*, at Whittington, was founded in 1741, by *Sarah Neach*, of Lichfield, who endowed it with her house and croft, in Whittington, now converted into a house and large garden, occupied by the schoolmaster; and a smaller house, let for £3. 10s. per annum, which is paid to the master, together with the dividends of £288. 15s. 9d. three per cent consols, purchased with £200, left in 1800, by the *Rev. Richard Levett*. The other moiety of the dividends is applied in repairing the school house, and in providing books and writing materials for the scholars, of whom ten are taught free. The benefactions to the poor are 10s. yearly, left by *Matthew Wightwick*, in 1650, out of a house, at Hopwas; 10s. yearly, out of Rakemore meadow, left by Humphrey Deakin, in 1639; and £3 yearly from Hademore field, which was obtained from Lord Donegal, in exchange for Gib meadow, which had belonged to the poor from time immemorial.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *reside at Brookhay*, 2 *Huddlesford*, 3 *Lichfield turnpike*, 4 *Thatchmoor*, 5 *Whittington hurst*, 6 *Williford, and the rest in Whittington village.*

Arnold Mrs. Ellen
Beard John, tailor, and assistant overseer
Bircher John, schoolmaster
Bridgen John, bricklayer
2 Capper Thomas, corn miller, Bunnings mill
2 Chamberlain Fras. wheelwright
2 Chamberlain Wm. vict. Plough
Deakin John, shoe maker
Dean John, wharfinger, Street
Dyott Mrs. Mary [hay
Elton John, gent.
Farnsworth Thomas, blacksmith
Hastelow John, vict. Peel's Arms, and wharfinger, Canal bridge
Heathcote John, vict. Talbot
3 Heyward John, Horse and Jockey, beer house
Humphrey Jarvis, butcher
Langton Samuel, baker & shopr.
Levett Mary Ann
Nevill Charles, shoemaker
Nevill Edward, gent.
Nevill Francis, baker
Pass Ann, saddler
Pass John, shopkr. & beer house
Pass Wm. shoemaker
2 Perkins Jasper, wharfinger
Price Thomas, horse dealer
Poyser Thomas shopkeeper
Richards Thomas, horse breaker
Robinson Abraham, blacksmith
Smallman, John, shoemaker
Smith Geo. bricklayer & beer hs.
Taylor John & Wm. wheelwgts.
Thompson Wm. butcher
4 Tomlinson James, wheelwright

FARMERS.

Clarke Ann
Coleman John
2 Dennetts Thos.
1 Gough Geo.
Nevill Francis
Nevill Hugh
5 Robinson John
Shuker William
Wootton
Smith Wm.
5 Sparkes Thos.
6 Whittaker Jas.



YOXALL is a large and well-built village, in a pleasant valley, near the south-western border of the now enclosed forest of Needwood, 7 miles N.N.E. of Lichfield, upon the Ashbourn road. It was anciently a market town, and is a member of the honour of Tutbury. It is supplied with water by the rapid stream of the Swerbourn, which flows through the forest, and falls into the Trent about 1¼ mile south of the village. The PARISH includes several hamlets and scattered houses, and contains 1582 inhabitants, and 4791A. 1R. 17P. of land, of which upwards of 1200 acres are new enclosures in the *Yoxall Ward of Needwood Forest*, which is already described at page 357. The CHURCH is an ancient Gothic fabric, dedicated to St. Peter. It has a nave, chancel, side aisles, and a square tower, and is a *rectory*, in the incumbency of the Rev. Edward Willes, and in the patronage of Chandos Leigh, Esq. who is also lord of the manor. At the enclosure, 174A. 3R. 4P. of land was allotted in lieu of the rectorial tithes of that part of Needwood forest which lies within this parish. Two CATTLE FAIRS are held here yearly, on February 12th, and October 19th, and a *feast* or *wake* on the first Sunday in July.

The *hamlets* in Yoxall parish are HOARCROSS, 2¼ miles N.; HADLEY-END, 1 mile S.W.; LONGCROFT, ¾ mile E.; MORRY, 1 mile W.; OLIVE GREEN, 1¼ mile W.; and WOODHOUSES, about half a mile E. of Yoxall village. *Hoarcross Hall*, now the seat of H. C. Meynell, Esq. was anciently the residence of the Willes family, and was rebuilt by its late possessor, Lord Scarsdale, who occupied it as a hunting seat. *Longcroft Hall* is the seat of Mrs. Arden, being purchased in the 18th of Elizabeth, by Simon Arden. It had anciently a moat, which was filled up in 1796. At Morry is a large *tape mill*, which was commenced about 40 years ago, and now produces 15 cwt. of tape weekly. YOXALL LODGE, 2¼ miles N. E. of Yoxall, stands in a delightful situation in the recluse vale of the Linbrook, within the bounds of Needwood Forest. It has long been the residence of the Rev. Thomas Gisborne, who is distinguished both as a divine and a poet; and the acclivities near it are richly clothed with wood. The parish of Yoxall possesses many valuable BENEFACTIONS, of which the following is a description:—

The TOWN LANDS, consisting of about 24 acres, let for upwards of £50 a-year, are copyhold, and have been held in trust, for the benefit of the parish, more than two centuries, but the donors are unknown. In a copy of court roll of this manor, the rents are declared to be for the repairs of the bridges, called the Trent Bridge and the Hall Bridge, and the Church of Yoxall; and for the finding of an armed man for the service of the king, or for any other necessary uses for the village of Yoxall as should seem expedient to the "major part of the better sort of the inhabitants." But 20s. a-year is paid out of the rents as the interest of legacies left to the poor by three

persons named Robotham, Bell, and Sutton. The trustees are four in number, two being appointed by the parish, and two by the county, pursuant to an agreement made in 1733, when the bridge which crosses the Trent, at Yoxall, was declared to be a county bridge, and one-third of the rent of the town lands to be appropriated to its future repairs. The trustees have, also, several tenements, with gardens, containing 19 perches, but they are now occupied by paupers rent free.

The *Church Lands* comprise 10A. 3R. 2P., let for £17. 7s. per annum, which is applied by the churchwardens in aid of the church rate, but it is unknown from what source they were derived. The yearly sum of £2. 3s. 8d. is received from two allotments made at the inclosure of Needwood Forest, in right of the church lands.

The *Free School* was rebuilt by subscription, about 1818, and founded in 1695, by *Thomas Taylor*, who endowed it with his house, at Hadley-end, afterwards exchanged for another house, in Yoxall. He and his wife, Sarah Taylor, who died in 1714, further endowed it with a rent charge of 10s. and with the New Rayles meadow, subject to an annuity of 32s. to the poor. This land, with an allotment of Needwood Forest, is now let for £19 per annum, of which £10 is paid to the master for teaching 14 free scholars, and £5 is distributed in bread. The founder also left a yearly rent charge of 20s. out of Slack's Park to provide coats for two poor men, and 32s. to be distributed in bread. Here is also a *Girls' National School*, built in 1817, by subscription.

Other Benefactions to the Poor:—The *Rev. John Spateman*, in 1736, left £80, which was laid out in the purchase of Madam's meadow, now let for £4. 4s. per annum, of which £2. 12s. is given in bread, and the rest in books. His son, *Francis Spateman*, left £40, with which Town Hill close, (3R. 9P.) at Woodhouses, was purchased, and is now let for £2. 10s. per annum, to be expended in providing coats for the poor. At the enclosure of Needwood, an allotment (let with the church lands for 11s. 4d. per annum) was made in right of the charities of Francis and John Spateman, and Ralph Crosse. The interest of £50, left by Thomas Spateman, Mrs. Swinnerton, and Margaret Burton, is distributed in weekly doles of bread, every Sunday, together with the Rev. J. Spateman's and Sarah Taylor's gifts. The yearly sum of £2. 19s. from land and rent charges, left in 1697, by *John Richardson*, is distributed on St. Paul's day, together with £4, the rent of two pieces of land in Whetley and Mickle meadows, left by *Ralph Crosse*, in 1700. The sum of 30s. as the interest of £30, left by *Catherine Watson and H. and J. Arden*, is distributed on Whit-Sunday. *Mrs. F. Biddulph* left £4 a-year out of Fenholm close, to be distributed on St. James's day. The sum of £3. 4s. arising from the bequests of John, Nicholas, and Francis Millington, Mr. Salt, Ralph Wright, and



Wm. Robotham, and from the Poor's Allotment, is distributed on St. Thomas's day, by the churchwardens and overseers. In 1690, *Richard Crosse* bequeathed 22A. 2R. 16P. of land, called the Bigg Car, for the maintenance of six widows of deceased parishioners. This land, with an allotment given to it at the enclosure (4A. 2R. 24P.) is now let for £47. S. Woodroffe, Esq. is the trustee.

The POST-OFFICE is at Michael Poyser's. Letters are received by a horse post from Lichfield, at 2 afternoon, and despatched at 8 morning, daily, except Sunday.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *reside at Forest Side*, 2 *Hadley-end*, 3 *Hoarcross*, 4 *Linbrook*, 5 *Longcroft*, 6 *Morry*, 7 *Woodhouses*, 8 *Wood-lane, and the rest at Yoxall village.*

Arden Mrs. Margaret Elizabeth, Longcroft hall
Ashmore Thomas, butcher
8 Atkin John, corn miller
Bamforth Jno. joiner, & beer hs.
Beck Richard, joiner
Bentley George, butcher
Berrisford James, butcher
2 Blake John, beer house
Bond Mrs. Charlotte
6 Bond Francis and Morton, tape manufacturers
Brabbins Thomas, bricklayer
8 Brabbins Thos. jun. bricklayer
Brandon Thomas, saddler
Brown John, maltster and hop merchant
Brown Mary, victualler, Cup
Charlesworth, Mrs. Mary
Cleavin Edward, surgeon
Crossley Edward, excise officer
Eastoe Ann, girls' school
Fearnyhough Joseph, surgeon
Garner John, surgeon
Gatenbury Charles, beer house
Geldart Francis, castrator
Gisborne Rev. Thomas, Yoxall lodge
2 Goodall Geo. dancing master
Graham Joseph, cooper
Green Henry, joiner
Harvey George, gent.
Heaford Thomas, plumber, glazier, and painter
6 Hindle and Bonds, tape mfrs.
Jefferies Rev. James (Catholic)
Knott Daniel, blacksmith
3 Leedham Thomas, huntsman
Meynell Hugo Charles, Esq. Hoarcross hall
Mosedall Wm. hair dresser
5 Painter John, beer house
Parr Mrs. Mary
Phillips Sampson, beer house and seedsman, Olive green
2 Pott Edmund, butcher
2 Pott John, beer house
Pott Hugh, cooper
2 Pott John, bricklayer
Poyser John, blacksmith
Poyser Michael, grocer, draper, chandler, and rope maker
Roobottom Thomas, corn miller
Sedgwick Thomas, clock and watch maker
Sharp Richard, bricklayer
Simpson Jane, dress maker
Simpson Thomas, grocer, draper, and ironmonger
Simpson Thomas, Tutbury court bailiff
2 Smallway John, weaver
2 Smith James, blacksmith
Smith Michael, schoolmaster
Smith Wm. Taylor, gent. Hadley cottage
Stretton Wm. nursery & seedsman.
Stubbs Thomas, vict. Crown
Sutton Mrs. Catherine
Teswell John, parish clerk
Thomas Ann, beer house
Tivey Robert, butcher
8 Wait Jph. and Martin, sawyers
2 Winfield Richard, nail mfr.
Yeld Mrs. Elizabeth

FARMERS.

2 Atkin Thomas
3 Bamforth Ths.
8 Brierley Benj.
6 Cartwright Jh.
2 Colclough Ts.
7 Copestick Mrs.
3 Cotton Robt.
2 Cotton Rd.
Cotton Thos.
1 Coxon Stpn.
Gatensbury Ca.
Green Thomas

4 Hand Joseph
1 Harvey Thos.
6 Harvey Thos.
2 Hinckley Hh.
Jackson John, Trent bridge
5 Jackson John
Kinnersley Jph.
Kinnersley Sar.
8 Land Richard
1 Mills Thomas
Moore John, Darley oaks
Moore Sarah
Rice Thomas
1 Riddell Edw.
2 Riddell John
Riddell Wm.
1 Roobottom Ed. (& maltster)
7 Shipton Jph.
Simpson Saml.
7 Slater John
Startin Edward
7 Stokes Saml.
3 Teswell Thos.
5 Thompson Jph.
6 Tipper John
3 Wildman Ts.
Willock James, Darley
1 Winfield Jas.
Winter James
8 Wood John
Woodward Wm. High hall

Shoemakers.
Brightland Wm.
8 Corbett Wm.
Dean Wm.
Graham Thos.
Hutchinson Jas.
Ilsley John
8 Kidd John
3 Prince John
Thomas John

Shopkeepers.
Berrisford John
Brabbins Rd.
7 Brown Mrs.
Gibson Richard
8 Hawkins Ts.
Poyser Michael
Shelley Hph.
Simpson Thos.
6 Tipper Thos.

Tailors.
Nutt John
Nutt Wm.
Sharratt Wm.
Snape John
Woodings Wm.

Wheelwrights.
2 Brown Amos
6 Fearns John
Kittridge Michl.
3 Whyman Ts.

CARRIER.
Thomas Pott, to Burton, Tues. & Uttoxeter, Wed.

CUTTLESTONE HUNDRED.

CUTTLESTONE is the most thinly populated, and one of the smallest, of the five Hundreds of Staffordshire, bounded on the west by Shropshire, on the south by Seisdon, on the east by Offlow, and on the north by Pirehill Hundred. It is a fine agricultural district, about 20 miles in length and 12 in breadth, and is all in cultivation except the extensive heath called Cannock Chase, which occupies a large portion of its eastern division. The *river Penk*, which divides into two nearly equal parts, flows through it from south to north, and, after receiving many smaller streams, falls into the Sow near Stafford. Parallel with the Penk, the Staffordshire and Worcestershire canal crosses this Hundred, in its route to the Trent and Mersey navigation; and the Liverpool and Birmingham junction canal, (opened in January, 1834,) intersects its western division, passing near Brewood and Church-Eaton. Its principal minerals are *coal* and *ironstone*, which are got extensively near Wyrley and Rugeley.

The meadows and pastures on the banks of the Penk are very productive; the uplands to the east of that river have generally a mixed gravelly soil; but most of the lands to the west are a stronger mixed loam, except near the Shropshire ...der, where the soil becomes lighter. This Hundred is se...ted into the *East and West Divisions*, under two chief con... and contains three small *market towns*, (Rugely, Brend Penkridge;) seventeen *parishes*, two *extra parochial* and six *chapelries*; subdivided into thirty-six *townships*, ...h the following is an enumeration; showing the annual

value of the lands and buildings, as assessed for the property tax in 1815, and the population of each in the years 1801 and 1831, according to the Parliamentary returns.

[The *Contractions* used are—p. or par. for parish; t. or twp. for township; c. or chap. for chapelry; and ex. p. for extra parochial places.]

East Div.	Ann. val. 1815.	Population 1801.	Population 1831.	West Div.	Ann. val. 1815.	Population 1801.	Population 1831.
	£				£		
Baswich parish*	2700	443	546	Blymhill-with-Brineton parish	3490	457	588
Acton-Trussell c. / Bednall chap.	2698	436	551	Bradley parish	3565	593	731
Brockton township	1093	217	232	Church Eaton parish	5796	784	982
Brewood parish	16428	2967	2263	Forton & Meer par.	4062	566	904
Coven liberty			499	Gnosall parish	7253	814	3338
Cannock parish	4167	1359	1771	Cowley quarter / Knightley ditto / Moreton ditto		446 / 332 / 650	
Cannock-Wood t. / Hednesford & Leacroft township				Haughton parish	1980	437	450
Huntington twp.	1010	114	106	Lapley parish	1576	196	1042
Wyrley Great twp.	1765	227	591	Wheaton Aston c.	2301	563	
Castle Church par.†	7323	563	1374	Norbury parish	1982	215	257
Cheslyn-Hay *ex. par.*	1146	449	648	Weston Jones twp.	929	156	113
Penkridge parish	10000	1133	2351	Sheriff Hales parish	2737	616	914
Coppenhall chap.	1238	83	100	Weston-under-Lizard parish	2919	101	257
Dunston chapelry	1624	208	272				
Stretton chapelry	..	..	268				
Rugeley parish	6383	2030	3165				
Teddesley-Hay *ex.p.*	—	50	50				
Shareshill parish	910	200	274				
Saredon (Gt. & L.) t.	2098	241	246	Total *West Div.*	38598	6030	9534
Total *East Div.*	60583	10620	15303	Grand Total	99181	17550	24837

☞ The small townships of Featherstone, Hatherton, Hilton, and Kinvaston, in *Wolverhampton parish*, (see p. 163,) and Essington, in *Bushbury parish*, (see p. 251,) are in the East Division of Cuttlestone.

* Baswich, Brewood, Cannock, Church-Eaton, Penkridge, Rugeley, and some other parishes in the above table, contain a number of VILLAGES and HAMLETS, all of which will be seen in the following historical and topographical description of this Hundred.

† CASTLE CHURCH PARISH is a suburb of Stafford. See p. 143.

BASWICH, or *Berkswich*, near Stafford, is a large parish, without a village of its own name, divided into the two townships of *Baswich* and *Brockton*, and the chapelries and joint townships of *Acton-Trussell* and *Bednall*, which contain together 1329 inhabitants, and 4951 acres of enclosed land, for every acre of which the occupiers have a common right for three sheep on Cannock Chase, which bounds the east side of the parish. Baswich and Brockton form part of the manor of



Haywood, of which the Marquis of Anglesey is lord; but the soil is held by a number of copyholders and freeholders.

BASWICH township comprises 1600 acres of land, and the pleasant hamlets of RADFORD, WEEPING-CROSS, WALTON, and MILFORD, extending near the canal and the conflux of the rivers Penk and Sow, from 1¼ to 3 miles E.S.E. of Stafford, on and near the Rugeley road, where there are several neat villas. The *Church*, dedicated to the Holy Trinity, stands on the east bank of the Penk, at a considerable distance from any of the hamlets, 2 miles E.S.E. of Stafford. It was rebuilt with brick many years ago, except the ancient stone tower, which still remains. The great tithes belong to the prebendary of Whittington, in Lichfield Cathedral. The living is a *vicarage*, in the incumbency of the Rev. Joseph Ellerton, and the alternate patronage of J. P. Inge and J. N. Lane, Esqrs., the latter of whom has the next turn. At *Radford wharf*, on the canal, much business is done in the coal and lime trades.

BROCKTON is a township and scattered village, nearly 4 miles S.E. by E. of Stafford, containing 800 acres, of which 730 belong to Wm. Fawkener Chetwynd, Esq., M.P., of *Brockton Hall*, an ancient mansion in a pleasant park, near which is *Brockton Lodge*, the modern seat of Henry Chetwynd, Esq. Here is an excellent *freestone quarry*, and a fine stratum of clay, of which large quantities of bricks are made.

ACTON TRUSSELL and BEDNALL, are two villages at the south end of the parish, 4 miles S.S.E. of Stafford, forming two joint townships and chapelries, containing 2551 acres of land, and two small *parochial chapels*, united in the patronage and incumbency of the Rev. G. F. Molineux, A.B., of Wolverhampton, for whom the Rev. E. Price officiates at Acton chapel, which is dedicated to St. James; and the Rev. W. B. Collis, at Bednall chapel, which is dedicated to All Saints. The Earl of Lichfield is lord of both manors, and the other principal landowners are the Right Hon. E. J. Littleton, W. F. Chetwynd, Esq., and Mrs. Stokes. Acton lies west of Bednall, adjoining the river Penk and the canal, and the soil of both is a good gravelly loam.

BENEFACTIONS.—The *Free School for Brockton township*, has 7A. 1R. 26P. of land, supposed to have been given by Mrs. Dorothy Bridgman, and now let for six guineas per annum, for which the schoolmistress teaches nine free scholars. The *Poor's croft*, supposed to have been given by the same donor, is let for 20s. a-year, which is divided among the poor of Brockton on St. Thomas's day. The poor of *Walton Liberty* have 10s. a-year left by *Thomas Twist;* 6s. a-year left by *George Baddeley*, in 1717; and £3. 12s. a-year out of New-piece and Shakleford closes, left by *Roger* and *Samuel Twigg*, in 1726 and 1733. Those of Bednall have 12 penny loaves once a-month, charged on land called the White-bread-piece, and 9s.



yearly paid by the Earl of Lichfield, and W. F. Chetwynd, Esq. Those of *Acton* have 12s. yearly from the overseers, as the interest of £15; 10s. yearly from a barn belonging to the Earl of Lichfield; and 4s. out of land at Bednall, belonging to W. F. Chetwynd, Esq., but the donors are unknown. For the repairs of *Bednall chapel*, there are 4 acres of land let for £10 a-year. The lady of the Rev. Richard Levett, a magistrate, who resided in the *vicarage house*, at *Milford*, generously pays for the education of 14 poor girls and 6 boys in that hamlet.

ACTON TRUSSELL.

Guest Richd. vict. Seven Stars
Hart Mrs. Mary
Houldford James, shopkeeper
Oldford George, day school
Simpson Lewis, assis. overseer
Underwood Richd. beer house

FARMERS.

Harding Wm.
Higgott John
Lees Thomas
Marson Jas. (& corn miller)
Wyatt Harvey

BASWICH.

Marked 1 *are at Milford*, 2 *Radford*, 3 *Stockton*, 4 *Walton*, *and* 5 *at Weeping Cross.*

4 Bond Mr. Benjamin
1 Bond Samuel, shopkeeper
1 Dean Elizabeth, day school
1 Dean John, maltster
2 Devey James F. coal mercht. and wharfinger
5 Ellerton Rev. Joseph, vicar
1 Hanbury Robert, gent.
5 Hazledine Thomas, gent.
4 Johson Isaac, blacksmith
1 Levett Rev. Richd. Vicarage
4 Oakden Ralph, tailor
5 Salt Thomas, Esq., banker
4 Smith James, shoemaker
Tavernor, Geo. mason and carpenter
1 Thompson Geo. wheelwright
Twigg John, gent. Barnfields

INNS AND TAVERNS.

1 Barley Mow, Peggy Auldritt
2 Trumpet, Wm. Kent

Beer Houses.

1 Bromley Ann
1 Bromley Sl.
3 Kingstone J. (& shoemaker)
1 Shelly Robt. (& shoemaker)

Farmers.

5 Brooks Thos. (& coal dlr.)
4 Cooper Waldron
3 Salt Thos. (& maltster)
Tavernor Geo.

Carriers from Radford Wharf by Canal, to all parts of the kingdom, daily. J. F. Devey, wharfinger.

BEDNALL.

Banks John, blacksmith
Dewsbury Thomas, beer house
Holding Mr. Wm.
Ward Francis, beer house
Wetherer Jph. wheelwght. and shopkeeper

FARMERS.

Adams Chas.
Guest Thos.
Harper Wm.
Lees John (and maltster)
Manns John
Stokes Mary

BROCKTON.

Chetwynd Henry, Esq. Brockton lodge
Chetwynd Wm. Fawkener, Esq. M.P. Brockton hall
Day John, vict. Chetwynd Arms
Emery Jas. stone mason, quarry owner, & brick maker
Hill John, shopkeeper
Jenders John, blacksmith

FARMERS.

Buxton Thos.
Platt Jph.
Stubbs John
Stubbs Wm.
Williams Wm.
Wright Thos.

BLYMHILL is a small scattered village, 6 miles W.N.W. of Brewood, comprising within its parish the hamlet of Brinston, and 566 inhabitants, with about 2800 acres of land, most



of which has a strong loamy soil. The commons, called the *Heath* and the *Lawn*, were enclosed about twenty years ago. The CHURCH, dedicated to St. Mary, was all rebuilt, except the tower and chancel, in 1719. The living is a *rectory*, valued in the King's books at £13. 10s. 7½d., and is in the patronage of the Earl of Bradford, who is lord of the manor and owner of most of the soil; but Mr. Francis Yates and some others have freehold estates in the parish. The Earl's brother, the Hon. and Rev. H. E. Bridgeman, M.A., is the present rector. The late incumbent, the *Rev. Samuel Dickenson*, was a learned and ingenious naturalist. The mansion called the *High Hall*, now occupied by a farmer, is seated on a beautiful eminence, and supposed to have been the residence of Wm. Bagot, who was lord of Blymhill, in the reign Henry II.

BRINETON contains a few farm houses and several cottages, 1 mile N. of Blymhill, and supports its poor jointly with the rest of the parish, though an overseer is appointed for each district. It is watered by two rivulets, one of which gives name to two farms called *Brockhurst*.

BENEFACTIONS.—The *School*, in the Church-yard, is endowed with two small yearly rent charges, viz., 25s. left in 1671 by the Rev. John Taylor, and £2 left by Mrs. Manning. For these annuities and the use of the school-house, the master teaches six free scholars, and about 50 others are educated partly by subscription on the National system. Winnowsick croft, bequeathed in 1718, by *Wm. Adams*, for clothing three boys and three girls, is now let for 24s. per annum. The yearly sum of 12s. out of land in Brineton, left by *Daniel Norris*, is laid out in the purchase of a coat for a poor parishioner. The sum of 10s. is distributed at Easter as the interest of £10 in the hands of the rector. A yearly *apprentice fee* of £5 is due to this parish from Sir Thomas Wilbraham's charity.—(See Weston-under-Lizard.)

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *are at Brockhurst*, 2 *at Lawn*, 3 *at Park Pales*, 4 *in Brineton, and the rest at Blymhill.*

Bridgeman Hon. & Rev. Henry Edmund, M.A. rector
Ellis Richard & Eliz. Reynolds, teachers, free school
Jones Richard, shopkeeper
4 Meddins Thomas, miller and maltster
3 Pyatt Jph. blacksmith
Swyer John, maltster & beer hs. Wallery
Talbott Wm. blacksmith
Webster Saml. victualler, Nag's Head
Yates Francis, gent.

FARMERS.

4 Bolton Wm.
2 Bray Aaron
4 Burden Wm.
3 Evans John
2 Fennyhouse J. Hadfield Sarah
Hall Rt. Highhall
1 Haynes Ed.
4 Meddins Jno.
2 Marsh Chas.
4 Podmore Jno.
Stockley Jsha. Ivetson bank
4 Smith Moses
Taylor Wm.
Tollfree Mary
4 Tomlinson J.
1 WrightWidow

BLACKSMITHS.

4 Brotherton T.
4 Dike Wm.
3 Pyatt Jph.
Talbot Wm.

BRADLEY, or *Bradley-juxta-Stafford*, is a small ancient village, with a few good houses and a number of thatched cottages, many of them in a very decayed condition. It is 5¼ miles S.S.W. of Stafford, and comprises within its extensive parish 731 inhabitants and 5000 acres of land, subdivided into the hamlets or constablewicks of *Bradley; Longor*, 2¼ miles S.W.; *Wollaston*, and *Shredicote*, 2 miles S.W.; *Billington* and *Littywood*, 2¼ miles N. by E.; *Apeton* and *Barton*, 1 mile W. by N.; and *Alstone*, *Brough*, and *Rule*, extending from 1¼ to 4 miles N.W. of Bradley village. Apeton, and the three last named places, are partly in Gnosnall parish; and one farm on the Billington estate is in the parish of Castle Church, and is the site of an ancient entrenchment.—(See p. 115.) The whole parish of Bradley supports its poor conjointly, and the principal owners of the soil are Lord Willoughby-de-Brook, Earl Talbot, Lord Stafford, C. H. and G. Webb, Esqrs., Robert Hanbury, Esq., the Rev. C. Williams, and some others. The *manor* is at present in dispute, though Lord Stafford is supposed to be the rightful lord. The *Church* is an ancient edifice, dedicated to All Saints, and is a curacy worth only about £90 per annum. Lord Stafford is the patron, and the Rev. Ed. Collins Wright is the incumbent. The Earl of Lichfield holds part of the tithes, and the rest have been purchased by the landowners.

The *Free School*, at Bradley, has existed from a period anterior to the reign of Edward the VIth., but the name of its founder is unknown. Its endowment consists of several houses and 92 acres of land, let for £129. 11s. per annum, exclusive of two houses and 21 acres, occupied by the master. The establisment now consists of a free school for boys, called the '*Free Grammar School*,' and a *Preparatory School*, (to which girls are also admitted.) The Rev. Thomas Browne is master of the grammar school, and receives all the rents, out of which he pays about £30 yearly to Mr. Joseph Brittain, the master of the lower school, which is free to all the children of parishioners, whether resident or not; and the boys, as soon as they can read the Testament, are admitted into the upper school, where they are instructed in reading, writing, arithmetic, and grammar, and also in the classics, if required. They pay nothing except for books and stationery.

The *benefactions* to the poor amount to the following yearly sums:—*5s.* out of Lower Barton estate, left by *Francis* and *William Willington*;—50s. out of Cockle close, and 2s. out of a pew in the church, left by *Richard Lake*, in 1727; 20s. out of *Rockow Meadow*, purchased in 1759, with £17 left by several donors; £6 (one-half to the school) out of land in Barton, called Withey Pitts and Hatherns, left by *Richard Savage, Esq.*, in 1782; and £3 from three gardens at Coton Clanford,

purchased in 1785 with £30 given by *Appaline Brown* and others.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *are at Apeton*, 2 *Barton*, 3 *Billington* 4, *Littywood*, 5 *Rule*, 6 *Shredicote, and the others at Bradley, or where specified.*

Addison Jph. vict. and maltster, Red Lion
Banks Wm. blacksmith
Blurton Miss Lydia
Brittain Jph. free schoolmaster
Broomhall Charles, butcher
Browne Rev. Thos. curate master of the grammar sc
Burgess Mary, shopkeeper
Collins Walter, assist. overseer
Handley Richard, wheelwright
Lees Joseph, shopkeeper
Moore Mrs. Sarah
Norton Wm. beer house
1 Walters John, shoemaker
Ward Charles, beer house
White Edward, wheelwright
Woollscroft John, vict. Horse & Jockey

FARMERS.
*Marked * are Yeomen.*

Abbott Geo.
Bagnall Saml.
1 Bailey Jas.
3 * Barlow Ed.
4 Bird Sampson
6 Blurton Robt.
Blurton Thos. Longnor hall
3 Bond Wm.
Brindley Robt. Woollaston
1 * Cotton Bj.
2 Cotton James
2 Cotton John
Dodd J. Priory
4 Emery Wm.
6 Hart Charles
5 Jackson Ts.
1 * Lovatt Mich.
2 Moore Fras.
5 Shutt John
3 Taylor Danl.
* Taylor John
Ward John

BREWOOD PARISH.

BREWOOD is a small, but well-built market town, with several good streets and a spacious market place, pleasantly situated on the Birmingham and Liverpool *Junction Canal*, (opened Jan. 1834,) and on a small branch of the river Penk, about a mile S. of the Roman Watling street, and 7 miles N.N.W. of Wolverhampton. The MARKET, held every Friday, was revived in Nov. 1833, after having been discontinued many years. Two FAIRS, for cattle, swine, pedlery, &c. are held annually, on the second Thursday in May, and on Sept. 19th; and the first is toll-free. The PARISH contains 3799 inhabitants, and about 12,000 acres of land, extending to the borders of Shropshire, and subdivided into eight *liberties* or *constablewicks*, which repair their roads separately, but maintain their poor conjointly, under the superintendence of four overseers, one of whom is appointed for Brewood and Kiddermoor Green; one for Somerford, Engleton, and Horsebrook; one for Chillington, Hattons, and Gunstone; and one for Coven. The principal *land owners* are T. W. Giffard and Edward Monckton, ..., the former of whom is *lord of the manors* of Chilling- ... Brewood, which include Kiddermoor Green, Hattons, ...adies, Gunstone, and Horsebrook; and the latter is ...oven, Aspley, Somerfield, Engleton, Leafield, and the ...nanor or farm, which latter adjoins the south side of ... Though it is now only of small importance, Bre-

wood is one of the most ancient market-towns in Staffordshire, and had a small *Priory of Benedictine Nuns*, dedicated to the Virgin Mary, and founded by Hubert Walter, in the reign of Richard I. A.D. 1195. At the dissolution, this nunnery was valued at £11. 1s. 6d. per annum. The bishop of the diocese is said to have had a seat here before the Norman conquest. In 1678, the inhabitants were alarmed by several severe shocks of an *earthquake*, preceded by a rumbling noise, resembling distant thunder. The CHURCH, dedicated to the Virgin Mary, is a large ancient edifice, with a tower and lofty spire, which, from its elevated situation, is a picturesque object, visible at the distance of several miles. The interior is neatly pewed, and contains the sepulchres of the Giffards and the Moncktons. A new organ was erected, and opened on the "wake Sunday," Sept. 24th, 1815. The living is a *vicarage*, in the patronage of the Dean of Lichfield, and incumbency of the Rev. Alexander Bunn Haden, B.A. In the town, is an *Independent chapel*, built in 1800, with seats for 400 hearers, and a Sunday school for 100 children.

The *Free Grammar School*, near Brewood church, is described in a bill filed in Chancery, in the 4th of Charles I. as having existed from time immemorial, and reputed to have been founded by one *Dr. Knightley*, who, as well as Sir John Giffard, had endowed it with large possessions in land and money, which the then trustees had partly perverted to other uses; but in the following year, they were compelled to appropriate the whole of the yearly proceeds towards the support of the school. In 1820, the annual rental of the school property was £412. 5s. 2d.; of which £5. 5s. arose from one of the two houses, with gardens, opposite the school-house, which were purchased, in 1800, with £200 given by the Bishop of Worcester and Sir Edward Littleton. The other house is occupied by the usher. The £5. 5s. is appropriated for incidental expenses; and the rest of the income, after some trivial deductions, is applicable to the salaries of the masters; two-thirds being paid to the head master, and one-third to the usher. In 1820, there were 35 pupils in the upper, and 25 in the lower school, but more than half of them were boarders, as they are not restricted to the parish of Brewood. The classics are taught gratuitously; but for English reading, writing, and arithmetic, regular quarterages are charged, even to the poor parishioners, to whom these are the only requisite branches of instruction. This defect is, however, in some measure, remedied by a *National School*, where about 140 children are educated by subscription. Among the eminent men edu-
ed at the Grammar School was the late Bishop Hurd, pre-
to George IV.

Benefactions, under the management of the parish offi-
produce £46. 11s. 6d. per annum, which is distributed to
poor parishioners, in two moieties, on Good Friday and St.

Thomas' day, in sums of from 1s. to 4s. each. Of this income, £10 arises from lands at Essington, bequeathed by the Rev. Francis Collie, in 1625; £3. 10s. from land at Brinsford, by the family of Smyth; £24. 3s. 6d. from land at Bloxwich and Wyrley, left by the Fowke family; 10s. left by Lawrence Grove, in 1685; £1 by Richard Highley and Joseph Phippe; £4. 10s. by Thomas Slater, in 1804; £2 by Mrs. Gilbert and Henry Sherratt, in 1789; 8s. by Richard Brookes, and 10s. by Thos. Salt. Here are also two other benefactions, viz. an annuity of 20s. left by Wm. Woolrich, one-half to the poor of Brewood, and the rest to those of Coven and Standeford; and 10s., left by Joseph Careless, out of Butt's field, to be divided amongst ten parishioners.

Bishop's Wood is an open common, with several cottages, in the liberty of Kiddermoor Green, 2¼ miles W. by N. of Brewood.

Chillington liberty, 2 miles S.W. of Brewood, includes five farms, and *Chillington Hall*, the beautiful seat of Thomas Wm. Giffard, Esq., standing on an elevated site, in a spacious park, with gardens, pleasure grounds, and plantations, laid out with considerable taste. The Giffard family were seated here at a very early period, and rendered considerable service to Charles II., when that monarch was in concealment in this part of Staffordshire, and at Boscobel and White Ladies, in Shropshire, adjacent to this parish. They possess large estates in other parts of this county, and have been kept from public employments only by their religious tenets, being Roman Catholics; but the present Mr. Giffard espoused a Protestant lady, so that the female branch of his numerous family are members of the Established Church. His tenantry are mostly *Catholics*, and are accommodated with chapels at *Long Birch* and *Black Ladies*, the former about 1¼ mile S.W., and the latter about one mile N.E. of the hall. The Rev. Rd. Hubbard is the priest of Long Birch, and the Rev. John Roe, assisted by the Rev. Henry Richmond, is the incumbent of Black Ladies, which occupies the site of a house and chapel of Benedictine nuns, founded by Isabel Lander, and called *Black Ladies*, from the colour of their dress; as a similar convent of Cistercians, about two miles to the east, in Shropshire, were called *White Ladies*, from their white habits. "The choir for these latter nuns, that for the lay sisters, the images on the altar, &c. are in the same condition they were left in at the dissolution." On the Chillington estate is an excellent *quarry of brown and white freestone*, nearly four acres in extent and ten feet in depth, and within 300 yards of the junction canal.

Coven is a large liberty, with a considerable village, 2 miles S.E. of Brewood, and 5 miles N. of Wolverhampton. Here is a small *Methodist chapel*, and a number of lock makers.



ENGLETON is a small estate with a corn mill, 1¼ mile N.E. of Brewood.

HATTON and GUNSTONE are adjoining hamlets, containing four farms and a few cottages, 2 miles S. of Brewood, and near them are the farms of *Hyde*, *Woolley*, and *Park Lanes*.

HORSEBROOK is a small hamlet near the Roman road, 1 mile N. of Brewood.

KIDDERMOOR GREEN, (a corruption of Kid-moor,) is a hamlet of scattered houses, 1¼ mile W. of Brewood, near Black Ladies' *Catholic chapel and school*, where 33 boys and girls are educated at the expense of Mr. Evans, of Boscobel, in Shropshire.

SOMERFORD, 1 mile E. by S. of Brewood, is a large estate, consisting of a number of farms, and *Somerford Hall*, on the river Penk, the elegant seat of Edward Monckton, Esq., whose brother, General Monckton, resides with him. This estate was nearly stripped of its sylvan ornaments by its late possessors, but Mr. Monckton has improved its general appearance by extensive plantations. At a *Charity school* in this liberty, the Misses Monckton pay for the education and clothing of 13 poor girls.

BREWOOD.

Those marked 1 *are in Deans end,* 2 *Market place,* 3 *Salop street,* 4 *Sandy lane,* 5 *School lane,* 6 *Shiffnal street,* 7 *Shop lane, and* 8 *in Stafford street.*

2 Anslow Geo. magistrate's clerk
1 Anslow Moses, gent.
Bill Mrs. Stafford street
Bill Jph. corn miller, Hyde mill
Bill Thos. butcher, &c. Park cot.
Bowyer Rev. W. H. Wentworth, curate, Vicarage
2 Brewster Jph. thrashing, winnowing, and other agricultural machine maker
3 Brookman Mr. James
Careless Thos. colr. of poor rates
1 Des Jardins Miss Eliz. Mary
4 Fernie Rev. John (Ind. Min.)
8 Greene Miss Sarah
2 Greene Thomas, druggist
3 Grundy Miss Mary, gentwn.
Haden Rev. Alex. Bunn, B.A. vicar, Dean's field
3 Hurdd Miss Dorothy
1 Law Mr. John
3 Lawrence John, govr. Workhs.
1 Layton Thos. bricklyr. & bldr.
2 Mills Thos. baker & flour dlr.
8 Nicholds Thos. clock and watch maker
4 Smith John, gent.
1 Turner Henry, agent to the Atlas Fire Office
Turner Mrs. Mary, Brewood hall

INNS AND TAVERNS.

1 Admiral Rodney, Aaron Anslow
2 Angel Inn, Mary Parkes
3 Chequered Ball, Wm. Moreton
2 Fleur-de-Lis Inn, Jph. Smith
2 Lion Inn, Henry Chessell
2 Swan John Ray

ACADEMIES.

Bennett Miss, Dean's hall
1 Boyden Hannah Maria
1 Bridgen & Fowke (ladies' bdg.)
8 Cale Mary, Stafford street
5 *Grammar*, Rev. Hy. Kempson, M.A. head master; and Rev. Matthew Kemsey, A.B. second master
1 Ladbury Waldron (bdg. & day)

Attorneys.

2 Bennett John
Sanders
1 Turner Henry

Beer Houses.

8 Cook John
1 Hipkiss Jas.
3 Oldfield Eliz.
3 Pitt Wm.
8 Richards Thos.

Blacksmiths.

3 Daw James
5 Machin Geo.
4 Pitt James

Boot and Shoe makers.

8 Bullock Thos.
8 Davis Geo.
1 Etheridge Jer.
2 Simmons Jno.



Butchers.
8 Bill John
8 Cox Henry
6 Crossley John
2 Ray John
3 Webb David
Coopers.
3 Wakelem Rd.
3 Wood Wm.
Farmers.
4 Holdford Jph. (& brick mkr.)
Howell Geo. H.
Ick Wm. *Wesley*
Jones Hugh
8 Parke James
Perrin John, Broom hall
Ray William, *Hockerill*
Gardeners and Nurserymen.
2 Chessell Henry.
3 Oldfield Eliz.
1 Tedd Wm.
Grocers and Drapers.
2 Bamford and Shaw
8 Bratt Wm. (& druggist)
2 Farmer Jas. (& ironmngr.)
3 Smith Joseph
2 Woolfe Cath. (draper)
Hair Dressers.
3 Cluett James
8 Parke James
Joiners and Cabinet makers.
6 Daw Wm.
7 Fox George
6 Price Thomas
Lock manfrs. (Plate & Stock.)
7 Holland Wm. and George
3 Newman Geo.
Roberts John, Mount pl.
Maltsters.
8 Bill John
Howell Cathn. Dean's hall
8 Richards Thos.
3 Wakelem Rd.
Millwers, &c.
1 Shale Ann
8 Trevitt Sarah
8 Willetts Misses
Painters, Plumbers, &c.
1 Faulkner Pet.
2 Hill John
Saddlers.
5 Haynes Geo.
2 Till John
Stone Masons & Quarry Owners.
6 Taylor Edwin, (and statuary & grave stone cutter)
4 Taylor John
Taylor Jph.
3 Taylor Paul
Surgeons.
1 Bond Henry Hollier
2 Greene John
8 Robinson Jno. James
Tailors.
2 Jones George
8 Purchase Jno.
1 Roe Thomas
1 Shotton Thos.
2 Tart Thomas
Wheelwrights.
3 Cartwright Jn.
4 Stoker Thos.

POSTMAN, (& CARRIER,) Heber Perry, School lane, to Wolverhampton, at 9 mng. ret. at 7 evng. daily (except Sunday.)

COACHES.—From the *Lion Inn*, the Emerald, to Chester and Liverpool, at ½ past 10 mng. and to Wolverhampton & Birmingham at 5 aft. daily; the Dispatch, to Wolverhampton, Wednesday, at 10 mng., ret. at 6 evng. From the *Fleur-de-Lis Inn*, a car, to Wolverhampton, Wed. & Sat. at 10, mng. ret. at 6 evening.

Carrier, John Cook, Stafford street, to Wolverhampton, Wed. and Sat. at 8 mng. ret. 8 evng.

HAMLETS IN BREWOOD PARISH.

Those marked 1 *are in Chillington*, 2 *Coven*, 3 *Engleton*, 4 *Gunstone*, 5 *Hatton*, 6 *Horsebrook*, 7 *Kiddermoor green, and* 8 *in Somerford liberty.*

2 Anslow Wm. shoemaker
6 Bird Thomas, tawer
Giffard Thomas Wm. Esq. *Chillington hall*
7 Hay John, accountant to T. W. Giffard, Esq.
1 Hubbard Rev. Richard (Cath.) Long birch
2 Hughes James, beer house
6 Machin James, blacksmith
Monckton Edw. Esq. Somerford hall
Monckton Genl. Henry, Somerford hall
3 Mitchell Smith, gent.
2 Richards Henry, gent.
7 Richmond Rev. Henry, assistant priest, *Black ladies*
7 Robinson Mrs.
7 Roe Rev. John, (Cath.) *Black ladies*
6 Simpson Mrs.
Turton Wm. gent. Coven lodge
7 Vaughton Mr. Thomas
2 Wade Thomas, blacksmith
7 Walker Robert, agent to T. W. Giffard, Esq.
6 Wedge Richard, land surveyor, *Rose hill*

INNS AND TAVERNS.

2 Anchor, John Durham
2 Black Lion, James Haden (& rope maker,) Snade heath
6 Blue Bell, Wm. Smith
8 Four Ashes, Joseph Ward
2 Harrow, Wm. Pearson, Standeford bridge
7 Old Crown, John Green (and joiner)
2 Rainbow, James Yates

Corn Millers.
8 Brewster Jph.
3 Mallow Hugh
2 ShenstoneWm
Standeford
Farmers.
2 Bate Thomas
2 BeardsSamuel
2 BickfordThos.
6 Bowker Sarah
7 Cartwright Jn.
1 Chambley Manor
2 ChambleyWm
4 ChapmanThos
2 Cliff John
4 Cliffe Thomas
1 Evans Cadwallader
1 Ingram Thos.
5 Jebb Cathn.
8 Kendrick Jno.
8 Lovett Richd.
1 Mercer Wm.
2 Miller Thos.
2 Nicholds Titus
6 Penn John
7 Plant Edward
1 Plant John, sen. *Bath*
7 Plant Jon. jun.
8 Shaw Joseph
6 Smith James
2 Smith John, Three Hammers
7 Wade Chas. *Hogshead*
7 Ward John
5 Wilson Edw. *Lock mnfrs.* (*Plate & Stock.*)
2 Birch Thos.
2 Roberts Jas.
2 Smith John *Maltsters.*
8 Brewster Jph.
1 Ingram Thos.
2 ShenstoneWm
2 Smith John *Schools.*
7 HazledineAnn
2 Hughes John, (day)
8 Male Eliz. *Shopkeepers.*
7 Alcock Wm.
2 Lloyd Joseph
7 Panitton Jph.
2 WilliamsCalb. *Wheelwrights.*
7 Taylor John
2 Williams Jas.

CANNOCK PARISH.

CANNOCK is a large and well built village, situated on the western verge of the extensive heath or chase from which it has its name, on the turnpike road between Walsall and Stafford, 8 miles N. by W. of the former, and 9 miles S.S.E. of the latter town. Though not mentioned in Domesday book, it was a considerable village in the reign of King John, and had formerly a weekly *market*, which has long been obselete. It has, however, three annual FAIRS for cattle, &c., held on May 8th, Aug. 24th, and Oct. 18th, and a *feast* or wake on the Sunday after the latter fair. Dugdale asserts, that Henry I. had a summer residence here; and there are records of a *castle* having existed here, though no vestiges of it now remain. Pitt says, "it was formerly a place of great resort, on account of the salubrity of *Reaumore-hill well*, which was a fashionable watering place in its day." The PARISH of CANNOCK is very extensive, comprising about 20,000 arces, of which nearly one-half is uninclosed on Cannock Chase; but the cultivated portions of it are generally fertile, having a good light soil well adapted to the growth of corn, turnips, and grass. It contains 3116 inhabitants, (see p. 474,) and is divided into six TOWNSHIPS, viz., *Cannock*, *Great Wyrley*, *Huntington*, *Cannock Wood*, *Hednesford*, and *Leacroft;* the three latter of which support their poor conjointly, so that, virtually, the parish may be said to have only four townships. The whole parish, except Wyrley and Huntington, is in the *Manor of Cannock and Rugeley*, of which the Marquis of Anglesey is lord, and holds *Courts Leet, Baron, and Customary*, yearly, in October. The greater part of this manor is held by copyholders, who pay small chief rents and heriots. It comprises the whole of CANNOCK CHASE, which is an open heath of about 32,000 acres, extending from the Trent, near Shugborough, southward nearly to Aldridge,



a distance of 12 miles, and varying from 1½ to 5 miles in breadth. On this extensive and dreary waste, the landholders of the surrounding townships have a right of common commensurate with the extent of their respective estates; and we hope, ere long, some agreement will be devised between them and the lord for its enclosure, as such a change would, no doubt, be as beneficial here as in the extensive forest of Needwood, (vide p. 367;) and as great distress has prevailed for some years, among the agricultural labourers, certainly no more beneficial employment could be given them than the cultivation of waste lands, which would tend greatly towards the reduction of poor rates, and prevent the strength and sinews of the nation from being weakened by that prevailing evil—emigration, which, during the last ten or twenty years, has not only been tolerated, but encouraged by the legislature, greatly to the disparagement of British honour. Respecting the etymology of the term, Cannock Chase, several different opinions are entertained by antiquaries; some deriving it from the *Cangi*, (see p. 16,) and others from Canute, the first Danish King of England. But whatever may be the derivation of its name, it was doubtless a celebrated forest during the Saxon heptarchy, being the favourite chase of the Mercian Kings. It was then, and for many succeeding centuries, covered with a profusion of majestic oaks. Several centuries have, however, passed away since it was wholly stripped of its foilage, and converted into a bleak and dreary heath. This sad change is well described by Drayton in his Polyolbion, but much more beautifully by Mr. Masters, in his *Iter Boreale of* 1675. At the north end of the chase, near Rugeley, and on some parts of its western border, are several extensive *coal mines*, in which is found a particular species of *iron ore*, called Cannock stone, which oxygenates so rapidly as to be capable of much useful application. About 3 miles N.E. of Cannock village, is the Marquis of Anglesey's seat, *Beaudesert Park*, one moiety of which is in the township of Cannock Wood, in this parish, and contains the vestiges of an extensive *British encampment*, (see p. 361;) a little to the south of which is RADMOOR, where there are some remains of an ABBEY of Cistercian monks, on whom the Empress Maud and King Stephen conferred a considerable extent of land in this neighbourhood, about the year 1154; but the monks soon afterwards removed to Stoneleigh, in Warwickshire, and their possessions here were given to the Paget family, by Henry VIII., after the Dissolution.—(vide p. 362.)

Cannock CHURCH is an ancient stone frabric, dedicated to St. Luke, and has undergone many modern repairs. The south side was re-built in 1753. The interior is neatly pewed, and has spacious galleries, and some monumental memorials of the Wolhouse family, of *Hatherton*, the inhabitants of which township use this church, though they are in the parish of Wolverhampton.—(See p. 232.) The dean and chapter of

Lichfield, have had the appropriation of the *tithes* since the reign of King John, and also the advowson of the benefice, which is a perpetual *curacy*, now enjoyed by the Rev. John Shiel. Mrs. Walhouse, of Hatherton Hall, is lessee of the tithes of the whole parish. An annuity of 8s. left by an unknown donor, is paid out of an estate belonging to Mr. Barber, towards the repairs of the church; and the curate has 20s. a-year left by Henry Stone, in 1639. In the village is an *Independent Chapel*, built by subscription, in 1824, and now under the ministry of the Rev. Charles Greenway. In the parish, is a farm, let for £120 per annum, which was purchased for the augmentation of the church livings at Penkridge, Shareshill, Abbott's Bromley, Brewood, Colwich, Weston-on-Trent, and Lapley.

CONDUITS:—As the large village of Cannock stands upon a gentle eminence, with a gravelly soil, the inhabitants frequently suffered considerably from a scarcity of water in summer, until the late Dr. Birch gave them the use of a copious spring, on his estate at Leacroft, distant about 1¼ mile to the south. Having obtained possession of this spring, a Mr. Blythe granted them a right of road through his grounds, for the purpose of laying pipes into the lane leading to Cannock. A subscription was consequently opened in 1735, and the sum of £478. 9s. was speedily raised by 88 individuals, among whom was Dr. Hough, Bishop of Worcester. This money was expended in laying leaden pipes from the spring to a handsome stone conduit, near the bowling-green, in the centre of the village, and the principal inhabitants entered into a bond to keep the works in repair for 7 years. Subsequently, the Bishop of Worcester, in the name of the inhabitants, petitioned the late Earl of Uxbridge to allow them to enclose 30 acres of Cannock Chase, and to employ the rents in the reparation and improvement of the water-works. This prayer was complied with; but the rent of the land being inadequate to the intended extension of the works, two handsome subscriptions were afterwards raised; the last in 1786; since which the old pipes have been replaced by new ones, and several conduits or pumps set up in different parts of the village, so that the inhabitants are now abundantly supplied with excellent water at all seasons of the year.

The *School-House* at Cannock, was given by John Wood, of London, in the year 1680, and was endowed in 1752, and 1761, by John Biddulph, Esq. with a garden now occupied by the schoolmaster, and a meadow called Pool-yard, let for £8 a year. The master does not teach any free-scholars; but at another *School*, built in 1829, by *Mrs. Walhouse*, about 200 poor children are educated at the sole expense of that lady.

The BENEFACTIONS to the poor of the parish amount to the following yearly sums, viz.: 10s. out of Coalpit-field, left in 1567, by *Wm. Lilport;* 10s. by *Wm. Wilson*, in 1623, out of a

close in Great Wyrley; 40s. by *Wm. Goldsmith*, in 1702, out of Warwell farm; £10. 10s. as the rent of two fields called Parson's Byrch, left by *John Troming*; £8 from the interest of £160, which arose from the sale of timber cut off Parson's Byrch, and from £20 left in 1707, by *John Perrot, Esq.* and now vested with the trustees of the Conduit Lands; 40s. out of four fields called Bullford Riddings, left by *Mary Chapman*; (the foregoing charities amounting to about £21 per annum, are distributed among the poor parishioners on New Year's day;) 5s. to the poor of Leacroft, out of the New Lands in Norton, left by *Ann Davis*; and £5 out of Green-fields, Draper's orchard, and Little School croft, left by *Henry Smythe*, in 1614, for a weekly distribution of 24 penny loaves at the church. The poor of *Huntington township* have 5s. yearly out of Butcher's and Hall's crofts, left by *Hugh Gratley*; 20s. out of Poor's-piece, left by *John Staley*, in 1690; 8s. out of the Widow's meadow, left by *Francis Stubbs*; and 20s. out of land at Hatherton, left by an unknown donor. The poor of *Great Wyrley* have an annuity of 10s. left by *Humphrey Short*, and 13s. yearly out of land at Chesterfield, in Shenstone parish, left by *Ann* and *Alice Greensill*.

CANNOCK WOOD extends from two to four miles N.E. of Cannock, and is the township which includes part of Beaudesert Park, and the ruins of an abbey on *Radmoor*, as already noticed. It has a few good farms, and includes a large portion of the open heath, where there are a number of cottages, with small plots of garden ground attached to them.

CHURCH BRIDGE is a small village in Great Wyrley township, 1 mile S. of Cannock, on the Watling street, and on one of the tributary streams of the Penk, where Mr. Gilpin established, about 35 years ago, an extensive manufactory of *edge-tools*, *augers*, *hammers*, &c., and a forge, a tilt, rolling and grind-mills, and furnaces for converting and refining *iron* and *steel*; all of which are now in a flourishing state, and give employment to a considerable number of workmen. About one mile to the west is WEDGES MILL, a hamlet in Cannock township, where Mr. Gilpin has another edge tool manufactory on the Hedgford rivulet.

HEDNESFORD, or HEDGFORD, 2 miles N.E. of Cannock, and 5 miles S. by W. of Rugeley, is an enclosed hamlet on Cannock Chase, containing a number of scattered houses, and a large lake, called the *Hedgford Pool*, covering about 27 acres, and abounding in pike, perch, and roach. Here is also a good inn, and extensive stabling for *blood horses*, of which about 100 are generally trained here in the season, and exercised on the excellent turf of Hedgford hills, where the ground, being a sound gravel, seldom breaks into mire. On the margin of the lake, Edmund Peel, Esq. of Fazeley, built a handsome mansion about two years ago, called *Hedgford Lodge*, with stabling for

the accommodation of his race-horses. He occasionally resides here in summer.

HEATHTOWN is a hamlet and township on the Stafford road, 2 miles N. of Cannock, and contains upwards of 900 acres of land, a large portion of which was enclosed about 15 years ago. The Right Hon. E. J. Littleton, of Teddesley Hall, is owner of nearly all the soil, and lord of the manor, which adjoins the western side of Cannock Chase, and is celebrated for its *white gravel*, of which large quantities are sent to distant places for covering garden-walks, &c.

LANDY WOOD is a hamlet in Great Wyrley township, 5 miles N. by W. of Walsall.

LEACROFT, 1 mile S. by E. of Cannock, is a hamlet, which joins with Cannock Wood and Hednesford for the support of its poor. Here are *Beaumore Hills*, where there was once a noted medicinal spring.

WYRLEY (GREAT) is a township, containing a long village of detached houses, 2 miles S. of Cannock, and 6 miles N. by W. of Walsall, where there are several *collieries*, which employ most of the inhabitants of the neighbouring village of Wyrley-Bank. (See Cheslyn Hay.) The Duke of Sutherland, and C. E. V. Graham, Esq. of Hilton Park, are owners of most of the soil, and the former is lord of the manor. In Mr. Lycett's field, are vestiges of a moat, which once surrounded a spacious hall or castellated building, but the foundation stones were cleared away some years ago.

CANNOCK.

POST OFFICE, at John Cook's, tailor; Letters from all parts are received by a penny post from Walsall at 11 mg. and despatched at 2 aft. daily.

Barlow Richard, castrator
Biddle Wm. tailor
Collis Rev. Wm. Blow, incumbent of Norton Canes
Cope Wm. plumber, glazier, and painter
Cotton Wm. corn miller
Field Miss Penelope
Gilpin Geo. mfr. of edge tools, augers, &c. Wedges mill
Greenway Rev. Charles, (Ind.)
Haddock Mary, blacksmith
Hall Mrs. Mary
Harvey Mrs. Sarah
— Rd. Esq. barrister
Mrs. Sarah
ce Wm. joiner
] Mttw. horse breaker
] Wm. farrier & druggist
John, gardener
Parkes Mrs. Ann
Poyner Joseph, farmer
Sant Edward, gent.
Sheil Rev. John, inc. curate
Shenton Thomas, farmer
Spring John, jockey
Stubbs George John, gent.
Tomlinson George, bricklayer
Tompson Mr. Wm.
Tompson & Worsey, wool dlrs.
Worsey Mr. Charles

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Cock, Wm. Henshaw, Wedges mill
Crown Inn, Thos. Leadbeater
Roebuck, John Smith
Royal Oak, Edw. Withnall, (& bricklayer)
White Swan, Daniel Groenett

Academies.
* *are Boarding.*
Hordern Ann
LightwoodJohn
National, Saml. Wilson & Ann Read
* Sheridan Daniel Taite
* Wright Misses

Bakers.
Bailey Robert
Gandecton Jno.

Beer Houses.
Belcher Wm.
Sellman Thos.
Smith Samuel
Butchers.
Benton James
Corns John
Lindop Thos.
Worsey Nathl.
Grocers & Drprs.
BrassingtonMy.
Cope Wm.
Shoemakers.
Hall Thomas
Smith Samuel
Watwood Jas.
Shopkeepers.
Bailey Robert
Buxton Jph. (& saddler)
Hall Thomas
Wright Saml.
Surgeons.
Downes Wm.
Holland Trevor Latham
Wheelwrights.
Brindley Jph.
Fellows Geo.

COACHES, from the Crown Inn. The Red Rover, to London, at 3, and to Manchester at ¼ p. 9 mg; the Aurora, to London, at ¼ p. 3, and to Liverpool, at 10 mg.; the Railway, to London, at 8, and to Manchester, at 11 night.

Carriers.—Thos. Barns & Wm. Shaw, to Walsall, Sat. and to Wolverhampton, Tues.; and Jas. Gibson, Wed.

CANNOCK WOOD.

Bailey James, farmer
Brindley Charles, farmer
Darling Thos. land agt. Chestal
Greatrix Thos. farmer, Lodge
Hodson James, vict. Parkgate

HEDNESFORD.

Fletcher Mrs. Mary
Massey John, vict. & maltster, Cross Keys
Peel Edmund, Esq. Lodge

Beer Houses.
Hitchins Jph.
Martin Edw.
Blacksmiths and Farriers.
Benton Robert
Grimley Thos.
Farmers.
* *are Yeomen.*
Beard John
* Benton Danl.
Benton George
* Benton John
Clewley David
Dean Wm.
Eaton Robert
Forester Wm.
Gooch George
* Thackray Geo.
Walbank John
Horse Trainers.
Arther Henry, (& jockey)
Flintoff Thos.
Lord Samuel
Sanders Saml.
Spencer Rd.
Nail makers.
Jenkins Thos. (& shoppr.)
Jenkins Wm.
Sanders Hy.

HUNTINGTON.

Bacon Thomas, farmer
Goodwin David, farmer
Harvey John, beer house
Jennings Charles, farmer
Shemilt Mr. William
Tolfree John, maltster

LEACROFT.

Marked * *are at Beaumore Hills.*
Byrch Mr. Henry
Greensill Wm. vict. Swan
Holland Richard, gent.

FARMERS.

Cooper Chas.
* Hall Thos.
Holmes Wm.
Paget John, Kingswood
Stokes Thos.
* Wood Michl.

WYRLEY (GREAT.)

Marked 1 *are at Church Bridge,* 2 *Landy Wood, and* 3 *at Wyrley Bank.*
1 Bettson John, draper & grocer
Edgerton W. vict. Bird-in-Hand
1 Gilpin Geo. steel converter, & edge tool, &c. mfr.
Greensill John, wheelwright
Greensill Joseph, vict. Swan
1 Hall John, corn miller
3 Hall Mary, butcher
Harvey Wm. shoemaker
Lewis Thomas, cooper
Marshall Rd. blacksmith
Smith Edw. agricl. machine mkr.
Smith Fras. butcher & shopkr.

Beer Houses.
Bate Saml.
Farnhill Saml.
1 Purshouse William
Smith Wm.
1 Webb Wm.
Coal masters.
1 Gilpin Geo.
Graham C. E.V. Esq.
3 Poyner Hy.
Sayer & Smith
Farmers.
* *are Yeomen.*
Benton John, Jacob's hall
1 * BettsonThs.
* Bird Widow, (& butcher)
CartwrightFox-hall, Jacob's hall
Creswell John
Evans Eliz.
Fisher Wm.
Green James
Green Robert
2 Hatton John
* Hatton Thos.
Hickman Wm.
2 Jones Thos.
* Lycett Jph.
* Messenger Charles
3 Poyner Hy.
Sayer Edward
* Smith Wm. & John

CHESLYN HAY is an *Extra Parochial* liberty, including two farms, a colliery, and the large but irregularly-built village of **WYRLEY BANK**, which extends from 1 mile S. of Cannock, to the township of Great Wyrley, where there is a branch of the Wyrley and Essington canal, and several coal mines. It has 648 inhabitants. The lodge farm, which comprises a large portion of this liberty, belongs to J. N. Lane, Esq., of King's Bromley, and the other farm (40A.) is the property of Mr. Chambley, of Chillington. Upon the former, an eminence planted with firs, may be seen at a considerable distance. The village of Wyrley Bank contains a few good houses, and a great number of cottages in every variety of rude architecture, from the clay-built shed to the convenient dwelling, occupied chiefly by colliers and ling besom makers. Before the common was enclosed, this place, on account of its extra parochial exemption from civil authority, became the great resort of beggars and lawless vagabonds, many of whom raised mud cottages on the heath, and enclosed small plots of garden ground, which, after an unmolested enjoyment of several years, they claimed as their own freehold property. It then became a nursery for illegitimate children; and wandering mendicants on being asked where they came from, commonly replied, "from *Wyrley Bank, God bless you!*" The opening of the neighbouring coal mines, however, brought some respectable inhabitants to the place, who established a plan for relieving the poor, and have since erected a Methodist Chapel and Sunday School, so that the liberty is now nearly as civilized as its neighbours, though it is subject to no mother Church, and is free from many parochial imposts. In the following list of its principal inhabitants, those *marked* are at Wyrley Bank.*

Bond Wm. coal master; h. Billington
Brough Edward, farmer, Lodge
James Wm. farmer
* Shorter Wm. grocer, draper, hatter, &c.
* Thacker George, wheelwright and carpenter
* Wood Charles, beer house

INNS AND TAVERNS.

* Dog, Thomas Perks
* Lord Nelson, James Baker
* Red Lion, Thomas Wilson
* White Lion, John Day

Maltsters.

Bird Wm.
Bowdler Thos.

Shopkeepers.

* Buxton David
* Hawkins Bjn.
* Shorter Simeon

Shoemakers.

* Day John
* Jones Wm.
* Shorter Jph

CHURCH EATON is a long village, consisting principally ... street, of detached, but well-built houses, pleasantly situ... miles S.W. by W. of Stafford, and the same distance W. of Penkridge. Its PARISH contains 922 inhabitants, and ...000 acres of land, divided into four liberties or constab..., viz. Church Eaton with Sushion's farm; Wood



Eaton with Oralow; High Onn; and Little Onn with Marston; which repair their roads separately, but maintain their poor conjointly. The soil is generally fertile, having a good loam both in the meadows and uplands. Marston belongs to S. Swinfen, Esqr.'s manor of Lapley; but Earl Talbot is lord of the *manor* of Church and Wood Eaton, and has the advowson of the *rectory*, which is now enjoyed by his son, the Hon. and Rev. Arthur Chetwynd Talbot, M. A., and is said to be worth about £1,000 per annum, though it is only valued in the King's books at £14. 19s. 9½d. The CHURCH, dedicated to St. Edith, is an ancient structure, in the Saxon style of architecture, with a low tower, supporting a spire of modern erection. The south side of the building likewise appears to have been rebuilt in modern times, from the square form of its windows. On this side of the church-yard, stands the *Grammar School*, which is free to all the boys of the parish, and is of unknown origin; though from an early period it has possessed several houses and other buildings, with about 92 acres of land, in Church and Wood Eaton, now let for £128 per annum, the whole of which is retained by the master as his salary. The Rev. Wm. Bird, M. A. (the rector's curate) is the present master, and, as classical lore is of little use to the major part of the parishioners, he now instructs all the free scholars in English reading, writing, and arithmetic. This liberal example ought to be followed at many other grammar schools in this county.

BENEFACTIONS.---In 1692, five closes of land, containing 33A. and 10P. in the parishes of Gnosall and Haughton, were purchased with charity money belonging to the parishes of Gnosall and Church Eaton. This estate is let for £42 per annum, out of which, £3 is paid to Gnosall, and the remainder is equally divided between that parish and Church Eaton, for distribution on Good Friday and St. Thomas's day. *John Astley*, in 1645, left 10s. a-year, out of land, in Salt moor, for the reparation of the streets of Church and Wood Eaton. Two annuities, of 26s. each, left by Thos. Blake, in 1685, and Walter Jennings, in 1723, are applied in a weekly distribution of bread. In 1730, *Henry Crockett* left £200, which was laid out in the purchase of a house and 7½ acres of land, at Little Haywood, near Colwich, let for £23 a-year, half of which is distributed among the poor parishioners at Midsummer, and the rest at Christmas. In 1731, *Ralph Macclesfield* left £10, and in 1765, it was laid out in the purchase of a croft, on which the parish *workhouse* was built, in 1798.

HIGH ONN contains 686 acres, divided into three farms, 1 mile W. by S. of Church Eaton. T. W. Giffard, Esq., owns the greater part of it, and the rest belongs to the heirs of the late Matthew Parkes, Esq. Plardiwick, in Gnosall parish, unites with this liberty for the reparation of the high roads.

LITTLE ONN hamlet comprises 870 acres of land, 1½ mile S.



of Church Eaton, and was the sole property of the late Hen Crockett, Esq., who resided in the *hall*, and whose heirs adve tised this estate and Marston, with the manor of Wollaston a Rye Hill House, for sale, in December, 1833.

MARSTON comprises a scattered village, and 364 acres of lan 1¼ mile S. of Church Eaton.

ORSLOW, is a hamlet, with three farms, 3 miles S. W. Church Eaton; belonging to the Earl of Bradford, and T. V Giffard, Esq.

WOOD EATON hamlet comprises three farms, and a few c tages, half a mile N.W. of Church Eaton. Earl Talbot ow all the land, except a small estate belonging to the gramm school.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *are at High Onn Little Onn*, 3 *Marston*, 4 *Orslow*, 5 *at Wood Eaton, and the others Church Eaton.*

Allcock Mr. John
Bird Rev. Wm. Grammar school
Bird Rev. Geo. curate of Stretton
Bird Wm. saddler
Boyden James, gov. Workhouse
Butler Jph. butcher and beer hs.
2 Crockett Mr. George, Little Onn hall
2 Crockett Richard, Esq.
Eccleshall Sampson, blacksmith
Haynes Thomas, grocer & baker
Read Thomas blacksmith
3 Selman Joseph, beer house
Smith John, agriculture machine maker
5 Williams George, butcher

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Malt Shovel, John Martin
Royal Oak, Thomas Heath
Swan, Ann Holt

FARMERS.

Bennett Thomas
5 Cotterell Hy.
4 Hall John
Holt John
2 Kirkham John
4 Meddens Thos.
5 Parkes Chamberlain Wright
5 Parkes Wm.
3 Rowlands Jno.
1 Swann James
4 Webb Hphy.
1 Wright Wltr.

1 Wyley Jas *Maltsters.*
Grosvenor J
Martin John
Wheelwright
Cartwright
Cartwright
Kibble John
shopkeepe
5 Parker Wi
Read John
4 Stacey Jas

A *postman* from Stafford 3 days every week.

FORTON is a small scattered village, on the Eccleshall ro 7 miles S.W. of that town, and 1¼ mile N.N.E. of Newport Shropshire. Its *parish* is generally called, in legal docume "*Forton and Meer.*" It contains 904 inhabitants, and 3. acres of land, divided into the four *hamlets* of Forton, M Sutton, and Warton, which repair their highways separat but maintain their poor conjointly. Sir Thomas F. F. Boug Bart. is lord of the *manor*, and owner of the whole par except 15 acres of glebe, and 143 acres belonging to Rol Stewart, Esq., of London. The same baronet is also patro the *rectory*, which is valued in the King's books at £20. 19s. and has been enjoyed about twenty years by the Rev. T *Bright*. The CHURCH, dedicated to All Saints, is an anc *stone* building, with a nave, north aisle, and a square tow *containing* five bells. The windows were formerly decor

with painted glass, representing saints, and a variety of other devices, all of which were destroyed by two of Cromwell's officers during the civil wars, except one shield which contained the arms of the Botetourt and Somery families, who were anciently lords of this manor; and one of whom, in the reign of Edward II., repaired the church, after the roof had been destroyed by the fall of a lofty spire which then surmounted the tower. It was again repaired in 1723. Here is the burial place of the Boughеys; and at the east end of the north aisle, is a tomb to the memory of *Sir Thomas Skrymsher, Kt.;* near which is an inscription recording the death of his grandson, who is said to have been one of the chief instruments in the preservation of Charles II., at Boscobel, insomuch as he procured an asylum for the Earl of Derby, whilst the latter procured one for the King.

AQUALATE HALL, the delightful seat of Sir Thomas F. F. Boughey, Bart., is a magnificent Gothic mansion, situated 2 miles S.E. of Forton, and the same distance east of Newport, being near the borders of Shropshire, and on the south side of *Aqualate-meer*, a beautiful and extensive lake more than a mile in length, and half a mile in breadth, and abounding in pike and other fish of very large dimensions; *pike* having been caught in it weighing 36 lbs., and *carp* as heavy as 15 lbs. Wild geese, ducks, and other aquatic birds, resort to this water in great numbers. The hall was first erected by Sir Thomas Skrymsher, who died in 1633. From his family it passed in marriage to the Baldwyns, one of whom sold it to the late Sir John Fenton Boughey, Bart., who new modelled, rebuilt, and considerably enlarged the old mansion before he made it his residence. The extensive park and pleasure grounds around it, present a pleasing variety of rural scenery, and are adorned with thriving plantations, and some of the finest oaks in the county. The lake or meer is supplied with water by several streams, and a small fountain at the foot of *Anc's hill*, an eminence planted with firs, and supposed to have had its name from the Romans, who, it is believed, had some action in this neighbourhood, as there is a raised work at Meertown, which "seems to be of their fashion." In 1815, the remains of many skeletons were found in rows near Anc's hill, which appeared to have been laid in trenches upon each other. From these and other vestiges of entrenchments, &c., as well as from the names of the places themselves, it is evident that Warton and Forton were occupied by contending armies, either in the times of the Romans or Saxons.

MEERTOWN, or *Meer*, is a hamlet which derives its name from the lake or meer just described, and has several neat houses in a retired situation, half a mile S. of Forton.

SUTTON is a small village upon a commanding eminence, 1 mile *N.E. of Forton*, on the Eccleshall road, near which is a

farm called the "*Guild of Monks*," from its having belonged to the abbot of a Benedictine Monastery, at Shrewsbury. An estate here formerly belonged successively to the families of Broughton, Scavington, Layton, Symonds, Bettenson, and Benbow.

WARTON hamlet is about 1 mile E. of Forton.

BENEFACTIONS.—In 1698, £80 belonging to the poor of this parish, was laid out in the purchase of land at *Hinstock*, (Salop,) which, with an allotment at the enclosure of Lockley-wood common, now consists of 20A. 1R. 39P., let for about £20 per annum, which is distributed in equal portions on Good Friday, and December 21st, by the overseer and *rector*. In 1820, there was timber on this land worth more than *£100*. In 1735, several benefactions amounting to £200, were laid out in the purchase of 13A. 2R. 14P. of land, at Gnosall, now let for £21 a-year. Of this purchase money, £100 was given by Richard Awnsham, and £20 by Charles Baldwin, for the instruction of poor boys and girls, for which purpose three-fifths of the rents are paid to a *schoolmistress*, and the remainder is distributed amongst the poor of the parish, who also receive yearly the dividends of £1168. 11s. 3d., three per cent. consols, purchased at several times with the residue of the Gnosall rents, the benefactions of Elizabeth Baldwin, and others, and the savings of the dividends due from a portion of the same stock.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *are in Forton*, 2 *in Sutton, and the others in Meertown.*

Bailey Eliz. maltster, Mason'spl.
2 Bailey Mary, shopkeeper
Boughey Sir Thomas Fletcher Fenton, Bart. Aqualate hall
2 Bray Joseph, blacksmith
1 Bright Rev. T. S. rector
Eginton Mrs. Eliz. gentwn.
1 Fieldhouse Robt. blacksmith
Harding Fanny & Ellen, boarding academy
1 Higginson Mary, day school
Masefield Charlotte, gentwn. Banshee house
Partridge Mrs. Catherine
2 Sillitoe John, day school
1 Talbot John, maltster
2 Taylor Wm. grocer & beer hs.
2 Taylor Wm. beer house
1 Trubshaw Wm. stone dealer & mason
Wedge Francis sen. land agent, Aqualate park
2 Whitmore Peter, timber merchant
1 Whitmore Rich. wheelwgt. &c.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

2 Black-a-Moor's Head, Lydia Bradbury
Plough, John Talbot
1 Swan, Elizabeth Smart.

FARMERS.

1 Bate Rachael
1 Fieldhouse J.
Kettle Thomas, (& horse dlr.)
2 Pearce Thos.
2 Plant Saml.
2 Rhodes Saml,
1 Slack Joseph
2 Snape Joseph
1 Walker J. jun.
2 Wedge Betsy, Fern hills
Wedge Fs. jun.
Whitmore Wm. (& overseer)

GNOSALL is a large and ancient village, 7 miles W. by S. of Stafford, on the Newport road. Its parish is very extensive.

being about 7 miles in length, and comprising 3358 inhabitants, and about 10,000 acres of land, divided into the four *Quarters* of Gnosall, Cowley, Knightley, and Moreton, which support their poor conjointly, but repair their roads separately, and contain several hamlets, bearing different names. The soil is various, but the uplands have generally a strong loam. Here are several valleys with rivulets, and the meadows on their banks are generelly very productive. The Bishop of Lichfield is appropriator of the *tithes* of the whole parish, and lord of the *manor of Gnosall;* but Wm. Tennant, Esq. is his lessee. Except three freeholds, the land in this manor (which comprises only one Quarter of the parish,) is copyhold, subject to small fines and heriots. The CHURCH is a large edifice, in the form of a cross, with a tower rising from the centre, and containing a clock and six bells. It is dedicated to St. Lawrence, and had anciently a *college* of secular canons, valued, in Tanner's Notitia, at £47. 6s. 8d. It was repewed and thoroughly repaired in 1820, and enlarged by the erection of galleries in 1826, partly from the rents of the "parish lands," noticed below.—With the exception of the west end, which has five lancet windows and perpendicular buttresses, the body of the church appears to be of the latest style of English architecture; but the tower, to the height of the roof, is in the Saxon style. The living is a perpetual curacy, in the gift of the Bishop, and now enjoyed by the Rev. Fearon Jenkinson. The Bishop holds a *visitation* here yearly in May; and here are two annual FAIRS for cattle, &c. on May 7th and Sept. 23rd; and a feast, or *wake*, on the second Sunday in August. *Brough Hall*, which belonged to the late Mr. Crockett, has long been occupied by a farmer.

The FREE SCHOOL at Gnosall was built by subscription, and endowed, in 1653, by *Edward Cartwright*, with a house and 10A. 1R. of land at Great Onn, and 6A. 2R. 9P. called Holtflats, in the lordship of Cowley and Coton, for the education of 14 free scholars. This property is now let for about £30 per annum. An annuity of 40s., left by *Alice Hudson*, in 1660, out of Broomhurst and Wheatcroft closes, in Apeton, is paid to a schoolmistress, for teaching five poor boys and girls.

BENEFACTIONS.—In 1665, £50, left by *Chas. Fyge*, was laid out in the purchase of 5A. 3R. of land, called North Moor-Pit, in the lordship of Cowley and Coton. This land was bought of Francis Baker; from whom it is improperly called *Baker's Charity*. It is let for £8. 12s. 6d. per annum, which is distributed among the poor parishioners on Ash-Wednesday. It has been seen, at page 491, that in 1692, five closes of land were purchased with charity money belonging to *Gnosall* and *Church Eaton*. Out of the rents, £22. 10s. per annum belongs to the Gnosall poor. This is called the *Barnefields' Charity*, from the land being purchased of that family. In 1738, £84,

given by *James Smart* and others, was laid out in the purchase of 7A. 1R. 3P. of land, called the Further-Short-Flat, and now let for £10 a year, part of which is dispensed in a weekly distribution of bread, and the rest in money. *Francis James*, at some date unknown, gave a house and 26A. 2R. 4P. of land, now let for £37 per annum, of which 6s. 8d. is paid to the churchwardens, and the remainder is distributed on May 1st and Nov. 1st, in doles of 10s. to the poor. The Overseers pay 30s. 4d. as the rent of a house and garden occupied by paupers, but bequeathed by one *Davenhill* for a weekly distribution of bread. The poor parishioners have also two annuities, viz.—17s. 4d. out of Wakeley-piece, in Billington, left by Thomas Tompkinson; and 5s. out of Phillip's field, left by Joseph Bailey. The PARISH LANDS, consisting of 13A. 3R. 15P. let for £62 per annum, have been held by feoffees from an early period, in trust, to distribute 6s. 8d. yearly in bread, and to apply the remainder of the rents in repairing the church and relieving the poor. About the year 1820, no less than £1500 was expended in roofing, repewing, and otherwise repairing the *church and tower*, so that of late years the poor have derived but very little from this charity.

APETON, a hamlet 2¼ miles S.E. of Gnosall, is partly in Gnosall quarter, and partly in Bradley parish. (See p. 478.)

COWLEY quarter contains a number of scattered houses, and the hamlets of COTON, BEECOTT, and PLARDIWICK, extending from nearly 1 to 2 miles S.W. of Gnosall. The principal freeholders are Sir T. F. F. Boughey, John Gough, Esq. and the Earl of Lichfield; the latter of whom is lord of *Plardiwick*, which unites with High Onn, in Church Eaton parish, for the reparation of the highways, and is supposed to have once had a castellated mansion, though no traces of such a building now remain. At Coton, there is an *Independent Chapel*, built in 1823, and now under the ministry of the Rev. John F. Lewis.

KNIGHTLEY, the northern quarter of this parish, is a large estate, all belonging to the Earl of Lichfield, and containing 15 farm-houses, and several other scattered dwellings, from 2 to 3 miles N. by W. of Gnosall. The common was enclosed in 1806, and the old enclosures contain many excellent oaks.

MORETON, the southern and largest quarter of the parish, includes the scattered hamlets of *Coley*, *Bromstead*, *Willbrighton*, *Outwoods*, and *Chatwell*, extending from 2 to 4 miles S.W. of Gnosall, and bordering upon Shropshire. Chatwell, the most distant place, is said to have its name from *St. Chad's Well*, which was formerly in some repute. The principal landowners are John Coates and T. W. Giffard, Esqrs.; but Mr. Henry Green has a large farm at Moreton, on which he has made great improvements by draining, &c. The *Ducie family* were formerly seated here, and one of them, Matthew Ducie Moreton, was created *Lord* Ducie, Baron of Moreton, in 1720,



but on the death of his successor, without issue, that title became extinct; but his second title of *Baron Ducie of Tortworth*, descended to his sister's son, Thomas Reynolds, whose descendant, the present Lord Ducie, has assumed the name of Moreton, though the family has long been seated at Tortworth, in Gloucestershire. At *Bromstead*, is an *Independent Chapel*, of which the Rev. Richard Brackstone is minister.

COWLEY.

Marked 1 *are at Befcott*, 2 *Cotton, and* 3 *at Plardiwick.*

Bagley Ezekiel, victualler and brasher, Fountain, Ginger
1 Beckenhall Thos. wheelwright
3 Bumpage Wm. victualler and blacksmith, Navigation Inn
3 Hurst Thomas, blacksmith
3 Lewis Rev. John Fleetwood, (Independent)
1 Parkes George, beer house

FARMERS. (* *are yeomen.*)

2 * Belche Jph.
2 Fox Thomas
2 Johnson Thos.
3 Machin David
Machin Edward
Myatt Samuel, Radmore
Parton Joseph
1 Pearce Jane
2 * Padmore Jno.
* Smith John
1 Steel Wm. (& maltster)
Swift Thomas, (& maltster)
2 * Taylor Jph.
1 Turner John
Webb John
3 Wilder Wm.

GNOSALL.

Addison Mr. Thomas
Betelley Thomas, asst. overseer & governor of the Workhouse
Dean Mrs. Dorothy
Fowler Richard, brick maker
Gardner John, maltster, baker, and beer house
Grosvenor Thomas, wheelwright
Jenkinson Rev. Fearon, incumbent curate
Jones John, surgeon
Leckett Wm. baker
Madeley Charles, stone mason
Madeley Joseph, wheelwright and shopkeeper
Madeley Thomas, bricklayer
Parton Thomas, schoolmaster
Pearce Richard, maltster
Plant Mrs. Mary
Reden Thomas, blacksmith
Rogers Stephen, cooper
Wright Miss Ann, Bellfield

Inns and Taverns.

Mather, Ely. Lowe (& maltster)
Duke's Head, Joseph Griffiths (and saddler)
Horne, John Cotton
Red Lion, Wm. Bradbury
Travellers' Inn, Thomas Madeley (and bricklayer)

Shoemakers.

Adderley Thos.
Norris John

Farmers.

Ash Thomas
Babb Thomas, Horton
Bailey James, Apeton
Belcher James
Belcher Michl. (and butcher)
Belcher Thos.
Brindley Wltr.
Furnehough Jh. Brough hall
Hall Widow, Apeton
Haynes Mttw.
Hill Edward
Jackson James, Horton
Johnson Thos.
Meeson Eliz.
Meeson Saml.

Grocers.

* *are Drapers.*
Belcher Michl.
* Blackband G. (& chandler)
* Dean Edward
* Haynes Wm.
Jenkinson Fs.

A Post from Stafford 3 or 4 times a-week.

Coach.—The Paul Pry, from Shrewsbury, Newport, &c. to Stafford, calls at the Horns, Tu. Thu. and Sat. at ½ p. 10, morning, and returns ½ p. 4 afternoon.

Carrier.—Richard Hall, to Stafford, Wed. and Sat.

KNIGHTLEY.

Ball Sarah, victualler, Three Horse Shoes
Bellingham Wm. jun. schoolmr.
Selman Humphrey, blacksmith

FARMERS.

Addison Samuel
Arkinstall Jas.
Ball Robert
Bellingham Wm
Bentley Thomas
Blakemore Edw.
Chambers Thos.
Longshaw Jph.
Martin Wm.
Robinson Thos.
Rogers Thos.
Shepherd Mary
Simpkin Wm.
Stringer Wm.
Walker Jph.

MORETON.

Marked 1 *are at Bromstead*, 2 *Chatwell*, 3 *Coley*, 4 *Outwoods, and* 5 *at Wilbrighton.*

1 Brackstone Rev. Rd. (Ind.)
4 Dobney James, bricklayer and beer house
3 Leeke Ann, corn miller
1 Podmore John, shopkeeper

FARMERS.

2 Boultbee Ts.
1 Chapman Ts.
3 Fox Widow
Green Henry
4 Hall James
1 Hall Robert
2 Penson John
Plant John, Linder
Smith Wm.
4 Talbot Thos.
5 Whittingham John
5 Willington John

HAUGHTON is a pleasant rural village, of detached houses, on the Newport road, 4 miles W.S.W. of Stafford, comprising within its parish, 490 inhabitants, and 1860 acres of land, which belongs to several proprietors; but Francis Eld, Esq. of Seighford, is lord of the manor. The *Church*, dedicated to St. Giles, is a neat edifice of brick, except the ancient tower, which is of stone. It is a rectory, valued in the King's books at £9. 1s. 3d. James Royds, Esq. of Mount Falinge, in Lancashire, purchased the advowson a few years ago; and his son, the Rev. C. S. Royds, is the incumbent. The *Benefactions* to the poor amount yearly as follows:—20s. out of land, near Stafford, called the Waterstocks, left by *Francis Chamberlain, in* 1625; 5s. out of a croft, called the Great Yard, left by *Jeffrey Leeche*, in 1666; 10s. out of the Poor's-pit close, left by *Robert Baiky;* and 5s. as the rent of a small garden, 100 yards square, on which a house belonging to the poor was burnt down in 1816.

Addison Wm. blacksmith
Fowler John, shoemaker
Gripton Thomas, joiner
Knight John, cow leech
Parker Thomas, butcher
Royds Rev. Chas Smith, rector
Smith John Hudson, jun.
Walton Matthew, wheelwright

Public Houses.

Blue Bell, James Whittingslow
Shropshire House, Wm. Wheat, (and shopkeeper)

Beer Houses.

Dawson Geo.
Fowler John
Sanders Robert

Farmers.

* *are yeomen.*

Adams Zach. & maitster)
Fennehouse Jh.
Hart Mary
Howell Wm.
* Jackson Thos.
Keen John
* Light Wm.

LAPLEY is a small village, seated on a pleasant eminence, 3½ miles S.W. by W. of Penkridge, including within its *parish* 1042 inhabitants and about 3600 acres of land, forming the two *townships* of Lapley and Wheaton-Aston, which support their poor conjointly, but repair their roads separately, and constitute a *manor*, of which S. Swinfen, Esq., is lord, and owner of 1000 acres. Here are also a few smaller freeholds belonging to E. Wiggan, Esq., Mr. W. Hall, and some others. The rest is copyhold, subject to a fine of one year's rent on every change of tenancy. This manor, called "Lapley and Aston," includes Marston, in Church Eaton parish, where the copyhold fine is 1½ year's rent. According to Dr. Wilkes, Lapley had formerly a weekly *market* on Tuesday. It had a *Priory of*

Black Monks, which Algar, Earl of Mercia and Chester, bestowed on the Abbey of St. Remigius, at Rheims, in the time of Edward the Confessor; but having shared the fate of the alien priories in the reign of Henry I., it became the property of the college of Tong, in Shropshire. It was suppressed by Henry V.; and in the *civil wars*, the edifice was fortified and garrisoned for the King, under the command of Captain Smith; but in 1645, it was dismantled under a *Parliamentary order*, which commanded every constable within the liberties of Lapley, Aston, Marston, Mitton, Stretton, Bradley, Whiston, and Bickford, to attend with six men each, and forthwith "pull down the works and fortifications about Lapley Church." All that now remains of the priory is the *Church*, which is a large fabric dedicated to All Saints, and having a noble tower, which, from its lofty situation, is seen at the distance of several miles. The living is a *vicarage*, in the gift S. Swinfen, Esq., and incumbency of the Rev. Michael Ward.

BENEFACTIONS.—*Richard Wilson*, in 1622, bequeathed out of his estate at Lapley, two annuities, viz., 40s. for the poor, and 20s. to repair the bridges and highways. *Joan* and *Thos. Scutt*, in 1669 and 1702, bequeathed the following yearly rent charges out of their estate, viz., £5 to the vicar of Lapley, for preaching on Sunday afternoons, at Wheaton Aston chapel; £10 to a *school* in the said chapel, for the education of eight poor children of the parish, and £4 to be distributed among the poor parishioners, who have also 1s. worth of bread every Sunday, left in 1769, by *Jeremiah Lovatt*, to be provided by the owner of his estate, now belonging to Wm. Hall. In 1775, *Charlotte Aston* left £200 to the poor of Wheaton Aston; but her executor, the late Mr. York, never paid it.

WHEATON ASTON is a large but irregularly built village, 1¼ mile W. of Lapley, and 5 miles W.S.W. of Penkridge. It is the most populous part of the parish, and has a small *Chapel of Ease*, vested with a body of trustees, and annexed to the vicarage. Here is also an *Independent Chapel*, built in 1811, and a small one belonging to the Primitive Methodists. In 1777, nearly half of this village was burnt down by the thatch which covered the houses taking fire. But it was soon rebuilt, and the new houses covered with tiles. FAIRS for cattle, swine, &c., are held here on April 20th and Nov. 1st, and a *wake* on Trinity Sunday.

LAPLEY.

Allsop John, shopkeeper
Harvey Wm. beer house
Kemsey Thomas, surgeon
Pakeman Thos. vict. "Farmer & Miller"
Simmons John, gardener
Smith Jph. vict. Bradford Arms Inn & posting hs. Ivetsey bank
Ward Rev. Michael, vicar
Wiggan Edwin, Esq.

Farmers.

Aston Wm.
Boulton G.&Js.
Dickinson Sml.
Lewis
Grundy G. & T.
Hall Wm.
Shotton Thos.
Bellhurst

WHEATON ASTON.

Bayley Jas. corn miller, joiner, and machine maker
Bird Thos. painter, plumber, &c.
Hitchcox Mr. Thos. sen.
Jarvis Miss Frances
Lawrence Wm. joiner & carpenter
Lawson Thos. wheelwright
M'Donald Mr. John
Shotton Thos. manor agent
Tolefree Joseph, saddler
Walker James, thrashing & winnowing machine maker
York John Herbert, day school

Inns and Taverns.

Coach and Horses, Jas. Dawes
Hare and Hounds, Rt. Shotton

Beer Houses.

Lovatt John
Sherwin Jph.
Stokes Wm.
Weate Jph.

Blacksmiths.

Cartwright Ezekiel, jun.
Hadley Edw.
Walker Thos.

Brick makers.

Foster Thos.
Parkes Chas.

Butchers.

Lovatt Draper
Morris Joseph
Spilsbury John
Trevett John

Farmers.

Biddle Robert
Cartwright Ezl.
Childs Thomas
Healey George
Reynolds Saml.
Smith Samuel
Smith T. Astley
Starkey John
Ward Edward

Grocers & Drprs.

Sayer John
Shotton Charlte.

Maltsters.

Bayley Chas.
Hitchcox T. jun.
Parkes Chas.
Sherwin Saml.
Sayer
Stokes Wm.

Shoemakers.

Anslow John
Anslow Peter, (& overseer)
Tomlinson Wm. and Thos.

Carriers.—Joseph Green, to Stafford, Wed. and Sat.; and Benj. Blakemore, to Wolverhampton, Wed.

NORBURY is a small scattered village, *5* miles S. W. by S. of Eccleshall, and 11 miles E. by S. of Stafford. Its *parish* contains 438 inhabitants, and three *townships*, viz., Norbury, comprising 1620 acres; Loynton, 512 acres; and Weston Jones, 724 acres. The two latter are united for the maintenance of the poor. The Earl of Lichfield is the principal owner, and lord of the *manor* of Norbury, which was formerly held successively by the families of Kilpeck, Marmion, Butler, and Skrymsher, who had a moated mansion or *castle* in this neighbourhood, at the head of the "*Wild Moors*," which formed a royal waste, extending from Knightley down to the rivers Tern and Severn, near Newport; but this district has long been enclosed and cultivated. The castellated mansion was built by Ralph Butler, about the year 1300, and is supposed to have stood at Plardiwick, near Gnosall. Norbury *Church*, dedicated to St. Peter, is an ancient stone edifice, except the tower, which is of brick, and was erected about 70 years ago. In 1827, it was thoroughly repaired, and the interior enlarged by the erection of a gallery. In the chancel are several monuments of the Skrymshers, one of whom was Adjutant-General to Prince Rupert, and standard bearer to the Gentlemen Pensioners of Charles II., and of whom here is a mutilated effigy. The living is a *rectory*, possessed of 58 acres of glebe, and supposed to be worth about £300 per annum. The Earl of Lichfield is the patron, and the Rev. W. H. C. Lloyd the incumbent. The late incumbent, the Rev. Sambroke Higgins, died in 1823, aged 89, after having held the benefice no fewer than 65 years. The parish wake is on the nearest Sunday to St. Peter's day.

LOYNTON contains 68 inhabitants and a few scattered houses, half a mile N. of Norbury, and has hitherto formed part of Pirehill Hundred; but under the changes now contemplated by the county magistrates, it will be annexed to the West Division of Cuttlestone. It is all the property of Thomas Higgins Burne, Esq., who resides in the *Hall*, and to whom the estate descended from the late rector, together with the greater part of Weston Jones.

OULTON is a hamlet in the township of, and half a mile S.W. of Norbury.

WESTON JONES is a small village and township, 1 mile W. of Norbury, and 4 miles N. of Newport. It belongs to T. H. Burne, Esqr's. *manor of Loynton*, and he owns the whole of the soil, except 123 acres, belonging to Mr. Richard Parton, and 8 to William Barratt.

Sir Charles Skrymsher, in 1708, bequeathed three annuities of £10 each, for apprenticing, yearly, three poor boys of Norbury, High Offley, and Horseley, (one from each place.)—*Mrs. Eleanor Baldwyn*, in 1717, bequeathed to each of the parishes of Norbury and High Offley, the yearly sum of £6 for the poor. These annuities are now paid out of land belonging to the Earl of Lichfield. Three acres of land, at Little Sugnall, let for £4. 4s. per annum, belong to the poor of Norbury, but how acquired is not known. In 1796, *Wm. Derington* left out of his estate £4 per annum, viz. 24s. in bread, and £2. 16s. for schooling poor children.

In the following Directory, those marked 1 *are at Loynton*, 2 *Norbury*, 3 *Oulton, and* 4 *at Weston Jones.*

Burne Thos. Higgins, Esq. Loynton hall
2 Derrington Wm. gent.
4 Jennings Widow, wheelwright
2 Lloyd Rev. Wm. Hy. Cynric, rector
4 Onions James, blacksmith
2 Parker John, blacksmith
4 Parton Richard, surgeon, Weston wood
3 Parton Wm. maltster
4 Plant John, wheelwright
2 Roden Mrs. Ann
Rutter John, tailor, parish clerk, and assistant overseer

FARMERS.

4 Barratt Wm.
3 Bickford Jph. (yeoman)
4 Booker Jph. (& corn mlr.)
4 Booker Thos.
4 Myatt John
2 Myatt Thos.
2 Myatt Wm. *Park*
2 Norris John, Manor house
4 Norris John
4 Norris Martha
3 Roe John, (yeoman,) Warton
3 Smith John
1 Swift Joseph, Leawood
3 Turner Geo.
1 Vaughan Jas.

PENKRIDGE PARISH.

PENKRIDGE, a small but ancient town, nearly in the centre of the Cuttlestone Hundred, is pleasantly situated 6 miles S. of Stafford, and 10 miles N. of Wolverhampton, and derives its name from the river Penk, which passes it on the west, as the

Staffordshire and Worcestershire canal does on the east. The Bull Bridge, which here crosses the Penk by several small arches, was erected a few years ago; and about half a mile higher up the river is the ancient "Cuttlestone Bridge," which gives name to this Hundred. Penkridge is undoubtedly a place of great antiquity. According to Camden and some other antiquaries, it is the *Pennocrucium* of the Romans, mentioned in the Itinerary of Antoninus; but Plott, Stukeley, and Horsley have placed that station near Stretton, a village in this parish, situated 3 miles S.W. of Penkridge, and on the north side of the Roman Watling-street. Though differing with respect to the site of this station, all authors agree in considering Penkridge as having risen out of its ruins. A brass head of the bolt of a catapulta was found here about the middle of last century. The *town* consists of several short streets and a spacious Market-place; but the *market*, which was held every Tuesday, has been obsolete several years. Here are, however, three large FAIRS, for horses, cattle, &c. held annually on April 30, September 2, and October 10. These fairs are allowed to be among the first in England for saddle and draught horses, and one of them is held under a grant of Edward II. to Hugh Blount or Flavus, who was then lord of Penkridge. Horse RACES are held annually in September, upon a ¾ mile course on the north side of the town, and have been gradually rising in importance since their establishment, about nine years ago. The PARISH is very extensive, containing 2991 inhabitants, (see p. 474,) and upwards of 12,000 acres of land, divided into the four TOWNSHIPS of *Penkridge*, *Coppenhall*, *Dunston*, and *Stretton*, which support their poor separately. The three latter are also *chapelries*. PENKRIDGE TOWNSHIP comprises nearly three-fourths of the parish, and is divided into four *Constablewicks*, which repair their roads separately, viz. *Penkridge Quarter; Levedale Quarter*, which includes the hamlets of Drayton, Longridge, and Preston; *Pilaton Quarter*, which comprehends Line Hill, Otherton, Rodbaston, Water-Eaton, Gailey, and Wolgarstone; and *Whiston Quarter*, which comprises Bickford, Congreve, and Mitton. The Rt. Hon. E. J. Littleton is impropriator of the tithes and owner of a large portion of the parish. He is also lord of the MANORS of Penkridge, Pilaton, Gailey, Preston, Levedale, Drayton, Otherton, Wolgarstone, and Teddesley. The other lords of manors are W. Congreve, Esq. of Congreve; the Earl of Lichfield, of Dunston; Lord Stafford, of Coppenhall and Mitton; Lord Willoughby de Broke, of Rodbaston; Geo. Monckton, Esq. of Stretton; Mr. Brierley, of Water Eaton; and T. W. Giffard, Esq. of Whiston. There are, however, several other land owners in the parish, as will be seen in the description of the hamlets.

Penkridge CHURCH, dedicated to St. Michael, is supposed to have been founded by King Edgar, in the year 964, and is a

large Gothic building, which was thoroughly repaired and beautified in 1831, when the interior was repewed and enlarged by the erection of a north gallery, so that it has now 1200 sittings, of which 450 are free. The cost of this reparation was £2000, of which £250 was given by the society for building and enlarging churches, and the remainder was raised by a rate on the parishioners. At the same time, a new peal of eight bells was placed in the tower, and all the ancient monuments of the Littleton family, in the chancel, were re-chiselled and polished, so that they now wear a modern aspect. In 1206, King John made this church *collegiate*, and settled the advowson of it on the Archbishop of Dublin, who was generally *dean* here, and had the collation of the *prebendaries*, who were thirteen in number. Edward II., in the 11th year of his reign, declared that the *church of Pencriz*, and the chapels under it, were his free chapels, and as such, "exempt from all ordinary jurisdiction, impositions, and contributions; and he accordingly ordained, that none should presume to encroach upon their immunities." The college was dissolved by the act of the 1st of Edward VI., and its possessions were subsequently granted to Wm. Riggs and Wm. Buckbird. The church, however, still enjoys all the privileges of a *royal peculiar*, having within its jurisdiction the three chapelries of Dunston, Coppenhall, and Stretton, and the parish of Shareshill. The living is a perpetual curacy, in the gift of the impropriator, the Rt. Hon. E. J. Littleton, and it is now enjoyed by the Rev. Joseph Salt, who holds *visitations* and *probate courts*, and *licenses* the incumbents of the four other places within his peculiar. A new *parsonage house* was built about two years ago, on an acre of land given by the patron, who also contributed 33,000 bricks towards the erection; which was further aided by a gift of £100 from Col. Walhouse, £200 from the governors of Queen Anne's bounty, and many smaller sums from other subscribers. The Rev. J. C. Stafford, the late incumbent, resigned the curacy in December, 1833, after holding it only three years, and was presented by his parishioners with a valuable service of plate, as a testimony of their regard for the zeal and fidelity with which he had filled the pastoral office. His predecessor, the Rev. Rd. Slaney, A.M., died in 1830, after holding the benefice 35 years. The only dissenting place of worship in Penkridge is a *Methodist chapel*, built in 1828. A SAVINGS' BANK, established here in 1819, has now deposits amounting to about £10,000, and is open every Monday, from 12 till 2 o'clock. John Hodgson, Esq. is the treasurer, and Mr. John Starkey the secretary. The parish enjoys the benefit of a good free school, and several benefactions for the relief of the indigent.

The CHARITY SCHOOL, which stood in the Church-yard, was built in 1695, at the expense of *Edward Littleton, Esq.* and *several other subscribers*. It was afterwards endowed with

the following benefactions, which produce £36. 3s. per annum, viz. 6A. 31P. of land, called Clay field and Kinvaston leasow, left in 1731, by *Francis Sherratt*, and now let for £10. 4s. a year; 20s. yearly left by *John Smart* and *Thomas Stevenson*, and charged, with an equal sum for the poor, on land at Wheaton Aston, and in Clay-street, Penkridge; £1. 14s. 6d. from old South Sea annuities, purchased with £50 left by *Sir Edward Littleton*; £2. 4s. 6d. as the interest of £44. 10s. saved out of the school income; and £21 yearly from £525 Irish five per cent. annuities, purchased with £500 left by *Thomas Clarke*, in 1799. The Littleton family have always acted as trustees.—In 1831, the old school in the Church-yard was pulled down, with the consent of the parishioners, and the endowment transferred to the NATIONAL SCHOOL, (erected by E. J. Littleton, Esq. in 1818,) where about 240 children are educated and partly clothed from the munificence of that gentleman and the charity funds, which latter are too small for the support of the two teachers required for so large a number of scholars.

The *Benefactions* to the poor of Penkridge are as follows, viz. £40 left by *Sir Edward Littleton*, for which E. J. Littleton, Esq. pays five per cent. interest; £10 per annum long annuities, left by *Thomas Clarke*, in 1799; £58. 4s. 8d. three per cent. consols, purchased with £50 left by *Eliz. Rudge*, in 1819; a yearly rent charge of £3 out of Miles Moor and other property, purchased with £10 left by *Sir Stephen Slaney*, in 1622; and the interest of £50 left by *Ann Littleton*, to be paid by the successive heirs of her family. *Dennis Fieldhouse* left £10 to the poor of Dunston, and *John Webb*, in 1757, bequeathed to the poor of Coppenhall a yearly rent charge of 20s. out of land at Bradley.

BICKFORD is a hamlet and liberty, 2¼ miles W. of Penkridge, belonging to T. W. Giffard, Esq.

CONGREVE is a small village and estate, of 400 acres, 1¼ mile S.W. of Penkridge, celebrated as the birth-place of the late *Bishop Hurd*, who is already noticed as one of the most eminent prelates of Lichfield; from which See he was translated to Worcester. This village has also produced a still more modern writer, *Miss Baker*, authoress of an amusing novel, entitled "A Welsh Story," in which she has introduced the character of Sir Edward Littleton, her patron, under the name of Sir Edwin. Mr. Baker, her father, was many years a respectable ironmaster at Congreve, where he had one forge, worked by the waters of the Penk; and another, higher up, on the same stream, at Coven. Wm. Congreve, Esq. and the Rt. Hon. E. J. Littleton, are proprietors of this liberty.

COPPENHALL is a scattered village, township, and chapelry, 4 miles N.N.W. of Penkridge, containing 100 inhabitants, and 900 acres of land, belonging to Lord Willoughby de Broke, C. Clarke, Esq., and several smaller proprietors; but Baron Staf-

ford is lord of the manor. The *chapel*, dedicated to St. Lawrence, is a small ancient building, in the patronage of the Right Hon. E. J. Littleton, and incumbency of the Rev. Thomas Browne, of Bradley.

DRAYTON is a hamlet and manor, of 700 acres, 1 mile N. of Penkridge, belonging to the Right Hon. E. J. Littleton.

DUNSTON, a hamlet, township, and chapelry, 2 miles N. of Penkridge, contains 272 inhabitants, and about 1000 acres of land; of which E. J. Littleton and Wm. Critchley are the principal owners; but the Earl of Lichfield is lord of the manor. The *chapel*, dedicated to St. Leonard, is a small, modern, brick edifice, except the tower, which is of stone, and appears to be very ancient. Mr. Littleton is the patron, and the Rev. Evan Price, of Teddesley Coppice, the incumbent. In 1815, a common of 100 acres was enclosed here, under an act of Parliament, passed for the *enclosure* of Penkridge-heath, Dunston-heath, Huntington-common, and Teddesley-hay.

GAILEY, or *Gayley*, is a small hamlet and manor, 3 miles S. by W. of Penkridge, mostly the property of the Littleton family.

LEVEDALE is a hamlet and constablewick, 2 miles N.W. of Penkridge. Mr. Littleton is owner of the soil, and lord of the manor.

LINE-HILL, a farm, 1 mile S. of Penkridge.

LONGRIDGE, a hamlet, 1¼ mile N.W. of Penkridge.

MITTON is a liberty of 600 acres, with three farm-houses and two cottages, 2¼ miles W. by N. of Penkridge. As a constablewick, it is united with Longnor, in Bradley parish. Earl Talbot owns most of the land; but Lord Stafford is lord of the manor.

OTHERTON, 1¼ mile S.E. of Penkridge, is another of Mr. Littleton's manors, and forms a constablewick, containing five farms, and a few cottages.

PILATON, or *Pileton*, 1¼ mile S.E. of Penkridge, is an ancient manor, with only two farms. It gives name to one "quarter" of Penkridge township, and has been possessed for centuries by the Littleton family, who resided here, till the late Sir Edward Littleton deserted the *old hall*, and erected a more splendid mansion, in the extra-parochial liberty of *Teddesley-hay*, nearly 2 miles to the north, as will be seen at a subsequent page. The hall here has been in ruins since the middle of the last century; but part of it is converted into cottages, and the garden is still used by the family.

PRESTON, 1¼ mile W. by N. of Penkridge, is a liberty of 600 acres, belonging to the Rt. Hon. E. J. Littleton.

RODBASTON is a hamlet, with 600 acres of land, 2 miles S. of Penkridge. Lord Willoughby de Broke is lord of the manor; but Mr. Wm. Holland belongs the hall estate.

STRETTON is a village, township, and *parochial chapelry*, 3

miles S.W. of Penkridge, containing 268 inhabitants, and about 1500 acres of land, nearly the whole of which belongs to Geo. Monckton, Esq., whose predecessor purchased the manor about the close of the last century, from the Conolly family, of Ireland. The hall is at present tenanted by Lady Jane Rosse, but the owner is about to make it his principal residence. It is a neat mansion, erected during the 18th century, and has a spacious lawn, with thriving plantations; bounded on the north by an ancient wood, and on the south by the village. As has been seen at page 502, Stretton is supposed to be the site of a *Roman station;* and a *tumulus* on Roley Hill, and several fragments of Roman implements, discovered here at various periods, seem to favour this opinion. The *Church*, dedicated to St. John, is a small edifice, which has been mostly rebuilt of brick. It was originally only a chapel of ease; but it now possesses the parochial privileges of marriage, baptism, and sepulture. The Right Hon. E. J. Littleton is the impropriator and patron, and the Rev. Wm. Bird, of Church Eaton, is the incumbent curate, but the duty is performed by his son.

WATER EATON is a large hamlet and liberty of scattered houses, on the Watling-street, 2¼ miles S. of Penkridge, comprising about 2000 acres of land, mostly belonging to Edward Monckton, Esq. of Somerford, and Mr. Brierley, of Edgbaston; the latter of whom is lord of the manor. It includes part of *Calf Heath*, which was enclosed about twenty years ago. As a constablewick, it joins with Gailey and Stretton.

WHISTON is a hamlet and liberty, 2 miles W. of Penkridge, and gives name to one of the quarters of that township. It has a small Methodist Chapel. T. W. Giffard, Esq. owns all the land, except 30 acres, belonging to Mr. Tompkinson, of Congreve.

WOLGARSTONE, half a mile E. of Penkridge, is another hamlet and manor, belonging to the Rt. Hon. E. J. Littleton.

PENKRIDGE.

POST-OFFICE, at Mrs. Mary Perrin's Crownbridge street.—Letters from Wolverhampton, arrive at ½ p. 7 morning, and despatched at 4 aft.; from Stafford at 4 aft. and despatched at ½ p. 7 mng; from Walsall, with London, Birmingham, and other letters, at ½ p. 11 morning, and despatched at 2 afternoon.

Marked 1 *reside in Clay street*, 2 *Crownbridge st.* 3 *High st.* 4 *Market place*, 5 *Market st.* 6 *Mill end*, 7 *Mill st.* 8 *Smallbrook st. and* 9 *in Wire hall st.*

5 **Bagnall** Robert, clock and watch maker

Bate Fras. fellmonger, New road
2 Boulton George, gent.
9 Cliff George, wharfinger and coal dealer
6 Croydon John, corn miller
Croydon Rd. gent. Rock house
7 Devie Humphrey, tanner
1 Devie Mrs. gentlewoman
9 Fleetwood John Wm. attorney
Hazledine John, gent. Rose villa
9 Hodgson John, Esq.
9 Nixon James, overseer and governor of the Workhouse
4 Oakley John, tinman
3 Parker Wm. hair dresser
1 Partridge James, supervisor
3 Reynolds Mrs.
9 Smith Thomas, cider dealer

3 Starkey John, agent to the Birmingham Fire Office, and Secretary to the Savings' bank.
8 Watkins Wm. nail, spade, and edge tool maker
5 Willington Joseph, wine and spirit merchant
7 Yerl John, coal dealer
3 Young Mrs. Margaret, gentwn.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

5 Blacksmiths' Arms, Jas. Burn
9 Boat, Joseph Dugmore
3 George and Fox Inn, William Worsey
5 Horse and Jockey, Edward Masefield
3 Littleton's Arms Inn, (posting hs. and ex. office) Wm. Cotton
5 Star, Wm. Southern, (& bricklr.)
Swan, Thomas Hammersley, Swan lane
3 White Hart, Ann Adcock

Academies,

5 Collins Fras.
Ford My. (bdg.) Ivy house
4 National, Edward & Hnh. Oxenboulds.
3 Starkey John

Bakers.

5 Cliff Charles
3 Taylor Jerh.

Beer Houses.

4 Boothby Rd.
9 Bowdler Sml.
5 Cheadle Eliz.
1 Nickson Wm.
6 Southern Jno. (& brikmkr.)
3 Webb Wm.

Blacksmiths.

4 Cheadle Thos.
5 Cheadle Wm.
3 Cotton Wm.
1 Wise George

Shoemakers.

3 Chapman Ar.
Chapman Thos. Bull bridge
1 Nickson Wm.
3 Powell John
Rostence John

Butchers.

3 Toft John
5 Whilton Wm.

Coopers.

5 Powell Henry (and turner)
3 Rogers Geo.

Grocers, &c.

* *are Drapers.*

5 * Bailey Richard Henry
3 * Cope Edwd. (and hatter)
3 Cox Charles (& druggist)
5 * Mason Fras. (& druggist)
3 Taylor Jerh.

Joiners.

4 Lewis John
4 North Wm.
4 Riley Thomas

Maltsters.

7 Banister Rd.
3 Cotton Wm.
3 Salt John

Plumbrs. Painters, &c.

5 Bailey Richard Henry
8 Cope Thomas

Saddlers.

1 Capewell Rupert
2 Timbs Thos.

Shopkeepers.

1 Emery Mary Ann
2 Jones George
5 Kittridge Betty
9 Lees Ann

Surgeons.

5 Sanders Thos.

Tailors.

1 Scarlet Wm.
3 Akers Wm.
5 Cooper Chas.
7 Thrustans Wm

COACHES from the *Littleton's Arms Inn*:—The *Mail* from Bristol and Birmingham to Manchester, at ¼ p. 7 mng. ret. at ¼ p. 4 aft. The *Traveller* from Birmingham to Manchester at ¼ p. 12 noon, ret. at ¼ p. 3 aft. The *Eclipse* fm. Birmingham to Manchester at 10 mng. ret. at ¼ p. 1 aft. The *Bang-Up* from Cheltenham and Birmingham to Liverpool, at ¼ p. 12 noon, ret. at 2 aft. *From the George and Fox Inn*:—The *Mail* from Birmingham to Liverpool, at 1, ret. at 4 mng. The *Erin-Go-Bragh* from Birmingham to Liverpool, at 11 mng. ret. at ¼ p. 2 mng. The *Rocket* from Birmingham to Liverpool, Mon. Tu. Thu. and Sat. at 1 mng. ret. at ¼ p. 4 aft. *From the White Hart*:—The *Hark Forward* from the Potteries to Birmingham, at 11 mng. ret. at 7 evg. except Sunday.

CARRIERS.—Humphrey Webb, to Wolverhampton, Wed. & Fri. and to Stafford, Sat. The Wolverhampton and Stafford carriers pass through this town. See p. 153.

WATER CARRIAGE.—Boats call several times a-day at the Canal Wharf, and take goods to all parts of the Kingdom. George Cliff, wharfinger.

DUNSTON CHAPELRY.

Critchley Wm. sen. gent.
Mills Andrew, blacksmith

FARMERS.

Aspley George
Critchley Thos.
Critchley Wm. jun.
Moore John
Oakley Andrew
Pickstock Thos.

COPPENHALL CHAPELRY.

Bartlam Mr. Edward
Handy Wm. corn miller, Butter hill
Lees Henry, shopkeeper

FARMERS.

Dean Jph.
Pickstock Rph.
Wright Rd. M.
Wright Samuel

LEVEDALE QUARTER.

Marked 1 *are at Drayton*, 2 *Levedale*, 3 *Longridge, and* 4 *at Preston.*

FARMERS.

2 Bate John
4 Brewe Wm.
3 Cotton Benj.
2 Critchley Jno.
1 Croydon Ts.
4 Gilpin Fredk.
1 Kent Thomas
2 Marsh Jph.

PILATON QUARTER.

Marked 1 *are at Gailey*, 2 *Line hill*, 3 *Otherton*, 4 *Pilaton*, 5 *Redhurst*, 6 *Water Eaton, and* 7 *at Wimblestone.*

7 Boyden John, corn miller
1 Harrison and Co. lime burners
1 Harrison Joseph, vict. Plough
6 Heath James, gent.
6 Hyde Ann, vict. Spread Eagle
1 Owen Wm. beer hs. & shopkpr.
6 Scatt John, wheelwright
6 Vickers John, blacksmith

FARMERS.

4 Aston Thos.
7 Boyden Rd.
7 Brown Geo.
6 Critchley Hy.
2 Dagmore Ed. & maltster
3 Dagmore Wm.
3 Gayter Wm.
5 Holland Wm.
5 Ingram Ann
5 Mider John
4 Miller Thos.
1 Robinson Ts.
4 Sherratt Thos.
6 Shutt George
3 Smith Wm.
7 Taylor Wm.
5 Turner James

Goods are conveyed to and from all parts of the Kingdom, from Gailey Wharf. Wm. Blood, wharfinger, and land carrier, to Shiffnall, Wellington, and Salop.

STRETTON CHAPELRY.

Bowker Mrs. Elizabeth
Brewster Edward, corn miller
Dain Thos. beer house & overseer
Ebrey Bartholomew, vict. Crown
Monckton George, Esq. Hall
Morgan Lewis, wheelwright
Pool Wm. shoemaker
Whitehouse Edward, blacksmith
Worsey Mrs. Eleanor

FARMERS.

Hanley James
Howell Henry
Leek Thomas
Pearson Wm.
Worsey John
Wright John

WHISTON QUARTER.

Marked 1 *are at Bickford*, 2 *Congreve*, 3 *Mitton, and* 4 *Whiston.*

4 Brewster Charles, corn miller
1 Cooper Stephen, wheelwright
4 Hadley Wm. blacksmith
2 Keeling Mrs. Margaret
4 Lockley Samuel, beer house
4 Riley John, shoemkr. & shopr.
1 Rutter Thomas, shoemaker
1 Till Hannah, maltster

FARMERS.

1 Anslow Thos.
1 Baxter Jph.
3 Bennett Rph.
4 Blakemore William
1 Hall John
2 Keeling Chas.
1 Lees Mary
3 Rogers Thos.
3 Sherratt Edw.
2 Tomkinson Amos

RUGELEY.

RUGELEY, the largest and the handsomest market-town in the Cuttlestone Hundred, is situated at the north-western extremity of that district, in a pleasant vale, bounded on the west by the hills of Cannock Chase, and on the north-east by the river Trent. It is a busy thoroughfare, being upon the high-road between Stafford and Lichfield, 9 miles E.S.E. of the former, 7 miles N.W. of the latter, and 126 miles N.W. of London. A small rivulet flows through it from Cannock Chase; and on its eastern side is a commodious wharf, on the Trent and Mersey canal, both of which are highly serviceable to its *manufactures*, which consist principally of hats, sheet iron, and cast iron articles; there being, in the town and its vicinity,

about 30 journeymen hatters, two forges and rolling mills, and two iron foundries, one of which is very extensive, and has a *gas apparatus*, which supplies both its own workshops and the town with its brilliant vapour. Here are also two corn-mills, a large brewery, two fellmongers, and two chemical works; and in the parish are six *coal mines*, worked by Earl Talbot and Mr. Joseph Palmer. The PARISH is about 18 miles in circuit, comprising 3,000 acres of enclosed land, and a large portion of the open heath called Cannock Chase. It has increased its population since the year 1801, from 2,030 to 3,165 souls; nearly nine-tenths of whom reside in the town. The whole is comprised in the *Manor of Cannock and Rugeley*; of which the Marquis of Anglesey is lord,* as has been seen at page 484, except the small *manor of Hagley*, which is the seat and property of the Hon. Robert Curzon; but the principal landowners in the parish are Earl Talbot and the Earl of Lichfield. The TOWN consists chiefly of one long street, bearing different names, and having several short streets branching from it; one of which, Albion-street, was formed a few years ago; and another, named Church-street, is now building. It is, generally, well built; and many of the houses are even elegant, being occupied by wealthy families, and having neat lawns and pleasure grounds. During the last twenty years, many new houses have been erected, and some of the old ones rebuilt, so that the town has generally a very modern aspect. In the 17th and 18th centuries, it suffered considerably by two accidental conflagrations, one of which consumed 29 dwelling-houses, on Trinity-Sunday, May 20th, 1646; and the other, which happened on Saturday, Feb. 19th, 1708, destroyed, at the west end of the town, "ten habitations, nine barns and offices, and goods to the value of £808. 3s. 2d., which was paid to the sufferers severally by Benjamin Adie." (Parish Register.) Dr. Wilkes considers its name to be a corruption of *Ridgeley*, from the ridge of hills that terminate Cannock Chase, on the west side of the town, and one of which, *Stile Cop*, is a very lofty eminence, covered with trees, and commanding an extensive view of this and the adjacent counties. Rugeley was anciently possessed by a family of its own name; one of whom, Simon de Rugeley, was high-sheriff of Staffordshire in the reign of Edw. III.; and at the same time, another of his family was one of the two knights of the shire. The town is governed by two *constables*, chosen yearly, in October, at the court-leet. The *Town-Hall*, a square brick building, in the Market-place, was erected about 40 years ago, and is used for public meetings, exhibitions, and assemblies; but a much larger *Assembly Room* has lately been built at the Talbot Arms Inn. The weekly MARKET is held on Thursday, and is well supplied with provi-

* Erdeswick says *the manor of Rugeley* was the property of the bishops of *Lichfield, from whom it was* alienated to the King by Bishop Sampson, in 1547.

sions, &c. Here are four annual cattle FAIRS, held on April 14th, June 1st to 6th, October 21st, and second Tuesday in December. That in June is a very large fair for colts and horses, principally of the coach breed. Earl Talbot generally gives prizes for the best fat cattle shewn at the December fair. The RACES are held upon an excellent one-and-a-half-mile course, at HITCHIN HILL, about one mile from the town, generally on the last Thursday in September, and are attended by a great assemblage of nobility and gentry; the horses being usually of the highest blood, and mostly from that celebrated school of the turf, *Hednesford*, on the opposite side of Cannock Chase, 4 miles S. by W. of Rugeley.

The CHURCH, dedicated to St. Augustine, is a large, handsome fabric, in a mixed style of architecture, (chiefly Gothic,) erected in 1822, near the old parish church, which was a small ancient edifice, of which the tower and chancel still remain; the latter being converted into a Sunday school. The six bells, cast in 1706, have been removed into the new tower. The cost of the new church, and the enclosure walls of the burial ground and vicarage garden, was £6501. 17s. 2½d.; of which £4,000 was raised by voluntary subscriptions; £1157 by the sale of pews; £800 by a gift from the Church Society; and the remainder by the sale of old materials, and collections after sermons. The building was consecrated early in 1823. The interior is neatly pewed, and has upwards of 1200 sittings, of which 432 are free. The new burial ground on which it stands was given by Lord Anson, now Earl of Lichfield. The living is a *vicarage*, in the patronage of the Dean and Chapter of Lichfield; who have also the appropriation of the *tithes*, of which the Marquis of Anglesey is lessee. The present incumbent is the Rev. Thomas Dinham, who resides in the vicarage-house, a neat mansion which stands near the church, and is surrounded by a shrubbery. The only dissenting places of worship in the parish are, an *Independent Chapel*, in Chapel-street, erected in 1813, and now under the ministry of the Rev. P. L. Anderson; and a *Wesleyan Chapel*, at GLOVER'S HILL, a hamlet half a mile S.E. of the town.

BRERETON, on the Lichfield road, 1 mile S.E. of Rugeley, is a village with several well-built houses, mostly in Rugeley parish, and partly in the parishes of Armitage and Longdon. In this neighbourhood, are Earl Talbot's collieries, and a wharf on the Trent and Mersey *canal*, which, at BRINDLEY'S BANK, about 1 mile N. of Rugeley, crosses the river Trent by an AQUADUCT of five arches, so admirably constructed by that eminent engineer, the late Mr. Brindley, that it has withstood the floods of the river for more than half a century, without requiring any material repairs.

HAGLEY HALL, the extensive and picturesque mansion of the Hon. Robert Curzon, stands about a mile W. of Rugeley,

enveloped in lofty and luxuriant groves and plantations, enclosed by a park wall and pailing, under the hills of Cannock Chase. The building has a very irregular appearance, many additions having been made to it by its successive possessors; but it is indebted to the late *Viscount Curzon*, for most of its modern improvements. After having passed through various branches of the Weston family, of Weston-under-Lizard, and whose paternal estate it was from the time of Edward III., Hagley became the property of the late Viscount Curzon, from whom it passed, in 1820, to its present possessor, who is a member of the ancient family of the Curzons, one of whom is Baron Scarsdale, of Derbyshire, and another Earl Howe and Viscount Curzon; the latter being grandson and heir to the late Viscount.

The *Free Grammar School* is endowed with lands and buildings in the parish, worth upwards of £300 per annum, and which have been appropriated to their present use from time immemorial; but the name of the donor is unknown. The master receives the rents from the trustees, for which he teaches 20 free scholars in the English, Latin, and Greek languages, geography, writing, and arithmetic. He is also allowed to take 11 day scholars and 20 boarders, who pay for their education. About the year 1820, the Rev. John Clarke, the late master, expended £1500 in rebuilding the school, and in enlarging the house and outbuildings. The Rev. Thomas Bonney is the present master.

The Free School, in the Horse fair, arose from a bequest of £400, left by John Bamford Cowper, in 1733. This money, with £50 left by *Mary Jenks*, was laid out in 1767, in the purchase of two houses with barns, and 13¼ acres of land, at Stockwell Heath, near Colton, now let for £35 a-year, for which the master teaches 35 poor children. He also enjoys the school premises, consisting of a dwelling-house, with a large school room and garden, purchased in 1813, with £500 bequeathed by *John Riley*, in 1802. The vicar and churchwardens are the acting trustees. A *National School*, in Church-street, where 60 girls are educated, for the weekly payment of 2d. each, was built in 1825, by the lady of the Hon. Robt. Curzon; and another at Brereton, where 80 children are taught on the Madras system, was built about eight years ago, by the Misses Sneyd, who still contribute largely towards its support. Here are also two Sunday Schools.

Benefactions.—*William Chetwynd*, in 1690, left £500 to buy land, and directed the rents to be employed for the benefit of this parish, as follows, viz., to 20 poor people, one threepenny loaf of *bolted* or *temps bread*, every Sunday morning, and 2s. each on St. Thomas' day and Good Friday; 40s. a-year to the minister for peaching sermons on the said days of distribution, and *the surplus of* the rents to be given in apprentice fees with

poor children. The farm purchased with this legacy, and £100 added by Mary Chetwynd, is situated at Wyrley, and comprises 78A. 3R. 25P. of land, with a good house, &c., rebuilt about 18 years ago. The whole is let for £110 per annum; so that after paying £30 to the 20 poor people, and £2 to the vicar, there remains £70 to be dispensed yearly in apprentice fees. The Earl of Lichfield, as owner of the testator's estate in Rugeley, is the trustee, but he leaves the management to the vicar. In 1703, WALTER LANDOR, from his own munificence, and in consideration of £26 left by his father, bequeathed to this parish 72 acres of land, at Abbots Bromley, and 8 acres at Gentleshaw, near Cannock, in trust, that the rents should be employed in providing bread and clothes for the poor, and in placing out apprentices. The property now yields £60. 10s. per annum. The rector of Colton is the trustee. About £30 is given yearly in apprentice fees, and the rest in weekly doles of bread and yearly distributions of clothing amongst twelve poor parishioners. The following yearly sums are distributed on St. Thomas' day, viz., £9. 15s. from land called Leasow, near Tutbury, purchased with the legacies of *Margery Sneyd* and *Humprey Moore*, in 1701 and 6; £1. 18s. left by *Mary Sutton*; 8s. by *Ellen Avarne*, and 8s. by *Mary Whiston*. The vicar has 10s. yearly for preaching on Ascension day, left by the Rev. John Deaken. The Alms-houses, in Church-street, were built by Mrs. Hopkins, for four poor widows, who each receive 1s. per week from that lady.

The Rugeley SAVINGS' BANK was established in July, 1817, at the Town-Hall; and in Nov. 1833, it had deposits amounting to £25,681. 13s. 7d., belonging to 752 depositors. It is open on the 2nd and 4th Monday in every month. Messrs. Palmer and Greene, of Lichfield, are the treasurers, and Mr. James Moxon the secretary.

RUGELEY DIRECTORY.

POST OFFICE, Horse Fair; Mr. Matthew Woodward, post-master. London letters arrive at 9 mg. and are despatched at 3 afternoon; Liverpool at ¼ before 7 mg. and desp. 9 mg.; Chester, at 3 aft. and desp. ¼ p. 11 mg.; Stafford, Lichfield, Birmingham, Sheffield, &c. at ¼ past 5 mg. and desp. at 5 aft.; Uttoxeter, at ¼ bef. 9, and desp. at ¼ p. 11 morning.

The CONTRACTIONS *used for the Streets and Hamlets are, Alst. for Albion street, Ard. Armitage road, Bst. Bow street, Brn. Brereton, Cst. Chapel street, Cht. Church street, Cstn. Crossley Stone, Grl. Glovers hill, Htl. Hitchin hill, Hfr. Horse fair, Mkp. Market place, Mkt. Market street, Mpt. Marl pits, Sln. Sandy lane, Sfr. Sheep fair, Stfd. Stafford road, Stft. Stafford street, Wst. Wellington street, and Whf. for Wharf.*

Adie George, land surveyor, Hfr.
Allen John, horse dealer, Hfr.
Anderson Rev. P. Lyon, (Ind.) Market street

Atkinson Rev. Thomas Dinham, vicar, Stafford road
Bamford Mrs. My. gentwn. Mkp.
Banks Saml. vet. surgeon, Mkp.
Barber Mrs. Cathn. Mkp.
Barker Dr. Geo. organist, Hfr.
Barnett Joshua John, nursery man, Horse fair
Birch Misses Ann & Eliz. Brn.
Birch Peter & John, basket makers, Stafford road
Blunt Wm. castrator, Hfr.
Bradbury Rd. bricklayer, Grl.
Breckin Mrs. Harriot, Cht.
Campbell Capt. Francis, Cht.
Cheshire John, iron mfr.; h. Sfr.
Cheshire, Manners, & Co. sheet iron mfrs. Wharf & Plate mill
Clark Mrs. Church street
Collett Geo. gent. Glovers hill
Cox John, tanner, Wharf
Curzon Hon. Rt. Hagley hall
Dawes Wm. Bower, brewer; h. Brereton
Frost Mr. James, Cht.
Godwin Joseph Geo. gent. Hfr.
Halbard Mary, hosier, Mkt.
Hamilton Capt. Geo. Stfd.
Hawkins Mrs. Ann, Wst.
Hawley George, chemist, Wharf
Higgitt Gilbert, traveller, Alst.
Hill Mr. Wm. Sheep fair
Hopkins Sarah, gntwn. Stone hs.
Hughes Wm. farmer, Htl.
Jackson Rev. Humphrey, Hfr.
Jackson Misses, Hfr.
Keeling John, architect & surveyor, Stafford road
Landor Mrs. M. Cht.
Lead Benjamin, gardener, Brn.
Moss James, stone mason, Mpt.
Mellard Jas. ironmonger, china, glass, & earthenware dlr. Mkt.
Nunns Mrs. Mary, Horse fair
Palmer Jph. timber merchant, near the Church
Pennell Wm. assistant overseer, & gov. of the Workhouse, Htl.
Poole Vernon, colliery agt. Brn.
Richards Mr. James, Sheep fair
Sharatt Sampson, bricklayer, Cht.
Simpson Miss Rebecca, gentwn. Horse fair
Smith Edw. Esq. Stafford road
Smith John, agent, Hagley farm
Sneyd Misses Eliz. & Harriot, Brereton
Strongitharm & Co. lime burners, Armitage road
Tunnicliff Mr. Thos. Church st.
Watson Mrs. Frances, Stfd.
White Mr. Thomas, Glovers hill
Wigan Fdk. road surveyor, Stfd.
Wood John, farmer, Birches
Wright Jas. Esq. Ravenhill house
Yeld W. W. brewer; h. Ard.

Academies.

Free Grammar, Rev. Thos. Bonney, Stfd.
Ordish George, (free) Horse fair
Sargant Mary, Sfr.
Sargant Saml. Sfr.
Smart Frances, (bdg.) Crossley stone
Smith A. (ladies') Horse fair
Tomlinson My. Brn.
Wootton Mary, Cht.

Attorneys.

ArmishawJohn, Mkt.
Landor Walter, Hfr.
Perkes Hy. Chas. Cht.
Salt Charles, Bst.
Smith John, Hfr.

Auctioneers.

Ottey Walter, Brn.
Simpson John, Wst.

Bakers & Flour dlrs.

Cheshire James, Mpt.
Cheshire Rd. Wst.
Godwin Alex. Mkt.
Galais Lucy, Wst.
Nichols Chas. (& confectioner and game dealer) Mkt.

Banks.

District Bank, Mkt.; open Thu. 10 till 3.
Savings', Town hall; open 2d & 4th Monday in evy. month; Jas. Moxon, sec.

Beer Houses.

Aldritt John, Canal side
Bate Wm. (and fishmonger) Wst.
Birch Leigh, Stft.
Bradnock Thos. Mpt.
Burton John, Mpt.
Chatterton Thos. Wf.
Death Thos. Brn.
Flinn Michl. Sln.
Goodwin Thos. Grl.
Halbard Wm. Wst.
Hine Rd. Hfr.
Hunt Eliz. & Hanh. Hfr.
Nash George, Cst.
Richards Jas. Mpt.
Rose David, Alst.
Scarratt Rd. R. Cht.
Slater George, Sln.
Smallman John, Grl.
Tooth John, Ard.
Turner Danl. Hfr.
Watson Samuel, Cht.

Blacksmiths.

Allen James, Stft.
Hawkins Wm. Wst.
Hine Rd. (& coach maker) Hfr.
Whitehouse Edw. (& farrier) Brn.

Booksellers.
*Each have cir. libraries, and marked * are news agents and printers.*
* Leonard Jas. (medicine vender) Mkp.
Moxon Jas. (sub dist. of stamps) Mkt.
* Simpson John, Wst.
Boot and Shoe mkrs.
Bilyeld Rt. Wst.
Cheshire Geo. Hfr.
Clarke Thos. Mkp.
Cliff Frances, Hfr.
Cope George, Wst.
Derry Benj. Brn.
Elliott Thos. Sfr.
Hollins Wm. Brn.
Leadbeter Dd. Wst.
Nixon Richard, Hfr.
Oughton Wm. Mkt.
Richardson Hy. Hfr.
Waltho John, Wst.
Brasiers & Tinmen.
Hawkins Wm. (and brass founder) Wst.
Mellard Jas. Mkt.
Breeches and Glove makers.
Cope John, Wst.
Wright George, Stft.
Brewers.
Collett Thos. Cstn.
Yeld and Co. Ard.
Butchers.
Chesterton Wm. Stft.
Hall Wm. Hfr.
Hall Wm. Brn.
Smytheman Ts. Mpt.
Watson Geo. Sfr.
Watson James, Wst.
Whilton Thos. Wst.
Wilson John, Mkt.
Cabinet makers and Upholsterers.
Bullock Robt. Mkp.
Cheshire Thos. Alst.
Keyte Wm. Mkt.
Remington Alex. Hfr.
Chemists & Druggists.
Fowke Wm. jun. (& seedsman,) Mkp.
Salt Thomas, Wst.
Chemists mfrg.
Manners John & Co. (sugar lead & verdegris) Wharf
Singleton Jph. (sugar lead, oil of vitriol & neptha) Wharf
Coal Proprietors.
Palmer Jph. Hayes Colliery
Talbot Earl, Brereton; V. Poole, agt.
Coopers.
Brassington W. Stft.
Godwin Jas. Mkp.
Hollom Samuel, Wst.
Corn Millers.
Godwin Alex. Mkp.
Marsh Thomas, Hfr.
Nichols Chas. Mkt.
Curriers and Leather Cutters.
Chamberlain Eliz. & Ann, (leather cutters) Wst.
White John, Bst.
Fellmongers.
Banks Sarah, Wst.
Holloway John, Sfr.
Fire, &c. Offices.
Atlas, Wm. Turner, Mkp.
Birmingham, Wm. Hawkins, Wst.
Norwich Union, Jas. Moxon, Mkt.
Royal Exchange, Jas. Leonard, Mkp.
*Grocers & Tea Dlrs. Thus * are Drapers, & † Tallow Chandlers also.*
Cheshire Jas. Mpt.
Cheshire Rd. Wst.
Hammond Hy. (and seedsman) Stft.
*† Moxon Jas. Mkt.
Phillips Thos. Brn.
Shipley Thos. Mkp.
*† Timmis Sl. Mkt.
† Turner Wm. Mkp.
Hat manufacturers.
Capper James, Mpt.
Higgitt Edith, Wst.
Lenton Thomas, Bst.
Nixon Wm. Alst.
Sleigh Benj. Stft.
Tooth Sampson, Alst.
Wootton John, Cht.
Hair Dressers.
Allen Chas. Wst.
Tolley Wm. Stft.
Horse and Gig Furnishers.
Allen John, Hfr.
Tunnicliff Geo. Stft.
Inns and Taverns.
Anchor, Geo. Claxton, Market st.
Bell, Geo. Tunnicliff, Stafford st.
Dog and Partridge, Edwin Walker, Mkt.
Holly Bush, Mark Richards, Slade
Lord Nelson, Humphrey Bould, Mpts.
Queen's Head, John Tomlinson, Horse fair
Shoulder of Mutton, Joseph Cheshire, Market pl.
Star, Robt. Tunnicliff, Bow st.
Swan, W. Sturt, Brn.
Talbot Arms Inn and posting house, Ts. Masters, Mkp.
Talbot, John Willis, Stafford road
White Horse, Wm. Brandrick, Bow st.
White Lion, Thomas Young, Sheep fair
White Swan, John Waltho, Wst.
Iron Founders and Stove Grate mkrs.
Chatterton Ts. Whf.
Hatfield Thomas, (& book cases, chests, troughs, racks, pumps, pipes, gates, hurdles, engines, & mill work, &c.) Albion foundry
Joiners & Builders.
Bullock Rt. Mkp.
Chatterton Ts. Whf.
Cheshire Thos. Alst
Craddock Saml. Brn.
Smytheman, Ts. Sfr.
Smytheman, Wm. & Rowland, Sheep fr.



Turner Danl. Hfr.
Linen & Wm. Drprs.
See Grocers also:
Collett Henry, Mkt.
Ottey Wm. Mkt.
Parkes Mtw, Mkt.
Lock makers.
Halbard John, (and bell hanger) Wst.
Halbard Wm. Wst.
Maltsters.
Cox John, Wharf
Ottey Walter, Wst.
Rhead David, Alst.
Salisbury Sl. Mkt.
Salt Charles, Slm.
Searratt Rd. Robothame, Cst.
Tunnicliff John, Sfr.
Tunnicliff Rt. Bst.
Milliners and Straw Hat mkrs.
Buckney Jane, Stft.
Myatt Mary, Stft.
Wood Sarah, Wst.
Plumbers, Painters, and Glaziers.
Bennet Thos. Mkp.
Hawkins Wm. Wst.
Todd Wm. (painter and gilder) Wst.
Goodisse John, Cst.
Rope & Twine mkrs.
Alldritt John, Canal side and Brn.
Barker John, Brn.
Saddlers.
Myatt Geo. Stft.
Purden Frns. Mkp.
Salisbury Wm. Bartholomew, Mkt.
Shopkeepers.
Birch Leigh, Stft.
Chamberlain Elis. & Ann, Wst.
Chatterton Wm. Wst.
Cope John, Hfr.
Degge Joseph, Mkt.
Dorber Wm. Brn.
Imms Samuel, Sfr.
Marsh Thomas, Hfr.
Tomlinson Wm. Sfr.
Surgeons.
Basford Wm. Mkp.
Barnett Saml. Hfr.
Fortescue Saml. Hfr.
Freer Richard, Cht.
Salt Thomas, Wst.
Tailors.
Craddock Geo. Brn.
Dicken Geo. Wst.
Emery Thos. Bees ln.
Lawrence Ths. Mpt.
Porter Thomas, Alst.
Woolley Edw. Stft.
Turners and Chair makers:
Brandrick Wm. Bst.
Cooper Wm. Mpt.
Cross Ralph, (turner) Albion st.
Tunnicliff Rt. Bst.
Watch & Clock mkrs.
Gilbert Thos. Wst.
Gilbert Wm. Mpt.
Rhead Wm. Stft.
Wheelwrights.
Dicken Thomas, Cst.
Hine Rd. (and coach mkr.) Horse fair

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COACHES

Pass daily through Rugeley to *Lichfield* and *London*, ¼ bef. 7 mg., 3 aft., 9 night, and 1 mg.; to *Stafford* and *Liverpool*, at ¼ p. 7 mg., & 9 mg.; to Manchester ¼ p. 10 mg. & to Chester ¼ p. 11 mg.

The *True Blue*, from the Talbot Arms to Lichfield and Birmingham, at ¼ p. 6 mg. daily, expt. Sunday, (returns 7 ngt.)

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LAND CARRIERS.

To *Lichfield*, Edith Higgitt, Wellington st.; Joseph Hollom, Market pl. and John Sweet, Horse fair, ev. Friday.

To *Stafford*, Jph. Hollom, Market pl.; John Sweet, Horse fair; and Edith Higgitt, Wellington st. Saturday.

To *Uttoxeter*, Jno. Sweet, & Edith Higgitt, Wed. & Ts. Taylor, from the Shoulder of Mutton, Thu.

To *Uttoxeter*, *Tutbury*, & *Yoxall*, from the Dog & Partridge, Jph. Bosworth, Mon.

To *Walsall*, (Shoulder of Mutton,) Wm. Bradbury, Thu.

To *Wolverhampton*, Jph. Hollom, Market pl. every other Wed.

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WATER CARRIAGE.

Goods are conveyed daily to all parts of the kingdom, from the canal wharf; (agt. Geo. Marsh.)

SHARESHILL is a small but neat village, pleasantly seated on an eminence, 6 miles N. by E. of Wolverhampton, comprising within its parish 520 inhabitants, and about 1400 acres of good loamy land, divided into the two *townships* of Shareshill and Great and Little Saredon, which maintain their poor separately. The Right Hon. E. J. Littleton is lord of both *manors* and patron of the Church, but the greater part of the soil belongs to a number of other proprietors, the largest of whom are *Mrs. Petit, of* Lichfield, and Henry Hordern, Esq.,

of Wolverhampton. Shareshill is supposed to be a place of great antiquity, from the vestiges of two *encampments* on the north and south sides of the village, which, being of a square form, are conjectured to be of Roman construction. In the 1st of Henry IV., Sir Wm. de Shareshall, resided here, and was sheriff of the county. In the Church, which, with the exception of the tower, is of modern erection, are several curious antique monuments, preserved at the demolition of the ancient edifice. The living is a *curacy* now enjoyed by the Rev. G. B. Clare, of Wolverhampton. It is within the *Peculiar* jurisdiction of Penkridge.—(See p. 503.)

SAREDON (GREAT & LITTLE,) are two hamlets forming one township, the former 7¼ and the latter 6½ miles N. by E. of Wolverhampton, near the Cannock branch of the river Penk, which, as well as a smaller stream which divides Saredon from Shareshill, abounds in trout and other fish. The latter stream flows from Essington Wood, and has upon its banks, the large *corn mills* of Saredon and Deepmoor.

Benefactions to Shareshill Poor.—In 1732, *Henry Vernon, Esq.*, left a yearly rent charge of 40s. out of the manor of Hilton; one-half to the minister for a sermon on St. Paul's day, and the other to buy bibles, &c., for the poor. Another annuity of 20s. out of land in Little Saredon, is distributed in bibles, &c., but the donor is unknown. *Saredon township* has the following yearly doles, viz., 5s. out of Bentley Green, and £3 as the rent of Tranter's croft.

SAREDON (GT. & LITTLE.)
Marked 1 *are at Great Saredon.*

1 Hobday Wm. maltster
Jarvis John, blacksmith
Perry Mary, day school
Starkey Thomas, corn miller

FARMERS.

Bickford Wm.
Hordern Jph.
Jackson Jph. Holly bush
1 Jeffreys Rd.
1 Pratt Thomas
Stokes Chas.
Stokes & Foster, Black lees
Wood John

SHARESHILL.

Barnes Edward, gent.
Braddock James, vict. and maltster, Horse and Jockey
Dawes Chas. blksmith. & beer hs.
Doughty Mrs.
Fox Chas. James, wheelwright
Hordern Miss Ann
Horobin Rd. blacksmith
Meyrick Thomas, gent.
Perks Thos. butcher, & beer hs.
Taylor William, shoemaker and overseer
Turner John, vict. Swan

FARMERS.

Cale John
Chamberlain John
Jackson John
Smith Ts. (& maltster)
Stubbs Thos.
Wood Chas.

SHERIFF-HALES is a scattered village, 7 miles W.N.W of Brewood, and 5 miles from Newport and Shiffnall. Its parish extends into Shropshire, and has 1109 inhabitants, of whom 195 are in that county, and 914 in Staffordshire, which comprises the village and the hamlets of Weston-heath and *Little* Chatwell, and all the farms named in the following *Directory*. The Duke of Sutherland is owner of nearly all the



parish, lord of the manor, impropriator, and patron of the *Church*, which is a neat stone fabric dedicated to St. Mary, and seated on an eminence above a small stream that divides it from Shropshire. The living is a vicarage, valued in the King's books at £11. 1s. 8d., and now enjoyed by the Rev. John Hinckley. Here is a small *National School*, supported by subscription. The poor have the interest of £30, bequeathed by Messrs. Gregory and Collier, and an annuity of 5s. left by Margaret Churme, in 1673.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *are at Little Chatwell*, 2 *at Weston Heath, and* 3 *at Brockton Grange.*

Adams Wm. and Cathn. teachers, National school
Dean Wm. shoemaker
Felton John, blacksmith
Hinckley Rev. John, vicar
Porter Thomas, wheelwright
Shotton Benj. blacksmith

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Bell, John Whittle, (& maltster)
2 Plough, Martha Plant
Sun, John Whittingham

FARMERS.

1 Adams Jph. Belliss John, Burleughton
2 Bray Thos. Brown Saml. (& maltster)
3 Burder Chas. Foster
Corser Thomas
Finney R. King street grange
1 Harding Chs.
Peake Eliz.
Pickin William, Hilton
Whittle Thos.

A Mail Gig from Newport to Shiffnal, leaves letters at Cornelius Brockley's, shopkeeper, at 9 mng. ret. at ¼ 3 aft.

TEDDESLEY-HAY is an *Extra Parochial* manor, comprising upwards of 1400 acres of land, on the western side of the extensive waste of Cannock Chase, from which it was enclosed by its late owner, Sir Edward Littleton, who, previous to deserting his ancient and decayed family seat, at Pilaton, (see p. 505,) erected TEDDESLEY HALL, a noble mansion, seated on an eminence 2 miles N.N.E. of Penkridge, nearly in the centre of this now fertile liberty, a large portion of which forms the park, pleasure grounds, and gardens. The late *Sir Edward Littleton, Bart.*, was chosen five times to represent this county in Parliament, and was remarkable for his patriotism in the senate, and his hospitality at his country residence. He was a zealous promoter of the Staffordshire and Worcestershire canal, which passes near the Trent, at the west end of the park, within half a mile of the hall. He died without issue, about the year 1812, when his estates passed to his nephew, *Edward John Walhouse, Esq.*, of Hatherton, (see p. 235,) who assumed the name of *Littleton*, and who has ever since ably filled the office of his predecessor, as one of the Parliamentary representatives of Staffordshire; and in June, 1833, was appointed to the high office of *Chief Secretary of Ireland*, where, by the most strict and scrupulous impartiality, and the firm and unflinching manner in which he has held the balance of justice between opposing interests, he has assisted materially in allaying that dreadful storm *of insurrection*, which, during the preceding twelve *months, had threatened* the total subversion of law and order

in that interesting but unhappy country. During the 22 years in which he has represented Staffordshire, Mr. Littleton has, on all occasions, evinced an enthusiastic devotedness to the interests of his constituents, who consequently regard him with the highest esteem, and have on every election placed him in an invincible situation, against the opposition of any candidate who might venture into the field. Indeed, it has recently been asserted in the public journals, "that the cares, the toils, and the exertions to which he has submitted, in the discharge of what he conceived to be his duty as a member for Staffordshire, would have exhausted many a man's strength, and sunk him prematurely to the grave." The other principal inhabitants in Teddesley-Hay, besides the Right Hon. E. J. Littleton, M.P., are Mr. John Bright, the steward, and the Rev. Evan Price, curate of Dunston and Acton Trussell. The population of the liberty, in 1831, amounted only to 50 souls; the whole of the land being in the occupation of its distinguished owner.

WESTON-UNDER-LIZARD is a small village and parish, comprising 257 inhabitants and about 2000 acres of fertile land, bounded on the south and west by Shropshire; being distant only 5 miles N.E. of Shiffnal, and the same distance W. by N. of Brewood. *Lizard* is the name of a hill in Shropshire, and is applied to this parish to distinguish it from that of Weston-upon-Trent. The *Church* is a small ancient fabric, dedicated to St. Andrew, and is a rectory valued in the King's books at £6. 7s. 8d. It is in the patronage of the Right Hon. George Augustus Frederick Henry Bridgeman, *Earl of Bradford, Viscount Newport, a Baronet, and D.C.L.*, who is owner of the whole parish, except a few acres of glebe, and resides at WESTON HALL, an ancient mansion, standing near the church and the Roman Watling-street, within a beautiful and extensive park. The Earl's other seat is at Castle Bromwich, in Warwickshire.

BENEFACTIONS.—*Sir Thomas Wilbraham*, in 1684, bequeathed a yearly rent charge of £10 out of Lord's fields, in Bobington, for apprenticing two poor boys, one from this parish and the other from Blymhill. In 1704, *Lady Wilbraham* left £5 per annum, out of land at Little Onn, to be employed in repairing Weston church. In 1804, £577. 10s. was received as arrears of these rent charges, and £200 of it was laid out in repairing the church. In 1820, there still remained a balance of £322 in the hands of the trustee, the late Earl of Bradford. The yearly sum of £5. 5s. is paid by the present Earl, as the interest of £105 left to the poor of Weston, by James Cox and Mr. Goodwin, in 1750 and 1786; and he and his lady generously pay for the education of several poor children in the parish.

Bradford Earl of, Weston hall
Bray John, blacksmith and shopkeeper
Clark Wm. gamekeeper
Davidson Alex. gardener
Fielden Rev. Oswald, rector
Thompson, Saml. joiner & cabinet maker
Warrender John and Eliz. day school

FARMERS.

Belliss John | Jellicoe Wm.
Clews Thos. | Lloyd Thos.
Grove John | Vaughan Geo.

A Post daily from Shiffnal, at 6 mng.

PIREHILL HUNDRED.

Pirehill, the most populous and one of the largest of the five hundreds of Staffordshire, is as remarkable for the fertility of its soil, for the beauty and diversity of its scenery, and the number and magnificence of its seats of nobility and gentry, as it is for the extent and importance of its manufactures of *china and earthenware*, in the long chain of towns and villages called the *Potteries*,—and of *shoes*, at Stafford and Stone. It is about 28 miles in length, and from 8 to 15 in breadth, and is bounded on the north-east by Totmanslow, on the east by Offlow, on the south by Cuttlestone Hundred, and on the west and north-west by Shropshire and Cheshire. The *Trent* rises at its northern extremity, and flows through it in a south-easterly direction, passing the noble *seats* of Trentham, Ingestre, Shugborough, and Wolseley; and nearly parallel with that river runs the Trent and Mersey Canal. It contains three *boroughs*, viz. Stafford, (the county town), Newcastle-under-Lyme, and Stoke-upon-Trent, which latter obtained its parliamentary franchise from the Reform Bill, and includes the whole of the Potteries. Besides these, Pirehill has six other *market towns*, viz. Burslem, Hanley-and-Shelton, Lane-End, Stone, Eccleshall, and Abbots Bromley. It comprises 5 *extra parochial places*, 42 *parishes*, and 14 *chapelries*; subdivided into 126 *townships*, and containing several hundred *villages* and *hamlets*. It is separated into the north and south divisions, under the control of two chief constables. The following is an enumeration of its parishes and extra parochial liberties, shewing the annual value of the lands and buildings, as assessed for the property tax, in 1815, and the population of each in the years 1801 and 1831; from which it will be seen that the number of the inhabitants has been nearly doubled during the last thirty years; but the great bulk of this vast augmentation has occurred in the Potteries, and at Newcastle, Stone, and Stafford. The *north and south divisions* are at present of very unequal extent and population; but by the CHANGES now contemplated by the county magistrates, Barlaston parish will be annexed to the *north*, and the whole of the parishes of Eccleshall, Adbaston, High Offley, and Seighford, will be annexed to the *south division*. At present, the large parishes of Adbaston, Eccleshall, and Seighford, have *townships in both* divisions, an inconvenience which divides *many of their parochial* affairs between the two chief constables.

(1) The figures in parenthesis () show the number of townships in the parish to which they are affixed, the names of which appear in small print with the rest of their respective parishes.

North Div. (Parishes.)	Ann. Val. 1815.	Population 1801.	Population 1831.
	£		
Adbaston * (4)	3809	407	801
Ashley	2208	605	925
Audley (7)	13891	2346	3617
Balterley twp. †	1012	237	365
Betley	2204	670	870
Biddulph	4390	1180	1967
Burslem (3)	22208	6578	12714
Drayton-in-Hales ‡ (part of) (3)	3632	607	797
Eccleshall § (20)	25755	3487	4471
High Offley	3079	523	759
Keele	453	904	1130
Madeley (2)	7273	945	1190
Maer (2)	2542	392	505
Muccleston (5)	4161	683	964
Newcastle-under-Lyme ‡‡	12609	4604	8192
Norton-on-the-Moors (2)	3419	1480	2407
Standon	4194	332	429
Stoke-on-Trent ‖ (12)	59553	16414	37239
Swinnerton	7433	648	791
Trentham (6)	11909	1857	2344
Whitmore	2433	234	281
Wolstanton §§ (12)	20522	4667	10853
Total North Div.	227444	49690	93183

South Div. (Parishes.)	Ann. Val. 1815.	Population 1801.	Population 1831.
	£		
Abbots Bromley (3)	9634	868	1621
Barlaston	2983	349	516
Blithfield (1)	4019	439	467
Chartley Lodge ex. p.	—	9	8
Chebsey (2)	5638	441	634
Colton	5584	543	679
Cotwich (3)	13147	698	674
Creswell ex. p.	—	47	71
Ellenhall	1999	256	298
Gayton	1839	273	296
Ingestre	1816	115	136
Milwich	3019	457	531
Ranton	2209	295	423
Ranton Monastery	754	14	17
Sandon	5170	332	356
Seighford (3)	6.95	841	838
Stafford † † (7)	19579	4949	8513
Stone (4 qrs.)	31786	2843	7958
Stowe	8823	653	1282
Tixall	3070	198	176
Weston-on-Trent (2)	2186	306	346
Total South Div.	128438	13256	25868
Grand Total -	355882	64946	119051

* *Butchacre* (*extra parochial*) is included with Adbaston.

† Balterley is in *Barthomley parish*, which is mostly in Cheshire.

‡ *Drayton-in Hales* is mostly in Salop. Its three townships in Staffordshire, are Almington, Hales, and Bloor in Tyrley.

§ *Ecclesha'l parish* is very extensive, including 20 townships, the *chapelries* of *Broughton* and *Chorlton*, and the seat of the Bishop.

‖ *Stoke-upon-Trent parish* includes the greater part of the *Potteries*, having within its limits the populous towns and chapelries of *Hanley*, *Shelton*, *Longton*, Lane-Delph, *Lane-End*, and the two Fentons. As a *borough*, created by the Reform Bill, it includes also Burslem and Tunstall. The parish of Stoke formerly included *Burslem*, *Newcastle-under-Lyme*, *Norton-on-the-Moors*, and *Whitmore*; and under the operation of the same, and another Act of Parliament, it is intended to undergo a further reduction by the creation of three more *new parishes*, as will be seen at a subsequent page.

‡‡ Newcastle, though surrounded by the *north*, belongs to the *south* vision

§§ *Tunstall* and Golden Hill, at the north end of the Potteries, are in Wol- parish

Stafford is a borough with two united parishes and several out-boroughs.

HISTORY

OF THE

STAFFORDSHIRE POTTERIES.

This grand seat of the porcelain and earthernware manufactures has encreased its population, during the last thirty years, from 27,000 to about 60,000 souls, and now comprises a chain of towns and villages, connected by a continuity of modern streets and buildings, and extending, in a serpentine figure, nearly ten miles in length, through the parishes of Stoke-upon-Trent, Burslem, and Wolstanton, in the vale, and on the picturesque declivities of the hills from which the river Trent receives several tributary streams within a few miles of its source, in the north-western division of Staffordshire; having the Moorlands on the east and north, the beautiful seat of Trentham on the south, and the town and borough of Newcastle-under-Lyme on the west. By the Reform Bill (passed in June 1832,) the Potteries are enfranchised, and send two representatives to Parliament, under the name of the *Borough of Stoke-upon-Trent*. This populous district extends from Stoke, which is about a mile E. of Newcastle, to about 5 miles N.N.E., and to the same distance E.S.E. of the latter town.—In passing through it, from *south to north*, the towns and suburbs of this busy scene of industry may be visited as follows: 1st. LANE-END, WITH LONGTON and the *Foley;* 2nd. LANE-DELPH, with FENTON; 3rd. STOKE, with *Penkhull* and *Boothen;* 4th. HANLEY-and-SHELTON, with *Etruria*, *Vale-pleasant*, *Cobridge*, and *Sneyd-Green;* 5th. BURSLEM, with *Hot Lane*, *Hamill*, *Dale Hall*, *Newport*, and *Longport;* and 6th. TUNSTALL, with *Brown Hills*, *Clay Hills*, *Greenfield*, (formerly Smithfield,) *Green Lane*, and *Golden Hill*. This now extensive and densely populated seat of the china and earthenware manufactures, consisted, about a century ago, merely of several detached hamlets, with a few scattered potteries, at which only the coarser kinds of earthenware were fabricated; but what a change has taken place!—the ingenuity of the artizan has been aided by the researches of the mineralogist and chemist, in raising the Staffordshire Potteries to the enviable

as has been seen at page 110. With the Stafford returns are included the *extra-parochial places of Worston and Yarlet.*

☞ *The population of the townships* was not shewn separately in the returns of the year 1801, but the number of inhabitants in these and other parochial divisions, in the year 1831, will be found in the following historical and topographical survey of the parishes in this Hundred.

rank which they now hold in the commercial world of two Continents; and the district, which was thinly inhabited, and wore a bleak and barren aspect, till the middle of the last century, now boasts a long range of contiguous towns and villages, with spacious and well built streets;—many elegant public edifices and handsome villas;—canals extended to the very doors of its numerous and extensive manufactories;—and a population of 60,000 souls, as will be seen in the history and topographical description of the three parishes of Stoke, Burslem, and Wolstanton.

The period of time at which the manufacture of Earthenware was introduced into this county, cannot now be clearly ascertained: it may, however, be traced with certainty for two centuries back. At that time, its principal seat was the town of Burslem, then called the *Butter Pottery*, from a manufactory established there for making butter-pots. These pots were of a cylindrical form, and, under the provisions of an Act of Parliament obtained for the purpose about 1670, were of a certain size and weight (6lbs.,) and made to contain not less than fourteen pounds of butter. This Act, it seems, was obtained in consequence of a fraud practised upon the public by the inhabitants of the Moorlands, by making these pots thick at the bottom, in order to increase their weight.

In 1686, *Plott* gave the following account of the rude state of the Potteries of this neighbourhood. "The greatest Pottery (says he) they have in this county, is carried on at *Burslem*, where for making their several sorts of *pots*, they have as many different sorts of *clay*, which they dig round about the town, all within half a mile distance; the best being found nearest the coal, and are distinguished by their colours and uses as follows; viz., *bottle clay*, of a bright whitish streaked yellow colour; the *hard fire clay*, of a duller whitish colour, and fuller interspersed with a dark yellow, which they use for their black wares, being mixed with the *red blending clay*, which is of a dirty red colour; and the *white clay*, so called, it seems, though of a bluish colour, and used for making yellow-coloured ware, because yellow is the *lightest* colour they make any ware of; all which they call *throwing clays*, because they are of a closer texture, and will work on the wheel; which the other three clays called *slips* will not; these being of looser and more friable natures, and being mixed by the potters with water into a consistency thinner than a [illegible], so that, being put into a bucket, it will run out through [illegible], and is the liquor wherewith they paint their wares. [illegible]rt is called the *orange slip*, which, before it is worked, is [illegible]ish colour, mixed with orange balls, and gives the ware [illegible]nnealed) an orange colour; another is called the *white* [illegible]d before it is worked is of a dark bluish colour, yet it [illegible] the ware yellow, which being the lightest colour they

make, they call it the white slip; and the third called the *red slip*, is made of a dirty reddish clay, which gives wares a black colour. When the *potter* has wrought the clay either into *hollow* or *flat wares*, they are set abroad to dry in fair weather, but by the fire in foul, turning them as they see occasion, which they call *waving:* when they are dry they *stouk* them, i. e. put *ears* and *handles* to such *vessels* as require them: These also being dry, they then *slip* or *paint* them with their several sorts of *slip*, according as they design their *work*, when the first *slip* is dry, laying on the *others* at their leisure, the *orange slip* making the ground, and the *white* and *red* the *paint;* which two colours they break with a wire *brush*, much after the manner they do when they *marble* paper, and then *cloud* them with a *pencil* when they are pretty dry. After the *vessels* are painted, they *lead* them with that sort of *lead ore* they call *smithum*, which is the smallest *ore* of all, beaten into dust, finely sifted and strewed upon them; which gives them the *gloss*, but not the colour; all the *colours* being chiefly given by the variety of *slips*, except the *motley-colour*, which is procured by blending the *lead* with *manganese*. But when they have a mind to shew the utmost of their *skill* in giving their *wares* a fairer *gloss* than ordinary, they *lead* them then with lead *calcined* into powder, which they also sift fine, and strew it on them as before, which not only gives them a higher *gloss*, but goes much further too in their work, than *lead ore* would have done. After this is done, they are carried to the *oven*, which is ordinarily above 8 foot high, and about six foot wide, of a round coped form, where they are placed one upon another from the bottom to the top: if they be *ordinary wares*, such as *cylindrical butter-pots*, &c., that are not *leaded*, they are exposed to the *naked* fire, and so is all their *flat ware*, though it be *leaded*, having only *parting-shards*, i. e. thin bits of old pots put between them, to keep them from *sticking* together: But if they be *leaded hollow wares*, they do not expose them to the *naked* fire, but put them in *shragers*, that is, in coarse metalled pots, made of *marle* (not *clay*) of divers forms, according as their *wares* require, in which they put commonly three pieces of *clay* called *bobbs* for the ware to stand on, to keep it from sticking to the *shragers*. In 24 hours an oven of pots will be burnt, then they let the fire go out by degrees, which in ten hours more will be perfectly done, and then they draw them for *sale*, which is chiefly to the poor *crate-men*, who carry them at their backs all over the country."

The above is admitted to be a faithful description of the state of the Potteries down to the latter part of the 17th century; indeed, there were persons living when Pitt wrote, in 1817, who remembered the manufactories being carried on in Burslem upon a similar principle. The authenticity of Plott is further corroborated by numerous specimens of the wares, which he de-



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quently formed of the whitest clay and the pounded gritstone from Baddeley Edge and Mole Cop; but from the scarcity and expense of this clay, (which had to be brought by land-carriage, there being then no canals,) the ware made from it was remarkably thin. After passing through the hands of the flowerers, the ornaments were sometimes rubbed over with pounded smalts, so that when fired they were of a fine blue colour. About the year 1720, a considerable improvement was made by mixing the white clays of Devonshire or Dorsetshire, with a proportion of *calcined flint*,* which had been previously pounded and passed through a fine sieve. This produced a very superior ware, which was glazed by pouring salt into the oven when it had reached the highest degree of heat, that the materials were capable of sustaining without fusing the body, which frequently happened, especially if the heat was increased, after the salt had been thrown into the oven, as thereby too great a vitrification of the body took place, and an inferior sort of *porcelain* was unintentionally produced. The articles manufactured from these materials were very durable, and of a neat and clear appearance; so that they soon found their way not only to distant parts of England, but also to the markets of Holland, Germany, Russia, and other parts of the continent of Europe. The articles for some time consisted of circular pieces, or of such only as could be produced on the thrower's wheel, and finished on the lathe. The only kind of *moulds* then in use were made of brass, or a kind of clay known by the name of *Tough Tom;* and many of them have been found in digging the foundations of buildings in Burslem. About this time,

* FLINT appears to have been first used in the manufacture of porcelain from an accidental discovery of its properties. Simeon Shaw, who, in his History of the Staffordshire Potteries, has entered largely upon the invidious task of eulogizing most of the potters now living, also notices many departed worthies; among whom he gives the honour of introducing flint, to a *Mr. Astbury*, who, in 1720, being on a journey to London on horseback, had arrived at Dunstable, when he was compelled to seek a remedy for his horse's eyes, which seemed to be rapidly going blind. "The ostler at the inn where he stayed, burnt a flint stone till quite red, then he pulverized it very fine, and by blowing a little of the dust into each eye, occasioned both to discharge much matter, and be greatly benefitted. Mr. Astbury, having noticed the white colour of the calcined flint,—the ease with which it was then reduced to powder,—and its clayey nature when discharged in the moisture from the horse's eyes,—immediately conjectured that it might be usefully employed to render of a different colour the pottery he made. On his return home, he availed himself of his observation; and soon obtained a preference for his ware, which produced considerable advantages. The specimens warrant the conclusion that he first employed the flint, (after it had been calcined and pounded in a mortar,) in a mixture with water, to a thick pulp, as a *wash* or *dip*, which he applied to give a coating to the vessels, some time before he introduced it along with the clay into the body of his ware; for which method, a person, a few years afterwards, obtained a patent, and some time used it." The pounding or grinding of flint in a dry state, having proved very injurious to the lungs of the workmen, MILLS were afterwards erected for the purpose of grinding it in water.

Ralph Daniel, a potter of Cobridge, during his travels through France, visited a manufactory where *plaster moulds* were used, one of which he brought with him (a table plate,) the pattern of which, together with several others, were imitated by *Aaron Wood*, whose business it was to make models for the potters. Moulds were now made of plaster or gypsum, for the manufacture of complete table services of different fanciful patterns, barley-corn, mosaic, basket work, &c. There were at this period twenty *pottery ovens* in Burslem, all of which cast in their salt glazing at the same time, generally on the Saturday morning, from nine to twelve o'clock. This occasioned such immense volumes of smoke, as literally to envelope the whole neighbourhood for several hours, so that persons not unfrequently mistook their way, or ran against each other, during the continuance of this process. This white glaze soon attracted the attention of the *enamellers* from the china and Dutch-tile manufactories, then established in different parts of the kingdom, who began to cover their carved work with fine enamel colours, and soon afterwards made great progress in *painting* groups of figures, flowers, birds, &c., and in copying the paintings of the richest china from the East, upon their tea, coffee, and dessert sets, as well as on vases, jars, figures, and other ornamental and useful articles. Various improvements in the body, glaze, and workmanship of the ware, gradually succeeded; and the manufacture of the *white stone ware* soon extended itself along the whole range of the district now called "The Potteries." By the addition of manganese, rubbed upon the salt glaze, was produced a new article called *tortoiseshell ware*. Another variety termed *agate ware*, was produced by the addition of ground zaffer, applied with a sponge or the point of a hair pencil. Of this latter ware, was made *hafts for knives and forks, snuff boxes, &c. &c.* The hafts were sent to Sheffield, and the boxes were fitted up with hinges and hoops at Birmingham. From an exterior application of calcined copper, iron, and other metals, was produced *cauliflower ware, mellon ware, &c.* Another beautiful article, denominated the *cream coloured ware*, was first made in 1750, by *Enoch Booth*, of Tunstall, from a fluid glaze of lead ore, with a small admixture of ground flint. *Messrs. Thomas and John Wedgwood*, of Burslem, erected the first manufactory here, "not covered with thatch; and in 1750, they built near it a handsome mansion, which so far exceeded the other dwellings in the district, that it was distinguished by the appellation of the "*Big House*," a name which it still retains. They retired from business in 1763, after making considerable improvement, and amassing a large fortune in the manufacture of white stone ware. Until after the year 1750, the sum of 5s. 6d. or 6s. was considered the full *weekly wages* of a journeyman potter, and 7s. per week

was sufficient for a modeller or a man who had the sole management of the largest pottery.

Josiah Wedgwood, Esq., F.R.S. & S.A.—Though improvements were successively made by many of the potters, both in the body and glaze of their wares, they were excelled and undersold by the French manufacturers, until 1763, when the injurious effects of foreign importations were checked by Mr. Josiah Wedgwood, who, by a series of improvements, introduced in that year, a new species of earthenware, of a firm and durable body, covered with a rich and brilliant glaze, and bearing sudden vicissitudes of cold and heat, without injury. This ware was accompanied also with the advantages of being manufactured with ease and expedition, was sold cheap, and consequently it came quickly into general estimation and use. To this ware the Queen was pleased to give her name and patronage, commanding it to be called the Queen's ware, and honouring the inventor by appointing him her Majesty's potter. It is composed of the whitest clays from various places, mixed with a due proportion of flint. The pieces are fired twice, and the glaze applied after the first firing, in the same manner as porcelain. The *glaze* is a vitreous composition of flint and other white earthy bodies, with an addition of white lead for the flux, so that when prepared in perfection, the ware may be considered as coated over with real flint glass. To Mr. Wedgwood's continued experiments, we are indebted for the invention of several other species of earthenware and porcelain. The principal are the following:—1st. A Terra Cotta; resembling porphyry, granite, Egyptian pebble, and other beautiful stones of the siliceous or crystalline order. 2nd. Basaltes, or *Black Ware;* a black porcelain biscuit of nearly the same properties with the natural stone; striking fire with steel, receiving a high polish, serving as a touchstone for metals, resisting all acids, and bearing without injury, a strong fire, stronger indeed than the basaltes itself. 3rd. White Porcelain Biscuit, of a smooth, wax-like surface, of the same properties with the preceding, except in the colour. 4th. Jasper; a white porcelain biscuit of exquisite beauty and delicacy, possessing the general properties of the basaltes, together with the singular one of receiving through its whole substance, from the admixture of metallic calces with the other materials, the same colours which those calces communicate to glass or enamels in fusion; a property which no other porcelain or earthenware body, of ancient or modern composition, has been found to possess. This renders it peculiarly fit for making *cameos, portraits*, and all subjects in *basso relievo*, as the ground may be of any particular colour, while the raised figures are of pure white. 5th. Bamboo, or cane-coloured biscuit porcelain, possessing the same properties as the white porcelain mentioned above; and 6th. A Porce-

LAIN BISCUIT, remarkable for great hardness, little inferior to that of agate. This property, together with its resistance of the strongest acids and corrosives, and its impenetrability by every known liquid, adapts it for mortars, and many kinds of chemical vessels. These six different species, with the Queen's ware already noticed, expanded by the industry and ingenuity of the manufacturers of the present day, into an infinity of forms, for ornament and use, variously painted and embellished, —constitute nearly the whole of the present fine English earthenwares and porcelain, which are now become the source of a very extensive trade, and which, considered as an object of national art, industry, and commerce, may be ranked among the most important manufactures of the United Kingdom. *Mr. Wedgwood* was the younger son of a master potter, but derived little or no property from his father, so that he was the maker of his own fortune. At an early period of his life, seeing the impossibility of extending considerably the manufacture he was engaged in, without the advantages of inland navigation, he was a zealous promoter of the *Trent and Mersey Canal*, of which he cut the first clod in 1760, and had the satisfaction of seeing the great work completed in 1777. He died in 1795, aged 64, at the beautiful seat, village, and manufactory, which he built, near Hanley-and-Shelton, and to which he gave the name of ETRURIA, from a colony of Phœnician potters who settled at the foot of Mount Vesuvius, in Italy, 1000 years before the birth of Christ, and there assumed the name of *Etruscans*, but whose capital, *Etruria*, was overwhelmed by that dreadful eruption of the fiery mountain which destroyed the cities of *Pompeii* and *Herculaneum*, in the year A.D. 79. The antique and splendid specimens of vases, busts, and other articles of porcelain dug out of the ruins of these cities during the last century, served Mr. Wedgwood as models for the improvement of his productions.

Another great improvement and facility in the decoration of china and earthenware, effected in Mr. Wedgwood's time, is the art of *printing* upon the glaze various devices from copper plates, said to have been first discovered by Mr. Carver, an engraver, employed by Messrs. Sadler and Green, of Liverpool, to which town Mr. Wedgwood for some time sent a waggon-load of cream-coloured ware, once a fortnight, to be printed on this new method. In a few years, however, many engravers ed in the Potteries; and the impressions taken from their r plates, upon thin soft paper, were transferred to the ware s plan still in use, but which, like every other process, has gone considerable improvement. Contemporary with the r. Wedgwood, were many other geniuses in the art of y, some of whom, after spending many thousand pounds beting their improvements, were ruined for want of an diate and adequate demand for their wares.

JOSIAH SPODE, Esq., of Stoke, who died in 1827, was one of the latest and most successful improvers of the Staffordshire porcelain manufacture. Mr. S. and his father had long been famed for the production of *blue-printed* and other earthenwares; and in the year 1800, he commenced the manufacture of porcelain, superior in quality to any previously made in England, and in imitation of that made at Sevres, in France, which it equalled, if it did not surpass, in *transparency*;—the body having in it a large admixture of *bone and feldspar*. His enameller, Mr. Henry Daniel, introduced in 1802, the present method of ornamenting china, in raised unburnished *gold*. Mr. Spode's manufactory at Stoke (now carried on by his son's successors,) is not surpassed in extent by any other in Europe, and possesses the advantages of canal carriage to its very interior. In 1806, the *Prince of Wales and Duke of Clarence*, (his late and present majesties,) being at Trentham, visited this extensive manufactory. Mr. S. had so arranged, that all his work people were attired in their best clothing to receive the Royal Brothers, who were so highly gratified with the display of pottery and porcelain in the large warehouse, (117 feet long) that Mr. S. received the appointment of "*Potter to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.*" MESSRS. G. AND C. MASON, of Lane-Delph, also deserve honourable mention for the improvements they have made in their "*Patent Ironstone China*," which, from its strength and durability, is well adapted for jugs, jars, vases, dinner services, &c. Their front warehouse is very commodious, and has one of the handsomest façades of any in the district. That eminent manufacturer and antiquary, ENOCH WOOD, Esq., of Burslem, has long been regarded as the "venerable Father of the Potteries." His extensive works at Burslem occupy the site of five old factories, and present all the appearance of an immense laboratory and the machinery of a skilful experimentalist, together with a MUSEUM, in which the worthy proprietor has collected and arranged specimens illustrative of the rise and progress of the art of pottery in Staffordshire. Among the other extensive and ingenious manufacturers of the present day, whose united genius has contributed to the improvement of the varied and beautiful productions of this populous and highly interesting district, are, *Messrs. Ridgway*, of Shelton; *Davenport*, of Longport; *Bourne*, of Fenton; *Dimmock*, of Hanley; *Hicks and Meigh*, of Shelton; *Meigh*, of Hanley; *Minton*, of Stoke; and many others: but to do ample justice to the merits of the departed and the surviving worthies of the Potteries, would require more space than the limits of this work will admit; we must therefore conclude by observing that *all* have contributed towards raising the Potteries to the high rank which they now hold in the scale of national consequence;—"the generation that has passed away, will ever be remembered with grateful veneration for having begun the goodly fabric upon a firm and durable

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foundation: whilst their descendants are entitled to equal honour for having raised a superstructure worthy the talents and patriotism of their predecessors."

The natural advantages, which have contributed to render this district the permanent and most extensive seat of the earthenware manufacture, are the abundance and variety of those essential mineral substances COAL and CLAY, found within its limits, and in its immediate vicinity. The coal field has upwards of 30 different beds from 1 to 10 feet thick; and connected with them are productive veins of marl, of which the saggars and fire bricks of the potter's kilns are made. In 1686, the *price of coal per ton* was 1s. 4d.; in 1795, 4s. 6d.; and in 1829, 8s. 4d. "Here also the potters enjoy [illegible] of the chief natural benefits which can be connected with human existence,—air extremely salubrious; water of [illegible] purity; the sun seldom obscured by fogs; and an [illegible] from damp; [illegible] owing to the hilly surface of the ground, the immense volumes of smoke which are generated here, are quickly dispersed; so that with these advantages, the Potteries may be considered as one of the pleasantest, as well as one of the [illegible] of industry in this kingdom, [illegible] will [illegible] [illegible]

STOKE-UPON-TRENT PARISH.

The Parish of Stoke-upon-Trent comprises [illegible] of [illegible] of the Staffordshire Potteries, [illegible] ing all the towns and villages in that grand emporium [illegible] production of earthenware manufactures, lying south of Burslem and east of Newcastle-under-Lyme. Though it now contains about 7,500 *houses*, a *population* of 37,220 souls, and [illegible] 12,880 acres of land, it was formerly of much greater extent, and was indeed the largest parish in the county until it was reduced by an Act of Parliament, passed in the year 1807, entitled "*An Act for separating the Chapelries and Chapels of Newcastle-under-Lyme, Burslem, Whitmore, Bucknall-and-Bagnall, and Norton-in-the-Moors*, from the Rectory and Parish Church of Stoke-upon-Trent, and for making them FIVE DISTINCT RECTORIES AND PARISHES, and for enabling the Rector of Stoke to grant building leases of certain *glebe-lands* belonging to his rectory." By this Act it was decreed that the rector of Stoke for the time being should pay yearly, to the rector of Newcastle, £1?0s; to the rectory of Burslem, £08; and to the rector of Bucknall-and-Bagnall, £10. The great and small tithes arising in each of these new rectories are also appropriated by the Act to their respective incumbents; but in civil matters, Bucknall-and-Bagnall Rectory is still attached to the parish of Stoke.

which, under the operation of *another Act of Parliament*, passed in 1827, will undergo a further subdivision in its ecclesiastical affairs, by the creation of two other *District Rectories* at *Shelton and Longton*, where two *new churches* have just been erected by Government, and are to be each of them endowed with not less than £250 per annum, arising from pew rents, and with the yearly proceeds of a sum of not less than £10,000, nor more than £15,000, to be paid out of the sale of the tithes and rectorial dues of the parish, as soon as such a commutation shall have been effected on 4,000 statute acres of land. In the years 1787, and 1792, two Acts of Parliament were obtained for rebuilding and vesting with certain trustees the *old chapels of Hanley* and *Lane-End*; and these, it is also contemplated by the Act passed in 1827, to establish as distinct rectories, under certain provisos which have not yet, and perhaps never will be, effected; as such a separation is not to take place without the consent of the trustees of the said chapels, nor until *Easter dues, offerings, and oblations*, arising in Hanley and Shelton, have been sold to the amount of £500, and to the same amount in the townships of Lane-End, Longton, and Fenton; which sums are then to be invested for the endowment of the two chapels, or as they will then be called the Churches of the District Rectories of Hanley and Lane-End:—but we should consider the trifling and precarious Easter offerings demanded from the occupiers of houses and cottages in those districts are never likely to be purchased to the amount specified in the Act, unless by public subscription. The Act of 1827, also states that the owners of upwards of 2,000 acres of land within the parish, had already agreed with the patron and rector of Stoke, to give divers gross sums of money for the purchase and extinction of "all tithes and other rectorial dues whatsoever, (except mortuaries and surplice fees) arising or payable from their respective messuages, lands, and hereditaments within the said rectory," and that many other proprietors of land and buildings in the parish were desirous of availing themselves of a similar commutation. It also authorises the sale of about 107 acres of the *glebe-land* for the formation of new streets, &c.; and directs that the money arising from such sales, and from the sale of tithes, shall be invested in the Bank of England, under the control of the Court of Chancery, for the benefit of the successive rectors of Stoke, and as a provision for carrying into effect the other purposes of the Act, the clauses of which are shackled with so many provisos and contingencies, that it may be considered as one of the most abstruse local statutes on record. In its civil jurisdiction, the parish of Stoke-upon-Trent comprises fourteen *townships or liberties*, which support their poor conjointly, at the cost of about £17,000 per annum, and of which the following is an enumeration, shewing the population (in 1831) and the territorial extent of each.

Townships, &c.	Pop.	Acres.	Townships, &c.	Pop.	Acres.
Penkhull-with Boothen*	5,876	1,858	Barnfall, ++	306	1,650
Hanley,-	7,121	892	Burslem, ...	574	2,584
Shelton, ...	9,267	1,034	Eares, ...	281	
Lane End and Longton‡	8,120	597	Bucknall, ...	65	598
Fenton Culvert‡	2,708	985	Clayton, ...	171	734
Fenton Vivian‡	1,062	805	Seabridge, ...	120	657
			TOTAL, ..	37,220	12,000

* The *Town of Stoke* is in Penkhull-with-Boothen township.—See Directory, page 553.

\- *Hanley and Shelton* form one populous town in the centre of the Potteries, though separate liberties or townships. Shelton includes *Etruria* and part of *Cobridge*, which latter is mostly in Burslem parish. See *Directories*, pages 558 and 580.)

‡ *Lane-End and Longton* form one town at the S. E. end of the Potteries.

‡ The *two Fentons* extend from Stoke to Lane-End, and include the populous and adjacent villages of Great and Little *Fenton*, and *Lane-Delph*. See page 577.

++ *Burslem and Bagnall*, with the *Eares*, form a *District Rectory*, [illegible] with the rest of the [illegible] at St. [illegible] Burslem. *Bucknall*, *Clayton*, and *Seabridge*, are [illegible] Penkhull, and are dependent chiefly on agriculture. *Seabridge* is [illegible] in Swynnerton parish. See page 579.

‡ The *Population of the Parish of Stoke* has increased since the year 1801, from 16,414, to 37,220 souls, as has been seen at page 520.

The BOROUGH OF STOKE-UPON-TRENT was incorporated by the Reform Bill, passed in 1832, for the purpose of sending two representatives to Parliament. It comprises nearly the whole of the Potteries, including the townships of Penkhull-with-Boothen, Hanley-and-Shelton, Lane-End, Longton, Fenton-Vivian, (except a detached portion called the Lawns) and Fenton-Culvert, in the parish of Stoke; the townships of Burslem and Sneyd, in the parish of Burslem; and the township of Tunstall, in the parish of Wolstanton. The *Voters* are here, like those in the other new boroughs, resident occupiers of houses or other buildings of the yearly value of £10 or upwards; and the number *registered* in 1833, was 1,349. The High Sheriff of Staffordshire, for the time being, appoints the RETURNING OFFICER yearly in March; and the present officer is Enoch Wood, Esq., of Burslem. The first and present PARLIAMENTARY REPRESENTATIVES of the Borough are Josiah Wedgwood and John Davenport, Esqrs., both of whom are highly respected by their constituents, and have been long extensively engaged in the commerce and manufactures of the Borough. That great champion of Reform, Lord Brougham, the present Lord Chancellor, with the concurrence of the rest of

his Majesty's government, introduced a Bill into Parliament in 1833, for the purpose of granting charters of incorporation to the new boroughs, for their future government, under the direction of *municipal corporations*, to consist in each borough of a *Recorder*, a *Mayor*, and a number of *Aldermen* and *Common Councilmen*, with power to levy a yearly rate on the inhabitants for the support of an efficient and armed police force, and for watching and lighting the streets. To examine and discuss the applicability of this Bill to the Borough of Stoke, many public meetings have been held during the last six months, in the different townships; one of which, held January 9th, 1834, was attended by two of his Majesty's commissioners, who, in their report, said that as the Potteries are composed of a cluster of towns, extending over a space of ten miles in length, and not of a single town with a condensed population, a strong prima facie case was made out, that with reference to the administration of justice, the principle of the bill should be departed from in this instance. The meeting was of opinion that the borough should be divided into six wards, viz., *Tunstall; Burslem; Hanley; Shelton; Stoke*, including Penkhull, part of Fenton, and a small portion of Shelton; and *Lane-End-and-Longton*, with a part of Fenton: And that each Ward should have two aldermen, and a number of common councilmen, proportionate to the number of electors. At several of the early meetings, the measure, with certain modifications, appeared to be pretty generally approved; but on more mature consideration, the tide of public opinion turned in an opposite direction, the workmen now raise their voices loudly against any incorporation whatever; and at Burslem, Tunstall, and in some other parts of the borough, they have been joined by the chief men of them, and the consequence is, that petitions numerously signed have been sent to Parliament, praying that the Potteries may be left out of the list of places named in the proposed Incorporation Act; as the petitioners consider that their existing Improvement and Police Acts are amply sufficient for all their wants, and are more suited to the circumstances of the locality than the constitution of a *Body Corporate*, for the government of a chain of towns and villages ten miles in length, and extending into three distinct parishes, and into nearly twenty townships and manorial liberties. Indeed, all that the borough seems to want is a resident magistracy, which it could not possess in a better form than by placing the *Chief Bailiffs* of Hanley, Penkhull, Shelton, Stoke, Lane-End-and-Longton, Burslem, and Tunstall in the commission of the peace, for the purpose of holding petty sessions, weekly, in their respective districts, with the assistance of a *stipendiary magistrate* of sound legal knowledge, whose duty it should be to exercise his function in every part of the borough on all necessary occasions, and to sit on the bench with each of the Chief Bailiffs in the weekly courts of their respective districts;—thus, each town and liberty of this widely-spread borough

would have in itself all the essentials of civil government, at a much less expense than would be required for supporting the costly fabric of a corporation, with all its titled members, and armed police officers;—the latter of whom are in the present enlightened age looked upon as an infringement on the liberties of the people, and as the emissaries of military rather than of civil law.

STOKE-UPON-TRENT, the capital, though not the largest town of the borough and parish to which it gives name, is pleasantly situated in the *township of Penkhull-with-Boothen*, in a picturesque valley, on the banks of the river Trent and the Trent-and-Mersey Canal, about 1¼ mile E. of Newcastle-under-Lyme; 3 miles N. W. by W. of Lane-End; 1¾ mile S. S. W. of Hanley-and-Shelton; 3 miles S. by E. of Burslem; and 148 miles N.W. by W. of London. What was properly called Stoke, until about fifty years ago, consisted of only five houses, including the old hall, on the east side of the church; but the name is now applied to the town situate at a short distance to the west, close to the river and the canal, on the line of the new road to Trent-Vale, and under the lofty hill on which stands the village of Penkhull, which forms a populous suburb of the town, having many modern houses erected chiefly for the accommodation of the working classes, and being the place where the old parish WORKHOUSE is situated, but which has been superseded by a more spacious building erected at the *Spittal*, in 1833, at the cost of £3,000, and at the distance of one mile further to the south-west. Modern Stoke has now its *Market-house and Town-Hall*, a small neat structure well adapted for public purposes; but the market, held every Saturday, has not risen to much importance, owing to the Hanley market being in the most populous and central part of the Potteries. In the town and its vicinity are many handsome houses, and some of the largest earthenware and china manufactories in the borough, one of which was carried on for many years by the late *Josiah Spode, Esq.*, (see page 529.) The Canal Company have here a commodious range of wharfs and warehouses, and a *rail-way* extending to Lane-End, on which their waggons regularly convey goods and materials to and from that part of the Potteries. The *canal* here passes over the Trent by an *aqueduct* of three brick arches, which lie so level with the adjacent lands, that they are but seldom noticed by passengers, and near to them is a branch canal to Newcastle. *Petty Sessions* for this neighbourhood are held every Tuesday, at the Roe Buck, in *Fenton*, a populous pottery township extending eastward from Stoke to Lane-End.

Penkhull-with-Boothen Township comprises the whole of Stoke, (except a small portion of the town which is in Fenton-Vivian,) and includes all the *streets and hamlets* enumerated at page 553. The large village of PENKHULL, which covers the heights above Stoke, appears to have been one of the oldest seats of the earth-

enware manufacture in this neighbourhood; for we find that as early as 1600, there were here three coarse brown ware potteries, the sites of which have long been occupied by dwelling houses. Among the few ancient buildings still remaining in the village is one in which was formerly held the *Copyhold Court of the Manor of Newcastle-under-Lyme*, in which is comprehended Penkhull, Shelton, and part of Hanley. This manor belongs to the King's Duchy of Lancaster, but the Duke of Sutherland is the lessee lord, and his steward, Richard Hinckley, Esq., of Lichfield, holds the manor court on the first Thursday in every month at the Wheat Sheaf, in Stoke, chiefly for the purpose of transfering copyhold land, which is subject to a small certain fine on every change of tenant. Pursuant to an ancient custom of this manor, the *original wills* of copyholders should be produced and proved in the manor court, within a limited time after the decease of the testator or testatrix, or the estates of such defaulters are liable to forfeiture. The other principal villages and hamlets in this township, and their distances and bearings from Stoke Church, are as follows;—BOOTHEN, 1 mile S. by E., belonging chiefly to Sir Thomas F. F. Boughey; BASFORD, 1 mile N. W., where there are extensive brick and tile yards; BLACK LION, or as it is now called, TRENT VALE, 1½ mile S., extending to *Hanford Bridge*, on the London road, where there are also several brick and tile yards on the canal, and in the vicinity are a number of handsome villas;—HARTSHILL, 1 mile W., where is *Longfield-Cottage*, the seat of Herbert Minton, Esq., who has lately erected near his mansion a neat *free school*;—OAK-HILL, 1 mile S., the pleasant residence of Arthur Minton, Esq., who generously supports here two *free schools* for about 100 poor boys and girls; and CLIFF VILLE, a handsome mansion half a mile W. on the Newcastle road, the seat and property of *John Tomlinson, Esq.*, an eminent solicitor, and patron of the RECTORY OF STOKE, which has been enjoyed by his son, the *Rev. John Wickes Tomlinson, M.A.*, since the death of the late incumbent, the Rev. J. C. Woodhouse, who was Dean of Lichfield, and died in November, 1833. This rectory is valued in the King's books at £41. 0s. 10d., and is still one of the richest benefices in the county, though, as has been seen at page 530, it has been considerably reduced by an Act of Parliament passed in 1807, which separated from it Newcastle and four other parishes; and it is to undergo a further reduction under the operation of another Act passed in 1827; the latter of which empowered the rector to expend out of the money obtained by the sale of tithes, £3,000, "in or towards the purchase or erection of a new RECTORY-HOUSE, with convenient offices, outbuildings, gardens, curtilage, and easements to the same," or in repairing and enlarging the old Rectory-house, and improving the mills, buildings, and glebe-lands belonging to the Rectory, "in such manner and proportion, and at such time or times, as the rector, the patron, and the bishop of the diocese shall jointly

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[illegible] and direct." In consequence of this grant, the *old Rectory-House*, usually called STOKE-HALL, underwent a complete [illegible], and was so enlarged and altered in 1829, that it is now the elegant residence of the incumbent, instead of being the "[illegible]'s truly shabby house."

The present PARISH CHURCH of Stoke-upon-Trent, is a large and handsome fabric in the modern ornamented Gothic style of architecture, dedicated to St. Peter, and erected near the site of the old church, and near the confluence of the Fowl-hay brook with the river Trent, at the cost of upwards of £14,000; towards which his late Majesty George IV. gave £250 from the revenues of his Duchy of Lancaster:—the late rector, Dr. J. C. Woodhouse, £3,[illegible], (besides £700 for the east window, which is of stained glass, representing the twelve apostles):—John Tomlinson and Josiah Sp[illegible], Esqrs., £300 each:—J. T. Wheldon, Esq., [illegible] John Smith, Esq., £100:—the Society for building New Churches, £[illegible]:—the Working Classes, by numerous small contributions, £[illegible]:—and the remainder was raised by parochial [illegible] given by contributors in sums of less than £100: [illegible] by Government as duties on the materials:— [illegible] Trent-and-Mersey Navigation Company, [illegible] materials:—and £[illegible] given in [illegible]. The site, with an [illegible] piece of [illegible] was purchased from the [illegible] former level [illegible] the east [illegible] Rector and Josiah Spode, [illegible] 1826, [illegible] was deposited [illegible] Parish Church, at first [illegible] Stoke-upon-Trent, having [illegible] the new population [illegible] extended [illegible] more than eight centuries. [illegible] voluntary [illegible] rate:—and lastly [illegible] arising from the [illegible] classes spontaneously bestowed." The [illegible] was [illegible] in August, 1829, but not consecrated [illegible] October, 18[illegible]. Its internal length is 130, and its breadth [illegible] the height of the ceiling is [illegible], and the tower 112 feet. The church is neatly pewed, and has 1,672 sittings, of which 12[illegible] are free, and 300 appropriated to the Sunday Scholars. The *old church* (taken down in 1829) was a venerable fabric in

the Saxon style of architecture, but possessed no features of peculiar interest. It contained some monuments to the memory of the Fentons, of Newcastle, (maternal ancestors of Sir T. F. F. Boughey, Bart.) and one in remembrance of the late *Josiah Wedgwood, Esq.*, (see page 527.) These memorials, and some other of its ornaments and antiquities, are now preserved in the new church, and the grave stone in the old burial ground, recording the death of *Henry Clark*, in 1684, at the advanced age of 112 years, has lately been re-cut, the letters having become nearly obliterated. During the last seven years, three large *new churches* have been built in this parish, at Stoke, Shelton, and Longton; and the chapel at Lane-End has been enlarged. The expense of these erections, including the purchase of 7 acres of additional burial ground, was upwards of £40,000, only a small portion of which has been levied in rates upon the parishioners; and yet we find there has lately been much boisterous opposition to a *church rate*, which it was considered necessary to levy for the purpose of enclosing the new church yards at Shelton and Longton, and for the repayment of money borrowed for purchasing the new burial grounds. The rate required by the church wardens for this purpose, was 1s. 3d. in the pound on the yearly rental of the parish; but, after much discussion, a five-penny rate was proposed and carried by a majority of *votes* taken in a *poll* opened at Stoke, Hanley, Lane-End, and Bucknall, in January, 1834.

The *Dissenting Chapels at Stoke* are five in number, viz.—the Wesleyan Chapel, a large handsome building, in Market-street; —two belonging to the New Connection, in Hill-street and Harpfield, built in 1815 and 1833;—one to the Primitive Methodists, in Penkhull;—and one to the Quakers, in Thomas-street, built in 1823, by the Independents, who sold it to its present occupants.

The *National school* in Stoke was erected in 1815, at the cost of nearly £1,000, raised by subscription, and two liberal donations from the National School Society and the Lichfield Diocesan Society. It is a handsome brick building near the church yard, and will accommodate 500 children. It is liberally supported by annual contributions, and is endowed with one-third part of the yearly interest of £3,000, bequeathed by the late rector, (Dr. J. C. Woodhouse,) in 1833, towards the support of this and the other National Schools in this parish, in various parts of which there are 48 *Sunday-schools*, attended by 13,000 children, and a number of *Day-schools*, supported by the contributions of the benevolent, and partly by endowments. Of the *posthumous Charities* belonging to this extensive parish, the following is an epitome, extracted from the Parliamentary reports, published in 1825.

The *School at Mere-Lane* was founded by *Thomas Allen, Dean of Chester*, who, by will, in 1731, directed £100 given by his mother to be invested by his executors in the purchase of lands, the rents to be applied yearly as follows, viz., one half to the schoolmaster, and the

other in buying New Testaments, &c., to be distributed among the poor parishioners. The land purchased with this money appears to have been retained by the donor's descendants as their own property, and to have been partly exchanged for other land. In 1825, the Charity Commissioners found the school had been many years in disuse; but Thomas Allen, Esq., of Fenton, the present possessor of the land, told them he was ready to do whatever could be fairly required of him by a court of equity.

The *old School at Lane-End* was built by John Bourne, Esq., with a house for the master, on land given by the Rev. Obadiah Lane, in 1763. Mr. Bourne had previously endowed it with property which now consists of the Golden Lion public-house, let for £56, and two other dwellings let for £10, making a total yearly income of £66, exclusive of the school and master's house worth about £15 per annum. *In* 1824, the trustees having been long incumbered with a superannuated master, and finding that the old school was too small for the increased wants of this populous neighbourhood, offered to allow him a pension of £15 a-year during his life, and to apply the rest of the income towards the support of the NATIONAL SCHOOL, which had been built by subscription, but was not then opened for want of pecuniary means to carry it on. This school is capable of accommodating 500 scholars, but has seldom more than half that number. At present, £20 of the endowment is paid yearly to the old free school, and the remainder to the National school, where 90 free scholars are taught.

The *School at Bucknall* was built by the freeholders of that *chapelry*, in pursuance of the will of *William Shaleross*, who, in 1719, bequeathed a yearly rent-charge of £5 to be paid out of the Blackhouse farm, for the education of 12 poor children. A legacy of £50, left to this school, by *Mr. Parc*, in 1732, is now lost.

BENEFACTIONS:—In 1761, *Thomas Finney* left £100, now reduced to £60, and directed the interest to be divided yearly among poor widows residing near Stoke church; Mr. Sampson Finney, of Blurton now pays the interest (£3.) In 1727, *Robert Hilton* left a rent charge of 20s. to be given yearly in bread out of Moor-House farm, to poor parishioners—one half at the church, and the other at Bucknall chapel. In 1674, *Robert Bagnall* bequeathed to the poor of Bottoslow, Fenton Vivian, Fenton-Culvert, Longton, and Mere-Lane End, an annuity of £5 out of the Hall Green farm near Cheadle.

For the *townships of Shelton and Fenton-Vivian*, Hannah Bagnall, in 1727, bequeathed to *her brother and his heirs*, two parcels of copyhold lands called the Withy-beds, lying in Clayton and Sc[illegible]ridge, in trust, to pay 20s. yearly, for a sermon to be preached at Newcastle-under-Lyme, on the day of the month whereon she should happen to die, and to employ the remainder of the rents of the said lands, either in educating and buying books for the children of Shelton and Fenton-Vivian, or in relieving the poor families resident in those townships. And if any negligence or mismanagement should be complained of, she gave full power for the Bishop of Lichfield, for the time being, to enquire into and regulate her charity.

Benefactions to Hanley:—There is a house in Hanley, supposed to have been built by Mr. Adams, and Mr. Taylor of the Old Hall, for the purpose of a *free school*. Until about 1807, the yearly sum of was paid to the resident master for teaching 10 free scholars, by

the Adams family of Newcastle. This annuity is supposed to have been charged upon land at Hanley, which Mr. Joseph Adams sold about 18 years ago, and which is now extensively built upon; but as the Charity Commissioners (in 1825) could not find any documents respecting it, there is little probability of its ever being recovered. Peter Tock, the last master, occupied the house in 1825, but had not kept school for some time, being then in his 86th year. In 1803, *Ephraim Chatterly* gave to certain trustees, a piece of copyhold land, called the Big-Meadow, now let for £8 per annum, and directed the rent to be distributed in bread on Good Friday and Christmas-day, among the poor of Hanley. The minister of Hanley chapel is one of the trustees. About 1780, *George Broom* left 20s. yearly to be paid out of six cottages in Hanley, and distributed in bread among the poor of that township.

HANLEY-AND-SHELTON though two distinct liberties or townships, now form one densely populated and well built *market town*, ranking in size and consequence,—the second in the county of Stafford, and the largest in the district called the Potteries,—in which it holds a central situation,—being pleasantly seated on rising ground near the Trent and the Canal, 2½ miles E. N. E. of Newcastle-under-Lyme; 3 miles N. W. of Lane-End; 2 miles S. E. of Burslem; and 150 miles N. W. by W. of London. In the year 1811, Hanley contained only 4,481, and Shelton 5,487 inhabitants, making the total *population* of the town 9,968 souls. who have since increased to 16,338; of whom 7,121 are in Hanley, and 9,267 in Shelton, which includes Etruria and part of Cobridge, as has been seen at page 532. Both townships are in the borough and parish of Stoke, and in the *manor* of Newcastle-under-Lyme, (see page 535,) but the land and buildings belong to a vast number of small proprietors, except in Shelton, where Sir T. F. Boughey, and Josiah Wedgwood, Esq., are considerable owners. Hanley forms the north-eastern and highest part of the town, and from it, a *rail-way* is extended down to the *Trent and Mersey Canal*, on which there is a commodious wharf near Etruria, on the western or Shelton side of the town. The *streets* are generally spacious and well paved, and have a modern aspect, most of them having been formed during the present century. The houses have a neat appearance, and some of them, as well as the public edifices, are spacious and elegant:—there being here many of the most wealthy and extensive china and earthenware manufacturers in the Staffordshire Potteries. A weekly MARKET was established in Hanley about forty years ago, under the management of 21 trustees, but the town having greatly overgrown the public accommodation provided for its use, an Act of Parliament was obtained in 1813, for the purpose of establishing the market on a legal basis, for empowering certain trustees to regulate the same, and to levy *tolls* for the enlargement of the market-place, and the improvement of the town. In the same year, the trustees obtained from the lord of the manor a lease of the site of the market-place, to be renewed every twenty-

one years by a fine of £50. The Act mentions two *market days*, Wednesday and Saturday, but the latter is the principal, and is well supplied with all kinds of provisions, except corn. A *cattle market* is held on the second Tuesday in every month; and *fairs* on February 16th, April 6th, and May 25th. The *wake* or feast is on the first Sunday in August; and the *races* on the following Tuesday and Wednesday. Under the Market Act, many improvements have been effected, the public accommodation greatly extended, and the avenues leading to the Market-square widened and well paved. In 1833, the *tolls* of the market were let by the trustees to Mr. Glover, at the annual rent of £1,235; being an advance of one hundred guineas on the preceding twelve months; and more than twice the amount at which they were let about eight years ago. The MARKET HALL, for the sale of butter, eggs poultry, &c., was erected in 1819, and serves as a cover for the stalls during the time they are not employed in the Market-square, which is very spacious, and is lined with good shops and houses. The SHAMBLES form a very commodious covered market, with shops for about 130 butchers, three spacious entrances, and one of its fronts handsomely faced with stone, and surmounted by an elegant cupola tower. The RACE COURSE is on Mr. Wedgwood's estate, near Cobridge, where the grand stand was built about nine years ago by subscription, and a number of booths by various individuals. The course is one mile in circuit, and the races are attended by an immense multitude of people from all parts of the Potteries, and by some of the neighbouring gentry. For an abundant supply of the pure beverage of nature, the town is indebted to John Smith, Esq., who established, in 1820, at a great expense, WATER WORKS, for the supply of Hanley, Shelton, Cobridge, and Burslem. The water is raised by a powerful steam engine in the vale below Hanley, and near the Ivyhouse paper mill, from the depth of 188 feet, into a cistern, from which it is forced by the same engine into the reservoir on the summit of Windmill-hill, (a rise of 138 feet) where the water filters, and is thence conveyed in cast-iron pipes, into every street in the above named towns, at a comparatively small expense to the consumers. Owing to the great increase which has lately take place in this and the adjacent towns, the supply is now found rather scanty during the summer months, but Mr. Smith has determined to remedy this evil, by cutting a *tunnel* under a great extent of his land, for the purpose of bringing water from the vicinity of his collieries to the engine pumps under Hanley.

In 1825, an *Act of Parliament* was obtained for *watching and lighting Hanley-and-Shelton*, and for the establishment of an internal POLICE, under the control of a number of respectable Commissioners: and great public benefit has resulted from these regulations. This act was amended by another obtained in 1828, under which a *chief bailiff, a head constable, three acting constables*,

and six watchmen are appointed, and have their office and lock-ups in the Market-place. The GAS-WORKS, near Etruria, Gas established in 1826, at the cost of £35,000, by the British were Light Company, of London, for the supply of Hanley, Shelton, Stoke, Fenton, Lane-Delph, Lane-End, and Burslem; and have two gasometers, (capable of holding 30,000 cubit feet of gas,) and 18 miles of main piping. Although the works are in the midst of a coal district, the consumers are charged at the high rate of 12s. 6d. per 1000 cubic feet, but the lights are as brilliant as any in the kingdom.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.—At a very numerous meeting of the inhabitants of the different towns and villages in the Potteries, held at *Hanley*, on December 12th, 1817, the following *Resolution* was proposed and carried unanimously,—"In order to obviate the difficulty which now exists, in regard to the mode of calling Public Meetings of the inhabitants of the Potteries at large,—it is proposed, resolved, and agreed, that in future, all Public Meetings convened by, and in the joint names of the majority of the *Head-Constables* for the time being, of Burslem, Hanley-and-Shelton, Stoke, Fenton, and Lane-End, shall be understood and considered as regularly convened; and that such Head-Constables be recognized as the authorized organs on such occasions, and as the proper persons to whom Requisitions may be addressed for calling Public Meetings from time to time; the same to be held at *Hanley*, as the most central, and usual place of Meetings for the Potteries at large."

HANLEY CHURCH stands in a spacious cemetery, and is a large brick edifice, with a tower 100 feet high, containing an excellent peal of eight bells. The interior is neatly pewed, and will seat 1,200 hearers. It is a Chapel-of-Ease to Stoke-upon-Trent, (see page 531,) and was erected by subscription at the cost of about £5,000, in 1788, on the site of a smaller chapel built in 1764, on land given by a Mr. Adams, at the cost of £1,000, of which, £500 was given by *John Bourne, Esq.*, of Newcastle-under-Lyme, who died in 1764, aged 73 years, and was a liberal benefactor to the free schools, at Burslem and Lane-End, and to the chapel at the latter place. The church, at Hanley, is vested in the patronage of certain trustees, and the pews are all private property; but Mr. Bourne, who may be regarded as the founder, endowed the *curacy* with 60 acres of land at Halmer-End, in Audley parish, and it has since been augmented by subscription and Queen Anne's Bounty. The Rev. Robert Ellis Aitkens has enjoyed the benefice since the year 1802. The *Parsonage* is a small but neat house near the top of Albion street, at the junction of Hanley and Shelton.

SHELTON CHURCH is a large and elegant stone fabric in the early English style of architecture, finished in 1834, from a design by Messrs. Pickersgill and Oates, of York, at the cost of about £10,000, granted by his Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, who also lent the parish of Stoke, free of

interest, the sum of £4,000, for purchasing and enclosing the burial grounds here and at Longton, to be repaid by instalments within ten years out of the parochial church rates. This church has a handsome tower 40 yards high, and will seat 2,100 persons; and under the provisions of an Act of Parliament, passed in 1827, it is intended to be constituted a "*District Rectory*," as has been seen at page 531; but it is not yet consecrated (Feb. 1834.)

There are nine DISSENTING CHAPELS in the town and liberties of Hanley-and-Shelton, viz., two belonging to the *Independents*, in Hope-street and Brunswick-street, and now under the ministry of the Revs. John Edmonds and William Farmer;—two to the *Wesleyans*, in Oldhall-street and Etruria;—two to the *New Connexion of Methodists*, in Albion-street and Etruria;—one to the *Primitive Methodists*, in Etruria road;—one to the *Baptists*, in New-street, now under the pastoral care of the Rev. Alexander Smith;—and one to the *Unitarians*, in Hill-street, but now unoccupied. Sunday Schools are attached to most of the places of worship; and in the town is a *National School*, erected in 1816, and now affording instruction to about 200 boys, and 70 girls, who each pay 2d. per week; and a *British School*, built in 1819, large enough for the accommodation of 500 children, who are educated on the Lancasterian system. The latter is supported chiefly by dissenters, and the former by protestants.

The *Pottery Savings' Bank*, established in 1823, is held in the British School, and in December 1833, its *deposits* amounted to £25,634, belonging to 661 individuals, 8 *Charitable Societies*, and 55 *Friendly Societies*. John Stupart, Esq., of the District Bank, is the treasurer, and Mr. John Shirley, the secretary.

The *Pottery Mechanics' Institution*, of which the Duke of Sutherland is patron, was established in 1825, in a room in the Market-square; but a large and handsome building is now erecting for its use in a more central situation. The *Subscription Library*, in the Market-square, was commenced about 40 years ago, and now possesses about 3,000 volumes, belonging to a number of proprietors, who each subscribe one guinea yearly. A weekly *Newspaper* (see page 568) was commenced here in January, 1824, by Mr. Thomas Allbutt, and is now published every Saturday, by his son, William, in the Market-square, where a public *News-Room* was opened in 1832. An elegant structure of white brick in the Gothic style, has just been erected in the Market-square, for the use of the District Bank. This Branch of the Manchester and Liverpool District Banking Company, was established at Hanley in 1830, and has Sub-branches at Lane-End, Cheadle, Newcastle, and Leek; John Stupart, Esq. is the Manager. *Elijah Fenton*, an eminent *poet* of the last century was born at Shelton, in 1683.

The *North Staffordshire Infirmary* is a similar institution to that at Stafford, described at page 135. It is a neat and spacious brick edifice, pleasantly seated on a rising plot of land in the liberty of Shelton, and has accommodations for 100 in-patients;

having been considerably enlarged since its original erection, in 1815, when a liberal subscription was raised for the purpose, to which his late majesty (then Prince Regent) gave £500, and the late John Rogers, Esq., bequeathed £1,000. This extensively useful charity has since been aided by many other donations and legacies, by the proceeds of several Bazaars, Oratories, &c., and by collections after sermons; and in addition to these sources of revenue, it is supported by a numerous list of annual subscribers, but still its necessary expenditure often exceeds its income, until some new stream of benevolence is found to wash away its incumbrances. For the purpose of obtaining a permanent income, an *Accumulating Fund*, which now amounts to £3,300, is to remain un-appropriated until it amounts, by the addition of interest, donations, and legacies to £20,000; when the yearly proceeds are to be enjoyed by the institution for ever. In 1832, the late Dr. Woodhouse, rector of Stoke, and Dean of Lichfield, presented the charity with a donation of £400. The Duke of Sutherland is the *patron;* and Earl Granville the president. The physicians and surgeons of the neighbourhood lend their aid gratuitously, Mr. J. Seddon is the resident surgeon, apothecary, and secretary; Mr. Thomas Mellor, the collector; and Mrs. Sarah Brown, the matron. The total *number of patients* who had partaken of the benefits of the charity since its commencement, amounted, in 1833, as follows:—*in-patients*, 2,890; *fever-patients*, 1,046; *out-patients*, 25,892; *vaccinated*, 2,596.

COBRIDGE is a large village, 1 mile N. of Hanley, and is partly in the township of Shelton, but mostly in the parish of Burslem.

ETRURIA, in Shelton township, is a populous and well built pottery village on the Trent-and-Mersey canal, 1 mile W. of Hanley. It owes its origin to the late Josiah Wedgwood, Esq. as has been seen at page 528.

LANE-END-AND-LONGTON are two townships or liberties, forming one populous market town, at the south-east end of the Potteries, 7 miles N. of Stone, and 4 miles E. S. E. of Newcastle-under-Lyme. As has been seen at page 532, Longton contains 8,120, and Lane-End 1,488 inhabitants; so that eight-tenths of the town is in the former liberty; and its population is further increased to about 11,000 souls, by its southern suburbs, which extend into Blurton township, in Trentham parish, and into Normicott liberty, in the parish of Stone. The Duke of Sutherland, and R. E. Heathcote, Esq., are proprietors of most of the land in both liberties; and the latter is lord of the manor, and resides at *Longton-Hall*, a large handsome mansion on the south side of the town. This modern and populous town has risen to its present consequence during the last sixty years, from the rank of a humble village, remarkable for the irregularity and meanness of its buildings; but it now boasts of many spacious and well built streets; a considerable number of extensive china and earthenware manufactories, many neat houses and public buildings; and a busy market held every Saturday in two different parts

of the town, viz., in the *Market-place* near the Church, where two squares of stalls for butchers, hucksters, &c., were built by subscription, in 1789; and in the *Union-Market*, at the head of Market-street, formed in 1814, by a company of shareholders, at the cost of £2,000. The latter is a large open square with a spacious *Market-Hall*, in which public meetings are occasionally held. It is used only at the *Fairs* which are held here annually, on the day following those at Newcastle. The town is supplied with *water* from several springs, on an eminence 1¼ mile to the S. E., where a large reservoir has been formed by the Duke of Sutherland, the proprietor of the works. Here is a *Subscription Library* of 1,100 volumes, established in 1807; and a *News Room*, opened in 1833.

Lane-End Church is a Chapel-of-Ease, founded and endowed by John Bourne, Esq., in 1764; but rebuilt, by subscription in 1792, at the cost of £3,000; and enlarged, in 1827, at the expense of £1,800, of which £800 was obtained from the New Church Society, and £500 was given by Dr. Woodhouse, the late rector of Stoke, It is now a large handsome brick structure, with about 1,200 sittings, of which 450 are free. The living is a *curacy*, in the gift of a number of trustees; and is now enjoyed by the Rev. Joseph Kingsmill, B. A. It has an excellent parsonage-house, and is worth about £200 per annum, arising from 18 acres of glebe-land, Queen Anne's Bounty, surplice fees, &c. LONGTON CHURCH, now nearly completed, is a large stone fabric, in the style of architecture which prevailed in the 14th century, and will cost about £10,000, the whole of which will be paid by Government, out of the national purse; but the cost of the burial ground (2 acres) will have to be re-paid by the parish. This church will have 1,904 sittings, of which 480 will be free; and like that at Shelton, it will, under an Act passed in 1827, be constituted a "*District Rectory*," (see page 531.) In the town are five *Dissenting Chapels*, viz., one belonging to the *Independents*, in Caroline-street; two to the *Wesleyans*, in High-street and Flint-street; and two to the *New-Connexion*, in Commerce-street and New-street. Here is also a *Catholic Chapel*, in St. Gregory-street, erected in 1818, in the Gothic style, and attached to it is a large *School*, supported chiefly by subscription, the children paying only one penny each per week. Lane-End *National-School*, and the other charities of the town, are already noticed at page 538, except the Dissenters' *Sunday School Union*, established in 1831, and now having under its care 2,300 children.

FENTON AND LANE DELPH, with the places enumerated in the Directory of the inhabitants, at page 577, form one continued line of streets and buildings extending from Stoke to Lane-End, a distance of two miles, and are comprised in the liberties and manors of *Fenton-Culvert*, and *Fenton-Vivian*; the former of which belongs chiefly to Sir F. F. Boughey, Mrs. Bourne, and Ralph Bourne, Jno. Smith, and Thos. Allen, Esqrs.; and the latter to P. B. Broade and J. T. Wheeldon, Esqrs.; the former of

whom is lord of the manor, and resides in *Fenton Manor-House*, an elegant and extensive mansion on the summit of a spacious lawn, with beautiful gardens and pleasure grounds, and commanding a fine prospect to the south and west. *Lane-Delph*, the most populous part of the district, is one of the oldest seats of the earthenware manufacture, and extends into both manors. Its buildings and population have been greatly increased during the last twenty years; and by the enterprising spirit of C. J. Mason, Esq., a regular *market* has been established, with stalls and shambles. *Great Fenton* is 1½ mile S. E.; *Little Fenton* half a mile N. E.; and *Foley* 1½ mile E. of Stoke. In these villages or districts are many large potteries and handsome houses. Here are also three *chapels*, two belonging to the Methodists, and one to the Independents. For *Charities* see page 538. The late *John Bourne, Esq.*, of Fenton, who died in 1833, bequeathed £200 each to the two Staffordshire Infirmaries, and the Lunatic Asylum, besides several thousand pounds to other charitable uses.

BOTTESLOW is a township of scattered farms, lying north of Stoke, and belonging to Lord Ormond, Thomas Kinnersley, Esq., and a few smaller proprietors.

BUCKNALL-and-BAGNALL, with the EAVES, are three agricultural villages and liberties, lying east of Hanley, and extending from 4 to 7 miles N. E. of Stoke. They form a *District Rectory*, though they maintain their poor jointly with Stoke parish, and contribute to the repairs of the mother church. (See page 530.) *Bucknall Church*, on the hill 1½ mile E. of Hanley, is a small edifice, which was rebuilt in 1718. The *Rectory*, of which the Rev. Edward Powis, of Cheddleton, is both patron and incumbent, is endowed with 85 acres of glebe, of which 60 acres are at Cheddleton, and 21 at Horton. *Bagnall Chapel*, 3 miles N. E. of Hanley, was rebuilt in 1834, at the cost of £520, and is a curacy annexed to Bucknall rectory. At *Eaves*, which lies between Bucknall and Bagnall, died *William Willet*, in 1827, aged 105. Sir George Chetwynd, and Miss Sparrow are the principal land owners. For population, see page 532, and *Free School*, page 538. Bagnall is in Totmonslow Hundred, and in the manor of Horton.

CLAYTON is a small township and village, on a lofty summit nearly two miles S. of Newcastle, belonging chiefly to Sir T. F. F. Boughey, Thomas Swinnerton, Esq., and Miss Mary Lovatt Booth; the latter of whom has a neat mansion in the village. THE CLOUGHS, a handsome mansion and large estate, partly in Clayton-Griffith township, in Trentham parish, is the seat and property of the Rev. John Basnett, and is pleasantly situated 1½ miles W. of Newcastle, near the Keele road.

SEABRIDGE is a hamlet and small township, lying half a mile W. of Clayton, and 2 miles S. W. of Newcastle, It is partly in Trentham parish, and belongs mostly to Thomas Swinnerton, Esq.; but *Seabridge House* is the seat of Henry Townend, Esq.

BURSLEM TOWN AND PARISH.

Burslem is a populous and well built market town, which claims the honour of being "the mother of the Staffordshire Potteries," and holds a healthy and elevated situation in the northern division of that extensive and celebrated seat of the china and earthenware manufactures; being distant 3 miles N. E. by N. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, 4 miles N. of Stoke-upon-Trent, and 151 miles N.W. by W. of London. Its parish contains 2812 acres of land, and since the year 1801 has increased its population from 6,578 to 12,714 souls; of whom 11,250 are in *Burslem*, 501 in *Hulton-Abbey*, and 963 in *Sneyd*. These three townships support their poor conjointly at the cost of about £6,000 per annum. They include the villages of Brown-Hills, Dale-Hall, Hamill, Longport, and the greater part of Cobridge, all lying within a mile of the town. Burslem and Sneyd are in the manor of Tunstall-Court, of which Ralph Sneyd, Esq., is lord, and he is also lord of Hulton-Abbey township, which forms a separate manor, but a large portion of the parish belongs to other landowners, the largest of whom are the Earl of Macclesfield, and John Wood, H. H. Williamson, John Biddulph, and John Davenport, Esqrs. The villages in the parish may be considered as populous suburbs of the town, and are situated as follows:—Brown-Hills, half a mile N.; Cobridge, 1 mile S.; Dale-Hall, a quarter of a mile W.; Hulton-Abbey, near the Cauldon canal, two miles E.; Longport, on the Trent-and-Mersey canal, three quarters of a mile N.W. of Burslem; and Sneyd and Hot Lane, forming the south-eastern side of the town. Cobridge and Longport are the largest, but a small part of the former is in Shelton township (see page 543.) In all the villages, as well as in the town, are many very extensive *china and earthenware manufactories* and elegant *mansions;* and in Longport, Messrs. J. Davenport and Co. have extensive *glass-works*. This populous village was anciently called *Long-Bridge*, from a kind of bridge or stepping-stones laid across the swampy meadows, but after the completion of the canal it obtained the name of *Longport*. In the year 1223, Henry de Audley founded *Hulton-Abbey* for Cistercian monks, and at its dissolution it was valued at £89. 10. 1d. per annum, and was granted to Sir Edward Aston, of Tixall; but no vestiges of it now remain, except part of the moat which is dry, and has a farm house near it, bearing the name of the Abbey.

Burslem is undoubtedly the most ancient seat of the earthenware manufacture in Staffordshire, as has already been seen in the general history of the Potteries at pages 522 to 530. It is [illegible]table as being the place where the first clod of that great [illegible]d undertaking, the Trent-and-Mersey canal, was cut by [illegible]ent potter, *Josiah Wedgwood, Esq.*, (see page 527,) [illegible]y 26th, 1816, the 50th anniversary of this memorable [illegible]celebrated by a public dinner, at which all the princi[illegible]oturers of the town and neighbourhood were present, [illegible]st them, Enoch Wood, Esq., who presided on the oc-

casion, and after delivering a well-merited eulogium on the late venerable father of the Potteries, (Mr. Wedgwood,) and the inventive genius of Brindley, (the constructor of the canal,) he exhibited various specimens of earthenware, illustrative of the progressive improvements made in the manufacture during the preceding 150 years, which he divided into epochs of fifty years, from the butter pot mentioned by Plott, down to the time when Mr. Wedgwood introduced his Cream coloured ware, Jasper, &c. Nearly the whole of the land on which the town stands, as well as that which surrounds it, has at various periods been deeply excavated for those valuable minerals, *coal*, *clay*, and *ironstone*, to the abundance and variety of which, the Staffordshire Potteries owe nearly all their present importance. The *Coal strata* have "a curvilineal range, much in the form of a horse shoe; regarded from the mines at Lane-End to Ubberley and Bucknall; or from Shelton to Norton and Biddulph; or from Burslem to the Stone-trough mines; whence they suddenly return by Whitehill, Kidsgrove, Harecastle, to the neighbourhood of Red Street. In the former range, the dip is about *one* foot perpendicular to every four feet in extent, westward; but a few strata *stare*, i. e. are almost perpendicular to the surface. The other range dips south-east for near four miles; and the mines of Silverdale dip eastward, and crop out westward." The beds in this extensive coal field are 34 in number, and vary in thickness from one to ten feet. In ancient times, the coals were cropping out at different places, and near these the early potters fixed their sun-pans and ovens. For procuring fuel, the soil and clay had then only to be removed, and thus large and open pits were formed, like those now in Lane-Delph, and Woodiston, near Shelton. These being liable to delays from water, the miners resorted to the advantage of gutters, and in 1719, the Earl of Macclesfield drained 150 acres of coal, by a gutter near Burslem church, and plentifully supplied the neighbourhood more than sixty years. Horse gins were then employed in drawing up large casks filled with water, and emptying them in the gutters; but these have long been superseded by powerful steam engines, each working two or three large pumps with lifts of 40 or 50 yards each. The measures or strata, by which the beds of coal are divided, consist commonly of clays of different kinds, some of which make excellent fire-bricks, for building the potter's kilns and saggars, and others of various colours and textures, were formerly used in making the bodies of the wares, as has been seen at page 522.

The town of Burslem has nearly doubled its extent and population during the last thirty years, and until the year 1807, it was a member of the parish of Stoke-upon-Trent. (see page 530.) It has many modern streets, and the houses are well built of excellent brick, burnt on the spot. The *Market place* is a spacious area lined with good shops and houses, and in the centre of it stands the Town Hall, erected by subscription, in 1760, on what was then called the May-pole bank; but in 1824, it was thoroughly



The Catholic Chapel at [illegible] was erected in 178[illegible], and enlarged in 1816, and attached to it is a large Charity School, built in 1822; and the priest's house, which was enlarged in 1831. The Dissent-

ING CHAPELS in the town and parish of Burslem, are seven in number, viz. two belonging to the Wesleyans, in Chapel square and Longport; two to the New Connexion, in Waterloo-road and Cobridge; one to the Primitive Methodists, in Navigation road; one to the Baptists, in High-street; and one to the Independents in Prince's-row.

The *Free school* in Burslem was founded in 1749, by a subscription, amounting to £515, of which, £300 was given by John Bourne, Esq. of Newcastle; £60 by Mrs. Egerton; £20 by John Richards; £50 by Thomas and John Wedgwood; £20 by Richard Cartwright; and £165 by various individuals. Out of this subscription, £80 was laid out in the purchase of the school-house, and a seat in the church. A further sum of £350 was laid out in the purchase of 27 acres of land, and a messuage at Ipstones-Edge, (tithe free) and the remainder was absorbed in building and other expenses. In 1833, the farm buildings on the school land were repaired at the cost of £160, and new trustees were appointed. The farm is now let for £22 10s. per annum, for which, and the use of the school house, &c. the master teaches 24 boys, and 6 girls. The original school stood near the Market-place, on the Liverpool road, but in 1832, the trustees sold the old building, and erected the present neat school, on the Moorland road, adjoining to which, the present master has built a house for his own residence Near the old Church-gates is a large *National school*, built in 1817, and now affording instruction to about 300 children, including 110 in the apartment called the *Infant school*, which was opened in 1832 In this building, are also apartments used as the *Parish offices*. The *Cobridge school* was built by subscription in 1766, and repaired in 1831, and part of it is occupied as the master's dwelling, but it has no endowment. *Sunday schools* are attached to all the places of worship in the parish, and at the *Catholic school* in Cobridge, built in 1821, about 150 children are instructed during six days in the week, at the cost of a number of annual subscribers.

The *Benefactions to the poor* of Burslem parish, now produce only the two following yearly sums, viz. £5 bequeathed by Jno. Colclough, out of two fields called Cow Hays and Pye field; to be given in bread on the 2nd of February; and 20s. paid out of the poor rates, to be distributed in bread, as the interest of £20, left by R. Cartwright, and expended in repairing the workhouse in 1786. In 1755, *Catherine Egerton* bequeathed 50s. yearly to the poor, and £300 to purchase a house and land for the curate, but both these bequests were void under the statute of 9th Geo. II., and though the latter was laid out in the purchase of a house and garden, which were occupied by two successive curates, the premises were afterwards seized by Thomas Wedgwood, the executor and residuary legatee of Mrs. Egerton, and are still retained by his family. Two other charities belonging to this parish, are now *lost*, viz. £10 left in 1722, by William Adams, to the poor of Hulton Abbey; and £40 left in 1720, by Thos. Leigh. Here are several *charitable societies*, supported by the annual contributions of the benevolent, for administering food and clothing to the destitute. For the DIRECTORY OF BURSLEM, see pages 579 to 588.

WOLSTANTON PARISH.

WOLSTANTON is a large and well-built village, on a lofty eminence, 1¼ mile N. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, and about the same distance S. W. of Burslem. It is the head of a populous and very extensive parish, which abounds in coal, clay, and ironstone, and includes the large pottery town of Tunstall, and about twenty villages and hamlets; divided into ten *townships or liberties*, which support their poor conjointly, and of which the following is an enumeration, shewing the *population* of each in the year 1831, when the total number of souls in the parish was 10,853, being an increase of more than 6,000 since the year 1801:—

Brereburst	900	Knutton	933	Thursfield	389
Chatterley	308	Oldcott, ...	822	Tunstall	3,573
Chell, ...	536	Ranscliffe	835	Wedgwood ..	125
Chesterton, ..	960	Stadmoreslow	290	Wolstanton ..	1,083

WOLSTANTON is in the *manor of Newcastle*, which belongs to the King's Duchy of Lancaster; *Chesterton* is a separate manor, of which Thos. Kinnersley, Esq. is lord; Knutton and Chatterly form a manor, of which L. Bennett, Esq., is lord; and the other eight townships are in the *manor of Tunstall Court*, of which Ralph Sneyd, Esq. of Keele, is lord; but a large portion of the soil belongs to a number of other proprietors. Wolstanton CHURCH, dedicated to St. Margaret, is an ancient edifice of red freestone, with a lofty spire which may be seen at the distance of several miles. It was repewed a few years ago, and contains several monuments of the Sneyd family. In the Register are a few entries of marriages which took place in Cromwell's time, when matrimony was solemnized by the magistrates, as ordered by the Usurper in his zeal for the degradation of the clergy

The benefice is a vicarage in the patronage of R. Sneyd, Esq. (the impropriator,) and is now enjoyed by the Rev. Ralph Bagot. The Wesleyan and the Primitive *Methodists* have each a chapel in the village. Mr. Rd. J. L. Witty, engineer, of Basford Cottage, near Wolstanton, is inventor and patentee of the "Warm air diffuser," and the "Gas Furnace," the latter of which has been found to fully answer the intended purpose of consuming its own smoke. The benefactions for the relief and education of the poor of this parish, are as follows:—

BENEFACTIONS:—*Queen Elizabeth* granted the *impropriation of the rectory of* Wolstanton to Sir Wm. Sneyd, Knight, in 1557, but reserved out of the same, a yearly rent charge of £5 for the poor of the parish. In 1696, *John Turmore* left £40, and the interest is now paid to a schoolmistress for teaching six poor children. Twelve 4d. loaves from *Wm Abnet's charity*, are distributed at the Church on Good Friday. (See Audley.) *Jane Brett*, left out of the Dimsdale estate, 20s. yearly, in bread, for the poor of the *South side* of the parish, which includes Wolstanton, Chatterley, Chesterton, and Knutton. *Joseph Brown* charged the Bent estate with the yearly payments of 20s. to the poor of the *North side* of the parish; and 30s. to the schoolmaster of New Chapel, for two free scholars. *John Cowell*, in 1665, bequeathed out of Forscroft and Westgate meadow, in Barlaston, a yearly rent charge of 32s. to the poor of Chesterton and Knutton. *Mrs. Adderley* left to the poor of Tunstall, 50s. yearly out of the Pinnox estate, in Burslem parish. The Tunstall poor have also the interest of £100, left by William Baddeley and another donor.

The *School at Chesterton* was built in 1814, with £100, paid by the widow of Admiral Smith Child, as an arrear of the rent of one moiety of the land charged with the annuity of 32s. left by *John Cowell*, as named above. After the Admiral's decease, she found that he had no beneficial interest in this land, and, she consequently commenced paying the whole rent, £4 (instead of 16s.) to the poor. The said John Cowell's will, contains a benefaction to the Grammar school of Newcastle-under-Lyme, for the education of children of Knutton and Chesterton.

School at Thursfield:—*Dr. Robert Hulme*, in 1708, bequeathed his estate at Oldrode, in Cheshire, (about 36 acres,) for the benefit of the inhabitants of Thursfield Chapelry, directing the yearly rents to be employed for the support of a free school, except £5 a-year for apprenticing four children; and 30s. a-year for the minister. The estate is now let for £73 per annum, besides which, the charity has £3. 14s. a-year, long annuities, purchased with timber money, and arrears of rent. The schoolmaster receives £63 a-year; and the surplus income after paying the two annuities just named, has been for some time accumulating for the purpose of erecting or purchasing a house for the residence of the master.

TUNSTALL, the most populous place in the parish of Wolstanton, and the most northerly town in the Staffordshire Potteries, is seated on the declivity of a considerable eminence, about 1 mile N. by E. of Burslem, on the high road from Bosley to Newcastle. It has arisen during the present century, from the rank of a small village to that of a respectable town. Its population in 1811, only amounted to 1677 souls; who, in 1831, had increased to 3,673, and since the latter year, there has been a considerable augmentation both in the buildings and the inhabitants. It has in its vicinity about sixteen extensive potteries; large chemical works; and a number of neat villas, one of which is *Newfield*, the seat of Smith Child, Esq. who inherits here a large estate from his grandfather, the late *Admiral Smith Child*, who died here in 1813, after acquiring many naval honours. GREENFIELD, and SANDYFORD, are two hamlets about half a mile N. of Tunstall. The *Market place* was formed, and an elegant *Court house* erected by subscription, in 1816; and the market, held every Saturday, is now well supplied with provisions. In 1832, the *Tunstall Improvement Society* was established for paving and draining the streets, removing obstructions, &c. at the expense of the subscribers. The manor of *Tunstall Court*, includes eight townships in Wolstanton parish, as noticed at page 549, and also Bemmersley in Norton parish; and Burslem and Sneyd. Mr. F. Wilkinson, attorney, of Newcastle, is the lord's steward, and holds the manor court, yearly, in October; Mr. Thos. Machin is constable and headborough for the town and liberty of

Tunstall, adjoining to which is, *Hostin Flint Mill*, concerning which, several thousand pounds were expended in 1826, in a law suit, to determine whether it was in this parish or Burslem, and the decision fixed on the latter. Tunstall *Church* is a handsome fabric in the style which prevailed in the reign of Elizabeth. It was erected in 1832, at the cost of £4,000, of which, £3,000 was given by Government, and the remainder was subscribed by the inhabitants. The burial ground was given by R. Sneyd, Esq., who has the patronage of the curacy, but the parsonage house is not yet erected. Dr. Aikin says, "there formerly was a church here, and various human bones have been dug up; but such is the effect of time, that not the least trace of it now remains." The three denominations of *Methodists* have each a chapel here, and it is said to have been at Tunstall were the 'Primitives' first seceded from the Wesleyans. Sunday schools and libraries are attached to these chapels; and in the town is a *Literary Society*, which Simeon Shaw, L. L. D. (a native author) says, is "unassuming in character, but assiduous in research." (for Directory see page 588.)

BRERERURST, or *Brierhurst*, is a hamlet of 922 acres, belonging chiefly to C. B. Lawton and T. Kinnersley, Esqrs., and distant 4 miles N. by W. of Burslem.

CHATTERLEY township, 2¼ miles N. W. of Newcastle, has a number of scattered houses and 1563 acres of land, mostly belonging to R. Sneyd, Esq.

CHELL is a village on an eminence 2 miles N. of Burslem, occupied chiefly by potters. The township has 740 acres, divided into *Great and Little Chell*, for the repairs of the roads. The *Primitive Methodists* have a Chapel here, built in 1823, and enlarged in 1830.

CHESTERTON, a large village on a pleasant declivity, 3 miles N. by W. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, is of great antiquity; deriving its name from an *old Castle* of considerable magnitude, which was founded at a very early period, and went to decay in the time of King John, who granted it to Ranulph, Earl of Chester, who, instead of rebuilding it, erected a *new fortress* at Newcastle, as will be seen at page 652. The township contains 1091 acres, belonging to several proprietors, but T. Kinnersley, Esq. is lord of the manor. Large quantities of bricks and tiles are made here; and in *Apedale* are the extensive iron furnaces, worked by Thos. Firmstone, Esq. The Wesleyans have a chapel in the village.

GOLDEN HILL, 2½ miles N. N. W. of Burslem, is a village at the northern extremity of the Potteries, where there are two small earthenware manufactories. It is in the township of OLDCOTT, which derives its name from a farm, and contains 714 acres; under which are the extensive collieries of Robert Williamson, Esq. In the village is a small Methodist chapel.

KIDSGROVE, or *Kidgrew*, is a considerable village on the Manchester road, 3 miles N. N. W. of Burslem, and partly in the townships of Brerehurst, Oldcott, and Ranscliffe; but mostly in the latter. Its inhabitants are chiefly employed in the neighbouring collieries, worked by T. Kinnersley, Esq., and James Sutton and Co. At a short distance west of the village, is the northern termination of the HARECASTLE TUNNELS, which conduct the Trent and Mersey canal a distance of one mile and three quarters under a lofty hill, extending nearly to the borders of Cheshire. The *old tunnel* is 12 feet high, and 9 broad, and at the depth of from 70 to 80 yards below the summit of the hill. The *new tunnel* runs parallel with the old one, but is of

larger dimensions, and has a towing path with a strong guard rail along the water side. It is said to have cost 103,680 guineas; or a guinea per inch, and was formed by the spirited canal company for the purpose of avoiding the great delay which was occasioned by boats having frequently to wait at one end of the old tunnel, whilst others passed from the opposite end. From the centre of this tunnel, a small canal penetrates into the workings of an extensive coal mine.

KNUTTON is a township of scattered houses, with 1713 acres of land, 1 mile N. W. of Newcastle; and the *heath* here was enclosed with the burgess fields belonging to that town, but a small plot was reserved for the *race course* (See p. 652 and 656.) The Methodists have a small chapel on the heath, where a number of cottages have been built since the enclosure.

NEW-CHAPEL is a small and irregularly built village, in the township of Thursfield, which contains 559 acres of land, 3 miles N. of Burslem, and 5 miles N. by E. of the mother church at Wolstanton. The *Chapel of Ease* is a neat brick edifice, rebuilt by subscription in 1766. The district under its jurisdiction, is properly called THURSFIELD CHAPELRY; and includes the townships of Brerehurst, Chell, Oldcott, Ranscliffe, Stadmoreslow, Thursfield, Tunstall, and Wedgwood, which form what is called the *North side* of Wolstanton parish. The living is a *curacy*, in the gift of the inhabitants, and is now enjoyed by the Rev. Wm. Carter. It is endowed with land at Norton-in-the-Moors, worth about £70 per annum. In the chapel yard is a plain altar tomb, inscribed to the memory of that celebrated engineer, James Brindley, who died at Turnhurst, in Thursfield township, in 1772, aged 56. Mr. Brindley resided here for several years, but was a native of Tunsted, near Wormhill, in Derbyshire, and is well known for his skill in planning and conducting inland navigation, and under his directions it was that the Duke of Bridgewater's and the Trent and Mersey canals were formed. Near the chapel is *Thursfield school*, already noticed at page 550.

RANSCLIFF, or RAINSCLIFF township, 4 miles N. of Newcastle, includes 375 acres of land, a few farm houses, and the greater part of the village of *Kidsgrove*, and the Harecastle tunnels, already noticed. Thomas Kinnersley, Esq. owns most of the soil.

RED STREET, 3¼ miles N. by W. of Newcastle, is a village on a commanding eminence, extending into the townships of Chesterton, Chatterley, and Talk-on-the-Hill, the latter of which is in Audley parish. It is one of the oldest seats of the earthenware manufactory, and, perhaps derived its name from the red pottery anciently made here, though some suppose it to be derived from the blood spilt here in some conflict between the Saxons and the Danes. It has still one extensive pottery, and had anciently a chapel, of which no vestiges now remain.

STADMORESLOW, or STADMERESLOW, 4 miles N. N. E. of Burslem, is a township of 601 acres, with a number of scattered houses at the foot of the lofty hill, called MOLE COP, on which there is a summer house, for the convenience of parties, who frequently ascend the hill for the purpose of enjoying an extensive prospect of the surrounding country.

WEDGWOOD township has only 431 acres of land, and a few scattered farm houses and cottages, distant 3 miles N. E. of Burslem

FOR WOLSTANTON PARISH DIRECTORY, *see page* 590.

STOKE-UPON-TRENT DIRECTORY.

Post Office, High-street, Richard Cyples Tomkinson, Postmaster. Letters from London and the South, arr. at half-past 3 aft. and are despatched at half-past 8 evg. and 10 mng. Letters from Birmingham and Liverpool, &c. arr. 7 mng. and are despatched at 10 mng.

List of streets, villages, &c. in Stoke, and the rest of the township of Penkhull with Boothen.

Ashfield, London road
Basford, Hanley road
Black Lion, (now Trent vale)
Boothen road, Church street
Boothen ville, London road
Canal wharfs, Church street
Chapel street, Cross street
Church street, High street
Cliff bank, head of High street
Cliff ville, Stoke lane
Commercial bldings. London rd.
Cross street, High street
Eldon place, London road
Glebe street, Church street
Hanford bridge, Trent vale
Hanley road, Stoke lane
Harpfield, Stoke lane
Hartshill, Stoke lane
Hawthorn cottage, Newcastle rd.
High grove, London road
High street, Church street
Hill street, London road
Honeywall, Upper Cliff bank
John street, Liverpool road
Liverpool road, High street
London road, High street
Market place, Market street
Market street, Eldon place
Mount (The) Stoke lane
Nine row, Hill street
Oakhill, London road
Penkhull, Honeywall
Pleasant row, Nine row
Princess street, Upper Cliff bank
Pump street, Cross street
Spring fields, Newcastle road
Stoke lane, Cliff bank, to Newcastle
Stoke lodge, London road
Thomas street, Cross street
Trent vale, Stoke turn, London road
Vale street, Liverpool road
Waterloo buildings, Church st.
Welch street, Church street

Miscellany *of Gentry, Partners in Firms, and others not arranged in the Lists of Trades and Professions.*

Adams Benj. mariner, Hanley rd.
Adams Samuel, gent. Black Lion
Anderson Dd. gent. Penkhull
Archer Robert, gent. Penkhull
Astbury James Bagnall, solr.; h. Hill street
Baddeley Wm. horse dlr. Hartshill
Bagnall John, gent. Upper Cliff bank
Bagnall Thos. farmer, Boothen
Bagnall Wm governor of the workhouse, Spittle
Bate Edwin, bookr. Waterloo rd.
Bentley Wm. modeller, Glebe st.
Bentley Mr. Wm. Glebe st.
Bill John, field seedsman and lime burner, Trent vale
Bould Mrs. Eliz. Trent vale
Brammer Mrs. Hanh. Cliff bank
Bragg John, farmer, Stoke lane
Brammer Mary, farmer, Stoke lane
Bridgewood Nathl. potter, Boothen
Broady Charles, bookr. Glebe st.
Brough Wm. circulating library, Liverpool road
Burgess John & Wm. nursery & seedsmen, Penkhull
Burland Mr. Wm. Oakhill
Butter Hy. Chas. bookr. Hartshill
Cheadle Mrs. Mary, Liverpl. rd.
Cockson Mr. Chas. Basford bank
Copeland John Hansel, gent. Glebe street
Cotton Danl. farmer, Hanley rd.



Daniel Hy. mfr.; h. High street
Davis Wm. Cordwell, high constable, Market st.
Dawson James, collector of rents, &c. Vale street
Dawson John, farmer, Lodge
Dimmock Josiah, timber mert.; h. Hill street
Dunbar Rev. Sir Wm. Bart. Upper cliff
Eardley Mr. John, Penkhull
Fenton Thos. Esq. Stoke lodge
Fletcher John, farmer, Hanford bridge
Further Sarah, Cliff bank
Garner Hy. cart owner, Stoke ln.
Garratt Thos. mfr. Trent vale
Goodwin John, gent. High grove
Greatbatch Danl. engraver, Penkhull
Greaves Jas. porter mert. Hanley road
Hallam Mrs. Mary, High street
Hays Mrs. Cath. Liverpool road
Hemmings Mrs. Eliz. Liverl. rd.
Hemmings Geo. farmer, Penkhull
Hollins Miss Mary and Sisters, Stubbs lodge
Keys Edw. modeller, Stoke lane
Keys Sl. modeller, Upr. Cliff bk.
Kirkham Thos. gent. Hawthorne cottage, London road
Leese Mrs. Ann, Trent bridge
Lovett Wm. cow kr. Rectory cot.
Maguire John, engraver, Trent bridge
Mallabar Edward Lounds, gent. Penkhull
Marshall Mrs. Sar. Liverpool rd.
Massey Wm. modeller, Market st.
Minshall Edw. farmer, Stoke ln.
Minton Arthur, mfr.; h. Oakhill
Minton Herbert, mfr.; h. Longfield cottage
Nichols Mrs. Thirza, Upr. Cliff bank
Outrim Wm. bookr. High st.
Palmer Humphrey, & Co. staymakers, Basford house
Palmer Thos. traveller, High st.
Pickhorn Mrs. Sarah, Hill st.
Polgrean Wm. bookpr. Glebe st.
Poulson Mr. Edw. Boothen
Poulson John, gent. Oakhill
Poulson Saml. collector & parish clerk, Church street
Procter Denis, bookr. Glebe st.
Ray Geo. overlooker, Liverpl. rd.
Reeves Jph. farmer, Penkhull
Ruscoe Ralph, agent to the Trent and Mersey Canal Co. Canal wharf
Selman Benj. sawyer, Stoke ln.
Shaw Josiah, salesman, Hill st.
Shaw Saml. nailmkr. Further sq.
Shaw Thos. bookpr. High st.
Silvester John, farmer, Lower Harsthill
Shelley Sampson, camel hair pencil mfr. Vale street
Shufflebotham Geo. brush mfr. Basford bank
Smith Mrs. Ann, Hill street
Smith John, gent. Spring fields
Spode Mrs. Mary, The Mount
Stevenson Chas. farmer, Grindley hill
Sutton Thos. farmer, London rd.
Taylor Geo. Thos. vestry clerk, Penkhull
Taylor Jph. gent. Trent vale
Thomas Samuel, china, clay, & stone mert. Boothen villa
Tomlinson Rev. John Wickes, M.A. Stoke hall
Williams Wm. sol. & magistrates' clerk; h. Cliff bank
Williamson Miss Cath. Penkhull
Williamson Jno. farmer, Hanley road
Wilson Jno. bookr. Up. Cliff bk.
Wilson Mr. John, Trent vale

ACADEMIES.

Beech Joseph, Oakhill
Blore Jesse, Hill street
National, Edw. Hollis Miller, & Maria Adams, Churchyard
Sadler John, Cross street
Welsby Wm. Pump street
Willett Walter, Penkhull
Wilson Janette, High street
Wood Mary, Oak hill
Wright William, Hill street

ATTORNEYS.

Astbury & Williams, Cliff bank
Cheslyn Thomas, Glebe street
Fenton John, Penkhull lodge
Tomlinson Frederick Wright, Cliff ville
Tomlinson John, Esq. (& notary public) Cliff ville

BANKER.

Moore Wm. Esq. High st. (and Stone,;) attends Friday

BLACKSMITHS.
Large Samuel, Hill street
Merry John, High street
Reeves Thos. Bridge foot
Shenton Geo. Trent vale
BOOKSELLER, PRINTER, &c.
Tomkinson Rd. Cyples, High st.
BOOT & SHOE MAKERS.
Bradshaw Wm. Hartshill
Brassington Thos. Hill street
Dunn Wm. Upper Cliff bank
Ellis Saml. Pump street
Foster Chas. Nine row
Heath John, Penkhull
Jones Thomas, Vale street
Rudyard Jervis, Cliff bank
Swetmore Wm. Hill street
Wilson Wm. Jph. Market street
BRAZIER & TINMAN.
Hughes Geo. Church street
BRICKLAYERS.
Evans John & Son, Penkhull
Hollins Wm. Stoke lane
Taylor Wm. Stoke lane
Warner Wm. Trent vale
BRICK & TILE MAKERS.
Asbury Wm. London road; h. Hanford
Bennett Hugh, London road and Basford bank
Cooper John & Wm. Hartshill
Elkin Geo. Basford bank
Elkin John Basford bank
Hogdkinson Thos. Basford bank
Pitchford James, Basford bank
Warner James, London road; h. Hanford
Williams Thos. Basford bank; h. Hanford bridge
BUTCHERS.
Dain Christopher, Hartshill
Huson Wm. High street
Phillips John, King street
Tatton Thomas, Penkhull
Turner Thomas, High street
CABINET MAKERS, &c.
Bentley James, High street
Brinsley Richard, Church street
Greatbatch Henry, Church street
Hullard Thomas, Hanford bridge
Lake Thomas, Glebe street
CHAIR MAKER.
Hays Jeffery, High street
CHINA MANUFACTURERS.
Adams Wm. & Sons, Church st.
Boyle Zach. & Son, Church st.
Copeland & Garratt, High street
Daniel Henry & Rd. London road
Mayer Thomas, Cliff bank
Minton Thomas, Eldon place
CONFECTIONER.
Potts James, High street
COOPER.
Clews James, London road
CORN & FLOUR DEALERS.
Collier Charles Hy. Vale street
Hart John, (wholesale,) Hill st.
Kearsley Thomas, Church street
CORN MILLERS.
Beardmore James, Hartshill
Pratt John, London road
CRATE MAKERS.
Barlow James, High street
Hulse Thomas, Boothen road
Moore Ralph, High street
Steele Daniel, Penkhull
Swinnerton Thos. Coml. buildings
Woodhouse James
DRUGGISTS.
Jones John, (& manfrg. chemist) High street
Tomkinson Rd. C. High street
EARTHENWARE MFRS.
Adams Wm. & Sons, Church st.
Boyle Zach. & Son, Church st.
Copeland & Garratt, High street
Daniel Hy. & Rd. London road
Davenport John, Son, & Co. Eldon place
Mayer Thomas, Cliff bank
Minton Thomas, Eldon place
Ratcliff Humphrey, Black works, Hartshill
ENAMELLER.
Lakin Christian, Church street
FIRE, &c. OFFICES.
Globe, Astbury and Williams, Cliff bank
Royal Exchange, Wm. Wayte
Salop, Richard Cyples Tomkinson, High street
FLINT GRINDERS.
Boyle Zach. and Son, Glebe st.
Poulson Thomas, Boothen house, Cross street
Splatt Wm. (and plaster merchant) Stoke mill; h. Pump st.
GROCERS & TEA DEALERS.
*Marked * are Bakers also.*
Holdgate Thomas, Church street
* Jones Wm. High street
Kidd Robert, (and chandler) High street

* Sneyd Richard, (and game dealer) Hill street
* Sneyd Rutus, Coml. buildings
Wallbank Henry, Market place

HAIR DRESSERS.

Bloor Henry, Hill street
Stevenson Wm. High street

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Black Lion, Richard Shakeshaft, Trent Vale
Board, Sarah Bird, High street
King's Arms, Josiah Fearnyhough, Hill street
Malt Shovel, John Marlow, Trent Vale
Marquis of Granby, John Holroyd, Penkhull
Noah's Ark, John Frost, Hartshill
Queen's Arms, John Greaves, Basford bank
Red Lion Inn, John Biddulph, Church street
Red Lion, Wm. Whitfield, Old Stoke lane
Swan, Richard Broad, Cliff bank
Swan-with-Two-Necks, Sarah Blackburn, Trent Vale
Talbot, Wm. Yates, Commercial street
Vine, Joseph, Hurlstone, London road
Wheat Sheaf Inn, James Fidler, High street
White Lion, Joseph Reeves, Honey wall

BEER HOUSES.

Arblaster John, Market place
Barlow James, Hill street
Bell Richard, Princess street
Bromley Wm. Cliff bank
Cartledge John, Coml. buildings
Cartwright Wm. Coml. buildings
Chatwyn Thomas, Boothen
Downe Samuel Church street
Dudley Wm. Hartshill
Glover Josiah, Stoke lane
Greatbatch Hugh, Stoke lane
Grocott James, Penkhull
Hodgkins Thomas, Market place
Hodgkinson Matthew, High st.
Hughes Thomas, Cross street
Huson Wm. High street
Leigh John, Coml. buildings
Lockett Richard, London road
Marlow John, Trent vale
Marsh Wm. Cross street
Plant George, Cliff bank
Reeves Thomas, Bridge foot
Roberts Charles, Market street
Sanders John, Penkhull
Seabridge John, Market place
Sheldon Samuel, Oak hill
Shenton Richard, Welch street
Shenton Thomas, Cross street
Sillitoe John, Black Lion
Steele George, Boothen
Steele Samuel, Eldon place
Tatton Thomas, Penkhull
Trickett Thomas, Knappersgate
Walker Edward, High street
Walker Henry, Waterloo bldgs.
Wood Wm. Stoke lane

IRON FOUNDER.

Bostock Lewis & Saml. Cross st.

IRONMONGERS.

Holdgate Thomas, Church street
Parker Frederick, High street
Plant Joseph, Market street

JOINERS AND BUILDERS.

Harris Wm. Glebe street
Steel Joseph, High street
Steel Samuel, Eldon place
Steel Wm. Hartshill

LAND AND BUILDING SURVEYORS AND AGENTS.

Lynam George, Penkhull
McPhail Adam, (mineral surveyor & civil engnr.) Hartshill
Watson John, (and architect,) Honey wall
Ward Henry, (and architect,) Glebe street

LINEN & WOOLLEN DRPRS.

Ball Thomas, High street
Berrisford John, Honey wall
Smith Geo. and Saml. High st.
Wilkinson Sarah, High street
Wallbank John, Market street

MALTSTERS.

Baxter Michael, Penkhull
Broad Richard, Cliff bank
Fidler James, Boothen road
Hill Henry, Penkhull
Greaves John, Basford bank
Marlow John, Trent vale

MILLINERS, &c.

Griffith Ann, High street
Hales Elizabeth, Stoke lane
Smith Harriet, Thomas street
Wilkinson Sarah, High street

PLUMBERS & GLAZIERS.

* *are Painters also.*

* Harvey Francis, Market street

* Hill Henry, Cliff bank
Morton James, Liverpool road

SADDLERS.

Brown John, High st. (& Hanley)
Stevenson Robert, High street

SHOPKEEPERS.

Allen John, Hill street
Beardsmore James, Hartshill
Boulton Benjamin, Trent vale
Brooks Mary, Stoke lane
Cook John, Stoke lane
Davis Wm. Cordwell, Market st.
Griffith John, Hartshill
Harding David, Stoke lane
Hodgkinson Matthew, High st.
Holland Wm. Handford bridge
Howell Peter, Honey wall
Hulland Wm. Hanford bridge
Lowndes Thomas, Penkhull
Mountford Joseph, Penkhull
Lysett Thomas, Honey wall
Martin Elizabeth, Penkhull
Nichols Richard, Penkhull
Pickering Hugh, Penkhull
Plant George, Cliff bank
Sandbach Joseph, Market place
Taylor James, Penkhull
Wilson Francis, Market place

STONE MASONS.

Bramwell Fras. Waterloo bldgs.
Sellars Jph. (marble) Glebe st.

STRAW HAT MAKERS.

Reeves Eliza, Market place
Sharp Selina, Hill street

SURGEONS.

Berry John Warburton, Hill st.
Dawes Wm. Glebe street
Dufford Henry, Ashfield cottage
Weston James, Hill street

TAILORS.

Adams Thomas, Hill street
Bromley James, Trent vale
Dobson John, Stoke lane
Griffiths Samuel, Welch street
Grocott Thomas, Liverpool road
Hill Wm. Penkhull
Howell Thomas, High street
Nelson Jonathan, (and clothes cleaner) Cliff bank
Politt Henry, Thomas street
Sanders John, Hartshill
Walker Edw. & Son, Market st.

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

Dimmock Josiah & Timothy, (& boat builders,) Canal side

WATCH & CLOCK MKRS.

Bucknall Wm. High street
Copeland Samuel H. High street
Radford Thomas, High street

WHARFINGERS,

(and General Agents.)

Barratt Wm. Glebe street
Brassington John, Newcastle Junction
Collier Charles H. Canal wharf
Hindle Thomas, Canal wharf
Hunt Alexander, Glebe street
Wayte Wm. Canal wharf

WHEELWRIGHTS.

Baker Edw. (and pump maker,) Cliff bank
Garmston S. Church street
Robinson Samuel, Trent vale

COACHES.

The London, Liverpool, and Derby coaches, call at the Wheat Sheaf Inn. *(See Burslem.)*

CARRIERS BY LAND.

See Newcastle-under-Lyme.

CARRIERS BY WATER.

From the Canal Wharf.

Pickford and Co. to London, Manchester, Birmingham, Bristol, Worcester, and all parts of the South West of England and South Wales, daily. Thomas Hindle, *agent.*

T. Bache, to London and Manchester, daily. Chas. H. Collier, *agent.*

John Furnival, to Manchester and Liverpool twice a week.

Wm. Wayte, wharfinger, receives goods for the following carriers, viz. Worthington & Co., to Manchester, Birmingham, Stourport, Worcester, Bristol, &c.; T. Ebbern and Sons, to Cambridge, &c.; A. Reid & Co., to Liverpool; J. Markham, to Oxford, &c.; T. Best, to Burton, Wolverhampton, &c.; and R. Barrow, to Nottingham, Leicester, &c.

From the Canal Co.'s Wharf.—H. Henshall & Co. to Liverpool. Ralph Ruscoe, agent.

From Shelton Wharf, near Stoke.—Robins, Mills, & Co. to London, Manchester, and Liverpool, the counties of Chester.

* Pall mall, (Lower & Upper) Piccadilly
Parliament row, (New) Market square
* Piccadilly, Brunswick street
* Princes street, High street
* Prospect place, Broad street
Queen street, Slack's lane
* Queen street, High street
* Russell street, near Snow hill
* Sandybutt, Canal side
* Sheaf street, Broad street
* Shelton wharf, near Stoke
Slack's lane, Miles' bank
* Snow hill, Broad street
South terrace, Bucknall road
* Stafford row, Market square
Swan street, Slack's lane
* Tinker's clough, near Etruria road
Toll street, Duke street
Tontine passage, Tontine street
Tontine street, Market square
* Twentieth row, Marsh street
Union street, Slack's lane
* Union street, Lichfield street
Upper Hanley, High street
* Vale pleasant, Etruria road
* Vale place, Hope street
* Vine street, Lichfield street
* Weaver street, Marsh street
Well street, Hill street
West terrace, Hill street
* William street, Broad street
Wood street, Slack's lane
* York street, Albion street

MISCELLANY *of Gentry, Clergy, Partners in Firms, and others not arranged in the Lists of Trades and Professions. The* CONTRACTION *mfr. signifies China and Earthenware manufacturer, and h. house. The inhabitants of Shelton may be easily distinguished from those of Hanley, by a reference to the foregoing List of Streets, &c.; except those in High st., Hill st., George st., New st., and Queen street, bearing which names there are streets in both townships, but those in Shelton are distinguished by the letter S.*

Abbington Jas. mfr.; h. High st.
Adams Mr. Jonth. Vale pleasant
Adams Mr. Wm. Church street
Aitkens Rev. Rt. Ellis, M.A. inc. curate, Oldhall street
Alkins Chas. carrier, Etruria whf.
Allen Theophilus, engraver; h. Union street
Asbury Saml. bookpr. Albion st.
Ashley Rd. sheriff's officer, Swan street
Atkinson Samuel, clog & patten maker, Slack's lane
Austin Geo. cow keeper, New st.
Baddeley Danl. Bird, Esq. Ivy house
Baddeley Jas. sen. collector of poor rates for Hanley, Bucknall, and Bagnall, Eastwood
Baddeley Jas. jun. silk throwster, Eastwood
Baddeley Mr. John, Hill st. S.
Baddeley Mr. Thos. Slack's lane
Baggeley Thos. modeller & mould maker, Tontine street
Baggeley Wm. Hy. traveller, Union street
Bailey Jas. gent. Union street
Baker Mrs. Margaret, Well st.
Barlow Jas. mfr.; h. Bryan's well
Barlow Mrs. Mary, Well street
Barton John, gent. King street
Bate John, book-keeper, Etruria
Bennett Richard, gent. Market sq.
Berresford Benj. trunk maker, Slack's lane
Birch George, copperas manufacturer, Cauldon, Canal side
Birch Miss Jane, Slack's lane
Bird Mrs. Mary, Mill street
Boddington Charles, bookkeeper, Etruria
Booth John, colour maker, Nelson place
Booth, Wm. colour maker, Far green
Bregazzi Charles and Sebastian, carvers, gilders, looking glass, barometer, &c. mfrs. High st.
Brettle Miss Mary, Church st.
Brown Sar. matron, Infirmary, S.
Burton John, mfr.; h. High st.
Challiner Jas. accountnt. Sheaf st.
Clementson Francis, contractor, Joiners' square
Clews Richd. hay dlr. Piccadilly

Clews Samuel, collector of Shelton poor rates, Well street
Coates John, traveller, Marsh st.
Cockson Mrs. Ann, Cobridge
Cockson Chas. travr. Vale place
Copeland Chas. porter, Etruria
Counter Hugh, eating house, Market place
Cox Thomas, draper; house, Russell cottage
Crossman George, bookkeeper, Church street
Daniel John, mfr.; h. Albion st.
Davis Miss Elizabeth, Mill st.
Davis John, cowkpr. Piccadilly
Dimmock Timothy, timber merchant; house, Lichfield street
Driver Mrs. Albion place
Dutton Abraham, chapel clerk, High street
Edmonds Rev. John, (Independent,) Charles street
Edwards Thomas, manager, Shelton Iron Works
Farmer Rev. Wm. (Independent,) High street, S.
Filcher Geo. atty's. clk. Vine st.
Fourdrinier George Henry and Co. pottery tissue paper manufacturers, Ivy house mill
Gaskell Robert, veterinary surgeon, Marsh street
Gibbs George, collector of Hanley poor rates, Piccadilly
Glass John, jun. mfr.; h. Mill st.
Glass Rd. Dean, mfr. Market st.
Glover Thos. traveller, Well st.
Greatbach Daniel, manager, Edmund street
Green John, cart owner, Gate st.
Hackwood, Thomas, manufacturer; h. Hill street, S.
Hackwood Wm. manufacturer; h. Union street
Hales John P. Esq. Cobridge
Hall Jas. cart owner, Market st.
Hambleton Sarah, cow keeper, Queen street
Hammersley Ralph, manufacturer and agent, Albion street; house, Lichfield street
Hammersley Wm. Shufflebottom, mfr.; house, High street, S.
Hampson Hanh. farmer, Etruria
Hand Wm. Debank, gent. Edmund street
Hayes Wm. agent, Etruria wharf
Heath John, engraver, Hope st.
Heath Thos. engraver, Vine st.
Howe Mrs. Margt. Market st.
Jackson, Thomas, sizing boiler and bone burner, Eastwood
Johnson Geo. mfr.; h. Hope st.
Johnson Reub. mfr. Hanover st.
Jones Hy. mfr.; h. William st.
Jones Mrs. Sarah, Union street
Keates Thomas, gent. Market st.
Keeling Mrs. Ann, New street
Keeling Mr. Edward, Mill street
Keeling Enoch, cashier, Etruria
Keeling James, gent. South pr.
Keeling Mrs. Jane, New street
Keeling Jesse, commercial traveller, Etruria
Keeling John, traveller, Adventure place
Kenyon Rt. agent, Vale pleasant
Key Wm. gent. Dale street
Lane Edith, midwife, High st.
Leigh Ralph, atty. Charles st.
Linton Thomas, music master, Albion place
Lloyd Mr. Thomas, Well street
Loley Samuel, bookpr. Slack's la.
Malkin Wm. brewer, Broad st.
Massey John, dentist, High st.
Mayer John, gent. Market street
Mayer Jph. mfr.; h. High street
Mear Thos. manager, Cauldon pl.
Meigh Chas. mfr.; h. Snow hill
Meigh Job, mfr.; h. Albion st.
Meigh Mrs. Mary, Market street
Mellor Thomas, commercial traveller, New street
Myatt Jph. overlooker, Slack's la.
Newland Rev. Ridgway Wm. (Ind. Minister,) High street
Paddock George, gent. Vale pl.
Painter Frederick, travlr. John st.
Parker Wm. merchant, and chief bailiff of Hanley and Shelton, Cheapside; h. Albion house
Pawley Miss Sarah, Piccadilly
Pedley Jas. engraver, Charles st.
Penkest Jas. bookpr. Lichfield st.
Penkhurst James Wm. traveller, Duke street
Penkhurst Wm. H. travlr. Mill st.
Perry Hugh Booth, flint grinder; house, Toll street
Pitchford John, cart owner, New street
Pope John, gent. Market street

Pope Mrs. Sarah, New street
Popplewell Joseph, cheque clerk, Etruria
Ratcliffe Jas. bookpr. Duke st.
Rawlins Mrs. Ann, Market street
Richards Rev. W. curate of Hanley, Bath street
Ridgway Ralph, manager, Edmund street
Ridgway Wm. Esq. Northwood
Roberts Philip O. stay maker, Upper Pall mall
Robey Ralph Mayer, traveller, Northwood
Robson Wm. (excise) Market st.
Rose Jas. supervisor, Market st.
Sands Thomas, hosiery manufacturer, Tontine street
Scott Robert, music and instrument dealer, High street
Seddon Joshua, house surgeon, &c. Infirmary, S.
Sharp Mrs. Ellen, Northwood
Shorthose Mrs. Ann, High-st. S.
Simpson James, engraver, Nunnery cottage, S.
Simpson Jph. engraver, Mill st.
Smith Rev. Alexander, (Baptist,) Albion place
Smith Rt. mfr.; h. King street
Sneyd Mrs. Hannah, King street
Steel Henry, engraver, Albion pl.
Stevens Mr. Hamlet, New street
Stevenson Jph. travlr. Church st.
Stupart John, Esq. banker; h. Market square
Tams Mr. Michael, High st. S.
Tams John, earthenware dealer, Charles street
Taylor Miss Ellen, Market street
Taylor Jas. maltster, Edmund st.
Taylor Thos. brush mkr. High st.
Thornicroft Saml. solr. Charles st.
Toft Mr. John, Market street
Turner Thomas, cart owner, Well street
Unwin Jonth. fireman, Etruria
Wagstaff Robert, cow keeper, Race course
Wallworth Mrs. Ann, Duke st.
Weatherby Elizabeth, umbrella dealer, Broad street
Wedgwood Francis, manufacturer; house, Etruria
White Thos. overlooker, Union st.
Whitehead Miss Ann, Alder cot.
Whitehouse Isaac, engineer, Pall mall
Williamson Geo. whsman. Union street
Wood Saml. bookpr. Union st.
Woodward Thos. farmer, Bank S.
Wordley Eliz. depository to the religious tract society, Albion place
Wright Jno. glass dlr. Tontine st.
Yates Jas. mfr.; h. Cleveland pl.
Yersley Geo. bookpr. High st.

ACADEMIES.

*Marked * take Boarders.*

Bailey Isaac, Etruria
Barlow James, Piccadilly
British School, Thomas Ryder & Matilda Heath, Pall mall
Bromley James, Hanover st.
Cooper Joseph, Stafford row
Dale Thomas, High st. S.
Hefford Simon and Charlotte, Stafford row
* Collinshead Louisa, Albion pl.
James Jane, Mill st.
* Jones Eliza, Union st.
Keeling Amy, Duke st
Kirkwood Hannah, Piccadilly
Meller Sl. Parker, (coml.) New st.
* Mort Sophia, Northwood
National, Ewd. Chell & Harriet Baker, Lichfield street
O'Connor John, Well street
Rowley John, Mill street
* Smith Rev. Alex. Albion place
Stevens Mary A. Broad street

ACCOUNTANTS.

Bagnall Sampson, Hanover st.
Cooper Joseph, Brunswick st.

AGENTS (COMMISSION.)

Bourne Edward, Cobridge
Hammersley Ralph, Albion st.
Keeling Enoch, Mill street
Mayer Elijah, Edmund street
Phillips Jacob, Bagnall street
Shelly John, (& paper dlr.) Oldhall street
Taylor Jno. (clay,) Cleveland pl.
Yates Delves, Mill street

ARTISTS.

*Those marked * are Drawing Masters.*

* Austin Jesse, Hope street
* Bradshaw John, Albion ter.
Emery John, High street, S.
Fenton Wm. Duke street

Hulme Jesse (& designer,) Albion street
Sherwin John, Well street

ATTORNEYS.

Bishop Wm. Shelton hall
Brown Hugh, *Vice Consul* for the United States of America, and law clerk to comrs. of police,) Eastwood
Dutton Wm. High street
Griffin Thomas, Piccadilly
Jones Thos. (& comr. for taking affidavits in Courts of Common Pleas, Exchequer, and King's Bench, and atty in Insolvent Debtor's Court,) Albion street
Leigh & Thornicroft, Charles st.
Stevenson Ralph, Albion street
Taylor John Sparrow, Albion st.
Thomas Dd. (attends George & Dragon, Tu and Sat.) New st. (& Stafford)

AUCTIONEERS.

Audley Wm. & John, Brunswick street
Batigan Bernard, Piccadilly
Betteley John, Market square
Palmer Wm. Bagnall street S.
Sadler Edw. Market square

BAKERS & FLOUR DLRS.

Bright Wm. Market place
Goodwin John, Market square
Martin Mary, Market square
Mogg Wm. Miles' bank
Moss Christopher, Hope street
Rochall Wm. High street, S.
Sargeant Thomas, Market square
Vigers John, High street, S.
Walker John, Cobridge

BANKS.

District bank, Market square, John Stupart, Esq. agt. draw on Smith, Payne, & Co. London, Bank of Scotland, & National Bank of Scotland, Edinburgh, and Provincial Bank of Ireland, Dublin)
Savings Bank, British School, Pall mall, John Shirley, sec.

BASKET MAKERS.

Barcroft John, Hope street
Mole Henry, Market square

BLACKING MAKERS.

Parkinson Jesse, (and furniture paste,) Market square
Taylor John, Stafford row

BLACKSMITHS.

Ashley Peter, Marsh street
Ashley Peter, Etruria
Bostock Samuel, Abbey street
Bostock Wm. Hope street
Burndred Thomas, Marsh street
Clark Abraham, Cobridge
Rider Wm. Stafford row
Till Thomas, Broad street
Williams Matthew, Etruria

BOOKSELLERS, BINDERS, AND PRINTERS.

Allbutt Thos. (and stamp office,) Market square
Gibbs Geo. (binder,) Piccadilly
Kirkwood John, (periodical,) Piccadilly
Rowley Wm. Market square
Watts Isaac, (& periodical,) New Parliament row

BOOT & SHOE MAKERS.

Thus * *have warehouses also.*

* Abberley John Market square
Baddeley Wm. Brunswick street
Batten John, Market place
Bettany Thomas, Hope street
Birch James, Etruria road
Blackhurst Thomas, Up. Hanley
Boston Edward, Hope street
Bradbury Wm. Stafford row
Chilton Thomas, Upr. Hanley
Clayton John, Piccadilly
Clewlow James, Union street
Curzon Henry, Marsh street
Dawson Henry, High street, S.
Emery Wm. William street
Franklin Stephen, Etruria road
* Frith James, Tontine street
Hall George, Slack's lane
Harding Wm. Owen, Vine street
Hawkins Robert, Market street
Hillier Peter, Etruria
Hood Wm. Slack's lane
Hulme George, Market street
James John, Bow street
Johnson Thomas, Union street
Johnson Joseph, Stafford row
Plant John, Piccadilly
Platt James, Church road
Mountford Joseph, New st. S.
Raby Charles, High street, S.
Rushton John, Piccadilly
Simpon John, Hope street
Simpson Wm. Bow street
Steadman Richard, Marsh street
Stone Wm. Lower Pall mall
Sumner Thomas, Vine street

* Tomlinson Thos. New Parliament row
* Vyse Thomas, Market square
Wheeler Charles, Cobridge
Wright Ralph, Hanover street

BRAZIERS & TINMEN.

Dickin Charles, Market square
Holland Wm. Market square
Johnson Wm. Market square
Lythgoe Peter, Broad street

BREWERS.

Clews & Malkin, Broad street
Wilson Rt. Wood, Hope street

BRICKLAYERS & BUILDERS.

Brereton Abel, Well street
Brownsword Nathn. Piccadilly
Davies Arthur, Slack's lane
Eadon Joseph, Bagnall street
Edge Joel, Toll street
Hodson Peter, High street
Marsden Thomas, Etruria road
Ralphs John, Etruria road
Willdig Thomas, Piccadilly

BRICK & TILE MAKERS.

Barker Wm. Tinker's clough
Clarke Richard, Marsh street
Fradley & Buckley, Vale place
Mills John, Twentieth row
Wright Samuel, Prospect place

BUTCHERS.

Fielding Thomas, New Parliament row
Poole Wm. Chell street
Ridgway John, Weaver street
Ridgway Joseph, Market square
Sargeant John, Tontine street
Sergeant Charles, Nelson place
Spooner Eli, High street
Turner John & Son, Up. Hanley
Warrilow Joseph, Queen street

CABINET MAKERS.

See Joiners also.

*Marked * are Upholsterers.*

Audley W. & Jno. Brunswick st.
Betteley John, Market square
Cliff James, Miles' bank
Edwards Thomas, Stafford row
Heath Thomas, York street
* Myatt Wm. Piccadilly
Sadler Edward, Market square
Sarjeant John, Etruria
* Stonier John, High street

CHAIR MAKERS.

*Marked * are Wood Turners.*

Bossen Samuel, Chell street
*Brock John, Oldhall street
Hollins Geo. (turner only,) Stafford row
Parton Daniel, Miles' bank
* Tunnicliffe George, Pall mall

CHINA MANFRS.

See also Earthenware mfrs.

Barlow James & Co. Miles' bank
Gray & Jones, High street
Rathbone & Co. George street

CHINA & EARTHENWARE TOY MFRS.

Beech Thomas, Brunswick street
Booth Richard, Brook street
Copeland James, New street
Eardley James, New street
Floyd Henry, Cobridge
Hall Samuel, Newhall street
Jackson Joseph, Queen street, S.
Lloyd John, Marsh street
Maskery Maria, Piccadilly
Mayer Samuel, Piccadilly
Mayer Thomas, (dlr.) Hope st.
Mills Henry, High street, S.
Salt Ralph, (figures & porcelain tablets,) Marsh street
Walton Joshua, Piccadilly
Woodward Wm. Marsh street

CLOTHES BROKERS.

Boothby Wm. C. Tontine street
Lewis Jacob, High street S.

COACH BUILDERS.

Griffiths Thomas, New street
Varndell John, Charles street
Vardell Thomas, Market square

COAL MERCHANTS.

Granville Viscount, Shelton colliery; Wm. Forrester, agent, Brook street
Keeling Saml. Chatterley bdg. S.

COLOUR MANFRS.

Bentley Geo. & Isaac, High st.
Boone Elijah, Well street
Booth George Robins, (and dry salter,) Waterloo place and Albion terrace
Dodd Wm. Northwood
Dudson Richard, Broad street
Gerrard John, Mill street
Marsh Wm. Nelson place
Poynton Wm. Hope street, S.
Ratcliffe Wm. Hope street, S.
Sparks Geo. Slack's lane & Lane end
Sutton Samuel, (cobalt refiner,) Albion st.; h. Adventure pl.
WrightSampson,(cobalt refiner,) Church street

Wright Samuel, (cobalt refiner,) Prospect place

CONFECTIONERS.

Bright Wm. Market place
Dale Elijah, Market square
Hawkes John, Albion street
Hay Robert, Chapel street
Travis Mary, Market place
Winrow Wm. Piccadilly
Wright John, Tontine street

COOPERS.

Price Robert, Tontine passage
Stanway Thomas, Market street
Trubshaw Charles, Duke street
Walters Thomas, Marsh street

COPPERSMITHS.

(*For Engravers.*)

Goostry James, Chell street
Holland Wm. Market square
Russell David, Miles bank

CORN & FLOUR DEALERS.

Dawson John, George street
Downs Jas. (corn,) Albion street
James John, Piccadilly
Keeling Samuel, Chatterley bdg.
Lindop Richard W. George street
Wallers Edward, Piccadilly
Walters James, Stafford row

CORN MILLERS.

Goodwin John, Vale pleasant
Shaw Ralph, Hanley mill

CRATE MAKERS.

Austin John, Sheaf street
Chesworth Catharine, Etruria
Hilton Wm. Broad st.; house, Union street
Kirk Josiah, New street
Poole James, Eastwood wharf
Rhodes George, Market place
Taylor & Worley, Queen street
Whitfield Thomas, Castle street

CURRIERS, &c.

Ford Hamlet, Bagnall square
Morris James, Newhall street
Wallworth George, Oldhall st.

CUTLERS, (WORKING.)

England George, Stafford row
Shaw George, Miles' bank

DRUGGISTS.

Hassor Jas. & Wm. Market sq.
Hawthorn Thomas, Market st.
Lee Charles & Co. Market square
Wilson Jabez, (and tea dealer,) Market square

DYERS.

Ball John, High street, S.
Key James (and wool comber,) Piccadilly
Smith Ellen, Piccadilly

EARTHENWARE MFRS.

*Marked * are China mfrs. also*

Burton Samuel & John, New st.
* Daniel Hy. & Co. Bedford row
Dimmock Thos. & Co. Albion st.
Dimmock Thomas, jun. and Co. Tontine street
Eardley Herbert, (jugs & ornaments,) Oldhall street
Glass John, Market street
Hackney Nathan, Cobridge
Hackwood Wm. Eastwood
* Hicks, Meigh, and Johnson, High street
* Johnson Phœbe (lustre,) Miles' bank
May Rt. Oldhall st.; h. Union st.
Mayer Elijah & Son, High street
Meigh Job and Son, Hill street
Peake Samuel and Co. (black & chimney pipe,) Brook street
Ratcliffe Wm. High street
Read & Clementson, High street
* Ridgway John, Cauldon place
Ridgway Wm. Albion street
Ridgway Wm. & Co. High street
Robinson & Wood, Vale lane
Taylor Wm. & Co. Cobridge
Wedgwood Josiah and Sons, Etruria
* Yates John, Broad street

ENAMELLERS, LUSTRERS, *And Gilt Ornamenters of China and Earthenware.*

Allen George, York street
Cutts John & Sons, New street
Green Septimus, Broad street
Stubbs Wm. (& dealer,) High st.

ENGRAVERS.

Allen & Barlow, Bagnall st. S.
Baddeley Thomas, Duke street
Bentley, Wear, and Wilding, Vine street, S.
Bradbury Benjamin, Tinker's clough, S.
Dean Richard, Well street
Ellis George, Hope street, S.
Ford Joseph, Albion place, S.
Hall Charles, Northwood
Heath, Simpson, & Heath, Slack's lane, S.
Hordley Thomas, Charles street
Keeling Daniel, Broad street, S.
Ryles & Glassbrook, Gate street

Ryles Moses, (tomaographer,) Edmund street
Simpson Wm. George street, S.
Sparks Thomas, Oldhall street
Steel & Simpson, Albion place, S.
Toft Alphonsus, Tinker's clough
Yates James, Church road

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE OFFICES.

Atlas, John Sparrow Taylor, Albion street, S.
Birmingham, William Rowley, Market square
Crown (Life,) John S. Taylor. Albion street, S.
Globe, Wm. Grosvenor, Bath street, S.
Guardian, Jacob Phillips, Bagnall street, S.
Manchester, Jno. Stonier, High st.
Norwich Union, Thomas Allbut, Market square
Phœnix, Jno. Dawson, George st.

FLINT & BONE GRINDERS.

Crockett Thos. Newhall mill, S.
Goodwin John (flint,) Vale pleasant, S.
Meigh Job, Dresden mill
Walker John (bone,) Botteslow mill

FRUITERERS.

Bickerton George, Tontine street
Brookes Wm. Church road
Hammersley James, Tontine st.
Kelsall Wm. Brunswick st. S.
Tansley Geo. Piccadilly, S.
Thornecroft Martha, Piccadilly, S.

GARDENERS, & NURSERY & SEEDSMEN.

Jones Wm. High street, S.
Peacock John, High street, S.

GROCERS & TEA DEALERS.

*Marked * are Tallow Chandlers, and † Flour Dealers also.*

Alcock Margaret, Market square
Buckley John, High street
Cook George, Tontine street
Ford Charles, Market square
Goodwin John, Market square
Heath Wm. New Parliament row
Howlett Joseph, High street
† James John, Piccadilly, S.
* Pearson Joseph, Market square
Platt James, Market place
† Vigers John, High street
† Walley Wm. Hope street

HAIR (CAMEL) PENCIL MAKERS.

Hare Daniel, Well street
Sherwin Robert, Well street

HAIR DRESSERS.

Bell Joseph, Stafford row
Billington Richard, Piccadilly
Haslehurst George, Tontine st.
Finney Francis, High street, S.
Jefferys Thomas (& perfumer,) Market square
Joynson George, Market square
Llewellyn James, Market place
Moreton John, Market square
Simpson Robert, Tontine street
Walthall Hugh, Broad street
Walthall Wm. Market square
Wedgwood John, Market street

HARDWARE DEALERS.

Bryan Samuel, High street, S.
Mayberry Robert, Hope street
Mayer Samuel, Piccadilly
Stone Martin, Hope street

HAT MFRS. & DEALERS.

Astley James and Co. New Parliament row
Brinsley James, Market square
Eardley and Co. Tontine street

HORSES AND GIG FURNISHERS.

Hambleton Wm. Brunswick st.
Jefferys Wm. Etruria road

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Albion Inn, John Clinton, Oldhall street
Angel Inn, Wm. Howse, Market square
Antelope, Rd. Johnson, Marsh st.
Bell, Thos. Simpson, High street
Bell and Bear, John Dawson Snow hill, S.
Black Boy, Abm. Clark, Cobridge
Black Horse, John Yates, Marsh street
Butchers' Arms, Wm. Adams Turner, Upper Hanley
Cheshire Cheese, Richard Poole, Chell street
Cock, Wm. Finney, Upr. Hanley
Crown, Wm. Wrench, Stafford row
Crown and Anchor, Elizabeth Jervis, Newhall street
Dog and Partridge, John Copeland, Church street
Dolphin, Samuel Alcock, Stafford row

Ratcliffe Thomas, High street, S.
Rider Wm. Stafford row
Rigley Joseph, Market square
Riley Daniel, Etruria wharf
Rogers Wm. Miles' bank
Ryles Moses, Edmund street
Scragg Luke, Duke street
Shufflebottom Andw. Joiners' sq.
Simpson Simeon, William street
Sims Richard, William street
Slater John, Tontine street
Smallman Thomas, High st. S.
Steel Jane, Etruria road
Stonier Wm. Bow street
Stubbs Mary, Abbey street
Stubbs John, Vine street
Tams Michael, Northwood
Tanner Eliza, Stafford row
Trickett James, Tinker's clough
Vernon Catherine, Piccadilly
* Wakefield Mary, Well street
Walker Edwin, Joiners' square
Warrilow Joseph, Queen street
Wood Matthew, Etruria wharf
Wooldridge Thomas, High st. S.
Wright Benjamin, Upper Hanley
Yates James, Marsh street

IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS.

Appleby Thomas, (and stove grate) Market place
Burndred Thomas, Marsh street
Kirk Christopher, Etruria
Sherratt John and Thomas, Shelton Iron Works, (and Salford, Manchester)
Thornicroft Wm. Mill street

IRONMONGERS.

Burrow Hy. New Parliament row
Johnson, Wm. Market square

JOINERS AND BUILDERS.

*Marked * are Cabinet makers also.*
Amatt John, Marsh street
* Broadhurst John, Lichfield st.
Clews Thomas, Miles' bank
Coxon Francis, Piccadilly, S.
Fox Andrew, Broad street
* Harris Wm. Marsh street
Heap Thomas, Marsh street
Mason Benjamin and Robert, Lichfield street
Moore Adam, jun. Union street
Poole Daniel, Market street
Potts Thomas, High street, S.
Poynton Nathan, West terrace
Stanway Wm. Cobridge
Teggin and Heatley, Etruria rd.
Whittingham Wm. William st.

LAWN (SILK) MFRS.

Atkinson and Beech, Slack's ln.
Cooper John, Marsh street
Smith George, Marsh street
Smith Thomas, Hope street

LIBRARIES.

Rowley Wm. (circg.) Market sq.
Subscription, Thomas Allbut, Market square

LIME BURNERS.

Bridgwood Jervis, Etruria
Brindley Joseph, Etruria
Taylor Jph. Cauldon Canal side

LINEN & FEATHER DLRS.

Delany Edward, Chell street
Stanaghan Andrew, Tontine st.

LINEN & WOOLLEN DRPRS.

Boulton John, Market square
Cox and Boughton, Market sq.
Ridgway Joseph, High street
Robinson James, Market square
Shirley John, Market square

MALTSTERS.

Hall Wm. New street
Keeling Saml. Chatterley bridge
Stubbs and Taylor, Market street

MERCHANTS.

Churchill Wm. Albion place
Fenton Thomas, Church road
Parker Wm. Cheapside

MILLINERS & DRESS MKRS.

Baggeley Sarah, Tontine street
Bayley Jane, New Parliamt. row
Bentley Margaret, Queen street
Bentley Louisa, Market place
Brooke Jane, Well street
Brownfield Sarah, New street
Challinor Maria, Piccadilly
Clewlow Elizabeth, King street
Colclough M. Edmund street
Fowler Elizabeth, Mill street
Greatbatch Sarah, Edmund st.
Jackson Elizabeth and Caroline, Brunswick street
Keeling Sarah, Duke street
Mollart Francis, Queen street
Palmer Elizabeth, John street
Pawley M. A. Market square
Pope Eliza, Market street
Scarratt Ann, Brunswick street
Scarratt Elizabeth, Piccadilly
Skinner Mary Ann, Mill street
Smith Ann, High street, S.
Smith Mary Ann, Well street
Sparks Eliza, Slack's lane
Walker Sarah, Piccadilly
Williams Sarah, High street

Wood Ellen, Union street
Wright Martha & Susan, High st.

MILLWRIGHTS & ENGINRS.

Kirk Christopher, Etruria
Sherratt John and Thomas, Shelton Iron Works, (and Salford, Manchester)
Thornicroft Wm. Mill street

NAIL MAKERS.

Brookes Wm. Marsh street
Collier Joseph, Marsh street
Holland Wm. Market square
Jones John, Vine street

NEWSPAPER.

Staffordshire Mercury, Pottery Gazette, & Newcastle Express, (Sat.) Wm. Allbut, Market sq.

PAINTERS.

See Plumbers also.

*Marked * are Paper Hangers also.*

* Batigan Bernard, Piccadilly
Bourne Samuel, Tontine street
Crosbie Wm. Duke street
Lythgoe Wm. Slack's lane
M'Dougal Thomas, Market street
Williams David, High street
* Williams John, Etruria road

PAWNBROKER.

Hill Thomas, High street

PLUMBERS & GLAZIERS.

*Marked * are Painters also.*

Clark Wm. Market street
Clinton John, Oldhall street
Jones Wm. Tontine street
* Scarratt John, Brunswick st.
* Scarratt Richard, Piccadilly
* Seadon Thomas, Etruria road
Seadon Wm. Piccadilly.

ROPE & TWINE MAKERS.

Barcroft Wm. Well street
Cartlidge John, George street
Mullowney James, King street

SADDLERS.

Brown John, Market street
Wright John, Tontine street

SHOPKEEPERS.

Adams Wm. Northwood
Aldersea Maria, Cobridge
Anderson Wm. High street, S.
Austin Jesse, Hope street
Barlow James, High street, S.
Bate John, (and umbrella maker) Etruria road
Bloor John, Broad street
Chell Thomas, High street, S.
Chetwin George, Marsh street
Davis John, Hill street, S.
Dudley Thomas, Union street
Farr John, Marsh street
Farrall Ralph, John street
Fenton John, Chell street
Ford Hamlet, Tinker's clough
Forister Thomas, Slack's lane
Goostry James, Chell street
Hackney John, Tontine street
Hall Francis, Piccadilly
Hammersley Jph. Upper Hanley
Harrison George, Slack's lane
Heath Rebecca, Etruria
Heslop Esther, Slack's lane
Jackson Wm. Marsh street
James George, Market street
Johnson John, George street
Kelsall Thomas, Bow street
Knight James, Hanover street
Lea George, Northwood
Leader Matthew, Russell street
Lees Ralph, Brunswick street
Lees Thomas, Shelton bridge
Livesley Mary, Hill street
Livesley Ralph, Marsh street
Lomax George, Marsh street
Lomax Thomas, High street, S.
Machin John, Queen street
Maskery Maria, Piccadilly
Moore Catherine, Union street
Myatt Wm. Piccadilly
Oakes David, Union street
Pepper Elisha, Well street
Perry Wm. W. Shelton bridge
Poole Richard, Market street
Ratcliffe Mary, Hope street
Ridgway Wm. Edmund street
Riley Daniel, Etruria
Rochell Thomas, Tontine street
Rochell Wm. High street, S.
Robson Robert, Mill street
Rowley John, Mill street
Slaney John, Stafford road
Sneyd Samuel, Well street
Tomkinson James, Hope street
Trickett Jas. Tinker's clough, S
Trickett Samuel, Piccadilly
Turner Richard, Chell street
Vaul Paul, John street
Vyze Wm. Joiners' square
Wagg James, Edmund street
Wualley Edward, Bow street
Wardle John, Well street
Warsop Wm. Etruria
Weston Isaac, Broad street
Williamson Mary, Market sq.
Wright Elijah, Hope street

SMALLWARE DEALERS, &c.
Cooper James, (and pin maker) Stafford row
Freeman Benjamin, High st. S.
Gee Henry, Market square
Sands Thos. (& rag) Tontine st.

STONE & MARBLE MASONS.
Clews and Rushton, Marsh street
Gilling and Carlile, Hope street
Marchington Samuel, Tontine st.
Ratcliffe Wm. Hope street

STRAW HAT MAKERS.
Baddeley Amelia, Slack's lane
Bennett My. & Jemima, Market sq.
Goodwin Sarah, Piccadilly
Hansall Joseph, Well street
Harrop Hannah, Piccadilly
Mollott Hannah, Brunswick st.
Poole Angelica, Duke street
Ridgway Sarah, Albion place
Simpson Eliza, Albion street
Wilkinson James, Stafford lane
Willdig Ann, Piccadilly

SURGEONS.
Boothroyd Benjn. Stafford row
Davis Jph. Bernard, Albion st.
Hancock John, High street
Harding Richard, Oldhall street
Maguire Thomas, A. Market st.
Rankine Jas. M.D. Market sq.
Ridgway George, Miles' bank
Wood Wm. Dudley, High street

TAILORS AND DRAPERS.
*Thus * are Drapers.*
* Archer Thomas, High street
Ashcroft John, Upper Hanley
Barker George, Newhall street
* Beardmore Wm. Market sq.
Bell John, Piccadilly
* Beverley David, High street
* Bishop Wm. Miles' bank
* Bradshaw Richard, High street
Cockburn George, Broad street
Forster John, Market street
Green Ralph, High street
Hartley Joseph, York street
* Hill Thomas and Wm. New Parliament row
Hollins Phillip, Market street
Longshaw Thomas, Marsh street
* Loton John, High street
Penk Richard, Pall mall
Powell Thomas, (and clothes dealer) High street, S.
Rowley Wm. Etruria
Shufflebottom Wm. High st. S.
Silvester Wm. Abbey street
* Smith Samuel, Albion street
* Smith Theophilus, High street
Smith Wm. Market square
Taylor George, High street
Taylor John, High street
Willshaw Richard, Market street
Woodcock James, Market street
Wolley Thomas, Market place

TEA DEALERS.
See also Grocers.
Walton & Co. Market place

TIMBER MERCHANTS.
Askey John, Vine street
Baxter John, Etruria road
Dimmock Josiah & Timty. (and boat builders) Shelton wharf

TOBACCO & SNUFF MFRS.
Looch James and John Bostock, High street and Mill street
Smith Catherine, Slack's lane

TOY DEALERS.
Jefferys Thomas, Market square
Rudford Edward, Market street

TURNERS.
See Chair makers.

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS.
Burton Thomas, Market square
Dutton Abm. High street
Hawthorn Thomas, Slack's lane
Radford Edward, Market street
Weston Benjamin, High st. S.

WHEELWRIGHTS.
Barton Ralph, High street
Barton Wm. Edmund street
Chatham Wm. Duke street
Hammersley Jph. Nelson place
Hassels Charles, Marsh street
Tilsley Roger, George street

WHITESMITHS.
Bostock Wm. (& gates, hurdles, and steam engine boiler mfr.) Hope street
Hickin Wm. Tontine street
Jones James, High street
Lawton James, Church road
Leak Rd. (& lathe runner mkr.) Church street
Smith James. (and potters' tool mkr.) Nelson place

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHTS.
Baker John & Geo. (& porter,) Market square
Hansor James & Wm. (British wine,) Market square
Johnson John, Piccadilly
Jones Thomas, Market square

WOOLLEN DRAPERS.

Heap John, Tontine street
Mayer Geo. (& clothes dlr.) Piccadilly
Sunderland Robt. High street

COACHES.

See Burslem & Newcastle-under-Lyme.

CARRIERS BY WATER.

The Trent & Mersey Canal Co. are *general wharfingers*; agent, Mr. Wm. Hayes, Etruria wharf.

FROM ETRURIA WHARF.

James Sutton & Shardlow Boat Co. daily to Manchester, Liverpool, Nottingham, Gainsbro', Hull, London, and all parts of the kingdom.—Mr. Chs. Alkins, acting partner.

Matthew Heath's boats to Liverpool, Manchester, Leek, Uttoxeter, Stourbridge, Gloucester, Bristol, London, &c. daily.—Mr. Francis Butters, jun. agent.

(*Shelton wharf, see Stoke.*)

CARRIERS BY LAND.

George Brereton and Abraham Forrester, Slack's lane to Newcastle, Monday; Leek, Wednesday; and Cheadle, Friday.

(*See also Newcastle.*)

LANE-END AND LONGTON.

Post Office.—Mrs. Elizabeth Forrister's, High street. Letters arrive from Newcastle-under-Lyme at 8 mng. and ½ p. 3 aft. and are despatched at 9 mng. and 8 evng.

LIST OF STREETS, LANES, SQUARES, &c.

☞ *Those marked * are in Lane-End, and the other in Longton Liberty The Market Place is in both.*

Anchor lane
* Ashwood
Bery bank
Blast Furnace lane
Buck hill field
Bridge street
* Caroline st.
Chancery lane
Chadwick lane
* Chapel street
Chapel street
* Church street
Commerce st.
Cornhill
Daisy bank
Drury lane
Flint street
Furnace road
George street
Gold street
Gt. Charles st.
Green dock
High street
Hog's lane
Holly Bush
Jerusalem
King street
Lane-End Colliery, New st.
Little lane
Longton lane
Market place
Market street
Mill field
Moss field
New street
Nut street
Paradise street
Potters' field
Pratslade
St. Gregory's st.
Steele's nook
Summer row
Union market
Vauxhall
* Wood street
* Woodhouse
York street

MISCELLANY *of Gentry, Clergy, Partners in Firms, and others not arranged in the Lists of Trades and Professions. Most of the inhabitants of Lane-End may be distinguished by a reference to the above List of Streets, and the others have the letter L attached to their addresses.*

Ainsworth Joseph, carver and gilder, Furnace road
Allerton Chas. mfr. Longton ln.
Allerton Mr. Thomas, High st.
Ashwell John, gent. Green dock
Aston Ralph, draper, Caroline st.
Baggearley George, china manufacturer, Hog's lane
Ball Mrs. Susanna, High street
Barlow Mr. Hugh, Bridge st.
Batkin Mrs Mary, Green dock
Bennison Rt. bookpr. Caroline st.
Bill Thomas, mfr. Steele's nook
Booth Mrs. Eliz. Green dock
Booth Mr. John, High street
Booth Rd. mfr. St Gregory's st

Boulton My. farmer, Woodhouse
Bourne Jph. gent. Daisy bank
Brassington Hy. gent. Bridge st.
Bridgwood Mrs. Eliz. Bridge st.
Bridgwood John and Wm. collectors, Vauxhall
Broadhurst Job, mfr. Paradise st.
Brooke James, gent. High street
Brough Benjamin, mfr. Flint st.
Burgess Samuel, colliery agent, Ashwood
Buxton George, potter, Vauxhall
Carey John, mfr. Anchor hs. L.
Chetham Jonathan Lowe, manufacturer; house, Commerce st.
Colclough Jas. mfr. Steele's nook
Cope Mr. Thomas, High street
Copestake Wm. mfr. Paradise st.
Crompton Wm. farmer, Holly bush
Daniel Rev. Edward, (Catholic) St. Gregory's street
Deakin James, mfr.; h. Hill side
Eltin Geo. mfr. Spratslade house
Faukner George, manufacturer; house, Great Charles street
Garner Mrs. Elizabeth, Church st.
Gerrard Joseph, china manufacturer, Paradise street
Gerrard Thomas, china manufacturer; h. High street
Ginder Mr. Joseph, Steele's nook
Goodwin James, mfr. High st.
Goodwin John, mfr. Daisy bank
Goodwin Saml. bookpr. Hogs' ln.
Griffiths Mrs. Sabra, High street
Harding Broadhurst, constable, Market street
Harris Benjamin, mfr. Stone rd.
Harvey Wm. K. mfr.; h. Maer
Heath George, miller, Green dock
Heathcote John, gent. Bank hs.
Heathcote Richard Edensor Esq. M. P., Longton hall
Hewitt Saml. land agt. Longton
Hicklin Wm. farmer, Longton
Hilditch John, mfr. Vauxhall
Hill Miss Mary, John street
Hopwood Wm. mfr. h. Church st.
Hughes, Samuel, Esq. High st.
Hulse Thomas mfr. Wood street
Huson Thomas, gent. Caroline st.
Jaquiss George, mfr. High street
Johnson Mr. Thos. Paradise st.
Kingsmill Rev. Joseph, B.A. Incumbent of Lane End, Wood st.
Lowe Wm. mfr. Berry bank
Lowe Wm. bookkeeper, High st.
Mayer John, mfr. Caroline st.
Myatt Mrs. Catherine, Wood st.
Newbon Fras. farmer, Woodhs.
Nichols George, draper, Union st.
PeggeJph. traveller, Steele's nook
Perry Saml. cart owner, Green dock
Ratcliffe Jas. butter dlr. Vauxhall
Ray Rd. mfr.; h. Daisy bank
RiversWm. practical potter, Market street
Robinson John, mfr. Bridge st.
Robinson John, mfr. Berry st.
Scattergood Rev. Thomas, (New Con. Met. Min.) Green dock
Shaw Thos. gent. Flint street
Sheppard Thos. bookpr. High st.
Sheridan John Handley, gent. Chancery lane
Smith Josiah, gent. King street
Stoddard John, burnish gilder, St. Gregory street
Tipping Jas. constable, Flint st.
Trubshaw Mr. Wm. Vauxhall
Turner Wm. gent. Ashwood cot.
Unett Wm. constable, Caroline st.
Woolf John, plumber, &c. Green dock
Wright Wm. cow leech, Caroline street

ACADEMIES.

Allen Martha, St. Gregory's st.
Bagley John, Nut street
Belcher Sophia, John street
Gilpin Lidia & Sisters, Green dk.
Grocott James, Chapel street; h. Flint street
Jopson Ann, High street
Oxley Margaret, Vauxhall
Palethorpe —— Caroline street
Robey Wm. (classl. and coml.) Vauxhall
Shaw Wm. (free) Church street

ATTORNEYS.

Astbury & Williams, Drury lane
Clarke Wm. Church street
Warrillow Wm. Commerce st.
Young George, High street

AUCTIONEER.

Hewitt Thomas, Caroline street

BAKERS & FLOUR DLRS.

Ainsworth Jph. Furnace road
Bate Thomas, High street
Brown John, Market street
Coomer Wm. Gt. Charles st.

[illegible] John, High street
[illegible] Wm. Commerce street
[illegible]son Wm. High street
[illegible]son John, High street
[illegible] Wm. [illegible]
[illegible] Lawrence, St. James st.
[illegible] Francis, [illegible] street
Walker George, [illegible] street

[illegible]

[illegible] Bank, [illegible] Wm. [illegible] agent. [illegible] Smith, [illegible] London.
[illegible] James, [illegible] street. [illegible] and [illegible] London.

[illegible]

[illegible] David, High street

[illegible]

[illegible] Wm. High street
[illegible] Wm. High street
[illegible] Thomas, [illegible] Bentham. [illegible]
[illegible] James, [illegible] street
[illegible] Thomas, [illegible] lane
[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]
Walker H[illegible] street
W[illegible] street

BRAZIERS & TINMEN

[illegible] Thomas, High street
[illegible] Wm. High street
Hughes George, Market street

BREWER

[illegible] Joseph, High [illegible] lane

BRICK & TILE MAKERS

[illegible] Wm. [illegible]
[illegible] James, [illegible] st.
[illegible] Wm. Market street
[illegible] Thomas [illegible]
[illegible] Samuel, [illegible]
[illegible]
Walker David, [illegible] street

BRICKLAYERS

[illegible] Thomas, [illegible]
[illegible] Samuel, [illegible] street
[illegible] Samuel, High street
[illegible] Thomas, [illegible]

BUTCHERS

[illegible] street
[illegible] High street
[illegible]

CABINET MAKERS

[illegible] Market street
[illegible] Market st.
[illegible] street

[illegible] MAKERS

[illegible] street
[illegible] High street

CHINA MANUFACTURERS

[illegible] street.
[illegible] High street
[illegible] Henry, [illegible] st.
[illegible] Thomas, [illegible] and [illegible] street
[illegible] High street
[illegible] and Son, Church street
[illegible] Simpson, Market st.
[illegible] High street
[illegible] Thomas and John, Anchor Works, L



Chetham and Robinson, Commerce street
Copestake and Son, High street
Copestake Wm. High street; house, Caroline street
† Cyples Lydia, High street
Deakin and Son, (ironstone) Waterloo manufactory
Ellis Thomas, Union market; house, Vauxhall
* Faulkner and Robinson, Great Charles street
Gerrard John & Brothers, High st.
* Harris and Goodwins, Crown Works, Flint street
* Hilditch and Co. Church street
Martin Wm. Market street; house, Bridge street
Marsh John Riley, Church street
† Newbold Richard, Green dock
Pratt, Hassall, and Gerrard, High street, and Lane delph
Ray and Tideswell, Daisy bank
Scott, Floyd, & Co. Caddick's ln.
Seabridge James, High street; house, Anchor lane
Shaw Kitty, Chancery lane; h. Steele's nook
* Simpkin Hugh, High street; house, New street

COAL MERCHANTS.

*Marked * are Colliery Owners.*

Fieldhouse Daniel, St. Martin st.
* Heathcote Rd. E. Esq. Moss field colliery, and Hog's lane
* Smith John, Esq. Lane end colliery; office, Union market
* Sparrow Wm. H. Millfield gate colliery, head of Hog's ln.
Sterrep and Pye, Chapel street

COLOUR MANUFACTURERS.

Blood Thomas, Caroline street
Goddard Thomas, Old Foley mill

CONFECTIONERS.

Brown John, Market street
Colclough Mary, Flint street
Green Wm. King street

COOPERS.

Brown Wm. High street
Green Wm. High street
Jenkins George, (and bend ware mfr.) Great Charles street

CORN & FLOUR DEALERS.

Bate Jonathan, King street
Carey Th. & John, Anchor mills
Cook Wm. Market street
Walker George, Market street

CRATE MAKERS.

Birks Samuel, High street
Butler Samuel, High street
Corbishley Wm. Flint street
Emony Wm. Commerce street
Hallam Hannah, Great Charles st.
Ibbs Thomas, Steele's nook
Warren Samuel Church street
Warriner Anthony, Church st.
Warriner Joseph, Chadwick lane
Williamson Rd. Gt. Charles st.

CURRIERS AND LEATHER CUTTERS.

Allen John, Market street
Mayer Felix, High street

DRUGGISTS.

Abraham Abm. (and seedsman) Market street
Bradbury Samuel, Gt. Charles st.
Ingram Wm. Commerce street
Myatt Benj. (& apothy.) Drury ln.
Palmer John, Market street
Sibary George, Market street

DYER.

Hooper John Richard, High st.

EARTHENWARE MANFRS.

See also China manfrs.

Allerton and Lowe, (and lustre) High street
Bailey and Harvey, Flint street
Barker Rd. (lustre) Flint street
Beardmore and Birks, High st.
Bill, Deakin, and Procter, Great Charles street
Bill, Colclough, and Co. Flint st.
Brammer Eliz. (toys) Daisy bank
Brunt Wm. (toys) Daisy bank
Carey Thomas and John, Anchor Works
Chesswas Thomas Edensor, Market place
Chetham and Robinson, (lustre, Egyptian black, stone mortars, &c.) Commerce street
Deakin and Son, (and ironstone china) Waterloo manufactory
Gallimore Ambrose and Robert, (lustre) High street
Goodwins & Harris, (ornamental, &c.) Crown Potteries, Flint st.
Hawley John, Great Charles st.; house, Daisy bank
Hulse, Jaquiss, and Barlow, Gold street
Jervis Wm. (lustre) Gold street
Kelsher Chas. (yellow) High st.

Lockett John and Son, & Egyptian black, & stone Chapel st.
Marsh John Riley, Church st. L.
Newbold Richard, lustre and black Green dock
Reeves Joseph, marbles and ware Gold street
Shaw John & Jesse, Green dock
Simpson John, Flint street; h. Gold street

EATING HOUSE.

Anderson James, Church street

ENGRAVERS.

Adderley Wm. Caroline street
Colclough Wm. near High street
Stothard James, Paradise street
Waller Wm. Paradise street

FIRE, &c. OFFICES.

Birmingham, William Clarke, Church street
Phœnix, George Young, High st.

FLINT GRINDERS.

Carey Thomas and John, Anchor mills
Harvey Charles and John, and [illegible] Charles st.

GARDENERS & SEEDSMEN.

Fenton James, High street
Hollins George, Commerce street
Scott Robert, High street

GILDERS, LUSTRERS, AND ORNAMENTERS.

Barker Thomas, Keramimeller Flint street
Baskin Wm. Imperial gold Water colours, Green dock
Stothard James, Mosaic slider Paradise street

GOLD GRAIN AND LEAF DEALER.

Cook Percy, Flint street

GROCERS & TEA DEALERS.

*Marked * are Flint Glass Makers.*

Bolton Joseph, Market place
Bradbury Samuel, Gt. Charles st.
Broad Ambrose, Commerce st.
Draycott Richard, Market place
Martin George, & stamp office Market place
Repton Catharine, Church street, and Market street
Ridge Jesse, Market place
Smith Wm. Market street
* Wynne Thomas, High street

HAIR DRESSERS.

Bradbury James, Market street
Coldclough Thomas, Flint street
Finney Thomas, High street
Finney Wm. High street
Hollinshead John, Flint street
Loffill Thomas, Church street
Ratcliff Wm. Flint street
Waine John, Great Charles st.
Waine Thomas, George street

HARDWARE & TOY DLRS.

Bianchi Philip, (and weather glass) High street
Yates John, High street

HOSIERS.

Beech John, Flint street
Saville Richard, (and lace warehouse) Market street

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Albion, Thomas Tipper, High st.
Bull's Head, Jane Gallimore, Berry bank
Castle, Hy. Nickisson, High st.
Crown and Anchor, (and excise office) John Trubshaw, Market place
Duke of York, John Whitmore, High street
Eagle, Jas. Russell, Market pl.
Flint Tavern, Richard Barker, Flint street
George, Geo Bradbury, Georgest.
Golden Lion, Hy. Slater, High st
Hartshorne's Arms, Wm. Cyples, Market street
King's Arms, John Bowring, King street
Red Lion, Rd. Wheat, Church st.
Roe Buck, Charles Trubshaw, Market place
Rose and Crown, Francis Tunnicliff, Flint street
Royal Oak, Jas. Pickard, High st.
Swan, Rd. Bridgford, Church st.
Three Tuns, Isaac Lowe, New st.
Union, Jas. Bradbury, High st.
Wheat Sheaf, Benjamin Rhodes Brian, Furnace road
White Lion, John Broad, Church street

BEER HOUSES, (GOOD)

Adderley James, Caroline st. L.
Adderley Rupert, Commerce st.
Aliman Richard, Flint street
Anderson Jacob, Bridge street
Aynsley James, Vauxhall
Bagnall Edward, High street
Bentley Richard, Flint street
Biddulph Samuel, Gt. Charles st.
Blurton John, High street

Brassington Wm. Bridge street
Brian George, High street
Broadhurst Thomas, Caroline st.
Bromley Samuel, Jerusalem
Bullock James, Furnace road
Colclough James, Wood street
Colclough John, Steele's nook
Cook James, St. Gregory's street
Dodd George, Willow cottage
Edwards Wm. High street
Egerton Thomas, High street
Emony Wm. Commerce street
England Dorothy, Caroline st.
Glover James, New street
Green Wm. Great Charles street
Green Wm. Church street
Guest Ann, Market street
Hall James, Wood street
Hampson Peter, Chancery lane
Hartshorn John, Furnace road
Harvey John, Furnace road
Hawkins Samuel, Green dock
Hawkins Wm. High street
Heath Wm. High street
Hollins James, Hog's lane
Ibbs Thomas, Steele's nook
Kirkham Samuel, Market street
Leek Levi, Green dock
Lovatt James, Jerusalem
Lowe Wm. Chapel street
Lynch Joseph, Hog's lane
Myatt Thomas, High street
Newbon James, New street
Richardson Wm. Caroline street
Robotham John, Caroline street
Shaw George, Great Charles st.
Sherwin Samuel, High street
Shubotham Joseph, Green dock
Sillitoe James, New street
Swift Charles, High street
Swift John, High street
Tomlinson Wm. Church street
Vaudery Fanny, Hog's lane
Walker Edwin, York street
Watkin Wm. High street
Watson Wm. Furnace road
Weston Mary Ann, High street
Weston Thomas, Steele's nook
Weston Wm. Bridge street
Whittaker Isaac, High street
Wild Wm. Daisy bank

IRON MASTER.

Sparrow Wm. Handbury, Blast Furnace; G. Mitcheson, agent

IRON MERCHANT.

Glover Joseph, Hog's lane

IRONMONGERS.

Burrow Sarah and Elijah, Market street
Capper Thomas, High street
Hughes George, Market street
Meakin Wm. Church street
Scarratt Thomas, Gold street

JOINERS AND BUILDERS.

Angus Alexander, Nut street
Bailey and Ankers, Flint street
Heath Thomas, High street
Higginbottom James, Mkt. st.
Jaquiss Benjamin, High street
Pickard James, High street
Rigby James, Vauxhall
Salt George, Bridge street
Scarratt Thomas, Gold street
Thurlow Thomas, Chadwick ln.

LINEN AND WOOLLEN DRAPERS.

Beech James & Sons, Market st. Union market, and Stone
Davis Thomas Felton, Market pl.
Riddle Wm. Market street
Shelley Wm. Church street
Swift I. & G. Gt. Charles st.

MALTSTERS.

Bradbury George, George street
Green Wm. Church street
Ridge James, Caroline street
Trubshaw Charles, Market pl.
Whitmore John, High street

MILLINERS & DRESS MKRS.

*Marked * are Straw Hat makers.*

Gerrard Harriet, Paradise street
Grocott Harriet, Flint street
Guest Mary, Market street
Heath Lettice, Bridge street
Hodson Ann, John street
Jaquiss Ann, High street
Johnson Frances, Commerce st.
* Lycett Ann, Market street
Mountford Harriet, Vauxhall
Palmer Sophia, Vauxhall
* Player Zillah, Flint street
Price Mary, High street
Robinson Sarah, Commerce st.
Scarrett Priscilla, Gold street
* Thurstan Sarah, High street
Waine Mary Ann, Gt. Charles st.
* Williamson Dorothy, Mkt. pl.

MILLWRIGHT.

Cotton Wm. Hog's lane

NAIL MAKERS.

Fibs Paul, Foxhole
Limer Thomas, High street

PAWNBROKERS.

Cope Edward, Flint street
Wright Joseph, Market street

PLUMBERS & GLAZIERS.

*Marked * are Painters also.*

Barlow Thomas, Bridge street
* Meakin Wm. Church street
* Palmer John, Market street
* Plant & Woolf, Flint street
* Williamson Thomas, Mkt. pl.

ROPE & TWINE MAKER.

Goodwin John, Green dock

SADDLERS.

Tipper Thomas, Market street
Whittaker Isaac, High street

SHOPKEEPERS.

(*Flour, Groceries, &c.*)

Adams Wm. High street
Adderley Wm. Caroline street
Allerton Thomas, High street
Bagnall Edward, High street
Brassington Wm. Bridge street
Bratt John, Vauxhall
Broad Samuel, Hog's lane
Brough John, High street
Colclough James, Bridge street
Davenport Sampson, Green dock
Dodd George, Willow cottage
Done Joseph, High street
Faulkner John, Fore street
Floyd James, Green dock
Garner Thomas, High street
Goodwin John, Vauxhall
Green Wm. Church street
Griffiths Wm. High street
Hallam Thomas, High street
Harkinstone Wm. New street
Hassall Philip, High street
Hewitt Charles, Flint street
Hewitt Grace, Gt. Charles street
Hewitt Thomas, Caroline street
Honniford John, High street
Hulse James, Wood street
Huson John, High street
Huson John, jun. High street
Huson Wm. Flint street
Johnson Jeremiah, Gt. Charles st.
Latham Henry, Vauxhall
Leech Eliz. Bridge street
Leech George, High street
Lightfoot Arthur, High street
Lightfoot John, Furnace road
Lockett Mary, High street
Lovatt Ralph, Furnace road
Monks Samuel, New street
Myatt Thomas, High street
Newbon James, New street
Oakden Simon, Bridge street
Parker Ann, Green dock
Pegg Eleanor, High street
Plant Wm. Flint street
Platts Joseph, Gold street
Porter Joice, Green dock
Povey Simon, Chancery lane
Pye Samuel, Wood street
Rhead Thomas, High street
Sale James High street
Shelley Wm. Church street
Shenton Eliz. George street
Smith Richard, Furnace road
Smith Wm. High street
Trading Association Store, High street; agent, Alfred Steele
Walker Thomas, Church street
Ward Sarah, High street
Wright John, Market street

STONE MASONS.

Blackwell Joseph, Caroline st. L.
Bridgett Wm. Bridge street; h. Pratslade
Player Wm. Flint street

SURGEONS.

Chadwick Thomas, Flint street
Goddard Thomas, Market st.
Hayes Robert, High street

TAILORS.

*Marked * are Drapers also.*

Austin John, High street
* Austin Wm. High street
Beech John Flint street
Biore Enoch, Market st.
Biore John, Gt. Charles street; h. Caroline street
Bullock John, Church street
Evans Wm. Gold street
Hall George, Gold street
Hammond James, Flint street
* Noon Benjamin, Market st.
Phillips James, Wood street
Smith James, Market place
* Smith Joseph, Market place
Swift T. & G. Gt. Charles street
Taylor Thomas, High street
Walker George, Flint street
* Warren Samuel, Market stree
Warren Saml. Cross Caroline st

TALLOW CHANDLERS.

See Grocers.

Povey Thomas, Chancery lane

TEA DEALERS.

See also Grocers.

Hardy John Strover and Co. (& Italian warehouse,) Market st.

TIMBER MERCHANTS.
Jaquiss Benj. High street
Salt George, Bridge street
TURNERS & LATHE MKRS.
Freeman John, King street
Leak Elijah, Church street
Scarratt Thomas, Gold street
WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS.
Gordon John, New street
Holmes Andrew, Nut street
Mitchell Richard, Market st.
Osborne Joseph, Market street
WHEELWRIGHTS.
Foster John, High street
Pickin John, Furnace road
Walker and Lovatt, Flint street
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHT.
Steele Ralph, Caroline street

COACHES.

FROM THE EAGLE INN.

The *Red Rover*, to Liverpool, at ½ p. 5 mng. and to London, ¼ p. 4 aft.

The *Hark-forward*, to Birmingham, at 8 mng., and to Burslem, at 10 evg.

The *Independent Potter*, to Manchester, in winter at 7, and in summer at 6 mng.; arrives 10 evg.

FROM THE CROWN AND ANCHOR.

The *Hero*, to Newcastle, every Mon. Wed. and Fri. at ¼ p. 4 aft. and to Derby next mngs. at 9.

CARRIERS.

Charles Boyatt, to Derby and Newcastle, calls at the Union Hotel, Tue.

Wm Dennett, Common side, to Burslem, Mon.; Cheadle, Fri.; Leek, Wed.; and Stafford, Sat.

Peter Hampson, Chancery ln., to Eccleshall, through Stone, Friday; and to Uttoxeter, Wed.

Daniel Fieldhous, Furnace rd. to Newcastle, Mon.

See also Newcastle, Hanley & Shelton, and Burslem.

FENTON TOWNSHIP, *including* LANE DELPH, &c.

LETTERS arrive at Fenton from Newcastle by a foot Post, at ½ p. 7 mng. and 3 aftn.; and are despatched at ¼ p. 8 mng. and ¼ p. 8 evening.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *reside at Bassilow*, 2 *Fenton*, 3 *Foley*, 4 *Great Fenton*, 5 *Lane Delph*, 6 *Pool Dole, and* 7 *Sidiway, which places form the township of Fenton, and the* MANORS *of Fenton-Vivian, and Fenton-Culvert, adjoining to Lane End.*

2 Adams Mrs. Sarah, Fenton hall
4 Allin Thos. Esq.
2 Astbury Mr. Rd.
2 Baker John. mfr.
2 Baker W. Esq. mfr.
2 Banks Wm. bkpr.
5 Batty Rev. Thomas, (Methodist)
5 Beacall Geo. bkpr.
4 Bourne Mrs. Amelia
2 Birks Ic. modeller
2 Bourne Ralph, Esq. (& Hilderston hall)
5 Bourne Saml. china painter
Boyer Sl. druggist
2 Broade Pp. Barnes, Manor house Esq.
2 Broad Mrs. Sarah
2 Brookes Pp. engr. and designer
5 Brough Ths. warehouseman
5 Burgess Jno. bkpr.
Butter John, wharfinger, Basin
5 Cope Thos. gent.
5 Cope Wm. hardware dealer
5 Curzon Chas. collector of rates
3 Eltin Thos. mfr.
5 Gerrard John, mfr.
2 Goodwin Ts. engr.
5 Grosvenor Jno. traveller
2 Hancock Wm. and Son, iron founders, millwrights, & engineers
2 Hand Wm. seedsman
5 Hassall Mr. Thos.
5 Hilditch Mrs. Mgt.
5 Hilditch Mrs. Sar
5 Hilditch Wm. mfr.
Knight John King, mfr. Foley house
3 Marsh Jacob, gent. Golden hill house
5 Martin Rt. bkpr.
5 Mason Cs. Js. mfr. h. Heron cottage
3 Micheson George, colliery agent

5 Pratt Felix, mfr.
5 Pratt Jno. jun. mfr.
2 Pratt Rd. mfr.
5 Smith Jph. wheelgt.
3 Thomas Jph. maltster
5 Whitehouse Felix, bookpr.
5 Wilkinson James, furniture broker
2 Wright Thos. bkpr.

Academies.

2 Bates Edwin
2 Magnus Geo. Eugene, (gents. bdg.) Stoke hall
5 Mills Richard
5 Shelly John

Blacksmiths.

5 Dobson John
5 Lovatt Wm.

Boot & Shoe makers.

5 Brain John
1 Cartlidge Isehr.
5 Eardley Samuel
5 Hardy Hugh
2 Hodgson John
5 Forrister Philip
5 Howarth Joseph
2 Lees Wm.
2 Smith Thomas

Brick makers.

2 Hargreave John
5 Rawson John
5 Snape Thomas

Butchers.

2 Fearneyhough Jas.
5 Green George
7 Robinson Thomas, Edgfield

CHINA & EARTHENWARE MFRS.

*Those marked * mfr. Earthenware only, & + China only.*

2 Bourne, Baker, and Baker
5 Carey Thos. & Jno. and Lane end
5 * Ginder Sl. & Co.
5 + Green & Richards
3 Knight, Eltm, and Bridgwood
2 Mason Charles Jas. and Co. (& patent ironstone china)
3 Mayer John
2 Pratt Felix & Rd.
5 * Pratt John

Coal Masters.

2 Fenton Park Company; Wm. Baker, Esq. actuary
Foley Colliery; Geo. Mitcheson, agent
5 Old Field Compy.; Fs. Emery, actuary

CRATE MAKERS.

5 Gilbert Samuel
5 Hulse Samuel
5 Hunt James
5 Vaudery Peter

Farmers.

6 Ainsworth John
2 Astbury John
5 Birks Saml.
1 Fletcher John
1 Ford ——
1 Gething Thomas
7 Hammerton Thos.
7 Harris Henry
1 Jackson Wm.
6 Jackson Wm.
Moseley Thomas, Gt. Hollinghurst
1 Nicklin Samuel
5 Riley Wm.
6 Robinson Thos. (& butcher)
7 Sillitoe Wm.
4 Smith James
Smith Ralph, Little Fenton
1 Tomkinson Wm.
Tomlinson Wm. Woodend

Grocers, &c.

** are Bakers also.*

2 Alcock Thomas
2 Baker Ralph
5 * Bradbury John
5 Cope Jesse
5 Copeland Luke, (& baker)
5 Drakeford John
* Edge Samuel
Fanshaw Rt. (& land surveyor)
5 Glover John
5 Green Thomas
2 Hobson Samuel
5 Hunt James
2 Kearsley Thomas, (& corn dealer)
2 Leyland John
5 Myatt James
5 Neath Richard
2 Passcall Richard
5 Pennington John
5 Robinson Thomas
2 Tunnicliff John
5 Walker John Horsfield

Inns and Taverns.

5 Angel, Wm. Harp
5 Black Swan, James Evans
3 Cock, Jph. Thomas
5 Cross Keys, John Rowland
5 Dog and Partridge, Wm. Johnson
5 Duke of Wellington, Geo. Green
5 George Canning, John Gerrard
* Roe Buck, William Scriven
2 Royal Oak, Rachel Mould
5 Three Crowns, Fs Dicks

Beer Houses.

2 Astbury Hannah
1 Bailey James
5 Bradley John
1 Cartledge Rachl
5 Cope Jesse
5 Drakeford John
2 Goodwin Martha
5 Fielding Joseph
2 Hemming Henry
5 Hulse Samuel
5 Hunt James
2 Jeffereys John
2 Kemp John
5 Plant Ralph
2 Platt John
Poynton James
5 Rowley John
5 Salt John
2 Stailey Ralph
2 Wareham George
1 White Thomas
2 White Thomas

Joiners & Builders.

2 Hancock James
2 Smytheman Wm.
5 Warburton Wm. (& cabinet maker)

Linen and Woollen Drapers.
Fanshaw Robt.
2 Stephenson Isaac
2 Ward John

Plumbers, Glaziers, and Painters.
5 Green Thomas
2 Halfpenny Saml.
5 Pratt Samuel

Tailors.
2 Jackson Thomas
2 Naylor John
2 Rhodes Samuel
5 Rowley John
2 Selman George

BUCKNALL & BAGNALL.
*Marked * are in Bagnall, and the others at Bucknall.*
Beardmore Jeremiah, maltster
Bentley George and Jane, school
Brownsword John, beerhouse, & blacksmith
Empson Mrs. Hannah
Forester Mr. Emanuel
Forester Thomas, coal master
Houldcroft James, shoemaker
Maer Mr. James
Mellard Mrs. Jane
Nichols Mr. Charles
Price Edward, landscape painter
Ridgway Wm. and John, coal masters
Trubshaw John, agt. (Canal Co.)
Twigg Mr. George
Walker Major, flint grinder
Wooliscroft George, butcher

INNS AND TAVERNS.
Bowling Green, Ralph Scragg
Dog and Partridge, Jph. Scragg, (and butcher)
Red Lion, Wm. Ford

FARMERS.
Ash Mary
* Ball Adw.
* Basnett Danl.
Batkin John
Brown Joseph
Burnett John
Colclough Ths.
Dale Mary
Dale Thomas
Day Thomas
Docksey John
* Ford Hugh
Hammersley Thomas
Hassall John
Limer Joseph
Martin John
Mayer Sarah, *Eaves*
Mountford Jn.
* Myatt Richd.
* Salt John
Swetenham Ann
Walklet John

BOTTESLOW.—FARMERS.
Bedson James
Brown Benj.
Coterill John
Deaville Thos.
Hammersley R.
Hand John
Latham Thos.
Limer John
Pratt Jerh.
Robinson Rt.
Walker John, bone miller

CLAYTON.
Booth Miss Mary Lovatt
Chawner Rupert, M.D.
Cliff Wm. shoemaker
Halmarack Samuel, beer house
Taylor Thomas, gent.
Walters Benjamin, shoemaker
Walters James, tailor

FARMERS.
Fitchett George
Machin James
Machin Wm.
Salmon John
Smith George
Stevenson Simpson
Yates James

SEABRIDGE.
Basnett Rev. John, *Clough*
Bristol Joseph, farmer
Bristol Wm. farmer
Elsby James, joiner and vict. Roe Buck
Hulson John, engraver
Leese Thomas, farmer
Tompkin Richard, blacksmith
Townend Hy. Esq. Seabridge hs.

BURSLEM TOWN AND PARISH DIRECTORY.

INCLUDING LONGPORT, BROWN HILLS, DALE-HALL, HAMILL, HULTON ABBEY, SNEYD, AND PART OF COBRIDGE.

POST OFFICES, at Miss Ann Cotton's, Market place; Mr. John Billington's, *Longport;* and at Mr. Samuel Wase's, *Cobridge*. A Horse post from Newcastle, with letters from the South, arrives at ¼ p. 3 aft.; returns at ¼ p. 8 evening. Letters from the North arrive at ¼ past 7 morning, and are despatched at ¼ before 10 morning.

LIST OF STREETS, LANES, AND HAMLETS.

Amicable bldngs. Navigation rd.
Ball bank, High street
Beech lane, Hanover square
Big house, Chapel square
Bleak hill, Waterloo road
Bourne's bank, Queen street
Brown hills, near Snow hill
Burn bays, Greenhead
Chapel lane, Chapel square
Chapel square, Market place
Church gates, Regent street
Church street, St. John's square
Clarence street, King street
Cobridge, near Waterloo road
Cobridge villa, Waterloo road
Commercial street, Waterloo rd.
Cross street, Chapel lane
Crown street, Nile street
Dale hall, foot of Newcastle st.
Flash, Hole house
Fountain buildings, Newport ln.
Fountain place, Market place
Furlong, now Newcastle street
Furlong passage, St. John's sq.
Greenhead, Wedgwood place
Hamill, Liverpool road
Beech lane
Hamill, near Hamill street
Hamill street, Chapel square
Hanover square, St. John's sq.
Hanover street, St. John's square
High lane, near Hamill
Hope street, Liverpool road
Hole house, New street
Hot Lane, in Smeyd
Kilcroft, Chapel lane
King street, Navigation road
Liverpool road, Market place
Longport, ½ m. N.W. of Burslem
Market place, Chapel square
Mayer's bank, Nile street
Middleport, Dale hall
Moorland road, Chapel square
Mount pleasant buildings, Hanover street
Navigation road, Hanover square
Newcastle street, St. John's sq.
Newport, near Dale hall
Newport lane, Dale hall
New street, Wedgwood place
Nile street, Swan square
Overhouse, Wedgwood place
Pitt street, Waterloo road
Pleasant street, Navigation road
Prince's row, Nile street
Queen street, St. John's square
Regent street, Waterloo road
Russell square, Chapel lane
St. John's square, Market place
Silvester square, Chapel lane
Sneyd, Liverpool road
Sneyd green, Cobridge
Snow hill, Liverpool road
Star street, new Church street
Swan square, Chapel square
Twenty-six row, Waterloo rd.
Union buildings, Newport lane
Union street, Waterloo road
Waterloo road, Swan square
Wedgwood place, Market place
Wellington street, Waterloo rd.

MISCELLANY, *containing the Names of the Great, Clergy, and other Inhabitants not arranged in the Trades' Lists.*

Adams Thomas, agent, Cobridge
Alcock R. L. architect, Waterloo rd.
Alcock Sam. Dep. Coroner, Cobridge
Alcock and Green, common lay dealers, Queen street
Alsop Charles, stone cutter, Waterloo road
Appleby Thos. bookpr. Dale hall
Barnes Jas. bookpr. Waterloo rd.
Bancks Christopher, iron master; h. Silvester square
Barker Wm. mstr.; h. Snow hill
Batkin Peter, parish clerk, Navigation road
Birch Mrs. Eliz. Waterloo road
Boulton Joseph, vestry clerk, Pitt street
Brierley Thomas, colliery agent Sneyd green
Broad Ann, bookkeeper, Newport lane
Broster Samuel, governor of the Workhouse, Green man
Browe Robt. Malkin, clerk of St Paul's; h. Green head
Burnett Arthur, coach builder, Queen street
Curtlidge Chas. manager, Dale hl
Cooper Rev. John, curate of St. John's; h. Newport lane

Cormie Jno. mfr. Silvester house
Corns Wm. potter, Longport
Cotton Eliz. smallware dealer, Market place
Cotton John, traveller, Lower Hadderidge
Cutts Jas. designer, Waterloo rd.
Daniel Miss Har. Hole house
Davenport Wm. mfr. Newport hs.
Davenport John, Esq. M.P.; h. Westwood hall, near Leek
Davenport Hy. mfr. Longport hs.
Deakin Wm. umbrella maker, Liverpool road
Dean John, bookpr. Green head
Forrister Rt. bookpr. Waterloo rd.
Forrister Thos. manager, Newpt.
Gerard Rev. Lewis, (Catholic priest,) Cobridge
Gething Wm. huntsman, Milton
Goddard George, brush maker, Navigation road
Goodwin John, corn miller; h. Brown hills
Green Thos. bookpr. Cobridge
Hancock Job, managr. Longport
Heath Wm. clerk, Sneyd farm
Haywood H. & J. manufacturers, Liverpool road
Haywood Richard, manufacturer, Brown hills
Hobson Pet. mfr. Navigation rd.
Holden John Irvin, Esq. Big house, Chapel square
Holford John, brick mkr. Brown hills
Hollins Mrs. Mary, Longport
Hughes Stpn. mfr. Waterloo rd.
Hulme Thos. gent. Prince's row
Jones Mr. John, Hole house
Keay Wm. engraver, Waterloo rd.
Kemp Thos. cashier, Waterloo rd.
Leak Simeon, mfr. of lathes, potters' machines, tools, &c. Market place
Lees Thos. excise officer, Waterloo road
Leigh Daniel, coal viewer, Silvester square
Lewis Thomas, excise officer, Amicable buildings
Machin Stephen, bookkeeper, Amicable buildings
Machin Wm. mfr. Waterloo road
Marsh Saml. mfr. Waterloo road
Marsh Saml. mfr. Brown hills
Massey Mr. Thos. Russell square
Mayer Samuel, Dale hall
Morgan Wm. gardnr. Burn hays
Moseley Mrs. Jane, Liverpool rd.
Moseley Mrs. Mar. Waterloo rd.
Moulton John, farmer, Longport
Muckley Rev. John, (Baptist,) Liverpool road
Noble Rev. John, incumbent of St. Paul's, Dale hall
Orme Michl. botanist, Dale hall
Potts W. W. mfr. Snow hill
Ravenscroft Stephen, overlooker, Waterloo road
Read Levi, agt. Silvester square
Riley Jane, gentwn. Portland hs.
Robinson John, gent. St. James's square
Roe Miss A. M. Carlgrave cottage
Rogers Spencer, mfr. Watlands
Salt Mrs. Elizabeth, King street
Salt Richard, packer, Dale hall
Sefton Rd. bookpr. Snow hill
Shaw John and Charles, earthenware dealers, Brown hills
Sheldon John, bookpr. Nestle. st.
Shirley Thos. bookpr. Fntain. pl.
Simpson Jonah, manager, Newport lane
Stubbs Mr. Thomas, Cobridge
Sutton James, mfr. Liverpool rd.
Taylor Mrs. Har. Waterloo road
Taylor Mr. Wm. Liverpool road
Taylor Wm. mfr. Commercial st.
Thomas Wm. travlr. Waterloo rd.
Till Thos. mfr. Liverpool road
Tyson Wm. bank clerk, Mkt. pl.
Walker Major, corn miller, Abbey mill
Walker Thos. foreman, Navigation road
Walker Thomas, veterinary surgeon, Newcastle street
Walsh Wm. agt. to the Norwich Union & Royal Exchange fire offices, Market place
Wedgwood Mr. Wm. Burn hays
Wigley Geo. hat mfr. Market pl.
Willatt Wm. mfr. Swan square
Wildblood Mr. Ralph, Mount pl.
Williamson Robert, Esq. stamp distributer, Longport
Willmott John, furniture broker, Waterloo road
Wood Edward, mfr. Port hill
Wood Enoch, sen. manufacturer, Fountain place
Wood Enoch, jun. mfr. Dale hall

Wood Joseph, mfr. Longport
Wood John, Esq. Brown hills
Wood Nicholas Price, Esq. banker, Brown hills
Yates Wm. travlr. Waterloo road

ACADEMIES.

Bathwell Elizabeth, Waterloo rd.
Beech Bagnall Wood, Navigation road
Clarke Elijah, Longport
Cooper Rev. John, (boarding,) Newport lane
Cotton Margt. Bleak hill house
Free, (Catholic,) Geo. Sanders and Mary Kelly, Cobridge
Free, Geo. Powell, Moorland rd.
Heath Samuel, Chapel lane
Infant, Harriet Sherwin, Old Church gates
Jervis Mary, Navigation road
Kemp Wm. (elas. & com.) Pitt st.
Mansfield Martha, Cobridge
Massey Amelia, Sneyd green
National School, Thos. Chell and Maria Bainbridge, Old Church gates
Ross Patrick, Prince's row
Wedgwood Samuel, Cobridge
Wood Dorcas, King street
Wood Hamlet, Waterloo road

AGENTS.

Baines Charles, (American,) Waterloo road
Cotton Benj. (for Devon, Dorset, and Cornwall clay, blue calx, &c.) Mount pleasant buildings
Dean Jas. (to Hamill & Byker's collieries,) Hamill
Duckworth James, Liverpool rd.
Forrister John, (to Sneyd and Cobridge Colliery Co.) Wedgwood place
Sherwin George, (commission,) Waterloo road

ARCHITECTS & SURVEYORS.

Beardmore Geo. Hanover street
Sant Aaron, Navigation road

ATTORNEYS.

Alcock Joseph, Market place; h. Hamill cottage
Fisher Peter, Hamill street
Harding John Plant, Over house
Harding William (and coroner,) Church street
Mousley Thomas, Cobridge
Preston James, Newcastle street
Ward John, Furlong house
Wedgwood P. Egerton, Hamill st.

AUCTIONEERS & APPRSRS.

Beardmore Geo. Hanover street
Johnson Ralph, Sitch
Johnson Wm. V. Sitch
Walsh Wm. (& comnr. for taking special bail,) Market place

BAKERS & FLOUR DLRS.

Beighton Wm. Waterloo road
Darlington James, Hole house
Downs John, Bourne's bank
Edge Wm. Market place
Holdcroft Thomas, Hot lane
Rodgers Wm. Waterloo road
Sargeant James, Navigation rd.
Whittingham Thos. St. John's sq.
Wild Benjamin, Prince's row

BANKS.

Alcock Saml. & Jph. & Co. Market pl. (draw on Vere and Co.)
Wood and Holden, Market pl. (draw on Jones, Lloyd, & Co.)

BLACKSMITHS.

Beardmore Thos. Liverpool rd.
Clarke James, Waterloo road
Edwards Richard, Dale hall
Hall John, Market place
Harrison Charles, Cobridge
Ibbs Francis, Brown hills
Price Thomas, Longport

BOOKSELLERS, BINDERS, & PRINTERS.

*Marked * have Circg. Libraries.*

* Brougham Mary, (& sub-distributer of stamps,) Market pl.
M'Creery Jas. (binder, copper plate printer, and machine ruler,) Navigation road
* Timmis Richard, (and music seller, &c.) Market place
* Tregortha Chas. Gorst, (and wholesale dealer in juvenile books,) Swan square

BOOT & SHOE MAKERS.

*Marked * have Warehouses.*

Beech Charles, Chapel square
Boston Wm. Hanover square
Bosworth John, Union street
* Brassington Wm. T. Mkt. pl.
Cartlidge Ralph, Cobridge
Clowes Joshua, Navigation road
Clowes Thomas, New street
Cope Wm. Newcastle street
Garner Hugh, Cobridge
Gleaves Samuel, Dale hall
* Hawkins Thomas, Market pl.
Jones Richard, Market place

Lowe Henry, Fountain buildings
Machin Samuel, Waterloo road
Mandley Fletcher, Commercial st.
Mayer Ephraim, (and leather cutter,) Nile street
Moston Thomas, Ball bank
Peak Wm. Navigation road
Phillips Wm. Beech lane
Prince Thos. Amicable buildings
Simmill Wm. Dale hall
Skerratt Oliver, Cobridge
Yarwood Thomas, Longport

BRAZIERS & TINMEN.

Dickin Wm. Market place
Wade Joseph, (and copper plate worker,) St. John's square

BREWERS.

Johnson Ralph, jun. and Co. Dale hall
Robinson John and Wm. St. John's square

BRICKLAYERS & BUILDERS

Boyd John, Commercial street
Brookes Wm. Waterloo road
Copeland Benjamin, Hot lane
Greatbatch Obadiah, Commerl. st.
Shaw John, High street
Sidley James, Pitt street
Vaughan Thos. Church street

BRICK & TILE MAKERS.

Basford Wm. Dale hall
Belfield & Neal, Waterloo road
Bourne and Co. Longport
Brown Samuel, Greenhead
Haywood Howard and Richard, Brown hills
Sant Aaron, Navigation road
Shaw John, High street

BUTCHERS.

Bonsell Wm. Greenhead
Ford John, Wedgwood place
Meigh George, Longport
Milward Wm. Cobridge
Mullock Wm. Nile street
Sargeant Charles, Nile street

CABINET MAKERS AND UPHOLSTERERS.

See Joiners also.

Eaton Thomas, Navigation road
Nicklin Thomas, (and piano forte maker,) Cobridge
Stonier Wm. Liverpool road
Willmott John, Waterloo road

CARVER AND GILDER.

Wedgwood Aaron, New street

CHAIR MAKRS. & TURNERS.

Copeland Wm. Queen street
Mitchell Richd. (turner,) High st.
Tittensor Samuel, Brown hills

CHEESE, &c. DEALERS.

Farrall Thomas, Longport
Hurd Benjamin, Dale hall
Maddock John, Newcastle street
Woollay Thomas, Church street

CHINA MANUFACTURERS.

(*See Earthenware, &c. mfrs.*)

COAL MASTERS.

Baddeley and Co. Sneyd and Cobridge collieries
Clews Ralph and James, Jackfield colliery
Wedgwood John, Esq. Hamill & Bykers collieries
Williamson Hugh Henshall, Esq. Pinnox collieries

COLOUR MANUFACTURERS.

Bourne James, Waterloo road
Brougham Isaac, Silvester sq.
Brougham John, (refiner of cobalt & zaffer,) Flash; h. Waterloo road
Holden John J. Big house
Holden Samuel, Flash
Hughes Thomas, Cobridge villa
Kelsall James, Hamill
Robinson Jno. & Wm. St. Jno.'s sq.
Twigg Joseph, Hanover street
Wood Ambrose, Nile street

CONFECTIONERS.

Edge Joseph, (and British wine dealer,) St. John's square
Walker James, Newcastle street

COOPERS.

Burgess John, Dale hall
Burgess Thomas, Brown hills
Houldcroft Martha, Market pl.
Pass Chas. Hanover square
Wheeldon Wm. Greenhead
Whittle Wm. Liverpool road

CORN & FLOUR DEALERS.

Brown Thomas, Queen street
Edge Wm. Market place
Farrall Thomas, Longport
Walley Wm. Queen street

CRATE MAKERS.

Baker Smith, Vale house, Newcastle street
Bentley George, Dale hall
Broad Joseph, Brown hills
Butters Wm. Brown hills
Cope John, Cobridge
Cope Wm. Cobridge
Gater Wm. Liverpool road
Keeling John, Bourne's bank

Lloyd Robert, Navigation road
Nixon and Gelson, Middleport
Taylor Samuel, Cobridge
Walton Richard, Dale hall
Walton & Yates, Union street
Welsby George, Brown hills
Wildblood John, Waterloo road
Yates Uriah, Commercial street

CURRIERS, &c.

Challinor Timothy, Beech lane
Withinshaw Edw. Pleasant street

CUTLERS.

Fells Geo. (workg.) Navigation rd.
Shaw Thomas, (& surgeons' instrumt. mkr.) Furlong passage

DRUGGISTS.

Abraham Chas. John, Market pl.
Bennett Thos. St. John's square
Harper John, (dispensing,) Market place
Walker Wm. St. John's square

DYERS.

Ball Samuel, Nile street
Kelsall Mary & Hanh. Chapel sq.
Mann Sophia, High street

EARTHENWARE MANFRS.

*Marked * are Egyptian black mfrs. only, and † are China mfrs. also.*

† Alcock Samuel & Co. Hill pottery
Barker, Sutton, and Till, Sitch pottery
Bath Wm. (coarse Queen street
Clews Ralph and Jas. Cobridge
Colclough James, (ornamental) Chapel lane
Collinson John, (crown) Golden hill
* Cork and Condliff, Queen st.
Cormie John, Nile street
† Davenport John, Son and Co. Longport, Newport, and Stoke
Dillon Francis, Cobridge
Edge Wm. Golden hill
Godwin Benjamin E. Cobridge
Godwin John & Robt. Cobridge
Godwin Thomas, New wharf
Godwin Wm. Market place
Harding and Cockson, Cobridge
Hawley Joseph, Waterloo road
Heath Thomas, Beech lane
Holland Ann, (shining black) Liverpool road
* Hood George, Brown hills
Hopkins Peter, Market place
Hughes Thomas Cobridge villa: house, Waterloo road
Jackson Job and John, Church pottery
Jones Elijah, Cobridge villa
Love, Rushworth, and Hobson, Cobridge
† Machin and Potts, Waterloo pottery
Marsh & Haywood, Brown hills
* Marsh & Willatt, Silvester sq.
* Massey Nehemiah, (and lustre) Newcastle street
Pearson John, Newcastle street
Phillips Edw. and Geo. Longport
† Pointon Wm. Overhouse works
Rogers John and Son, Dale hall
† Stephenson Ralph and Son, Cobridge
Stubbs Joseph, Longport
Turner Wm. (sagars and quarry) Chapel lane
* Walton John, Navigation road
† Wood Enoch and Sons, Fountain place

EARTHENWARE TOY MFRS

*Those marked * are china toy mfrs.*

* Edge Daniel, Waterloo road
Elkin Richard, High street
* Mellor, Venables, & Co. Nile st
Sharratt Obadiah, Waterloo road
Walton John, Navigation road
Worthy Mathias, Cobridge

EATING HOUSES.

Hope Samuel, St. John's square
Worrall John, Market place

ENGRAVERS.

Brookes Wm. Fountain buildings
Doncaster Samuel, Waterloo road
Kennedy James, Commercial st.
Shelley Samuel, Commercial st.
Shufflebottom Henry, Snow hill
Stanway Wm. Fountain buildings
Wildblood & Keay, Navigation rd

FARMERS.

Adams Joseph, Baddeley edge
Docksey John, Woodhead
Fenton Samuel, Sneyd green
Jackson Enoch, Birches head
Prime John, Birches
Steele Eli, Hulton Abbey
Stones Thomas, Rushton grange
Weatherby Thomas, Woodhead
Woolliscroft John, Milton
Woolliscroft Wm. Holden
Worthington John, Carmount

FLINT GRINDER.

Williamson Hugh H. Esq. Hoston mill

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

Davenport John, Son, and Co. Longport

GROCERS AND PROVISION DEALERS.

*Marked * are Chandlers also.*

* Alcock George Market place
Bagnall Wm. Swan square
Beighton Wm. Waterloo road
Broad Enoch, St. John's square
* Dean Jane, Market place
Edge Wm. Market place
Green Edward, Nile street
Jackson Wm. Cobridge
Lees Thos. (wholsl.) Market pl.
Maddock John, Newcastle street
Moore Edward, Market place
Sant Jerh. and Saml. Market pl.
Smith Jonathan, Newcastle street
Whittingham Thos. St. John's sq.
Wood Josiah, Market place

HAIR DRESSERS.

Finney Thomas, (and perfumer) St. John's square
Hasting Joseph, St. John's sq.
Robinson James, Longport
Walton Francis, Market place
Wedgwood Charles, (and glass dealer) Nile street

HOSIER.

Blackshaw Thomas, (mfr. and worsted dealer) Newcastle st.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Black Lion, John Buttrey, Queen street
Blue Ball, George Frederick Bowers, Nile street
Blue Bell, Thomas Edmonds, Waterloo road
Bowling Green, Job Stretch, Beech lane
Britannia, Thomas Woolliscroft, Navigation road
Bull's Head, Thomas Walklet, Cobridge
Bull's Head, Aaron Wood, St. John's square
Castle and Falcon, George Burnett, Liverpool road
Cock, Thomas Hopkinson, Market place
Cross Keys, John Norman, Market place
Crown and Mitre, John Steele, Commercial street
Crown (Old), Wm Lea, Liverpool road
Crown (New) Thomas Moston, Ball bank
Dog and Partridge, Thos. Broughton, Hot lane
Duke of Bridgwater, Richard Burnett, Longport
Duke of York, Samuel Slinn, Dale hall
Foaming Tankard, Hugh Mountford, High street
Freemasons' Arms, Joseph Wade, St. John's square
George Inn, Wm. Barlow, Swan square
Jug, Wm. Moore, Cobridge
King and Queen, Wm. Barlow, Sneyd green
Legs of Man Inn, and excise office, Rt. Berrington, Mkt. pl.
Leopard Inn, and Posting House, John Pepper, Market place
Lord Nelson, Edward Padmore, Liverpool road
Marquis of Granby Hotel, James Beech, Market place
New Inn, Wm. Dunn, Mkt. pl.
Pack Horse Inn, Thomas Farrall, Longport
Queen's Head, Margaret Cartlidge, Swan square
Red Lion, Jno. Rathbond, Chapel square
Roe Buck, John Forrister, Wedgwood place
Sneyd's Arms, Thos. Weatherby, Sneyd green
Star, Thos. Higginson, Queen st.
Swan, Thos. Weatherby, Swan sq.
Swan, John Tinsley, Hot lane
Turk's Head, Thomas Malpass, Market place
Waterloo and American Hotel & Posting House, Wm. Bond, Waterloo road

BEER HOUSES (82 ! !.

Alcock Samuel, Fountain blds.
Appleby Mary, Dale hall
Baker Thomas, Liverpool road
Barlow Harriet, Liverpool road
Barnett Frederick, Hot lane
Bates Thomas, Pitt street
Bates Wm. Cobridge
Bath Robert, Chapel lane

Beard Joseph, Navigation road
Beech Ralph, Dale hall
Benfield Ralph, Hole house
Berks Thomas, Nile street
Bonsell Wm. Green head
Boughton Jane, Dale hall
Bourne James, Bourne's bank
Bradshaw Joseph, Hot lane
Brian George, Commercial street
Bromley Wm. Green head
Brookes Wm. Waterloo road
Brown Edward, Hanover street
Brown John, Nile street
Brown Samuel, Green head
Brown Thomas, Hamill street
Cadman Wm. High lane
Challinor Thomas, New street
Cooke John, Union street
Copeland Benjamin, Hot lane
Cumberledge Elizabeth, New st.
Darlington James, Hole house
Dayson Charles, Liverpool road
Eaton Thomas, Navigation road
Edge Ephraim, Waterloo road
Fenton Ralph, Longport
Foster Thomas, New street
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Hall Thomas, Liverpool road
Hammersley Joseph, Navigation rd.
Hammond Robert, Hole house
Harris George, Church street
Heath Elias, Twyford row
Hemmings John, Cobridge
Hodgkiss John, Hot lane
Humphreys Thos. Navigation rd.
Lear Thomas, Longport
Leigh Elisha, Dale hall
Lockett James, Flash
Machin John, Waterloo road
Maddock Thos. Navigation rd.
Malkin Ralph, High street
Marsh George, Dale hall
Mawdesley John, Longport
Mitchell John, High street
Moss Jph. & cowkeeper, Newport lane
Myatt Joseph, Brown hills
Plant John, Hole house
Preston John, Waterloo road
Rainbow Richard, Longport
Round Thomas, Waterloo road
Rowe Benjamin, Hanover square
Shaw John, Brown hills
Shaw John, High street
Shelton Elizabeth, Waterloo rd
Smerratt Obadiah, Longport
Simms Richard, Dale hall
Smytheman Wm. Waterloo rd.
Spencer James, Dale hall
Stephenson Joseph, Queen street
Stevenson George, Dale hall
Teece Thomas, Swan square
Thompson Wm. High street
Walker Thomas, Newcastle st.
Walklet James, Waterloo road
Wall Wm. Sneyd green
Weatherby Mary, Chapel lane
Wild Benjamin, Princes row
Wilkinson Wm. Killcroft
Williamson Richard, High lane
Wootton John, Hole house
Worrall John, Market place

IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS.

Hales Lewis George, Cobridge
Nicklin John, Waterloo road

IRONMONGERS.

Burrow Wm. Market place
Mayer Mary, Market place
Sant I. & S. Market place
Wade Jph. & coal dlr. St. John's square
Walker Thomas, St. John's sq.

JOINERS AND BUILDERS

*Members of the Corporation of Burslem

* Beardmore Geo. Hanover st
Birch Wm. Navigation road
* Bradburn Wm. King street
Brown Edward, Hanover street
Butler Joseph, Hot lane
* Ford Wm. Navigation road
Lawton Daniel, Chapel lane
Massey James, & timber dlr. Chapel square
Mayer John, Dale hall
Morris Richard, Waterloo road
Sant Aaron, Navigation road
Smytheman Wm. Waterloo road
* Walker John, Brown hills
Wolrich John, Waterloo road

LAND SURVEYORS & AGTS

Hales Lewis George, Cobridge
Hargreaves Thos. Liverpool rd.

LIME BURNERS.

Brindley Jph. Longport & Etruria
Wood John, near Brown hills

LINEN AND WOOLLEN DRAPERS.

Chadwick Charles, Market place
Cotton Chtte. Lower Hadderidge
Cox & Boulton, Market place
Dix Wm. Market place

Heginbottom Joseph, Market pl.
Hulme John, Market place
Hulme Wm. Market place

MALTSTERS.

Barlow Wm. Swan square
Steele John, Commercial street
Stubbs Joseph, Longport

MILLINERS & DRESS MKRS.

Beardmore Mary, Hanover st.
Booth Hannah, Amicable bdgs.
Hallen Sarah, Waterloo road
Holdcroft Susanna, Waterloo rd.
Jackson Sarah, Waterloo road
Lewis Elizabeth, Amicable bdgs.
Lewis Mary, Queen street
Leigh & Wedgwood, St. John's square
Mansfield S. & A. Cobridge
Moss Mary Ann, Newport lane
Nixon Ann, Market place
Prince Matilda, Bourne's bank
Shufflebottom Ann, Snow hill
Tomkinson Sebrina, Greenhead
Vaughan Elizabeth, Church st.
Walker Ann, Newcastle street
Walton Sarah, Waterloo road
Wedgwood Mary, Chapel square

MODELLERS.

Brookes Joseph, Waterloo road
Holland Thomas, Church street
Tunstall Wm. Union buildings

NAIL MAKERS.

Parson Joseph, Bourne's bank
Shaw Joseph, King street
Tinsley Thomas, Brown hills

PAINTERS & GLAZIERS.

See Plumbers also.

Hulse James, King street
Rowe Benjamin, Hanover square
Rowe Isaac, Waterloo road

PAWNBROKERS.

Hill Elizabeth, St. John's sq.
Hulme Wm. Market place

PLUMBERS & GLAZIERS.

*Marked * are Painters also.*

* Alcock Hy. Geo. Market pl.
Allen George, Newcastle street
Beardmore Robert, Waterloo rd.
* Clinton Wm. Church street
Meakin John, Market place
* Padmore Edw. Liverpool rd.
Walsh Wm. Market place

PORTER MERCHANTS.

Baker John & George, (London & Dublin) Market place

SADDLERS.

Robinson George, Market place
Wright Wm. Market place

SHOPKEEPERS.

(Dealers in flour, groceries, &c.)

Adams Enoch, Dale hall
Barlow Harriet, Liverpool rd.
Bartlam John, Liverpool road
Bate John, Longport
Brundrett Samuel, Waterloo rd.
Burnett Ann, Longport
Cartlidge Sarah, New street
Colclough James, Moorland rd.
Copeland, Josiah, Cobridge
Copeland John, Nile street
Copes Wm. Cobridge
Deakin Thomas, Dale hall
Dicken Mary, Church street
Garner Mary, Brown hills
Gibson John, Brown hills
Glover Arthur, Longport
Hargreaves Hanh, St. John's sq.
Henshall John, Liverpool road
Hill Elizabeth, St. John's sq.
Hollinshead George, Russell st.
Jackson Enoch, Waterloo road
Lloyd Robert, Navigation road
Maddock Sarah, Newport lane
Malkin Ralph, High street
Oakes Ann, Navigation road
Platt Hannah, Cobridge
Prince John, Bourne's bank
Reynolds Wm. Waterloo road
Robotham Martha, Navigation rd.
Ryles George, Navigation road
Stevenson George, Dale hall
Walklet Thomas, Cobridge
Walley Saml. Market place
Walley Wm, Queen street
Wheeldon Wm. Longport
Wild James, Liverpool road
Yates Uriah, Commercial street

STONE & MARBLE MASONS.

Goldstraw Paul, Brown hills
Kirkham Jph. Navigation road
Leak Emanuel, Hanover street
Pope Wm. Queen st. & Newcastle

STRAW HAT MAKERS.

Brassington Eliz. Market place
Coward Ann, King street
Noon Ann & Mary, Market pl
Rowe Sarah, Waterloo road
Smith Hannah, Brown hills
Steel John, Market place

SURGEONS.

Ball Daniel, New street
Bolderson Wm. Nile street
Booth Isaac, Newcastle street
Bramwell Wm. Waterloo road

Goddard Samuel, Market place
Sharp & Walker, Wedgwood pl.

TAILORS.

*Marked * are Drapers also.*

* Bates Robert, Fountain place
Billington John, Dale hall
Birkin Thomas, Dale hall
Creswell Thomas, Navigation rd.
Goodfellow Sampson, Moorland road
Hall Thomas, Green head
Hopkins Peter (& clothes dealer) Market place
* Hulme John, Market place
Lindop John, New street
Nelson Jonathan, Pitt street
* Noon Benjamin, Market pl.
Pearson Jph. Hanover street
Rhodes Ralph, Lower Hadderidge
Shaw Benjamin, Waterloo road
Shaw Samuel, Waterloo road
* Stevens Wm. Church street
Sutton Nathl. Longport
* Teece Thomas, Swan square
Vernon Richard, Hanover square
* Wase Samuel, Cobridge
Watkin John, King street
Wedgwood Enoch, Moorland rd.
Wheeler James, Brown hills

TEA DEALERS

(See Grocers & Shopkeepers.

*Marked * are Travellers.*

Bickerton Geo. L. Hadderidg
Brougham Mary, Market place
* M'Lacklan Jno. Commercial st.
* Tate John, Church street

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS.

Bebbington James, (& jeweller) St. John's square
Wain Wm. St. John's square

WHEELWRIGHTS.

Birks Thos. (& carpenter) Nile st.
Goodwin & Butters, Liverpool rd.
Lawton Daniel, Chapel lane
Spencer James, Dale hall
Walklet James, Waterloo road
Walklet Thomas, Cobridge

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHTS

Acton John, Market place
Baker John and Geo. Market pl
Barlow Wm. Swan square

COACHES.

From the Marquis of Granby Inn

The *Express*, to London, at 1 p. 10 night, and to Liverpool, at 2 aft. daily.

The *Red Rover*, to London, at 3 p. 3, aft. daily, exp. Mon., and to Liverpool at 6 mng. daily exp Tue.

The *Potter*, to Manchester, at 8 mng. ret. 9 evng. daily, except Sun.

From the Legs of Man Inn.

The *Hark-Forward*, to Birmingham, by Stoke, Lane-end, Stafford, Wolverhampton, &c. at 7 mng. returns at 11 night, daily. (exp. Sun.)

CARRIERS BY WATER

Goods may be left at the Canal Co.'s wharf, Burslem, to be forwarded to any part of the kingdom; Mr. Peter Batkin, agent. And at their wharf Longport, Mr. Thomas Osborne, agent.

Alex. Reid and Co. are general wharfingers, & have boats daily from Port Vale & Tunstall wharf to Anderton, and thence to Liverpool, by the river Weaver, (a route which saves 13 miles tonnage;) Mr. Jas. Macintyre, agent.

George Appleby, of Longport wharf, has boats, daily, to Liverpool and Manchester.

CARRIERS BY LAND

To Leek, John Wootton, Hole house, Wed.

To Newcastle, Geo. Williams, King street, Mon. Wed. & Fri

TUNSTALL.

* (IN WOLSTANTON PARISH, AND THE BOROUGH OF STOKE-UPON-TRENT.)

The POST-OFFICE is at Mr. Benjamin Griffith's, (watch and clock maker,) Market place; *and the letters are received and despatched from* ***Burslem.*** (See page 579.)

Bridgwood John, manager, Woodland buildings
Brammitt George, potter, Paradise street
Butterfield John, colliery agent, Hoston mills
Challinor Edw. mfr. Woodlands
Chesters Samuel and Co. leather cutters, Market place
Chesworth Thos. rope mkr. Flash
Child Roylance, manufacturing chemist; house, Well street
Child Smith, Esq. Newfield hall
Clowes Cebrah, dyer, Piccadilly street
Dixon Joshua, mason, Queen st.
Leese Wm. bookkeeper, Pinnox colliery
Machin Thomas, constable of the liberty of Tunstall court, Paradise street
Nixon Mr. James, Wellington pl.
Nixon John, engineer, Market st.
Powell Benj. pipe mkr. Market pl.
Powell Edw. commission agent, 9, Paradise street
Rathbone John, manufacturer; house, Rathbone street
Rathbone Thomas, potter, Woodland buildings
Raworth Thomas, tallow chandler, Market place
Read Wm. potter, Paradise street
Scott John, general ironmonger, nail mfr. brazier and tinman, Rathbone buildings
Smith Francis, manager, Woodland buildings
Smith Thos. green grcr. Mkt. pl.
Walker Geo. overlkr. Greenfield
Williams Thos. fruiterer, High st.

ACADEMIES.

Lees Aaron, America
Shaw Simeon, LL.D. Market pl.
Sutton Daniel, Wellington place

ATTORNEYS.

Cooper Wm. Wellington place
Ward John and Wm. Market pl.

BLACKSMITHS.

Capper Joseph, (fitter-up of stove grates, &c.) Market place
Clark Richard, Greenfield
Machin Joseph, Mill street
Windsor James, Flash

BOOKSELLERS.

Machin Samuel, (periodical) Paradise street
Wood Enoch, (old & new books, & circltng. library) Market pl.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS.

Austin Timothy, (and leather cutter) Flash
Birchenough John, Woodland buildings
Deakin Samuel, Amicable street
Lear James, High street
Machin Thomas, Paradise street
Mountford Hugh, Paradise street
Myatt Wm. (and patten) Market place
Platt James, Piccadilly
Sherwin Emanuel, High street
Smith John, Paradise street
Tunstall James, High street
Wainwright Thomas, Market pl.

BRICK AND TILE MAKERS.

Booth Joseph, Flash
Booth Obadiah, Clay hills
Peake Thomas, (and ornamental garden pottery) Watergate st.
Myatt Wm. (and patten) Market place
Platt James, Piccadilly
Sherwin Emanuel, High street
Smith John, Paradise street
Tunstall James, High street
Wainwright Thomas, Market pl.

BRICK AND TILE MAKERS.

Booth Joseph, Flash
Booth Obadiah, Clay hills
Peake Thomas, (and ornamental garden pottery) Watergate st.
Shufflebotham and Co. Clay hills
Williamson Robert, nr. Clay hills

BRICKLAYERS.

Hopwood Richard, King street
Moss Peter, Greenfield

BUTCHERS.

Mycock John, Booth street
Shutt Samuel, Market place

CABINET MAKERS.

(*See Joiners.*)

CHEMISTS (*Manufacturing.*)

Child and Co. (soda, Epsom salts, oil of vitriol, borax, Paris white, &c.) Clay hills

CHINA MANUFACTURERS.

(*See Earthenware mfrs.*)

COAL MASTERS.

Child and Clive, Clanway colliery
Williamson Hugh Henshall, Esq. Pinnox colliery

CORN MILLERS AND FLOUR DEALERS.

Goodwin John, Mill lane
Malpass Wm. High street

CRATE MAKERS.

De Les Absalom, Amicable street
Nixon Joseph, High street

DRUGGISTS.

Leese Hugh, Market place
Seckerson James, Market place

EARTHENWARE MFRS.

Adams Wm. and Sons, Greenfield
Beech James, Sandyford

Collinson John, brown Golden hill
Edge Wm. Golden hill
Goodfellows Ts. Phœnix pottery
Hall Ralph, High street
Heath Joseph and Co. Newfield
Ingleby Thos. & Co. High street
Johnson John, (and Egyptian black,) High street
Moss Richard, Red st. *Chesterton*
Muir John, near the Church
Poolmore, Walker, and Co. Upper pot works
Ratcliffe S. and J. (and china,) Amicable street
Rowley Thomas, Amicable st.
Tomkiff Michael, china and earthenware figures, High st.
Wood and Challinor, Woodland

ENGRAVER.

Hancock John, Market street

GROCERS & TEA DEALERS.

Bowden Jas. (grocer, wine & spirit merchant, dir. Flash
Lees Hugh, Market place
Lees Robert, High street
Malkin Wm. High street
Proctor Thos. 10, Paradise st.
Tellwright ——, Woodland Bldgs.

HAIR DRESSERS.

Hodgkinson Wm. High street
Mayer Elijah, Market place
Wharton John, High street

HOTELS, INNS, & TAVERNS.

Highgate Inn, Jane Mullock, Brown hills
Lamb, John Goodall, Market pl.
Sneyd's Arms Commercial Inn, Joseph Owen, Market place
Swan Inn, James Johnson, (and common brewer,) High street
Wheat Sheaf, Thomas Sherwin, High street

BEER HOUSES.

Bailey Samuel, Booth street
Beard Thomas, High street
Bell Herbert, America
Bourne John, Paradise street
Brindley Francis, Mill street
Burgess Charlotte, Well street
Chadwick Wm. Market place
Clark Richard, Greenfield
Colclough Samuel, Watergate st.
Dean Margaret, Well street
Gater John, Clay hills
Gibson Jane, Sandyford
Gibson Wm. Rathbone buildings
Goodwin Ralph, Booth street
Griffiths Thomas, Wellington pl
Gritton Ann, Piccadilly street
Hancock John, Watergate street
Lear Mary, Rathbone street
Lownds Thomas, Sandyford
Machin Joseph, America
Machin Joseph, Market place
Malpass Wm. High street
Moss Peter, Greenfield
Shaw Joseph, Watergate street
Shutt Samuel, Market place
Siddall James, Clay hills

JOINERS AND BUILDERS.

*Market * are Cabinet Mkrs. also.*

* **Eardley** Samuel, Well street
* **Hulse** Charles, Market place
Wood Hugh, King street

LINEN & WLN. DRAPERS.

Baker Ralph, (and tea dealer,) Market place
Dale John, Market place
Malam Emma, Market place

MALTSTERS.

Howell Samuel, High street
Young Wm. Upperbank

MILINRS. & DRESS MKRS

Ball Maria, Market place
Haynes Eliza, Well street
Jones Mary, Rathbone street
Powell Mary, 9, Paradise street
Sproston Elizabeth, America

PLUMBERS, GLAZIERS, & PAINTERS.

Barker Edward, Market place
Birch John, Market place

SADDLERS.

Capper Thos. (and trunk & portmanteau maker,) Market pl.
Hind John, Woodland buildings

SHOPKEEPERS.

Barlow James, Paradise street
Beard Thos. (& baker,) High st
Boulton Ann, High street
Bourne Phuvah, Chapel lane
Capper Thomas, Well street
Dean Margaret, Well street
Gray George, Market place
Harvey Samuel, Watergate st.
Johnson Charles, Booth street
Lightfoot Eliza, Sandyford
Machin Joseph, Market place
Nixon John, Market place
Rutter Robert, Amicable street
Simcock Rhoda, Well street
Smith Wm. Rathbone street
Sproston John, America
Tomkinson Wm. Flash

Vernon John, Well street

STRAW HAT MAKERS.

Lewis Mary, Market place
Phillips Ann, Paradise street

SURGEONS.

Adams John, Wellington place
Davenport Chas. Well st. house

TAILORS.

Armett Danl. (& draper,) Mkt. pl.
Hulse John, Chapel lane
Huxley Thomas, (& draper,) 12, Paradise street
Machin James, Booth street
Mainwaring Thos. Paradise st.
Nevitt Richard, Booth street
Noon Wm. Spencer, (& clothes dealer,) High street
Rutter George, Well street
Steel John, King street
Thompson Wm. High street

WHEELWRIGHTS.

Beckett Samuel, High street
Lewis John, (and pump maker,) High street
Smith Jonathan, Greenfield

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHTS.

Clive Charles Wm. Market place
Owen Joseph, Market place

COACHES & CARRIERS

Call at the Sneyd's Arms and Swan Inn.—*See Burslem.*

CARRIERS BY WATER.

See Stoke, Burslem, and Hanley and Shelton.

Alex. Reid & Co.'s boats from the New Wharf daily, to all parts of the kingdom.

BREREHURST.

Marked 1 *are at Dale's Green*, 2 *Oldry lane*, 3 *Trubshaw*, *and* 4 *at Kidsgrove.*

Ball Thomas, grocer and draper, *Harding's Wood*
1 Burgess John, beer house
2 Dale Samuel, coal owner
Dale Thos. blacksmith, Mole Cop
Hulme Joseph, coal master, Harrisy head
4 Napper Charles, beer house
4 Napper Wm. shopkeeper
3 Sutton James and Co. coal masters *Rd.* Sherratt, agent

FARMERS.

Baddeley Wm.
Clare Joseph, Red hall
Lawton Chas. Cob moor
1 Lawton John
1 Lees Matthw.
2 Morris James

CHATTERLEY.

Marked 1 *are at Dimsdale*, 2 *Peacock's hay*, 3 *Holditch*, 4 *High Carr*, *and* 5 *at Red street.*

Alcock Wm. beer house
1 Anderton Jno. boarding school
Baskeyfield Wm. beer house
5 Booth Allen, draper and grocer
5 Joynson Wm. shoemaker
3 Salt Samuel, corn miller

FARMERS.

1 Burgess Thos.
Cooper Ann
Cooper Thomas
Dale Wm. New house
2 Hancock Ths.
Hassells Thos.
2 Ledward Wm.
4 Myatt James
4 Rider James
Shufflebotham Wm.
Sneyd Wm. Bradwell hall
Walley Shaw
3 Wood Abm.

CHELL.

Marked * *are at Little Chell.*

* Bagnall Mr. John, Spring bank
Bates Paul, shoemaker
Clive John Henry, gent.
* Evans Joseph, farmer
Goodwin Geo. & James, farmers
* Goodwin John, farmer
Hancock Jas. beer house, Pits hill
Porter Daniel, vict. Anchor
Stonier John, tailor
Tunstall John, vict. Brindley's Arms

CHESTERTON.

Marked * *are in Red street.*

Bent Richard, M.D.
Firmstone Thomas, iron master, *Apedale*
Gibson Isaac, shopkeeper
Gould Richard, surgeon
Heaton Henry, gent.
Moss Henshall, maltster
* Moss Richard, earthenware & Egyptn. blk. mfr. & vict. Crown
* Moss Thos. grocer & maltster
Stanyer Wm. blacksmith
Steel John & Joseph, nail makers
Wright Wm. day school

[illegible]

OLDCOTT & GOLDEN HILL.

*Marked * are at G[illegible]*

- * **Brindley Thomas, grocer, &c.**
- * **Clive John Henry, coal master**
- * **Collinson Jno. brown earth. mfr.**
- * **Edge Wm. earthenware mfr**
- * **Freakley George, shoemaker**
- * **Gater Isaac, plumbr. paintr. &c.**
- **[illegible]cock John, iron founder, *Kidsgrove***
- **[illegible]ixon John, tailor**
- **[illegible]hufflebotham Robert, joiner and builder**

[illegible]

STADMORE SLOW

[illegible]

- * B[illegible] George
- * B[illegible] Thomas, Brown [illegible]
- * Dale John, Ashes
- Dale Thomas, blacksmith
- Durber Margaret, vict. Red Lion
- Gater Charles, beer house
- Rowley Jas. beer hs. & shopkr.
- * Woolliscroft John, Hollin hs.
- * Woolliscroft Jph. Stone trough

THURSFIELD.

Those without names of places attached are at NEW CHAPEL. *Marked * are Farmers.*

Brayford Elijah, beer house

Carter Rev. William, incumbent curate, Turnhurst
* Cole Benjamin, Turnhurst
* Edwards John
Hanley Wm. (yeoman) Lodge
* Hulme Joseph, Trubshaw
Leader Bainton, gentleman
Litchfield William, master of the Grammar school
Sant Joseph, victualler, Grapes
Smith Wm. beer house
Washington Wm. vict. Royal Oak
* Wilshaw Daniel, Bent house
* Woolliscroft Wm. Bullock's hs.

WEDGWOOD.

Cotterell Samuel, vict. Black Bull
Taylor John, blacksmith

FARMERS.

Betley Ralph
Burn John
Carter John
Cotterell Wm.
Lovatt John
Sherratt John
WhitehurstWm

WOOLSTANTON.

Marked 1 *are at May bank, and* 2 *at Basford.*

1 Austin Joseph, tailor
Bagot Rev. Ralph, vicar
Barlow Elias, assistant overseer
Bradbury John, farmer
Buttery Wm. master of Workhs.
Cartlidge Wm. farmer
Chester Wm. banker's clerk, White house
1 Dain Christopher, maltster
Hassall John, parish clerk
Hyatt Mr. Thomas Unett
Ledward Thomas, land surveyor
Lowndes Joseph, vestry clerk
Moreton Miss Mary, gentlewmn.
Morris Geo. and Jph. butchers
Mountford Wm. shopkeeper
Peake Charles, plasterer
Rogers George, blacksmith
Rogers Spencer, Esq. Watlands,
Sant Aron, joiner and builder
2 Sleigh Rev. ——, Indpdt. min.
Sleigh Mrs. boarding school
1 Taylor Mr. John
Thompson Richard and Son, cotton spinners and calico mfrs.
Wade John, baker & flour dealer
Walker Jph. manager, White hall
2 Witty Richard, J. L. patentee of the warm air diffuser and gas furnace, Basford cottage
Wood Edw. mfr.; h. Port hill
1 Young Mrs. Jane

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Jolly Potters, Wm. Harding
Plough, Benjamin Williams, (and joiner)

Beer Houses.

Birks Thomas, Mile house
JohnsonGeorge
Meakin Joseph, (& maltster)
Massey Wm.
1 Smith Daniel

Shoemakers.

Barker James
Barnett Richd.
Fox John

DIRECTORY OF THE BOROUGH OF NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME.

POST-OFFICE, High street; Mrs. Elizabeth Brothers, Post-mistress. *London letters* are received and despatched at half-past eleven mng. *Birmingham letters* are despatched at half-past one mng. and at 2 aft. and received at half-past one and half-past eleven mng. *Liverpool letters* are despatched at one mng. and at half-past twelve aft. and received at five mng. *Manchester letters* are despatched at one mng. (by the Liverpool mail) and at half-past nine mng. and arrive at five mng. and two aft. *Letters for Madeley, Betley, Keele, &c.* are despatched at two aft. and arrive at nine night. *Letters for all parts of the Potteries* are despatched at six mng. and two aft. and received at eleven mng. and nine night. *The office* closes every night at half-past nine, and opens every morning at eight.

MISCELLANY, *containing the addresses of the Gentry, Clergy, and other Inhabitants not arranged in the classification of Trades and Professions.*

Adams Mrs. Ann, Bridge house
Arnold David draper; h. King st.
Austin Mrs. Sarah, Iron market
Baker Mrs. Elizabeth, Merrill st.
Band James, coachman, Marsh st.
Banks Miss Margaret, Bagnall st.
Barlow Moses, parish clerk, Pepper street
Barlow Wm. cowkpr. Friar lane
Batt Jesse, carver and gilder, Marsh parade
Beardmore Mr. John, George st.
Beech John, engraver, King st.
Beech Richard, carter, Lower st.
Beettison Wm. carter, Lower st.
Bladon James, clerk, Shoreditch
Bould Mr. Wm. George street
Bowler Mrs. Ann, Goose street
Bristol Jh. fellmngr. Knutton rd.
Broughton Mr. Brian, Pepper st.
Brown Mrs. Ann, Marsh terrace
Brown Mrs. Mary, Hick street
Brown Jno. painter, Penkhull st.
Bryan Mr. Deansgate
Byrne Edmund, dancing master, Marsh terrace
Carr Mrs. Sarah, Liverpool road
Carryer Thomas, pawnbroker, Iron market
Chatfield Wm. farrier, Upper gn.
Chant Mrs. Sarah, George street
Cook Mrs. Eliz. Penkhull street
Cooper George, lime burner, Brook lane, and lessee of the gas works, Rye bank
Cooper James, rag dlr. High st.
Cooper Wm. stand coach owner, Marsh street
Dain Jno. colliery agt. George st.
Darlington George, waiter, Liverpool road
Darlington Mrs. Mary, Pool head
[illegible] Jas. Andw, gent. Fogg's ln.
[illegible]n John, solr. Bridge street
[illegible] John, fishmonger & game [illegible]r, Penkhull street
[illegible] Wm. Deansgate
[illegible] Thomas, tailor, Holburn
[illegible] Rev. James, (Catholic) [illegible]rpool road
[illegible]t Liddle, road surveyor, [illegible]arsh parade
[illegible] Edw. whsman. Merrill st.
Fenton Misses Caroline and Elizabeth, Bridge street
Faulkner Richard, silk throwster, Brampton mill
Fenton Robt. solr.; h. Bridge st.
Fenton Thomas, solicitor, and town clerk, Stoke lodge
Firmstone Thomas, iron master, Green ville
Francs Charles, box and trunk maker, Lower street
Francks Abraham, optician, umbrella maker, and dealer in clothes, ancient coins, and fancy articles, Hick street
Gibbons Mrs. Sarah, George st.
Greaves Rev. Peter Wilson, (New Con. Meth.) George street
Griffith Jas. cowkpr. Marsh ter.
Griffith Mr. Joseph, Bridge st.
Griffith Wm. overlkr. George st.
Hackwood Mr. Wm. Marsh par.
Hall Robert, gent. Nelson place
Hall Wm. cutler, Marsh street
Halliday Mrs. Sarah, Marsh par.
Halmarack William, cart owner, Holburn
Hancock John, gent. Marsh par.
Harding Joshua, land surveyor, &c. Bagnall street; h. Maer
Harvey John Hyatt, solr. King st.
Hatfield Geo. hat mfr. London rd.
Hawkins John, engrvr. George st.
Holland Mrs. Ann, King street
Holland Peter, supervr. Pepper st.
Holland William, wire worker, Lower street
Hosband Hy. bookpr. Pepper st.
Hyatt John Ford, solr. Nelson pl.
Hyatt Philip, gent. Bagnall st.
Hyde Edwin, manager, High st.
Inskip John, wool carder, Ashley square
Ironmonger Thomas, banker's clerk, King's field
Jackson Sampson, vestry clerk, Bridge street
Johnson Chas. waiter, Lower st.
Jones David, exc. offr. Holburn
Jones Mrs. Eliza, Brunswick st.
Jones John, practical chemist, Marsh parade
Keys Edward, modelr. George st.

Kinnersley Thomas, Esq. banker; house, Clough hall, Cheshire
Knight Mrs. Mary, Bridge street
Leadwood Samuel, road surveyor, George street
Leason Thomas, butter, &c. dealer, Holburn
Leech Capt. James, Liverpool rd.
Leigh Rev. Clement, M. A. rector, Iron market
Lovatt Jph. nail mkr. Lower st.
Lester Wm. Hutton, silk manufacturer, Marsh street
Lewis Mrs. Hannah, Pepper st.
Lowe Mr. George, Deansgate
Lowe Mr. John, Stubb's street
Lowe Wm. painter; h. Marsh st.
Machin Thos. bookbdr. York st.
Mason Mrs. Eliz. Lower street
May Wm. coachman, Bridge st.
Mayer Mrs. Mary, Marsh parade
Mayer Samuel, Esq. Thistlebury
Mayer Thomas and Son, veterinary surgeons, Queen street
Mellard Miss Jane, Marsh ter.
Mellard Miss Maria, Marsh par.
Moreton Mrs. Mary, Lower st.
Morris Wm. painter; house, Liverpool road
Mort Mrs. Sophia, Marsh parade
Moss Jas. chim. swp. Market ln.
Movel Mrs. Charlotte, Marsh par.
Mullinex Jas. carter, George st.
Pearson Rt. gent. Bryan cottage
Pepper Mrs. Eliz. Pepper street
Phillips Mrs. Benedicta, Iron mkt.
Phillpot Wm. tea dlr.; h. High st.
Pinches Miss Martha, Bagnall st.
Plant Mrs. Elizabeth, High st.
Pointon Wm. pavier, Bath street
Poole Joseph, iron fndr. Brook ln.
Reynolds John, calico manufacturer, Hick street
Roberts Robert, plumber and glazier, Fletcher street
Robinson John, gent. High street
Russell Rev. George, (Meth.) Lower street
Rutland Thomas, nursery and seedsman, High street
Scott Alexr. artist, Liverpool rd.
Scott Hy. coach guard, Church st.
Scott John, coach proprietor, Red Lion square
Shaw Chas. bookpr. Castle street
Shaw Elias, woollen draper, Hassell's street
Sheppard Richard, carver, gilder, and artists' repository, High st.
Sherratt Thomas, overseer of public walks, Lower street
Shufflebottom Ralph, clerk of St. George's church, Merrill street
Slater Mrs. Elizabeth, Bow street
Skinner Mathias, sawyer, Castle street
Smallwood Miss Har. Marsh prd.
Smith Mrs. A. M. High street
Smith Mrs. Mary, Bridge street
Smith Miss P. Iron market
Smithson Rev. John, (Meth.) Penkhull street
Sparrow Mrs. King street
Swinnerton Miss Sarah, King st.
Thompson Mrs. Fras. Liverpl. rd.
Timmis Mrs. Eliz. Roe Buck yd.
Tittensor Jph. preserver of birds and beasts, Lower street
Turtle ——, gent. Bagnall st.
Ward John Wm. solicitor; h. Brampton hill
Ward John, overlkr. Marsh st.
Watson Wm. fruitr. Hassell's st.
Whittaker Mr. Edw. Upr. Green
Whittaker Mr. James, Hick st.
Whittaker Wm. gov. Workhouse
Wright Mrs. Ann, Nelson place
Wright Rev. John, minister of St. George's, King street

ACADEMIES.

Atkinson Samuel, Lower street
British School, King street; Thos. Wm. Ireson & Sar. Palmer
Chew Mary, Goosegate
Grammar School, Brunswick st.; Rev. Fras. Foreman Clark, B.A.
Infant School, Brook street, Sarah Donaldson
Jackson Sampson, Marsh street
Lloyd Elizabeth, George street
Martin Mrs. Harriet, (boarding) Queen street
Mellard Ann, Pool lane
Moreton Martha, Lower street
National School, Bagnall st.; Wm. Bridgeman and Emma Garfitt
Procter Ann, Hick street
Robey Rev. Peter, (boarding) Lower street
Simpson John, Bagnall street
Sollory Simon, Bagnall street

AGENTS.

Lea Thos. (& valuer) High street

Wayte Wm. (for the sale of Roman cement) High street

ATTORNEYS.

Fenton Thomas and Robert, and Robert Fenton, jun. Bridge st.
Harding Thomas, Penkhull st.
Hyatt and Harvey, Bagnall street
Plant Thomas, Iron market
Stanier Francis, Nelson square
Ward Thos. & John Wm. King st.
Wilkinson Fredk. Iron market

AUCTIONEERS & APPRSRS.

Audley Wm. Iron market
Edwards Thomas, Iron market

BAKERS & FLOUR DEALERS.

Banks George, Holburn
Beech Mary, Pepper street
Broster John, Deansgate
Cooper Wm. Iron market
Morgan Wm. Pepper street
Prime Wm. Lower street
Roston James, Deansgate
Taylor Thos. Moss, Upper green
Whitehurst Thos. Market lane
Woolliscroft Thos. Penkhull st.

BANKS.

Kinnersley Thomas and Sons, Penkhull street, (draw on Masterman & Co.)
District Bank, High street, open every Monday, ; John Stupart, Esq. agent.—(See Hanley.)
Savings' Bank, Penkhull street; open second and last Monday in every month, from 10 to 2 o'clock.

BASKET & SIEVE MAKERS.

Lea Richard, Merrill street
Lea Wm. Merrill street

BLACKSMITHS.

Barlow John, Upper green
Booch James, Hassell's street
Brereton Thomas, Lower street
Cliff John, Marsh street
Knight George, Lower street
Peake Mary, Marsh street
Silvester John, Hassell's street

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, AND PRINTERS.

Bayley John, Iron market
Hyde Wm. Hy. (& stamp office,) *High* street
Mort John Drury, (& joint proprietor of the Staffordshire Advertiser, Saturday,) High street
Pye Wm. Iron market
Hulse Sl. (old books) George st.

BOOT & SHOE MAKERS.

Beardmore Thomas, Iron market
Broadhurst, John, Holburn st.
Brough George, Scott street
Cartlitch Joseph, Iron market
Chesterton John, Friar lane
Clarke George Deansgate
Downs Charles, Church street
Findly John, Hassell's street
Fox Thomas, Market lane
Greatbatch Thomas, Stafford st.
Griffith Thomas, George street
Harvey Wm. Friar lane
Heath Joseph, Merrill street
Hill Wm. Shoreditch
Howarth Enoch, George street
Keen John, Stubb's street
Leech John, Penkhull street
Leech Thomas, Stubb's street
Leek Wm. High street
Lovatt John, Friar lane
Lovatt Thomas, Fletcher street
Mellard Samuel, Liverpool road
Mandley Ralph, Windsor street
Peel Wm. Blackfriars road
Rudyard Wm. Lower street
Rutland Wm. Red Lion square
Sellers James, Penkhull street
Stockton Joseph, Stubb's street
Tittensor Joseph, George street
Tittensor Wm. Goose street
Worrall Thomas, Penkhull street
Worrall Wm. Holburn
Wright Wm. Fletcher street

BRAZIERS & TINMEN.

Hatton Ralph, Iron market
Lea Thomas, High street
Mellard Joseph, High street
Peake Richard, Bridge street
Rigby Wm. George street
Wayte James, Iron market

BREWER (ALE.)

Baddeley Rd. Waterloo road

BRICKLAYERS.

Mardon Wm. Goose street
Thursfield John, Deansgate

BUTCHERS.

Allport John, Hassell's street
Banks Hy. (pork,) Lower street
Blakeman Samuel, Fogg's lane
Blakeman Thomas, Iron market
Henshall George, George street
James John, Penkhull street

James Richard, Green
Kinnersley Wm. Deansgate
Lowe Wm. Deansgate
Palmer John, Deansgate
Palmer Thomas, Deansgate
Palmer Wm. Friar lane
Sheppard John, George street
Shubotham Joseph, Iron market
Slater James, Fletcher street
Spilsbury George, Merrill street
Tittensor George, Goose street
Turner James, Penkhull street
Urin John, Deansgate
White Hall, Iron market

CABINET MAKERS.

Audley Wm. Iron market, and Bridge street
Edwards Thomas, Iron market
Goodall James, High street
Hill Thomas, Penkhull street
Hill Josiah Wm. Iron market
Hill Wm. Bridge street
Stanway Henry, Iron market
Stonier Wm. Iron market

CHINA, GLASS & EARTHENWARE DEALERS.

Daniel Hy. and Rd. High st. and mfrs. Stoke
Massey Joseph, Lower street
Nickisson John, (glass,) Penkhull street
Williams John, (glass,) High st.

CLOG & PATTEN MAKERS.

*Marked * are Last and Boot Tree makers also.*

* Baker Wm. Hassell's st. and Friar lane
Downs Thomas, Friar lane
Jones Thomas, Lower street
Rushton John, Bath street
* Wood John, Penkhull street

COACH BUILDERS.

Parr Henry, Brunswick street
Rhodes Robert, Bow street
Startin Charles, King street; h. Hick's street

COAL MERCHANTS.

Heathcote and Kinnersley, Chesterton colliery wharf; John Dain, agent.
Heathcote R. E. Esq., Marsh, and Upper green wharfs; Wm. Turner, agent.

CONFECTIONERS.

*Marked * are British Wine dlrs.*

* Beardmore Samuel, Iron mkt.
* Beech Mary, Red Lion square
Bull Richard, High street
Greatbatch Hugh, Iron market
Rigby Mary, Penkhull street
Venables Thomas, High street
Woolley James, Iron market

COOPERS.

Pass James, Merrill street
Peake Samuel, London road
Venables John, Iron market
Venables Thomas, High street

CORN FACTORS.

*Marked * are Millers.*

* Beech Wm. Lower street
Downs Thomas, Hassell's street
Furnival John, Wharf; h. Acton
* Hill Joseph, London road; h. Church street
* Prime Samuel, Pool lane; h. Lower street

COTTON SPINNERS & MFRS.

Thompson Rd. & Son, Lpool. rd.

CURRIERS, &c.

Brown John, Lower street
Brown Ralph, Lower street
Goodall Jane, Penkhull street
Mayer Samuel, Pepper street
Peake Joseph, Lower street
Scott Charles, Red Lion square

DRUGGISTS.

Ball James, Merrill street
Hughes Thomas, Iron market
Martin John & Geo. Iron mkt.
Turner Thomas, High street

DYERS.

Cooper John, High street
Moulton James, George street
Nuns John, Lower street

FIRE & LIFE OFFICES.

Atlas, Thomas Ward, King street
Birmingham, John D. Mort, High street
Globe, Thomas Lea, High street
Phœnix, John Williams, High st.
Sun, Wm. Hy. Hyde, High st.

GROCERS & TEA DEALERS.

*Marked * are Tallow Chandlers also.*

Adams Thomas, Penkhull street
Booth Charles, High street
Greatbatch Hugh, Iron market
* Hargreaves John, High street
Highfield Thomas, Red Lion sq.
Howson Wm. High street
Martin John & Geo. Iron mkt.
* Phillips John E. & Ts. High st.
Roberts David, High street



GUNSMITHS AND BELL HANGERS.

Barlow Fredk. (& truss maker,) Ironmarket
Conway Wm. Lower street
Smith George, (& truss maker,) Iron market

HAIR DRESSERS.

Brassington Henry, Merrill st.
Bryan Joseph Penkhull street
Dishley Shadrach, Bridge street
Eaton Samuel, Penkhull street
Hawley James, Lower street
Hayes Samuel, Bridge street
Rowley Curtis, Iron market
Steele John, Duke of York yard
Williams John, High street

HAT MANUFACTURERS.

Austin & Craddock, Iron market
Bailey Ann, Fletcher street
Bamford Thomas Bagnall street
Cooper Samuel, Marsh terrace
Eardley John, Penkhull street
Eardley Rd. & Andw. Hick st.
Eardley Thomas, Penkhull street
Eardley Thos. jun. High street
Eardley & Hatfield, London rd.
Edwards Wm. Lower street
Fox Josiah, Bridge street
Fox Samuel, Fletcher street
Griffith Ann, Deansgate
Hall James Astley, Iron market
Hand Ralph, Fletcher street
Harrison Joseph, Green Hill
Thomas, Holburn
Holland Wm. Deansgate
Lowe John, Penkhull street
Mason John & Son, London rd.
Meadowcroft Charles, Fletcher st.
Owen John, (dlr.) Iron market
Shufflebotham Samuel, Holburn
Turner Richard, Deansgate

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Albion, Jas. Turner, Penkhull st.
Barley Mow, John Broster, Lower street
Bird-in-Hand, Samuel Johnson, Hassell's street
Black Horse, John Beech, Iron market
Black's Head, Joseph Colton, Lower street
Black Trumpeter, Thos. Thorneycroft, Merrill street
Blue Ball, Wm. Rhodes, Lower st.
Boat & Horse, (Old,) Chas. Ridgway, Goose street
Brown Jug, Edward Bridge street
Bull's Head, Edw. Coop market
Castle Hotel, (postin Cork, High street
Cheshire Cheese, Math kinson, Bridge street
Coach & Horses, Mary Bridge street
Cock, Wm. Wayte, Hi
Cross Keys, Anthony The Green
Crown Inn, Sarah Proct hull street
Crown, Sar. Rooke, Th
Devonshire Arms, Jos Hill, Iron market
Dolphin Wm. Kettle, H
Duke of York, Joseph I High street
Eagle and Child, Mar Bridge street
Fox & Goose, Thomas Lower street
George and Dragon, Jo botham, Iron market
Globe, Jas. Hulse, Red
Golden Ball, Ann Beech street
Golden Lion, Geo. Title hall street
Grapes, John Leech, Pe
Green Dragon, Joseph Bagnall street
Green Tavern, Joseph Upper green
Hare and Hounds, Joh Penkhull street
Jovial Potters, Ephraim Penkhull street
King's Head Inn, (postn Wood, Penkhull street
Lamb, John Bimor, Hig
Lamb & Flag, Eliz. Hod Pool lane
Leopard, Geo. Rhead, L
Lord Hill, Mathias Bridge street
Lord Nelson, Wm. J Deansgate
New Inn, John Wood, H street
Old King's Head, George Lower street
Phœnix, Mary Holt, Red
Plough, Geo. Hand, Upp

Red Lion, Thos. Eardley, Penkhull street
Rising Sun, John Cooper, Bridge street
Roe Buck Hotel, (posting) John Scott, High street
Royal Express, John Booth, Lower street
Royal Oak, James Brayford, Liverpool road
Shakspeare, Wm. Cooper, Brunswick street
Star, Wm Pye, Iron Market
Sutherland Arms, Wm. Sorton, Blackfriars road
Swan-with-two-Necks, Thomas Wase, Bath street
Talbot Inn, John Boulton, High street
Three Compasses, Thos. Mason, Nelson square
Three Tuns, John Green, Red Lion square
Unicorn, Wm. Beckett, Deansgt.
Vine, Geo. Bebington, Bridge st.
White Horse, William Eardley, Penkhull street
Wine Vaults, James Hinds, Red Lion square
Woolpack, Ann Bristol, High st.

BEER HOUSES.

Allen Joseph, Paradise street
Astbury James, The Green
Bamford Mary Ann, Bagnall st.
Beech John, Marsh street
Broomhall Thomas, Upper Green
Cook Isaac, Fletcher street
Crompton Wm. Pool lane
Drake David, Blackfriars road
Follows John, Upper Green
Goodall James, High street
Greatbatch Thos. Stafford street
Holland Mary, Penkhull street
Horton James, Hassell's street
James John, Penkhull street
James Thomas, Holburn
Lawton Ann, George street
Lovatt John, Friar lane
Lovatt Joseph, Church street
Millington Edward, Goose st.
Nuns John, Queen street
Rubotham Thomas, Deansgate
Rutland Thomas, High street
Sheppard John, George street
Stanway Henry, Iron market
Walker John, Deansgate
Watson Thomas, Lower street
Willshaw John, Bagnall street
Worrall Ann, Penkhull street
Worrall James, Penkhull street
Worrall Thomas, Penkhull st.

IRON MERCHANTS.

Kinnersley Thomas and Sons, Stubb's street
Lea Thomas, High street

IRONMONGERS.

Adams Brittain, High street
Lea Thomas, High street
Steele James, (& nail manufacturer,) Red Lion square

JOINERS AND BUILDERS.

Beech James Pickford, Marsh st.
Bill Thomas, Deansgate
Cliff George, Deansgate
Eccles Joseph, Liverpool road
Edge Ralph, Sutton's lane
Hill Thomas, Penkhull street
Hill Wm. Bridge street
Kettle Wm. High street
Tittensor Benj. Goose street; h. Penkhull street
Tittensor George, Goose street
Watson Thomas, Lower street
Wilton Samuel, Sunday wells
Winstanley Wm. Holburn

LINEN & WLN. DRAPERS.

Brabin James, High street
Campbell Wm. (& clothes dlr.) Iron market
Clegg Ann, Red Lion square
Cliff Joseph, Iron market
Cochrane Hugh, Red Lion sq.
Donegan Francis, (& looking & weather glass dlr.) Iron mkt.
Ryley John, Iron market
Smith & Arnold, High street
Timmis Joseph, Iron market
Wright Thomas, High street

MALTSTERS.

Barker Edward, Bridge street
Bull Robert, Hassell's street
Clews Ralph, King street
Guest, Henry, Bath street
Hallam John, Penkhull street
Leech Thos. & Sons, Penkhull st.
Prime Jesse, Deansgate
Prime Samuel, Lower street
Wylie John, Church street

MILLINERS & DRESS MKRS.

Bayley Ellen, Iron market
Beetenson Mary, Bagnall street
Clegg Mary Ann, Red Lion sq.
Hutchinson Maria, Deansgate
Hutchinson Rebecca, Iron mkt.



Jones Elizabeth, Deansgate
Leigh Jane, Penkhull street
Mason Mrs. Sarah, High street
Peake Mary, Bridge street
Rigby Ellen, Penkhull street
Roberts Jane Maria, Marsh st.
Snape Mary, Iron market
Stalvies Frances, Marsh street
Taylor Mary, Hick street
Whitaker Lydia & Emma, Penkhull street

PAINTERS.

Brown, Morris, & Lowe, Bagnall street
Higginson John, Lower street
Hulse James, Bagnall street
Occleshaw James, Merrill street
Simpson Roger, Bagnall street
Stalvies Francis, Marsh street
Williams John, Lower street

PAPER MANUFACTURER.

Hyde John Brooke, Holburn

PHYSICIANS.

Davidson Thomas, Nelson place
Mackenzie Thomas, Stubb's st.
Northen Fras. Hickin, Nelson sq.

PLASTERER.

Hales Wm. Penkhull street

PLUMBERS & GLAZIERS.

Caddick Wm. Iron market
Hatton Wm. Iron market
Woodward Wm. Iron market

PROFESSORS OF MUSIC.

Mason Thos. (& dlr.) High st.
Wardle John, (& organist) Bagnall street

ROPE & TWINE MFRS.

Abbot Wm. Pool lane
Adams Brittain, High street
Baker Wm. Lower street
Bevan Thomas, Paradise street

SADDLERS.

Bentley Thomas, High street
Broughton Robert, High street
Thursfield Isaac, & Jph. Moody, Red Lion square

SHOPKEEPERS.

Baddeley Ralph, Deansgate
Barnes Enoch, Red Lion square
[illegible]rlet Thomas, Lower street
[illegible]ey Joseph, Bridge street
[illegible]n Ellen, Deansgate
[illegible]ock Wm. Fletcher street
[illegible]ley Sarah, London road
[illegible]n David, Blackfriars road
[illegible]ohn, Goose street
[illegible]wis Mary, Penkhull street
Gribbin Thomas, Penkhull st[illegible]
Griffith Ann, Deansgate
Groom Richard, George street
Hales Wm. Penkhull street
Heath Elizabeth, Merrill street
Hill Hannah, Lower street
Hill Chas. (& tobacco pipe mfr.) Deansgate
Holland Mary, Penkhull street
Humphreys Thomas, Hassell's
Hunt Joseph, Marsh street
Lightfoot Ellen, George street
Lycett Wm. Deansgate
Mc Cardie Samuel, Lowe[illegible]
Mc Kene Bernard, Lowe[illegible]
Massey Joseph, Lower st[illegible]
Mellard Samuel, Liverpool [illegible]
Nind Isaac, Penkhull street
Nuns John, Lower street
Reynolds Lucy, Penkhull street
Rigby Mary, Penkhull street
Sandford Samuel, George street
Scarlett Robt. (& trunk maker) Bridge street
Smith Wm Fletcher street
Walker John, Deansgate

SILK THROWSTERS.

Lester & Son, Blackfriars road
Henshall Samuel & Son, Mars[illegible] parade

SILVERSMITHS.

Corker John, High street
Nickisson John, Penkhull street

SMALLWARE, WORSTED, &c., DEALERS.

Baddeley Wm. Iron market
Beardmore Joseph, (& hardware Red Lion square
Cooper James, (& pin manufr. Red Lion square

STAY MAKERS.

Henshall Ann, George street
Hodson Thomas, Hassell's street

STONE & MARBLE MASONS

Allen Joseph, Castle cottage
Pope Wm. Liverpool road; & Deansgate

STRAW HAT MAKERS.

Barlow Ellen, Iron market
Davies Ellen, Fogg's lane
Illidge Ann Bailey, Iron mkt.
Leigh Jane, Penkhull street
Lodge Mary, Iron market
Mason Sarah, High street
Pass Sarah, Iron market

SURGEONS.

Astel Ambrose, Iron market

Crombe Thos. Gorton, High st.
Crewe Henry, High street
Crewe Wm. Poole, Red Lion sq.
Dudley Richd. L. Red Lion sq.
Spark James, Iron market
Warham Wm. Iron market
White Matthew, Iron market
Wood George, Penkhull street

TAILORS.

*Marked * are Drapers also.*

Ashley John, London road
* Broomhall John, High street
Hackney Daniel, Deansgate
Harrison John, Upper green
* Hill Edwin, Iron market
Illidge Wm. Marsh street
Jackson John, George street
Maddison Wm. Holburn street
Skerratt John, High street
Smith John, Lower street
Smith Thomas, Penkhull street
Smith Thomas, Pepper street
Stonier Thomas, George street
Timmis Joseph, Iron market
Wall John, Hassell's street
Watkin Thomas, Marsh street
Willshaw John, Fletcher street
Willshaw Lewis, Lower street
Worrall George, Merrill street
Worrall John, Penkhull street
Worrall Thomas, Hassell's street

TANNERS.

Leech Thos. & Sons, Lower st.

TEA DEALERS.

*Marked * are travelling Tea Dealers and Drapers.*

* Bishop James, Penkhull st.
* Gordon James, Bagnall street
Peake Joseph, Marsh parade
Phillpot & Co. (*county warehouse*) High street
Robey Josiah, & Co. (*golden canister warehouse*) High street
* Rome James, Bagnall street
* Rule Jas. & Thos. Bagnall st.
Turner Thomas, High street
* Woodley George, Bagnall st.
* Wright James, Bagnall street

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

Hall Henry, Bagnall street; h. Nelson place

TOY DEALERS.

Illidge Mary, Iron market
Williams John, (& jeweller, & fancy warehouse) High street

TURNERS.

Bladon John, *Shore ditch*
Hand Uriel, (& chair maker) Iron market

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS.

*Marked * are wholesale mfrs. of Clocks, and † are Jewellers.*

* Bayley Joseph, Bridge street
Beeland John, Deansgate
Bloor John, High street
Brindley James, Lower street
† Corker John, High street
Dicken Wm. Deansgate
* Follows Thomas Penkhull st.
* Lovatt Joseph, Church street
*† Nickisson John, Penkhull st.
* Tomlinson Edward, Goose st.

WHEELWRIGHTS.

Bloor John, Bk. Penkhull st.
Bloor Richard, Liverpool road; h. Deansgate
Bratt Thos. Lower st; h. Hick st.
Horton Wm. (pump mkr.) Bath street
Lightwood Edward, Hassell's st.

WHITESMITHS.

See also Ironmongers.

Edwards Edward, Lower street; h. Pepper street
Wakefield John, Dolphin yard

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHTS.

Bull Robert, Hassell's street
Hallam John, Penkhull street
Hulse James, Red Lion square
Prime Jesse, Deansgate
Prime Samuel, Lower street
Wayte Wm. High street
Wilson John, Red Lion square
Wylie John, Church street

COACHES.

From the Roe Buck Hotel.

Mails to London, at ¼ past 4 mng.; Liverpool ¼ past 11 mng.; Birmingham ¼ before 2 aftern.; Manchester ¼ before 10 mng.

Umpire, to London, ¼ before 6 evg., and to Liverpool 10 mng.

Erin go Bragh, to Birmingham 12 night, & to Liverpool 1 after.

Eclipse, to Birmingham 11 mng., and to Manchester ¼ past 12 noon.

Paul Pry, from Shrewsbury at ¼ past 12 noon; returns 2 aftern. (daily, except Sundays.)

From the Globe Inn.

Railway, to Manchester, at 2 mng., and to Birmingham 5 aft.;

goes alternately to the Talbot.

From the Castle Hotel.

Arrow, to Birmingham 11 night. and to Liverpool, 1 past 12 noon.

Traveller, to Birmingham, 12 noon, and to Manchester 3 aftn.

From the King's Head.

Hero, to Derby, Tues. Thurs. & Satur. 12 mng.; returns Mon. Wed. and Fri. 5 aftn.

From the Talbot Inn.

Mail, to Liverpool, and to Birmingham, 1 mng.

Bang up, to Liverpool, at 2 aft., Birmingham at 12 noon, alternately to the Three Tuns.

Rocket & Magnet, to Liverpool 4 mng., and to Birmingham 2 aft.

From the Three Tuns.

Red Rover, to London, at 12 noon, and to Manchester 12 night.

CARRIERS BY CANAL.

John Furnival, to Manchester and Liverpool, twice or thrice a week; Sherratt, Swift & Shelmerdine, to Manchester, Liverpool, Runcorn, Preston, Lancaster, Glasgow, Carlisle, &c. Thurs.

CARRIERS BY LAND.

To Birmingham, Stone, Stafford, London, &c., Shackles' & Johnson's waggons, from the King's Head, Mon. and Fri. 8 mng.; and to Manchester, &c., Sat. & Thurs. 10 night.—John Wood, *agent*.

Burslem, (King's Head,) Geo. Williams, Mon. Wed. and Fri. 11 morning.

To Cheadle and Derby, Joseph Salt, Bagnall street, Fri. 7 mng.

To Derby, Chas. Boyatt, Tues. from the Crown Inn.

To Hanley, Cheadle, & Leek, Hy. Brierton, & Abm. Forrister, Mon. 4 aft., from the Red Lion.

To Lane-End, Jph. Salt, Bagnall street, Sat. 11 mng.; to *Leek* Wed. 5 mng.; & to *Stone*, Tues. 7 morning.

To the Potteries, Sarah Beardmore, Penkhull street, Saturday, and to Shrewsbury Mon. 8 mng.

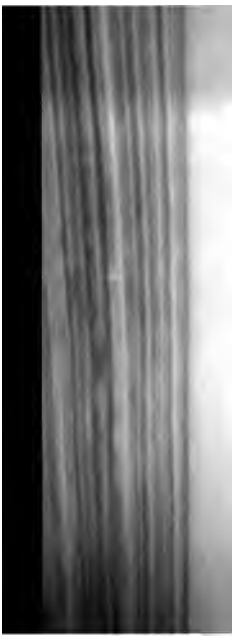
To Stone, John Turner, from the Red Lion, Mon. 2 aft. See also Burslem and Lane End.

ABBOT'S BROMLEY, so called to distinguish it from Bromley Regis, and from its having anciently belonged to the neighbouring abbey or priory of Blithbury, is a decayed market town, consisting of one long street of irregularly built houses, at the east end of the Pirehill Hundred, 6 miles N.N.E. of Rugeley, and 12 miles E. of Stafford. Its *parish* is watered by the Blithe and several smaller streams, and contains 9,400 acres of land, divided into the three constablewicks of *Abbot's Bromley*, *Bagot's Bromley*, and *Bromley Hurst*, which have increased their population, since the year 1801, from 898 to 1621 souls. The *market*, held on Tuesday, has long been obsolete; but here are still three annual FAIRS, for cattle, &c., held on March 12th, May 22nd, and Sept. 4th,; and a *wake*, on the first Sunday after the last fair. Lord Bagot is impropriator of the tithes, principal owner of the soil, and lord of the manors of Bagot's Bromley and Bromley Hurst; but the Marquis of Anglesey has the advowson of the vicarage, and is lord of the manor of Abbot's Bromley, which in some old writings is called Paget's Bromley, from its having belonged to the Paget family since the dissolution of the monasteries. The *vicarage* is valued in the King's books at £5. 1s. 8d, and is now enjoyed by the Rev. Francis Cary. The *Church* is a large handsome Gothic fabric, nearly in the centre of the town, and is

dedicated to St. Nicholas. The benefice is endowed with 39A. 2R. 39P. of land, at Tappenhurst, bequeathed in 1639, by Richard Crosse, and let, in 1827, for £65 per annum. Here is also a neat *Independent Chapel*, built in 1824, and now under the ministry of the Rev. John Jones. A remarkable custom, called the HOBBYHORSE DANCE, was practised here till about the close of the 17th century. It was a sort of amusement which the inhabitants celebrated at Christmas, on New year's Day, and Twelfth day. On these occasions, a person danced through the principal street, carrying between his legs the figure of a horse composed of thin boards. In his hands he bore a bow and arrow, which last entered a hole in the bow, and, stopping on a shoulder in it, made a sort of snapping noise as he drew it to and fro, keeping time with the music. Five or six other individuals danced along with this person, each carrying on his shoulder six rein deer heads, three of them painted white, and three red; with the arms of the chief families, who had at different times been proprietors of the manor, painted on the palms of them. "To this hobbyhorse dance, there also belonged a pot, which was kept by turns by four or five of the chief of the town, who provided cakes and ale to put into it. All the people who had any kindness for the good interest of the institution of the sport, gave pence a-piece for themselves and families, as also did foreigners who came to see it; with which money, the charge of the cakes and ale being defrayed, they not only repaired their church, but kept their poor too; which charges are not now perhaps so cheerfully borne."—*(Plott, 1686.)* This custom seems to have existed at several other places, for we find "hobbyhorse money" frequently mentioned in the old parish books of Stafford and Seighford.

BAGOT'S BROMLEY, one mile N. W. of Abbot's Bromley, adjoins Blithfield Park, the seat of Lord Bagot, and had formerly a hamlet of eleven houses, which were pulled down, about 25 years ago, by Lord Bagot, whose ancestors had anciently a moated mansion here. About a mile to the N. E., is *Bagot's Park*, which contains many oaks of ancient growth, and numerous herds of deer, and belongs also to Lord Bagot; but *Bromley Park*, which lies a little to the south, is now enclosed, and contains about 1000 acres, all belonging to the Earl of Dartmouth. At the north end of the parish, are two districts of scattered farms, called DUNSTALL and HEATLEY; and at the south end is BROMLEY HURST, a large manor, including *Bentilee*, an ancient mansion, belonging to the Marquis of Anglesey. The parish enjoys the benefit of an endowed hospital and free school, with a number of benefactions for the relief of the poor.

HOSPITAL.—In 1702, *Lambert Bagot* bequeathed "to the erecting of an alms-house, at Abbot's Bromley, the sum of £800; £200 thereof for building the said alms-house, for six



...n the purchase of land at Yoxall, which he
houses, together with a legacy of £300, as
dated 1732. The hospital consists of seve
which are inhabited by six old men, wido
appointed by Lord Bagot, on the recomme
of the parishes and townships mentioned ab
dwelling is occupied by the matron, whose
for the men, make their beds, and attend
The land at Yoxall, consists of 29A. 2R.
annum, besides which, there is belonging
21P. of land, at Bromley Wood, allotted
respect of the alm-houses and garden. In
mentary Commissioners found that there
favour of the charity, of £1079. 2s. 9½
Bagot, which sum his Lordship promised
other security, for the benefit of the chari
point a new set of trustees. This large ba
pally from his lordship and his predecesso
means, *forgot* to pay the interest of the £3
Bagot, from 1764 till 1819, a period of 5
yearly income of the charity may now be
£120, which will allow a pension of about
each of the seven alms-people, besides su
clothing once in two years, and paying t
rents, &c.

The FREE SCHOOL was founded by Richa
1606, endowed it with £300, which was laid
the yearly value of £20, at which rent it wa
on a lease of 1000 years, though it is now wor

ley Inclosure Act, is now let for £15 a-year; but the whole is held under a lease of 99 years, (dated 1737) by William Sammons, at the small rent of £6 per annum, so that the charity will not enjoy the full value of the land till 1836. In 1764, the sum of £63, arising from several benefactions, was expended in the erection of the *Workhouse*, for which 63s. is paid yearly out of the poor rates, and is distributed with the rent of the Worrall land, on Good Friday and St. Thomas' Day. The other charities to the poor produce the following yearly sums, viz., 10s. (and 20s. to the vicar,) out of Cresswell lands, near Stafford, left by *Mr. Lovatt;* 10s. out of Wilversall-field, left by *Thomas Wilkes*, in 1686; £9 from Kempe's land, 4A. 2R. 10P., purchased with £100 left by *Ann Seymour*, in 1702; £5, as part of the interest of £300, left in 1702, by *Sir Walter Bagot*, for the poor of Bromley, Blithfield, and Leigh, and now charged on Lord Bagot's estate; together with two annuities of £5. 4s. for weekly distributions of bread, pursuant to the bequests of *Robert Clark* and *Walter Agard;* 42s. from Ashbrook meadow, left in 1666, by *Thomas Harvey*, to purchase coats for three poor men; 20s. out of Seed crofts, left by *John* and *Robert Pye*, to buy shoes; and £5 out of a farm at Bromley Hurst, left in 1716 by *Edward Cross*, to apprentice poor children.

The POST-OFFICE is at Miss Eliz. Till's. The Mail Cart from Rugeley to Uttoxeter leaves letters at half-past 1 noon, and returns to Rugeley at 8 in the morning.

In the following DIRECTORY, those marked 1 reside at *Ashbrook Lane*, 2 *Bagot's Bromley*, 3 *Bromley Hurst*, 4 *Bromley Marsh*, 5 *Bromley Park*, 6 *Bromley Wood*, 7 *Broomfield*, 8 *Dunstall*, 9 *Forge Farm*, 10 *Heatley*, 11 *High Elms*, 12 *High Trees*, 13, *Marlpit House*, 14 *Yatesall*, 15 *Bagot's Park*, 16 *Bentilee*, 17 *Parkgate*, 18 *Yenbrook*, *and the rest at Abbot's Bromley.*

Adderley Mrs. Dor.
Broff Mr. George
Chawner Mrs. Judith
Cope Mrs. Elizabeth
Cope Fras. spir. mert.
Cope Richard, rope and bag maker
Eason Mrs. Sarah
Freeman Wm. gov of Workhouse
Glover Mr. Charles
Godwin Mr. Wm.
Hassell Samuel, brick maker
Hill James, chair maker and turner
Hill Mrs. Mary
Jones Rev. John, (Independ. Min.)
Knight Mrs. Mary
Marshall Jas. gent.
Neale Rev. John, curate
Parker Mrs. Mary
Prosser Mrs. Eliz.
Spooner Edwin, clerk
Thompson Mr. Wm.
Townsend Mrs. Dor.
Turner Hy. gamekpr.
15 Turner Michael, park keeper
Turner Michael, jun. land agent to Lord Bagot
15 Turner Thomas, land valuer
1 Waltham John, tinner & brazier
Ward James, cooper
Ward Mr. Thomas
Whitfield Miss Ellen
Williams John, cattle dealer
Wolverston Matthew, hair dresser
Wroe Thos. exc. offr.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Bagot's Arms, Rd. Tomlinson
Black's Head, Eliz. Walker
Coach and Horses, John Bamford
Cock, Wm. Eason
Crown, (& ex. office,) Samuel Walker
Dolphin, Charles Tomson
Goat's Head, Thomas Brown

Academies.
Shaw John
Sutton Mary Till Maria
Willetts James White, (free & boarding)
Bakers, &c.
ChestertonEdw
Cotton Edward
Hudson Wm. (& miller)
Shirley Charles
Blacksmiths.
AllsopJoseph
Cook Wm.
6 Hall Thomas
Walker Edward
Shoemakers.
Baxter George
Brandrick Jno. sen. and jun.
3 Cartwright Sl.
Dutton James
Eason Wm.
Hall Samuel
Saville Edward
Sherratt Edw.
Ward Thomas
Bricklayers.
Birch Thomas
Brown Samuel
Collyer James
Cope Thomas
Butchers.
Brandrick Wm. (& beer hs.)
Brown Thomas
Shirley Charles
Wilson John

Druggists.
Dawson Chas.
Tunstall Hanh.
Farmers.
3 Ball Samuel
6 Batkin John
10 Bland John
8 Blurton Thos.
10 Brandrick Wm.
3 Brewer Mrs.
1 Brown Chas.
3 Brown Thos.
10BrownWaltr.
18ChapmanMrs
17 Charles Isc.
6 Charles Isaac
6 Charles John
6 Charles Jph.
6 Charles Wm.
3 Charlesworth Thomas
3 ChawnerWm.
10 Collier Geo.
3 Cope John
13 Cope Richd.
6 Couser Thos.
3 Deakin Wm.
15 GadsbyMary
7 Green Thos.
4 Harvey Sush.
13 Hasketh Jno.
12HasketbWm.
2 Hide Thomas
3 Hill James
Kent Joseph
3 Law Wm.
8 Lees Ralph
16 Mills John
3 Oldfield Thos.
3 Parton Richd.
3 Pott Wm.
3 Procter John
3 Rawlin Danl.
10 Sanders Jph.
1 Sanders Wm.
6 Saville John, (& brickmkr.)
3 Souter Saml.
9 Thompson Wm.
3 Walkden Sampson
3 Ward Hanh.
14 Wood Wm.
17WoodingsIsc.
5Woodroffe Ed.
11 Woodroffe John
Gardeners.
Bamford Wm.
Nixon George
Grocers, &c.
Baker Thomas
Burgess Ann
Dutton James
Hudson Wm.
Knight Nathl.
Mackrory Mary
Wood Robert
Joiners and Cabinet makers.
Brown John
Brown Robert
Pyatt Edward
Ward Wm.
Drapers.
Baker Thomas
Knight Nathl.
Wood Robert
Maltsters.
Bamford John
Brown George
Hill James
Salt John
Stockley Thos.
Tomlinson M.
Plumbrs. Glrs. and Painters.
Harvey Peter
Tomson Chas.
Saddlers.
1 Brown Edw.
Salt John, jun.
Surgeons.
Higgins Chas. Cheselden
Slater John
Sutton Wm. Lattufere
Tailors.
Marsh Ralph
Tunstall Josep
Tunstall Joseph jun.
Willetts John
Wheelwrights.
Robinson Saml.
Tunnicliff Frs.

COACH from the Bagot's Arms, to Manchester, at ¼ past 12 aft. and to Birmingham at ½ p. 4 aft.

ADBASTON parish, on the western verge of Staffordshire, adjacent to Shropshire, and 4 miles W. of Eccleshall, comprises the four townships of *Adbaston-cum-Knighton*, *Bishop's Offley*, *Flashbrook*, and *Tunstall*, which support their poor conjointly, and contain about 4100 acres of land, though they have only 601 inhabitants. The soil belongs to a number of proprietors, several of whom reside here on their own estates; but the Dean of Lichfield is impropriator of the tithes, and patron of the church; and the Bishop is lord of the *manor*, the tenants of which owe suit at his lordship's court of Eccleshall, each paying 1d. or if amerced for non-attendance, 4d. In Adbaston, there are only a few scattered houses. The *Church* stands near the hall and the parsonage, and is an ancient Gothic structure, dedi-

cated to St. Michael. The benefice is a curacy, in the incumbency of the Rev. Charles Thomas Dawes, B. A. The tithes are now held on lease, by Valentine Vickers, Esq. The poor have a few small yearly payments, arising from *charitable bequests*. By a memorandum, dated 1786, it appears that land, purchased with £90, poor's money, was then let for £4. 12s. per annum. This land was in several small parcels, which, under the management of a Mr. Jackson, (who for a long succession of years, held the office of churchwarden) were so mixed up with *his* fields, that there is now no means of distinguishing them, and no rent is paid for them, except 20s. for half an acre, called Gospel croft. Mr. Jackson also *lost* the parish books for the years in which he was in office. In 1724, *John Wright* bequeathed to the township of *Bishop's Offley*, two rent charges, viz. 50s. to be distributed in bread, and £4 for *teaching poor children*. The former is charged on land, at Eaton-upon-Tern, and the latter on a farm, called Howell Pool. He also left 20s. per annum, out of the first-named land, to his poor relations, in Bishop's Offley, but it has not been paid for many years. *Adbaston school* now receives an annuity of £18. 16s. 1d. from the *County Rates*. On what account this payment is made we could not discover; perhaps it is for the use of some of the land above named, and now occupied as the road to some county bridge.

Bishop's Offley township has a small village 1¼ mile N. of the parish Church, and includes the hamlet of *Outwoods*, or *Outlands*, where William Wakeley died in 1714, aged 125 years!

Flashbrook township forms the south division of the parish, being about 2 miles S. by W. of the Church. It includes a few scattered farm houses and cottages, and also the ancient seat of Batchacre, which is now occupied by a farmer, but formerly had a spacious park, and was considered *extra parochial*, until 1816, when, after an expensive law suit, it was declared rateable to the poor of Adbaston.

Knighton, a small ancient village, upon an abrupt declivity, forms a joint township with Adbaston, from which it is distant 2 miles S. W., being on the borders of Shropshire, within 6 miles north of Newport, in which town, a richly endowed free school possesses here an estate of 1000 acres, bequeathed to it by the founder, a Mr. Adams, who amassed a large fortune as an haberdasher, in London. This school estate is *extra parochial*, and consequently pays nothing either to the poor or the church.

Tunstall township has a few scattered farm houses, half a mile E. of Adbaston, and is mostly high land, with a fine prospect to the south.

In the following Directory, *those marked* 1 *reside at Adbaston*, 2 *Batchacre Hall*, 3 *Bishop's Offley*, 4 *Camp*, 5 *Dowley*, 6 *Flashbrook*, 7 *Gilbert's Lea*, 8 *Knighton*, 9 *Outwood, and* 10 *at Tunstall.*

10 Chapman John, gent. New Farm
3 Craddock George, irrigator
9 Dawes Rev. Chas. Thos. B.A.

1 Deakin Thos. gent. New house
1 Dodd Thomas, wheelwright
3 Furbur John, tailor
4 Goodwin Joseph, victualler, Wheat Sheaf
8 Hayward John, wheelwright
8 Hayward Joseph, blacksmith, parish clk. overseer, & beer hs.
3 Matthews Mary, shopkeeper
3 Rea John, mole catcher
3 Shaw Wm. joiner
Smith John, gent. Abdaston hall
3 Stacey James, wheelwright
8 + Swinnerton Jas. blacksmith
3 Webb Robert, butcher & maltr.

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yeomen, and + farm the Newport School Property.*

8 + Arkinstall John
8 + Benion Pet.
1 Blakeman Jno.
8 Booth Wm.
10 Bradbury Jn.
3 * Broadbent John
10 Burnett John
2 Butterton Jno.
9 Fox John (beer house)
10 Furbur Thos.
3 * Jackson Jph.
3 * Jackson Ts.
3 * Jackson Thomas (victualler and maltster)
3 Jackson Wm.
5 Lea Francis
5 Lea Wm.
8 + Meredith Thomas
6 Morris John
6 Paddock Jas.
3 Paddock Richard (& maltr.
4 Reeves Saml.
10 Silvester Abm
3 Spander James
3 * Taylor Edw.
8 + Thursfield Richard
8 + Watkin John
7 Wright James

ASHLEY is a small village, on a declivity, 7 miles N. W. of Eccleshall, and 9 miles S.W. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, comprising within its parish several hamlets, 825 inhabitants, and about 2500 acres of land, mostly belonging to Thomas Kinnersley and Hugo Charles Meynell, Esqrs., who are joint lords of the manor, and patrons of the rectory, the former having two turns and the latter one. The *rectory* has 36 acres of glebe, and is valued in the King's books at £10. 2s. 8d., and is now enjoyed by the Rev. James Troughton, for whom the Rev. Wm. Thickins officiates. The *Church*, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, is an ancient fabric, on the south side of which is a chapel, containing monuments and effigies of the six *Lords Gerard, of Bromley*, the last of whom died in 1707. These barons and their wives are some of them represented in a kneeling, and others in a recumbent posture. In 1830, T. Kinnersley, Esq. obtained a faculty to erect a cemetery for his family, on the south side of the chancel. The *Catholic Chapel*, near the south end of the village, was rebuilt in 1828, of brick, cemented and highly ornamented, in imitation of stone. Its windows are decorated with stained glass, representing the Apostles, and a variety of other figures and devices. The Rev. P. M. Holland is the priest.

Benefactions.—In 1708, and 1723, £200 bequeathed to the poor of Ashley parish, by *Stephen Denston* and others, was laid out in the purchase of land, called Wild Pickin's Meadow, and Pinshutt's Closes, containing 10A. 3R. 27P., to which, an allotment of 2A. 2R. 21P. was made at the enclosure, in 1820, when the original *poor's land* was exchanged for the same quantity, lying nearer the village, with the addition of a small house and barn. The whole is let for £22 a-year, of which, 2s. is given monthly, in bread, and the rest in money, at Christmas.

ASHLEY HEATH gives name to a small village, about 1 mile S. W. of Ashley, and was enclosed under an act passed in 1812. The Independents have a small chapel here.

WILLOWBRIDGE WELLS are on the west side of the parish, nearly 2 miles N. W. of Ashley, and in the neighbourhood of the extensive *woods* belonging to the Bishop of Lichfield, and H. C. Meynell, Esq. These woods supply immense quantities of *crate-wood* for the Potteries, and timber for the manufacture of oak baskets. The wells in the now enclosed park of Willow bridge, were formerly in great celebrity for their medicinal virtues. Plott says, the water carries with it the most rectified sulphur of any in England, not being as usual of a yellow colour, but clear as crystal, and so abundant, that he computed not less than sixty copious springs of it rising within the space of ten yards square. These springs now supply a pond occupying about the eighth part of an acre, and having in it "gold and silver fish." Baroness Gerard, who had a stately seat at Bromley, first discovered the restorative properties of this water, about the year 1650, and at her own expense constructed several baths, and erected "divers apartments for lodging the poorer sort of diseased, impotent people." The old well-house still remains, but the water appears to have lost its reputation many years ago.

DIRECTORY:—*Those marked* 2 *reside at Ashley-heath*, 3 *Birch-house*, 4 *Hungershutt*, 5 *Park cottage*, 6 *Willings*, 7 *Willowbridge Wells*, 8 *Field-farm, and the rest in Ashley.*

2 Banks John, basket maker
Barrett James, saddler
Butler Mrs. Elizabeth
2 Child Joseph, blacksmith
2 Child Peter, beer house
Cooper James, shopkeeper
Dain Ann, shopkr. and beer hs.
2 Dain Major, crate wood dealer
2 Fox Joseph, victualler, Loggerheads' Inn
Fox Martha & John, blacksmiths
Frith Mrs.
Garner Charles, shoemaker
2 Gaters Job, basket maker
7 Harding Samuel, land agent, surveyor and valuer
7 Harding Thos. gamekpr. Park
Hassell Thomas, victualler, Meynell's Arms
Holland Rev. Pet. Michl. (Cath.)
Hopwood Abraham, grocer, draper, and tailor
Howard Emanuel, gent.
2 Hulme Thomas, shopkeeper, and beer house
Lightfoot John, vict. and parish clerk
Machin Charles, shopkeeper
Moreton John, gamekeeper
2 Parton John, basket maker
2 Parton Wm. joiner
2 Parton Wm. basket maker
Peat Mr. Thomas
Pickstock Wm. butcher
Saxton Wm. surgeon
2 Sutton Thomas, beer house
Thickins Rev. Wm. curate
2 Wade Francis, joiner
Whittingham Wm. wheelwright
Williams John, shoemaker
Withinshaw Mrs. Esther
Wright John, butcher

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*

Astin Thomas, (& maltster)
2 * Avill John
Baddeley John
Benbow John
2 Blagg Thomas
2 * Caulkin Jno.
2 * Cooper Jas.
3 Dicken John
* Fox George
Garner Wm.

Hopwood Geo. (and beer hs.)	4 Key Thomas	Parr
2 Johnson Danl.	Lawton Richard	Pick
5 Joule Francis	Machin John	6 Sil
	Machin John, jun.	

AUDLEY is an irregularly buil
manding eminence, 5 miles N. W. c
comprising within its parish 3617 inh
acres of land, divided into *seven town*
poor conjointly, and of which the fo
with the *population* of each in 1831
End, 432; *Eardley-End*, 165; *Halm*
282; *Park-End*, 94; and *Talk-o'th'*
are several extensive *coal mines*, which
number of the inhabitants. For the
Nigel Gresley's canal was cut in 177
dale to Newcastle, and has since been
Sir Thomas F. F. Boughey, of Aq
manor and owner of a great part o
Audley, or *Aldithley*, anciently belong
one of whom (Henry) assumed the
reign of Henry III., and became the
title, after ten descents, passed, for
Touchets, and is now enjoyed by
Touchet, of Sandridge Park, Wiltshi
turies since his family ceased to pos
where they had a castellated mansion
occupied by an orchard enclosed with
also possessed *Heeley* or *Heyley Cas*
are situated on a lofty rock, about a
this noble family were several distin
of whom was James Lord Audley, w
of Bloreheath, in 1459, (vide page 32,)
Abbey, in Derbyshire; but to his me
in Audley church, curiously inlaid w
is an ancient Gothic structure, dedic
repewed with oak in 1793. Georg
Hall, is impropriator of the great tithe
age, which is valued in the King's b
is now enjoyed by the Rev. Thom
assistance of his parishioners, rebu
1833. Near the village is a Methodi
The parish *wake* is on the first S
parishioners enjoy the benefit of two
benefactions for the poor.

The FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL, at
the *Rev. Edward Vernon*, and endo

and by *William Johnson*, with £100. In 1611, these sums were laid out in the purchase of 37A. 9P. of land, at Upper and Lower Tean, which, in 1825, was exchanged for a compact farm of 36 acres, with a good house, lying close to Audley, and worth about £70 a-year. The school has also 15A. 1R. 39P. of land, at Knutton, let for £40 a-year, and purchased in 1671, with £160 left by John Stonier, Thomas Lovatt, and John Middleton; and a meadow in Ravenshall, 1A. 2R. 1P. let for £4. 4s., purchased in 1744, with £45 left by Dorothy Smith and others. The master receives also the following yearly payments, viz., £5. 10s. from land at Eardley-End, and £4 as the interest of £100, left by Lady Bellot in 1754, making his yearly income upwards of £120, for which he is required to teach all the children of the parish, reading, writing, and arithmetic. He has also the free use of the school-house, which was built by subscription.

BENEFACTIONS.—The *Parish Land at Eardley-End*, consists of 23 acres, purchased in 1723, with £385, of which £181 had been bequeathed in aid of the free school, and the remainder for the poor. The house which stood upon it, has been enlarged and converted into the parish *Workhouse*. The master has the use of the land and house, in consideration of his maintaining ten paupers, but for all above that number he receives 2s. 2d. a-head per week. For this land the overseers only pay out of the poor rates, £14. 10s. per annum, viz., £5. 4s. to the free school; £2 to the parish clerk, for teaching poor boys to write; and £7 in bread, &c. to the poor. In 1641, *John Unwin*, left £80 to be lent, free of interest, in sums of £10 each, to eight poor but industrious young tradesmen, of Audley parish. Promissory notes, signed by the borrower, and two sureties, are given for these loans, which, according to the donor's will, are to change hands every three years. The poor parishioners have the following yearly doles, viz. 16s. left by *Wm. Abnet*, in 1628, out of a field called Upper Smith Hill; 20s. by *Mary Dicken*, out of Hollinwood; 6s. out of Ravenshall meadow, left by John Viggars and Thomas Twiss; and £25 out of an estate belonging to Sir Thomas F. F. Boughey, as bequeathed by *George Boughey, Esq.*, in 1788.

BIGNALL-END township has a number of scattered houses and cottages, one mile E. of Audley, and several *collieries*, worked by Sir T. F. F. Boughey, and J. F. Wedgwood, Esq.

EARDLEY-END township commences 1 mile N. of Audley, and extends to the borders of Cheshire.

HALMER-END township, or liberty, comprises a number of scattered houses, and the village of ALSAGER'S BANK, consisting chiefly of cottages, and distant 2 miles S. by E. of Audley. In this district are two *chapels*, belonging to theMethodists and Independents; and APEDALE HALL, one of the seats of

Richard Edensor Heathcote, Esq., who owns a large portion of the soil.

KNOWL-END township, 1 mile S. W. of Audley, has a number of straggling houses, and the hamlet of *Shaley-brook*.

PARK-END is a small township, ¼ a mile W. of Audley.

TALK-ON-THE-HILL, or, as it is vulgularly called, *Talk-o'th'-Hill*, is a large village, 5 miles N. by W. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, standing upon a lofty eminence, which commands an extensive view of the surrounding country as far as the Welch mountains. It is the head of a township and chapelry, in which are a number of scattered houses in *Butt lane, Harding's-Wood, Hollins, New road*, and *Red street*; and two gentlemen's seats, viz. *Clough Hall*, Thomas Kinnersley, Esq., and *Lindley-Wood*, James Caldwell, Esq. These gentlemen, and R. E. Heathcote, Esq., own most of the land. The village of Talk has several inns, and had formerly a weekly *market*, which has long been obsolete, though the stone *cross* still remains. The great northern turnpike road formerly passed through it; but about seven years ago a new road was made, half a mile further to the east, for the purpose of avoiding the hill. The *Church* is a chapel of ease to Audley, and is a neat brick edifice, which was rebuilt in 1794, and enlarged in 1832, when the tower was again rebuilt. The vicar of Audley is the patron and incumbent. The Wesleyans have a chapel in Red-street, built in 1833. In the summer of 1781, a barrel of *gunpowder* exploded here in a carrier's waggon, whilst proceeding down the hill, on the north side of the village; and such were the dreadful effects of the explosion, that the driver and horses were killed, and two houses reduced to a heap of ruins. The unfortunate man, (Joseph Fallows) was a stage coachman, who had offered his services to drive the waggon down the hill while the carrier was taking some refreshment at the Queen's Head. About a mile south of Talk, is a sulphurous spring, of a dirty, bluish colour, said to be very beneficial in cutaneous disorders.

The *Free School at Talk-on-the-Hill*, was built by subscription in 1760; and in 1761, it was endowed with seven acres of land, purchased with £100 given by John Bourn, and Richard Edensor. This land is let for £15 a-year, for which, and the use of the school-house, the mistress teaches 14 free scholars. The *chapel land*, purchased in 1752, with £200 from Queen Anne's bounty, is subject to a yearly rent charge of £3. 18s., to be distributed in bread amongst the poor of Talk-on-the-Hill, in consideration of £90 poor's money, used in the purchase of the said land.

AUDLEY.

Post-Office at Mr. John Dean's, King's Head. Letters from Newcastle at 3, and desp. at 5. aft.

Drake Rev. John, curate
Garratt Rev. Thos. vicar, Vicarage
Hayes, James, tailor and clothier
Procter George, engraver
Raw Joseph, excise officer
Rigby Robert, colliery agent

Riley Thomas, beadle
Tilsley George Harris, acting overseer
Warham Jph. par. clk. organist, painter, plumber, &c.
White Saml. beer hs. Raven's ln.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Boughey's Arms, John Harding, (and maltster)
Bull's Head, George Procter, (and blacksmith)
Butchers' Arms, Samuel Hilditch (and cooper)
King's Head, John Dean
Red Lion, John Lawton

Academies.
Forshaw Thurstan, (Free)
Harrison Ann
Warham Mary

Shoemakers.
Darlington Abel
Hilditch Thos.
Procter Charles

Farmers.
Barker Charles, Heeley castle
Beech Thomas
Booth Daniel
Booth John
Burgess Samuel
Burgess Thos.
Eardley Daniel
Johnson Saml.
Leighton Benj.
RichardsonSml.
Rubotham Wm.

Grocers and Drapers.
Dean John, (& miller)
Lindop James

Joiners.
Procter John, (& wheelwrt.)
Ravenscroft Ts.

Shopkeepers.
Hilditch John, (& butcher)
Procter Chas.
Ravenscroft Ts.

BIGNALL END.

*Marked * are at Bound hill, and † Bagnall hill.*

Boughey Sir T. F. F. Bart. coal master
Emberton John, shoemaker
† Hares Thomas, engineer
Procter Ralph, whitesmith
Wedgwood John, Esq. coal mstr.
Wilson Thos. wheelwgt. Mile's gn.

Farmers.
Boulton Richd.
Cooper Thomas Diglake
Shufflebotham John, Wood hs.
† Walker Geo.
Walker John

Nail Makers.
* Brindley Sml.
* Riley Daniel
* Steele Wm.

Shopkeepers, &c.
Dean John
Madew James

Tailors.
Hulse Daniel
* Hulse Wm.

EARDLEY END.

*Marked * are at Fosley.*

Darlington John, master of Workhouse
Durmott Thomas, land surveyor, Mill end
Turner Geo. surgeon, Cross

FARMERS.

* Bloor Joseph and Thomas
Cooper James
* Steele Geo.
Steele John
Stanway Thos.
Wilson George
Wood Mary
Wrench Geo.

HALMER END.

*Marked * are at Alsager's bank.*

Barker Thomas, painter
* Birkin Wm. tailor
Burgess Joseph, coal master
* Downing Daniel, tailor
Heathcote R. E. Esq. Apedale hl.
* Hollins John, day school
Warburton Ralph, gamekeeper

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Boar's Head, Wm. Street
* Boughey's Arms, Rph. Downing
* Gresley's Arms, Wm. Jones
Royal Oak, Thomas Biggers, (& wheelwright.) Mile's green

FARMERS.

Burgess Ralph, Red hall
* Burgess Saml.
Harrison Danl.
Heler James
Heler Wm.
Highfield Wm.
Joynson Robt.
Platt James
Wilson Wm.

KNOWL END.

*Marked * are at Knowl bank, and † Shaley brook.*

† Birks Joseph, maltster
Burgess Daniel, maltster
† Cheshire Wm. blacksmith
Chesters Wm. vict. Waggon and Horses
† Glover Adam, vict. Rising Sun
Timmis Samuel, corn miller, Boughey mill
Tomkinson Geo. wheelwright

FARMERS.

* Birks Thos.
Glover John, Heeley castle
Glover Joseph
* Glover Mary
† Martin Jph.
* Smith Chas.
Steele John & Benwell
* Steele Wm.

[illegible]

1 [illegible] Red Bull, Richd. Beresford
Queen's Head, Mary Gater
Red Lion, James Baddeley
Swan, Nathaniel Latham
[illegible] Wheat Sheaf, John Cookson
[illegible] White Lion, Sarah Watson

Beer Houses.
2 Brammall S.
4 Daniel John

Blacksmiths.
5 Clark John
[illegible] Thomas
Procter Charles

Farmers.
Baddeley Wm. Hollinwood
5 Barlow John
Beardmore Saml.
Birks Samuel, Dunkirk
Bullock Joseph
[illegible] John
[illegible] Jph
[illegible]
[illegible]

Done Thomas
Hollins Thos. Foxholes
3 Johnson Sal.
Myatt Simon
Smith Samuel

Joiners.
5 Cookson Jno.
4 Keeling John

Shoemakers.
4 Alcock James
Alcock Thomas, & brick mkr.
1 Beresford Wm jun.
Chrimes John
4 Dale George
Hardley Saml. & [illegible]

[illegible] ...TERLEY, [illegible] N.W. by W. of Newcastle-under-[illegible] N. of Betley, is a township belonging to the [illegible] in the county and diocese of Chester.—[illegible] that parish lying in Staffordshire, and con-[illegible] residing in scattered houses, and [illegible] belonging to F. Twemlow and George [illegible] Esq. [illegible] The following are the resident [illegible]

[illegible] blacksmith
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible], Peartree-lake
Harding Hugh, [illegible] brick maker

Hollins James and Joseph
* Steel Joseph, Buddy Lee
* Twemlow Thomas, The Elms
Williams Wm. Balterley hall
Whittaker Geo. shopkr. & overseer

BARLASTON is a well-built village, delightfully seated near the summit of a lofty declivity, on the east side of the vale of the Trent, 3 miles N. of Stone, and 5 miles S.E. by S. of Newcastle. Its parish contains 514 inhabitants, and 2087A. 2R. 23P. of enclosed land, with 60 acres of waste. Ralph Adderley, Esq. is owner of a great part of the soil, and lord of the manor, which he obtained in marriage with one of the co-heiresses of the late Thomas Mills, Esq. His residence is *Barlaston Hall*, a handsome mansion near the north end of the village, commanding an extensive and picturesque view of Trent Vale, and having a verdant lawn and pleasure grounds descending to the Trent and Mersey canal. The other principal land-



owners and residents are, John Astbury, M.D. and Mr. John Aston, who have neat houses in the village; Mr. Isaac Aston, of *Hartwell*, an ancient moated house, 1 mile north; and Mrs. Morgan, and W. W. Yates, Esq. of *Parkfield*, a hamlet of pleasant houses, on a terrace above the Trent, and on the west side of the parish. The CHURCH stands near the Hall, and is a small Gothic structure, dedicated to St. John the Baptist. It was rebuilt, except the tower, in 1760, and enlarged on the north side in 1830, when a new gallery was erected, and the sittings increased from 190 to 373, of which 100 are free, in consideration of a grant from the New Church Society. The Duke of Sutherland is impropriator of the *tithes*, and patron of the *curacy*, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. Wm. Oliver. A *Petty Session* is held in the village once a month, and a *feast* on the nearest Sunday to St. Peter's day. The parish *Free School*, for 20 girls and boys, consists of an old cottage and garden, occupied by a schoolmistress. It was appropriated to its present use by *Thomas Mills, Esq.* who, by will, in 1800, endowed it with £500 three per cent. reduced annuities. Ralph Adderley, Esq. is the trustee. The schoolmistress receives £12 a year, and the remaining £3 of the dividends is retained for the purchase of books for the scholars, and for the reparation of the school.—The poor have the following yearly DOLES, viz.:—4s. left by Richd. Hand, out of the estate called The Wood; 10s. by Thomas Shelley, out of Mr. Unitt's estate; 4s. out of the same estate, left by Randle Felkin; and £8, as the interest of £200, left in 1727 by Saml. Bagnall, to be distributed at Hobbergate, on Jan. 6th, amongst the poor of Barlaston parish, and the Liberty of Kibblestone, in Stone parish. Miss Wedgwood supports a school at Parkfields, the children paying 2d. each per week.

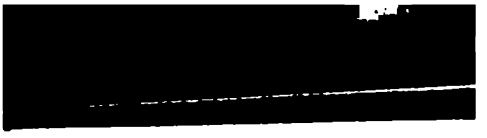
In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *reside at Barlaston*, 2 *Canal Side*, 3 *Cocknidge*, 4 *Glazeley Fields*, 5 *Hartwell*, 6 *Hartwell Hills*, 7 *Heyfields*, 8 *Little Hartwell*, 9 *Old Road*, 10 *Parkfields*, 11 *Rough Close*, 12 *Waste*, 13, *Woodseaves, and* 14 *Wood Yard.*

1 Adderley Ralph, Esq. *Hall*
1 Astbury John, M.D.
1 Aston Mrs. Elizabeth
1 Aston John, tanner, (& Stone)
1 Benbow John, shoemaker
1 Benbow John & Co. maltsters
1 Brassington John, butcher
1 Bromley Wm. blacksmith
1 Brookes Thomas, slater
1 Careless Mrs. Ann Maria
2 Chapman Thos. nurseryman,&c.
Dixson Wm. tanner; h. Stone
1 Finney Thomas, weaver
2 Hand Jno. vict. Plm. of Feathers
1 Hand Wm. beer house
1 Hewitt Mary, free school
1 Hulme John, wheelwright
9 Kirkham Thos. butcher
11 Knight Sarah, beer house
10 Morgan Mrs. Susanh. Cottage
7 Rea Thomas, beer house
1 Toft Wm. slater & vict. Slaters' Arms
2 Turner Samuel, boat builder
Turnock Jonas, gent.
10 Twigg Elizabeth, schoolmistress
10 Yates Wm. Wingfield, Esq.

FARMERS.

9 Ashcroft Ann
10 Aston Henry
5 Aston Isaac
1 Bailey John
1 Barnett John
14 Barnett Jph.
1 Benbow Geo.
4 Bratt Mr.
6 Edgerton Chs.
11 Edgerton Sl.
1 Foster John
12 Griffith Jno.
9 Hand Joseph
13 Hassall Sml.
8 Morris Joseph
1 Toft Thomas
12 Urion Thos.
3 Woolf Samuel

BETLEY is one of the smallest and pleasantest market towns in the county, consisting of one wide street, on the Nantwich road, 7¼ miles W.N.W. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, near the confines of Cheshire; the boundary line between the two counties extending here through the middle of a fine lake of 80 acres, called *Betley Mere*, and abounding in pike, perch, and other fish, some of which have been caught as heavy as 30lbs. The appearance of the houses is uncommonly neat, and the town is greatly ornamented by two very handsome seats, which occupy the grounds in its immediate neighbourhood, viz.—*Betley Hall* and *Betley Court*, the former of which is the residence and property of George Tollet, Esq., and the latter of Miss Fletcher. The parish contains about 1200 acres of land, and 870 inhabitants. Mr. Tollet is lord of the manor, and the other principal proprietors are, Sir T. F. F. Boughey, who has a large estate here, and the Earl of Wilton, who owns Betley Mere. The *market* on Friday has long been of such trivial consequence, that it may be said to be obsolete; but a large cattle *fair* is held here on July 31st, and another is about to be established, to be held yearly in May. The parish *wake* is on the first Sunday after Oct. 6th. The CHURCH, though inferior to many in the neighbourhood, deserves notice, as affording a specimen of the earliest attempts at Gothic architecture in this kingdom. The chancel was rebuilt in 1610, and the tower in 1713. The nave and aisles are the most ancient parts, and are separated by four plain pointed arches on each side, resting on rude pillars, which are "merely single trunks of trees," and the architraves of the arches plain curved pieces of wood. The breadth of the nave and aisles together is only 12 yards, and they are separated by a wooden partition from the chancel, in which are several neat mural monuments of the Egerton and Tollet families. This church was anciently in the appropriation of Ranton Abbey, but is now a *curacy*, in the impropriation of George Tollet, Esq. and incumbency of the Rev. Henry Turton. In 1717, the benefice was augmented with 20 acres of common land, given by Lord Powlett and others, and £200, obtained from Queen Anne's Bounty. The Methodists have a small chapel in the town; and the parishioners have the benefit of an endowed SCHOOL, and several small BENEFACTIONS. A yearly rent-charge of £4. 4s. for apprenticing poor children of Betley, is paid out of land called the Rushy Heys, being purchased for that purpose with £75, left in 1674 by Wm. Palmer. The poor parishioners have the following *yearly doles*, viz. 10s. as the interest of £10, left by Joseph Cope, in 1692; 40s. for bread, 30s. for clothing, and 40s. for schooling, left by Mary Lea; 10s. to the poor, and 10s. to the school, left by Marmaduke Jolley; 10s. for bread, left by Richard Gorton; and 4s. for bread, left by Wm. Abnet. The SCHOOL was rebuilt partly by subscription, in 1826, and has four acres of land, let for £4



a-year, which, with the small benefactions of Lea, Steele, and Jolley, forms its whole endowment. It is now conducted on Dr. Bell's system, and in it is kept a parochial *library* of 200 volumes. Here is also opened, once a month, a branch of the *Pirehill Savings' Bank*, which has its principal establishment at Stone.

WRINE HILL, 1 mile S. by W. of Betley, is a scattered village, on an eminence, partly in this parish, but mostly in that of Wibunbury, in Cheshire. It was anciently the seat of the Egerton family; and between it and Betley is RAVENSHALL, containing a number of detached houses.

Marked 1 *are at Ravenshall*, 2 *Wrinehill, and the rest Betley.*

Adams George, seedsman
Cockbane Mark, parish clerk
Fletcher Miss Anastesia, gentlewoman, Betley court
Harding Mrs. Eliz. gentwn.
2 Hewitt Mr. Benjamin
2 Hewitt Geo. master of Workhs.
Huxley George, clog maker
Jones Thomas, joiner
Meeke Thomas Wm. Smith, Esq.
Oakes Wm. Rawson, druggist
Robinson Christopher, gent,
Shufflebotham Wm. drpr. & grcr.
1 Swinnerton Wm. jun. grdnr. &c.
Tollet George, Esq. Betley hall
Turton Rev. Henry, Inc. curate
Twemlow Fras. Esq. Betley court
Wicksted Chas. Esq. Betley hall
Wilkinson Miss Mary

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Black Horse Inn, & excise office, Wm. Parks
1 Hand and Trumpet, Jph. Dean
2 Red Lion, John Timmis
Swan Inn, Joseph Warham
Three Anchors, Charles Leighton

Beer Houses.

Moore John
Redfern Wm.

Blacksmiths.

2 Summerfield Wm.
White Wm.

Boot and Shoe makers.

Brassington Joseph & Richard
Moore John
1 Weaver Ralph

Butchers.

Latham Abm.
Mountford Geo.

Farmers.

1 Brassington George
Brassington Thos. Fields
Salmon Wm. Bowsy wood
1 Swinnerton Wm. sen.
1 Timmis John
1 Wilson Thos.

Joiners.

Littler Jonth.
Wrench Thos. (and builder)

Maltsters.

Dean Thomas
1 Salt & Ward
1 Shufflebotham James

Painters, Plumbers, &c.

Warham Chas.
Warham Jph.

Saddlers.

Redfern Wm.
Shaw Wm.

Schools.

Jones Mary National
Oakes W. R.
Adams M. A.

Shopkeepers.

Bowers John
Moore George
Morry P. (and cooper)

Surgeons.

Short Charles
Warburton Jno.

Tailors.

Gater Samuel
Gibbons Joseph

Wheelwrights.

BrassingtonGeo
Lindop Samuel

POST-OFFICE at the Black Horse Inn. Letters from all parts arrive at 6, and depart at 7 evng.

CARRIER from the Black Horse, Mr. Rawlinson, from Newcastle to Nantwich and Chester, Thursdays, returns on Fridays.

BIDDULPH parish, stretching from 4 to 8 miles N. of Burslem, is a hilly, moorland district, in the northern angle of the Pirehill Hundred, comprising 5,000 acres of land, and 1,987 inhabitants, whose dwellings are scattered among the hills, and on the banks of the rapid stream of the Trent, which rises at the north end of the parish, under the high rocky ridge, called

Mole Cop, near the boundary between Cheshire and Staffordshire. The soil, except an open common of 310 acres, is now in excellent cultivation, considering its elevated situation, and is divided into four *hamlets* and *manors*, viz. *Over Biddulph* (commonly called *Overton*), belonging to John Biddulph, Esq. of London; *Middle and Nether Biddulph*, the property of Miss Sarah Mainwaring, of Whitmore; and *Knypersley*, the seat and property of John Bateman, Esq. The parish abounds in *coal*, and has four large collieries; several quarries of hard and durable *stone*; a scrap iron, and spade, and shovel manufactory; a silk mill; and two other buildings, formerly silk and cotton mills, but now unoccupied. *Biddulph Hall*, anciently the residence of the Biddulph family, is at the north end of the parish, and has long been in ruins, except the north end, which is occupied by a farmer. A little beyond it, on the borders of Cheshire, are the remains of a Druidical temple, called the *Bridestones*, and consisting of eight upright freestones, two of which stand within a semicircle formed by the other six. Near these stones are the remains of three curious *caves*, excavated in the solid rock. The parish *Church*, dedicated to St. Lawrence, was an ancient edifice; but has just been rebuilt, except the tower, at the cost of £2,000, towards which £200 was granted by the New Church Society, and the remainder was levied on the inhabitants, except the cost of the chancel, which was paid by John Bateman, Esq. who is impropriator of the great tithes, and patron of the benefice, which is a vicarage, now enjoyed by the Rev. Wm. Henry Holt. The Wesleyan and Primitive Methodists have each a chapel here. The poorer sort of people of Biddulph moor have been described as "rough, unbroken, and but half-civilized;" but the influence of Methodism, has long since softened their native character. It is also said that they had formerly such an aversion to a military life, that, during the late war, several of them actually disabled themselves, by striking off their own thumbs with an axe, sooner than run the risk of being balloted into the militia.

The *school*, at Crabtree Green, where 12 free scholars are taught, was built about the year 1785, on 1R. 34P. of land, granted by Edward Mainwaring, Esq. (lord of the manor), on a lease for 99 years, at 1s. rent. It is endowed with the three following benefactions, viz. £4 a-year, left by Lady Bellot, out of Apedale and Podmore estates; £4. 10s. yearly, from £100, left in 1797, by Samuel Moulton; and the interest of £100, bequeathed in 1824, by Thomas Rowley. The *yearly doles* to the poor parishioners are, 28s. as interest of £30, left by various donors; 28s. from £35, left in 1732, by John Stonier; and £1. 10s. from £100, left in 1812, by Wm. Carter.

Marked 1 *are at Biddulph moor*, 2 *Bradley green*, 3 *Gillow heath*, 4 *Maw green*, 5 *Red cross*, 6 *Underwood, and* 7 *at White moor.*

Bateman John, Esq. Knypersley hall



3 Bentley Wm. joiner
Challenor John, gent. Overton hs.
Clayton James, silk throwster, Hurst mill
Gosling George C. (Exors. of) mfrs. of scrap, bar iron, spades, shovels, iron arms, &c. Lee mill
Hall James, coal agent, The Fall
Holmes Wm. agent, Lodge
Holt Wm. Henry, vicar
Partington James, schoolmaster, and parish clerk
Pointon James, wheelwright, Fall gate bank
Rider Ts. blksmth. Church farm
Stubbs Wm. corn miller, Mill bk.
5 Taylor Thomas, blacksmith

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Church House, Wm. Heathcote
Talbot Charles, Lancaster

COAL MASTERS.

Bateman John, Childerplay and Wood house
3 Lancaster, Smallwood and Lancaster
Pedley Joseph, Hall colliery
Williamson H. H. The Fall

Beer Houses.

1 Bailey Joseph
Hackney Ralph
3 Lancaster Jas.
Vickerstaff John

Farmers.

Ash Richard, Wood house
Bailey Joseph, Ox hay
2 Bailey Daniel
7 Birks George
Brocklehurst Jno. New pool
Buckley James, Moor house
3 Burgess Jph.
Colclough John
5 Cottrell John
Durber John
Goodwin John
6 Hancock Jas.
6 Harrison Wm.
Hopkins Mrs.
2 Lawton Thos.
4 Lockett Hanh.
Myott James, Biddulph hall
Myott Mary, High Overton
Plant John, Firwood
Plant Thomas
Rowley Thomas
Sherratt Chas.
7 Smith Thomas
Stonier Wm. (ymn.) Hurst
Tellwright Wm.
Tellwright Wm. jun.
Turnock George
3 Whitehurst Cs.
Willshaw Thos.
Yardley Enoch, Knypy. park

Shopkeepers.

1 Green Sampn.
5 Rider Wm.
2 Salt Sarah
3 Wardle James

BLITHFIELD parish is a fertile district, 4½ miles N. of Rugeley, and 2 miles W. of Abbot's Bromley, comprising the hall, rectory, and Church of Blithfield, and the hamlets of ADMASTON and NEWTON, the latter of which is one mile N.W. and the former, a quarter of a mile E. of the Church. It has also a number of scattered farm houses, and contains 468 inhabitants, of whom 269 are in Newton liberty. Lord Bagot is lord of the manor, and owner of the estate, and resides in *Blithfield Hall*, an ancient mansion with embattled towers and walls, which give it the air of a fortress. It stands in the vale of the Blithe, in a beautiful lawn, and contains a large and valuable collection of paintings, among which are portraits of Lord Treasurer Burleigh; Henry, Earl of Huntingdon; Walter, Earl of Essex, and many other distinguished individuals. *Bagot's park*, which forms part of his lordship's pleasure grounds, is distant 1½ mile to the N. E. in the parish of Abbot's Bromley, and is well stocked with *deer* and ancient oaks. The *Bagot family* is of great eminence and antiquity, and possessed this and the adjoining estate of Bagot's Bromley, at the time of the Domesday survey. In 1195, Hervey Bagot married the heiress of *Baron Stafford*, and his son afterwards assumed the surname and title of Stafford, and became progenitor to the succeeding Barons and Earls of Stafford, and Dukes of Buckingham. Of that branch of the family, resident at Blithfield and

Bromley, was Sir John Bagot, Knight, ancestor of Hervey Bagot, who was created a *Baronet*, in 1627. Sir Walter Wagstaffe Bagot married the eldest daughter of the Earl of Dartmouth, and sat in the House of Commons during six successive Parliaments. He died in 1768, and was succeeded by his son *William*, who was created *Baron Bagot, of Blithfield*, in 1780. He died in 1798, and was succeeded by the present *Right Hon. William, Lord Bagot, F. L. S.*, who is patron of Blithfield *Church*, which is a rectory, dedicated to St. Leonard, and now in the incumbency of the Hon. and Right Rev. Richard Bagot, who, in 1834, was raised to the Episcopal throne of Oxford. The living is valued in the King's books at £10. 19s. 2d. The parish enjoys the benefit of a *free school*, and several *benefactions* for the relief of the poor.

The FREE SCHOOL at Admaston, was rebuilt about the year 1820, by Lord Bagot. It was founded in 1729, by Elizabeth Bagot and Jane Jones, daughters of Sir Walter Bagot, who endowed it with 18A. 3R. 8P. of land, called Ashen Croft and Hadley Leasow, now let for £25. 10s. per annum. In 1812, Lord Bagot and the Hon. and Rev. Richard Bagot, the trustees, sold timber on the school land for £200, which they vested in a yearly rent charge of £9, out of Long-metts close, in Colton parish, swelling the total yearly income to £34. 10s., which falls far short of the actual expenditure, the excess of which is generously paid by Lord Bagot. The master and mistress receive £80 a-year for teaching about 40 boys and 30 girls, who are provided with books and other necessaries at the expense of his Lordship.

The BENEFACTIONS for yearly distribution among the poor parishioners, are as follows:—£10 per annum left in 1702, by *Sir Walter Bagot*; the interest of £50 left in 1798 and 1818, by the Rev. Walter Bagot and Louisa Bagot; £2. 12s. yearly, out of Marchbarn farm, in Armitage parish, left in 1592, by *Thomas Russell*; £3. 5s. a-year, out of land at Bromley, left by *Dorothy Hawkes*, in 1704; the interest of £30 left by *Edward Clarke and others*; and 2A. 1R. 26P. of land, called Potter's Green, in Abbot's Bromley, left by *Elizabeth Bailey*, in 1735, to the poor of Newton, and those of St. Michael's parish, Lichfield. The moiety belonging to Newton, is now let for £2. 7s. 6d. a-year.

In the following Directory, those marked 1 reside at Admaston, 2 Booth, 3 Daplee heath, 4 Newton, 5 Newton hurst, 6 Oakfields, and 7 St. Stephen's hill.

Bagot Hon. and Right Rev. Rd. Bishop of Oxford, Rectory
Lord Bagot, Blithfield hall
1 Allen Thomas blacksmith
Beckett Thomas, schoolmaster
1 Cooke Thomas, tailor & parish clerk
4 Nicholls Thomas, miller and grocer
Paget Rev. Francis, curate
4 Spooner John, shoemaker
Tunnicliff John, wheelwright
4 Vaughan Thomas, shoemaker

FARMERS.

6 Bakewell W.
4 Brandrick Js.
4 Bridgewood Wm.
4 Burgess Lewis
4 Dennis Thos.
7 Dicken Thos.
2 Green Saml.
1 Kent John
5 Knight Thos.
3 Lees James
5 Oldfield John Webb
4 Shipley Ann
4 Shipley Frns.
2 Swift Thos.

CHEBSEY is a small ancient village, in the narrow valley

near the confluence of the Eccleshall water with the river Sow, 2 miles E of Eccleshall, and 5 miles N.W. of Stafford. Its parish contains two manors and townships, viz., CHEBSEY, which includes the hamlet of SHALLOWFORD, 1 mile to the N.E., and contains 377 inhabitants and 2812A. 3R. 18P. of land, of which the Earl of Lichfield is lord and principal owner; and COLD NORTON, a township of four farms, 2 miles N.W. of Chebsey, containing only 37 inhabitants, and about 1200 acres of land, all belonging to Ralph Sneyd, Esq. The parish *Church* stands above the village of Chebsey, and is an ancient Gothic edifice, dedicated to All Saints. The living is a *vicarage*, in the patronage of the Dean and Chapter of Lichfield, and in the incumbency of the Rev. Henry White, of Lichfield, for whom the Rev. F. Jenkinson, of Gnosall, officiates. It has 95 acres of glebe. Swinfen Jervis, Esq., has a small estate in the parish, and is impropriator of the rectorial tithes, which are paid in money at a yearly valuation. The poor parishioners have the dividends of £66. 2s. 2d. old four per cent. annuities, purchased with £50, left by Mrs. Walker, of Standon; and 12s. yearly from Tinker's butt, (¼A.) given by John Mason.

Those marked 1 *reside at Chebsey,* 2 *Halfhead,* 3 *Hammer house,* 4 *Heymeece,* 5 *Hilcote,* 6 *Hilcote hall,* 7 *Oxleasows,* 8 *Scamuel* 9 *Shallowford, and* 10 *at Upper Heymeece.*

1 Ash Richard, corn miller
3 Keen John, shoemaker
1 Pickin Rt. & Thos. shoemakers
1 Pickin Wm. parish clerk
1 Plant Wm. maltster & beer hs.
1 Rotcher Wm. wheelwright
1 Smallshire John, blacksmith

FARMERS.

6 Aspley Rd.
9 Barnes Chas. (& overseer)
5 Boughey Cs.
7 Hall Wm.
5 Henshaw Jph.
9 Kent John
9 Lycett Thos.
4 Robinson Jno.
1 Sedgley Jph.
1 Smith Ann
1 Walters Jph.
3 Ward Thos.
2 Ward Wm.
8 Woodcock Enoch

COLD NORTON.—*Farmers.*

Hall Ann
10 Marsh Rd.
Marsh Thos.
Shaw Wm.

COLTON, a long straggling village, 2 miles N. by E. of Rugeley, gives name to a highly cultivated parish, pleasantly situated on the banks of the Trent, and one of its tributary streams, and containing only 675 inhabitants, most of whom reside in the village, and the remainder in the small hamlets and scattered houses enumerated below, and extending to 1½ mile N. and S. of the church. The soil is a mild fertile loam, with a good proportion of meadows, and belongs to a number of proprietors; but James Oldham Oldham, Esq., is lord of the manor, and owner of the handsome hall and extensive *estate* of BELLAMOUR, which lies south of the village, and on the north bank of the Trent and the canal, near Wolseley Bridge. Mr. Oldham resides in the hall; but the estate, which was greatly improved by the agricultural skill of its late possessor, (*Mr. Blount,*) is now farmed by *Mr. John Yates,* of Colton, an extensive maltster and corn merchant, who, though he lives in

[redacted] the corn tithes belongs to Thomas [redacted] Lichfield. The *wake* is on the nearest

Newland is a small village on a lofty of Colton, and a little to the west of it *Lane*.

The **Free School** at Colton, was foun with monies subscribed, and partly with son for the purpose, producing together the s laid out in 1764, in the purchase of the scho of land at Colton, and 19 acres of land a now let for £26. 10s. per annum, of whicl poor, as the interest of £25, left by Mary rest is paid to the master, together with th about 1820, by John Spencer, Esq., in co of his late brother, Francis Spencer, Esq. interest of £80, proceeding from a fall of making his total yearly income nearly £5 about 40 boys and girls. Here is also a Gi was endowed in 1801 by *Thomas Webb*, public-house," and another dwelling in which will expire in 1861, at rents amount for which the mistress teaches 20 girls to r

The *Benefactions* to the poor amount ye of the Three-Wheels public-house, left by ing half the rent of Marchbarn farm, in Thomas Russell, in 1592; 52s. yearly, Thomas Taylor, in 1676; and 54s. out of Thomas Butler, in 1680.

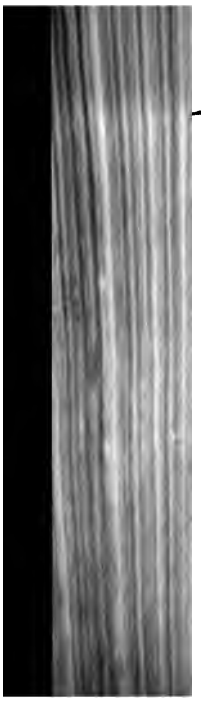
The *Parish Clerk's endowment* consists of of land, left by some ancient and unkn worth £9 per annum.

Simpson Wm. schoolmaster and parish clerk
Smith Thos. gent. Parchfields
Taylor Samuel, tailor
Tipper Robert wheelwright
Tooth Jeremiah gardener
Wheatley Mary, shopkeeper
Williscroft Eliz. schoolmrs.
Wylde Robert, gent.
Yates John, corn mercht. & maltster; warehouse, Wolseley bdg.
Yates Mrs. shopkeeper

FARMERS.

9 Birch Thos.
3 Dicken Jph.
Farmer John
Fisher Jph. (and overseer)
5 Garner Frns.
9 Greaves John
8 Harvey Wm.
7 Hinckley Ts.
8 Holland Walter
2 Morgan John
5 Myatt Robt.
9 Myatt Wm.
Walkden Jph.
10 Wood Robt.
1 Yates John

COLWICH is a small village, beautifully situated on the Stafford road, 3 miles N.W. of Rugeley, on the north bank of the river Trent. Nothing can be more delightful than the scenery which this part of the country exhibits. The river here flows through a vale of the richest verdure, adorned with a variety of elegant villas, among which are the charming seats of *Shugborough* and *Wolseley*. To use the words of Pennant, the vale is here "prodigal in its beauties, and spreads at once every charm that can captivate the eye." The *parish of Colwich* is all on the north-east bank of the Trent, except Shugborough and Wolseley, and comprises 6447A. 1R. 22P. of land, and 874 inhabitants, of whom 199 are in *Fradswell* chapelry, 7 miles N. of Colwich. The other villages and hamlets in the parish are *Bishton*, *Great and Little Haywood*, *Hixon*, *Moreton*, and *Wolseley Bridge*; but some of them are intricately intermixed with the parish of Stowe. The soil belongs to a number of proprietors, the largest of whom are lords of their own estates; but the Marquis of Anglesey is lord paramount, except in Fradswell, of which Earl Ferrers is lord. The Marquis has in Colwich a few copyhold tenants, and is lessee of the prebendal tithes of the whole parish, under the appropriators—the Dean and Chapter of Lichfield. Colwich CHURCH is an ancient edifice dedicated to St. Michael, and contains a number of monuments in honour of the families of Anson and Wolseley.—The burying place of the former is made *à l'antique*, in the shape of a *catacomb*, in one of the five compartments of which, are walled up the remains of that celebrated admiral and circumnavigator, the first Lord Anson. A monument, inscribed to the memory of Sir Wm. Wolseley, commemorates his unlucky and singular fate. He was drowned in his chariot, owing to the accidental bursting of a mill dam, on July 8th, 1728, in the neighbourhood of Longdon. The accident was the result of a thunder storm. His four horses were lost; but the coachman escaped, having been carried by the torrent into an orchard, where he remained fast till the flood abated. The living is a *vicarage*, in the gift of the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and is now enjoyed by the Ven. Geo. Hodson, M.A.



fabric having only 50 acres of land attache
ties belonging to this parish are as follows:

Benefactions.—In 1659, *Thos. Crompton* called Reavinghills, then worth £5. 4s. per an rent to be distributed in 24 penny loaves ever has long been worth £50 per annum, out of w field distributed only £20. 7s. 4d. yearly, in bi he had in his hands a balance of upwards of which, by the direction of the Lord Chancel applied yearly in three portions, for purcha clothing for the poor, under the direction of t who are appointed trustees. The sum of *Alice Featherstone*, his *widow*, and *Gabriel* 12A. 2R. 24P. of land, at Leigh, about 5 mile it is now let for £20 a year, which is distribut Thomas's day. Several other charities, bel amount to the following yearly sums, viz. I Wolversal, at Abbot's Bromley, left by *Thos.* out of a farm at Little Haywood, by *Thos. J* at Little Haywood, called the Yeld, by *Abra* 5s. out of land at Shugborough, by *Rd. Dicke* of land at the same place, by a *Mr. Bee*; 20s. tate, by *John Chibbuck*; 25s. out of the Ear by *Thos. Mottershaw*, in 1764; £4 out of land with £100 left by the *Sneyd family*; and 25s *Wolseley*, out of his estate, but which his desc for many years. The poor of *Fradswell chapelr* left by Wm. Blackmore, out of two acres of Field, though the whole of that field is said to to them in 1734, by Thomas Bradbury. Th at Colwich was built in 1829, with a house for pense of Miss Sparrow, by whom it is still the children paying only two-pence each per w

Bishton is a hamlet and constablewick, wich, with a handsome hall, the seat ar Elizabeth Sparrow.

Fradswell Hall, a neat mansion on an eminence above the chapel yard. The *wake* is on the first Sunday in August.

HAYWOOD (GREAT and LITTLE) are two neat villages, the latter 3½, and the former 4 miles N.W. of Rugeley, being on the Lichfield and Stafford turnpike, and on the Trent and Mersey canal, at the point where the latter is joined by the Staffordshire and Worcestershire canal; but a portion of each village is in the parish of Stowe. At Great Haywood is an extensive wharf, and a paper and corn mill. The *Abbey House* was anciently the site of a priory or religious cell. Sir T. Aston Clifford Constable, Bart. is lord of the *manor of Haywood*, which includes the two farms of COLEY, half a mile to the east. The *horse bridge*, which crosses the Trent near Little Haywood, anciently consisted of 42 arches, all of wood; but having been long decayed, it was rebuilt in 1833 at the cost of £200, raised by subscription. It is only broad enough to admit foot passengers and horsemen. The *wake*, at Little Haywood and Colwich, is on the nearest Sunday to St. Michael's day; and at Great Haywood, on the Sunday following.

HIXON is a considerable village, on an eminence, partly in Stowe parish, 6 miles N.N.W. of Rugeley. It consists chiefly of ancient thatched houses, and formerly had a pillory. Earl Ferrers and Sir T. A. Clifford Constable own most of the soil.

MORETON is a scattered hamlet, 4 miles N.W. by N. of Rugeley. *Moreton House*, a modern brick mansion, upon a lofty summit, is the seat of Wm. Hanbury, Esq.

SHUGBOROUGH, the beautiful seat and demesne of the Earl of Lichfield, is delightfully situated at the conflux of the rivers Trent and Sow, opposite to Haywood, and 4 miles N.W. by W. of Rugeley. The *family of Anson* have been seated in this county for many generations; first at Dunstan, in the parish of Penkridge; till Wm. Anson, Esq. having purchased, in the reign of James I., the manor of Shugborough, made it his principal seat, residing then in *Oakedge Hall*, situated at the south east end of the manor, at a considerable distance from the present mansion. Here was born, in 1697, that distinguished admiral and circumnavigator, *George, Lord Anson*, who was raised to the peerage in 1747, by the title of *Lord Anson, Baron Soberton of Hampshire*, and who, after spending a long and useful life in the service of his country, retired to his seat at Moor Park, Herts., where he expired suddenly in 1672. At his demise, his title became extinct; but his immense property devolved on his elder brother, Thomas Anson, Esq. of Shugborough, who, immediately after this vast accession of fortune, not only beautified and enlarged his family mansion here, but spiritedly and tastefully entered on the grand project of improving the grounds, and embellishing the scenery of the surrounding country. With a view to make his seat as chaste and classical as possible, he engaged the architectural skill of

James Stuart, generally known by the appellation of Athenian Stuart, being author of a History of Athens. Under the directions of this celebrated architect, the house was considerably enlarged and beautified, and in the grounds were raised many ornamental buildings, statues, &c. exhibiting the chaste architecture of Athens in the counterparts of the Choragic monument of Lysicrates, the octagon tower of Andronicus Cyrrhestes, and the arch of Adrian, the latter of which is commonly called the "*Triumphal Arch*," and is embellished with naval trophies, in honour of the first Lord Anson, who was one of the greatest glories of the British fleet. The improvements which *Thos. Anson, Esq.* begun, were carried on with great judgment by his nephew and successor, *George Adams, Esq.*, who assumed the name of Anson, and whose son and successor, *Thomas Anson, Esq.* was created, in 1806, *Viscount Anson of Shugborough and Orgreave, in Staffordshire*, and *Baron Anson of Soberton in Hampshire*. He was succeeded, in 1818, by his son, *Thomas Wm. Anson*, who now enjoys the possessions and honours of his family, and in 1832, was raised a degree higher in the peerage, by the title of *Earl of Lichfield*. (See p. 70.) The "vale of Shugborough" owes many of its beauties to the late Viscount, who added to the house a handsome portico, with eight fluted Ionic columns, and greatly extended and improved the park and pleasure grounds, by sweeping from the earth the old village of Shugborough, by cutting a new channel for the river Sow, and erecting a new bridge half a mile higher up the stream; and by raising the beautiful lodges which are so much admired on approaching the principal entrance to this magnificent structure, the interior of which is ornamented with a choice collection of antique statues, and an admirable "Bacchus" of modern construction, by Nollekins. The paintings are some of the finest productions of the old masters. The late Viscount also added to the house two noble apartments; the first, a drawing-room, 46 feet by 28; and the second, a saloon, 54 feet by 22, supported on each side by six fine columns of Scagliola. The principal front presents a noble centre, with two semicircular wings, covered with white stucco, in the best style. The grounds are ornamented with several buildings besides those already noticed, and with a great variety of *statues;* among which is a beautiful and much admired group, by Schemecher, of two lovers, gazing on a shepherd, who is pointing to a tomb inscribed "ET IN ARCADIA EGO;" conveying an idea to the youthful lovers, that no earthly state, however delightful the prospect may be, can avert the shafts of death. The *Chinese house*, a little further on, is a true pattern of the architecture of that nation, taken in that country by Sir Percy Brett. The demesne is a rich plain of several hundred acres, well wooded, and watered by the Trent and the Sow; skirted, on one side, by the cultivated slopes on

the opposite side of the Trent, and on the other by the Lichfield and Stafford turnpike, and the lofty front of Cannock Chase, clothed with heath, and shaded at intervals with old oaks, scattered over it by the free hand of nature. The shrubberies, gardens, and pleasure grounds are extensive, and laid out in the best modern taste; indeed, no expense has been spared to render this spot a complete terrestrial paradise. The present noble owner, like his predecessor, is a spirited and extensive agriculturist, having in his own occupation no less than 2000 acres, with an immense farming establishment, near which is a thrashing machine and corn mill, both worked by the same stream, and the former of which will thrash out 200 bushels of corn per day.—But with all its beauties in architecture and scenery, Shugborough is chiefly distinguished as the birthplace of the late gallant and enlightened ADMIRAL LORD ANSON, whose name will shed a lustre on the history of his country to the latest posterity. The honours which he achieved, and the important services which he rendered to his king and country, may be read at length in the biography of naval heroes, and in the account of his "*Voyage round the world, in the years* 1740, 1,2,3,4,"—a work which has ever had a most favourable reception with the public, four large impressions being sold off in twelve months after its first publication. It has also been translated into most European languages, and still supports its reputation. It was published under the name of William Walter, M.A., chaplain to the Centurion; though it has been generally said to have been written under his Lordship's inspection, and from materials which he furnished, by Mr. Benjamin Robins, who was an eminent mathematician, and engineer-general to the East India Company. It appears, however, that both assisted materially in the work; the latter revising, and dressing in more elegant and glowing language, what the former had written, chiefly from his Lordship's journals.

SWANMOOR, 3 miles N.W. of Colwich, is a hamlet, with two extensive farms, belonging to Sir T. A. Clifford Constable and Wm. Moore, Esq.

WOLSELEY, at the south-east end of Colwich parish, 2 miles N.W. of Rugeley, includes the small village of WOLSELEY BRIDGE, where there are two good inns and extensive corn warehouses near the Trent and the canal, and where a *cattle fair* is held yearly, on the Wednesday before Mid-lent Sunday. WOLSELEY HALL, the ancient seat of *Sir Chas. Wolseley, Bart.*, is situated nearly half a mile west of the bridge, in a spacious park, consisting of a romantic succession of small hills, studded with plantations and ancient oaks, and forming an agreeable contrast between the fertile meadows of the vale of Trent on the east, and the lofty hills of Cannock Heath on the south and west. The hall has a lofty front, crowned with an embattled parapet; and the interior contains some beautifully carved oak

pannels and other ornaments wrought in the time of Charles II. The *Family of Wolseley* have possessed this estate, and resided here upwards of seven centuries, and one of them was a baron of the Exchequer, in the reign of Edward IV.

POST-OFFICES at Griffith Bott's, Wolseley Bridge, and Henry Cox's, Great Haywood. Letters arrive, and are despatched daily by the mails from Lichfield and Stafford; and the COACHES from those places to Liverpool, Birmingham, London, &c. also pass through Haywood and Wolseley Bridge. (See Rugeley, page 515.)

COLWICH.

Marked 1 *reside at Colwich*, 2 *Coley*, 3 *Moreton*, 4 *Swanmoor*, *and* 5 *at Lea heath.*

1 Bradshaw Thos. shoemaker & parish clerk
3 Hanbury Wm. Esq. Moreton house
1 Hodson Ven. Geo. M.A. vicar of Colwich, and archdeacon of Stafford
1 Jones Roderic, tailor
5 Limer Wm. shopkr. & beer hs.
1 Lock Samuel, shoemaker
Mapp Wm. carpenter
1 Orme Mrs. Mary
1 Phillips Hugh, butcher
Pickin Eliz. National school
Powell John, National school

Farmers.

3 Arnold Wm.
3 Bennett Ann
4 Bond Benj.
Bond Walter
3 Charles Hy.
4 Ellsmore Jph.
1 Greaves Geo.
Sherratt Robt. Blithford
3 Smith Hanh.
2 Yates Walter
2 Yates Wm.

BISHTON, WOLSELEY, &c.

Marked 1 *are at Bishton*, 2 *the Bower*, 3 *Park house*, 4 *Scarbro'*, 5 *Wolseley Bridge*, *and* 6 *at Shugborough.*

Earl of Lichfield, Shugborough
Sparrow Mrs. Eliz. Bishton hall
Wolseley Sir Chs. Bart. Wolseley hall
5 Bott Griffith, vict. Roe Buck
1 Bradbury John, blacksmith
1 Dunfee Wm. gent.
1 Griffin Mr. Thomas
1 Holmes Adam, joiner
1 Lawrence John, tailor
6 Mc Murtrie Wm. gardener
5 Moxon Thos. vict. Wolseley Arms
1 Turner Eliz. grocer
5 Yates John, corn merchant and maltster, Canal wha.

Farmers.

2 Arnold Geo.
4 Arnold John
1 Birch Thos.
1 Fearn Wm.
6 Hodgkinson Thomas
6 Stanford Ts.
3 Walker Wm.
1 Wenlock Rd.

GREAT HAYWOOD.

Marked * *are in Stowe parish.*

* Abley Rd. plumber, glazier, &c.
* Adie Scott, valet
* Benton Mary, shopkeeper
Biddulph Lewis, Tiger beer hs.
Bond Eliz. boarding school
Buttery Samuel, shoemaker
* Carwright Chs. schoolmaster
Churchill Henry, schoolmaster
Collett Ann, brewer & maltster
Collier Geo. jun. brickmaker
Collett John, brewer
Cope Ths. cart owner & flour dlr.
*Corvesor Thos. butcher
* Corvesor Wm. wharfinger, and agent to the Trent & Mersey & Staffordshire & Worcestershire Canal Companys, Junction
Cox Henry, baker and grocer
* Dawson Wm. vict. and shopr. Fox and Hounds
Deavoll Thos. blacksmith
* Duncomb Mr. Wm.
Elsmore Wm. shoemaker
Farmer Richard, butcher
Gardner John, Hassell abbey
Heywood Charles, gent.
Hilliard John, excise officer
* Johnson George, plumber and glazier
Leadbetter Joseph, butcher
Mc Adams Rt. tinplate worker
Markham John, groom
* Marklew, Rd. tailor & draper
Middleton Mrs. Sarah
Mottershaw John, joiner

Mottershaw Richard, joiner
Nixon Joseph, fishmonger
Oram Wm. bricklayer
Palmer Richard, butcher
Ray Edward, wheelwright
* Robinson John, grocer & coal dealer
Shaw Mrs. Mary
Shufflebotham Wm. beer house
Suffolk Ann, shoemaker
Tylecote Edward, surgeon
* Ward Jas. vict. Clifford Arms
* Webb Rd. paper manfr. & corn miller
* Wetton John tailor & overseer
Winfield Geo. veterinary surgeon and blacksmith
Winfield Robert, butcher
* Wood Jph. painter & glazier
* Wood John, cooper
Wright John, shoemaker

LITTLE HAYWOOD.

*Marked * are in Stowe parish.*

* Bonfield Christian, victualler & maltster, Lamb and Flag
* Braddock Joseph, farmer
Bradshaw Wm. shoemaker
* Brindley Wm. shoemaker
Clarke Mrs. Elizabeth
Day Charles, vict. Red Lion
* Dixon John, plasterer
* Dukes George, swine dealer
Emery Sampson, stone mason
Finley Rev. John, curate of Colwich
Hawkins Thomas, wheelwright
Hill Thomas, watchmaker
Kent John, shoemaker
Leaver John, saddler
Lowndes Wm. shopkeeper
Porter James, cattle dealer and shopkeeper
Tharme Thomas, shoemaker
* Thorneloe Wm. shopkeeper
Tomlinson Joseph, beer house
Trubshaw Jas. builder & engineer
Trubshaw Thomas, architect
* Tunnicliff Henry, shopkeeper
Whittingham Richd. bricklayer
Yates Samuel, solicitor

Carrier to Stafford.—John Robinson, from Haywood Lock, Sat. 9 mng.

FRADSWELL CHAPELRY.

Hammersley Wm. Esq. Fradswell hall
Capewell John, vict. Rising Sun
Chell Ann, blacksmith
Middleton Wm. Royal Oak b. h.
Mottram Wm. chapel clerk
Tavernor Wm. bricklayer

Farmers.

Bennett Wm.
Burton Chas.
Deakin John
Ellsmore John
Gibbs George
Hall Thomas
Johnson Thos.
Thomas Saml.

CRESSWELL, the family mansion and estate of the Rev. Edw. Whitby, is *extra parochial*, and situated near the river Sow, on the Eccleshall road, 1½ mile N.W. of Stafford. The hall is a large stuccoed mansion, on an eminence above the Sow; and about a quarter of a mile to the N.W. are the ruins of an ancient chapel or religious house.

DRAYTON-IN-HALES is that part of the parish of Market Drayton, (in Shropshire,) lying in Staffordshire, and comprising the three townships of ALMINGTON, BLORE-IN-TYRLEY, and HALES, which contain 737 inhabitants, and support their poor conjointly, under the name of the *Tyrley Quarter*, which is an extensive district of scattered houses, extending from 1 to 4 miles E. by N. of Market Drayton, and from 7 to 11 miles W.N.W of Eccleshall, including part of *Ashley-heath*, and the places enumerated below. *Blore-heath* is celebrated as the scene of a *battle* fought during the wars of the Roses, in which Lord Audley was slain on the spot now marked by *Audley Cross*, as has already been seen at page 32. Peter

Stray Broughton, Esq., is the principal owner and lord of the manor of *Almington*, which has a small village 2 miles E.N.E. of Drayton; but Almington Hall is the seat of Lieut.-Colonel Dawes. *Blore* forms the east end of the parish, and Hugo Charles Meynell, Esq., is lord of the manor and principal owner of the soil; but the Audley-Cross farm belongs to Sir John Chetwode. *Hales* is the centre division, and has a small village on an abrupt declivity; near which is HALES HALL, 3 miles E. of Drayton, the seat and property of the Rev. Alex. Henry Buchannan, who performs divine service in a small chapel which he erected here in 1833, and supports a school at the Lloyd, for the education of 40 poor children. In the vicinity are three other neat mansions, viz., *Old Springs*, *Pell-wall-house*, and *Peatswood*, each occupied by their owners. The late Sir Corbett Corbett was impropriator of the tithes, but part of them have lately been sold to the landowners.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *reside at Ashley heath*, 2 *Audley cross*, 3 *Blore*, 4 *Blore heath*, 5 *Cold-comfort*, 6 *Rewsey farm*, 7 *Almington*, 8 *Brockley moor*, 9 *Castle*, 10 *Dairy farm*, 11 *Grange*, 12 *Hales*, 13 *Hills*, 14 *Hollins*, 15 *Johnson Wood*, 16 *Knowl*, 17 *Knowl wood*, 18 *Lloyd*, 19 *Sandy lane*, 20 *Shiffords grange*, 21 *Tyrley heath*, *and* 22 *at the Wood*.

1 Alcock Thos. mop & broom handle mfr.
4 Beech Richard, tailor
7 Beeston John, vict. Moon Inn
18 Boughey Geo. schoolmaster
Buchannan Rev. Alex. Hy. Hales hall
7 Charles Eliz. paper manfr.
2 Churm Joseph, bailiff
1 Collier Mrs. Mary
7 Crutchley Charles, wheelwright
Dawes Lieut.-Col. Thos. Atherton, Almington hall
4 Green Wm. wheelwright
7 Griffith John, shoemaker
1 Harding Richd. timber mercht.
Harding Wingfield, Esq. Old Springs
4 Jervis Hy. joiner & cabt. mkr.
19 Jervis John, shopkeeper
7 Lutner Thomas, blacksmith
Sillitoe Purney, Esq. Pellwall hs.
19 Tebbitts Thos. vict. Red Bull
Twemlow Thos. Esq. Peatswood

Farmers.

10 Beardmore James
11 Duckers Ts.
3 Dunn Saml.
3 Evison Wm.
15 Highfield Jno.
20 Hill Joseph
7 Jones Henry
7 Jones John
7 Jones Wm.
3 Lear ——
6 Leighton Geo. (crate wood mercht.)
5 Leighton Jno.
8 Lewis Wm.
9 Minor Walter
13 Minor Wm.
14 Moreton Ts.
16 Mountford Richard
12 Plant Wm.
22 Smith Rd.
21 Smith Rd.
22 Sutton Thos.
18 Taylor Rd.
17 Timmis Ts.
22 Whilton Ts.

ECCLESHALL PARISH is one of the largest and most fertile parochial districts in Staffordshire. It extends from 5 to 11 miles N.W. of Stafford, and comprises within its ample limits the seat of the Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, with many other handsome villas; the market town of Eccleshall, and a considerable number of hamlets and scattered houses; containing together 4471 inhabitants, and upwards of 24,000 acres of land, swelling into bold undulations, highly cultivated and well clothed with wood, and divided into 21 townships, which

support their poor conjointly, except Chapel and Hill Chorlton, which maintain their poor separately from the rest of the parish, which is divided into four *quarters*, for each of which an overseer is appointed annually, to collect the poor rates, &c.; but a managing overseer and a head constable are also appointed for the whole. The *Bishop* is lord of the MANOR, and holds a COURT LEET twice a year, to receive the amercements, &c. of the cottagers, who have enclosed land from the wastes, and an acknowledgment of one penny from every householder, whether a freeholder or not. The *officers* appointed by the jury of the court leet held in April, are 2 constables, 4 headboroughs, and a clerk of the market for Eccleshall, and one headborough for each of the twenty out-townships. Eccleshall forms one quarter, and the other townships are annexed to the other three quarters, as enumerated in the following list, which shows the *population* of each in 1831 :—

TOWNSHIPS.	POP.
Eccleshall.....	1285
In Cotes Quarter.	
Aspley	26
Chatcull.....	66
Cotes.....	261
Cold Meece ..	60
Mill Meece ..	126
Slindon.....	135

TOWNSHIPS.	POP.
In Woodland Quarter.	
Gerrard's Bromley	36
Broughton ch.	25
Charnes.....	79
Croxton.....	836
Podmore	59
Sugnall Magna	130
Sugnall Parva	61
Three Farms..	67

TOWNSHIPS.	POP.
In Horsley Quarter.	
Horsley*	491
Pershall	100
Walton.....	92
Wootton	150
Chapel Chorlton	251
Hill Chorlton ..	135

* *Offley Hay*, an extensive unenclosed common, is in Horsley township.

☞ The whole parish is now in the *North Division of Pirehill*, but by the changes advertised by the county magistrates, in January, 1834, Eccleshall, Pershall, Walton, and Wootton townships, will be annexed to the *South Division* of that Hundred.

ECCLESHALL is a small but ancient and well built market town, pleasantly situated in a picturesque valley, on the south side of a small stream, which flows eastward to the Sow; 7 miles N.W. by W. of Stafford, and 6 miles S.W. of Stone. Of late years it has been somewhat improved, by the erection of new buildings on the sites of old ones, and by the extension of its *market*, which is held every Friday, and is well supplied with corn and provisions. It has also four annual *cattle fairs*, held on the Thursday before Mid-lent Sunday, on Holy Thursday, on August 16th, and on the first Friday in November. The feast or *wake* is on Trinity Sunday. Many of the inhabitants are shoemakers, employed by the manufacturers at Stone. A correspondent of Pitt, carries back the antiquity of Eccleshall to the year A.D. 60, when Vespasian, the general of a Roman army then in Britain, is said to have built a town or fort here, which, from a Roman standard flying on its battlements, was called "*Eagle's Hall.*" The same authority says, the temple of Jove, built here by the Romans, was afterwards

consecrated as a Christian church, which was rebuilt in 661, but was destroyed 9 years afterwards by *Wulfere, King of Mercia*, who, in 670, "while at his castle at Uttoxeter, was informed that his two sons, Ulfred and Rufin, under pretence of hunting, were gone to Eccleshall, to Bishop Chad, to be baptised and instructed in the Christian religion. The King, being instigated by his concubine Werebode, hastened to Eccleshall, and finding his sons in the church in divine contemplation, he slew them both with his own hand, and then destroyed the edifice. Queen Erminilda, the mother of the two royal martyrs, took their bodies and buried them in a certain place not far from Eccleshall, and built a monastery over them; and, from the great quantity of stones collected for this building, the place was called Stones, now Stone, a market town in this county. King Wulfere afterwards repented, rebuilt Eccleshall church, and all others which he had destroyed, and was very favourable to the Christians, but died without an heir. His brother Etheldred succeeded him in his kingdom; then Eccleshall began to flourish, and became so famous and populous that it had five parish churches and two chapels in it. This prosperity continued nearly three centuries and a half; but a sudden reverse took place in the year 1010, when the Danes laid Eccleshall town and castle, and all its churches, in ashes by fire. It lay in ruins till 1090, when Elias de Jantonice, prebend of Eccleshall, rebuilt the old church, and dedicated it to the Holy Trinity." The CHURCH is said to have been again renovated by Bishop Clinton. It is a large and handsome fabric, with a lofty tower, in which are six bells and a clock.—The chancel and the north side, being much decayed, were rebuilt in 1829, the former at the expense of the impropriators, except the large and beautiful stained glass window, which was purchased by subscription. This church is remarkable as the place where Queen Margaret was concealed after the battle of Blore Heath, (see p. 32.) It is neatly pewed with oak, and contains several monuments of the former bishops, and of the Bosville family, who resided in the ancient mansion of *Bianu*, which has long been occupied as a farm house. The church is a *prebendary*, enjoyed by the bishop, who is also patron of the benefice, which is a discharged *vicarage*, said to be worth about £200 per annum, having been augmented by Queen Anne's Bounty, &c. The Rev. Henry Moore, M.A. is the present vicar. H. S. Belcombe, M.D. of York; F. H. Northen, M.D. of Newcastle; and W. B. Meeke, Esq. of the Brooms, near Stone; married the three coheiresses of the late Vernon Cotton, Esq., and are joint lessees of the tithes, under a deed executed by a former bishop. In the town is an old *Independent Chapel*, of which the Rev. John Ball is minister.

ECCLESHALL CASTLE, which has long been the seat of the successive Bishops of Lichfield and Coventry, stands at a short

distance from the town, surrounded by a beautiful lawn and pleasure grounds, and embosomed in a thriving grove, said to have been planted by Bishop Hough. The building, by frequent additions and alterations, has long since lost its castellated character, and has now the appearance of a modern mansion, with a long extended front; but behind it are the remains of a large ivy-mantled tower, which was undoubtedly part of the ancient fortress, which was founded at a very early period, but by whom history does not inform us. About the year 1200, however, we find Bishop Muschamp empowered by a license from King John, "to make a park here, and embattle the castle." About the year 1300, Walter de Langton, Bishop of Lichfield and Lord High Treasurer of England, completely rebuilt the castle; but it does not appear to have been much used by his successors till 1695, when the whole south front having been renewed by Bishop Lloyd, it became the principal episcopalace of the diocese, as it still continues. The latter renovation was after it had received considerable damage in the civil wars of Charles I. (see p. 33,) when it stood several sieges against the Parliamentary forces, but was ultimately compelled to surrender. The late bishop, Dr. James Cornwallis, likewise contributed greatly to the ornament of this residence, and drained all the ground in its immediate neighbourhood. The *manor* of Eccleshall is of great extent, and was the property of the bishops as early as the Norman Conquest. In 1650, Camden says it was sold, by order of Parliament, for £14,224.—The soil now belongs to a number of proprietors, but the bishop is still one of the principal land owners, and is lord of the manor. The BISHOP'S WOODS, which are situated on the west side of the parish, upwards of four miles from Eccleshall, and adjoining to Shropshire, contain about 1500 acres, thickly planted with trees and underwood; and large quantities of the latter are cut annually, and sent to the Potteries for the use of the crate makers. About a mile W. of the town is the HOUGH, a farm belonging to the bishop, but which, for many centuries, has been held on lease by the family of Blest, at the head of whose lease is the following couplet:—

> "While the ivy is green and the holly is rough,
> This is a lease for the Blest of the Hough."

Eccleshall GRAMMAR SCHOOL, which is kept in repair by the parish, and was rebuilt about 1760, is endowed with the dividends of £70. 14s. 6d. three per cent. consolidated annuities, purchased with £50 left by Robert Minors. In 1821, the Rev. John Henry Powell bequeathed all his personal property, (about £800,) after the death of his wife and three other persons, who have successive life interests therein, to the Bishop of Lichfield and the vicar of Eccleshall, in trust, to pay the interest half yearly to the master of this school, on condition that the said master shall be a clergyman of the Established Church, to be appointed by the vicar and approved by the bishop.—The school has not yet come into possession of this legacy, as some

of the persons having a life interest in it are still living; and after their decease, 14 years' interest is to accumulate before the school enjoys the annual proceeds. In 1740, John Jervis, of Darlaston, in consideration of £100 left by Wm. Jervis, charged his land at Chatcull with the yearly payment of £5, for teaching poor children of Eccleshall parish, but it has never been paid. At present, only one free scholar is admitted, in consideration of the first benefaction. The old school is supposed to have been built by the parishioners, in the reign of Elizabeth. The *National School*, in High-street, was built for an Independent chapel, but was purchased for its present use by the bishop, at the cost of about £400. It now affords education to about 200 children.

BENEFACTIONS *to the poor*.—In 1612, Sir John Pershall bequeathed the right of pasturage for 16 poor persons' cows, on 32 acres of land called the *Poor Folks' Pasture*, from Lady-day to Michaelmas. This right has been commuted, for a yearly payment of £3 each to 16 of the poorest inhabitants of Eccleshall. In 1708, Sir Chas. Skrymsher left £10 per annum to Horsley quarter, for apprenticing one poor boy, to be paid out of an estate at Norbury, now belonging to the Earl of Lichfield. In 1688, Henry Bennett, of Broughton, gardener, bequeathed to Sir Bryan Broughton, £800, in trust, to pay £20 yearly for apprenticing poor children of Croxton township, and £20 yearly to the chaplain of Broughton. In 1794, these annuities were charged on the manor of Broughton, and lands in Charnes and Wettwood, now belonging to Sir John Delves Broughton. In 1672, Katherine Yonge, by her nuncupative will, left £125, for the yearly payment of £5. 5s. for teaching poor children in Charnes, and 20s. to be given to the poor in bread at *Charnes Chapel*, on Good Friday. These annuities are now paid by Weston Yonge, Esq. of Charnes Hall; the former to a schoolmaster at Croxton, for teaching 8 children of Woodland quarter; and the latter, with an addition of 20s., is now distributed in sixpences to 84 poor people. The following charities are lost, viz. £10 left by Elizabeth Francis; £300 by Eliz. Broughton; and £900 by the Rev. Mr. Leech, in 1777. The latter was lost by the bankruptcy of Wm. Garmston, the donor's executor. The poor of *Chorlton chapelry* have 10s. yearly in bread, left by Geo. Broom, in 1780, out of six houses at Hanley.

COTES is a small village, 4 miles N. by E. of Eccleshall, and gives name to that *quarter* of the parish, which includes the small hamlets and townships of ASPLEY, on a lofty summit, 3 miles N. by W.; CHATCULL, 5 miles N.; COLD and MILL MEECH, 3 miles N.N.E.; and SLINDON, 2 miles N. of Eccleshall. Cotes is the property of John Cotes, Esq. M.P., but the other hamlets belong to a number of proprietors.

HORSLEY is an extensive township of scattered houses, giving name to the southern *quarter* of the parish, in which are the small hamlets and townships of PERSHALL, one mile W.; WALTON, one mile S.E.; and WOOTTON, one mile S. of Eccleshall. *Pershall* was the ancient seat of Robert, son of Gilbert, younger son of R. de Corbeiul, a Norman, who followed the fortune of the Conqueror, and held the manor of Pershall, with its appurtenances, from Robert de Stafford, by the service of a knight's fee. Hence his descendants, laying aside their own name, assumed that of Pershall. One of them, John

Pershall, of Horsley, was created a baronet by James I. In the last century, the manor of Pershall passed to the Earl of Breadalbane, in marriage with the daughter and heiress of the last Sir Thos. Pershall; but it now belongs to a number of proprietors. In Horsley is JOHNSON HALL, one mile S. of Eccleshall, the handsome seat of John Murhall Crockett, Esq.; and within two miles further to the south-west, is the extensive tract of unenclosed land called OFFLEY HEY; and the hamlets of GARMELOW and COTMERE, the latter of which is so called from a pool or lake of 50 acres, belonging to the bishop. Near Wootton is a high paved road, which Dr. Plott regarded as a Roman *via vicinalis*.

BROUGHTON, a small village and chapelry, 5 miles N.W. by W. of Eccleshall, is in the western or *Woodland quarter* of the parish, so called from its proximity to the Bishop's Woods, and the ancient forest of Blore. This quarter includes the hamlets of GERRARD'S BROMLEY, the property of Hugo Charles Meynell, Esq. 6 miles N.W.; CHARNES, 4¼ miles N.W.; CROXTON, a large village on a steep declivity, 3¼ miles N.W.; PODMORE, on an eminence, 6 miles N.W.; SUGNALL MAGNA and PARVA, 2¼ miles N.W.; and THREE FARMS, from one to two miles N. of Eccleshall. In the latter township are, *Ankerton*, the seat of Wm. Addison, Esq.; *Baden Hall*, now a farm house; *The Hills*, the seat of Rd. Alsop, Esq.; and *Brockton House*, the property of Wm. Moore, Esq. *Broughton Chapel* is a small neat building, with an ancient stained glass window. The living is a curacy, in the gift of Sir John Delves Broughton, Bart., and incumbency of the Rev. Henry Delves Broughton, M.A., who resides in *Broughton Hall*, an ancient mansion of the Elizabethan era, surrounded with plantations, clumps, and shady spreading trees, particularly sycamores. *Charnes Hall* is the pleasant seat of Weston Yonge, Esq.; and near it stood *Charnes Chapel*, of which nothing now remains but the foundation. In *Croxton*, the bishop has 500 acres of wood, and the *Golden Hill Farm*, but *Blore Pike* and the *White Farms* belong to Earl Cornwallis, son of the late Bishop of Lichfield; and the *Fair Oak Farms*, to Addison Deakin, Esq. *Sugnall Hall*, a neat cemented mansion, with a fine prospect to the south, is the seat of Rd. Hodges, Esq.

CHORLTON chapelry contains the neighbouring villages and joint townships of *Chapel and Hill Chorlton*, seated on an eminence, 6 miles N. by W. of Eccleshall, and containing together 386 inhabitants, and 1863A. 2R. 11P. of land, of which the Rev. Henry Delves Broughton is the principal owner, and lord of the manor; but Messrs. Joseph and Hugh Brittain, and some others, have estates here. The *Chapel*, dedicated to St. Lawrence, was rebuilt in 1827, at the cost of £800, raised by subscription, and a grant from the New Church Society. The living is a curacy, in the patronage of the bishop, and incum-

bency of the Rev. Fearon Jenkinson, of Gnosall; for whom the Rev. Robt. Wedgwood officiates. Near Hill Chorlton is a small Primitive Methodist chapel.

ECCLESHALL DIRECTORY.

POST-OFFICE, High street, George Barnett, Post Master. Letters from London arrive at 20 minutes past 1 noon, and are despatched on the arrival of the letters from Chester at 1 noon.

The CONTRACTIONS are *Cst. for Castle street; Chs. Church street; Chn. Chebsey lane; Crn. Cerry lane; Hfr. Horse fair; Hst. High street; Sst. Stafford street: and Sln. Small lane.*

Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, Eccleshall castle (see p. 87.)
Adderton Miss Ann, High street
Aston Mrs. Margaret, High st.
Ball Rev. John, (Indpt.) High st.
Barlow John, gent. Stafford st.
Blakeman Mr. Thos. Chebsey ln.
Blest John, yeoman, Hough
Burgess Mr. Richard, Small lane
Butterton John Wm. solr. Hst.
Clinton Wm. currier and leather cutter, High street
Cordwell Wm. governor of the Workhouse, Butts
Daniel John, farmer, Benton
Dawson John, asst. overseer, Sst.
Deakin Addison, gent. Church st.
Dix Wm. fruiterer, Stafford st.
Dymmock John, gent. High st.
Ellesmere Eliphelet, nursery and seedsman, Stafford street
Evison Mr. Thomas, Stafford st.
Ford James, excise officer, Cst.
Gough Wm. gent. Church street
Hadderton Geo. Esq. Acton hall
Hobson Mr. Francis, Stafford st.
Lycett John, farmer, Pool house
Machin Wm. land bailiff, Chs.
Martin Mr. Thomas, Church lane
Mather Edw. hair dresser, Cst.
Meakin Mrs. Ann, Castle street
Moore Rev. Henry, M. A. vicar
Oldfield Geo. excise officer, Cst.
Pickin James, farmer, Horse fair
Roberts Miss Sarah, High street
Smith Thos. yeoman, Horse fair
Swift Henry, builder, High street
Talbot Mr. Thomas, High street
Thompson Wm. farmer, High st.
Tunnicliff John, tanner, Chn.
Walters Mr. Joseph, Chebsey ln.
Wilkinson Mrs. Eliz. High street
Williams Mrs. Louisa, organist, &c. High street
Yates John, farmer, Sturbridge

Academies.
Devereux Sar. (bdg.) Castle street
Grammar, Thomas Martin, High st.
National, High street, John Williams, and Catherine Parton
Wood Jas. (clasl. and coml. bdg.) Hst.

Bakers, &c.
Blakeman Wltr. Hst.
Bradshaw John (constable) High street
Millington Jas. Hst.

Blacksmiths.
Adams Thomas, Cst.
Cheadle Wm. Cst.

Bookseller, &c.
Goodall John (printer & library) High st.

Boot and Shoemakers.
Bagnall John, Hst.
Crutchley Jas. Chn.
Fennes James, Hst.
Forrester Wm. Sst.
Keen Thos. High st.
Key Thomas, Crn.
Nixon Samuel, Chn.
Oldbury Chas. Crn.
Talbot John, High st.

Bricklayers.
Emery Matthw. Hst.
Emery Samuel, Crn.
Emery Wm. Castle st.
Mellor Wm. High st.
Stubbs Geo. High st.
Ward Joseph, Pinfold bank

Butchers.
Cartwright Samuel, High street
Hart Daniel, Sst.
Jervis Rd. High st.
Talbot Rt. Horse fair

Chemists & Druggists.
Barnett Samuel and Co. High street
Walley Wm. High st.

Coopers.
Blakeman Edw. Sst.
Jervis George, Hst.
Jervis Thomas, Hst.

Dress makers.
Nixon Margaret, Chn.
Shaney Eliz. Sst.

Wilkinson Sar. Hst.
Grocers, Ironmongers, & Tallow Chandlers.
Dymmock Rd. Hst.
Green Edw. High st.
Jackson Wm. High st.
Keen Wm. High st.
Kenderdine Thomas, High st. (& Stone)
Inns and Taverns.
Blue Bell, Stephen Keeling, High st.
Crown, James Brinsley, High street
George and Dragon, Mat. Wallers, Cst.
King's Arms Inn, Joanna Wright Tagg, Stafford street
King's Head, Thomas Titley, High street
Red Lion, Mary Bayley, High street
Royal Oak Inn (posting) James Hodgkinson, High st.
Swan, Charlotte Jervis, Horse fair
Beer Houses.
Blakeman Wltr. Hst.
Jervis Thomas, Hst.
Mellor Wm. High st.
Sale Wm. High st.
Ironmongers.
Keen Wm. High st.
Robins Wm. (brazier, &c.) Hst. & Stone
Joiners, &c.
Addison Wm. Hst.
Bradbury Wm. (and weighing machine mfr.) Stafford st.
Espley John, Sst.
Linen and Woollen Drapers.
Barnett George (and stamp office) Hst.
Lycett Francis, Cst.
Merry John, High st.
Painter Vernon, Hst.
Pidgeon Wm. Hst.
Maltsters.
Brinsley James, Hst.
Cartwright Sml. Hst.
Henshaw Jph. High st. (and Stafford)
Norris Wm. Cht.
Tagg Joanna W. Sst.
Yates Samuel Hst.
Plumbrs. Painters, &c.
Sale Wm. High st.
Waples Mary Cst.
Saddlers.
Edge Wm. High st.
Thomas Lewis, Hst.
Surgeons.
Greatrex Christopher John, Stafford st.
Rice John, High st.
Swift George, Cht.
Tailors.
Emery John, Cst.
Simcock Thos. Hst.
Simpson Richd. Hst.
Smith Charles, Cst.
Warham Wm. Hst.
Timber Merchants.
Espley John, Sst.
Tansley Thos. Hst.
Turner Henry, Chn.
Watch & Clock mkrs.
Clinton Richard, Sst.
Corker Thomas, Hst.
Wheelwrights.
Barrett Thos. Chn.
Woolrich Thos. Sst.
Wine & Spirit Mert.
Yates Saml. High st.
Wood Turners and Chair makers.
Millward James and Stephen, Pinfold bk.
Millward John, Cst.

COACHES.

Passengers and parcels are booked for the *London & Chester Mails*, at the *Post Office*. (See p. 636.)

The *Paul Pry* from the King's Arms to Newcastle, ½ p. 10 mng. and to Shrewsbury 4 afternoon.

CARRIERS.

To Newport and Stone, (King's Arms Inn,) Chas. Keeling, Mon. Wed. and Fri. and Crown Inn, Peter Hampson, Friday.

To Stafford, John Millward, Castle st. Sat. 8. mng. and to Stone Tues. 8 mng.

To Stone and Market Drayton, (George and Dragon) John Turner, Tuesday.

COTES DIVISION.

Those marked 1 *reside at Aspley,* 2 *Chatcull,* 3 *Foxley,* 4 *Cold Meece,* 5 *Cotes,* 6 *Cotes Marsh,* 7 *Mill Meece,* 8 *Birch house, in Mill Meece, and* 9 *at Slindon.*

4 Alsop Richard, corn miller
Astbury John, gent. Meece house
9 Aston John, gent.
9 Boulton Thomas, wheelwright
2 Bowers Thomas, machine mkr.
5 Clarke Peter, weaver & bag mkr.
Cliff Thomas, blacksmith
Cradock Rd. gent. Aspley house
9 Gibbs Miss Elizabeth.
7 Hawley John, vict. Holly Bush
4 Hazeldine Thomas, millwright
9 Lawton John, shoemaker
Monte Mrs. Mary, Cotes hall
9 Moore John, Red Lion, beer hs
7 Stringer Benjamin, shoemaker
9 Swinnerton Thos. blacksmith
7 Taylor Sampson, blacksmith
9 Tildesley Mr. Thomas
7 Wallers Jph. jun. corn miller
6 Worrall James, bricklayer

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yeomen*

5 Alsop Edward
2 Barlow Ann
2 * Barlow Jno.
9 Glover Geo

9 Glover John
5 Hadley Edw.
7 Hawley Jas.
9 Hawley Jph.
4 Jenkinson Jn.
4 Jones John
9 * Keen John
2 Lindop John
7 Manley Wm.
7 Peake John
2 Peake Thos.
9 * Pickin And.
8 * Pye Moab
2 Reynolds Ths.
5 Robinson Pet.
1 Summerfield Moses & Wm.
9 * Swinwood George
9 Tildesley Ths.
7 Wallers Jph.
9 Wallers Thos.
5 Wild Thos.
9 Williams Jno.
9 * Williams Wm. (& road surveyor)
5 Wood George

HORSLEY DIVISION.

Those marked 1 *reside at Bank house,* 2 *Bran farm,* 3 *Cotmere,* 4 *Cotmere end,* 5 *Dairy house,* 6 *Ebon ash,* 7 *Elford hill,* 8 *Garmelow,* 9 *Horsley,* 10 *Rice barn,* 11 *Oncote,* 12 *Pershall,* 13 *Walton,* 14 *Walton bank,* 15 *Walton hurst,* 16 *Wootton,* 17 *Cash, and* 18 *Offley hey.*

12 Addison George, maltster
13 Addison Thomas, gentleman
Beech Rd. Esq. Wootton house
7 Blest Mrs. Margaret
13 Blurton Edw. gent. Fieldhouse
12 Clark James, yeoman
9 Crockett John Murhall, Esq. Johnson hall
7 Emery Saml. mason & beer hs.
16 Hadderton Geo. Esq. Acton hill
8 Hughes Humphrey, beer hs.
12 Key Robert, shoemaker
8 Johnson John, cow leech
12 Johnson Mrs. Mary
Lander Geo. gent. Walton villa
12 Millington Geo. shoemaker & beer house
3 Simms James, brick maker
12 Talbot John, shoemaker
8 Talbot Wm. shoemaker
8 Whitaker Saml. mole catcher & shopkeeper
3 Wilcox Thomas, schoolmaster
4 Woodhouse Jno. vict. Rsng. Sun

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*

13 Addison Jno.
16 Ansill Simon
4 Bayley John
5 Blackband Jp.
1 Boughey Ms.
9 * Buckley Jn.
16 Clarke John
* Croydon Edw.
18 * Gardner Jn.
Gardner Wm.
14 Hampton Geo
7 Hart Richard
17 Hawkins Jno.
16 Hawley Thos
17 Jackson Geo.
15 Key Wm.
16 * Leigh Wm.
3 Lycett Joseph
12 Moore Hy.
12 * Nicholls My.
12 * Simkin Jno.
12 Simkin Wm.
16 Slack Eliz.
11 Tagg John
16 Wakefield Jsh
12 * Williams Jph
2 Williams Thos.
9 Yates Samuel
13 Yates Thos.

WOODLAND DIVISION.

Marked 1 *reside at Croxton,* 2 *Blackwaters,* 3 *Blore pike,* 4 *Fair oak,* 5 *Golden hill,* 6 *Greatwood,* 7 *Langate lane,* 8 *Offley brook,* 9 *Outlands,* 10 *Pennyquart well,* 11 *Wetwood,* 12 *Whitefarm,* 13 *Wood farm,* 14 *Woodwall green,* 15 *Bromley,* 16 *Broughton,* 17 *Charnes,* 18 *Whittington,* 19 *Podmore,* 20 *Sugnall Magna,* 21 *Sugnall Parva,* 22 *Three farms.*

22 Addison Wm. Esq. Ankerton
22 Alsop Rd. Esq. The Hills
9 Adams Andrew, huckster
4 Adams George, beer house
21 Amsell Thomas, sawyer
8 Arkinstall John, corn miller
2 Austin David, maltster
1 Austin Wm. weaver
1 Bagnall James, butcher
1 Barlow Abraham, gentleman
1 Bradbury Saml. shoemkr. & b.h.
Bradshaw Jas. gent. Croxton bank
20 Broster John, blacksmith
Broughton Rev. Hy. Delves, M.A. Broughton hall
18 Caddy Charles, blacksmith
1 Corns Andrew, miller & grocer
11 Davenhall Thos. blacksmith
21 Deakin Ish. miller & maltster
20 Glover John, wheelwright
2 Glover Wm. wheelwright
1 Goodall Thomas, butcher
22 Hadderton, Jas. gt. Field cross
21 Hawkins James, butcher
Hodges Rd. Esq. Sugnall hall
4 Holland Thomas, shopkeeper
2 Johnson James, tailor
20 Jones George, yeoman
20 Madeley Thomas, tailor
8 Matthews James, joiner
22 Moore Wm. Esq. Brockton house, & Wichdon lodge
20 Ousman Thomas, butcher
20 Ousman Mr. Wm.



1 Parker James, mason
2 Peake Thos. vict. Yonge's Arms
17 Plant Wm. joiner
9 Pool Thomas, shoemaker
21 Roper Wm. pig jobber
14 Shelly James, maltster
1 Shelly —, wheelwright
21 Smith Joseph, shoemaker
11 Smith Thomas, shoemaker
14 Steel James, corn miller
Sutton Thomas, woodman, Park house, Bishop's woods
2 Swettenham John, shopkeeper
20 Swinnerton Miss Mary
8 Turner Samuel, blacksmith
20 Vyse Charles, tailor
17 Wilcock Michael, cow leech
11 Williams John, shopkeeper
Yonge Weston, Esq. Charnes hall

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yeomen.*

4 Adams Geo.
2 Ashley Thos.
4 Atkin Thos.
10 Barlow Jno.
7 Blagg Wm.
20 Booth Ralph
20 Bould Wm.
1 * Brooks Jno. Rusytree
5 Butler Simon, Tildesley
17 Cooper John
14 * Cooper Saml & John
22 Dent James
16 Dunn Geo.
4 Fox Acton
17 Gibbs Chas.
13 Goodall Jas.
13 Goodall Rt.
8 * Heath Wm.
13 Holland Ths.
13 Holland Wm.
6 * Jackson Jno.
18 Johnson Abm
4 Johnson Danl.
20 Jones Geo.
21 Key John
22 Lunt Randle
1 * Millington Ts
21 Pilsbury Rd.
1 * Plant Mrs.
1 Plant Michl.
6 Plant Thomas
21 Plant Wm.
13 Sharrod Edw.
1 Shelley James
15 Shorthose Ts.
11 Silvester Jas.
11 Simcock Thos
19 Steel Joseph
4 Thomas Geo.
18 Timmis Jno.
20 Vaughan Hy.
19 Washington Mrs.
19 * Whittington Wm.
21 Williams Ml.
17 Williams Ts.
21 * Woodhouse John
7 Wright Sarah

CHORLTON CHAPELRY.

Those marked 1 reside at Baldinggate, 2 Chapel Chorlton, 3 Hill Chorlton, & 4 Stableford Bridge.

2 Adderley Mrs. Hannah
Beech Charles, corn miller
3 Birkin Thomas, chapel clerk
2 Brittain Hugh & Joseph, gents.
2 Green Daniel, wheelwright
2 Grocott Mr. Joseph
3 Hares Samuel, butcher
1 Mitchell John, shopkeeper
2 Peake John, boarding school
4 Pepper Moses, blacksmith
4 Rhead Rd. vict. Fighting Cocks
3 Salmon Thomas, farmer
3 Stanley Joseph, farmer
2 Turner Wm. junior & senior, farmers
2 White Hall, butcher, (& Newcastle)

ELLENHALL is a village and parish 2 miles S. of Eccleshall, including several good modern houses, 286 inhabitants, & 1760 acres of land, of which the Earl of Lichfield is lord and owner, having purchased the manor about 27 years ago, from one of the descendants of the Harcourts, who had obtained it by marrying the heiress of the ancient family of the Noels, whose hall here is now occupied by a farmer, and from whom descended the Noels of Hilcote, in this county, and those of Ridlington, in Rutlandshire, who were raised to the peerage in 1617, but are now extinct. The *Church*, dedicated to St. Mary, is a perpetual curacy, now enjoyed by the Rev. Wm. Hickin, of Gnosall.—In the following *Directory*, those marked * are at *Broad Heath*, and † in *Ellenhall Park*.

Addison Thomas, gent.
Bagnall Thos. bsmith. & p. clerk
* Bates Charles, shoemaker
* Baxter John, gent.
* Eccleston Wm. shoemaker
Silvester John, shopkeeper
Taylor Richard, tailor, Marsh
* Tildesley Wm. shoemaker

FARMERS.

Dean Eliz.	† Hill Thos.	† Steele Richd.	Webb John
Hall John (& overseer)	Riley James, Sigersley	† Taylor Wm. Walters Wm.	Whittingham Wm.

GAYTON is a scattered village, on an eminence, 1 mile N. of Weston-upon-Trent, and 6 miles N.W. of Stafford; commanding a fine view of Sandon obelisk, the plantations of the Earl of Harrowby, and the picturesque ruins of Chartley castle; and near it run two rivulets of clear water. Its parish contains 296 inhabitants, and 1475A. 2R. 26P. of fertile, loamy land, of which Earl Ferrers is the principal owner, lord of the manor, and impropriator of the tithes. The *Church*, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, was rebuilt about a century ago, and appears to have been much larger, for it is said that an ancient tomb, now in the church-yard, with a recumbent effigy of one of the Ferrers family upon it, was formerly in one of the aisles. The living is a curacy, now enjoyed by the incumbent of Stowe, both livings being only worth about £120 per annum. Near the Church is *Meat House*, the property of John Fitzgerald, Esq.; and at the distance of 1 mile W. is *Hartley Green*, a hamlet of five farms. The parish has 50s. yearly for the poor out of Mill-field, left by John Heath, in 1724; and the interest of £40, for schooling four poor children, bequeathed by George Brown, in 1792. The *wake* is on the nearest Sunday to St. Peter's day.

Marked 1 *reside at Hartley Green, and* 2 *Wetmore.*

Dix John, blacksmith
Fowell John, joiner
Fradley Francis, butcher
Greatholders Thos. shopkeeper
Halden Wm. watchmaker
Meeson Mary & Jane, tailors
Mills Joshua, vict. & shopkeeper, Wheat Sheaf
Morris Thos. & Edw. wheelwgts.
Robinson Nathaniel, gent.
Spencer George, shopkeeper
Swain John, shoemaker
Tabbernor John, corn miller
Ward Bryan, shoemaker
Whittington Rev. Hy. B.A. curate
Willcock Mr. Edward
Willcock Edw. jun. beer house
Wyatt John, parish clerk
Yeardley James, wheelwright

FARMERS.

Arthars Mary
Bould Thomas
1 Foster Wm.
2 Fox Edward
1 Hollins John
Kendrick Edw.
1 Mather Jas.
Mellor Hugh
1 Millington Ann
Phillips Joseph
1 Phillips Thos.
Shaw Joseph
Stubbs Wm.
Virtue Joseph

HIGH OFFLEY, so called from its elevated situation, upon a bold eminence, 4 miles S.W. of Eccleshall, is a scattered village, commanding an extensive prospect, and comprising within its parish 759 inhabitants, and about 2700 acres of land, including the hamlets of *Shebden* and *Woodseaves*. Miss Theodosia Hinckes is lady of the *manor*, which for many generations was held by the Skrymsher family; but a great part of the soil belongs to other proprietors, the largest of whom is T. Cartwright, Esq. From the foundation of a Roman road, traceable

in the fields a little north of the church, and from great numbers of Roman coins, bricks, armour, fragments of pottery, &c. having been dug up on the side of the hill south of the churchyard, it has been conjectured that the Roman station, *Mediolanum*, was at High Offley. The *Church* is an ancient Gothic fabric, neatly pewed with oak. It has an excellent organ, which was given by John Salmon, Esq. of London, a native of this parish. The benefice is a *vicarage*, with 100 acres of glebe, but the *tithes* belong to the *prebendary of Offley*, in Lichfield Cathedral, and are held in lease by Sir J. D. Broughton. The Bishop is patron of the vicarage, and the Rev. H. Berkin is the incumbent. The parish receives £16 per annum from the *charities* named at page 501. The *wake* is on the nearest Sunday to the Assumption.

SHEBDEN, or *Shebdon*, is a hamlet and large estate, occupying the south-western and lower side of the parish, extending to Batchacre, in Adbaston parish, and was, till the enclosure in 1809, mostly an extensive waste, abounding in peat, and having two large *pools*, which Plott notices as being, in his time, the resort of great numbers of *pewits*. HILL HALL, 1¼ mile W. of High Offley, is a large and handsome mansion, covered with cement, and is the seat and property of Thomas Cartwright, Esq., together with an estate of 500 acres, which was purchased of the late Rd. Whitworth, Esq. by the late John Walford, Esq, who built the hall, and greatly improved the land, by a very extensive system of under-draining, irrigation, &c., and by digging up the peat and burning it for manure. The Birmingham and Liverpool *Junction Canal* crosses this estate through an embankment 45 feet in height, and over three aqueduct bridges.

WOODSEAVES hamlet is 1 mile S.E. of High Offley.

Those marked 1 *reside at High Offley*, 2 *Kinsey*, 3 *Leewood Pitts*, 4 *Old Lea*, 5 *Oldershire*, 6 *Park Hall*, 7 *Shebden, and* 8 *Woodseaves.*

Berkin Rev. Henry, M.A. vicar
1 Bradbury James, vict. & bricklayer, Royal Oak
Cartwright Hy. gent. Park house
Cartwright Thos. Esq. Hill hall
7 Chapman Mr. Lancelot
1 Cork Samuel, wheelwright
1 Cox Wm. wheelwright
8 Eccleshall John, tailor
8 Felton John, shoemkr. & br.hs.
8 Felton Thomas, tailor
7 Goodwin Richard, shoemaker
8 Haywood Christopher, corn miller and grocer
8 Hudson Jph. shoemkr. & vict.
8 Lees Wm. shoemkr. & beer hs.
Lander John, corn merchant and miller, Manor house
8 Malpas Charles, cart owner
8 Martin George, shoemaker
8 Oakley John, shoemkr. & br. h.
7 Robinson John, beer house
1 Sillers Peter, schoolmaster
1 Swinnerton Fras. blacksmith
7 Swinnerton Geo. bsmith. & b.h.
8 Walker Wm. butcher

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yeomen.*

8 Bratton Rd.
1 *Ethell Thos.
4 Gilbert Chas.
1 Gilbert Isaac
8 Griffiths Jno.
6 * James Geo.
2 James James
3 James Saml.
1 James Wm.
7 Johnson Wm.
7 Kirby John, (& brick mkr.)
8 Plant Mattw.
8 Plant Thomas
1 Selman Jph.
5 Tunnicliff Ts.
1 Walker Gerard

INGESTRE, 4 miles E.N.E. of Stafford, is a hamlet and parish, containing 116 inhabitants, and about 1,100 acres of land, the whole of which belongs to, and is in the occupation of *Earl Talbot*, the lord of the manor, who resides here at INGESTRE HALL, a large ancient mansion, in the style of architecture which prevailed in the reign of Elizabeth, standing pleasantly on the declivity of a gentle eminence, in the midst of a verdant park of 300 acres, well stocked with deer and timber trees, and surrounded by 200 acres of thriving plantations, and about 600 acres of permanent grass in lawns and meadows, stretching eastward to the river Trent, and southward to Tixall parish. Behind the mansion, the hill is covered with a profusion of trees, among which rise numerous ancient oaks, of immense size. This wood forms part of the pleasure grounds, throughout which extend a great variety of noble walks, some of which terminate on the skirts of the wood, while others penetrate a considerable way beneath its umbrageous foliage. The garden, which contains seven acres, is furnished with every variety of fruit and vegetables; and on the north and west sides of the park is a fine tract of arable land, in the highest cultivation, extending into the manors of Hopton and Coton, (see page 141,) of which Earl Talbot is lord, so that his rich demesne produces an abundance of all the necessaries of life, as well as many of its luxuries. About twenty years ago, the hall was considerably altered and repaired, but not to such an extent as to obliterate the general features of the Elizabethan style. The body of the whole fabric is of brick, but the bows, or semicircular wings at each end, are of stone, adorned with pilasters.—The entrance is under a handsome lofty tower, which likewise projects from the rest of the edifice, and is surmounted by an elegant balustrade, similar to that which passes along the whole length of the front, several feet below this elevation. Rising from a base within this balustrade, is a small erection bearing a strong resemblance to an observatory, for which purpose it may have been used by its ancient proprietors. The interior of the house is magnificent, and the apartments furnished in a high style of elegance. Over the fire-place, in the great hall, is a portrait of Walter Chetwynd, Esq. in a large wig, and crossed by a rich sash. The *manor of Ingestre* anciently belonged to the family of *Mutton*, whose heiress carried it in marriage, in the reign of Edward III., to Sir John Chetwynd, whose descendants were created *Barons of Ingestre and Talbot*; and in the year 1784, John Chetwynd Talbot, who had previously succeeded his uncle, (William, Earl Talbot,) in the barony, was created Viscount Ingestre, co. of Stafford, and Earl Talbot, of Hensol, co. of Glamorgan. He was succeeded, in 1793, by his son, the present *Right Hon. Charles Chetwynd, Earl and Baron Talbot, Viscount Ingestre*, Lord *Lieutenant of Staffordshire, K.P., F.R., and A.S.*, who, in 1819, held the high office of

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. The *Parish Church*, near the south-east corner of the hall, is a small handsome fabric, dedicated to St. Mary, and built in 1676, by Walter Chetwynd, Esq. at a short distance from the old one, which was taken down, after the bones and memorials of the dead had been removed from it to the new edifice. At its consecration, the founder offered upon the altar the tithes of Hopton as an addition, for ever, to the *rectory*, which is now in the patronage of Earl Talbot, and incumbency of the Hon. and Rev. Arthur Chetwynd Talbot. The small *village of Ingestre* lies a little to the south-east of the church, and consists of a few neat cottages. At a short distance is *Hoo mill*, now employed by Messrs. Davenport, of Longport, in grinding flint. *Little Ingestre* is the residence of the Earl's land agent; and *Birch Hall*, a neat Swiss cottage, is occupied by his farming bailiff.

Earl Talbot, Ingestre hall
Talbot Hon. & Rev. A. C. rector
Broadhurst Joseph, tailor
Ginders Jeremiah, jun. farming agent, Birch hall
Ginders Jeremiah, land agent
Marsh John, house steward
Morley Stp. John, schoolmaster
Taylor James, gardener
Walklet Jno. manager, Hoo mill

KEELE is a small village and parish, 2¼ miles W. by S. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, containing 1130 inhabitants and about 2500 acres of land, most of which belongs to Ralph Sneyd, Esq. the lord of the manor, who has here extensive coal and iron works, and resides at *Keele Hall*, a large stone mansion, pleasantly seated half a mile S.E. of the village, on an eminence, overlooking a narrow, romantic, and well-wooded valley. This house has been the residence of the principal branch of the Sneyd family more than two centuries; and during the civil wars, Col. Ralph Sneyd had a small garrison here for the King, (see p. 33.) It was erected in 1581, but has since undergone many alterations. The late Walter Sneyd, Esq. erected a handsome new west front, which is embattled, and adorned with four octagon turrets. The lawn and pleasure grounds are embellished with flourishing groves and plantations, and on an eminence stands a neat summer house called the *Pavilion*, which commands extensive views of the surrounding country. The late *Walter Sneyd, Esq.* was many years Lieut.-Col. of the *King's Own, or Staffordshire Militia*, a distinction which the regiment acquired under his command, whilst stationed at Windsor, where it remained as a kind of body guard for upwards of 14 years, and where Colonel Sneyd received many marks of Royal favour, his Majesty condescending to become sponsor for one of his children. Keele CHURCH stands on a lofty summit at the east end of the village, and was rebuilt in 1790. It is an oblong structure, with an embattled parapet and tower, and is dedicated to St. John the Baptist. R. Sneyd, Esq. is impropriator of the tithes and patron of the curacy, which has been aug-

mented by subscription and Queen Anne's Bounty, and is now enjoyed by the Rev. George Styche, M.A.

SILVERDALE is a scattered village and district, on the north side of the parish, 2 miles W. of Newcastle, where Mr. Sneyd's coal and iron works are situated, and where there is a silk mill. FINNEY GREEN, on the south side of the parish, 1½ miles S.W. of Keele, is a hamlet, with a colliery belonging to Mr. Daniel Poole.

BENEFACTIONS.—Ralph Sneyd, Esq. of Keele Hall, pays £5. 10s. yearly, to be distributed among the poor on St. Thomas's day, and £5 to a school for the education of 12 poor girls. These payments are made as the interest of £255; of which £100 was left by Mrs. Sneyd, in 1698, for schooling poor children; £100 by Mrs. Ann Giles; and the remainder by six other donors. The following yearly sums are distributed in bread, viz. 4s. on Good Friday, from Abnet's charity, (see Audley;) 20s. on the nearest Sunday to Feb. 13, out of an estate at Dimsdale, left by Madam Brett; and 20s. on New Year's day, left by Samuel Whitehurst, "as long as the Nabbs' estate should be free from a parish apprentice."

Those marked 1 *reside at Bank top,* 2 *Finney green,* 3 *Heath end,* 4 *Highway,* 5 *Honey wall,* 6 *Knabbs,* 7 *Silverdale, and the others in Keele.*

Allman Wm. blacksmith
Cartledge John, gardener
Collier Ann, school mistress
Collier Wm. wheelwright
Cooper James, butcher
Cooper John, tailor and draper
Cooper Jph. vict. & parish clerk, Sneyd's crest
Dean Leonard, maltster
Hume Rev. Francis Peter
Mountford Wm. vict. Sneyd's Arms
7 Peake Saml. clerk to comrs. of taxes, & high constable for Pirehill North
7 Peake Saml. & Co. grocers and drapers
2 Poole Danl. colliery owner
Sharman John, shopkeeper
7 Sneyd Ralph, Esq. iron & coal master, & iron founder; & Keele hall
Statham John, tailor
Stevenson John, shoemaker
Styche Rev. Geo. M.A. curate
7 Thompson John Harrison and Co. silk throwsters
Timmis Josiah, tanner & maltster
Tomlinson Sampson, schoolmr.
Wedgwood Hy. Allen, Esq. barrister

FARMERS.

Booth Moses
1 Brayford Dnl.
3 Brown John
6 Cooper Geo.
Dean John
5 Goodall Thos.
Peake Thomas, West fields
2 Steele Geo.
4 Stubbs John
2 Worthington Samuel

MADELEY parish extends from 4 miles W. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, to the junction of Cheshire and Shropshire, and comprises a fertile but hilly district of 5670 acres, of which 1236 are arable, 3699 meadows and pastures, and 736 woodlands and plantations. It is divided into the two townships of *Madeley* and *Onneley*, the former of which contains 1004, and the latter 186 inhabitants; but they maintain their poor conjointly. The principal owners of the soil are the Earl of Wilton and the Hon. Elizabeth Emma Cunliffe Offley, the latter whom is lady of the *manor*, impropriator of the *tithes*, and patron of the vicarage of Madeley, and is, we believe, sister to

the late Lord Crewe, who was a descendant of the knightly family of Offley, who held this manor and Muccleston during several centuries, and intermarried with the Crewes. The Earl of Wilton is descended from the Egertons, who had long their principal residence here, and of them and the Offleys there are many monuments in the church.

GREAT MADELEY, the principal village in the parish, is seated in a narrow vale, on the Whitchurch road, 5 miles W. by S. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, and contains several good houses, the most remarkable of which is an old half-timbered dwelling, with the following quaint inscription on its front:—"16—*Walk knave, what look'st at.*—47." Close to the village is a large pool, which supplies a corn mill with water. The *Church*, dedicated to All Saints, is an ancient structure, with an embattled tower and six bells. It is a vicarage now enjoyed by the Rev. John Wm. Daltry, M.A. In the village are a small *Methodist Chapel*, built in 1831; an endowed *hospital*, and two *free schools;* and the parish has several *benefactions* for the poor.—About a mile to the N.E. is the hamlet of LITTLE MADELEY; to the west of which is the *Manor house*, a modern mansion lately erected by the Earl of Wilton, and now occupied by Lady Egerton, whose ancestors anciently occupied *Wrine-hill Hall*, now a farm house, on the west side of the parish, adjoining to Cheshire. At *Leysett*, 2 miles N. of Great Madeley, is a colliery, with a farm and a few cottages.

ONNILEY, or *Onneley*, is a pleasant hamlet and township, 1½ mile S.W. of Great Madeley. It belongs to the Earl of Wilton and several other freeholders. About 1½ mile to the S.E. is *Madeley Park*, an extensive wood, with a neat mansion occupied by Edward Proud, Esq. Madeley *wake* is on the nearest Sunday to Nov. 6th, or on that date when it falls on a Sunday.

Madeley FREE SCHOOLS, for boys and girls, were built in 1645, pursuant to the will of Sir John Offley, who endowed them with two yearly rent charges, viz. £40 for the master and £20 for the mistress, to be paid out of lands at Upper and Nether Thornhills, now belonging to Lady Offley. All the children of the parish of Madeley and of the township of Muccleston, whose parents wish it, are educated freely at these schools, which are now conducted on the Madras system.

The ALMSHOUSES, in Madeley, were also founded by Sir John Offley, who, by his will, ordered them to be built of stone, for ten poor men and women, whom he endowed with a yearly rent charge of £45, to be paid out of his houses in Leadenhall street, London, now belonging to E. Bliss, Esq. of Brandon, in Suffolk, who pays the annuity, for equal distribution among the 10 alms-people.

BENEFACTIONS.—Sir John Offley likewise bequeathed to Madeley parish, £20 a year for the officiating clergyman to preach a sermon in the church every Tuesday. This annuity is also paid by the lady of the manor, as a charge upon the Upper and Nether Thornhills; but the sermon is now preached on Sunday afternoons, instead of Tuesday. The Hon. Mary Offley, widow of John Offley, Esq. left

the use of £100, "to be dealt in bread," in the township of Made Five per cent. interest is now paid for this legacy, and is distribu in doles of bread every other Sunday. The POOR'S LAND, cons ing of 26 acres, at Onneley, was purchased with £200 left by Ra Horton, and several other benefactors. In 1769, it was let on a years' lease, at the annual rent of £25, on condition that the les should erect upon it a good house and other outbuildings, (now t Wheat Sheaf Inn.) The rent is given away on St. Thomas's day, clothing and money. All the poor parishioners, whether resident not, have a share. On the same day, 10s. are distributed as the in terest of £10 left by the Rev. Mr. Roberts.

MADELEY.

Those marked 1 *reside at Balding gate*, 2 *Barr hill*, 3 *Bower end*, 4 *Holly bank*, 5 *Leysett*, 6 *Little Madeley*, 7 *Lower Thornhill*, 8 *Madeley Heath*, 9 *Manor farm*, 10 *Moor hall*, 11 *Moss house*, 12 *Nethersett hey*, 13 *Ridge hill*, 14 *Scott hey*, 15 *Stoney low*, 16 *Windy arbour*, 17 *Wood*, 18 *Wrine hill, and the rest in Great Madeley.*

Adams Joseph Stubbs, butcher
Allman Thomas, butcher
Allman Wm. cooper
5 Barrow Benjamin, tailor
Bennion Wm. wheelwright
Boston Wm. veterinary surgeon
Boulding Wm. vict. Crewe's Arms
Boulton Thomas, butcher
Broad Aaron, blacksmith,
Browe James, tailor
Brownsword Thos. iron founder
Cooper George, maltr. & overseer
Cope Mrs. Mary
Daltry Rev. Jno. Wm. M. A. vicar
5 Firmstone Thos. colliery owner
Egerton Lady Rebecca Grey, Manor house
Genders Wm. vict. Greyhound
5 Gibson Shadrach, wheelwright
Griffith Thomas, beer house
Harper Abraham, tailor
Hill Wm. corn miller
Inskeep Emanuel, machine maker
Jackson Geo. free schoolmaster
Jackson John, schoolmaster
6 Jones Eliz. vict. Old Swan
6 Morrey Joseph, butcher
Morris Richard, wheelwright
Pass Mary, vict. Offley Arms
Pepper Thomas, shoemaker
8 Poole Danl. coal owner
8 Proctor Francis, blacksmith
8 Proctor Mr. Samuel
Proud Edw. Esq. Madely park
Rowley Samuel, blacksmith
Salmon George, tailor
4 Salmon Wm. corn miller
Shaw John, wheelwght. & shopr.
Smith Edw. butcher
Smith Sarah, shopkeeper
Smith Wm. stone mason
Sneyd Thos. grocer & par. clerk
18 Twenlow James, corn miller
Willett Thos. tailor & draper
Wrench Joseph, shoemaker

FARMERS.

15 Aldersea Jno.
13 Aldersea Ths.
1 Challoner Ts.
Cooper Frances
16 Davis David
2 Edwards John
6 Goodall Thos.
2 Hill Rt. & yn.
Hollins Wm. Park farm
9 Lindop John
7 Martin Jph
11 Mountford George
5 Mountford Js.
17 Peake Thos.
15 Roberts Ann
13 Roberts Jas.
3 Rowley John
Shaw Samuel
10 Shufflebottom John
8 Taylor Joseph (Executors of) & brick mkrs.
12 Timmis Jsh.
18 Timmis Rd.
14 Viggars Benj.
Wade Thomas
Wilkinson Jn. S.
Wilkinson Thos

ONNILEY.

Burslem Thos. jun. tailor
Peake Samuel, shopkeeper
Plant Thomas, blacksmith
Salmon Samuel, shoemaker
Thorpe Wm. vict. & maltster, Wheat Sheaf

FARMERS.

Burslem Thos.
Hewitt Ralph
Meakin James
Newton Saml.
Peake Saml. jun.
Salmon George, (yeoman)
2 Salmon James

MAER is a small village, in a narrow romantic valley, with steep and lofty acclivities, on the Market Drayton road, 7 miles S.W. of Newcastle-under-Lyme. Its parish comprises upwards of 3000 acres of land and 505 inhabitants, of whom 266 are in the district called *Maerway Lane*, but the houses are generally scattered in the small hamlets enumerated below. Maer is supposed to have derived its name from a natural *lake* or *mere*, which occupies about 22 acres at the foot of the village, and is the source of the Tearn, a stream that flows westward to the borders of Shropshire, and afterwards falls into the Severn. At the east end of this lake, stands *Maer Hall*, the property and occasional residence of Josiah Wedgwood, Esq., M.P., of Etruria, who, about twenty years ago, re-edified and converted it into an elegant and modern mansion, and embellished the grounds with plantations, and other spirited improvements. Mr. W. is owner of a great part of the parish, and lord of the *manor*, which was anciently held by Maers and the Staffords, from whom it passed to the Oldfields and other families, of whom it was purchased by its present owner. *Maer Heath*, an extensive rugged moor, lying west of the village, was enclosed and divided among the freeholders upwards of twenty years ago; but a large portion of it is still in a state of nature, and much of it is planted with trees, of which 600,000 were planted by one individual. On the north side of the parish are several rocky hills, rising abruptly to a considerable elevation, and rendered highly picturesque by having their summits covered with plantations. One of these hills, called the *Byrth*, has had a foss and rampart extended round its summit, which is nearly a mile in circuit. This and the *Camp-hill*, distant about a mile to the west, are supposed to have been occupied by two contending armies during the Saxon heptarchy. Maer *Church*, dedicated to St. Peter, stands near the Hall, and is a neat stone edifice, which appears to have been rebuilt in 1610. It contains some monuments of the Bowyer and Macclesfield families, and its communion cloth is an old Turkey carpet, brought from Constantinople, by Marguret Tether, in 1639. The living is a *curacy*, endowed with two acres of glebe and all the tithes of the parish, except on the *Sidway Hall estate*, which is tithe-free, and belongs to Francis Eld, Esq. The Rev. John Allen Wedgwood is the *incumbent*, and Josiah Wedgwood, Esq., is the *patron* and lessee of the tithes. In 1634, Wm. and John Cleyton gave £160 to Sir Wm. Bowyer, for the purchase of a yearly rent charge of £8, to be paid out of the Sidway Hall farm, one moiety thereof to the minister of Maer, to encourage him to take pains in preaching, and in catechising the ignorant; and the other moiety to be employed in apprenticing poor children of this parish. On the Sunday before Christmas day, 40s. are distributed amongst the poor, as the interest of £80 left by various donors, and now in the hands of Josiah Wedgwood, Esq.

In the following DIRECTORY, *those marked* 1 *reside at Balding gate,* 2 *Blackbrook,* 3 *Holloway lane,* 4 *Holly bank,* 5 *Holmes house,* 6 *Maer,* 7 *Maer-field gate,* 8 *Maer heath,* 9 *Maer moss,* 10 *Macrway lane,* 11 *Radwood,* 12 *Sidway hall,* 13 *Slimers dale, and* 14 *at Haddon.*

8 Caulcott Thos. bricklayer
8 Cauking Thos. shopkeeper
6 Craddock Joseph, gardener
10 Day Joseph, shoemaker
8 Derbyshire Jas. shopkpeeper
7 Harding Geo. land agent
8 Harding Saml. shoemaker
4 Hardinge Rev. Thos. M.A. curate of Whitmore
8 Hitchin Wm. corn miller
8 Hood Robt. shopkeeper
6 Hood Thomas, blacksmith
8 Hopwood Wm. schoolmaster
6 Jackson John, butcher
6 Lawton Wm. shoemaker
6 Lawton Wm. wheelwright
8 Lloyd Robt. charcoal burner and crate wood dealer
2 Morrey Joseph, blacksmith
14 Myatt James, tailor
6 Phillips Saml. shoemaker
8 Powner Edward, beer house
2 Taylor Geo. vict. Swan Inn
12 Tilsley Robt. acting overseer
6 Wedgwood Rev. John Allen
Wedgwood Josiah, Esq. Maer hall
6 Wedgwood Rev. Robt. curate, Chorlton
6 Wilcox Wm. gamekeeper
8 Woodcock Ann, shopkeeper

FARMERS.

10 Barratt Ts.
8 Bennett Wm.
9 Clarke Jph.
8 Clarke Rd.
10 Clough Jas.
9 Dabbs Wm.
8 Davis Thos.
8 Dunn John
1 Farmer Thos.
13 Hampton Rt.
6 Harding Ann
6 Harding Benj.
5 Harding Moses
8 Harding Thos.
8 Harding Wm.
6 Highfield Ts.
8 Hood John
10 Jervis Ann
11 Kirkham Sl.
8 Lewis Saml.
9 Machin John
6 Mason Wm.
8 Meredith Ts.
9 Moore Nathl.
14 Powner Fas.
8 Rowe John
2 Sales John
3 Salt Josiah
3 Salt Richard
1 Shaw Richard
6 Shelly John
8 Simpson Jno.
1 Slaney Richd.
8 Steele Jph.
6 Sutton Jas.
8 Sutton John
12 Tilsley Rt.
3 Warner Thos.

MILWICH is a small indifferently built village, in a low situation, near a small brook on the Uttoxeter road, 5 miles E.S.E of Stone, comprising within its parish 551 inhabitants, and nearly 3000 acres of land; including the hamlets of COTON, 1 mile E.; GARSHALL GREEN, 1 mile N.; and DAY-HILLS, 1 mile W. of Milwich; together with several districts of scattered houses, as enumerated below. The soil belongs to a number of proprietors, one of whom is George Dive, Esq., the patron of the Church, and impropriator of two-thirds of the great tithes, the remainder of which belongs to the *vicarage*, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. John Owen, for whom the Rev. John Finley officiates. The Church is a small modern edifice, dedicated to All Saints, in consequence of which the parish *wake* is held on the nearest Sunday to All Saints' day.

BENEFACTIONS.—*Ralph Bailey* bequeathed the Priory Leys, (about 12 acres, let for £13,) and directed 10s. of the rent to be paid yearly to the poor of Caverswall, and the remainder to be divided among the poor of Milwich, who have also 10s. yearly from Prudence Crompton's charity, paid by the Corporation of Stafford; 12s. as the interest of £15, left by J. George and M. Phillips; and 24s. yearly out of Flint's croft, left by Wm. Hurbott. The schoolmaster has £5 a-year for teaching 10 children to read, left by Eliz. Harrison,

and charged on the Dilhorne Hall estate; and he now occupies part of the *Infant School*, built by subscription in 1834, chiefly under the patronage of Lady Tamworth.

DIRECTORY.—*Those marked* 1 *reside at Bacon bank*, 2 *Coton*, 3 *Coton heys*, 5 *Day hills*, 6 *Garshall green*, 7 *Garshall house*, 8 *Milwich*, 9 *Milwich heath*, 10 *Myott's wood*, 11 *Oulton house*, 12 *Willow brooks*, *and* 13 *at Withystitch*.

Tamworth Viscountess, Coton hills
9 Allport Wm. butcher
8 Banks Nehemiah, shoemaker
2 Barker John Pooler, surgeon, Coton cottage
4 Buckley John, corn miller
2 Burkin Wm. vict. Nicholl's Arms
5 Cook Thos. vict. Red Lion
5 Cooper John, shoemaker
8 Cotton Jno. shopr. & constable
2 Cotton Sarah, shoemaker
8 Durose Richd. schoolmaster
8 Fairbanks Rd. vict. Green Man
Finley Rev. Jno. curate, Vicarage
3 Foster Thos. shoemaker
9 Gratwich Geo. shoemaker
8 Halden Edw. shopkeeper
3 Halden Richard, butcher
8 Halden Joseph, tailor
8 Halden Wm. tailor
9 Horn Thos. brickmaker
8 Hough Wm. blacksmith
8 Knowles Ann, Infant School
9 Large Samuel, shoemaker
8 Pattyson Jas. wheelgt. & b. hs.
12 Plant George, shoemaker
2 Pyott Mr. John
6 Ratcliff Thos. gent.
6 Rushton Thos. blacksmith
9 Rushton Wm. brickmaker
3 Williams Mary, butcher
3 Wolf Mrs. Mary

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yeomen.*

5 * Arnway Jno.
8 Bishop Jas.
5 Bishop Thos.
3 Bishop Thos.
3 Booth Rd.
2 Buxton Thos.
2 Forrester Sl.
8 Foster John
9 * Fox John
3 Hall Thos.
2 * Hall Wm.
1 * Handley Smp.
5 Handley John
2 Handley Wm. (& maltster)
12 Hide John
6 * Hodson Wm.
6 Horn Robt.
10 Howe Edw.
8 Jenkinson Jph.
1 Jenkinson Jph.
6 Knight Edw.
8 Knight Josiah
3 Meer Thos.
3 Nicklin John
9 * Nicklin Jno.
5 * Osborne Jas.
6 * Perkins Jph.
6 Phillips John
12 * Phillips Ts.
5 Phillips Wm.
2 * Rogers Mary
4 Shemilt Dd.
Shemilt Martha
6 * Shemilt Jno.
12 Shemilt Ts.
6 Sims Thos.
6 * Smith Jas. (& par. clerk)
12 * Smith Rd.
8 Smith Thos.
6 Smith Wm.
9 Snow ——
13 Stubbs Geo.
9 * Thacker Rt.
5 Tittensor Ed.
13 * Vernon W.
2 Wood Geo.

MUCCLESTON is a small village on the side of a declivity, with a southern aspect, 9 miles N.W. by W. of Eccleshall, and 4½ miles N.E. of Drayton. Its *parish* is about 6 miles in length, and from 1 to 2 in breadth, extending along the borders of the counties of Salop and Stafford; five of its townships, viz., *Aston*, (283,) *Knighton*, (156,) *Muccleton*, (191,) *Oakley*, (85,) and *Winnington*, (249,) being in Staffordshire; and the other four, viz., *Bearston*, *Dorrington*, *Gravenhunger*, and *Woore*, in Shropshire. The *population* of each of the Staffordshire townships is shewn by the figures after their names, and those in Salop contain 964 inhabitants, swelling the total number of souls inthe parish to 1854. The nine townships keep their poor conjointly, though a separate overseer is appointed for each. *Muccleston* contains 1100 acres of land, mostly belong-

ing to the Hon. Elizabeth E. C. Offley, the lady of the *manor*, which was anciently held by the Tanes and the Morgans, the latter of whom sold it in the reign of Elizabeth, to Thomas Offley, Knt. (Lord Mayor of London, in 1556,) from whose descendants it passed to the late *Lord Crewe*, whose trustees are patrons of the *rectory*, which is valued in the King's books at £20. 3s. 9d., and has been long enjoyed by the Rev. Offley Crewe, M.A. The *Church*, dedicated to St. Mary, was rebuilt at the cost of £1300, in 1789, except the tower, from which Queen Margaret viewed the defeat of her army at the battle of Blore Heath.—(See p. 32.)

ASTON, a village and township, 3 miles N.E. by N. of Muccleston, and 8 miles S.W. of Newcastle, belongs chiefly to the Executors of the late Thomas Lloyd, Esq., who are lords of the manor; but Dr. Butler, Archdeacon of Derby, and Samuel Harding, Esq. have estates here, and the latter sends 25 free scholars to the Weymouth cottage school.

KNIGHTON is a small township, 1 mile S.W. of Aston, bounded on three sides by Shropshire. Sir J. Chetwode and D. W. Davison, Esq., are the principal owners. A *Sunday school* was built here in 1829, from a part of John Orsley's charity.

OAKLEY township at the south end of of the parish, 2 miles S.W. of Muccleston, contains OAKLEY HALL, the handsome seat of Sir John Chetwode, Bart., seated in a beautiful park of 300 acres, on the east bank of the Tearn rivulet, which here divides this county from Shropshire.

WINNINGTON township, has a small village at the foot of a declivity, 1 mile N. of Muccleston. Hugo Charles Meynell, Esq., is the principal owner and lord of the manor.

BENEFACTIONS.—Randolph Woolley, in 1615, left to the Governors of Christ's Hospital, £100, in trust, to pay the interest to the poor of the Staffordshire part of Muccleston parish. In 1719, the Rev. Robert Adams bequeathed a house and 34 acres of land, called Bradbury's farm, now let for £40 a-year, which, agreeable to his will, is disposed of as follows, viz., £34. 8s. to the parishes of Muccleston, Adderley, and Drayton-in-Hales, alternately, for apprenticing poor boys; 30s. each to Adderley and Muccleston, for teaching poor girls; and 52s. for bread to the poor of Adderley. *Winnington Poor's Land*, consisting of nine acres, let for £12. 12s. per annum, was purchased with several benefactions belonging to the Staffordshire portion of this parish, and the rent is distributed among the poor at Candlemas. *Gravenhunger Poor's Land* was purchased in 1742, with several benefactions, one of which was £50, left by the before-named Rev. Robert Adams. This land is now let for £8 a-year, of which, £4. 19s. is distributed among the poor of the Shropshire part of the parish, and the rest among those of the Staffordshire part. An annuity of £4, given by an *unknown donor*, is paid by Sir John Chetwode, for the poor of the parish at large, as also is £5 a-year, charged on an estate at Baschurch, by the will of Sir Thomas and Dame Mary Lake. There are several charities belonging solely to the Shropshire part of the parish.

MUCCLESTON.

Abbots Wm. wheelwright
Cartwright Mrs. Sarah
Crewe Rev. Offley, M.A. rector
Heathcote Rowland, gent. Wood
Martin John, shopkeeper, Wood
Massey Wm. wheelwright
Parker Thomas, brickmaker
Price Thomas, schoolmaster
Skelhorn Wm. blacksmith
Thorns Rev. Wm. curate
Vaughan Sarah, schoolmistress

FARMERS.

Bennett Thos.
Bourne John
Bourne Saml.
Bourne Thos.
Cliffe Robt.
Martin John
Skelhorn John
Wright John

ASTON.

Allman Rd. bricklayer & beer hs.
Brayford John, beer house
Buckley Thomas, butcher
Clarke John, weaver
Downing Thos. shoemaker and shopkeeper
Moreton John, blacksmith
Peake Mr. Samuel
Simpson Thomas, boarding and day school, Weymouth cottage

FARMERS.

Bennett Ralph
Cliffe Richd.
Cotton Robt.
Leighton Danl.
Meakin John
Perrin Wm.
Pym Wollaston
Read Richd. (& maltster)
Salt John
Simpson John
Stanway Richd.
Tharme Thos.

KNIGHTON.

Bayley John, blksmith. & beer hs.
Bettelley Hanh. grocer & draper
Bettelley Joseph, wheelwright
Buckley Thomas, butcher
Edwards Sar. vict. Spread Eagle
Eley Margt. vict. White Lion
Ellams Jph. joiner & cabt. mkr.
Foden James, schoolmaster
Hope James, farmer
Lawrence Wm. shoemaker
Shaw John, nail manfr.
Simcock Samuel, tailor
Spender Mrs. Mary
Stanway Richard, maltster
Taylor Robert, butcher

OAKLEY.

Chetwode Sir John, Bart. Hall
Brucksbaw John, blacksmith
Hayward Wm. farmer
Keay Thomas, gamekeeper
Riley Edward, corn miller
Underwood Wm. shoemaker
Woolley Thomas, gardener

WINNINGTON.

Bruckshaw John, shoemkr. shopkeeper, maltster, & beer hs.
Bruckshaw Thomas, overseer
Burgess Wm. blacksmith
Clorley John, stone mason
Jervis Wm. shoemaker
Latham James, butcher
Thorpe Wm. bricklayer

FARMERS.

Banks Ellen
Barker Edw.
Barker Saml.
Brookes John
Dunn John, Willow bridge
Furnival Danl.
Martin Wm.
Murrel Geo.
Spragg Ellen

NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME

Is a *Borough*, *Market-town*, and *Parish*, comprising within its limits 607 acres of land, and a population which, since the year 1801, has increased from 4604 to 8192 souls, of whom 3831 are males, and 4361 females. It is pleasantly seated on a small stream that flows southward to the Trent, 1¼ mile W. of Stoke, in the Potteries; 16 miles N.N.W. of Stafford, 12 miles S. W. by W. of Leek, and 151 miles N. W. by W. of London. The town is generally well-built, and most of the streets are remarkably wide and well paved; and being on the direct road from Liverpool and Manchester to London and Birmingham, it is a great thoroughfare for coaches, car-

riers, and travellers of every description. It enjoys the benefit of a canal from the coal-mines, near Audley, to the Trent and Mersey canal, near Stoke, and has long been famous for the manufacture of *hats*, which gives employment to a considerable number of the inhabitants. Here are also two large *silk-mills*, and an extensive *cotton* manufactory. Monday is the chartered *Market-day* for corn, &c.; but another market on Saturday was established about twenty years ago, to meet the demands of the increased population, and it is now the principal market for flesh, vegetables, &c. Here are also five annual FAIRS for horses, cattle, woollen cloth, and other merchandise, held on Shrove-Monday, Easter-Monday, Whit-Monday, the first Monday in November, and on the first Mondays after July 15th and Sept. 11th. The *wake*, or feast, is on the Sunday before St. Giles's day; and the *Horse-Races* are held about the middle of July, on *Knutton Heath*, near the north-west side of the town.

Newcastle derived its name and origin from the *new* fortress built here about the year 1180, by Ranulph, Earl of Chester, in lieu of the then decayed *old castle* at Chesterton, which was situated 2½ miles further to the north, in Wolstanton parish, and had been conferred upon that nobleman, with its manors and dependencies, by Richard I., whose grant was afterwards confirmed by King John; in the fifth year of whose reign, (1203,) the town was amerced for having changed its market-day from Sunday to Saturday. On the death of Ranulph, Earl of Chester, without issue, in 1231, the town and manor of Newcastle reverted to the crown, and the latter was granted in fee-farm by Henry III. in the following year, to Gilbert Lord Segrave; but the castle and town were retained by the King, under the government of a constable, which office, in 1250, was held by one of the Audley family, and afterwards by William de Fenton. Many of the freehold tenants of the manor were bound by their tenures to perform the *castle-guard* at different periods of the year. The *Testa de Nevill*, compiled between the years of 1234 and 1238, contains the following particulars of their several tenures by knight's service and socage.

KNIGHT'S FEES.—"John de Cnocton holds the vill of Cnocton (now *Knutton*) to fee-farm, paying yearly to the New Castle £4. 11s. 6d., also performing the guard of the same castle for forty days, at the cost of our Lord the King.

"Also, William de Erdinton holds the vill of Fenton to fee-farm, paying yearly to the said castle 7s. 4d., performing also the aforesaid guard for the aforesaid term.

"Also, William de Hanleg' holds the vill of Hanleg' (*now Hanley*) to fee-farm, paying yearly to the said Castle 6s., and performing, &c.

"Also, Ralph de Bevill holds the vill of Langeton, (*now Longton*), to fee-farm, paying yearly 5s. to the said castle, &c.

"Also, William Murell holds one yard-land within the said manor of New Castle, in the vill of Selton, (now Shelton), by the service of keeping [illegible]



(the inclosure or park) of our Lord the King there, which is called the *Haia* of Clive (*now Cliff.*)

"Also, Henry de Audicheley holds within the said manor the vills of Tunstall, Chaddesleg,' (*now Chatterley,*) Bradgwell, Turnedesfeld, (*now Thursfield,*) and Normanecot, (*now Normicott,*) by the serjeanty of serving on foot, with a bow and arrows, within the said castle, for eight days, in time of war, at his own cost."

SOCAGE TENANTS.—"The Knights Templars hold Kel, (*now Keele,*) a member of New Castle, of the gift of our Lord King Henry, and pay nothing."

In the same record, it appears that there were then in the town only 28 burgesses, each paying twelve pence per annum. In 1235, Henry III. granted a charter to the town, constituting it a free borough, and granting the burgesses a merchant's guild, and other privileges. The castle and the borough appear to have continued in the immediate possession of the crown, till 1263, when Henry III. was compelled to transfer them by grant to his rebellious brother-in-law, Simon de Montfort, Earl of Leicester and Chester, who was killed at the battle of Evesham, in 1265, when all his possessions were forfeited to the crown; and a great part of them, including this castle and borough, were granted by Henry III. to his younger son, Edmund Plantaganet, who was created Earl of Leicester, in 1265; Earl of Derby, in 1266; and in the following year, Earl of Lancaster, which was the earliest creation of the latter dignity.—Among the Barons whose estates were confiscated in consequence of the battle of Evesham, was Nicholas Lord Segrave, who probably inherited the manor of Newcastle from the before named Gilbert, for in the year 1267, we find this manor again in possession of the crown, and granted out to Hammon le Strange; but it was soon afterwards re-united with the castle and borough, and became part of the possessions of the house of Lancaster. The manor, with the castle, borough, and all its appendages, subsequently passed to the celebrated John of Gaunt, the first Duke of Lancaster, whose son and successor afterwards ascended the throne of England; in consequence of which, these and all the other possessions of the Duchy of Lancaster became annexed to the Crown, as they still virtually remain, (vide p. 408,) though most of them have been parcelled out at different periods, to various lessees, under certain fee-farm rents. The MANOR of Newcastle was formerly very extensive, and it still comprises, in addition to this borough, the liberties of Wolstanton, Shelton, Hanley, and Penkhull, of which the Duke of Sutherland is the lessee lord, (vide p. 535;) but the soil belongs to a number of proprietors, and the coal mines under all the copyhold lands are still the property of the King, as Duke of Lancaster, and now yield a considerable revenue, being very extensively worked by Lord Granville and other lessees. Within the borough of Newcastle, all manorial franchises have long been exercised by the corporation. The site of the castle, (of which nothing now remains but the foun-

dations, buried beneath the surface of the mound) is held by the Duke of Sutherland; but the pool which surrounds it, and the adjacent mills, were granted, by James I., to Ralph Sneyd, Esq. of Keele, whose descendant, of the same name, still holds them, subject to the annual fee-farm rent of £14. 6s. 8d.

Borough Charters, &c.—The local limits of the borough are co-extensive with the parish; but the Reform Bill, passed in 1832, added to it a small part of the parish of Stoke, in which, however, there are only two voters. The total *number of voters* registered in the borough, in 1833, was 958, of whom, 819 are *freemen*, and 139 occupiers, not being freemen. From the references in the early charters of the borough of Preston, in Lancashire, to a charter formerly granted to Newcastle-under-Lyme, it is clear that Henry II. granted a charter to this borough, and probably before the year 1180, but at what particular period it appears doubtful, as we have found no other record than that alluded to. The earliest charter to Newcastle now known to be extant, is one of Henry III., bearing date 1235, which granted to the burgesses that the town should be a free borough, and have a merchants' guild, with the usual privileges attached. That charter was recognised in subsequent charters, by Edward III., in 1372; and by Richard II., about 1379; the next charter, being the first of its two governing charters, was granted by Queen Elizabeth, on May 18th, 1590. The other of the two governing charters was granted by Charles II., in the 16th year of his reign. The principal additions, by the charter of Charles, are, the extension of the power of recovering debts in the *Court of Record*, from £40 to £50, and the creation of two *justices of the peace;* and authority was given to hold a Court of Quarter Sessions. It also regulated the election of all the officers of the borough, when vacancies should arise. All the before-mentioned charters were surrendered in the last year of the reign of Charles II. A new charter was granted by James II., in 1685, which was acted upon until the proclamation, in October, 1688, for restoring corporations to their ancient charters; but the surrender of the old charters was not enrolled. The charters of Elizabeth and Charles were revived immediately, and have alone been acted upon ever since. *Fairs* are held in the borough, by virtue of grants from King Edward I., Edward III., Henry VI., Queen Elizabeth, and one of the two first Georges. The records of the borough are extant from 1386. The legal style of the *corporation* is the mayor, bailiffs, and burgesses of the borough of Newcastle-under-Lyme, in the county of Stafford. The *corporation consists of the mayor, two bailiffs, and twenty-four capital burgesses*, who together compose the common council. The mayor and bailiffs are elected annually from the burgesses at large. From 1620 to 1832, they were elected by the common council alone, to the exclusion of the burgesses at large, under a bye-law passed in

1620; but the validity of such bye-law having been overturned by the Court of King's Bench, in Michaelmas Term, 1832, (the King *v.* Hatton,) the election of mayor and bailiffs was thrown open. The mayor and the two bailiffs are the *returning officers* of the borough. The *mayor* is one of the judges of the Court of Record, and presides on all occasions. He is clerk of the markets. He has no particular privileges or exemptions. As clerk of the markets, he is empowered to make bye-laws, for the general regulation of the markets and fairs, under a local act. The mayor for the time being has usually received an annual sum towards his expenses. Until 1748, it appears to have been £20 per annum. In that year the allowance was discontinued, but was revived again in 1775; from which time it remained at £20 until 1801, when it was raised to £40, and has continued at that rate till the present time. The *bailiffs* have no salary. They, together with the mayor and recorder, are judges of the Court of Record. The *capital burgesses* hold their offices for life, unless removed by the common council for some reasonable cause. They are elected by the common council alone, under the charter of Charles, and the practice has been to elect them out of the burgesses. They are not required to reside within the borough, and two of them are justices of the peace, elected annually by the common council; of whom the following is the present list, including the recorder and other officers, and the representatives of the borough:—

Members of Parliament.—Sir Henry Pollard Willoughby, Bart., and William Henry Miller, Esq.
MAYOR, (1833-4.)—Samuel Mayer, Esq.
RECORDER.—James Caldwell, Esq.
BAILIFFS.—William Mason and Samuel Mayer, jun., Esqrs.
JUSTICES.—Robt. Hall, and Thos. Phillips, Esqrs.
Town Clerk.—Thomas Fenton, Esq.

CAPITAL BURGESSES.
*Those marked * are non-resident.*

Mr. George Wood,	Mr. Robert Hill,	Mr. J. A. Hall,
Mr. Robert Fenton,	Mr. Ralph Clews,	*Mr. George Hall,
Mr. James Leech,	*Mr. Wm. Shelley,	Mr. Robert Bull,
*Mr. Sml. Bagshaw,	Mr. John Gardner,	*Mr. Jph. Pearson,
Mr. John Nickisson	*Mr. John Hatton,	Mr. Rt. Fenton, jun.

Sergeants-at-Mace.—Ralph Lowe and John Lovatt.
Town Crier.—John Cartledge.

There are at present seven vacancies in the list of capital burgesses, which have occurred principally within the last five years, some from ouster by *quo warranto*, and others by death. In consequence of the legal proceedings which have been for some years carried on against the corporation, by Mr. Flint, solicitor,* in behalf of the burgesses, there has been a difficulty in filling up the vacancies. The burgesses acquire their

*Mr. *Flint* also instituted similar proceedings against the *Stafford Corporation.*—(See pages 118 and 138.)

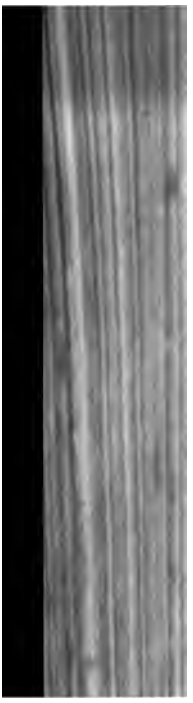
freedom by *birth*, being the sons of freemen born within the borough, whilst their father is resident there; or by serving an apprenticeship of seven years, either to a freeman or other inhabitant; and some are admitted by *gift* from the common council, and others by *purchase*. *Absence* from the borough for a year and a day successively, after admission to freedom, operates as a permanent loss of the franchise. The burgesses are free from all tolls or stallage duty within the borough, as also are their widows; but their most valuable privilege is their exclusive right of *pasturage* on about 205 acres of fertile land, divided into four large fields in the immediate suburbs of the town, and allotted to them under the enclosure act passed in 1816, in lieu of their ancient right to one-third of the pasturage of about 600 acres, called the Town Fields, of which, five acres were at the same time set apart for the accommodation of the inhabitants, and laid out in PUBLIC WALKS, which add greatly to the beauty of the town and its vicinity. These FREE PASTURES are called Ash-field, Stubbs-field, St. Thomas'-flat, and Poole-field, and are placed under the superintendence of a body of trustees, who are chosen from among the burgesses, and have the power of letting a portion of the land for the purpose of raising money for repairing the fences, paying taxes, tithe rents, &c., and for supporting the public walks. They also regulate the number and sorts of cattle to be grazed by the burgesses, and have the power of enforcing the observance of their regulations, by penalties not exceeding £5 for any one offence. The borough has continued to send two representatives to Parliament since the year 1352, and probably from a much earlier period, as the time when the right was first obtained is unknown. The mayor and two justices hold a *Petty Session* weekly, or oftener if required, in which the county magistrates never interfere, though they are not excluded by any of the charters. They also hold *Quarter Sessions* for the borough; and in these courts, the recorder, when he attends, is the assessor. The *Court of Record* (holding pleas to the amount of £50,) is opened from three weeks to three weeks. Of this court, the mayor, recorder, and bailiffs are the judges. The process for 40s. and upwards, is by *capias*; but if below that sum, by summons. The *police* force consists of a high constable and three or four ordinary constables, with two sergeants-at-mace, the town-crier, and the governor of the workhouse, the latter of whom is also gaoler. The mayor, recorder, justices, capital burgesses, and town clerk, are commissioners under a local *Act of Parliament*, passed in 1819, which empowers them to levy a yearly rate of 6d. in the pound on the inhabitants, for lighting the streets; and a rate of 1s. for paying watchmen, night-constables, and for the general improvement of the borough. The first rate has been regularly levied, but of the latter, only three or four half-rates have been laid since

the act was obtained; and consequently, the town has been but little improved, and has frequently been left unprotected by nocturnal guardians during the darkest months of winter.

In November, 1833, the affairs of the corporation were investigated by E. A. Cockburn and E. Rushton, Esqrs., two of the gentlemen appointed to carry into execution his Majesty's commission of enquiry into the state of the municipal corporations. The enquiry was continued three days, (Nov. 28, 29, and 30,) and the information elicited was of a similar nature to that which they had previously received at Stafford, (see p. 137.) The corporation deposed, through the medium of the town clerk, that their gross *annual income* arose chiefly from tolls, and amounted only to about £600; that their average *annual expenditure*, including salaries, and rent charges, in satisfaction of charitable bequests, was £454; and that since the year 1827, they had been subjected to heavy extraordinary expenses, amounting to no less than £4937. 8s. 2d., of which upwards of £3000 was for costs in the proceedings instituted against them by *quo warranto*. To assist in liquidating these heavy expenses, the town clerk said, they had been obliged to transfer securities, and to sell property, chiefly under leases, to the aggregate amount of £2634. 4s.; so that the *property of the corporation* now consists only of the manor of the borough, which extends over about 554 acres of land; the Guild-Hall; a house in the High-street, partly occupied by the public offices, and partly as the dwelling of the town crier; the public prison; pews in the parish church, occupied by the corporation, and one by a tenant; the tolls of the markets and fairs* held within the borough; several houses, &c. let to tenants at will for £64. 10s. 10d. per annum; and several other premises, let to tenants under leases for various terms, amounting to £74. 18s. 9d. per annum. This property, with the fees received for the admission of freemen, and some other casual payments, seldom produces more than £600 a year, out of which they have to pay several large rent charges, in satisfaction of various charitable funds, as will be seen at a subsequent page. At the close of the enquiry, the commissioners expressed their thanks to the town clerk, for the full, candid, and explicit statements which he had made; and expressed a wish that the investigation would tend to promote a good understanding between the corporation and the town.

The GUILD-HALL is a large and handsome brick edifice, ornamented with stone pilasters, and standing in the centre of the Market-place. It has lately been crowned by an elegant cupola, in which are two transparent clock dials, which were first lighted with gas in September, 1833, at the cost of the principal inhabitants, who subscribed liberally towards effecting

* In 1805, the corporation purchased of James Robinson, the tolls of the *Cold Fair*, sometimes called *St. Leonard's Fair*.



The Gas Works were commenced under
ment, passed in 1819, at the cost of £10,00
was raised in shares of £25 each, and the
gage. The whole profits of the works, e
years, were employed towards liquidating t
they were leased to Mr. George Cooper, an
nerating profit to the shareholders.

Canals.—In 1775, an Act of Parliamen
enabling the late Sir Nigel Gresley to ma
coal mines, in Apedale, to Newcastle, a di
Under another Act, passed in 1795, a ca
Trent and Mersey canal, at Stoke, to N
cuitous route of four miles; but neither
ever paid any dividends to the shareholde
been of great service to the town; and, un
of Sir N. Gresley's collieries were obliged t
tants with coal, at the prices limited by
Acts of Parliament.

The Parish Church, dedicated to St. (
a chapel of ease to the parish of Stoke-u
year 1307, as has been seen at page 530.
1720, of brick, with stone quoins and win
the ancient tower, which is of red sand-st
clock with eight bells and a set of musical
cel is in the form of a semicircular alcove
ceiling of it are elegantly and appropriate
neat white marble font, given by Samuel B
laston, and contains a number of handsom
The living is a *rectory*, in the patronage
Simeon, of King's College, Cambridge, an
the Rev. Clement Leigh, M. A. The anci

a further sum of £140, given by the corporation, towards the parsonage house. The church is neatly pewed, and has 1517 sittings, of which 479 are free, and 325 appropriated to sunday scholars. The burial ground cost £1600. The living is a curacy in the patronage of the rector, and incumbency of the Rev. John Wright.

The CATHOLIC CHAPEL, on the London road, at the entrance to the town, is a much admired Gothic structure, forming the finest modern specimen of ornamental brick work in the kingdom. The erection was commenced in May, 1833, and was finished about Midsummer, 1834, under the architectural directions of the Rev. James Egan, the incumbent, who also furnished the designs for the moulds used in making the bricks. The building consists of a nave and side aisles, and is 90 feet long and 60 feet wide, and in the nave 40 feet high. The principal front, or façade, is chiefly constructed of vitrified bricks, which have the appearance of cast metal, and are relieved by ornamental bricks in quartrifoils and other devices. The window frames are mostly of cast iron, rich in Gothic tracery; but the altar window is of wood, after a model in York Minster, and when filled with stained glass, will have a very splendid effect. The nave is divided from the aisles by seven clustered brick columns on each side, and over each arch is a clerestory window. The altar arch, beaded round in brick work, has a very chaste appearance. One of the side aisles serves as a residence for the pastor, and the other is used as a Sunday school; but should the congregation increase in numbers, as is anticipated, the whole fabric will be opened as a church.

The *Dissenting Places of Worship*, in Newcastle, are six in number, viz. the *Independent Chapel*, in King-street, a handsome brick edifice, erected in 1784, and now under the ministry of the Rev. Thomas Sleigh; the *Baptist Chapel*, a small building in the Iron Market; the *Wesleyan Chapel*, in Lower street; the New Connexion Methodist Chapel, in Marsh-street; the Primitive Methodist Chapel, in Deans-gate; and the *Unitarian Chapel*, in Holburn; the latter of which is the oldest, being built for the Non-conformists, and afterwards used by the *Presbyterians*. In the town, are several *Sunday Schools* and endowed *Day Schools*, and the poor enjoy the benefit of a number of *Charitable Bequests*. Here is also a *Library* of 1300 volumes, belonging to "The Newcastle and Pottery Book Society," established in 1815. The *Theatre* is a commodious building, at the foot of King-street, and Mr. Francis Stanton, the manager, is one of the largest shareholders. Newcastle gave birth to those two extraordinary men, and distinguished admirers of Cromwell, *Major General Thomas Harrison*, and the *Rev. John Goodwin*, the former of whom aided the usurper's regicide purposes with his sword, and the latter with his pen.

The Free Grammar School appears to have derived its earliest endowment from Richard Cleyton, Esq., of London, who by deed poll, dated April 9th, 1602, granted to the Corporation of Newcastle, a yearly rent charge of £10 out of his house, shops, and warehouses, in the Old Jury, London, in trust, that they should employ the same for the education of 30 poor children. It has since been augmented by a number of benefactions, so that it has now a yearly income amounting to upwards of £90; of which, £73. 10s. is the rent of 32A. 1R. 11P. of land, with three cottages at Knutton, which were purchased with £100, bequeathed in 1609, by John Cotton, to whose heirs the Corporation granted the privilege of nominating the schoolmaster alternately with themselves. The other gifts to this school are as follows, £100 left by Wm. Cotton, in 1633; £240 by Edward Orme, in 1704; £100 by John Cowell, in 1733; a yearly rent charge of £2. 10s. (and 10s. to the poor,) out of the house at the top of Friar's-lane, left by John Lowe, in 1685; and 5s. yearly, left by Wm. Beard. For the £240 left by Messrs. Cotton, Orme, and Cowell, the Corporation pay five per cent. interest, but retain £10 yearly from the Knutton farm, for repairs, &c. The present school was built in 1821, by subscription, upon land given by the Corporation in exchange for the site of the old school, which is now laid into the church-yard. The master has the use of two sittings in the Church. All the sons of freemen are admitted on application, and receive a classical education without any payment whatever; and in respect of Cowell's gift, the children of the inhabitants of Knutton and Chesterton, are entitled to the same freedom of the school. The master is allowed to take any number of day scholars and boarders, who are not entitled to their freedom. The present master, the Rev. Francis Foreman Clark, B.A., was appointed in Dec. 1833, when arrangements were made for teaching, in addition to the classics, the various commercial branches of education, either gratuitously to the free scholars, or on lower terms than those of former masters.

The English School arose from the liberal benefaction of the Rev. Edw. Orme, who, by will dated Feb. 23rd., 1704, after disposing of divers parts of his real and personal estate, bequeathed to John Fenton and Henry Hatrell, and their heirs, all his messuage in Newcastle, then occupied by John Lowe, and all his lands in the Pool Field, and all other his lands and tenements, together with the residue of his real and personal estate, upon trust, to employ the yearly profits thereof as follows, viz., £5 per annum in putting out apprentices, and the residue for teaching so many of the poor children of Newcastle to read, write, and cast accounts, and in buying them books, as the same would extend to. The real and personal property taken by the trustees under this will were both considerable, and the latter was afterwards laid out in the purchase of land and buildings; no less than £700 being paid for an estate at Knutton, now worth £120 per annum, but subject to a mortgage of £150. Several allotments were made to the charity lands at the enclosure, in 1818, so that they now produce collectively about £165 a-year. But the Parliamentary commissioners, in 1825, found the accounts of this charity in great confusion, and recommended the interference of a Court of Equity, for the appointment of more effective trustees. In 1797, the schoolmaster's salary was raised from 40 to 60 guineas, for which he is required to teach 50 free scholars. From 1807 to 1825, the only trustees living in the neighbourhood were females, who never acted in trust, and the only superintendence exercised was that of Mr. Thomas Fenton, solicitor, on behalf of Eliz. Fenton, his mother.

Dame's School.—The Corporation, until 1828, paid £8 yearly to a schoolmistress, for teaching 15 or 20 poor girls, as the interest of £130, left in 1674, by John Cowell, and £50 left by Thomas Bagnall, in 1675; but there being no school-room belonging to this charity, the income is intended to be paid to the National school.

Hatrell's Charity for five Schools.—In 1794, Thomas Hatrell bequeathed to his wife and other executors, £2000, in trust, to distribute the yearly produce thereof, in putting out poor children to school, *at five of the poorest schools in Newcastle*, an equal number at each; and he directed, that after the death of his wife, the nomination, both of the schools and the children, should be vested in his executors, and that they, when reduced to the number of two, should appoint three trustees to act with them. The whole legacy was invested in the purchase of £2802. 1s. 8d. late navy five per cents. Though the five schools to which this charity was appropriated up to 1825, were well conducted, it was thought by the trustees and the principal inhabitants of the neighbourhood, that it would be a more beneficial application of the charity, to apply it to the maintenance of the NATIONAL SCHOOL then erecting, for the accommodation of 600 children; and to effect this object, Lord St. Vincent and the other trustees, petitioned the Lord Chancellor, who granted them the power of so employing the income of the charity. There are now in the National school, 250 boys and 150 girls, of whom 40 are taught entirely free, and the others pay 1d. each per week. Here is also a BRITISH SCHOOL, which was built by subscription, in 1834, on land given by its patron, the Duke of Sutherland. It has now about 250 pupils, who are instructed on the Lancasterian system, chiefly at the expense of a number of annual subscribers. Towards the erection of the building, £350 was received from the British School Society.

The ALMS-HOUSES, at the foot of Bridge-street, were founded by Christopher Monk, Duke of Albemarle, who by will, in 1687, directed that a sum not exceeding £1500 should be laid out in erecting a hospital for 20 poor widows, and that £4000 (to be raised out of his real and personal estates,) should be laid out in the purchase of lands for the perpetual endowment of the same. By indenture dated 1757, Earl Granville, Earl Gower, and Bernard Granville, Esq., declared that the hospital had been erected, and that they had become entitled to a considerable part of the late Duke of Albemarle's property, and that in satisfaction of his legacy of £4000 for the support of the alms-women, they had respectively bound themselves and their heirs, to pay three annuities of £53. 6s. 8d. each, and also to keep the alms-houses in repair, for which it was agreed that they and their heirs should have the appointment of the 20 alms-women. The persons who now represent the three parties to this indenture, are Lord Carteret, the Duke of Sutherland, and the Rev. John Granville. They pay the annuities regularly, and appoint the 20 widows, who each receive 3s. per week, and 4s. at Christmas. The alms-houses are of brick, and were built in 1743.

Apprentice Fees.—Sir John Bowyer, in the 14th of Charles II., granted to the Corporation a yearly rent charge of £5. 8s., out of two houses in High-street, to be employed in apprenticing two children of poor burgesses yearly, to honest trades or callings, and to provide each of them with a bible. A rent charge of £1 per annum, left by Richard Bagnall, in 1725, is also applied by the Corporation in apprenticing poor boys.

The Charities distributed on St. Thomas's Day, by the churchwar-

NEWCASTLE CHARITIES.

deas, in money and bread among the needy poor, produ
£25, and amount separately to the following annual sums ;
charged on the Gallows-Tree-Hill croft, &c., in considerati
left by John Baker, in 1607 : 6s. 8d. left by John Baddeley,
out of the Pool field : 20s. by James Taylor, out of Stubb
10s. by Bridget Cook, out of Brampton field ; 10s. by
Beard, out of Clayton field ; 5s. by Samuel Beil, out of
tages in Rosebeck lane ; 5s. by John Mare, out of a house
Low square ; 41s. viz. 20s. for a sermon, 1s. to the clerk,
the Grammar School, and 10s. to the poor, by Wm. Beard,
of land in Clayton field, now belonging to the Duke of
land ; 52s. by Sir W. L. Gower, out of the farm at the Hil
£12. 2s. paid by the Corporation, as the interest of various be
tions for bread, together with £3 as the interest of £100, le
John Bourne, Esq., in 1755, to be given in money.

Other Benefactions.—6s. 8d. yearly, left by John Bagnall, in
ses of Friar's meadow and Friar's wood, to be distributed by
churchwardens on Good Friday ; 52s. yearly left by Ralph Bay
rent of Newfield Grange, but not paid during the last 35 yea
53s. 4d. interest of £40 given by Thomas Fletcher, in 1781 20s.
by Wm. and John Bagshey, out of two houses in Newcastle ; 3
by Ralph Carnaghi, in 1776 ; and £12 yearly out of the Manor
Fracknell, as the Newcastle portion of Henry Smith's charity, fo
apprenticing poor children, &c.

Lands, &c., vested in the Poor Rates.—In 1641, £100 left b
Ralph Brent, in 1651, was laid out, with £225 given by Alic
Corbett and Richard Astbury, in the purchase of a burgage tene
ment in Pudding-street, and five days' work of arable land, as
meadowing in the Pool and Stubbs fields. By a decree in the Court
of Chancery, in 1741, it was determined that the rents of this pro-
perty and of the Mart Mire should be applied by the Corporation
and the poor rates of the borough, together with the annual
sum of £40, which by consent the Corporation charged upon their
tolls and stallage, in satisfaction of various benefactions to the poor,
and the interest of £600 given by Lord Ward, at 5 per cent. The
property purchased in 1641, was sold about the year 1709, by the
Corporation, with the consent of the parish, and the produce ap-
plied to parochial purposes. The gift of Lord Ward, above-men-
tioned, and a gift of the like amount by Sir Walter Wagstaff Bazet,
appear to have been designed for the general benefit of the town and
Corporation, and not to have been appropriated to any specific cha-
ritable uses. The yearly sums now paid by the Corporation in aid
of the POOR RATES are £45, as named above ; £30 as interest of
Lord Ward's benefaction ; and £46. 17s. as the rates due on the tolls
and the public office. Under two acts of Parliament passed in 1782 and
1783, about 23 acres of waste land, called the MARSH, was divided
into lots and let on building leases, now producing about £200 per
annum, which is also applied in aid of the poor rates. The Thea-
tre, a handsome hotel and assembly-room, with many excellent
houses, have been built on this land. The *Workhouse* is in Deansgate,
and has a small *Gaol* for debtors, and a temporary *Prison* for crimi-
nals attached to it ; but the latter is so insecure, "that constables
have to watch outside to prevent the prisoners' escape." The go-
vernor of the workhouse is the gaoler.

The NEWCASTLE DIRECTORY is inserted at pages 593 to 602,
immediately after the *Directory of the Potteries*, of which populous
District this town may be considered as a western suburb.

NORTON-IN-THE-MOORS is a well built village, seated on a lofty eminence between two branches of the river Trent, 2 miles E.N.E. of Burslem, and 7 miles S.W. by W. of Leek. Its parish, until the year 1807, was included in that of Stoke-upon-Trent, as has been seen at page 530. It contains the townships of *Norton* and *Bemersley*, which support their poor conjointly, and comprise together 3794 acres of inclosed land, nearly 250 acres of open common, and 2407 inhabitants, of whom 2163 are in Norton, and 244 in Bemersley. The former township includes the hamlets of FORD GREEN, 1 mile W.; NORTON GREEN, 1 mile N.E.; SMALL THORN, 1¼ mile S.W.; and MILTON, 1 mile S. of Norton. Milton is a large village, with an iron foundry and steam engine manufactory, on the Leek canal; and a small part of it is in Hulton Abbey township, in Burslem parish. The *manor* of Norton is partly copyhold, and belongs chiefly to C. B. Adderley, Esq. and Sir George Chetwynd. The parish *Church*, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, was rebuilt in 1738. It is a plain brick edifice, with a square tower at the west end, and is now a *rectory*, in the patronage and incumbency of the Rev. G. B. Wildig. In the churchyard is the parish *school*, with a house for the master, who teaches four free scholars for 50s., paid yearly out of the interest of £130, bequeathed chiefly for the poor, by Wm. and Ellen Ford, and others, and now secured on the Newcastle and Leek turnpike. The poor have also the following yearly *doles;* 50s. out of Annatt's field, left by Wm. Maere; 12s. left by Josiah Keeling, to be paid by his heirs; and 8s. left by Thomas Sherratt, out of his meadow at Milton. The Independents have a *chapel* at Milton, where there is another old Dissenting meeting house now unoccupied. The whole parish is a cold and hilly country, abounding with *coal*, which is got at various depths in beds from 4 to 7 feet thick.

BEMERSLEY is a small village, 4 miles N. of Burslem. Its township is in the manor of Tunstall, and includes part of the hamlet of WHITFIELD, 1 mile N. of Norton, and partly in that division of the parish. The principal land owner is Hugh Henshall Williamson, Esq., (High Sheriff of Staffordshire, in 1834,) who resides here at the pleasant seat called Greenway Bank.

*Marked * are in Bemersley, 1 Ball green, 2 Bedley green, 3 Ford green, 4 Milton, 5 New Inn bank, 6 Norton green, 7 Small thorn, 8 Whitfield, and 9 at Broun edge, and the rest in Norton village, or where specified.*

* Burn John, printer & publshr.
3 Burn Wm. wheelwright
Fletcher Jph. colliery agent
Freakley Wm. plumber, painter, &c. Sandy lane
Godwin Arthur, gent. Spraggs.
6 Hales Mrs. Mary
Hobson Robt. schoolmaster
* Lees Mary, corn miller
Mayer John, nail maker
Sargeant Samuel, saddler
3 Scragg John, bookkeeper
Unwin John, butcher
3 Warburton Mrs. Ann

Wildig Rev. Geo. Burgess, rector
* Williamson Hugh Henshall, Esq. Greenway bank
4 Yardley Benj. assis. overseer

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Bell and Dragon, John Scragg
Cock, John Cope
Foxley Hotel, Thomas Pursell
4 Old True Blue, Thomas Cope
5 Robin Hood, Geo. Bentley

Beer Houses.
Clews John
4 Hodgkisson Wm.
7 Tomkinson Mary

Blacksmiths.
Cooper Thos.
5 Leek Jesse
4 Turner Thos.

Boot and Shoe makers.
7 Bates Peter
4 Mould Jph.

Coal masters.
Dean Richard
3 Hales Charles, Down field
8 Harrison W.

Farmers.
1 Billinge Geo.
8 * Billinge Sl.
9 Boardman W.
* Burn Js. Green
8 Carps Hugh
4 Cartledge Jno.
2 Crompton W.
2 Dale Thomas
Dean Josiah, Heatley hall
* Freakley Jas.
3 Glover Saml.
1 Houldcroft Hugh
* Jolly & Harvey
4 Lindop Wm.
Mitchell Thos. Stone lane
Mountford Jph. Stone hs.
3 Oakes Saml.
6 Pickford Ts.
6 Repton Thos. and Richard
Sargeant Sarah
* Scraggs Saml. Catherine's fld.
Scragg Saml.
9 Simcock Chas.
Stanner John, Chell heath
9 Steel Wm.
1 Timmis Saml.
Turner Wm.
8 * Unwin Jas.
Weatherley Jas. Shield's croft
4 Willatt John
Woolliscroft Thos. Down field
Wright Joseph. Wood house

Flint Grinders
8 * Brindley J.
Stubbs & Taylor, Cock's head

Iron Fndrs. &c.
4 Cope John, & engine bldr.
6 Cope T. & Sons

Shopkeepers.
4 Cartledge Jas.
7 Tomkinson's

Tailors.
Goodfellow Enoch
Spooner Chas.

RANTON, or *Renton*, is a small scattered village, 5 miles W. of Stafford, comprising within its parish the scattered hamlets enumerated below, and including 273 inhabitants, and about 1700 acres of land, belonging chiefly to the Earl of Lichfield, and Francis Eld, Esq., who are impropriators of the tithes; and the former is lord of the *manor*, which, at the time of the Norman Conquest, was held by Goderick, a Saxon nobleman, and afterwards by the Noels and Harcourts. The *Church* is a small structure, dedicated to All Saints, and is a vicarage endowed with a yearly modus of £5. 6s. 8d., paid by F. Eld, Esq., and 48 acres of glebe, purchased chiefly with subscriptions and Queen Anne's Bounty. The patronage, by ancient custom, is in the parishioners; but the Earl of Lichfield, as lord of the manor, presented the living to its present incumbent, the Rev W. H. C. Lloyd, of Norbury. The *benefactions* to the poor amount yearly as follows; 20s. out of Waterstocks, left by Richard Chamberlain, in 1628; and 50s. from a cottage, called *England's Hall*, left in 1815, by John Mould, who had purchased the said cottage of one England, by whom it had been built on the waste many years before. The *wake* is on the nearest Sunday to All Saints' day. About a mile W. of the village, and 4 miles S. of Eccleshall, is RANTON ABBEY, an *extra parochial* liberty of 700 acres, belonging to the Earl of Lichfield, who has here a neat *shooting box*, near the ruins of the ancient *Abbey*, which was founded by Robert Fitz-Noel, in the reign of Henry II., for regular canons of the order of St. Augustine,

Hardywicke, (now belonging to Viscount St. Vincent,) with the payment of 30s yearly, for a sermon on April 2nd, at Sandon church, and 2s. per week to be given in bread to the poor parishioners, who have also 10s. worth of bread yearly, as the interest of £10 left by the Rev. James Tomkinson. HARDYWICKE is a hamlet, on the hill 1 mile N. of Sandon, and the other farms and districts in the parish bear the following names.

In the subjoined Directory, those marked 1 *reside at Day hills*, 2 *Hardywicke*, 3 *Romer*, 4 *Sandy lees*, 5 *Small rice*, 6 *Twerrelow*, 7 *Wood farms, and the rest at Sandon.*

Harrowby Earl of, Sandon hall
Sandon Viscount, (Hon. Dudley Ryder) M. P. Sandon hall
Alldis John, joiner and overseer
Bould James, tailor
CheadleWm. & John, blacksmiths
Chinn Thomas, shoemaker
Chinn Wm. vict. & maltr. Royal Oak
Dix John, vict. & parish clerk, Seven Stars
Freakley John & Thos. butchers
Ginders Jeremiah, flint grinder
Grove Elijah, farming bailiff
Hall John, wheelwright
Hickinbottom Frns. wheelwright
Hine John, wheelwright
Hollis Mrs. Margaret
Leese Matthew, schoolmaster
Perkin John, cabinet maker
Pickering Mary Ann, free school
Seckerson Rev. Edw. M. A. curate, vicarage
1 Shaw Jas.& Thos. wheelwrights
Tams Charles, blacksmith
Tennant John, excise officer
Thomas Edw. free school
Tomlinson Benjamin, vict. Dog & Doublet Inn, & posting house
Tomlinson Joseph, shoemaker
Tomlinson Richard, shoemaker
Tomlinson Mr. Sampson
Willder Saml. Henry, vict. auctioneer & appraiser, Pack Horse

FARMERS.

5 DavidsonHgh.
2 Done John
7 EllsmoreBrian
Ithell Wm.
Kendrick John
7 Leese Wm.
6 Lockett Jph.
2 Lovett George
Morland John
4 Pilsbury Dthy.
5 Smith Sarah
5 Tomlinson Jn.
2 Tomlinson W.
Whitehurst Ths.
3 Woolrich Jno. (yeoman)

COACHES call at the Dog and Doublet, to *London* at 1 mg. 6 mg. & 8 evg.; and to *Liverpool* 9 mg. 10 mg. & 12 noon.

POST OFFICE at Wm. Chinn's. The Mail from London 10 mg. and from Liverpool 6 mg.

SEIGHFORD is a scattered village, 3 miles W. by N. of Stafford, seated on a pleasant declivity, above a small brook which flows eastward from Latford pool to the river Sow. Its parish contains the hamlets of ASTON, DOXEY, and DERRINGTON, from 1 to 1½ mile S.E.; COTON CLANFORD, 1 mile S., and GREAT and LITTLE BRIDGEFORD, on the Sow river, 1 mile N. of Seighford, and 3½ miles N.E. of Stafford. It forms a highly cultivated district, containing 898 inhabitants, and belonging to a number of proprietors, the largest of whom is Francis Eld, Esq., the lord of the manor and impropriator of the tithes, whose residence is at *Seighford Hall*, an ancient half-timbered house with modern wings, standing in a small but well-wooded park, on the west side of the village. The *Church*, dedicated to St. Chad, was partly rebuilt of brick about eighty years ago, and contains many neat mural monuments.

The living is a vicarage in the patronage of the King, and incumbency of the Rev. Thomas Walker Richards; but the Rev. E. J. Rathbone performs the duty. *Aston Hall*, a neat mansion, is the seat of Thomas Eld, gentleman. In 1712, five acres of land, at Seighford, was purchased with £61, left by *Dorothy Bridgeman and others*, and is now let for £5. 5s. per annum, of which £3. 3s. is paid for the education of six *free scholars*, and the remainder is given in bread to the poor parishioners, together with 10s. as the interest of £10 left by the late Francis Eld, Esq. The poor have also 40s. yearly out of Waterstocks farm, and the vicar 6s. 8d., yearly, out of Silkmore meadow, left by Richard Chamberlain, in 1628. An annuity of 10s. out of the Hilton estate, near Bushbury, left by Richard Umpton, in 1642, has not been paid during the last thirty years. *Coton-Clanford*, on the south side of the parish, is noted as the birthplace of the Rev. William Wollaston, who was born in 1650, and spent the latter part of his life in close retirement in London, where he died, in 1724, after publishing a variety of works, distinguished by the display of powerful abilities and great erudition. Of his principal treatise, entitled "The Religion of Nature Delineated," upwards of 10,000 copies were sold within a few years after its publication; though it exposed him to the censure of many zealous Christians, some of whom considered him as belonging to Dr. Clarke's fourth class of Deists.

Those marked 1 *reside at Aston*, 2 *Great Bridgeford*, 3 *Little Bridgeford*, 4 *Coton-Clanford*, 5 *Derrington*, 6 *Dosey*, 7 *Handfords*, 8 *Latford pool*, 9 *Oldford*, 11 *Stallbrook*, 12 *Stockgate*, 13 *Lady Birches*, *and the rest at Seighford.*

Abbott James, blacksmith
4 Anderson David, gentleman
Bagnall Miss Susanna
5 Ball Sarah, shopkeeper
Birkin Francis, butcher
2 Burgess John, corn miller
Cope John, wheelwright
4 Cope Thomas, wheelwright
2 Dent John, tailor
Eld Francis, Esq. Seighford hall
Eld Richard, gentleman
Eld Thomas, gent. Aston hall
3 Evans John, wheelwright
Fowler Ann, beer house
5 Gripton James, tailor
3 Haywood Mary, shopkeeper
Hodgetts Wm. tailor, & par. clk.
3 Kirby Wm. blacksmith
Parker John, brick maker
1 Parkes James, shoemaker
Rathbone Rev. Edw. John, M.A.
5 Slinn Edw. blacksmith, & b. h.
5 Sutton, Joseph, tailor
3 Talbot John, vict. White Hart
Walters John, blacksmith
5 Walton Jno. vict. & wheelwgt.
Woollams Richard, schoolmaster
Woollams Wm. weaver & shpkpr.
Worthington Thomas & Phillip, shoemakers

FARMERS.

Ansell Thos.
Anderson Wm.
7 Bayley Rd.
13 Bould Thos.
Busby Jn. & Ntl.
11 Busby Mary
7 Cartwright Sl.
Cotton Wm.
2 Dawson Thos.
3 Emery Wm.
5 Emery Jph.
10 Finnemore Charles
1 Ford Hugh
5 Foster Thos.
Hadley Edw.
Hall John
9 Handley Jn.
3 Hasketh Wm.
10 Hubbart Jph.
4 James Jph.
6 Lees James
4 Lomas John
4 Lomas Wm.
6 Mann Wm.
12 Martin Edw.
2 Parker James
4 Plant Wm.
2 Pursell Jane
2 Reynolds J. E.
5 Smallwood W.
1 Smith Wm.
Weaver Rd.
3 Wetton Wm.
4 Williamson W.
Woodbridge Js.

but subject to the Abbey of Haghman, in Shropshire. At its dissolution, in the reign of Henry VIII., its revenues were valued at £90. 2s. 11½d. per annum. Considerable remains of this abbey are still standing. They consist principally of a lofty well built tower; and the outer walls of the church, which are extremely low; together with a small portion of the cloisters. The abbey liberty only contains 17 inhabitants, and has about 60 acres of woods. Mr. Richard Ash, the resident farmer, occupies 400 acres, and the rest is let to non-residents.

In the following Directory of Ranton Parish, those marked 1 *reside at Brough'hall,* 2 *Hextells,* 3 *Long Compton,* 4 *Park-nook,* 5 *Ranton, and* 6 *at Wood side.*

5 Barton John, shopkeeper
5 Collier Joseph, wheelwright
5 Cort Mr. William
5 Evans Joseph, parish clerk
5 Daniels John, shopkeeper
5 Handley John, blacksmith
3 Hart Thomas, butcher
5 Perkin John, tailor
5 Phillips George, brick maker
5 Tinsley Thomas, shoemaker
5 Trickett Wm. vict. Gate

FARMERS.

5 Addison Wm. Ash Rd. Abbey
2 Bailey Peter
4 Betney John
5 Brassington Js.
5 Chapman Wm.
3 Dain Major
5 Deakin Thos.
1 Fearnyhough Mrs.
5 Ford Thos. & maltster
5 Glover Jph.
5 Hall Ann
5 Hart Ann
5 Haughton Ann
5 Lindop Wm.
5 Furber Wm.

SANDON is a pleasant and well-built village, with three good inns on the Lichfield and Stone turnpike, near the Trent and the canal, 4 miles N.N.E. of Stafford, and 5 miles S.E. of Stone. Its parish is a fertile and picturesque district, on the north-west side of Trent vale, containing 558 inhabitants, and upwards of 3000 acres of land; nearly the whole of which is the property of the Earl of Harrowby, the lord of the manor, who resides here in SANDON HALL, a large and elegant mansion, delightfully seated in a well-wooded park of 400 acres, descending in bold undulations to the river Trent, opposite the abrupt acclivities of Hopton and Salt Heath. The present hall stands about half a mile south of the site of the ancient mansion of the Erdeswicke family, which was taken down many years ago; but the *moat* that surrounded it is still preserved. The eminences around the hall are crowned with luxuriant plantations, and on one of them stands an elegant *obelisk*, 75 feet in height, erected, in 1806, to the memory of the Right Hon. Wm. Pitt; and near the north-east end of the park, is *Percival's Cave*, an arched recess, with seats, excavated in the red sandstone cliff, and so called in memory of a late distinguished but unfortunate statesman, who was shot in the lobby of the House of Commons. The *manor of Sandon* belonged to Algar, Earl of Mercia, before the Conquest, but it was afterwards given by William I. to Hugh, Earl of Chester, who gave it to William de Malbanc, whose son William gave Sandon church to the monks of Combermere Abbey, which was founded by his bro-

ther. The manor was conveyed, in marriage with Adena, daughter of the last named William, to Sir William Stafford, with whose grand-daughter it passed in marriage to the Erdeswicke family; the last of whom was *Sampson Erdeswicke*, the learned and industrious antiquary, who died in 1603, and left behind him, in manuscript, a "View of the History and Antiquities of Staffordshire," which had occupied his attention during a period of ten years, and of which several editions have been printed, but the most correct one is that lately published by the Rev. Dr. Harwood, of Lichfield. After his death, this manor was sold to George Digby, whose heiress carried it in marriage to Charles Lord Gerrard, with whose grand-daughter it passed to the Duke of Hamilton, one of whose descendants sold it to the late Right Hon. Nathaniel Ryder, who was created Baron Harrowby of Lincolnshire, in 1776, and died in 1803. His son and successor, the present Right Hon. Dudley Ryder, was created *Earl of Harrowby, and Viscount Sandon*, in 1809, after having rendered considerable service to his country, both as a statesman and plenipotentiary. The Earl is a Governor of the Charter House, a Trustee of the British Museum, High Steward of Tiverton, D.C.L. and F.S.A., and has another seat at Norton, in Gloucestershire. Sandon CHURCH stands within the park, on an eminence nearly half a mile from the village. It is a small but neat edifice, dedicated to All Saints, and contains many handsome monuments; the most remarkable of which is one to the memory of the celebrated Staffordshire antiquary, Sampson Erdeswicke, Esq., who is said to have raised this memorial two years before his death, and to have wrought part of its ornaments, and its extremely singular and lengthy inscription, with his own hands. Upon the tomb lays a colossal figure of himself, dressed in a jacket with short skirts, and spurs on his heels. Above, in two niches, are effigies of his two wives, in a kneeling attitude. As already noticed, Erdeswicke died in 1603, and it is said that he "grew crazy towards the end of his life," (Ath. Ox. I. 427;) but Camden styles him "*venerandæ antiquitatis cultor maximus.*" The Earl of Harrowby is impropriator of the great tithes, and patron of the *vicarage*, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. W. E. Coldwell, M. A., (rector of Stafford,) for whom the Rev. E. B. Seckerson officiates. In 1824, the Earl erected two neat *Schools*, near the east end of the village, where 60 boys, and as many girls, are educated on the Madras system, the Earl paying 2s. 3d., and their parents 1s. 3d. per quarter for each scholar. Mr. Edward Thomas, the master of the boys' school, is now collecting materials for a work illustrative of the antiquities of this part of Staffordshire, in which will be preserved drawings of many old churches and halls, which have long since given place to modern erections. The Methodists have a small chapel in the village. In 1701, Ralph Landor charged his estate, at

STANDON is a small but pleasant village, near the summit of a lofty eminence, 4¼ miles N. by W. of Eccleshall, and 6 miles W. of Stone. Its parish is a fertile district, including the village of BOWERS, a quarter of a mile north of the church, and many scattered farm-houses; but it contains only 420 inhabitants, and 2541A. 1R. 20P. of land. The principal owner, and lord of the *manor*, is John Stevenson Salt, Esq., but Swynfen Jervis, Esq., and Colonel Howard Vyse, have estates here. The *Church* is a small edifice, dedicated to All Saints, and is a *rectory* endowed with 90 acres of glebe. The Rev. Thomas Walker is both patron and incumbent. On St. Thomas's day, the rector and churchwardens distribute £4 among the poor, as the interest of £90, bequeathed by *Mrs. Margaret Owen*, in 1809. The parish *feast* is on the nearest Sunday to All Saints.

Those marked 1 *reside at Bowers*, 2 *Bowers bank*, 3 *Gorsy bank*, 4 *Shortwood*, 5 *Standon*, 6 *Standon hall*, 7 *Standon mill*, 8 *Walford*, 9 *Walford house*, 10 *Weston*, 11 *Weston hall, and* 12 *at Rudge.*

1 Ashley Mesech, schoolmaster
1 Ashley Shadrach, parish clerk
3 Betteney John, blacksmith
7 Brown Elizabeth, ladies' school
2 Freatley Wm. shoemaker
9 Grimshaw John, Esq.
1 Hodson Thomas, butcher
1 Millington Jph. shoemkr. & b.h.
5 Parkes John, maltster
7 Reynolds Samuel, corn miller
1 Shaw Wm. shoemaker
1 Swift Mr. Joseph
1 Tansley Vyse, vict. Plough
Walker Rev. Thos. B.C.L. rector
1 Wallers Jane, shopkeeper
1 Wright Wm. shoemaker

FARMERS.

12 Blagg Wm.
1 Glover Thos.
8 Glover Thos.
1 Highfield Ts.
2 Highfield Mrs.
5 Hughes Hill
11 Key James
10 Key Thos.
1 Martin Andw.
8 Pearson Thos. (& maltster)
1 Reynolds Cs.
5 Shaw Rd.
12 Sillitoe Ts.
4 Swift Thos.
2 Swift Wm.
5 Swinnerton Jn.
1 Tansley David
1 Thompson Jn.
6 Woolf Ann
2 Wright Wm.

STONE PARISH.

This extensive parish has increased its population since the year 1801, from 2843 to 7808 souls, and forms a hilly but generally fertile district, lying on both sides of the river Trent, and comprising no less than 22,000 acres of land, including many villages and hamlets, and extending from three miles south to seven miles north of the market town of Stone, and from five miles east to nearly two miles west of the Trent; being bounded on the north by Lane End, Blurton, and Trentham; on the west by Swinnerton and Chebsey; on the south by Yarlet, Hardywicke, and Milwich; and on the east by the Totmanslow Hundred. It is divided into four *Quarters*, for each of which a churchwarden and overseer are appointed; but they support their poo. conjointly, at the cost of about £6000 per annum, collected in four rates, at 4d. in the pound on the parish rental; but out of these poor rates, about £900 is paid an-

nually to the county rates. The parish WORKHOUSE is a large brick edifice, near the town of Stone, and has more the appearance of a gentleman's villa than a house of industry, having a handsome front, a small lawn shaded with trees, and about 3 acres of land attached to it. For the erection of this workhouse, and for the maintenance and employment of the paupers, under the control of a body of *Guardians and Directors*, (consisting of about 80 of the principal parishioners,) an Act of Parliament was obtained in the 22d of George III. There are generally about 60 paupers in the house, and many of them are employed in making linen, blankets, and mops. Mr. Francis Adie, the present governor, is allowed three shillings per head per week for providing the inmates with victuals. Mr. Thos. Parker, of Hilderstone, is collector of poor rates for the whole parish; and Mr. Charles Fernyhough, of Rough Close, is assistant overseer for the bastardy department. The parish is divided into ten CONSTABLEWICKS:—*Stone and Kibblestone Quarters* each forming one constablewick; *Beech Quarter* forming three constablewicks, viz. *Darlaston*, *Tittensor*, and *Walton*; and *Hilderstone Quarter* forming five constablewicks, viz. *Fulford*, *Hilderstone*, *Normicott*, *Little Aston*, and *Aston-with-Burston-and-Stoke*. There is a chapel of ease at FULFORD, five miles N.E. of Stone, of very ancient foundation; but the limits of the chapelry are not distinctly known, though it appears to comprise part of Hilderstone and Kibblestone Quarters, and the *villages* or *hamlets* of Hilderstone, Fulford, Saverley Green, Crossgate, Spot, Spotgate, Blythe Bridge, Moddershall, Knenhall, Rough Close, Normicott, Furnace, Meir, and Stallington, which latter is in Stone Quarter. In 1833, a *new church* was built at Hilderstone, by Ralph Bourne, Esq., as will be seen at a subsequent page. In 1821, the population of Stone was 2855; Beech Quarter, 838; Hilderstone, 1591; Kibblestone, 1089; and Normicott, 878.

STONE, the capital of this extensive parish, is an ancient but pleasant and well built market town, on the river Trent and the canal, at the point where the former receives the small but rapid stream of the Scotch brook, 7 miles N. by W. of Stafford, 9 miles S.S.E. of Newcastle, and 140 miles N.W. by W. of London. Since the year 1801, its inhabitants have increased from 1500 to about 3000 souls; a considerable number of whom are employed in the manufacture of *shoes*, for which this place is as famous as Stafford; and the extensive manufacturers here also employ many of the cordwainers in the surrounding villages. Being on the great road from Liverpool, Manchester, and the Potteries, to Lichfield, London, and Birmingham, the town is a great thoroughfare for coaches and travellers, and has several good inns, and about twenty other houses of public entertainment. The *market* is held every Tuesday, for corn and *provisions*; and four *fairs* are held here yearly, on Shrove

Tuesday, the Tuesday after Mid-lent, Whit Tuesday, and August 5th; but the latter is the only one of consequence, being a great mart for sheep and cattle. The *wake* or feast is on the Sunday after Michaelmas-day; and the *races* on the following Tuesday and Wednesday. In the town are two extensive *breweries*, four *corn mills*, several commodious *wharfs*, and the principal office for conducting the business of the *Trent and Mersey canal*, on which about 700 vessels pass the summit lock, at Etruria, weekly, and pay to the Canal Company 1d. per ton per mile, on all articles except coal and malt, which only pay three farthings per ton. The High-street is of considerable length, and has many well stocked shops and neat houses; but during the last 20 years, many of the inhabitants have built handsome dwellings in the suburbs of the town, on the Lichfield, Newcastle, and Lane End roads; and on the opposite side of the Trent is the pleasant village of *Walton*, which has also been greatly improved during the same period, and is approached by a neat stone bridge on the Stafford road.

The town of Stone is of great antiquity, deriving its origin and name about the year 670, when the two Saxon princes, Ulfred and Rufin, were buried here by their mother, after being murdered by their father, Wulfere, the Pagan King of Mercia, for having embraced the tenets of Christianity, (see p. 632.) Over the remains of these royal martyrs, Queen Erminilda, their mother, raised an immense heap of *stones*, which gave name to the place. The disconsolate Queen soon afterwards erected a church over the tomb of her sons; and her inhuman monarch, Wulfere, who had a castle at *Berry Bank*, in this parish, having become penitent, founded a small monastery here for monks, as his Queen did another for nuns; but these religious fraternities were dispersed by the Danes, though they appear to have susequently returned, for in the reign of Henry I. it is said that two nuns and a priest were murdered here by Enysan, a Norman, whose father, Erasmus, had followed the fortunes of the Conqueror, who gave him the manor of Walton, where he fixed his family residence. As a punishment for this diabolical deed, the King seized the manor of Walton, which included Stone, and gave it to Robert de Stafford, who founded here, on the site of the two monastic cells, a *Priory* for canons regular of the order of St. Augustine. This appears to have been a magnificent building, for the founder and several of his descendants made it their burial place, and endowed it with lands and buildings, which, at its dissolution in the reign of Henry VIII., were valued at £119. 14s. 11d. per annum. The splendid monuments of the Stafford family were afterwards removed from the priory church to the Augustine friary, at Forebridge, near Stafford, (vide p. 129.) The priory stood at the south end of the town, in what is still called the *Abbey-court*, where a small fragment of the foundation walls is still visible;

and at the construction of a new road, about 60 years ago, several subterraneous passages were discovered. *Stonefield*, a large district on the north side of the town, in the Kibblestone Quarter, is the place where the Duke of Cumberland drew up his army, in 1745, when in pursuit of the Scotch rebels, who had advanced to Derby, (see p. 36;) but the entrenchments here, called the Motley Pits, are supposed to have been raised during the civil wars in the reign of Charles I. On the east side of the town, is STONE PARK, an extensive farm, rising in bold undulations to a considerable altitude, and belonging to the *Rt. Hon. Granville Leveson Gower*, (half brother to the late Duke of Sutherland,) who in 1815 was created *Viscount Granville, of Stone Park*, and in 1807 was appointed minister plenipotentiary to the Court of St. Petersburg. This park was once held in great estimation by the Gower family, but it was enclosed many years ago.

The present parish CHURCH is a plain but neat building, standing on an eminence, in a spacious burial ground, at the south end of the town. It was commenced in 1753, and finished in 1758, when it was dedicated to St. Michael the Archangel, of whom here is a beautiful painting, presented by the late Earl St. Vincent, whose remains are interred in the churchyard, within the walls of a massive stone building or mausoleum, which was built by the Jervis family many years ago. The Earl died in 1823; and in 1833, a handsome marble monument was erected to his memory in the church, surmounted by a well executed bust, and bearing a long inscription, which records all his naval honours and private virtues. The church is neatly pewed, and has 168 free sittings. The living is a *vicarage*, in the patronage of the Lord Chancellor, and incumbency of the Rev. John Thomas Hinds, M.A., of Pulham, in Dorsetshire; for whom the Rev. Francis Kitchin, B.A. officiates.—Swynfen Jervis, Esq. owner of Darlaston Hall, and Viscount St. Vincent, of Meaford, (both in this parish,) are impropriators of the great tithes. The *old church*, dedicated to St. Ulfred, one of the murdered princes already noticed, stood nearer to the vicarage than the present edifice, and enclosed an ancient tomb, which is now left open to the church-yard, and has upon it recumbent effigies of Sir Thomas Crompton and his lady. It was a venerable Saxon pile, of the age of the priory to which it was annexed, and was so decayed and dilapidated in 1749, that a large portion of it fell down on December 30th, in that year, after the funeral of Elizabeth Unitt. In the town are three dissenting meeting houses, viz. the *Wesleyan Chapel*, a small building, in Lichfield-street; the *Zoar Methodist Chapel*, in Abbey-court, a neat brick edifice, erected by the New Connexion, in 1814; and the *Independent Chapel*, built about 40 years ago, and now under the ministry of the Rev. Wm. Thomas. Here are several Sunday Schools and religious institu-

tions, and the town and parish have several *benefactions*, for the education and relief of the poor.

The FREE SCHOOL, adjoining the church yard, was founded in 1558, by the Rev. Thomas Allyn, who appointed the master, fellows, and scholars of Trinity College, Cambridge, trustees, in consequence of which it was exempt from the Parliamentary commissioners' enquiry. We have, however, ascertained, that the founder endowed it with about £13 a year, which has long been paid to the Rev. Joseph Smith, the usher of the Grammar School at Stafford, who formerly resided here, but has for some years let the school to Thomas Ash; but no free scholars are admitted. Here is, however, a well conducted *National School*, built on the vicarage land in 1833, at the cost of £500, raised by subscription, and £150 given by the National School Society. A subscription was opened, in February, 1834, for the establishment of a *British School*.

Froghole School, removed to Darlaston.—Wm. Jervis, of Newcastle, bequeathed £100, for such charitable uses in the parish of Stone, as his nephew, John Jervis, of Darlaston, should think fit. The latter gentleman afterwards built the FROGHOLE SCHOOL, which stood close to the town of Stone; and in 1744 endowed it with £5 per annum, out of lands in Walford, together with another annuity of £5 out of lands at Chatcull, in satisfaction of £100 left by his uncle, for a school in Eccleshall parish. He appointed the lord of the manor of Darlaston, for the time being, sole trustee. About 1795, Mr. Jervis, upon the enclosure of the common land, took down the Froghole school, and removed the materials to Darlaston, purposing to build another school there. This, however, has not been done; but £15 a year has since been applied to the maintenance of a *girls' school* at Darlaston, kept by a schoolmistress, who, for this and an additional sum of £10, the voluntary gift of Lady St. Vincent, teaches 31 girls of Darlaston and Meaford. The annuity of £15 is supposed to include the £5 belonging to Eccleshall, and £5 given by another member of the Jervis family.

BENEFACTIONS.—Humphrey Fox, of London, bequeathed as much money as purchased for Stone parish, the following yearly rent charges, upon lands in Normicott, now belonging to the Duke of Sutherland, viz. £4 for the minister, £2 for the master of the free school, and £2. 12s. for a weekly distribution of 1s. worth of bread among the poor. Richard Bradbury charged his land at Oulton with a weekly distribution of bread at Stoke church; but it was discontinued after the death of Wm. Emery, about the year 1803.—John Macclesfield gave £40, with which an annuity of 40s., paid out of Lord St. Vincent's estate in Sandon parish, was purchased for 10 poor householders of Stone. In 1654, £20, left by Thomas Hall, was invested in a rent charge of 20s., which is now paid yearly out of land at Hilderstone, belonging to the Bower family. Half of it is distributed at Stoke, and the rest in other parts of the parish. In 1663, Wm. Jervis, of Meaford, in consideration of £21 belonging to the poor of Stone, granted out of his estate a yearly rent charge of 21s., which has since been augmented to £5. Thomas Shallcross gave an annuity of £5, charged on the Beggar's Croft, in Walton, to the poor of Stone and Kibblestone. Mrs. Frances Leacroft left to the poor of Walton and Stone, a piece of land in Walton meadow, now let for 30s. a year. Mrs. Margaret Stubbs gave 20s. yearly for poor widows of this parish, out of Marlpit Leasow, in Aston. In 1771, *Lady Katharine Leveson Gower* bequeathed a yearly rent charge of £100, to be paid out of the Stone Park estate, to ten poor widows

of Stone. John Webb left for the poor of Aston liberty, 20s. a year out of Nether Fields. Kibblestone liberty receives 40s. a year from Bagnall's charity, (see p. 615.) In 1747, Mrs. Eliz. Unett left 2l. yearly to the poor of Tittensor, out of Groundslow Fields. Mrs. Margaret Lander left 10s. yearly to the poor of Walton, out of Middlow-house Farm. In 1637, £40, left by Robert Ash and Samuel Leacroft, was laid out in the purchase of an annuity of 40s., charged upon a close in Walton, called Croft-in-the-Field, for the poor of Stone, but it is now lost, with several other small benefactions.

FULFORD CHAPELRY BENEFACTIONS.—The *School at Kendal* was founded by George Hiatt, who, in 1735, bequeathed £30 for its erection; £200 to be laid out in land, for the master to teach 30 free scholars of Fulford chapelry; and £100 to purchase land, one half of the rents of which to buy books for the said scholars, and the other half for the poor of the chapelry. The £300 has not been invested in land, but still remains at five per cent. interest. The school was not built till about 1785; the master receives £12. 10s. yearly, and the residue of the interest is given to the poor, on St. George's day. The *School in Fulford Chapel* has long been disused; but its small income is now employed in aid of the *National School*, established in the village about the year 1820. The chapel school was held in the north aisle, which was built by Thomas Shalkcross, who, in 1649, gave £100, which, with £50 given by Mrs. Mirabel Bennet, was laid out in the purchase of a rent charge of £9 a year, out of land at Spot Grange, now belonging to Ralph Bourne, Esq. This rent charge is divided as follows, £3. 18s. to the minister, £3. 2s. in weekly doles of bread, and £2 to the schoolmaster. Thomas Porter left two rent charges, viz. £4 out of land at Prestwood, and £1 out of Stanley croft. Out of this £5, the minister of Fulford has 10s., the schoolmaster 30s., three poor scholars 20s. for clothing, and £2 is given in apprentice fees. An unknown donor bequeathed out of Hey meadow the following yearly payments:—£1. 12s. to the minister of Fulford, 20s. to the school, and 20s. to the poor. Mr. Foden left, out of Leacroft estate, £2 yearly to the minister of Fulford, and 10s. to the poor; but the latter has not been paid for many years.—The poor have two annuities of 5s. each; one from land at Spot, left by John Batkin, and the other out of Hursthead Field, near Hilderstone, left by Charles Arblaster.

The SAVINGS' BANK, for the Hundred of Pirehill, was established in 1818, and now occupies a handsome building at the head of High-street, built in 1830, at the cost of about £700. This provident institution has branches at *Newcastle*, *Eccleshall*, and *Betley*, and its deposits amounted, in November, 1832, to nearly £27,000. It is open on the first Tuesday in every month. Mr. Samuel Woolley is the clerk, and resides in the bank.

Beech Quarter of Stone parish, comprises the following villages, viz., BEECH, 3¼ miles N.W.; DARLASTON, 1½ mile N.N.W.; TITTENSOR, 3 miles N.N.W.; and WALTON, half a mile S. of Stone. *Beech* stands on a lofty eminence, and is partly in Swinnerton parish. Darlaston is on the west bank of the river Trent, near *Darlaston Hall*, a handsome brick mansion, occupied by the Rev. Thomas Clowes, but belonging to Swynfen Jervis, Esq., the lord of the manor and owner of the soil. The common land of Darlaston and Tittensor, was enclosed under an act passed in 1828, except a large portion of

the *Heath*, which still forms a rugged waste, lying between the two villages, and near BERRY BANK, a lofty conical hill, the summit of which is crowned with the ruins of an ancient castle, or entrenchment, of an oval figure, 250 yards in diameter, and defended by a trench and ramparts. It was formerly called *Wulferecester*, and is said to have been occupied by Wulfere, King of Mercia, from 656 to 675. The site of this Saxon fortress commands many pleasing prospects of Trent vale and the surrounding country. *Tittensor* is a well-built village, 2 miles north of Darlaston, on the Newcastle road; and near it is SPRING VALE, a private *Lunatic Asylum*, which was established in 1808, by its present owner, Mr. Thomas Bakewell, and is well adapted for the purpose, being a spacious mansion with extensive gardens and pleasure grounds, at the head of a romantic dale that opens on the river Trent. The rocky acclivities around the house have many serpentine walks and curious caves, and from the heath above, descends a rivulet which supplies several small lakes and fountains. One of the latter rises in the centre of a lake near the Newcastle road, and throws to a considerable height a continual stream of water, which, by a semicircular sweep, supplies the lake from which it appears to spring. *Walton* is a well-built village, forming a south-west suburb of Stone. Ralph Adderley, Esq., is lord of the manor, but the soil belongs to a number of freeholders, who claim the game on their own estates. Thomas Plant and Hugh Wheatley, Esqrs., have neat houses in the village; and half a mile to the south, is *The Brooms*, the pleasant seat of W. B. Meeke, Esq.

Hilderstone Quarter, forms the eastern side of Stone parish, and includes the following villages and hamlets, viz., LITTLE ASTON, two miles S.; BURSTON, 3¼ miles S.S.E; STOKE, 1 mile S.E.; FULFORD, SAVERLEY GREEN, and CROSSGATE, from 5 to 7 miles N.E.; SHARPLEY GREEN, and HILDERSTONE, 4¼ miles E.N.E.; and NORMICOTT, 6¼ miles N. of Stone. *Hilderstone Hall*, a neat mansion on a pleasant declivity, on the east side of the village, is the seat of Ralph Bourne, Esq., the lord of the manor and founder of *Hilderstone Church*, a handsome Gothic structure, which was consecrated in 1833, and dedicated to Christ. The exterior walls are of excellent stone, from Hollington quarry, and at the west end is a tower surmounted with a neat spire, 40 feet in height. The east window is richly ornamented with stained glass, by Collins, of London. The living is a curacy, vested by Act of Parliament, in the patronage of the founder and his heirs, and now enjoyed by the Rev. Ralph Bourne Baker. Near the church is a *National School*, built by Mr. Bourne, in 1819. *Fulford Chapel* stands on an eminence north of the village, and is of very ancient foundation, as has been seen at page 670; but was rebuilt in 1824, by subscription and a grant from the Society for

building new Churches. It is dedicated to St. Nicholas. The benefice is a curacy, in the gift of Thomas Allen, Esq., the lord of the manor; and the Rev. Wm. Oliver is the incumbent. *Fulford wake* is on the Sunday after All Saints' day. *Burston* is a small hamlet on the Trent, with several good houses, and had anciently a *Chapel* dedicated to the memory of Rufin, the second son of Wulfere, King of Mercia; but not a vestige of it now remains, though it appears to have been standing when Erdeswicke wrote. *Stoke-by-Stone*, is a long straggling village on the Lichfield road, near the Trent and Mersey canal, on which there is a large *brass wire manufactory*, but it has not been occupied during the last ten years. *Little Aston* lies on the south-west side of the Trent, opposite to Stoke, and is a hamlet and manor, of which Viscount St. Vincent is lord and principal owner; but *Aston Hall*, a large moated mansion, was the property of the late Sir James Simeon, who rebuilt the house, and erected in the garden a mausoleum, for the interment of himself and family, one of whom lately bequeathed it for the use of a Catholic establishment, now consisting of a *priest* and a few *nuns*. One mile to the south is *Pirehill*, which gives name to this hundred, but consists only of two farms. *Normicott*, at the north end of the parish, adjoins to Lane-End, and includes *Meir-Lane*, *Meir Furnace*, *Meir Heath*, and many scattered houses, some of which are occupied by china and earthenware manufacturers.

Kibblestone Quarter comprehends the following villages and hamlets, lying on the east side of the Trent, and near the Lane-end road, viz. OULTON CROSS, OULTON, MEAFORD, HOBBERGATE, CATWALTON, KNENHALL, MODDERSHALL, BERRY HILL, ROUGH CLOSE, SPOT, and SPOT-GATE, extending from 1 to 4 miles N. and N. by E. of Stone, and forming a hilly, but fertile and picturesque district, in which are many neat villas and scattered farm-houses, and several water mills, belonging to various proprietors.

Oulton, the largest village, stands on a rapid declivity; near the foot of which, is *Oulton Hall*, a respectable ladies' boarding school; *Oulton House*, the seat of John Joule, Esq.; and *Oulton Villa*, the seat of Edward Barlow, Esq. MEAFORD HALL, on the east bank of the Trent, 1¼ mile N. by W. of Stone, is the delightful seat of Viscount St. Vincent, and has been the residence of the *Jervis family* for several generations; but they were formerly seated at, and are still owners of, Darlaston Hall, on the opposite side of the Trent. They are descended from John Jervis, who was seated at Chatcull, near Eccleshall, and one of them married the heiress of John Swynfen, of Swynfen in 1694. Swynfen, the fifth son issuing from this marriage was father of the late distinguished *Admiral Sir John Jervis* who was born in 1734, and created Earl St. *Vincent, and Baron Jervis of Meaford*, in 1797; and Viscount St. Vincent, in 1801

He died, aged 89, in 1823, when the earldom and barony became extinct; but the viscountcy devolved on his sister's son, *Edward Jervis Ricketts*, the present *Viscount St. Vincent*, who assumed the name of Jervis. The naval achievements of the late venerable Earl St. Vincent, were numerous and splendid; but the most famous was the glorious victory which he gained over the Spanish fleet, in the battle off Cape St. Vincent, fought in February, 1797; and for the skill and valour which he displayed in that engagement, he was rewarded with a peerage.

STALLINGTON, a small scattered village, belongs to the Stone quarter of the parish, though distant 5 miles N. by E. of that town. The manor anciently belonged to Stone Abbey, and is mostly tithe free. Richard Clarke Hill, Esq. is the principal owner, and resides in the *Hall*, a handsome mansion, seated in a pleasant lawn.

STONE DIRECTORY.

POST-OFFICE, High-street; Mrs. Sarah Key, Postmistress; Jesse Davis, Clerk.—Letter bags are despatched to Macclesfield, Manchester, &c., at 9 mng.; to Newcastle, Liverpool, &c., at 12 night, and 20 min. past 10 mng.; to Stafford, London, &c., at ½ bef. 1 noon; to Birmingham, Wolverhampton, &c., at 2 mng.; and to Lichfield, Rugeley, Uttoxeter, London, &c., at 5 mng.

The CONTRACTIONS *used are, Abct. for Abbey court; Cht. Church street; Cpt. Chapel st.; Est. Elmhurst st.; Hst. High st.; Lkn. Lime Kilns; Lst. Lichfield st.; Mkp. Market place; Mln. Mill lane; Nst. Newcastle st.; Ocs. Oulton cross; Ord. Oulton road; Sst. Stafford st.; Sfd. Stonefield; and Ntn. Newtown.*

Adie Fras. gov. of the workhouse
Allen George, clerk, Abct.
Astbury John, crier & pounder, Oulton road
Astbury Job, constable, Ord.
Atkin Wm. cutter-out, Hst.
Axon Mary, dyer, Cpt.
Beech Mr. John, Lichfield st.
Birch Robt. basket mkr. Cpt.
Billington Geo. clerk, Ntn.
Brassington Mr. Stephen; Ord.
Brett John, farmer, Hst.
Bullock Mrs. Mary, Sst.
Coldwell Wm. joiner, Back lane
Collet Thos. farmer, Stone park
Cooper Benjamin, farmer, Sfd.
Davison Mr. Samuel, Hst.
Deakin John, grindery dlr. Nst.
Degg John, carriers' agent; h. Chapel street
Dunn George, clerk, Ocs.
Emery Miss Ruth, Lst.
Gallimore Mr. Wm. Sfd.
Goodwin John, traveller, Hst.
Goodwin John, shoemaker, Mln.
Grafton Wm. clerk, Nst.
Hatton John, farmer, Coppice
Hill Wm. clerk, Green bank
Hine John, excise officer, Lst.
Key Mrs. Sarah, post office, Hst.
Kitchin Rev. Francis, B.A. curate, Vicarage
Lees Mrs. Ann, Nst.
Lloyd Edward, coachman, Lst.
Meeke Wm. Bewley, Esq. The Brooms
Nickisson Mrs. D. Est.
Otley Mr. James, Ocs.
Regan James, hawker, Sst.
Rusbridger George, Esq. receiving inspector of taxes, Stonefield house
Sharratt Thos. coachman, Cpt.
Smith Paul, brewer, and bank clerk, High st.
Smith Mr. Thomas, Ord.
Stephenson Samuel, boat bldr. Back lane
Thomas Rev. Wm. (Ind.) Est.
Thorpe George, last mkr. Cst.
Tildesley Miss Mary, Sst.
Turner Mrs. Ellen, Hst.

Vaughan Wm. Esq. Canal office
Vernon Mrs. Sarah, Lst.
Vitta Cegeton, carver, gilder, &c. Oulton road
Ward Joseph, coachman, Lst.
Webb Mrs. Ellen, Ord.
Wenman Henry, brewer, Hst.
Whittingham James, carter, Hst.
Wilkinson Saml. net mkr. Ntn.
Woolley Samuel, Savings' Bank
Wright Mr. Thomas, Cpt.
Yeld Mrs. Elizabeth, Sfd.

Academies.
*Marked * take brdrs.*
Ash Thomas, Cht.
* Boreham Charles, Field place
Devereux Eliz. Cpt.
Hodgson Edw. Abct.
* Matthews My. Cpt.
National School, Ed. Adams Perrin, and Mrs. Mc Crea
Sharp Ann, Lst.
* Wakeman Sophia & WarnerLucy, Cpt.

Attorneys.
Barlow Edw. Hst.; h. Oulton villa
Hales Alfred, Hst. & Walton
Middleton Jno. Tym. Lichfield street
Roberts and Coyney, Elmhurst street

Bakers & Flour dlrs.
*Marked * are confecrs.*
* Baker Wm. Nst.
* Kynnersley J. Hst.
Thompson Chs. Sst.
* Turner Jas. Cht.
Turner Ralph, Hst.

Banks.
Moore Wm. High st.; h. Wichdon lodge, (draws on Esdaile and Co.)
Savings' Bank, High st. (open 1st Tues. in every month;) Saml. Wolley, agt.

Blacksmiths.
Fenton Geo. Mln.
Holmes Geo. Ntn.
Perkin John, Backln.
Saxon Wm. Ntn.

Booksellers, Printers, and Stationers.
Gallimore Ambrose, Market place
Moore John, Cpt.

Boot & Shoe makers.
*Marked * wholesale mnfrs.*
* Bloor John, Ord.
* Bromley Chas. Lst.
* Dixson Wm. High st.; h. The Cottage
* Goodall Jas. Cht.
* Goodwin Ts. Mln.
* Freakley John, Nst.
Harding Jph. Lst.
* Harris Thos. Hst.
* Lawton Jph. Lst.
* Morris John, Hst.
Mundey Wm. Sfd.
Plant Thos. Ord.
Plant John, Cpt.
Thornton Rd. Lst.
Turner Wm. Hst.
Woolaston Saml. Sst.

Braziers & Tinmen.
Beech Charles, Hst.
Lawrence Wm. Lst.
Robins Wm. Sst.

Brewers.
Joule John and Son, High street
Lockett James, Hst.
Wenman, Smith and Co. High st.

Bricklayers.
Emery George, Ord.
Emery Samp. Nst.
Emery Thos. Nst.
Hodgkisson G. Ord.

Brick & Tile mkrs.
Boreham Chas. Sfd.
Hassall Jmh. Ord.

Brush maker.
Lawrence John, Lst.

Butchers.
Cooper John, Sst.
Farrington Frs. Ntn.
Hawkins Wm. Hst.
Plant Michael, Hst.
Tomlinson Wm. Sst.
Turner James, Hst.
Turner Samuel, Ntn.

Chair mkrs. & Turners.
Almarack Rd. Nst.

Coal dealers.
Harriman Sarah, Sst.
Harvey Mrs. Back la.
Hughes Samuel, Sst.
Meredith John, Nst.
Shelly Robt. Lkn.
Smith Joseph, Nst.

Coopers.
James Richard, Hst.
Meredith Jph. Sst.
Nickinson Jas. Cpt.

Corn Millers.
Joule J. & Son, Hst.
Lathbury, Wm. Mln.
Smith Ts. & Rd. Mln.
Wright Jas. Abct.

Curriers, &c.
Critchett Hy. Cpt.
Plimmer Geo. Cht.
Robotham Geo. Hst.
Ormerod Geo. Lst.

Druggists.
Kenderdine, Ts. Hst.
Woolrich Saml. Wm. (& tea dealer,) Hst.

Gardeners.
Pearson John, Nst.
Robinson John, Hst.

Grocers & Tea dlrs.
Adderley Edw. Mkp.
Brandon Chs. Hst.
Kenderdine Thos. (& chandler,) High st.
Lucas Thos. High st.

Hair Dressers.
Harvey Saml. Hst.
Higgott Gilbert, Hst.
Jackson John, Hst.

Hat mnfrs.
Beech Jas. and Sons, High street
Harriman Hy. Hst.

Inns and Taverns.
Antelope, Thos. Waker, High street
Bell & Bear Inn, Jp'l. Tharme, High st.
Black Horse, Geo. Smith, High st.
Glover Jph. Hst.

Coal dealers.
Harriman Sarah, Sst.
Harvey Mrs. Back la.
Hughes Samuel, Sst.
Meredith John, Nst.
Shelly Robt. Lkn.
Smith Joseph, Nst.

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Black Horse, Geo. Smith, High st.

Blue Bell Inn, Jph. Soffe, High st.
Brewers' Arms, Ts. Wood, High street
Crown Hotel, Geo. Hocknell, High st.
Crown and Anchor, Eliz. Joule, Hst.
Falcon, Danl. Dawson, High street
Fountain, George Bromley, High st.
Hand & Trumpet, Jn. Barnes, New street
King's Arms, James Lockett, High st.
Lamb, Ann Glover, Walton
Red Lion, Benjamin Mellor, High st.
Rising Sun, John Chesworth, Lkn.
Robin Hood, Ann Perkins, Church st.
Roe Buck, Mary Porter, Stafford street
Royal Oak, John Jefferies, Stafford st.
Star, Saml. Gilbert, Stafford street
Unicorn, My. Tharme High street
Vine, Mary Cooper, Oulton road
Wheat Sheaf, Thos. Williams, High st.
White Lion, James Adams, High st.

Beer Houses.

Boat, John Sturland, Newcastle street
Brown Jug, Sarah Lycett, Lichfield st.
Fenton Samuel, Mln.
Gardeners' Arms, Jn. Robinson, High st.
Jolly Crafts, Joseph Aldridge, Cht.
Jolly Tar, Samuel Hyde, Newcastle st.
Marlow George, Ntn.
Union, John Wakefield, Newcastle st.

Ironmongers.

Brandon Chas. Hst.
Chew John, High st.
Salt Wm. High st.

Joiners.

*Marked * are also Cabinet makers.*

Craddock Chas. Abct.
Downing Wm. Hst.
* Harris John, Hst.
* Phillips Jph. Hst.
Vernon Wm. Lst.

Linen & Woollen Drapers, &c.

Beech James & Sons, High street
Nickisson Wm. & Jn. High street
Salmon Wm. Cpt.
Timmis Danl. Hst
Timmis Charles Sst.

Maltsters.

Davison Saml. Abct.
Nickisson John, Hst.
Nickisson W. & J. Hst.

Milliners, &c.

Emery Eliz. Cpt.
Kenyon Ann, Lst.
Phillips M. A. Hst.

Musical Inst. mfr.

Barnes John, Nst.

Nail Makers.

Hudson John, Mln.
Salt Wm. Hst.

Painters, Plumbers, and Glaziers.

Goodwin John, Lst.
Grant Samuel, Hst.
Morris John, Nst.
Nicklin John, Est.
Salt Wm. High st.

Rag dealer.

Bradbury Rt. Hst.

Rope & Twine mfrs.

Green Edw. Lkn.
Sims Thomas, Lkn.

Saddlers.

Hunt James, Hst.
Williams John, Sst.
Wood Joseph, Hst.

Shopkeepers.

See also Bakers.

Boulton Wm. Hst.
Cold Abraham, Ord.
Cooper Thomas, Hst.
Dawson James, Hst.
Fielding Ann, Lst.
Gilbert Prudence, Cht.
Hayes Thomas, Hst.
Jackson Esther, Sst.
Lewis Edw. Ord.
Mycock John, Nst.
Nickisson Mary, Hst.
Porter Wm. Lkn.
Slaney Mary, Cht.
Taylor Charles, Nst.
Timmis Margt. Sst.
Worthen Jph. Hst.
Wright James Abct.

Surgeons.

Daniel Edwin, Hst.
Fallows John, Lst.
Forster Rd. & Heeley Joseph, High st.
Masefield, Wm. Cpt.

Tailors.

* *are Drapers also.*

Allsope Wm. Cpt.
Ball Nathan, Nst.
* Barker Hy. Hst.
Brough Jtn. Hst.
Chatterton Stpn. Sst.
* Chatterton Wm. Sst.
Cooper Thos. Hst.
* Devereux Sar. Hst.
Devereux Thos. Ntn.
Hassall James, Lst.
Price Henry, Ntn.
Rigby James, Cpt.
Wilkinson Jno. Mln.

Tanner.

Ashton John, Stafford street & Barlaston

Timber Merchants.

Dymmock J. & T. Nst.
Tansley Thomas, Nst. & Eccleshall
Turner Hy. (& auctioneer) Nst.

Watch & Clock Mkrs.

Morris Edw. Cpt.
Sharratt James, Hst.

Wheelwrights.

Dutton Isaac, Mln.
Glover Wm. Lst.
Sims Rt. Back In.

Whitesmiths, &c.

Stanton Geo. Crown yard
Wright Ann, Cht.

Wine & Spirit Merchants.

Caleman Leigh, Mkp.; h. Darlaston gn.
Lloyd John, Hst.

COACHES.

Form the Crown Hotel.

The *Mail*, to Manchester, 9 mg. and to Bristol at 3 aft.

The *Mail*, to London, 5 mg. and to Liverpool, &c. at ½ past 10 morning.

The *Erin-go-Bragh*, to Liverpool, 12 noon, & to Birmingham at 1 mg.

From the Bell and Bear Inn.

Bang-up, to Birmingham and Cheltenham, ½ past 12 noon, and to Liverpool at ½ bef. 2 aft.

Eclipse, to Birmingham, 12 n. and to Manchester ½ past 11 mg.

Express, to Liverpool, through the Potteries, at 12 noon, and to London, through Leamington, at 12 night,

Paul Pry, every Mon. Wed. & Fri. to Newcastle. 11 mg. and to Shrewsbury, at 3 aft.

From the Blue Bell Inn.

Hark Forward, to Birmingham, 9 mg. & to the Potteries at 9 evg.

Red Rover, to London, ¼ past 1 mg. and to Manchester at ½ past 11 mg.

Umpire, to London, 7 evg. & to Liverpool at 9 mg.

From the Unicorn Inn.

Aurora, to Liverpool, ½ past 11 mg. & to Birmingham at 12 ngt.

Rocket, to Liverpool, ½ past 2 mg. and to Birmingham at ½ past 2 aft.

Traveller, to Manchester & Birmingham at 2 aft.

CARRIERS BY LAND.

Birmingham and Manchester, from the Unicorn, Ann Johnson's waggons, every Tues. & Thurs. afternoon.

Eccleshall, Jno. Milward, from the Wharf, Tues. & Fri.

Lane-end, King's Arms, Wm. Daniel, Sat. 7 evg. (to *Stafford*, Sat. 7 mg.)

Newcastle, Crown & Anchor, Wm. Salt, Tues. 5 aft.

Newport & Wellington, Thos. Stokes, from the Wharf, Tues. Thurs. & Sat.; & Margt. Beese, Mon. Wed. & Fri.

Uttoxeter, Blue Bell, John Coxon, and Mr. Ford, from the Falcon, Tues. 3 aft.

John Turner, from Newcastle street, to *Newcastle*, Mon. 9 mng; to *Eccleshall, Market Drayton*, &c., Mon. night; & to *Stafford*, Wed. & Sat. 9 mng.

CARRIERS BY WATER.

From the Trent and Mersey Navigation Co.'s Wharf, (*William Vaughan, Esq., agent; Thomas Harrison, wharfinger*). Kenworthy & Co.'s, Pickford & Co.'s, & Thos. Beech's *fly boats*, &c. to London, Manchester, Liverpool, &c. daily.—Sutton & Co.'s, and Soresby & Co.'s vessels to Shardlow, Gainsbro', Hull, &c. daily.—Mathw. Heath's, Worthington & Co.'s, and Ames & Co's, vessels to Stourport, &c. daily.

From Robins, Mills, & Co.'s Wharf, Stonefield, fly boats to London, Manchester, &c. every night.—John Degg, agent.

DARLASTON.

(IN BEECH QUARTER.)

Those marked 1 *reside at Berry bank*, 2 *Darlaston green*, 3 *The Wood, and the others in Darlaston.*

Adams John, bricklayer
Booth Job, wheelwright
Bradshaw John, land bailiff
Clowes Rev. Thos. Darlaston hl.
2 Coleman Leigh, wine merchant
Edgerton John, shoemaker
Emery Ann, shopkeeper
Emery John, bricklayer
Emery Mary, schoolmistress
Emery Thos. vict. Jervis' Arms, and joiner
James Wm. sawyer
Powner Jas. shoemkr. & beer hs.
Saxton Thomas, blacksmith
1 Simkin Thomas, farmer
2 Timmis Charles, farmer and flint grinder
3 Timmis Wm. farmer
Whitehouse John, sawyer
Woodcock Enoch, farmer

TITTENSOR AND BEECH.

(IN BEECH QUARTER.)

Those marked 1 *reside at Beech,* 2 *Green Birch,* 3 *Groundslow fields,* 4 *Hill top,* 5 *Meardale lodge,* 6 *Newhouse,* 7 *Spring vale,* 8 *Windhouse,* 9 *Walk mill, and the remainder in Tittensor.*

9 Ash John and George, corn millers and colour grinders
Bagnall Job, flint grinder
7 Bakewell Thos. Lunatic Asylum
2 Bickley Joseph, shopkeeper
6 Broomhall Thomas, surgeon
Calkin Elias James, professor of dancing
Calkin Jas. professor of dancing
2 Cartledge John, shoemaker
Davison Ann, blacksmith
5 Keeling James, gamekeeper
3 Lewis Wm. Esq. land agent
Mycock John, vict. Sutherland Arms
Oliver Rev. Wm. cur. of Fulford
Robinson Thomas, wheelwright
Stanley Catharine, shopkeeper
Stanley George, maltster
Wright Richard, shoemaker

FARMERS.

8 Bates John
1 Hollins John
4 Kendrick Prd.
Orme John
7 Powner Ann
Robotham Jno.
1 Till James
1 Woolfe Wm. S.

WALTON.

(IN BEECH QUARTER.)

Baker John, beer house
Booth Chas. veterinary surgeon
Glover Ann, vict. Lamb
Hales Alfred, solicitor (& Stone)
Hamilton Geo. Earnest, civil engineer and architect
Heighway Mrs. Margaret
Langley Eusebius, vety. surgeon
Meeke Wm. Bewley, Esq. Brooms
Plant Thomas, Esq.
Rayner Richard, excise officer
Scott Thomas, coachman
Sims Thomas, brickmaker
Thursfield Edmd. survyr. of taxes
Wheatley Hugh, Esq.

FARMERS.

Baker Edw.
Baker Wm.
Blood John
Booth Geo.
Mallabar Robert, Micklow
Reay Wm. (and magistrates' clerk)
Sutton Samuel

ASTON, BURSTON, & STOKE.

(IN HILDERSTONE QUARTER.)

Those marked 1 *reside at Aston,* 2 *Aston hall,* 3 *Little Aston,* 4 *Aston lodge,* 5 *Aston mill,* 6 *Burston,* 7 *Carr hill,* 8 *Pirehill, and* 9 *at Stoke, near Stone.*

6 Bladon Thos. tailor, & beer hs.
3 Bromley Daniel, joiner
Budworth Isaac, beer house
5 Cartwright James, flint miller
8 Cashmore Thomas, shopkeeper
3 Chadwick John, gamekeeper
3 Cheadle Edw. shoemaker
Cheadle Edw. blacksmith
8 Cheadle John, shopkpr. & br. hs.
1 Cheadle Teresa, schoolmistress
3 Dutton Mr. Richard
Fourdrinier Hy. Esq. Burston hill
6 Freakley Charles, butcher
6 Gregory Peter, machine maker
6 Hawthorne Charles, surgeon
8 Hayes Wm. gent.
6 Mellor Edith, boarding school
2 Millward Rev. Jas. Cath. priest
6 Robinson Samuel, wheelwright
6 Rowson Joseph, shoemaker
6 Salisbury Wm. vict. Greyhound, and saddler
8 Shardlow Joseph, vict. Three Crowns
8 Smith Wm. joiner
6 Spilsby John, butcher & br. hs.
3 Tams Thomas, blacksmith
3 Tavernor Wm. vict. & shopkpr.
6 Thomas James, shoemaker
3 Thompson Robert, land survyr.
3 Wakefield Nathan, shopkeeper
3 Wakefield Joshua, sawyer
Wood George, gent. Burston hs.
1 Wright Thomas, maltster

FARMERS.

3 Bridgwood Wm.
6 Brough Thos.
8 Follows Rd.
6 Freakley Wm.
3 Madders Ths.
3 Plant Mattw.
4 Shelley Jph.
8 Stubbs Thos.
7 Stubbs Wm.
8 Stubbs Wm.
6 Whitehouse Thomas
5 Wright Ralph

FULFORD CHAPELRY.

(IN HILDERSTONE QUARTER.)

Those marked 1 *reside at Crossgate,* 2 *Fulford,* 3 *Long lane head,* 4 *Mossgate, and* 5 *Saverley green.*

4 Batkin Thomas, beer house
2 Beard Rd. vict. Shldr. of Mutton

4 Bridgett Mr. James
5 Bullock John, nail maker
2 Buxton Wm. wheelwright
2 Cordon Mary Ann, bdg. school
1 Cotton John, wheelwright
4 Cotton Wm. butcher
4 Deavill John, shopkeeper
2 Deavill Thomas, gent.
2 Dunn Job, tailor
2 Dunn John, schoolmaster
2 Fenton Wm. blacksmith, & b.h.
1 Harris Henry, blacksmith
Hyatt Philip, gent. Dale cottage
2 Jenkinson Thomas, shoemaker
2 Sargent Thomas, butcher
5 Stanyer John, Joseph, Richard, and Thomas, nail makers
2 Stanyer Thomas, nail maker
2 Tunnicliff John, shopkeeper
2 Watson James, chapel clerk
2 Watson Wm. shoemaker
5 Weston John, vict. New Inn
1 Withington Jonth. shoemaker

FARMERS.

5 Bagnall Chas.
5 Bagnall Wm.
2 Batkin Thos.
2 Bladon John
5 Blare Thomas
1 Boulton Marg.
1 Brain Thomas
4 Brain Wm.
2 Deavill Thos.
2 England John
1 Jackson Nath.
5 Jackson Rd.
3 Hall Richard
5 Kent John
3 Limer Wm.
4 Love Jane
4 Nicholls John
2 Phillips Rd.
2 Whalley Ths.
1 Wallis Thos.
5 Warrilow Geo.
4 Watson Jph.
2 Woolliscroft Jesse

HILDERSTONE CHAPELRY.

Marked 2 *reside at Hilderstone*, 3 *Hilderstone gate*, 4 *Hilderstone green*, 5 *Hilderstone old hall*, 6 *Newfield*, 7 *Oxleasows*, 8 *Peaks hill*, 9 *Sharpley heath*, 10 *Stone Heath*, 11 *Whitesitch lane*, 12 *Wood farm*, 13 *Woodhouse*, 14 *Wooliscroft*.

2 Atkins James, baker & shopkpr.
Baker Rev. Ralph Bourne, curate, Hilderstone hall
11 Bentley George, bricklayer
Bourne Ralph, Esq. Hilderstone hall
2 Bowers George, joiner
10 Carter Wm. shopkeeeper
7 Clewes James, Esq.
2 Deakin Robert, joiner
Deakin Thomas, joiner
9 Fairbanks Robert, weaver
9 Fairbanks Samuel, brickmaker
9 Hill Thomas, nail maker
2 Hodgkins Wm. butcher and maltster
9 Lounds James, card maker and English timber dealer
2 Oliver Ralph, corn miller
Pownall John, gardener, Hall cot.
9 Shelley Jas. vict. Bird-in-Hand
9 Slape Wm. nail maker
2 Smith Nathan, vict. & schoolmaster, Roe Buck
2 Till George, bricklayer
4 Tunnicliff Wm. butcher
2 Walters John, vict. Horse Shoe
2 Woodward John, blacksmith

NORMICOTT.

(IN HILDERSTONE QUARTER.)

Those marked 1 *reside at Blythe bridge*, 2 *Furnace mill*, 3 *Grange*, 4 *Grindley*, 5 *Meir*, 6 *Meir green*, 7 *Meir heath*, 8 *Meir house*, 9 *Shooters' hill*.

9 Bailey John, china, &c. mfr.
3 Benbow Charles, farmer
3 Cooper George, farmer
7 Cordon Rd. vict. Seven Stars
6 Deakin James, china, &c. mfr.
6 Deakin Thos. china, &c. mfr.
4 Ford James, farmer
1 Ford Wm. vict. White Swan
5 Glover Wm. vict. Saracen's Hd.
7 Grindley Wm. shopkeeper and sand dealer
8 Harvey Chas. Esq. banker
6 Howard Edw. collier
7 Legg Isaac, earthenware mfr.
6 Mills John, shoemaker
2 Mitchell George, corn miller
3 Moseley John, farmer
7 Salt John, brickmkr. & beer h.
9 Tams John, beer house
9 Toft Thos. gentleman
7 Wardle Noah, vict. Star & Gar.
5 Whilock Geo. vict. & maltster, White Cock
5 Wilshaw Joseph, glass dealer

Farmers.

10 Bowers John
8 Bowers Saml.
2 Bowers Wm.
14 Brandon Jno.
5 Bridgwood James
2 Dunn Mary
9 Fennemore Edward
2 Gilbert John
2 Gregory Rt.
4 Haslehurst Mary
10 Heath John
12 Heath Thos.

3 Hough Danl
3 Jackson Rt.
10 Myatt James
10 Plant John
10 Plant Wm.
13Richards Jph.
6 Smith John
2 TomlinsonJph
2 Walklet Robt.
11 Walters John
12 WarrilowJph shoemaker
3 Weaver John
4 Wood Geo. *Shoemakers.*
2 Haslehurst Saml. & Thos.
3 Hodson Geo.
2Mountford Wm.
2 Parker Thos.
2 Parker Wm.
9 Plant Edw.
3 Porter Walter
10 Walker Sml.

KIBBLESTONE QUARTER.

Those marked 1 *reside at Cotwalton*, 2 *Cullamoor*, 3 *Foxholes*, 4 *Hobbergate*, 5 *Hoop's green*, 6 *Knenhall*, 7 *Meaford*, 8 *Moddershall*, 9 *Moddershall mills*, 10 *Mostelee*, 11 *Oulton*, 12 *Oulton cross*, 13 *Oulton mills*, 14 *Rough close*, 15 *Spot acres*, 16 *Spotgate*, 17 *Stonefield*, 18 *Woodhouse*, 19 *Outlanes.*

Viscount St. Vincent, Meaford hl.
11 Barlow Edw. solr. Oulton villa
11 Blakeman Thos. butcher & b.h.
14 Bothams Jno. vic. Geo. & Drag.
1 Bowyer Charles, gent.
1 Bowyer Mr. John
16 Bridgett Jph. mason & br. hs.
Burgess Thos. vict. Spot gate
11 Carter John, bricklayer
11 Cheadle James, blacksmith
14 Cheadle John, bkr. & beer hs.
19 Done Joseph, corn miller
14 Fernyhough Charles, vict. and bastardy overseer
14 Ford Fras. blacksmith & br. h.
Forrister Ellen, schoolmistress
6 Goodwin Wm. blacksmith
8 Green Charles, schoolmaster
Hall John, tailor, Long hedge
7 Hutchinson Wm. vict. Geo. & D.
Joule John, Esq. Oulton house
8 Lucas James, corn miller and vict. Wild Boar
11 Ludford Gabriel, vict. Brush Makers' Arms, & brush maker
9 Malkin Adam, corn miller
11 Mason Elizabeth, shopkeeper
11 Mills Wm. vict. & wheelwgt.
Moore Edw. Esq. The Hayes
11 Plant Wm. vict. Boot & Shoe
11 Shenton Geo. shoemkr. & b. h.
1 Sims John, shoemaker
Taylor Hy. gent. The Hayes
13 Timmis Charles, flint grinder
1 Titley Mr. John
11 Turner Miss Mary, ladies' boarding school, Oulton hall
11 Turner Wm. gent. Oulton hall
Wallis John, vict. Wheat Sheaf, Black lake
12 Warrilow Hill, shoemaker
8 Wingfield Wm. blacksmith
12 Woolaston John, shoemaker
11 Wright Thomas, wheelwright

FARMERS.

8 Adderley Jno.
8AdderleyThos.
11 Alsop James
7 Astbury Jas.
2 BeardmoreTp
15 Bennett Jas.
1 Bowyer Arth.
8Brayford Ths.
14 Carter Luke
8Collier Joseph
5 Farrer Jas.
1 Hall Wm.
10 Kent John
19 Mear Stph.
Mountford Ths. Berry hill
6 Nicholls Wm.
7 Pearce John
1 Powner John
16 Reade John
18 RichardsJph.
1 Richards Ths.
15RobinsonEliz
4 Salmon John
6 Salmon Jph.
3 Spooner Wm.
8 Stubbs Geo.
9 Taylor Thos. (& flint grindr.)
6 Thomas Mrs. John
16 Walters Ths.
7 WarrilowThs.
14 Woolrich Ts.

STALLINGTON.

Those marked * *are Farmers.*

* Fallows Richard, Grange
Ford Richd. vict. Wind Mill
* Gerrard John, Stallington
* Harris Geo. Gorsty birch
Hill Richard Clarke, Esq. Hall
Hyatt Wm. yeoman

STOWE is a small village, near the Uttoxeter road, 7 miles N.E. by E. of Stafford, comprising, within its parish, 1283 inhabitants; the hamlets of *Amerton*, *Grindley*, and *Chartley*, and part of the villages of *Drointon*, *Great and Little Haywood*, and *Hixon*, which are partly in Colwich parish, (see p. 623). Earl Ferrers is the principal owner, and lord of the manor; but

John Fitzgerald, Esq. is impropriator of the ... *Church* is an ancient building, formerly distinguished by numerous monuments in honour of the noble family of the Devereux; but only one of them now remains, bearing recumbent effigies of the first *Viscount Hereford* and his two wives. This nobleman gained great renown in the wars against France, in the reign of Henry VIII. He was grandson of the first lord Ferrers, of the Devereux family, and founder of the house of Chartley. The church is a curacy, now enjoyed by the Rev. William Mould.

AMERTON is a hamlet, ¾ of a mile W. of Stowe.

CHARTLEY, a hamlet and manor, 1 mile N. of Stowe, is the property of Earl Ferrers, and was formerly the principal seat of his family. On the summit of an artificial hill, stand the remains of CHARTLEY CASTLE, built in 1220, by Ranulph Blundeville, Earl of Chester, who died without issue, when this castle, with the extensive estates annexed to it, devolved on one of his sisters, who carried them in marriage to William de Ferrers, Earl of Derby. This fortress seems to have been very soon allowed to fall into decay. Its present remains consist chiefly of the fragments of two massive round towers, partly covered with ivy, and rising amid the foliage of nearly one hundred full-grown yew trees, which have weathered the storms of many centuries. The noble owners afterwards built, a little below the old castle, a more convenient mansion, in the half-timbered style, curiously carved and embattled at the top; but this house was destroyed by fire, in 1781, so that little now remains to mark its site but the moat by which it was surrounded. Since then, another, but a much smaller house, has been raised near the same site, and was till lately the occasional residence of Earl Ferrers; but, in 1834, the whole of the furniture was sold by auction, his lordship's chief seat being at Staunton-Harold, in Leicestershire, though he is said to possess about 10,000 acres of land in this and the adjacent parishes of Weston and Colwich. *Chartley Park* consists of nearly one thousand acres of land, in a state of nature, enclosed within an ancient oak paling, and celebrated for its breed of *wild cattle*, (see p. 46). This park is studded with a few aged trees and several small plantations, and is included in the *extra-parochial liberty* called CHARTLEY LODGE, which comprises about 2000 acres, one half of which forms the lodge farm, and the other the park. One of the two sisters and co-heiresses of the last Baron Ferrers, of the Devereux family, married Sir Henry Shirley Bart., whose son, Sir Robert, was created *Earl Ferrers, and Viscount Tamworth*, in 1711, and these dignities have since continued in his family, and are now held by the *Right Hon. Washington Shirley*, the eighth in succession.

DROINTON and GRINDLEY are two hamlets, the former one mile E. and the latter 2 miles N.E. of Stowe, but partly in Col-

wich parish; as also is HIXON, a village one mile S. of Stowe, seated on a pleasant declivity, and now much celebrated for its *saline baths*, established by Mr. James Dale, and supplied from the same briny spring from which great quantities of salt are made at Shirleywich, in the adjoining parish of Weston-upon-Trent. About a mile S.W. of Hixon, is *Wichdon Lodge*, the handsome seat of Wm. Moore, Esq. banker. A further notice of Hixon, and the other villages which are partly in this parish, is inserted at page 625.

The *School at Stowe*, has been possessed of a house and land, (now worth £12 a-year,) from time immemorial; but the donor is unknown. Earl Ferrers lets the house and land, and pays the master £10 a-year, for 10 free scholars, besides supplying fuel and books. The master has also £5. 10s. yearly from the rents of the *Poor's Land*, which was purchased with several benefactions, and is now let for £21 per annum, including a house and homestead. There are also five cottages in Stowe, belonging to the parish, and occupied rent free by poor families. The poor have two annuities, viz., 5s. out of the Yeld, left in 1740, by Abraham Jordon, and 12s. out of the Broad meadow, in Drointon, left in 1692, by John Tooth.

STOWE, CHARTLEY, &c.

Those marked 1 *reside at Amerton*, 2 *Broad moor*, 3 *Chartley*, 4 *Grindleford*, 5 *Lea*, 6 *Lea heath*, 7 *Shaws*, 8 *Thartley, and the rest in Stowe.*

1 Chell Thomas, blacksmith
Collier Charles, wheelwright
Collier James, saddler
Collier John, vict. Cock
Foden Wm. shoemaker
1 Fowell Wm. joiner & cabt. mkr.
1 Green Wm. vict. Plough
Gretton John par. clerk & schoolmaster
Gretton Francis, shoemaker
1 Hawkins John, beer house
Heath John, butcher
Moore Wm. Esq. Wichdon lodge
Ingram Stephen, surgeon
3 Sandars John, land bailiff
5 Shepley Thomas, beer house
Smith James, schoolmaster
Tabernor Geo. maltster
Yates Ann, shopr. & beer house
Whittington Rev. Henry, B. A. curate

FARMERS.

Ashmore Saml.
4 Bassnett Jas.
1 Bettson Thos.
8 Bridgwood Ts.
1 Cliff Robert
1 Cope John
5 Dawson Wm.
7 Deakin Geo.
3 Deavoll Jno.
3 Elsmore Ann
1 Foster Thos.
4 Frogart Wm.
3 Heath Thos.
1 Hinkley My.
4 Johnson Jph.
2 Middleton J.
1 Nicklin Thos.
1 Smith Edw. jun.
4 Stevenson Ts.

DROINTON & HIXON.

Marked 1 *are at Drointon*, 2 *Hixon*, 3 *Hixon heath, and those marked* * *are in Colwich parish.*

Bailey Wm. corn miller
1 * Bettson John, beer house
2 Bird Thos. maltster & beer hs.
2 Boydon John, bath house
2 * Brain Saml. beer house
2 Dale James, gent. & bath proprietor
2 Fowler Thomas, bricklayer
2 * Horobin Thos. shoemaker
2 * Leadbetter Jph. sen. butcher
2 Pattison Wm. weaver
2 Pattison Wm. jun. shoemaker
2 Pott John, vict. Green Man
2 * Shaw James, wheelwright
3 Shipley Thos. beer house
2 Tomlinson Jph. baker & grocer
2 Wetton Geo. tailor
2 Winfield Robt. blacksmith

FARMERS.

2 * Astley Jas.
2 * Atkins Jas.
1 * Bettson Rd.
2 * Bould Jno.
2 Braddock J.
3 Ellsmore Eliz.
2 Ellsmore Hy.
2 * Felkin G.
2 Felthouse Sl.
3 Gilbert Sarah
2 Hill Wm.
1 Lander John

1 Mason Wm.	2 Moore Hy.	1 * Stephenson	1 Woodward
2 Mills John	1 Phillips Ts.	George	William
2 Moor Ann	Renalds Alfred	2 Turnock Jesse	1 Yates Jph.

SWINNERTON is a small neat village, in a healthy situation, 4 miles W. by N. of Stone, giving name to a parish extending upwards of seven miles in length from north to south, but only from one to two miles in breadth; and containing 791 inhabitants and 4825A. 3R. 35P. of land, divided into the *hamlets or townships* of Acton, Beech, Hatton, Shelton-under-Airley, Swinnerton, and Yarnfield, which support their poor conjointly. This parish also includes part of Seabridge township, which is mostly in Stoke parish; and part of the hamlets of Millstone green and Stableford bridge, the former of which is partly in Trentham parish, and the latter partly in Chorlton chapelry. *Swinnerton Hall*, a handsome stone mansion, stands near the church, on a gentle eminence, which commands an extensive prospect. It is the seat of Thomas Fitzherbert, Esq., the principal land owner and lord of the manor, which, in the 34th of Edward I., was held by Roger de Swinnerton, who obtained a charter of free-warren, and for holding a market every Wednesday, and a fair yearly on the feast of our Lady's assumption. In the reign of Henry VIII., the daughter of Humphery Swinnerton carried this extensive manor in marriage to the Fitzherberts. *Swinnerton Park* is an extensive wood and heath, with a good soil, but in a state of nature, comprising upwards of a thousand acres, extending from 2 to 4 miles N.W. of Swinnerton, and celebrated for its abundance of *bilberries*, of which immense quantities are gathered yearly by the poor, and sold at the neighbouring markets. The *Church* is an ancient fabric, dedicated to St. Mary; and in the south aisle, which is used as the parish school, is a colossal figure of our Saviour, sitting and pointing to the wound in his side. This statue was discovered buried at a short distance from its present situation, and is supposed to have been hid there during the Reformation, to prevent its falling a sacrifice to the fanatic zeal of the puritans. The benfice is a *rectory*, in the patronage and incumbency of the Rev. C. Dodsley, and is valued in the King's books at £10. 2s. 6d. Swinnerton is said to have been a royal residence during the Saxon heptarchy.

The hamlets in the parish, and their distance and bearings from Swinnerton, are as follows:—ACTON, SHUTLANE HEAD, and MILSTONE GREEN, from 5 to 6 miles N.N.W. (and from 2 to 3 miles S.S.W. of Newcastle;) BEECH, on a lofty eminence, partly in Stone parish, 2 miles N.; HATTON, 2 miles N.W.; SHELTON-UNDER-AIRLEY, and STABLEFORD BRIDGE, 3¼ miles N.W.; and YARNFIELD, 2¼ miles S. by E. In Domesday book, ACTONE is described as the property of the Bishop of

Chester; but it now belongs chiefly to Mrs. Mainwaring, of Whitmore Hall.

Benefactions.—An annuity of £4. 2s. charged upon an estate called Micklow House, is now paid by the Duke of Sutherland, as the interest of £80 left by Robert and Margaret Lander. Out of this charity 12 penny loaves are given weekly to the poor; and on St. Matthew's day, 10s. worth of bread is distributed, and the remaining 20s. is paid to the minister for preaching a sermon. Mrs. Astbury, the proprietor of the Blakelow estate, pays £4. 2s. yearly, as the interest of £72. 10s. left by several members of the Astbury family. It is distributed in weekly portions of bread every Sunday at the church.

SWINNERTON.

Those marked 1 *reside at Blakelow,* 2 *Clifford's wood,* 3 *New house,* 4 *Sandyford, and the other in Swinnerton.*

Astbury Mrs. Elizabeth
Blakeman George, butcher
Blakeman W. vict. Fitzherbert's arms, & assistant overseer
Blakeman Wm. jun. butcher
Boon John, shoemaker
Cartwright Edward, wheelwright
Cash James, shoemaker
Cheadle Thomas, blacksmith
Dodsley Rev. Christopher, rector
Fitzherbert Thos. Esq. Swinnerton hall
2 Ford Rd. Sutton, land agent
4 Lunt William, beer house
Myatt Thomas, shoemaker
Pointon John, schoolmaster
Richmond Rev. Wm. (Catholic)
Ryecroft John, butcher
Sanders John, gardener
Watnall Joseph, tailor

FARMERS.

Bates George	3 Sumner Jas.
Robertson Wm.	1 SwinnertonE.
1 Stubbs Mary	4 Warner Jas.

YARNFIELD.

Ash William, corn miller
Hales ——, shoemaker
Richards John, beer house
Seabridge William, beer house
Woolrich Joseph, shoemaker

FARMERS.

Averell Richd.	Cordwell Wm.
Bakewell Wm.	Cotton Richard
Bratt William	Merrick Thos.
Brown John	Plant Edward
Plant John, (& yeoman)	Till Joseph
	Vaughan Jph.

ACTON.

Marked 1 *reside at Acton,* 2 *Benteley,* 3 *Penfield,* 4 *Shutlane head,* 5 *Wilkin's pleck, and* 6 *at Millstone green.*

1 Goodall James, wheelwright
1 Pointon John, tailor
6 Skerratt Wm. shoemaker
4 Taylor (late) Jph. brickmaker

FARMERS.

4 Ash Sarah	5 Laneham Rd.
4 Birks John	1 North Ann
1 Furnival Jno. (& corn mert.)	1 Pointon Jph.
	3 Street John
2 Highfield Ts.	1 Tomkin John
5 Jones Saml.	1 Unitt Thomas
4 Kirkham Sl.	

BEECH, HATTON, &c.

Those marked 1 *reside at Beech,* 3 *Hatton,* 5 *Row,* 6 *Shelton, and* 7 *at Stableford bridge.*

1 Boulton John, shoemaker
7 Clayton Geo. bsmith. & beer hs.
5 Clewlow Joseph, nail manfr.
1 Humphries Thos. blacksmith
7 Pepper Moses, blacksmith
6 Skerratt Thomas, shoemaker
3 Walters Jas. & Hy. corn millers

FARMERS.

3 Biddle Benj.	5 Pailin Benj.
6 Dimmock J.	5 Peake Richd.
1 Gibson Matt. Airley	3 Robinson W.
	1 Till James
3 Hadley John	1 Warrilow Jph.
1 Hollins John	1 Woolfe W. S.

TIXALL is a small village, pleasantly situated near the conflux of the Trent and the Sow, 4 miles E. of Stafford, and

comprises within its parish and manor 2323A. 2R. 1P. of fertile land, all of which (except 41 acres of glebe) belongs to Sir Thos. Aston Clifford Constable, Bart., who has lately advertised this estate, with 1619 acres in the adjacent parishes, for sale, but has not yet found a purchaser; the reserved bid being £350,000, and the highest sum offered (by Earl Talbot) being only £206,000. The *manor of Tixall* was held by Roger de Montgomery, in the 20th of William I.; but in the reign of Henry II. it passed to Paganus de Gastenois, whose descendants assumed the name of Wartney, and held Tixall for many generations, till their heiress sold it to the Littletons, whose heiress carried it in marriage to Sir John Aston, in 1507. One of his descendants was raised to the peerage, by the title of Baron Forfar; but Walter, the sixth Lord Aston, died without issue about the year 1720, when Tixall passed to his sister, who had married the Hon. Thomas Clifford, whose successor was created a baronet, and whose present representative has assumed the surname of Constable, from a Yorkshire family, whose large estates he now possesses, and on which he chiefly resides, at Burton-Constable, near Hull. TIXALL HALL stands at the head of a fine lawn, in the angle formed by the junction of the rivers Trent and Sow. It is a modern building, erected in 1780, in a plain style; but in front of it stands a magnificent gateway, a motley jumble of Gothic and Grecian architecture, embellished with three series of columns, Doric, Ionic, and Corinthian. This gateway-house, and the ancient hall that stood behind it, were built by Sir Edward and Sir Walter Aston, about the middle of the 16th century. Many additions have since been made to the present mansion; and its front has been ornamented with a handsome Doric portico, flanked by two large figures of a lion and lioness, well executed in stone, in a couchant posture. Adjoining the south wing of the hall is the modern *Catholic Chapel*, a handsome Gothic structure, with an octagonal tower, and beautiful stained glass windows. The parish *Church*, at the east end of the village, is a small edifice dedicated to St. John the Baptist. The living is a *rectory*, in the patronage of Sir T. A. Clifford Constable, and incumbency of the Rev. Wm. Webb, B.A. *Tixall Heath*, which is now enclosed and adjoins the park, is distinguished by two remarkable *tumuli*, called the King's and Queen's Lows; but their origin is unknown, though two urns were found near them in the beginning of last century. In the reign of Henry VII., Sir Wm. Cheteynd, of Ingestre, was barbarously assassinated on this heath, by twenty armed ruffians, hired by Sir Humphrey Stanley, of Pipe, solely for the purpose of removing his rival from royal favour. The Staffordshire and Worcestershire canal passes the south side of the park, and is there expanded into a beautiful lake. The upland is a rich loam, and the meadows on the banks of the Trent and Sow are luxuriantly

fertile. A large quarry of excellent freestone, on this estate, supplies great quantities of stone for building locks and bridges, for which it is peculiarly well adapted, having the property of resisting the action of water. The stone is found in immense blocks; and, imbedded in the solid rock, the quarrymen frequently find what they call *grottos*, consisting of hollow balls of crystallized spar. The parish has a *Free School*, endowed with £35 a year; and several small *benefactions* for the poor.

Constable Sir T. A. Clifford, Bart.
Ceroti Ferdinand, butler
Daniel Charles, shoemaker
Foster Wm. quarry owner, Staffd.
Green Rev. Thos. catholic priest
Ledwith Michael, gardener
Malpass Wm. parish clerk
Tierney Bernard, schoolmaster
Ward Mr. Thomas
Webb Rev. Wm. B. A. rector

FARMERS.

1 *are at Brancott*, & 2 *at Hanyard*.

1 Bond John
Cliff John
2 Griffin Peter
Perry Peter
Redwood Henry (& gamekpr.)
Ward Joseph
2 Wheatman Jp.

TRENTHAM is a small but handsome village, on the east bank of the river Trent, from which it has its name, and on the turnpike road, 3 miles S.S.E. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, and 6 miles N.N.W. of Stone. It derives most of its beauties from its close proximity to the elegant and picturesque seat of the Duke of Sutherland, the lord of the manor and owner of nearly all the PARISH, which, since the year 1821, has increased its inhabitants from 1857 to 2344 souls; and contains 7236A. 1R. 3P. of land, divided into six TOWNSHIPS, which maintain their poor conjointly, and are of the following *extent* and *population*, viz. Trentham, 2561A. 1R. 18P.—pop. 631; Blurton and Lightwood Forest chapelry, 2237A. 1R.—pop. 849; Butterton, 354A. 3R. 3P.—pop. 35; Clayton-Griffith, 669A. 2R. 10P.—pop. 53; Hanchurch, 963A. 3R. 28P.—pop. 169; and Hanford, 449A. 2R. 17P.—pop. 607. The village of Trentham has a large family hotel and posting-house, and was anciently called *Trichingham*, and had, at an early period of the Saxon era, a small *Nunnery*, of which St. Werburga, sister of Ethelred, King of Mercia, was abbess. This lady died in 683, and the monastery appears to have subsequently gone to decay; but early in the twelfth century, it was refounded as a *Priory*, for canons of the order of St. Augustine, by the second Earl of Chester, and its possessions were augmented by several of his successors, so that at its dissolution, in the reign of Henry VIII., it was valued at £106. 3s. 10d. per annum; arising chiefly from land in its vicinity, which was granted by the King to William, Duke of Suffolk; but was subsequently purchased, together with the site of the priory, by the *Leveson family*, whose heiress carried her large possessions to the wealthy *family of Gower*, as has been seen at page 172. Lady Katharine Leveson, daughter of Alice, Duchess of Dudley, bequeathed several charitable endowments, for the benefit of the poor of

this and several other parishes. She died in 1673, and was buried at Lilleshall, near the remains of her husband, the last Sir Richard Leveson, K.B., whose sister and heir married Sir Thomas Gower, Bart., who made Trentham his chief residence, and added the name of Leveson to his own. His successor, Sir John Leveson Gower, the fifth baronet, was created *Baron Gower, of Sittenham*, in the county of York, where his family had resided from the time of the Conquest. In 1746, the second Baron Gower was created *Viscount Trentham and Earl Gower*. He was succeeded by his son, Granville Leveson Gower, an eminent statesman, who was created *Marquis of the County of Stafford*, in 1786, and died in 1803, when he was succeeded by the late Most Noble George Granville Leveson Gower, the second Marquis of Stafford, who, in 1785, married Elizabeth, Countess of Sutherland and Baroness of Strathnaver, in Scotland, in her own right; and in 1832 was created *Duke of Sutherland*, but died in the following year, universally lamented by his friends and numerous tenantry, who have lately subscribed for the erection of two splendid monuments to his memory, at Trentham, and at Lilleshall, near Newport, in Shropshire. The late Duke was sent Ambassador Extraordinary to Paris, in 1790, and was recalled in 1792. In 1798, he was called to the House of Peers by the title of his father's barony, as Earl Gower. In 1803, he became heir-general of his uncle, Francis, the last Duke of Bridgewater; and he bequeathed all the valuable canal property of that enterprising nobleman to his younger son, Lord Francis Egerton. On proving his will in the prerogative court of Canterbury, his personal effects were found to amount to more than one million sterling. He was succeeded by his eldest son, the present *Most Noble George Granville Leveson Gower, Duke of Sutherland, Marquis of Stafford, Earl Gower, Viscount Trentham*, and *Hereditary Sheriff of Sutherlandshire*, in which county is his Grace's maternal family seat, called Dunrobin Castle; but his principal residence is TRENTHAM HALL, an elegant mansion, delightfully situated near the village and the river Trent, in a park of 500 acres, with extensive gardens and pleasure grounds, and possessing a charming variety of rural scenery. The present hall was erected about a century ago, after the model of Buckingham House, in St. James's Park; but it was considerably altered and improved by the first Marquis of Stafford, from chaste and elegant designs by the talented Holland, which gave a new and imposing feature to the whole. It is constructed chiefly of brick, but the front is covered with Egyptian cement, similar to stone. It is finely sheltered on the north and east by umbrageous foliage, and the southern prospect is greatly improved by the river Trent, which expands into an extensive lake, the banks of which are in some places thickly covered with trees, that hang over the margin of the water, and produce

a truly picturesque effect. Near the eastern side of the house, an extensive orangery is seen, "like a mystic temple;" and near it the lake is crossed by a handsome iron bridge, of one arch, 90 feet in span. The interior of the hall harmonizes with its splendid exterior, and the apartments contain a very extensive and valuable collection of paintings, by the first masters; but his Grace's principal picture gallery is at his town residence, Cleveland House.

Trentham CHURCH, which was originally part of the monastery already noticed, is situated close to the hall, and is a small edifice, dedicated to St. Mary; but a new parochial burial-ground has been formed in the village, and in one part of it, close to the high road, stands the mausoleum, erected by the late Duke as his family cemetery, and consisting of a massive pyramidal pile of stone, two stories in height, the upper part of which contains a bell, and is surmounted by a cross. The interior has an apartment for performing the funeral service, and has 20 catacombs on each side, faced with Derbyshire marble; but none of them are yet occupied except one, in which are deposited the remains of a daughter of the present Duke; who is impropriator of the tithes and patron of the benefice, which is a curacy, now enjoyed by the Rev. Thos. Butt, M.A.

BENEFACTIONS.—Sir Rd. Leveson, K.B. in 1660, gave out of his lands at Blurton, a yearly rent-charge of £5, to be distributed among the poor of this parish, at the discretion of his heirs. In consideration and as an extension of this charity, the Duke of Sutherland now distributes, in bread, the produce of two bushels of wheat every Sunday, at Trentham church and Blurton chapel. Lady Katharine Leveson, by will, in 1670, left £400 for the schooling of poor children, and the yearly interest, £20, is now paid by the Duke of Sutherland to a schoolmaster, who teaches all the poor children of the parish at reduced charges, varying from 2s. to 3s. per quarter.—The same lady also left an annuity of £30, for clothing and maintaining three poor widows, and £20 a-year for apprenticing two poor children of Trentham. Both these annuities are charged on the manor of Foxley, in Northamptonshire. The three widows each wear a gown of gray cloth, with the letters "K. L." marked upon the breast. The poor have the following yearly doles:—5s. left by John Mare, in 1707; 20s. out of Moor close, in Hanford, left by Thomas Brerehurst, in 1686; £3, from £100 left by Lettice Astbury and Jas. Preston, in 1737 and 1808; and £2 from a pew in the church, erected with £5, left by Mr. Tuer. The whole of these charitable funds are distributed on St. Thomas's day, when the Duke of Sutherland generously gives to the poor parishioners upwards of 2000lbs. of beef.

BLURTON is a pleasantly situated village, 2¼ miles E. of Trentham; comprising within its chapelry the enclosed district called LIGHTWOOD FOREST, and the hamlets of COCKNIDGE, COW-RIDDING, and SPRATSLADE; the latter of which forms a suburb of cottages adjoining Lane-End-and-Longton, and containing the parish workhouse, erected in 1810. *Blurton Chapel* is a curacy, in the gift of the Duke of Sutherland, and incumbency of the Rev. John Hutchinson.

BUTTERTON is a small township, 2¼ miles W. by N. of Trentham, mostly belonging to Thos. Swinnerton, Esq., who resides in the hall, an ancient stone mansion, near the Drayton and Newcastle road.

CLAYTON GRIFFITH township adjoins the south-western suburbs of Newcastle-under-Lyme, and has a few scattered houses near the canal.

HANCHURCH township has a small village one mile S.W. of Trentham, on the side of an abrupt declivity, upon the summit of which is a square plot of ground, surrounded by venerable yew trees, and supposed to be the site of some ancient church or religious house.

HANFORD, or *Handford*, is a village on the Newcastle road, one mile N. of Trentham, where a small but neat *Chapel of Ease* has lately been erected, under the patronage of the Duke of Sutherland. The curate of Trentham is the incumbent, but the Rev. Jeremiah Bower, B.A. is the officiating curate.

TRENTHAM.

Those marked 1 *reside at Ashgreen*, 2 *Brookhouse*, 3 *Hemheath*, 4 *Kingswood bank*, 5 *Knowl wall*, 6 *New mills*, 7 *Northwood*, 8 *Toft*, 9 *Trentham*, 10 *New park*, 11 *Strongford mills.*

Sutherland, His Grace the Duke of, Trentham hall
3 Batkin James, blacksmith
3 Beech James, shoemaker
1 Brough Benjamin, joiner
Butt Rev. Thos. M.A., inc. curate
9 Crisp Nathaniel, vict. Trentham Inn and Family Hotel
Elliott Thomas, gamekeeper
9 Emery Maria, schoolmistress
8 Emery Thos. corn miller
9 Emery Wm. shoemaker
3 Hassell Sarah, shopkeeper
7 Hughes Thomas, bricklayer
1 Hulme Thos. Ford, cooper
1 Jones John, shoemaker
9 Kirkby Mr. Randle Wm.
11 Leigh John, flint grinder
1 Marrow James, shoemaker
Penson Jno. park kpr. Park lodge
3 Penson Wm. vict. & wharfinger
3 Rushton John, wheelwright
9 Steele James, tailor and draper
Steele Joseph, blacksmith
6 Taylor George, tailor
1 Tomkinson Benj. shoemaker
4 Tyson Homer, butcher
Watts Isaac, schoolr. & bookslr.
1 Winks Chas. architect & builder
9 Wood James, farming bailiff
9 Woolley John, gardener
9 Wright Rt. baker & par. clerk

FARMERS.

7 Baggaly Alice	8 Key John
2 Cotton Rchd.	7 Lakin Samuel
10 Gibbs John	5 Stanley Thos.

Mails and Coaches pass through Trentham from Newcastle, the Potteries, and Stone. *Post-Office* at Isaac Watts'.

BLURTON.

Marked 1 *reside at Blurton*, 2 *Cocknidge*, 3 *Cowridding*, 4 *Furnace hill*, 5 *Lightwood*, 7 *Longton mill*, 8 *Newstead*, 9 *Spratslade*, 10 *Lane end and Stone road.*

5 Bailey Wm. Esq.
1 Ball Mary, schoolmistress
9 Bates John, vict. Red gate
10 Bates Mrs. Elizabeth
10 Brian Benjamin, shopkeeper
10 Brian Robert, beer house
1 Brough Thos. worsted shoe mkr.
10 Brough Hannah, blacksmith
10 Cope Wm. cowkeeper
4 Dethick Wm. butcher
1 Finney Thomas
Harvey John, Esq.
10 Hatton Wm. schoolmaster
1 Hutchinson Rev. John, curate
9 Hyatt Philip, flint miller
7 Kearsley Thos. corn miller
1 Procter Joseph, shoemaker
9 Salt Eliz. governess of Workhs.
10 Wardle James, bookkeeper
4 Wooley Rd. vict. Furnace Inn

9 Worsdale John, cowkeeper

FARMERS.

1 Brassington John
9 Bridgett Wm.
2 Cotton Chas.
1 Davenport Jn.
1 Davenport Wm.
2 Ford Wm.
5 Harrison Wm.
8 Minton Thos.
5 Procter Geo. (& brick mkr.)
3 Rhodes Thos.
1 Swift John
1 Toft John
1 Warrilow Ths.

BUTTERTON.

*Marked * are at Millstone Green.*

Swinnerton Thos. Esq. Hall
Collier ——, farmer
Ewing Wm. land agent
Peake Thomas, farmer, Limes
* Tompkin John, shoemaker
* Whetnall Richard, tailor

CLAYTON GRIFFITH.

*Marked * are at Woodhouse.*

Brown Enoch, lime burner
Cooper George, lime burner
* Dix Thos. farmer & brickmkr.
* Reynolds Wm. bricklayer
Scott John, coach proprietor, The Hills
Wilks John, bricklayer

HANCHURCH.

Benneson Mary, shopkeeper
Bloore Samuel, farmer
Brammer John, blacksmith
Brammer Richard, joiner
Dey George, shoemaker
Heatley John, farmer
James Doody, beer house
James Wm. farmer
Peake Elizabeth, schoolmistress
Peake Wm. stone mason
Robinson Samuel, farmer

HANFORD.

Asbury Wm. maltster, hop merchant, and brick maker
Bentley Wm. druggist
Boulton Miss Mary
Bowen Rev. Jeremiah, B.A.
Bratt John, blacksmith
Cotton Thomas, engraver
Crewe Wm. gent.
Fearnyhough Geo. vict. Bull's Hd.
Furber Thos. joiner & cab. mkr.
Glover Dl. brk. mkr. & flint mill
Hargreaves Elizabeth, schoolrs.
Poole Wm. excise officer
Powner Thomas, butcher
Rawlins Sydney, gent.
Rushton Thos. wheelwright
Sillitoe Mr. James
Smith Benjamin, shopkeeper
Smith Edw. coal dealer
Warner James, brick maker
Williams Rt. & Thos. brick mkrs.
Wilmshurst Cath. boardg. school

Beer Houses.

Astley James
Wood Jacob

Farmers.

Hargreaves Jn.
Stanley Jacob
Tomlinson Jph.

Shopkeepers.

Knapper Thos.
Smith Benj.

Shoemakers.

Aston Thomas
Wood Israel
Wood Timothy

Tailors.

Price Thomas
Smith Samuel

WESTON-ON-TRENT is a large and well built village, pleasantly seated on the north-east bank of the Trent, opposite to Ingestre Park, 4¼ miles N.E. of Stafford, on the Stone and Lichfield road. It has a commodious wharf, on the Trent and Mersey canal; and its parish, which has long been celebrated for its *salt-works*, contains 587 inhabitants, and 719A. 2R. 3P. of fertile land, most of which belongs to Earl Ferrers, the lord of the manor, and the remainder to Earl Talbot and Wm. Moore, Esq., the latter of whom is impropriator of the tithes. The *Church* was partly rebuilt in 1685, when the north aisle was taken down, and was not restored till 1825, when the chancel was also rebuilt; the latter at the expense of the impropriator, and the former at the cost of the late incumbent, the Rev. John Clarke, whose widow claims the rents of the pews in that part of the church. Two of the windows have been richly decorated

with stained glass, and, in 1829, the spire was rebuilt at the cost of the parishioners. The benefice is a *curacy*, in the alternate patronage of J. N. Lane, Esq. and the heirs of the late Charles Inge, Esq. The Rev. Charles Inge, B.A. is the present incumbent.

SHIRLEYWICH, a small village, 1 mile S.E. of Weston, is so called from the family name of Earl Ferrers, and from its extensive *salt-works*, which were established upwards of two centuries ago, and were long carried on by Wm. Moore, Esq., of Wichdon Lodge; but are now in the occupation of James Sutton and Co., who manufacture about 100 tons of salt weekly, from a strong brine which is raised from an inexhaustible saline spring into a large reservoir, from which the boiling pans are supplied. In 1820, a prolific brine spring was discovered on Earl Talbot's estate, at Ingestre, on the opposite side of the Trent; and in the following year, his lordship erected extensive *salt-works, at Weston-green*, where J. Ginders & Co. now produce about 250 tons of salt weekly, from the saline water which is forced in pipes across the river and the canal, to a capacious reservoir. Before the removal of the salt duty, the old works, at Shirleywich, only produced about 80 tons per week, which yielded to Government about £120,000 per annum; the duty being 15s., and the selling price 16s. per bushel. In the following *Directory*, those marked * are at *Shirleywich*, and the rest at *Weston*.

Alders Joseph, joiner
Alldam Jacob, bookkeeper
Allport Thomas, tailor
* Andrew Jonah, agent, salt works
Banes Mrs. Margaret
Banks Ann, shopkeeper
Banks John, blacksmith
Bennett Ralph, agent, salt works
Brough John, tailor & beer hs.
Buckley Thos. vict. & butcher
Cliff Fras. & Thos. farmers
Cottrell Thomas Swinfen, gent.
Elsam John, wharfinger
Ginders Jeremiah & Co. salt mfrs. Weston salt works
Holbrook Rd. schoolmr. & b. h.
Horobin Joseph, farmer
Horobin Jane Elizabeth, farmer
Hough Samuel, shopkeeper
Lester Ths. shoemkr. & par. clk.
* Moore Charles, vict. Saracen's Head
Moore Mrs. Jane
Pyott James, joiner
Robinson Edward, joiner
Robinson John, vict. Nag's Head
* Rowley Thomas, shopkeeper
Shipley Wm. whetstone mfr.
Spencer Geo. mlstr. & coal dlr.
Spencer John, wheelwright
Spencer Thomas, grocer
Stevenson John, farmer
* Sutton Jas. & Co. wharfingers, carriers, & salt manufacturers
Trubshaw George, stone mason
Waltho Henry, beer house
Ward George, butcher
Willcock Richard, butcher
Yates Sarah, shoemaker

WHITMORE is a neat rural village, in a deep romantic valley, 4¼ miles S.S.W. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, comprising within its parish, 281 inhabitants, and about 2000 acres of land, mostly belonging to Mrs. Sarah Mainwaring, who resides in the *hall*, and is lady of the manor, and patron of the rectory.

which has about 40 acres of glebe, and has been long enjoyed by the Rev. John Isaac Brazier, for whom the Rev. Thomas Hardinge, M.A. officiates. The Church is a small edifice, with a half-timbered turret, and was a chapel of ease to Stoke-upon-Trent, until 1807, as has been seen at page 530. The living is said to be worth about £400 a-year. The poor parishioners have 2A. 2R. 34P. of land, called Ball's meadow, and Holly-greave croft, left in 1691, by *Joseph Ball*, and now let for £6 a-year. They have also the interest of £68. 10s., which arose from the sale of timber, on this land, and from several small donations.

Those marked 1 *reside at Bromley green*, 2 *Coney grove*, 3 *Lime pits*, 4 *Moat house*, 5 *Snape hall*, 7 *Whitmore heath*, 8 *Woodhouse*, 9 *Yew tree, and the rest at Whitmore.*

7 Bates John, shoemaker
Fairbanks George, schoolmaster
Hodgkinson Sarah, schoolmrs.
7 Hollins James, bricklayer
Mainwaring Mrs. Sarah, Hall
MartinAdw.vict. Mnwrng's.Arms
Martin John, gardener
7 Mason Moses, bricklayer
Smith Thomas, shoemaker
Smith Wm. joiner
Skerratt John, blksmith. & shopr.
Williams Richard, gentleman

FARMERS.

3 Ash Thomas
9 Bloor Richd.
Broomhall Jno.
Clewlow Wm.
5 Davies Walter
4 Fearnyhough John
Furnivel James, (& maltster)
8 Furnivel Wm.
Highfield John
2Highfield Peter
Kirkham Geo.
Malkin Wm.
8 Rhodes Saml.
1 StanwayThos.

YARLETT is an *extra-parochial liberty*, on the Stone road, 4 miles N. by W. of Stafford, comprising 21 inhabitants, and about 400 acres of land, all belonging to John Tunnicliff, Esq., who resides at the *hall*,—a neat mansion, seated on a gentle declivity. Here are also two or three cottages; but the *New Inn, on Yarlett Hill*, occupied by Mr. George Tharme, is in Marston chapelry, (see page 142.)

TOTMONSLOW HUNDRED.

TOTMONSLOW, or TOTMANSLOW, is the north-eastern division of Staffordshire, and contains that mountainous region called the *Moorlands*, which adjoins and partakes of the general character of the Derbyshire Peak; abounding in lime and coal, and having, in some places, lead and copper ore. (Vide Ecton.) This bleak and alpine district exhibits many of the wildest and most stupendous features of nature, as well as some of her more chaste and fertile beauties; the latter of which are confined chiefly to the narrow and picturesque vales of the rivers Dove, Manyfold, Hamps, Tean, Blythe, Dane, and Churne, which have their principal sources in this Hundred, and h receive many small but rapid streams from the high

moorlands and rocky mountains which rise in picturesque disorder, and shut in the fertile pastures in the glens and valleys. A brief geographical survey of this Hundred is already inserted under the head "Moorlands," at pages 39 to 42. It is of an irregular oval figure, stretching from the *three shire stone*, above Flash, southward to Uttoxeter, a distance of 25 miles, and averaging from ten to fifteen miles in breadth. The river Dove forms its eastern boundary for nearly thirty miles, and separates it from Derbyshire; and for about ten miles at its northern extremity, it is divided from Cheshire by the river Dane. It contains four *market-towns*, viz.—Leek, Longnor, Cheadle, and Uttoxeter; and about eighty *townships*, consisting of ten *chapelries* and thirty *parishes*, of which latter, the following is an enumeration, shewing the *annual value* of the land and buildings, as assessed for the property tax in 1815, and the population of each in the years 1801 and 1831.

☞ *Those marked* * *are in the* NORTH DIVISION, *and the others in the* SOUTH DIVISION. *The figures in parenthesis denote the number of townships in each parish.*

PARISHES.	ANN. VAL.	POPULATION 1801.	1831.	PARISHES.	ANN. VAL.	POPULATION 1801.	1831.
	£				£		
* Alstonefield (9)	9626	4302	4757	* Grindon (2)	3998	388	421
Alveton (4)	8726	1633	2401	* Horton (2)	4602	732	970
* Blore (2)	926	203	354	* Ilam (3)	1981	177	210
Bradley-in-the-Moors	1075	75	75	Ipstones (2) †	4396	1204	1325
Bramshall	1964	193	170	Kingsley (2)	4150	973	1416
* Cauldon	1366	256	347	Kingston	2617	276	388
* Caverswall (2) †	2479	756	1267	* Leek (10)	35783	6819	10780
Cheadle	6348	2750	4119	Leigh (2)	8793	995	1433
Checkley (2)	8425	1374	2247	Mayfield (3)	7151	1018	1366
* Cheddleton (3)	6778	1174	1664	* Oakover	1029	42	62
Croxden (2)	3050	283	272	Rocester	674	820	1040
* Dilhorne (2) †	5586	1083	1510	Sheen †	2308	392	386
Draycott-in-the-Moors	3911	491	539	Uttoxeter (6)	24257	2779	4054
Ellaston (6)	9161	109	1344	Waterfall (2) †	2547	467	531
Gratwich	1161	107	116	Wetton	2484	540	497
				TOTAL	183257	33400	46386

† *Alterations in the Divisions.*—According to the changes advertised by the county Magistrates in 1834, Dilhorne and Caverswall parishes, and the township of Whiston (in Kingsley parish,) will be annexed to the *South Division*: and Sheen, Ipstones, and Waterfall parishes, with the townships of Throwley, (in Ilam,) Butterton, (in Mayfield,) and Rudyard-and-Caudery, (in Leek,) will be taken from the South and added to the *North Division* of this Hundred.

The ten CHAPELRIES are, *Elkstone*, *Flash*, *Warslow*, and *Longnor*, in Alstonefield parish;—*Calton*, which extends into the four parishes of Blore, Croxden, Mayfield, and Waterfall; Butterton, in Mayfield parish; and *Endon*, *Meerbrook*, *Onecote*, and Rushton-Spencer, in Leek parish.

LEEK TOWN AND PARISH.

LEEK, the largest market-town in the Hundred of Totmonslow, and one of the handsomest in the county, has long been extensively engaged in the silk manufacture, and covers the summit and declivities of a pleasant eminence, above the river Churnet, and nearly in the centre of a deep but spacious valley, of a circular figure, the acclivities of which rise rapidly on every side to the distance of six or seven miles, and form one of nature's proudest and most stupendous amphitheatres, the foreground of which consists chiefly of fertile pastures, enlivened by several rivulets, the Caldon canal, and many thriving plantations; whilst the more distant hills, rising tier above tier, partake of the general heathy character of the Moorlands, and are crowned on the north-east side by a long range of lofty perpendicular rocks and crags, called the *Leek Roches*, (see p. 41.) The town is distant 10 miles N.E. by E. of Burslem, 10 miles S.W. of Longnor, 14 miles S.E. of Macclesfield, 10 miles N. of Cheadle, and 154 miles N.W. by W. of London. Its PARISH is a very extensive and highly picturesque district, which has increased its *population* since the year 1801, from 6819 to 10,780 souls, and is divided into ten townships, of which the following is an enumeration, shewing the annual value of the lands and buildings as assessed for the property tax in 1815, and the population of each in the year 1831:—

Townships.	*Ann. Val.*	*Pop. 1831.*	*Townships.*	*Ann. Val.*	*Pop. 1831.*
Leek & Lowe ..	£10,041	6372	Leek-Frith	£4958	873
Bradnop.....	2946	467	Onecote	3330	456
Endon with	..	487	Rudyard & Caudery,	1245	117
Longsdon and ..	6294	398	Rushton-James	1228	304
Stanley	..	118	Rushton-Spencer ..	1690	337
Heaton	2076	402	Tittisworth.....	1975	447

The town has several spacious and well-built streets, and is all comprised in the township of Leek and Lowe, which has nearly doubled the number of its buildings and inhabitants during the last thirty years, and, with Leek-Frith, forms the *manor of Leek*, of which the Earl of Macclesfield is lord; but a large portion of the soil and buildings belong to a considerable number of freeholders, the largest of whom are J. Davenport, G. Y. Wilkinson, R. B. Cave, and Toft Chorley, Esqrs. The *common* was enclosed under an Act passed in 1805, and a large portion of it has since been built upon, at Ballhaye green and Leek moor. Before the Norman Conquest, the manor was held by *Algarus Ca;* and in the reign of King Stephen, by *Ranulph, Earl of Chester*, who gave the tithes of his mill here to the monks of St. Werberge, at Chester. His grandson, the sixth Earl of Chester, gave this manor to the monks of the ABBEY of *Dieu le Crese*, or *Dieu Encres*, which he founded

in Leek-Frith, in the vale of the Churnet, about half a mile north of the town. The following *legend* is recorded as immediately connected with the name and foundation of this abbey. The earl dreamt that the ghost of his grandfather appeared to him, and bade him go to *Cholpesdale*, near Leek, and found an abbey of white monks, near to a chapel there, dedicated to the Blessed Virgin, "for by it," said the ghost, "there shall be joy to thee and many others who shall be saved thereby. Of this it shall be a sign, when the Pope doth interdict England. But do thou in the mean time go to the monks of *Pulton*, and be partaker of the sacrament of the Lord's Supper; and, in the seventh year of that interdict, thou shalt translate those monks to the place I have appointed." Ranulph, having had this vision, related it to his wife, who, hearing it, said in French—"*Dieu encres!—God increase!*" whereupon the Earl, pleased with the expression, said it should be the name of the abbey, which he speedily founded and furnished with monks of the Cistercian order, from Pulton, in Cheshire. He endowed it with divers lands and possessions, which his successors, Earls of Chester, confirmed and made considerable additions thereto. Robert de Menilwannin also gave to the monks, "for the *health* of his soul, and of Ranulph, Earl of Chester and Lincoln, (his mother's brother,) in pure and perpetual alms, free common in the wood of *Pevero*, with housebote, and haybote, and pawnage for fifty hogs." At the dissolution, this abbey was valued at £243. 3s. 6d. per annum, and was granted, with most of its possessions, by Edward VI., to Sir Ralph Baggenholt, who soon afterwards sold the *abbey estate* to the tenants; and it now belongs to John Davenport, Esq., of Westwood Hall, and Miss Theodosia Hinckes, of Tettenhall. About ten years ago, the ruins of the abbey, which had been so completely buried in the earth that cattle grazed over them, were dug up by the late owner, J. S. Daintry, Esq., of Macclesfield, and most of the materials used in erecting barns and stables for the use of the ancient farm-house, which stands near the spot; but the shafts of the chapel columns are left standing to the height of several feet. The exterior walls of the farm buildings are decorated with many fragments of arches and capitals; and in one of them is a stone coffin, with a crosier and sword carved upon it.

Leek gave birth to *Thomas Parker, the first Earl of Macclesfield*, of his family, who was born here, in 1666, in an ancient house still standing, near the churchyard. He was the son of Thomas Parker, an attorney, and, after receiving a grammatical education, applied himself to the study of the law, under the direction of his father. He became so eminent as a barrister, that he was appointed one of Queen Anne's counsel, and was exalted to the rank of Sergeant-at-Law, and had the honour of knighthood conferred on him in 1705. He was a representative in Parliament, for Derby, from 1705 to 1708. In 1710,

he was appointed Lord Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench; and, on the death of the Queen, he was one of the Lords Justices till the arrival of George I. from Hanover. In 1716, he was created *Baron of Macclesfield*, and, in 1718, was raised to the dignity of Lord Chancellor of Great Britain. In 1821, he was created *Viscount Parker, of Ewelme*, in Oxfordshire, and *Earl of Macclesfield*, in the county of Chester. In consequence of some notorious mal-practices, he was impeached by the House of Peers on charges of gross corruption in the Court of Chancery, for which he was removed from office, and sentenced to pay a fine of £30,000, every shilling of which was exacted, and paid by his lordship and his son; the latter of whom died in 1764, and was succeeded by his son, who died in 1795, and was succeeded by his son, George Parker, the present *Earl of Macclesfield*, and *Viscount and Baron Parker*, who is Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard, Lord-Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of Oxfordshire, High Steward of Henley, in that county, D.C.L. and F.R.S.; and has his chief seats at Sherborne Castle, in Oxfordshire, and Buckfastleigh, in Devonshire; and his town residence in Conduit-street. Before the Parkers, there were three Earls of Macclesfield, of the Gerard family, the title being first created in 1679.

That the neighbourhood of Leek has been the scene of some signal action, fought between the *Britons* and the *Romans*, is evident, from the circumstance of several pieces of Roman and British arms having been found at various periods in the immediate vicinity of the town, (see p. 23.) In the churchyard is an upright stone, recording the death of Wm. Trafford, Esq., a distinguished royalist, who died at Swithamley Hall, in this parish, in 1697, and who saved himself from the fury of a party of Cromwell's soldiers, by disguising himself as a thrasher, and continuing his work in the barn; when the intruders found him, he answered their interrogations merely by uttering the words "*Now thus*," between every stroke of the flail; upon which they considered him as a rustic idiot, and departed without further molestation. In this character he is represented on his grave-stone, and his family introduced the words "Now thus," as the motto on their arms. Leek has not since been disturbed by any military events, except in the rebellion of 1745, when the Scottish insurgents, commanded by Charles Edward Stuart, and the Dukes of Perth and Athol, marched through the town to Derby, (see p. 36.)

The SILK MANUFACTURE of Leek has long been in a flourishing state, and has of late years been so considerably extended, that several very extensive *mills* have been erected for twisting and doubling the silk; and the population of the town now amounts to nearly 7000 souls, though in 1821 it only amounted to 4855; in 1811, to 3703; and in 1801, to 3489. The articles in *silk and mohair*, for which the town is chiefly celebrated, as

sewing silks, twist, buttons, ribbons, fringes, gallo[illegible] chiefs, shawls, sarcenet, and broad silk. An immense quantity of *Florentine buttons*, consisting of wood, bone, or iron moulds, covered with worsted stuff, are also manufactured here, and give employment to many hundred women and children in the surrounding villages, who are employed in sewing the cloth upon the moulds. In the silk trade many large fortunes have been made by the late and present manufacturers; and some of their weavers and other workmen have been enabled, by industry and economy, to build convenient houses for their own occupation; but unfortunately a large portion of the operatives here lack that providence and sobriety which are so much wanted in all other manufacturing towns.

MARKET AND FAIRS.—As early as 1607, Leek is said to have had a good weekly market, which is now held every Wednesday, and is well supplied with all kinds of provisions, exposed for sale in the spacious *Market-place*, which occupies the most central and highest part of the town, and has several good streets branching from it in different directions. A *fat cattle market* is held on every alternate Wednesday, between July 28th and October 10th, in the open space at the foot of Derby-street. Here are also seven annual *fairs for cattle, &c.*, held on the Wednesday before February 3rd; Easter Wednesday; May 18th; Whit-Wednesday; July 3rd and 28th; and on the Wednesday after October 10th. The principal cattle fair is that on the 18th of May. A statute fair for *hiring servants, &c.*, is held on the Wednesday after Christmas day; but when that day falls on a Wednesday, the fair is on the Thursday following. *Cheese fairs* were established here about ten years ago, and are now held three times a-year, on the second Monday in March, and the third Mondays in September and November. The *wake* or feast, is on the third Sunday in October; and *races* are held on the succeeding Monday and Tuesday, in Birchall dale. In the town are several good inns and upwards of forty public-houses. The Caldon canal approaches within half a mile south of the town, and opens a communication with the Trent and Mersey navigation, and with the coal and limestone districts. In 1793, two "*commercial halfpennies*," were issued at Leek, for the accommodation of the public.

Improvements, Water, Gas, &c.—The streets are generally well paved and lighted, and the houses of some of the manufacturers and other principal inhabitants, are large and elegant. In 1806, the old *market cross* which stood at the foot of the Market-place, was taken down, and the TOWN-HALL erected on its site, at the cost of about £250, being only a small edifice, the principal apartment of which is used as a news-room, and has under it a temporary prison or lock-up; but the *Petty Sessions* are held at the Swan Inn, on every alternate Wednesday,

before the Revs. T. H. Heathcote and J. Sneyd, and J. W. Russell, and Edward Buller, Esqrs., or some of the other county magistrates. The old cross is now set up in a field near the Cheadle road, on the south-east side of the town. In 1825, an Act of Parliament was obtained for *lighting, watching, and improving the town*, under the control of a body of Commissioners, who are empowered to levy rates on the inhabitants to the amount of about £400 per annum; but hitherto their expenditure has exceeded their receipts, so that they have been obliged to borrow £600 on mortgage. They pay £2 each per annum, for 103 street lamps, and £7 yearly for lighting the church clock dial, to Mr. West, of Durham, the constructor, principal proprietor, and lessee of the GAS WORKS, which were established in 1826, by 46 proprietors, in 200 shares of £26 each. The works are situated near the wharf, at the foot of Spooner's-lane; and the gas is sold to the consumers at the rate of 12s. 6d. per 1000 cubic feet. Mr. W. M. Hilliard is clerk to the Gas Company and the Commissioners of the Improvement Act, and has the superintendence of the *police force*, appointed by the said Commissioners, and consisting of four constables, a surveyor, a scavenger, and a few watchmen. Mr. Jas. Abbott is lessee of the market tolls and town crier, under the lord of the manor, the Earl of Macclesfield, whose steward is John Cruso, sen., Esq. The Earl is proprietor of the WATER-WORKS, which have been greatly improved and extended under the authority of an Act of Parliament, obtained in 1827, so that the town is now well supplied with pure soft water, from the springs on Leek moor, where there are two reservoirs, each about four yards deep, and one of them 120 yards long and 40 broad, and the other 60 yards by 40. Mr. Wm. Clee has the management of the waterworks and fire engine. At the *Court Leet* of the manor of Leek and Leek-Frith, held yearly in October, at the Red Lion Inn, under the Earl's steward, upwards of 1000 suiters generally appear; and the following officers are appointed for the ensuing year, viz., a constable and deputy, a headborough and deputy, two market-lookers, and a beadle, bang-beggar and pinner.

The parish CHURCH is a venerable fabric, dedicated to St. Edward the Confessor, and standing on an elevated site near the head of the market place, in a large burial ground to which a considerable plot of ground was added some years ago, on the declivity which descends northward to the river Churnet, opposite the beautiful but deserted seat called Ballhaye. It is a Gothic structure, with a square tower, which contains a clock, six bells and chimes. In 1816, eight pinnacles were added to the tower, and the whole edifice was thoroughly repaired, at the cost of nearly as much money as would have built a new fabric. In the interior are several neat mural monuments, belonging to the Daintry and other families; and in the church-

yard stands the remains of an ancient pyramidal cross, ten feet high, with three steps at the foot, and adorned with rude imagery and fretwork, but bearing no inscription to designate its origin and purport, though it is generally supposed to be of Danish workmanship. In repairing one of the church buttresses adjacent to this monument, in 1829, an inscription to the memory of Hugh, Earl of Chester, was found, bearing the date 1137. In the new or lower churchyard, stands a heavy stone building, erected in 1800, by the late Thomas Mills, Esq., of Berlaston Hall, whose remains are deposited within its walls. The benefice is a discharged *vicarage*, in the patronage of the Earl of Macclesfield, and incumbency of the Rev. T. H. Hanbicote, M.A., who is assisted by the Rev. J. Barnes, B.A. The churchyard commands an extensive view of the 'Roches,' and the other rocky hills to the north and west; and at the summer soltice, the sun appears to set twice on the same evening, behind the conical peak of one of these lofty mountains, called the *Hencloud;* for after sinking below the top of this hill, it breaks out again on the northen side of it, before it sinks below the horizon.

The CHAPELS, in Leek, belonging to Dissenters, are five in number, viz., two belonging to the *Wesleyan Methodists*, at Mount-pleasant, and Ballhaye-street; the former built about 20 years ago, adjoining the old one, which is divided into two houses for the ministers, and the latter erected in 1827, at the cost of £1700;—one belonging to the *Primitive Methodists*, in Union-street; one to the *Quakers*, at Overton's bank; and two to the *Independents*, in Derby-street and Union-street; the latter built in 1833, at the cost of £1000, for the congregation which used to assemble in the Black's Head-yard; and the former being the oldest chapel in the town, rebuilt about fifty years ago, and endowed with a good house for the minister, and the interest of £374. During the religious commotion in Dr. Priestley's time, the seats in the Derby-street Calvinist chapel were pulled up by a mob and burnt in the Market-place. The two Independent ministers are the Rev. James Morrow, of Derby-street, and the Rev. W. P. Bourne, of Union-street. Here is also a neat CATHOLIC CHAPEL, in Fountain-street, erected in 1829, by subscription, at the cost of £700, and adorned with fine old paintings of St. Helen, St. Edward the Confessor, St. Lucius, and St. Editha, which were brought from a convent at Lisbon, by the nuns of Aston Hall, near Stone, when they fled on the invasion of the French. The altar-piece is an excellent painting of the Virgin and Child, by Barney, an English artist. The Rev. Samuel Whitaker is the priest. *Sunday schools* are attached to all the places of worship, except the Friends' meeting house; and the town enjoys the benefit of an endowed grammar school, eight alms-houses,

and a number of benefactions for the relief of the poor; it has also a *Self-supporting Dispensary.*

The principal SEATS in the vicinity of the town, are BALLHAYE, a handsome stone mansion and well wooded demesne, on the north side of the town, possessed for many generations by the Davenports, from whom it passed to J. Hulme, M.D., now of Manchester, who sold it to Edward Unwin, Esq., of Nottinghamshire, who does not occupy it; WESTWOOD HALL, a neat mansion with extensive plantations and pleasure grounds, on the south-west side of the town, in Lowe liberty, formerly belonging to Lady Vane, and afterwards to Booth Grey, Esq., who sold it to its present owner, John Davenport, Esq., M.P., by whom the house and estate have been greatly improved during the last 16 years; and HARRGATE, in Tittisworth, beyond Ballhaye, the property and occasional residence of Toft Chorley, Esq.

The WORKHOUSE, for the township of Leek-and-Lowe, is situated in a narrow lane, to which it gives name, near the foot of Spout-street. It was erected in 1768, in lieu of the old one in Derby-street, now divided into three dwellings. It has since been enlarged, and is now a plain but substantial building, 25 yards long and 7 broad, and has belonging to it four acres of land on the Ashbourn and Buxton roads, of which three acres were given by the Earl of Macclesfield. The average number of paupers in the house is about 54, who are maintained and clothed at the cost of 3s. 6d. per head per week. The children are sent out to work at the silk mills. The amount of *poor rates* collected in the year 1775, was £404; in 1790, £462; in 1810, £1353; in 1820, £1870; in 1825, £1647; in 1830, £2013; and in 1833, £2274; out of which latter, £248. 15s. was paid to the county rates. About ten rates of 4d. in the pound on buildings, and 6d. on land, are collected yearly; but the assessment is only laid on about half the rack rental. In 1833, there were 1368 *houses* in the township, though in 1811, they only amounted to 841. The *Lowe Liberty* nearly surrounds the skirts of the town, and includes part of Mill-street and several scattered farm houses, amongst which are the two *Birchalls*, *Leek Edge*, *Nibden*, *&c.* Four *overseers* and one *churchwarden* are appointed yearly for Leek-and-Lowe. Mr. Joseph Hall is *governor* of the *workhouse*, and Mr. William Rawlins is the *assistant overseer.*

The GRAMMAR SCHOOL stands near the churchyard, and was erected by the Earl of Macclesfield, lord chancellor, in 1723, and is kept in repair by the master, who has no endowment except £9. 13s. 10d. per annum, for teaching six free scholars to read, as the dividends of £323. 4s. 9d., purchased with a legacy of the *Rev. George Roads*, bequeathed in 1712. The present Earl of Macclesfield appoints the master; but the six free scholars are admitted by the vicar.

The ALMS-HOUSES, founded by *Elizabeth Ash*, in 1676, consist of eight separate houses under one roof, containing two apartments

each, with a piece of garden ground apportioned among them. T foundress endowed them with a yearly rent-charge of £40, to paid out of a house and land, at Kewall-green, in Leek, to the eig alms-women in weekly shares. She vested the nomination of two the alms-women respectively in Thomas Joliffe and Wm. Ash, a their heirs; and of the other six in them and the vicar, and overse of Leek. All are to be of the age of 60 or upwards, and parishione of Leek, viz. five from the town, one from Leek-Frith, one from E don, and the other from Bradnop and Onecote township. Th charity was afterwards augmented with £100 left by Lady Dethic in 1678, and laid out in 1723, (with £110 left to the poor of Le generally, by *Thomas Joliffe*, and a *Mr. Haywood*,) in the purcha of 18¼ acres of land, in Rushton Spencer, called Great and Little Ou ton, and now let for £25 a-year. Some timber, cut on this land, i 1803, produced £614. 18s., of which, £562. 10s. was invested in th purchase of £900 three per cent. consolidated annuities. Abou every sixth year, upwards of £20 worth of underwood is cut on th land, and sold to the crate manufacturers in the Potteries. The alms women are entitled to ten 21 parts of the rents and profits of the la and of the dividends of the stock. They have likewise the dividend of £436. 2s. three per cent. reduced annuities, purchased with £40 given by *Mrs. Rebecca Lowe*, in 1765; so that they have such a week ly income of 2s. 6d., besides a surplus fund for the purchase of linsey gowns once in two years, and coals to the amount of £15 yearly. The Vicar and John Cruso, jun., S. Phillips, and Anthony Ward, Esqrs. are the trustees. The alms-houses were thoroughly repaired and covered with durable cement, in 1821, so that they have now a neat and modern appearance.

The BENEFACTIONS *to the poor of Leek, under the management of the Churchwardens*, comprise the remaining eleven 21 parts of th property which has arisen from the gifts of Dethick, Joliffe, an Haywood, as noticed in the account of the alms-houses, and the fol lowing donations, viz. the Leek-field, left by Wm. Watson, in 168 and now let, with an allotment made to it at the inclosure, for £1 10s. per annum;—£2. 10s. yearly from Thomas Joddrell's charity (see Horton);—£33. 6s. yearly from three fields, near Cornhill Cross, left by Mrs. Ann Joliffe, in 1731, for poor widows;—26s. the interest of 40 marks, left by Wm. Hulme, in 1690;—and 35s. 10 yearly from an allotment, made in lieu of a rent-charge, left by Joh Hulme, in 1694. These benefactions produce collectively a yearl income of £85. 12s. 10d., which is distributed in the church, Christmas, in money, blankets, and linen, and sometimes in coal This distribution is called the *Town Dole*.

OTHER BENEFACTIONS TO LEEK.—In 1619, John Rothwell charg ed his lands, in Hellsend and Horsecroft, with ten guineas a-yea to pay six poor persons of Leek 7d. per week each, and the reside to the vicar, for four sermons yearly. At the enclosure, in 1805, th part of this rent-charge, belonging to the six widows, was exchange for an allotment of 6A. 1R. 11P.; and the remaining 18s. was com pensated by part of an allotment of 7A. 3R. 39P., set out to the vica in lieu of this and other payments due to him. These, together wit four other allotments set out in respect of other claims, containin in the whole 18A. 3R. 22P., are let together for £31 per annum, whic is apportioned as follows,—to the vicar, £16. 2s. 3d.; to the si widows, £10. 7s. 6d.; to the poor, for weekly doles of bread, i respect of a rent-charge left by James Rudyard, in 1709, £2. 15s. and to the overseers, in respect of John Hulmes' charity, £1. 15s

10d. Mrs. St. Andrew left 6s. 8d. to the vicar, and 13s. 4d. to the poor, out of Stringer's croft, in Gayton. Mrs. Joan Armett, in 1665, bequeathed the following annuities, out of Nether Hay Farm, viz. 53s. 4d. to the poor of Leek and Mill-street; and 53s. 4d. to the minister, and 20s. to the poor of Meerbrook chapelry. Wm. Mills, in 1749, left £100, and directed the interest to be paid yearly, as follows, viz. 20s. to the vicar, 5s. to the clerk, and the residue in bread to poor widows. Thomas Birttles, in 1755, left £100, now vested in £120. 13s. 3d. 3½ per cent. reduced annuities, the dividends to be given to indigent housekeepers of Leek, on St. Thomas's day. In 1806, Wm. Badnall, silk dyer, bequeathed £1,000, to be invested in the funds, in trust, to divide the yearly proceeds on Nov. 5th, in blankets, quilts, and other clothing, among 20 poor widows of the township of Leek, and of the age of 60 or upwards. This legacy was invested in the purchase of £1646. 1s. 9d. three per cent reduced annuities. The vicar is one of the five trustees. In 1738, John Naylor bequeathed to the town of Leek, two annuities, to be purchased out of his personal estate, viz. £50 to the poor, and £5 to the vicar for preaching a sermon on the day of distribution, Oct. 23rd. This charity has undergone several changes, and now consists of £1620 new South Sea annuities, yielding only £48. 12s. per annum; so that the vicar has only £4. 8s. 4d., and the poor £44. 3s. 8d. The latter is dispensed in various articles of food and clothing.

The poor of Onecote and Bradnop have 5 acres of land in the parish of Sheen, supposed to have been given by Thomas Stanley, Esq., for the benefit of the poor not receiving parochial relief. It is let for £10 a-year, which is distributed at Christmas. In 1788, Joan Adsetts, left to the poor of Onecote £30, which, in 1794, was laid out in land now let for 24s. per annum.

The poor of Rushton Spencer, have a house and 1¼ acre of land, let for £7 a-year, and purchased in 1753 with £23 left by Alice Yeardley and Mary Sidebotham. One-third of the rent is distributed in money at Christmas, and the remainder in monthly doles of bread. In 1725, Elizabeth Hulme bequeathed to the poor of Rushton-James, a yearly rent charge of £4 out of her messuage at Woodhouse Green, to be distributed in clothing on October 16th. Sarah Nicoll, in 1783, bequeathed £200, and directed the interest to be distributed in clothing on the 1st of January yearly, among poor men and women of Heaton and Leek-Frith. This sum was invested in the three per cent. annuities, in 1726, and produces an annual income of £10. 2s. 6d.

Meerbrook and Leek-Frith Benefactions.—In 1673, John Stoddard bequeathed out of his lands at Thornyleigh and Leek-Frith, three yearly rent charges, viz., £4 to the curate of Meerbrook, £10 to a schoolmaster for teaching 20 poor children of that chapelry, and £2 for the poor of Gunside. In 1679, Edmund Brough left out of his lands at Peakstones, 50s. yearly to the curate of Meerbrook, and 20s. to the poor of Rochside and Haslewood. Roger Morris gave £100, and directed one-half of the interest to be given to the schoolmaster, for the education of eight poor children of Leek-Frith, and the other for a distribution of bibles. The interest, £4. 10s., is paid out of the rent of Swines moor farm. Thomas Wood left £30, for which 30s. is now paid yearly out of Stock meadow farm, and distributed in bread among the poor of the liberty of Meerbrook.—See also Joan Armett's and Sarah Nicoll's gifts, already noticed.

ENDON SCHOOL and the master's dwelling-house, were built by th



freeholders of Endon quarter, in 1750, upon land given by John Wedgwood, Esq., lord of the manor of Horton. About a quarter of an acre, now used as a garden, was added to the school in 1797, by Thos Harding, then lord of the said manor. The master has £4. 10s. yearly out of an estate in Park-lane, as the interest of £110 left by Thos and Wm. Sherratt, for schooling six poor children. He has also £2. 10s. yearly from the toll-gate at Endon, for which he teaches two more free scholars, but the donor is unknown. Endon Chapel croft worth £3 a-year, was given by Gabriel Lees, for the use of the chapel. The poor of Endon Chapelry have the following yearly doles, viz., 50s. from Thomas Joddrell's and 60s. from John Wedgwood's charities, (see Horton;) and 52s. in weekly doles of bread from sacrament money and £40 left by John Ball.

Stanley Township possesses a charity estate of 69a. 2r. 39p. of land, with a house and outbuildings, let for £73. 10s. per annum. This property was bequeathed by the Rev. Richd. Shaw, and conveyed to trustees by his heir-at-law, Wm. Furnival. About £10 a-year is paid to a schoolmaster for teaching poor children, £10 in apprentice fees, and the remainder is dispensed in weekly allowances to poor families, and in paying the rents of their dwellings.

LEEK DIRECTORY.

POST-OFFICE, Custard street; Miss Catherine Williams, Postmistress. Letter bags are despatched to London and the South at 20 min. bef. 1 noon; and to Manchester, and the North and West at ¼ before 11 mg. daily. A Horse Post to Longnor, Warslow, Flash, Hartington, &c. every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at half-past one afternoon, from the Red Lion Inn.

The CONTRACTIONS *used for the names of streets, &c. are—Ard. for Ashbourn road; Ast. Albion street; Bln. Ballhaye lane; Bst. Ballhaye st.; Bgn. Ballhaye green; Brd. Buxton road; Cbk. Clerk's bank; Cht. Church st.; Chn. Church lane; Cst. Custard st.; Cpt Compton; Dst. Derby street; Fst. Fountain st.; Kst. King st; Lmr Leek moor; Lst. London st.; Obk. Overton bank, sometimes called Schooling bank; Mkp. Market place; Mst. Mill st.; Nst. New st. Qst. Queen st.; Rst. Regent street; Skt. Sheep market; Spt. Spoon street; Sst. Stockwell street; Spn. Spooner's lane; Ust. Union st. and Wst. West st. The abbreviation mfr. signifies silk manufacturer.*

MISCELLANY—*Including the Addresses of Gentry, Clergy, Partners in Firms, and others, not arranged in the Classification of Trades and Professions.*

Abbott Geo. cowkpr. Ashbourn road
Abbott Jph. mfr. Kst.
Alcock Wm. constab. Church lane
Ashton Mrs. Chn.
Atkinson Miss Mary, Spout street
Ball Chas. bookkpr. West street
Ball Chas. bookkpr. Bridge end
Birch Mr. Saml. Sst.
Booth Mrs. Ann, Sst.
Bourne Rev. Wm. P. (Ind.) Compton
Brandreth Rev. Jno. Mount pleasant
Brassington Chrsphr. bookkeeper, Brd.
Brealey Thos. attorney's clerk, Dst.
Brentnall Mrs. Sar. Church lane
Brooks John, wood handle dlr. Mill st
Brooks Samuel, rake maker, Mill st.
Brough Mrs. Ann, Spout street
Brunt Isc. mfr. Lmr
Brunt Josiah, mfr. Queen street
Brunt Wm. mfr. Kst.
Bullock Thos. gent. Clerk's bank

Challinor Wm. solr. sheriff's replevinor, and clk. to comssrs. of taxes, Dst.
Chorley Toft, Esq. Spout st. & Haregt.
Clowes Saml.mfr. Bst
Clowes Mrs. Jenny, West street
Clowes John, bookpr. Ballhaye street
Crompton John, gnt. Derby street
Crompton Miss Eliz. Stockwell street
Cruso John, sen. Esq. land agent, Mkp.
Cruso Mr. Fras. Mkp.
Cruso Mich. Daintry, solr.; h. Spout st.
Cutting Mr. Rd. Kst.
Daniels Thos. overlooker, Union st.
Davenport John, Esq. M.P. Westwood hl.
Davenport Urh. Mst.
Dix Jas. agent, Bst.
Edge Thos. cowkpr. Ballhaye lane
Ellis Lilley, mfr. Kst.
Fearnside Rev. Josh. (Meth.) Mount pl.
Fowler Mrs. Sar. Mkp.
Gaunt John, Esq. banker, Sst.
Gaunt Josiah, mfr.; h. Ballhaye street
Gaunt Josiah, jun. mfr. h. Market pl.
Gaunt Rd. Esq. Dst.
Glendinning Rt. Witting, mfr. Union st.
Goodwin Misses Ann & Mary, Daisy bk.
Griffin Mr. John, Brd.
Griffin Thomas, high constable for Totmonslow N., Cbk.
Grosvenor Mary, Sst.
Hall Jph. gov. Works.
Hammersley George, warehouseman, Ast.
Harrison Miss Mary, Spout street
Heathcote Rev. Thos. Henry, Vicarage
Hine Jph. bookr. Qst.
Hilliard Fras. parish clerk, Overton bank
Horn Joseph, swine dealer, Buxton rd.
Ibbert John, overlkr. Ashbourn road
Jackson Geo. cowkeeper, King st.
Johnson Mr. Jph. Dst.
Johnson Jas. warehouseman, Qst.
Keates Geo. magistrates' clerk, Spt.
Killmister Geo. Ridgway, solicitor; h. Regent street
Keen Mr. Jas. Bgn.
Knight Mrs. Martha, Spout street
Lea Thos. glover, Spt.
Leason Mrs. Ann, Bst.
Leech John, land agt. and road surveyor, Wall bridge
Lees Mattw. bailiff & furniture broker, Sheep market
Lucas Allan Key, mfr. Spout street
Marshall John, Spt.
Mien John, Queen st.
Mears Jas. letter carrier, New street
Morley Richd. hatter, Custard street
Moss Jph. whsman. King street
Moss Ralph, mfr. Ust.
Moulton Rev. James Egan, (Meth.) Bst.
Nixon Allan, cabinet maker, Mill street
Nixon Mattw. warehouseman, Lmr.
Nixon Wm. gas wks.
Phillips Saml. & Wm. Esqrs. The Field
Poingister John, professor of music and French, King st.
Pointon Elijah, paver, Leek moor
Pratt Mrs. Ann, Cbk.
Prince Peter, Bgn.
Rathbone Etchells, overlooker, Nst.
Rawlins Wm. architect and assistant overseer, Lst.
Roe Mrs. Margt. Spt.
Rogers Miss Elz. Spt.
Russell John, mfr. Spout street.
Scholfield Richard, overlooker, Ard.
Sharratt Miss Mary, Derby street
Sharratt Jerh. cowkeeper, Mill street
Sharratt Mr. Wm. Cpt.
Shenton Sml. grindr. Ashbourn road
Slack Mr. Benj. Qst.
Sleigh Mr. Richard, Spout street
Sleigh Mr. John, Spt.
Squire John, manager, London street
Stirling Mr. Rbt. Sst.
Stonehewer Samuel, sexton, Clerk's bk.
Stubbs Edw. Bgn.
Sutton Miss Mary, Spout street
Tatton Edw. Kiln ln.
Tomlinson Mr. Rd. Fountain street
Turner John, gent. Sheep market
Turnock Edw. warehouseman, Fst.
Wain John, traveller, Leek moor
Walker Chas. warehouseman, King st.
Wamsley Jas. warehouseman, Kst.
Wamsley Philip, mfr. Church lane
Wardle Jas. mfr. Kst.
Welsh John, warehouseman, Ast.
Whitaker Rev. Saml. (Cath.) Fountain st.
Willock Mrs. Cath. Fountain street
Winton Thos. excise officer, Bst.
Woolliscroft Joseph, coach maker, Mst.
Young George, gent. Clerk's bank

Academies.
*Marked * take brdrs.*
*Babington Ann and Martha, Queen st.
Brumby Corns. Lst.
*Etches Mary, Bst.
Free Grammar, Rev. Jeremiah Barnes, B.A. Clerk's bank
Smith Eliz. Spout st.
Morrow Rev. Jas. Dst.
Shufflebotham W. M. Mill street
Wamsley Uriah, Kst.
Attorneys.
Condlyffe Wm. Dst.
Coupland Chas. Sst.
Cruso John, jun. Spt.
Gaunt Mattw. Sst.
Heathcote John, Dst.
Hilliard Ths. Harvey, Stockwell street
Killmister & Challinor, Derby street
Killmister Abm. Kershaw, Regent st.
Redfern Thos. Chn.
Auctioneers, &c.
Barnes Jonth. Sst.
Fergyson Rt. Kst.
Hilliard Wm. Ml. (& genl. agent & printer) Church st.
White George, Sheep mkt.; h. Alstonfd.
Bakers, Flour dlrs. &c.
Alcock Wm. Spn.
Brunt Micha, Sst.
Bull Rd. Spout street
Clowes Thomas, Mst.
Caley Geo. Cbk.
Davenport Jph. Cht.
Davenport Uriah, Clerk's bank
Gettliffe Peter, Dst.
Holroyde Olive, Mst.
Hunt Saml. Mst.
Maskery Saml. Spt.
Smith Joseph, Cst.
Smith John, Brd.
Smith Saml. Dirty ln.

BANKS.

Fowler, Gaunt, & Co. Stockwell st. (draw on Rogers, Towgood, & Co.)

Manchester & Liverpool Dist. Branch, Spout st. (open ev. Wed.; John Stupart, manager)
Basket maker.
Smith Reuben, Skt.
Blacksmiths.
* *are Whitesmiths.*
Beardmore Sl. Skt.
Bold George, Mst.
Bradley John, Brd.
Hargreaves Geo. Lmr.
Hargreaves Jph. Spt.
*Heath Jas. Spt.
Lambert Wm. Dst.
*Plant Jthn. Mst.
Bookseller & Stationer.
Nall Geo. (stamp off. & subs. & cir. library) Sheepmkt.
Boot & Shoe makers.
Barlow Lewis, Cst.
Bott Ralph, Mst.
Challinor Wm. Lmr.
Davenport Jph. Spt.
Davenport Jane, Cst.
Done Joseph, Bgn.
Forrister Saml. Mst.
Hudson Thos. Spt.
Knight Wm. Sst.
Lovatt John, Sst.
Rigby Jph. Mkp.
Rutland John, (smallware, &c. dlr.) Skt.
Sharp Thomas, Mst.
Shelley Eliz. (dlr.) King st.
Tipper Thomas, Cst.
Walwyn Ellen, Skt.
Walwyn Jph. Ard.
Wood John, Brd.
Braziers & Tinmen.
Fisher John, Skt.
Howard Jph. Mkp.
Travis Thomas, Spt.
Bricklayers.
Barlow Jas. Lmr.
Eyres Thomas, Lmr.
Fogg Varnam, Bkd.
Holroyd Jph. Mst.
Mellor James, Fst.
Rowley James, Obk.
Stretch Saml. Lmr.
Butchers.
Bullock Ralph, Spn.
Critchlow John, Cst.

Critchlow Wm. (flour & cheese dlr.) Cht.
Godwin Jph. Dst.
Keates John, Sst.
Thorpe Geo. Mst.
West Francis, Mkp.
Button Mould Turn.
Sharratt Wm. Dst.
Sharratt Charles, Fst.
Cabinet Makers.
Joinson Thomas, Sst.
Turnock Danl. Dst.
Chair mkrs. & Turners.
Booth Wm. Spout st.
Harrison Saml. Mst.
Wain Rd. Derby st.
Coal dealers.
Burrows Thos. Spt.
Gould Sampson, Wbf.
Woodhead Colliery Co.; John Clark, agent, Spn.
Johnson Wm. Spt.
Twigg Jno. Derby st.
Clog & Patten mkrs.
Goodwin Ralph, Mst.
Confectioners.
Nixon & Birch, Mst.
Smith John
Smith Joseph, Cst.
Coopers.
Deakin Saml. Dst.
Slater Thomas, Cst.
Corn Miller.
Getliffe Simon, Mst.
Curriers, &c.
Large Wm. Spout st.
Young Saml. & Wm. (& tanners) Spt.
Druggists.
Challinor Jesse, Mkp.
Johnson Thos. Dst.
Sutton George, Mkp.
Wardle Hugh, Cst.
Dyers.
Clowes John, (late) Mill street
Hammersley Wm. Bridge end
Eating Houses.
Birch Frances, Dst.
Gould Sarah, Spt.
Farmers.
Bagshaw Isc., Lowe
Birch Thomas, Lowe
Brough John, Brd.

Brassington Wm., Lowe
Dale Joseph, Lowe
Dale Richard Lowe
Hocknell Thos., Big Birchall
Johnson Rph., Lowe
Marsden Anty., Lowe
Millward John, Bgn.
Oulsnam Benjamin, Bridge end
RowleyWm.Sheep hs.
Smith Thos. Nibden
WestHy.Wall grange

Fire & Life Office Agents.

Atlas, John Heath cote, Derby st.
Manchester Guardian T. Johnson, Dst.
County, T. H. Hilliard, Stockwell st.
Nowich Union, Wm. Challinor, Dst.
Royal Exchange, Geo. Keates, Spout st.
Sun Life & Salop Fire, G. R. Killmister, Derby street

Gardeners, &c.

Leadbetter Jno.Thos. Wm. & Edward, Little Birchall
Nunns Wm. (nursery & seedsman) Mkp.
Twigg John, Spt.
Wallbank Job, Spt.

Glass Dealers.

Clee Wm. Cst.
RedfearnFrances, Spt.
Woollen Charles Spt.

Grocers & Tea dlrs.

Bull Geo. Derby st.
Bull Rd. Spout st.
ColgraveGeo.Hy.Dst.
Fisher John, Skt.
Hammersley Wm. Market place
Hine Wm. Mkp.
Hope & Bolshaw, Mkp
MountfordRalph, Cst.
Wittles Saml. Bower, Market place
Williams Ann & Wm. (& coffee roasters) Spout street
WoolliscroftGeo.Skt.

Gun Maker.

Jones Thos. Cst.

Hair Dressers.

Ball Saml. (register office) Cst.
Hassell Saml. Dst.
Mace Adam, Skt.
Mycock Josiah, Mst.
Pilkington Wm. Spt.

Hat manfrs.

Morley Ths. Spout st.
Wigley Hy. Spout st.

INNS & TAVERNS.

Angel, MarthaSutton, Market place
Ball Haye Tav. Wm. Davenport, Bgn.
Bird-in-hand, Benj. White, Mkp.
Black's Head, Joseph Chell, Custard st.
Black Swan, Wm. Allen, Sheep market
Blue Ball, Jonathan Plant, Mst.
Bull's Head, Thomas Hine, Spout st.
Butchers' Arms, Jno. Chappell, Dst.
CheshireCheese, Ths. West, (malt & hop dealer) Skt.
Cock, Wm. Glover, Market place
Cock, Saml. Lassetter, Derby st.
Cross Keys, George Critchlow, Cst.
Crown, Isaac Hammond, Cht.
Dog & Partridge, Jp. Perkin, Dst.
Dun Cow, Wm. Pipes, Ashbourn road
Duke of York, Jonathan Jackson, Dst.
Fountain, Sar. Kirkham, Fountain st.
George Inn, (empty)
Globe, VernonHulme Spont street
Golden Lion, Thos. Hulme, Church st.
Gate, Thomas Hidderley Brd.
Green Man, Joseph Jackson, Compton
King's Arms, Eli Plant, Mill st.
King's Head, John Walker, Mkp.
Nag's Head, Wm. Rider, Mill st.
Plough, Geo. Gould, Spout street
Queen's Head, Geo. Walker, (agent to Cheddleton brewery) Custard st.
Quiet Woman, John Maskery, Spt.
Red Lion Inn, & excise office, John Barlow, Mkp.
Roe Buck Inn, & posting house, John Lowndes, Derby st.
Royal Oak, Eliz. Dale, Buxton road
Swan Inn, Thos. Tatler, Spout st.
Talbot, Rd. Ratcliffe, Leek moor
Unicorn, Wm. Mellor, Spout street
Union Inn, Adam Hawksworth, Sst.
Wheat Sheaf, Thos. Burrows, Cst.
White Lion, John Hawkins, Bdg. end
Wilke's Head, Joseph Pickford, Spout st.
Wm.IV., Jno. Hulme, Church street

BEER HOUSES.

Barley Mow, Joseph Martin, Spt.
Blacksmiths' Arms, Chrpr. Walmsley, Mill street
Britannia, Jn. Clowes, Spont street
Crispin's Arms, Jph. Davenport Spt.
Dyer's Arms, George Thorp, Mst.
Earl Grey, Wm. Jackson, Ashbourn rd.
Green Dragon, Job Wallbank, Spt.
Hargreaves Jph. Spt.
Hare & Hounds, Isaac Johnson, Lst.

Heapy John, Kiln la.
Navigation Inn, Chas. Sheldon, Spn.
Nag's Head, Edward Murfin, Sst.
Pig & Whistle, Benj. Wilson, Brd.
Rising Sun, Hannah Goodwin, Kst.
Twisters' Arms, Geo. Prince, Bgn.
True Blue, Richard Smith, Mst.
Vine, John Phillips, King street
White Hart, John Gillman, Sst.
Weavers' Arms, Thos. Johnson, Lmr.

Ironmongers.

Fisher John, (bar iron merchr. nail mfr. & whitesmith) Skt.
Woolfe Benjamin, (& nail maker) Mkp.

Joiners.

See also Cabinet mkrs.

Davenport Jas. Mst.
Eyre John, Regent st.
Fernyhough Jas. Chn.
Hide Joseph, Sst.
Hide Ralph, Blu.
Hunt Saml. Regent st.
Nixon Wm. & James, Stockwell street
Weston Wm. Ard.

Linen & Wlln. Drprs.

Birch Thomas, Mkp.
Etches George, Skt.
Mellor Wm. & Thos. Custard street
Rogers George, Mkp.
Smith Charles, Cst.

Milliners, &c.

Ball Emma, Cst.
Brough Sarah, Mkp.
Machin J. & S. Kst.
Mellor M. A. Mst.
Morley & Dale, Bst.
Morley Mary A. Spt.
Robinson Hanh. Brd.
Scotton J. & S. Bst.
Shelley Mary, Kst.
Vickerstaff Ann & Eliz. Derby st.
Walker Ann, Spt.
Walker Mary, Dst.
Wardle Sarah, Spt.

Music Dealer.

Wheatley John, (organ bldr. &c.) Mkp

Nail makers.

(See Ironmongers.)

Deaville Wm. Dst.
Henshaw Wm. Mst.

Painters, Plumbers, and Glaziers.

Clee Wm. & Edm. Cst.
Gell Sampson, Sst.
Goodwin Joseph, Spt.
Holmes George, Spt.
Johnson Wm. Spt. & Stockwell st.
Osborne Wm. Brd.
Simon Charles, Dst.
Stafford Edward, Sst.

Pawnbroker.

Barlow Lewis, (& shoe warehouse) Cst.

Plasterers.

Crompton Wm. Kst.
Staniforth Wm. Chn.
Stonehewer Wm. Wst.

Printers.

Hilliard Wm. M. Cht.
Nall George, Skt.

Rag Merchants.

Deaville Wm. Dst.
Nall George, Skt.

Rope & Twine mkr.

Mountfort Ralph, Cst.

Saddlers.

Allen George, Mkp.
Street John, Dst.
White Benj. Mkp.

Shopkeepers.

See also Bakers.

Abbott James, Mkp.
Barlow James, Lmr.
Bermingham Henry, Leek moor
Bott Ralph, Mst.
Bradley Mary, Skt.
Brown Joseph, Dst.
Crompton Wm. Kst.
Davenport Jas. Mst.
Deaville Geo. Brd.
Gettliffe Eliz. Dst.
Gettliffe Simon, Mst.
Gillman John, Sst.
Goldstraw Elizabeth, Derby street
Gratton Wm. Bgn.
Hall Wm. Spout st.
Harrison James, Bgn.
Haynes Henry, Sst.
Henshaw Wm. Mst.
Hulme George, Dst.
Johnson Wm. Spt.
Jones Sarah, Mst.
Murfin George, Sst.
Robinson Wm. Spt.
Rogers Elizabeth, Spt.
Steers Thomas, Mkp.
Tharme Ann, Sst.
Walwyn Hanh. Dst.

SILK MFRS.

Barnes Jonathan, Sst.
Bowcock James, (ribbons) Kiln lane
Brough Joshua, Jas. & Co. Union st.
Brunt Jsh. & Co. Dst.
Carr Thos. & Co. Dst.
Colquhoun Daniel, Clerk's bank
Davenport Nathan, Mill street
Ellis, Russell, and Clowes, West st.
France Brothers, & Co. Leek moor; h. Stockwell street
Gaunt, Wardle, & Wamsley, New st. (& 111, Wood st. London)
Glendinning & Gaunt, Union street
Goodwin Saml. & Co. Black's head yard, (& Manchester)
Goostrey John, Portland street
Heywood Benj. Fanshaw, Spout street
Hudson John, Kst.
Milward Saml. Cht.; h. Park cottage
Morley Sampson, Spt.
Moss & Brunt, Black's head yard
Rushton Richd. Spn.
Thompson Geo. Leek moor; h. Dst.
Tomkinson Edward, Queen's square
Ward Anthony & Co. Albion Mill; h. Derby street
Wreford John, Lst.

Stone Masons.
Alcock Wm. Spn.
Heath Robert, Kst.
Ratliffe Richard, Leek moor
Sanders Thomas, Derby street

SILK TWISTERS, (*by commission.*)
Astles Jonah, Lst.
Broster Samuel, Mst.
Gibson Silas, Lst.
Haywood Jph. Obk.
Malkin Benj. Spt.
Ridgway James, Kst.
Swindells Samuel, (throwster,) Sst.
Worthington Wm. Overton bank

Straw Hat makers. See also Milliners.
Ball Susan, Kst.
Critchlow Ann, Cst.
Webberley Sarah, Sst.

Surgeons.
Chadwick Chas. Obk.
Cooper Richard, Dst.
Flint Chas. Compton
Robins James, Sst.

Tailors.
Armitt Hiram, Mst.
Ball Samuel, Brd.
Bradley Joseph, Spt.
Eaton Wm. Spt.
Fowel Thomas, Spt.
Hall Rupert, Spt.
Hudson James, Lmr.
Magson John, Ust.
Plant Wm. Cst.
Plant James, Mill st.
Scotton Henry, Spt.
Sheldon Thomas, Derby street
Smith Jas. Mill st.
Wooding Wm. Cpt.
Wood Wm. Derby st.

Tallow Chandlers.
Hammersley Wm. Market place
Tharme Ann, Sst.

Timber Merchants.
Brooks Wm. Brd.
Nixon Wm. & James, Stockwell street

Watch & Clock mkrs.
Ashton John, Skt.
Travis Wm. Mkp.

Wheelwrights.
Ball Ths. Bridge end
Fowler Samuel, Lmr.
Pimlett John Lomas, Leek moor
Pointon Thomas, Spooner's lane

Wine & Spirit mert.
Hayward Frances, Spout street

COACHES.

From the Red Lion.

Mail, to London, 1 aft. and to Manchester, 12 noon.

Defiance, to London, 11 night, and to Manchester, ½ past 12 noon.

From the Swan.

Magnet, to London, 11 night, and to Manchester, ½ p. 12 noon.

From the Roe Buck.

Express, to Birmingham & London, one noon, & to Manchester, ½ past 3 aft.

CARRIERS.

Sampson Gould, wharfinger, and agent to the fly-boats, &c., which sail twice or thrice a week to all parts of the kingdom, from the Canal Wharf, Spooner's lane.

Pickford and Co.'s Van, daily at ½ p. 12 night, to Ashbourn, Macclesfield, Manchester, London, &c., from Benj. Woolfe's, Market place. And *canal boats* to London, Liverpool, &c., every Tues. & Fri. from the Wharf.

CARRIERS FROM THE INNS,

who arrive in the morning and depart in the afternoon, on Wednesday, unless otherwise expressed.

*Marked * go from the Butchers' Arms, and † from the Black Swan.*

* Ashbourn, John Johnson.
† Burslem, John Wooton
* Butterton, Peter Harrison
Buxton, Cock, Thos. Brunt, Wed. & Sat. 5 evening
Congleton, Red Lion, Peter Johnson, Sat. 5 evening.
† Flash, Wm. Wood
Eaton, Black's Head, John Smith, Wed. and Sat.
Grindon, Cross Keys, James Stoddart
Hanley and Shelton, Black Swan, Eml. Forrister; Unicorn, Wm. Jeffery; and Butchers' Arms, Henry Brereton
† Harding's-booth, John Haynes, Wed. and Sat.
† Lane-end, Wm. Daniels, Wed. & Sat.
Longnor, (see Sheffield & Buxton)
Macclesfield, King's Head, R. & S. Malkin, and Butchers' Arms, Thos. Nixon
Newcastle, Bird-in-Hand, John Findlay; & Black Swan, Mr. Worral
* Sheffield & Bakewell, Isaac Gillman

VILLAGES IN LEEK PARISH.

For Population, &c. see page 697.

BRADNOP, 2 miles S.E. of Leek, is a hamlet and township, belonging to a number of land-owners; but Wm. Sneyd, Esq. is lord of the manor, and Wm. Challinor, Esq. of Leek, is impropriator of the great tithes. *Ashenhurst* is the pleasant seat of S. and W. Phillips, Esquires.

ENDON is a scattered but pleasant village, on the Burslem road, 4 miles S.W. by W. of Leek. It supports its poor jointly with *Longsdon* and *Stanley*, and, like them, is in the manor of Horton, of which G. C. Antrobus, Esq. of Eaton Hall, Cheshire, is lord. The three liberties, or hamlets, contain upwards of 5000 acres of land, belonging to a number of freeholders. Endon and Stanley form a chapelry, and the chapel stands at the former place, upon a lofty eminence.—The land has been exonerated from great tithes. The living is a curacy, in the gift of the Earl of Macclesfield, and incumbency of the Rev. Daniel Turner. The *School* and *Charities* are already noticed at pages 705 and 706.

HEATON is a hamlet and township in Rushton chapelry, 4¾ miles N.W. by N. of Leek. John Brocklehurst, Esq. of Macclesfield, is lord of the manor, and owner of most of the soil. Here is a small *cotton-mill*, on the river Dane, which separates this county from Cheshire. *Swithamly hall*, the ancient seat of the Traffords, has long been unoccupied.

LEEK-FRITH is an extensive township, between two branches of the river Churnet, comprising within its limits many scattered houses, and the hamlets of POOL-END, 1¼ mile N.W.; WHITE'S BRIDGE, where there is a large dye-house, half a mile N.W.; ABBEY-GREEN, half a mile N.; MEERBROOK, 3 miles N.; BLACKSHAW MOOR, 3 miles N.N.W.; and UPPER HULME, 4 miles N.N.W. of Leek. At Abbey Green are the remains of an ancient *abbey*, noticed at page 698, and a subscription *Bowling-green*. The abbey farm is the property of John Davenport, Esq. M.P. At the north end of the township are the moorland farms of *Gunside*, *Rocheside*, and *Haslewood*. MEERBROOK has a *Chapel of Ease*, which includes within its jurisdiction a great part of the township, and is dedicated to Saint Matthew. It was built about 280 years ago, by Sir Ralph Bagnall, and is a curacy, in the gift of the inhabitants and the vicar of Leek. The Rev. James Turner is the incumbent. The chapelry is exonerated from great tithes, and the Earl of Macclesfield is lord of the manor; but a large portion of the soil belongs John Brocklehurst and other freeholders. The *Free School* at Meerbrook, and the other charities belonging to Leek-Frith, are noticed at page 705. *Upper Hulme*, or *Overhulm*, which lies under the *Leek Rocks*, (see page 41,) has a silk-mill, and gave birth to *Richd. Caldwell*, an eminent physician, who died in 1585.

LONGSDON is a hamlet of scattered houses, 2 miles W.S.W. of Leek, including the lofty ridge called *Ladder-edge*. Wm. Sneyd and J. Davenport, Esqrs. are owners of most of the soil. (See Endon.)

ONECOTE is a scattered village, township, and chapelry, in the manor of Bradnop, 5 miles E. by S. of Leek, adjoining the *Mixon copper mine*, which has not been worked during the last ten years. The *Chapel* is a small stone edifice, in the patronage of the vicar of Leek. W. Sneyd and S. Jervis, Esqrs. and Sir T. A. C. Constable, own most of the soil.

RUDYARD, a small township of six farms, 2¼ miles N.W. of Leek, is called, in official documents, *Rudyard and Caudery*, but the origin and application of the latter term are unknown to the present inhabitants. The Earl of Macclesfield is owner of nearly all the land, and lord of the manor. Here is a reservoir upwards of two miles long, and covering 400 acres of land, cut for the purpose of feeding the Leek and Caldon canal.

RUSHTON-JAMES is a hamlet and township, 5 miles N.W. of Leek, in G. C. Antrobus, Esquire's, manor of Horton.

RUSHTON-SPENCER is a small village, on an eminence, near the Macclesfield road, 5 miles N.W. by N. of Leek, in the parochial chapelry of Rushton, which includes the three townships of Rushton-Spencer, Rushton-James, and Heaton. The small *Chapel*, dedicated to Saint Lawrence, is supposed to have been founded before Leek Church; and several hundred pounds have lately been expended in law, in a fruitless attempt to establish it as as a parish church, and thereby free the inhabitants from paying marriage and other surplice fees to the vicar of Leek, and from contributing to the reparation of the mother church in that town. They are free from tithes and Easter offerings, and claim the right of nominating their incumbent curate; but the vicar still exercises that privilege, and the office is now held by the Rev. George Mounsey, of Fairfield, in Derbyshire; for whom the Rev. James Turner officiates. The benefice is endowed with 60 acres of land, at Heaton. The Chapel is said to have been anciently called, "The Chapel in the Wilderness." Near it is *St. Helen's Well*, which pours forth a very copious stream; but sometimes it happens that it will become suddenly dry, after a constant discharge of water for eight or ten years; and on these occasions, the superstitious formerly presaged that some stupendous calamity of famine, war, or some other great national disaster, was soon to follow. The manor of Rushton Spencer is in five moieties; F. G. Johnson, Esq., J. Webb, Esq., the Harware family, and Mr. Thomas Yardley, each having one part; but in the other division, the landowners have purchased the manorial rights on their own estates.—At RUSHTON MARSH, a village on the turnpike, half a mile S.W. of the Chapel, are three public-houses, a Methodist Chapel; and a School, built by subscription, in 1772, and endowed with land worth £3 a year. The other charities are noticed at page 705.

STANLEY is a hamlet, on an eminence, 5 miles S.W. of Leek, forming a joint township with Endon and Longsdon. The soil belongs chiefly to the occupants.

TITTISWORTH township adjoins the north-eastern suburbs of Leek, & includes part of the modern village of BALLHAYE-GREEN, the rest of which is in Leek township; and the hamlet of THORNCLIFF, 2 miles N.E. of Leek. The houses at Ballhaye-green have been erected during the last nine or ten years, since the enclosure of the common there, chiefly by the members of building clubs. Toft Chorley, Esq. is the principal land-owner, and has a seat here called *Haregate*.

BRADNOP.

Brindley Jas. corn-miller, Ashenhurst
Cook John, vict. Red Lion, Lane end
Day Samuel, vict. Hare & Greyhounds
Lees Wm. miller and maltster, Gorse head
Meakin Joseph, schoolmaster
Phillips John, shoemaker
Phillips S. & W. Esqs. Ashenhurst
Turner Jas. blacksmith & br. h

FARMERS IN BRADNOP.

Beardmore Jno.
Bloore John
Booth George
Bridge Thomas
Chappell Thos.
Cook Wm.
Critchlow Jas.
Deaville Smith
Edge Benj.
Fearns Thomas
Hidderley Ruth
Hill Enoch
Lovatt James
Malkin Mary
Massey John
Mellor Wm.
Mould David
Plant James
Plant Wm.
Sant John
Sillitoe Wm.
Simcock Mary
Smith Hannah
Tatton James
Titterton Benj.
Titterton Geo.
Titterton John
Torr Adam
Torr James
Walwyn Peter
Wardle John
Warrington Jno
Wheeldon Jno.
Whiston Joshua

ENDON, LONGSDON, AND STANLEY.

Marked 1 *are at Longsdon*, 2 *Stanley, and the others in Endon.*

1 Alcock John, sen. & jun. brick makers
Baddeley James, shoemaker
Bennisson James, shoemaker
Brooks Thomas, joiner
2 Findler Wm. flint grinder
1 Godwin Thomas, earthenware manufacturer; h. Dunwood
Gratton Thomas, tailor
Hand Wm. tanner, Park lane
Hand Mrs. Catharine
Hassell Thomas, linen, tick, and sacking manufacturer
Heaton Chs. land agt. & surveyor
2 Kent James, beer house
2 Knight Jph. timber merchant and joiner
Middleton Mrs. Susanna
Plant James, shopkeeper
Salt John, schoolmaster
1 Stubbs Samuel, wheelwright
Turner Rev. Daniel, curate
1 Turner Samuel, blacksmith
Walker Thomas, blacksmith

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Black Horse, Thomas Bosson, (& butcher)
1 New Inn, James Goodwin
Plough, Thomas Lockett, (and lime burner)

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*

2 *Ball Richard
* Basnett Wm.
Bent Thomas
Billinge James
1 Brassington Charles
Critchlow Rph.
Critchlow Wm.
1 Crompton Ts.
Crompton John
1 * Curbishley Joseph
1 Edge Richard
1 Glover John
2 * Grindy Jas.
Harrison Wm.
Heath George
1 Knight John
2 *Leake Ralph
Mellor Obadiah
Oulsnam James
1 Read George
1 Rogers Geo.
Salt James
* Smith Thos. (& brick mkr.)
1 Stubbs Saml.
1 West Henry, Wall grange
White Samuel
1 Woolliscroft Ts. *Harracles*
* Yates James

HEATON.

Berresford John & James, cotton spinners, Dane bridge
Dale Daniel, blacksmith & br.hs.
Ratcliff John, vict. Black Horse

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*

Armitt John
Bailey Samuel
* Bateman Wm.
Bosson John
Bowyer Peter
Brown Wm.
Buxton Nathan
Clowes Thomas
* Cooper Jas. (& butcher)
* Davenport Js.
Fletcher Wm.
Goodfellow Jn.
Gould Wm.
Heapy Joshua
*Hope Thomas
Lockett John
Mellor Samuel
Moss Thomas
Moss Wm.
Nadin John
*Robinson Geo.
* Smith Joseph
Sudlow George
Turnock Adam
*Turnock Benj.
Waller Richard
Woolliscroft Jn

LEEK-FRITH.

Marked 1 *are at Meerbrook*, 2 *Middle Hulme*, 3 *Thorny Lee*, 4 *Upper Hulme*, 5 *at Westwood*, 6 *White's bridge*, 7 *Abbey green, and* 8 *Pool end.*

6 Ball Thomas, wheelwright
6 Hammersley Wm. silk dyer
8 Hulme James, wheelwright
1 Hulme Wm. day school
4 Kerrage Thomas Henry, silk throwster

INNS AND TAVERNS.

7 Bowling Green, Jph. Chappells
1 Fountain, John Abberley
1 Three Horse Shoes, Sl. Fisher
Three Horse Shoes, Charles Turner, Blackshaw moor

Blacksmiths.
1 Boyle Charles
8 Finney Saml.
Rider Thomas
Turner Charles

Shoemakers.
1 Bratt John
2 Brough John
4 Hand Abm.

Farmers.
* *are Yeomen.*
4 Ash Mary
2*Brough Wm.
5 Brown Thos.
4 * Brunt Wm.
BuxtonThomas
* Carter Wm.
*Clewlow John
* Clewlow Jph.
3 Eardley John
* Hassall Edw.
5 Hind James
7 Hulme Han.
3 Hind Joseph
Lockett John
* Lomas Wm.
3 Mitchell John
*MountfordTs.
Pimlett Robert
2 Pimlett Wm.
* Plant John
Rider Sarah
4RobinsonWm.
*RogersGeorge
RudgyardSarah
Taylor Thomas
* Taylor Thos.
Wood James
7 Woolliscroft Ralph

ONECOTE.

Allen James, blacksmith
Bagnall John, vict. Jervis' Arms
Critchlow Thomas, beer house

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*
* Baker Wm.
* Bassett Ts.
Billinge Ralph
* Booth Jph.
Caldon Geo.
* Chapman W.
* Cook Thos.
Critchlow Rd.
* Deaville John
Deaville Wm.
Edge Jph. Acre
Edge Robert
Grundy Richd.
Harrison Moses
* Harrison Ts.
Keeling David
Kirkham Jas.
Oulsnam Jph.
Rowley Saml.
Simcock John
* Smith John
Stubbs Francis
Withington Ts.
* Woolley Edw.
Woolley John

RUDYARD.—(*Farmers.*)

Bowyer Thos.
Brooks Wm.
Fletcher John
Myott Simon
Salt James
Turner Wm.

RUSHTON-JAMES.

Bosson Wm. vict. Fox
Buxton Ralph, beerhouse
Dale Abner, blacksmith
Gibson Charles, wheelwright
Gibson Thomas, rake maker
Goodwin John, stone mason
Hammond Jonth. vict. Crown
Pilsbury James, rake maker
Whitaker Ts. beer hs. & shopkr.

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*
* Baddely John
Bailey Thomas
* Bostock Wm.
Buxton T. & W.
* Clowes Thos.
Gibson Thos.
Knight Saml.
Machin Chas.
Machin John
Poole James
Shaw James

RUSHTON-SPENCER.

Marked 1 *are at Rushton marsh.*
Gibson Charles, beer house
Goodwin John, beer house
1 Graham Wm. schoolmaster
1 Heapy Thos. Florentine button manfr. & shopkeeper
1 Heapy Wm. corn miller
Mitchell Richard, nail maker
1 Rigby Joseph, blacksmith

INNS AND TAVERNS.

1 Golden Lion, Jas. Turnock
1 Robin Hood, Geo. Kent
1 Royal Oak, Jph. Hargreaves

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*
1 * Bailey Josh.
Billinge Geo.
* Lockett John
*Sumner Thos.
Tomkinson W.
1*Tunnicliff J. Vernon Hanh. and Sons
* Yardley Ts. Wall hill

TITTISWORTH.—(*Farmers.*)

Marked 1 *are at Thorncliff.*
(*Ballhaye green is included with Leek.*)
Ash Sarah
Bailey Isaac
Bratt John
1 Chadwick Rt.
Foster Isaac
1Hulme W. vict. Wellington.
Kirkham Jph.
Millward John
Plant Thomas
1 Redfern Wm.
Rowley Robt.

ALSTONFIELD, or *Alstonefield*, is a village of well-built houses, picturesquely seated on a western declivity above Dove dale, 10 miles E. of Leek, and 6 miles N. by W. of Ashbourn. It has a good inn, for the accommodation of tourists, who hither to view the wild and romantic scenery of this nei

hood, which equals in grandeur many of the most celebrated scenes in Derbyshire; from which county the extensive PARISH OF ALSTONFIELD is separated by the river Dove, from its source near Flash, southward to the vicinity of Ilam, a distance of nearly 15 miles. The Hamps and its tributary streams flow from the high moorlands and rocky hills, through the deep secluded valleys of this widely-spread parish; which contains only 4757 inhabitants, though it has about 23,651 acres of land, divided into nine townships, of which the following is an enumeration, showing the extent and population of each in 1831:—

TOWNSHIPS.	ACRES.	POP.	TOWNSHIPS.	ACRES.	POP.
Alstonfield	2995	649	Longnor	787	429
Elkstone (Lower)	539	100	Quarnford	3168	783
Elkstone (Upper)	1300	150	Warslow	1727	376
Fawfield-Head	5773	1017			
Heathy Lee	5487	689	Total	23,651	4757
Hollinsclough	1839	564			

Of these 23,651 acres of land, 3870 acres are in *waste*, viz. 800 in Alstonfield, 175 in Lower Elkstone, 420 in Fawfield-Head, 1087 in Heathy Lee, 57 in Hollinsclough, 800 in Quarnford, and 531 in Warslow; but an Act of Parliament is now in progress for the *enclosure* of all the commons and wastes in the parish, by which it is intended to allot, as a commutation of tithes, lands of the value of £400 a-year to the impropriator, and of £300 a-year to the vicar, except for the townships of Longnor and Upper Elkstone, where the waste lands were enclosed by the freeholders many years ago. *Warslow and Upper and Lower Elkstones* maintain their poor conjointly, but the other six townships keep them separately. There are in the parish four chapels of ease: at Longnor, (a market town,) Warslow, Upper Elkstone, and Flash, the latter of which is in Quarnford township. Sir George Crewe, Bart. is impropriator of the great tithes, patron of the vicarage, principal owner of the land, and *lord of the manor* of the whole parish, except Upper Elkstone, of which the Duke of Devonshire is lord, and the Beresford Hall estate, in Fawfield, of which Viscount Beresford is lord. The *vicarage* is valued in the King's books at £8. 13s. 4d., and is now enjoyed by the Rev. John Simpson, M.A. The parish CHURCH stands at the south end of the village of Alstonfield, and is a handsome Gothic structure, with a strong tower, adorned with pinnacles, and containing a clock and three bells. The large east window is partly blocked up, and over it is the date 1590; but the edifice appears to be of greater antiquity. In the village is a Methodist chapel, built in 1824, and a large Workhouse, established about 16 years ago, under the Incorporation Act, for the reception of paupers from 40 townships. The inmates are chiefly employed in breaking stone, and in sawing and polishing marble slabs from the quarries at Wetton. The hamlets in Alstonfield township and their

distances from the village, are as follow:—GATAM, 1 mile W.; HOPE, ¼ m. S.W.; MILLDALE, on the Dove, at the opening of two narrow, but deep and romantic glens, ¾ m. S.E.; STANSHOPE, on an eminence, 1 mile S.; and NARROWDALE, 1 mile N.W. The latter is remarkable for the high rocks, by which it is so closely enclosed, that the inhabitants never see the sun during the quarter when it is nearest the tropic of Capricorn; and during the rest of the year they do not see it till about one o'clock, which they call the *Narrowdale noon*. Indeed, the rocks in this neighbourhood, many of which are of a surprising height, sometimes towering above the clouds in wet weather, give an air of sublimity to the scene beyond description grand and awful; whilst the mountain streams afford excellent sport for the angler, especially the Dove, which is skirted by fertile pastures, and abounds with trout, grayling, and other fish.—*Alstonfield wake* is on the Sunday after St. Peter's day.

ALSTONFIELD BENEFACTIONS.—Hy. Jackson, in 1702, bequeathed to the poor of that part of the parish lying below Archford bridge, £100, which, in 1705, was laid out in 13A. 2R. 12P. of land, in Waterfall parish, called the Heald, and now let for £22 per annum, which is distributed in February. German Pole, in 1725, left the interest of £40 to the SCHOOL at Alstonfield, and of £20 to the poor. The schoolmaster also receives a yearly gift of £5 from Sir George Crewe, and the rent of 30 acres inclosed from the waste by the late Sir H. H. Crewe, for which he teaches 35 free scholars. John Port left an annuity of £2. 15s. for the poor; but it has not been paid since 1819. The sums of £160 left W. Ensor, and £10 by Rd. Bowman, are also lost.

Warslow Benefactions.—The SCHOOL was built by subscription, in 1788, and the master has two small annuities for teaching five free scholars; viz. 50s. left by Thomas Gould, in 1729, and 30s. by Thos. Grindon, in 1804. He teaches fifteen other free scholars, for the rent (£12. 15s.) of ten acres of land, enclosed from the waste about the year 1807, by Sir H. H. Crewe, with the consent of the other freeholders. In 1786, John Greensmith left 20s. yearly to poor widows, out of land near the town's end, now belonging to the Duke of Devonshire.

Longnor Benefactions.—The FREE SCHOOL was purchased by subscription, in 1799, previous to which it had been used as a Methodist meeting house. In 1793, John Robinson bequeathed £196, secured on the Longnor and Leek turnpike, and directed one half of the interest (£9. 16s.) to be paid to the Longnor schoolmaster, and the other to the poor of Longnor and Heathy Lee; but the road is so unprofitable, and so deeply in debt, that from 1801 to 1823, only 9 years' interest was received. In 1794, Moses Charlesworth gave the interest of £20 to the school, and of another £20 to poor widows, of Longnor. Mrs. Ann Collier, who died in December, 1833, left the interest of £50 for schooling poor children, and of £30 for clothing poor widows.

ELKSTONES (UPPER and LOWER) are two hamlets and townships, forming a chapelry, divided by a small brook, and distant from 5 to 6 miles N.W. of Alstonfield; the houses being mostly on the eastern side of *Mixon Hill*, a lofty ridge, in

which copper, lead, and rottenstone have been got, but the mine has not been worked during the last ten years. The Duke of Devonshire is lord of the manor of Upper Elkstone, and holds a court leet and baron. The copyholders pay small chief rents. The *Chapel*, a small edifice with a wooden belfrey, is a curacy, in the gift of the vicar of Alstonfield, and incumbency of the Rev. R. B. Pidcocke, who is also curate of Warslow.—The living is now worth about £100 a year, having been augmented by subscription, and Queen Anne's Bounty.

Fawfield-Head, or *Fairfield-Head*, the largest township in the parish, extends from 1 to 5 miles S. of Longnor, and contains a number of scattered houses in the vales of the Dove and Manyfold, and the following hamlets, viz. *Fawfield-Head*, 1 mile S.; *Hulme-Head*, 4 miles S.S.E.; *Reaps Moor*, 1¼ mile S.; *Newtown*, 1¼ mile S.W.; and *Wigginstall*, 2¼ miles S. of Longnor. Beresford Hall, an ancient mansion now partly in ruins, stands on the west bank of the Dove, about two miles above Alstonfield, and is celebrated as being the birth place of *Charles Cotton*, *the poet*, who in the latter part of his life became acquainted with the ingenious and excellent *Isaac Walton*, whom he called his father, and who was author of "the Complete Angler," and several other works of merit.—Cotton possessed an equal passion to this gentleman for angling; and that he and his friend might the more comfortably enjoy that sport, he erected, in 1674, a small but handsome *fishing-house*, in a shadowy peninsula of the river Dove, at a short distance from Beresford Hall; and this building is still standing, but in a neglected and ruinous state. The Beresford Hall estate is the property and gives title to Wm. Carr Beresford, *Viscount Beresford*, a General in the army, Governor of Jersey, Duke of Elvas in Portugal, and a Marshal in the Portuguese service. He is the natural son of George de la Poer Beresford, the first Marquis of Waterford and Baron Tyrone, in Ireland; whose family has possessed this manor from the time of the Conquest.

Heathy-Lee is another large moorland township, containing 5487 acres, and including the village of Hardings-Booth, 2 miles W. of Longnor, and the scattered districts of *Broncott*, *Morredge-top*, *Middle-hills*, *Longnor-mill*, *Downsdale*, and some others on the banks of the Manyfold.

Hollinsclough, 2 miles N.W. of Longnor, is a village and township, betwixt and near the sources of the rivers Dove and Manyfold.

Longnor is a small market-town and parochial chapelry, seated on an eminence, bounded on the east by the Dove, and on the west by the Manyfold, and distant 10 miles N.E. of Leek. The market, held every Tuesday, is well supplied with corn and provisions; and here are six annual fairs, held on the Tuesday before Feb. 13th, Easter-Tuesday, Whit-Tuesday, and

May 4th and 17th; besides a cheese-fair on Nov. 12th, but the latter is not numerously attended. The *Church* was rebuilt in 1780, and raised in height, so as to admit of galleries, in 1812. The living has had several augmentations, and is a curacy, in the gift of the vicar of Alstonfield. The Rev. Wm. Buckwell is the incumbent. In the church-yard is a stone, inscribed to the memory of *Wm. Billinge*, an old soldier, who was born in a corn-field near Fawfield-head, and died within 150 yards of the same spot, in 1791, aged 112 years! At or near this town, was born *Andrew Bromwich*, who was tried at the Stafford Assizes in 1679, and condemned to die merely for being a Catholic priest; but his judges afterwards relented, and the cruel sentence was not carried into effect.

QUARNFORD, the north-western township and chapelry of Alstonfield parish, includes the village of FLASH, seated on an eminence among the moorland hills, near the Buxton road, and the junction of the three counties of Stafford, Derby, and Chester, 7¼ miles N. by E. of Leek, and 5 miles S.W. of Buxton. The *Chapel* at Flash was built on half an acre of land, given by Sir Hy. Harpur, in 1744; and in 1833 a much smaller chapel was erected at Gradbatch, were there is a flax-mill, and a few scattered houses, at the south end of the township, 2 miles from Flash. The Rev. James Roberts is incumbent-curate of both chapels, and Sir Geo. Crewe, Bart. is the patron and lord of the manor; for which he holds a Court-Leet at Quarnford-farm, which gives name to the township. Pursuant to a bond, dated 1744, the inhabitants pay £10 yearly to the curate. The living is also endowed with land, at Brandnop, purchased with £400; and about seven years ago, it was augmented with £1200, by Queen Anne's Bounty and subscription. A *Free School* has just been established at Flash, for the education of 30 free scholars, at the expense of Sir G. Crewe, and Joseph Tunnicliff, Esq. of Macclesfield. *Mary Brunt*, of Calshaw, died in 1782, aged 104; and there is now a person in the chapelry in his hundredth year.

WARSLOW, or *Warnslow*, is a village, township, and chapelry, 4 miles S. of Longnor. Since 1811, its population has decreased from upwards of 550 to 376, owing to the cessation of the Ecton and other lead and copper mines in its vicinity.—The *Church*, or chapel of ease, was rebuilt in 1820, at the cost of £717. 14s. 7½d. raised by subscription, and an assessment, amounting to £170. Sir George Crewe, the lord of the manor, gave £150. The vicar of Alstonfield is patron of the curacy, and the Rev. R.B. Pidcocke, M.A. is the incumbent. The *wake* is on the second Sunday in August.

ALSTONFIELD.

Marked 1 *reside at Gatam*, 2 *Hope*, 3 *Load*, 4 *Milldale*, 5 *Narrow dale*, 6 *Paddock*, 7 *Stanshope* | 8 *West side, and the others in Alstonfield.*

5 Adams Mary

3 Adams Wm. corn miller

Austin James, blacksmith
Bagshaw Wm. sexton
Beardmore Ralph, grocer
Berrisford Samuel, blacksmith
Brindley Samuel, schoolmaster
Dewe Mrs. Mary
Hambleton Jas. grocer & draper
4 Hambleton Wm. mason
Hawley John, calico & check agt.
Hope Peter, shopkeeper
Jackson Sarah, vict. Red Lion
Lomas Richard, wheelwright
Maddison Robt. gov. Workhouse
4 Marsh Richard, corn miller
4 Mather Samuel, tailor
Mellor Mary, vict. George Inn
Mellor Samuel, cheese factor
8 Mellor Wm. corn miller
Needham Samuel, saddler
Pidcocke John, surgeon
Simpson Rev. John, M.A. vicar
Smith Wm. butcher
White George, auctioneer
Wood Mr. Jedediah
Wooddisse Ralph, joiner & buildr.
Wright Wm. tailor
Yates Geo. butcher and vict.

Farmers.
** are Yeomen.*

Adams John
5 Adams Mary
4 Austin Hmph.
3 Beardmore George
Berrisford Fras.
1 Berrisford Jno
2 Bestwick Jno.
Bestwick Thos.
8 Bonsall Rd.
5 Bousall Thos.
7 Buxton John
1 Cantrell Danl.
6 Elliott Wm.
Fearn James
* Gibbs James
Gibbs John
* Gibbs Wm.
Hall Richard
Hawley James
Hawley Wm.
7 Lees Benj.
Massey Bartw.
2 *Mellor Wm.
Milward Ann
* Phillips John
5 *Rudyard Tos.
Stones Samuel
7 White John
2 Wood Eliz.
2 Wood Thos.

Shoemakers.

1 Adams Wm.
4 Austin Aty.
Fearn Thomas
Hall Wm.
Hill Wm.
Johnson Thos.
Miller John
* Naden Jane
3 Needham Geo.
2 Salt James
2 Shenton Sml
1 Weston John
1 Weston Thos.
Yates John

ELKSTONE, (LOWER.)

Marked 1 *reside at April side,* 2 *Stoneyfold moor, and* 3 *Town head. Marked* * *are yeomen, and the rest farmers.*

2 Deaville Wm.
1 Edge Uriah
Frost Wm.
* Gibbs John
Gould John
Grindey James
1 Hand Thos.
Manifold Wm.

ELKSTONE, (UPR.) FARMERS.

Marked 1 *reside at Blake brook,* 3 *Burnt heath,* 7 *New close head,* 8 *New York; and* * *are yeomen.*

Bagshaw Isaac
Bestwick Thos.
Brassington R.
7 *Deaville Jno.
* Edge Joseph
* Frost Jph. (& vict. Cock)
Grindon Wm.
Kidd John
*Kidd Sampson
9 Kidd Wm.
8 * Lomas John
*Lomas Joseph
3 * Malbourn Sampson
Salt Ellen
* Salt George
Salt John
5 * Salt Samp.
5 *Salt Thomas
1 *Sutton Uriah
* Titterton Jas.
Wood Joseph
Wood Millicent

FAWFIELD HEAD.

Marked 2 *reside at Boosley,* 3 *Brown spit,* 4 *Fawfield head,* 6 *Fernyford,* 9 *Hawksyard,* 12 *Holly grove,* 13 *Hulme head,* 15 *Lubborn,* 16, *New town,* 17 *Reaps moor,* 24 *Wallbrook, and* 25 *Wigginstall.*

13 Austin Mark, tailor
17 Ball Jas. gov. Workhouse.
4 Billinge Isaac, mason
21 Needham Geo. overseer
17 Riley Jph. vict. Butchers' Arms
Shirley John, jun. corn miller, Marsh house

FARMERS.

Marked * *are yeomen.*

6 Bainbridge A.
12 Ball James
18 Ball John
13 Ball Joseph
6 Ball Peter
* Bassett Wm.
Endon house
Beresford Isc.
4 Bower Thos.
11 Brindley Ts.
Brindley Wm.
5 Brindley Wm
4 Dale Daniel
18 Edge Thos.
Edge Wm.
17 Fidler Milt.
4 Gibbs Ann, Beresford hall
4 Gibbs John
18 Gillman Isc.
Gillman John
7 Gillman Ths.
1 Gould Joseph
Gould Wm.
24 Green Rd.
2 Grindey Eliz.
Grindey John
17 Harrison Jn.
4 Heathcote Ja.
16 Hill John
14 Hill John
15 Johnson Sl.
3 Kidd Samuel
16 Kidd Wm.
Kirkham Jas.
2 Lomas John

17 Lomas John
17 Lomas Rd.
25 Manifold Ell.
Mellor Wm.
17 Millward Jph
4 Mitchell Chas.
4 Mitchell Chs.
16 Moss Isaac
* Naden Sl.
* Needham G. Hallhill
2 Needham Jph.
Needham Wm.
25 Prince Wm.
25 Riley John
13 * Salt Wm.
11 Shenton Frs.
9 * Shirley Ann
20 Shirley John
13 Shirley Jph.
18 Smith John
Thompson Isaac
4 Twemlow Ann
11 Ward Wm.
17 Wheeldon Matthew
17 Wheeldon Ralph
Wood John
18 Wood Saml.
11 Woolliscroft William

HEATH-LEE.

Marked 1 *reside at Backstone edge*, 4 *Barrow moor*, 5 *Boar's grove*, 6 *Bradshaw*, 8 *Coldshaw*, 9 *Downsdale*, 11 *Gibb torr*, 12 *Hardings-booth*, 13 *Hazlebarrow*, 14 *High ash*, 16 *Holecarr*, 21 *Oakenclough*, 22 *Pyeclough*, 23 *Strines*, 24 *Swains moor*, 27 *Water houses*, *and* 28 *at Morredge top.*

Charlesworth James, corn miller & auctioneer, Longnor mills and Heath house
12 Doughty Robt. blacksmith
19 Fletcher Saml. vict. Royal Cottage
12 Tunnicliff Jph. beer hs.
1 Weston Mary, shopkeeper
Yates Geo. vict. Upper Hulme

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeoman.*

5 Beard John
14 Billinge Isaac
7 * Billinge Jph.
Billinge Solmn.
Billinge Wm.
12 Bradshaw Jb.
16 Brunt John
28 Brunt Thos.
24 Durbarr Jno.
12 Fowler Thos.
21 Gould Jonah
23 Gould Josh.
Hand John
Hand Wm.
12 Haynes Jno. (& carrier)
9 Heaty Geo.
* Holme James
Johnson Wm.
11 Kirkham Ts.
Lowndes Wm.
6 Meller Parmenius
24 Mellor Wm.
27 * Oliver W.
Plant John
Rogers Simon
22 Sutton Wm.
13 Taylor Jph.
13 Taylor Ralph
8 Tunnicliff Ab.
4 Tunnicliff Jn.
25 Wain Isaac
28 Wilson Jas.

HOLLINSCLOUGH.

Marked 1 *reside at Bleak bank*, 2 *Bournbrook*, 4 *Clough head*, 5 *Colshaw*, 8 *Gambols*, 9 *Gollingate*, 10 *Hollinsclough*, 11 *Moor top*, 12 *Moscow*, *and* 18 *at Wilshaw.*

10 Bagshaw Thos. beer house
Bennett Ts. butcher, Wickenlow
8 Beswick Jas. hawker
Brocklehurst Wm. schoolmaster
Brunt Jph. butcher, Winterside
18 Mellor Jane, shopkeeper
4 Mellor Wm. shoemaker
10 Slack Wm. shoemaker
11 Tunnicliff John, gent.
4 Tunnicliff Jonas, hawker
18 Tunnicliff Joseph, gent.
1 Weston John, button manfr.
9 Wood Geo. shoemaker
10 Wood John & Joshua, tailors and shopkeepers
Wood Wm. silk, twist, and button manfr. Hill end
10 Wood Wm. weaver

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeoman.*

10 Bagshaw Isc.
8 Brocklehurst George
Brunt Zephania
19 Brunt Wm.
10 Brunt Wm.
5 Chappell Jas.
Clewes Thos.
4 * Coates Chp.
Dronfield Israel
Findlow John
Findlow Jph.
Grindey Wm.
10 * Harrison Ts.
10 Harrison W.
5 Lomas Geo.
6 Lomas James
5 Lomas Mary
Mellor Eliz.
8 Mellor John
13 Mellor Matt.
5 Mellor Philip
7 Mellor Sarah
Naden Ellen
12 Needham G.
5 Pickering M.
18 Slack Wm.
9 Wood Ezkl.
5 Wood Geo.

LONGNOR.

Post-Office, at Isaac Wain's. Letters are despatched to Leek by a horse post, Mond. Wed. & Fri. at 8 mng. & arrive at 8 evg.

Barker Joseph, weaver
Belfield Jph. baker, &c.
Beresford Jph. schoolmaster
Billinge Mattw. tailor, & Buxton
Buckwell Rev. Wm. incumbent
Charlesworth James, auctioneer
Dakin George, tailor
Flint Wm. Harding, surgeon
Gould James, grocer & draper
Gould Mrs. Mary

Greaves James, saddler
Harrison Thomas, tailor
Johnson Miss Ann
Johnson Ts. & Wm. corn millers
Knowles Geo. grocer & baker
Millward Mr. Booth
Needham Thos. auctioneer and shopkeeper
Oliver Rd. Newton, grocer and druggist
Oven James, hat manfr.
Redfern Mrs. Thomasin
Wain Isc. grocer & chandler
Wain Rd. and Wm. gents.
Wheeldon Mrs. Martha
Wood John, cooper

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Blue Bell, George Smith
Cheshire Cheese, Mos. Millward
Crewe & Harper's Arms, (and excise office,) Geo. Goodwin
Horse Shoe, Samuel Naden
Red Bull, Ann Barker
White Horse, John Butter

Blacksmiths.

Dale Lewis
Gillman Abel

Butchers.

Barker Wm.
Brindley Wm.
Cundey James
Millward Jph.
Millward Moses
Plant Jas. Nab end

Farmers.

* *are Yeomen.*

Barker Ann
Charlesworth Sarah
Critchlow Thos.
* Doughty Jph.
*Fernyhough J.
Gould Thomas
* Horobin Dan.
* Janance Jas.
Johnson Saml.
Millward John
Millward Rd.
Naden Thomas
* Titterton Edensor
Wain Joseph
Wain Mary

Joiners.

Bradbury Danl.
Millward Soln.
Mould John

Masons.

Redfern James
Redfern Jph.
Swinden Isaac
Swinden Rd.
Wilson Simon, Dunbrook

Shoemakers.

Bamford Abel
Bradbury Jph.
Doughty Abel
Harrison Geo.
Lomas Nicholas
Salt George

Wheelwrights.

Bradbury Thos.
Smith George

CARRIERS.

To *Leek*.—John Gillman, of Bakewell; John Haynes, of Hardings booth; and Geo. Wood, of Colshaw, every Wed. mng.

To *Sheffield*.—James Gregor of Longston, every Tue. 3 aft. and John Gillman, Friday nigh

QUARNFORD.

Marked 1 *are at the Flask, and at Gradbatch.*

1 Brocklehurst Geo. beer house
2 De Coin Danl. flax spinner
1 Oliver Joseph, joiner
1 Oliver Wm. Florentine butto manfr.
1 Roberts Rev. Jas. perpl. curat

INNS AND TAVERNS.

1 Chapel House, Abm. Steel
1 New Inn, William Wood
New Inn, Thos. Slack, Tollgat
1 Travellers' Rest, Mary Brunt

Farmers.

Kirkham Thos. Goldsitch
Lomas John, Quarnford
2 Moss Edwin
Smith Thomas, Birchinbooth

Shopkeepers.

1 Beswick Jph.
1 Brunt Wm.
1 Goodwin Sol
1 Oliver Rd.
Warrington Ja. Whickin wa

WARSLOW.

Belfield Eml. & Rd. shopkprs.
Finney Richd. corn miller
Fowler Wm. bsmith. & wheelwt.
Grindon Rd. vict. Crewe's Arms
Grindon Wm. grocer & draper
Hope Thos. vict. Red Lion
Hope Jas. John, & W. shoemkrs.
Kidd John, blacksmith
Kirkham James, shopkeeper
Lowe John, schoolmaster
Manclark Rd. Beatniffe, Esq. land agent, Warslow hall
Millward John, joiner
Phillips John, shopkeeper
Phillips John, gov. of Workhouse
Pidcocke Rev. Rd. Burton, M.A.
Robinson Thomas, shoemaker
Trueman Jas. shoemaker
Wood Ts. baker & vict. Greyhnd.

Farmers.

* *are Yeomen.*

Bagnall Eliz.
Bagnall Moses
Barker John
Bennett John
Bestwick Jas.
Bestwick Sarah
* Bonsall Thos.
Brindley Jas.
Critchlow Jno.
Edge Uriah
Finney Samuel
Gould Richard
Gould Thomas, Hoarstones
Grindon John

Hall Jno.Clough head
Hope George
Kidd Hannah
Mellor William
Mellor William
Shenton Fras.
* Sutton Geo.
Wain James
* Wain Richard
White Thomas
Wilshaw Sarah
* Yates Benj.

Postman & Carrier, Jno. Hope, to Ashbourn, Tue. Thu. and Sat. 6 mng.

ALVETON, now commonly called ALTON, is a large and well-built village, standing upon very uneven ground, on the south bank of the romantic vale of the Churnet, 4 miles E. of Cheadle, and 7 miles N. by W. of Uttoxeter. Its *parish* contains upwards of 7000 acres, and is divided into four townships, which keep their poor conjointly, and comprise 2401 inhabitants, of whom 1220 are in Alveton; 471 in Cotton; 250 in Denstone; and 450 in Farley township. The waste land was enclosed in 1824. Alveton *Church* is dedicated to St. Peter, and was erected in the 12th century, by Bertram de Verdon, who gave it to the monks of Croxden. In 1830, it was repewed, enlarged, and partly rebuilt, at the cost of about £1200; but the ancient tower still remains. The vicarage is valued in the King's books at £5. 16s. 5d. The Earl of Shrewsbury is the patron, and the Rev. J. P. Jones is the incumbent; but the great tithes of Alveton and Dunstone are in the impropriation of Wm. Saunders, Esq.; and those of Cotton and Farley, belong chiefly to John Bill, Esq. The *Independents* and *Primitive Methodists* have each a chapel here; the former built in 1807, and the latter in 1826. The chief ornament of Alveton, consists of the ruins of its ancient baronial CASTLE, which in the reign of Henry II., belonged to Bertram de Verdon, from whom it devolved, with other estates, to the Furnivals; afterwards to the Nevills; and from them to the Talbots, Earls of Shrewsbury, one of whom was created *Marquis of Alton* and *Duke of Shrewsbury*, but these titles became extinct on his death, in 1718. The present Right Hon. John Talbot, *Earl of Shrewsbury*, and Earl of Waterford and Wexford, in Ireland, succeeded to the honours and estates of his family, in 1827, and is, like his predecessors, a Roman Catholic. The ruins of the castle consist of two ivy-mantled towers, with fragments of the massive outer-walls, standing on a commanding eminence, defended on one side by a fosse, and on the others by precipitous and rocky declivities descending to the Churnet; the opposite banks of which river rise to an equal altitude; and a little beyond them is the magnificent mansion of ALTON TOWERS, in the township of Farley, begun by the late Earl of Shrewsbury, about thirty years ago, and now completing by the present Earl, on and near the site of an ancient farm-house. This enchanting seat is now the chief summer residence of the Earl. The mansion is an extensive pile of Gothic masonry, ornamented with numerous embattled towers and turrets. The entrance hall is

adorned with statues, and has a beautiful staircase leading to the various splendid apartments. At the north-east end is the *Catholic Chapel*, which was finished in 1833, under the architectural directions of the present Earl, in the florid Gothic style, 90 feet by 20, and 50 feet high, with an elegant tower. This chapel is much admired, and is dedicated to St. Peter, of whom there is a fine statue at the east end, placed in a niche between two turrets. The large sanctuary window contains figures of the four Evangelists, admirably executed in stained glass. Pitt says the late Earl was somewhat fanciful, and built, pulled down, and rebuilt several ornamental temples on his grounds; he also erected the observatory, a massive tower standing on an eminence which commands an extensive prospect. The demesne is approached by a neat stone bridge over the romantic vale of the Churnet, where there are beautiful gardens and pleasure grounds, laid out in the most tasteful style, and ornamented with a variety of emblematical figures, one of which represents Saturn seated under a rude canopy, near a temple, in which is a colossal bust of Wm. Pitt. The conservatory is large and of excellent workmanship; and when all the projected improvements are completed, Alton Towers will be one of the finest seats in England. Alveton is a CONSTABLEWICK, including the thirteen townships of Alveton, Sheet, Wootton, Kingsley, Ipstones, Farley, Cotton, Denstone, Rudyard, Caudery, Bradley, Stramshall, and Stanton, the inhabitants of which anciently performed the *castle-guard*, and now render suit and service to the Earl of Shrewsbury, who holds a court leet and baron, with view of frank pledge, in the old *Moot hall*, (used as the free school,) yearly in October, when head-boroughs and other officers are appointed for each division; but the Earl pays a yearly fee-farm rent of 20s. 0½d. for the whole manor, constablewick, or borough, to Earl Somers. The former lords of this constablewick had the power of executing criminals on *Gallows Hill*; and in the parish register, is an entry of 4d. for the rope used in hanging John Scott. A *Round-house* or lock-up for securing prisoners, has lately been erected by the Earl of Shrewsbury, whose other seats are at Heythorpe House, Oxfordshire, and Grafton Hall, Worcestershire. The parish *wake* is on the Sunday after St. Peter's day. On April 20th, 1805, the shock of an *earthquake* threw down several chimneys at Alveton; and during a *storm* on August 31st, 1810, hailstones lay three inches thick upon the ground, and some of them measured more than five inches in circumference.

CHARITIES.—Anthony Wall, in 1721, left 3 acres of land, called Holbrooks, for the benefit of the *free school* at Alveton. It is now let for £11 a-year, for which the master teaches eleven free scholars. Here is also a *Catholic school* supported by the Earl of Shrewsbury. The poor parishioners have the following yearly doles, viz., 26s. left by Thomas Key, out of his land, for the distribution of 6 penny

loaves every Sunday; 20s. left by Wm. Gent, out of two fields called Eaton Flatts; 10s. left by John Johnson, out of Gorsley Crofts; 10s. by Mary Shaw, out of Peakstones farm; 10s. by Mr. Brough, out of a farm at Quixill; and £5 for the poor of Alveton and Farley, from £300 three per cent. consols, purchased with the gifts of Rd. Harper and the Bill family. The rest of the dividends (£4 a-year,) belong to the curate of Cotton. The owner of the Cotton Hall estate, distributes 20s. yearly among the poor of Cotton, as the interest of some small benefactions given by Richard Harper and the Gilbert family. The poor of Alton have possessed two cottages near the church, since the year 1772.

COTTON is a long but narrow township of 2000 acres, including the hamlets of Upper and Lower Cotton, 7 miles W. of Ashbourn, and many scattered houses, extending from 2 to 4 miles N. of Alton, bounded on the east by the Weaver hills, and on the south by Oakamoor. There is a *copper mine*, at Ribden, and the foundations of a smelting furnace, at "*Blazing Star*;" but the former was discontinued in 1827, and the latter many years before. The extensive limekilns of Cauldon Lowe, are partly in this township. At Lower Cotton, is a *Chapel of Ease*, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, and built in 1795, by Thomas Gilbert, Esq., who endowed it with an annuity of £3; but the curacy has since been augmented by Queen Anne's Bounty and subscription, to about £50 a-year. The advowson is vested in the founder's family; and the Rev. Thomas Gilbert, of Cotton Hall, is the incumbent and patron.

DENSTONE, or *Denston*, is a hamlet and township on the canal, adjoining to Rocester parish, 5 miles N. of Uttoxeter, and 2½ miles E.S.E. of Alton.

FARLEY, on the north side of the river Churnet, is a township including Alton Towers, as already noticed, and the neat village of Farley, 4 miles E. of Cheadle. The fairs held here on May 2nd and October 12th, are now obsolete. Farley Hall is the handsome seat of John Bill, Esq.; and in the village, which occupies a pleasant eminence, is a good travellers' inn. The township adjoins *Oakamoor*, and includes a small part of that village, which is mostly in Cheadle parish.

ALTON OR ALVETON.

Beard Thomas, mason, quarry owner, & vict. White Hart
Burton Jph. beer house
Chadwick Robt. beer house
Cope Miss Elizabeth
Cope Mary, vict. Swan
Eddows Mrs. Jane
Farnhill John, quarry owner; h. Cheadle
Gerrard Joseph, corn miller
Hacket John, hair dresser
Hadfield Isaac, colour maker
Hartley Jonas, joiner
Hollis Wm. surgeon
James Mrs. Susanna
Johnson John, beer house
Kearns Thomas, plumber, glazier, & painter
Lees Mrs. Elizabeth
Lees John, vict. Red Lion
Padbury Mrs. Martha
Parkes Charles, cooper
Ratcliffe Mr. Wm. Shaw house
Robinson Jph. shopkeeper
Salt Jph. corn miller
Salt Saml. grocer & druggist
Shaw Hugh & Thos. nail mfrs.

Smith Chas. land surveyor
Smith John, maltster
Wilson Wm. glazier, painter, &c.
Wood John, vict. Bull's Head

Academies.
Lees Wm.
Ratcliff Misses
Waterall Jph. & Thos.
Wilson Godfrey

Blacksmiths.
Bowler Thos.
Byatt Charles
Edwards John
Harvey Thos.

Farmers.
* *are Yeomen.*
Alcock Wm. (& butcher,) Nabb
Ball Wm.
* Clarke John
Cope Thos.
Cotton William Maddock
* Draycott Pp. Sponn
Eaton Thos.
Eaton T. jun.
Gaunt Wm.
Heaton John
Johnson Js. jun.
Johnson Thos.
Lees Geo.
* Lees Ralph W.
Mear Joseph
Prince Gervase
Prince Richd.
Ratcliffe Wm.
Slater Jmh.
Sutton Wm.

Masons.
Bailey John
Bailey Peter
Barlow James
Beard Thomas
Bryan John
Taylor James

Shoemakers.
Burton Hugh
Colley John
Collis Thomas
Cope John
Crumpton Jno.
Powell John
Tundley Ralph
Tundley Saml.
Walker James
Wilson Godfrey
Wilson Saml.

Shopkeepers.
Bowler Chtte.
Collis Jph.
Green Samuel
Salt Samuel

Tailors.
Bott Geo.
Collis Geo.
Hainsworth Js.
Milward Fras.

Wheelwrights.
Byatt Thomas
Byatt T. jun.
Lovatt Jno.

CARRIERS.

James Edwards, Postman, to Cheadle, daily, at 11 mng.

James Blurton, to Uttoxeter, Wed. 9 mng.

COTTON.

Marked 1 *reside at Hayhead*, 2 *Houghton cross*, 3 *Lower Cotton*, 4 *Moorside*, 5 *Morredge*, 6 *Old Star*, 7 *Rue hill*, 8 *Shaw wall*, 9 *Upper Cotton, and* 10 *at Windy Arbour.*

9 Harvey and Warrington, lime burners
Harvey Thomas, wheelwright
Mellor Wm. shoemaker
6 Ratcliff Joseph, grocer
11 Shaw John, vict. Green Man
9 Spilsbury Ralph, shoemaker
6 Warrington John, vict. Old Star

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*

7 Alcock John
5 Alcock Wm.
Alsop Wm. (& brick maker)
3 Ball John
2 Botham John
* Ball James
4 Clay Richard
3 Crichlow Thomas
3 Harris James
8 Harrison Hy.
8 Harrison Rd.
8 Harvey Geo.
1 Howe Rd.
3 Kidd Sampson
9 Prince Chas.
3 * Prince John
5 Redfearn Mat. & Fras.
5 Ryley Elis.
5 Ryley Robt.
5 Slater Jmh.
4 Snow Saml.
9 Snow Wm.
5 Turner Wm.
9 Woolley Geo.

DENSTONE.

Marked 1 *reside at Denstone*, 2 *Holebrook*, 3 *Marlpits*, 4 *Micklin*, 5 *Mount Zion*, 6 *Smalley*, 7 *Stubb wood*, 8 *Windy arbour*, *and* 9 *at Woodhouse field.*

2 Burton Richard, sawyer
5 Cope Alex. wheelwright
1 Lawson Thomas, butcher
1 Lovatt Thos. wheelwright and vict. Royal Oak
7 Shaw Jph. nail maker
3 Smith George, wheelwright
7 Smith James, tailor
9 Whieldin John, shoemaker

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*

3 Alcock Wm.
2 Cope Samuel
7 Cope Sl. jun.
1 Fountain Ts.
2 Gaunt Saml.
9 Gerrard Ts.
Green Joseph
2 * Hickinbotham Geo.
2 * Johnson Gy.
8 * Johnson Js.
1 * Lowndes J.
1 Manifold Js.
Robotham Geo.
4 Salt Wm.
1 Shaw Edith
6 Slaney Robt.
2 Smith Elis.
1 Smith Geo.
7 * Taylor Rd.
2 Tortoisbell Ca.
1 Turner Thos.
7 Wood James

FARLEY.

Marked 1 *reside at Alton mills*, 2 *Alton towers*, 3 *Brook leys*, 4 *Coppice*, 5 *Cote*, 6 *Farley*, 7 *Hayhank cottage*, 8 *Limecrofts*, 9 *Lit-*

head, 10 *Lower ground*, 11 *Oakamoor*, 12 *Park house*, 13 *Ramshorn*, 14 *Ribden*, 15 *Star cottage*, *and* 16 *at Wood*.

Earl of Shrewsbury, Alton towers
Bill John, Esq. Farley hall
8 Bates Edward, gent.
6 Bick Wm. Esq. land agent
1 Brindley John, colour & paint manfr.
2 Brittain Wm. gamekeeper
2 Fradsley Thomas, clerk of the Workhouse
11 Hall Joseph, coal merchant
7 Harris Thomas, joiner
6 Holmes Jph. shopkeeper
6 Jones Rev. John Pike, vicar of Alton
6 Killer Rt. Wagstaffe, Esq.
11 Leigh John, Esq. lime burner
11 Mellor Samuel, beer house
2 Miller Robt. gardener
6 Mountney Wm. butcher
6 Orrell Richd. vict. Shrewsbury Arms Inn
2 Paris Mrs. Sophia, housekeeper
2 Parker Philip, butler
2 Rock Rev. Danl. D.D. chaplain
6 Weston Thos. vict. Talbot
2 William Hugh, coachman
2 Winter Geo. organist
1 Woodhead Colliery Company; Daniel Poyser, agent

FARMERS.

15 Briddon Jno.	15 Goldsworth John
9 Critchley Jno.	6 Heaton Thos.
13 Elks Chas.	10 Mellor Thos.
14 Elks John	12 Ratcliffe My.
14 Elks Joseph	9 Salt Francis
6 Finney Geo. (& blksmith.)	3 Salt Thomas
5 Finney Saml.	4 Shemilt John
11 Finney Wm.	16 Tomkinson Mrs.
6 Flint Joseph	

BLORE is a small village and parish, on an acclivity above Dove-dale, 3¼ miles N.W. of Ashbourn, including the hamlet of SWINSCOE, 1 mile to the south; and a part of the chapelry of Calton. It contains 2000 acres of land, and 354 inhabitants. Swinscoe, the largest division, contains about 1200 acres, belonging chiefly to the Rev. Brian Hodson and H. Oakover, Esq. At the enclosure in 1802, about 37 acres were allotted to the rectory, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. Wm. Bayliffe, and is in the patronage of Samuel Shore, Esq., of Norton, in Derbyshire, who is also owner of Blore Hall estate. The *Church* is a small building, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, and contains several decayed monuments of the ancient family of *Bassett*, formerly seated here. The parish has no charities, but can send a chorister to Oakover.

Marked 1 *reside at Blore*, 2 *Ellis hill*, 3 *Swinscoe*, 4 *Walterings*, *and* 5 *at Yew tree*. (*See also Calton*.)

1 Bayliffe Rev. Wm. rector
3 Howson & Lees, lime burners
3 Roberts John, shopkeeper
3 Smith John, vict. Golden Ram
3 Stubbs Anthy. joiner & shopkr.
3 Swetnam Walter, nail maker
3 Yates Rt. vict. Dog & Partridge

FARMERS.

3 Archer Wm.	3 Riley Charles
3 Bott Joseph	3 Rose Michl.
3 FelthouseSml.	3 Smith James
3 Ford John	1 Smith Thos.
2 Gallimore Ts.	3 Smith Thos.
3 Howson Wm.	5 * Smith Ts.
4 Lees Edw.	3 Stanner Wm.
1 Lees Wm.	3Swetnam Wltr.

BRADLEY-IN-THE-MOORS is a hamlet and small parish, 4 miles E.S.E. of Cheadle, containing only 75 inhabitants, and 650 acres of land. The Earl of Shrewsbury is the principal owner, lord of the manor, and patron of the *Church*,—a small

edifice, dedicated to All Saints. The benefice is a curacy enjoyed by the Rev. Edward Whieldon, and worth about £60 a-year, arising chiefly from augmentations made by subscription, and Queen Anne's Bounty. The principal inhabitants are Joseph Gent, Wm. Ginders, and John Smith, *yeomen*; Joseph Byatt, Thomas Charlesworth, John Tidswell, and John Wood, *farmers*; George Harvey, *parish clerk*; and Wm. Walker, *shopkeeper*.

BRAMSHALL is a small village, on the north bank of a little rivulet, 2 miles W. of Uttoxeter, comprising within its parish the hamlet of DAGDALE, on a declivity, half a mile north of the church; and 1100 acres of fertile land, with 170 inhabitants. Lord Willoughby-de-Broke is the principal landowner, lord of the manor, and patron of the *rectory*, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. John Sneyd, of Elford. The *Church*, a humble and ancient structure, stands on a lofty eminence, and will be rebuilt in 1834. It is endowed with a house and eight acres of land, called Smithe-lee, in Checkley parish, now let for £18 a-year. The poor have 10s. yearly out of Gilbert's parks, left by Dorothy Warner, in 1676. The south side of the village, called *Little Bramshall*, is in Uttoxeter parish. The *wake* is on the first Sunday in August.

Those marked 1 *reside at Bank top*, 2 *Bumble castle*, 3 *Dagdale*, 4 *Park, and the rest at Bramshall.*

Bottomer Wm. tailor
Broughton Rev. Brian Sneyd, curate
Foster Henry, beer house
Heath Thomas, blacksmith
Heath Thos. jun. shoemaker
Osborne Thomas, parish clerk
Perkin John, butcher & beer hs.
3 Ratcliffe Thomas, shopkeeper

Farmers and Graziers.

1 Allsop Wm.
2 Bond Thos.
Cope Thomas
3 Dawson Geo.
3 Holland Jane
4 Lattimer Wm.
Minors Rd.
Perkin Thos.
Richardson Frs
3 Rushton Wm.
Ward Thomas
Warner Wm.
3 Wetton Jph.

CALTON is a *parochial chapelry*, extending into four parishes, and containing 1400 acres of land, and 203 inhabitants, of whom 15 are in Croxden, 55 in Blore, 79 in Mayfield, and 81 in Waterfall parish. The whole chapelry maintains its *roads* conjointly; but the three divisions in the parishes of Mayfield, Blore, and Waterfall, form separate townships; and that division which is in Croxden maintains its poor with that parish, and is generally called *Dog-lane*. The village of Calton, on a declivity near the Leek road, 5 miles N.W. of Ashbourn, is mostly in Mayfield; and the *Chapel* stands in that parish, and is a small ancient fabric, dedicated to St. Mary. The benefice is a curacy, endowed with 60 acres of land. The inhabitants are the patrons, and the Rev. Richard Ward, M.A., is the incumbent. The soil belongs to a number of proprietors, many of whom reside on their own farms. In 1722, John Ashton, of Calton-green, bequeathed out of his estate the fol-

lowing *annuities*, viz. 10s. to the curate, and 10s. to the poor of Calton; 20s. to Sheen; £3 to the poor, and 20s. to the curate of Ipstones; and 20s. to the poor of Croxden.

Directory of Calton.— Those marked 1 *are in Blore*, 2 *in Mayfield*, 3 *in Waterfall, and* 4 *in Croxden parish.*

1 Hallowes John, beer house
1 Harris Mr. John
3 Harrison Saml. shoemaker
2 & 4 Mellor John, stone mason
4 Milward John, horse dealer
3 Oliver Wm. weaver
2 Smith John, beer house
1 Smith Matthew, shopkeeper
1 Taylor Richard shopkeeper
2 Ward Rev. Rd. M. A. curate
1 White Wm. plough maker, wheelwright, and blacksmith

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen, and* † *at Cauldon Grange.*

2 Alcock Prud.
3 Blore Joshua
3 * Blore Simon
3 * Broadhurst Charles
2 Collis Thos.
2 * Cross Ann
3 Flower Jph.
3 * HarrisonTs.
3 * Hodgkinson James
2 * LangfordTs. Broadhurst
4 Oakden Wm.
3 * LowndesJn.
4 Milward John
3 Percival Hnh.
2 Percival Tthy.
2 * Smith Thos. Intake
4 Robotham Jp.
3 Smith Thos.
3 † Wardle Ts.
3 † Warrington Robert
3 † Wint John
3 * Woolley Wm.

CAULDON, or CALDON, is a straggling village, on a declivity 7 miles N.E. of Cheadle, and 7 miles W. by N. of Ashbourn. Its parish contains 347 inhabitants, and 1500 acres of land, in a barren and dreary part of the Moorlands; but CAULDON LOWE, a lofty hill in this parish, is valuable for its extensive quarries of excellent LIMESTONE, of which immense quantities are sent by a railway, of three inclined planes, to the Caldon canal, at Froghall, and thence dispatched to various parts of the country for manuring the land, for building purposes, and for the use of the iron smelting furnaces, for which latter purpose it is peculiarly adapted. It is said that about a thousand tons are got weekly. The Uttoxeter Navigation Company are lessees of the quarries, and pay two-fifths of the rent to the Earl of Shrewsbury, one-fifth to Thomas Hart, Esq., one-fifth to the Rev. Thomas Gilbert, and the remaining one-fifth to Mrs. Wilmott, J. Bill, Esq., and Mr. Geo. Woolliscroft. WATERHOUSES, a scattered village 1 mile N.W. of Cauldon, on the banks of the Hamps river, is partly in Waterfall parish.— Cauldon Church is a small building, dedicated to St. Mary.— The living is a curacy, which has been augmented by subscription and four lots of Queen Anne's Bounty, but is still only worth about £55 per annum. It anciently belonged to Burton Abbey, but is now in the patronage of Mrs. Wilmott, who is impropriator of part of the tithes. The Rev. Rd. Ward, M.A. is the incumbent. The *wake* is on the nearest Sunday to August 20th.

Marked 1 *reside at Broomyshaw*, 2 *Hemmislowe*, 3 *Houghton cross*, 4 *Waterhouses, and the other in Cauldon.*

2 Alcock Wm. lime burner
Bould Samuel, shoemkr. & vict.
3 Bullock Ralph, vict. Crown
3 Critchlow Philip, beer house

4 Lovatt Ralph, beer house
Oakley George, corn miller
4 Percival Elizabeth, schoolrs.
4 Plant Wm. lime burner
Richardson Wm. mason & vict.
1 Rushton Saml. shoemaker & shopkeeper
4 Thompson John, schoolmaster
4 Wain Mattw. shoemkr. & b. h.
Woolliscroft George, grocer

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yromen.*

1 Alcock Wm.	Mellor Thomas
Alsop Wm.	Oakden Roger
Blore George	Roe Ths. Gilbt.
Collier John	Rushton John
* Deakin Thos.	Salt Sampson
4 * Hodson Jn.	* Wheldon Wm.

CAVERSWALL, vulgarly called *Careswell*, is a pleasant, but irregularly built village, near the source of the river Blithe, 3¼ miles W. by S. of Cheadle, and 7 miles E. by S. of Newcastle-under-Lyme; being only about a mile N. of the Uttoxeter road. Its *parish* is divided into the two *townships* of Caverswall and Weston-Coyney with Hulme, which support their poor conjointly, and contain 1207 inhabitants, 3833 acres of enclosed land, and about 200 acres of waste. T. H. Parker, Esq. is principal owner, and lord of the manor of Caverswall; and W. H. Coyney, Esq. of Weston-Coyney and Hulme. Caverswall has two annual *fairs* for horses, cattle, and swine, held on the second Tuesdays in April and October. The most remarkable object in the village is CAVERSWALL CASTLE, founded in the reign of Edward II. by Sir Wm. de Caverswall, who surrounded it by extensive ponds, and a deep moat, with a draw-bridge. The heads of the ponds had square turrets, as a further defence of the place. It was a large and strongly built fortress, but was suffered to go to decay early in the 17th century, when it was purchased by Matthew Cradock, Esq. who rebuilt it on a plan more suitable for a family residence, but preserved the outer wall and the moat, the latter of which is now crossed by a stone bridge. The present castle is an extensive mansion, with a high keep, and four towers at the angles of the main building. It was for some time the property of the Hon. Booth Grey, brother of the Earl of Stamford, who sold it to a Mr. Brett; but it is now a NUNNERY, being purchased, with 20 acres of land adjacent to it, by a small convent of Benedictine nuns, who fled from Ghent, in Flanders, during the Revolution, and settled at Preston, in Lancashire, where they remained upwards of sixteen years; but removed to Caverswall, in 1811, being then 16 in number, of whom only three are now living, though the present sisterhood amounts to 27, whose maintenance is chiefly derived from the education of young ladies, belonging to Roman Catholic parents. Caverswall CHURCH is a Gothic structure, near the castle; rebuilt about two centuries ago, by Matthew Cradock, and dedicated to St. Peter. It contains many monuments of the Parker family, one of which is in memory of the late Countess St. Vincent, who died in 1816. T. H. Parker, Esq. is impropriator of the corn-tithes, and patron of the vicarage, which is now enjoyed by the

Rev. Alex. Goode. The Methodists have a small chapel in the village. The *wake* is on the nearest Sunday to St. Peter's day.

CHARITIES.—With £130 bequeathed by John and Ralph Brown, in 1655 and 1669, about 14A. of land was purchased at Forsbrook, now let for £30 a year; of which £2. 10s. is paid to the minister for preaching sermons on St. John's day and Dec. 13th, and the remainder is divided among the poor parishioners on the same days. Gilford Hart left nearly an acre of land at Dilhorne, for the poor of Caverswall, and it is now let for 20s. They have also an annuity of 10s. out of Prior's Leys, in Milwich, left by Ralph Bayley. In 1832, the late Miss Parker bequeathed to the poor £200, now vested in four per cent. annuities. The National School was built by subscription, in 1824, on land given by T. H. Parker, Esq. Twenty of the scholars are taught free.

CELLAR HEAD, a hamlet 3 miles N. of Caverswall, is partly in Cheddleton parish, and has two annual *fairs*, for horses, cattle, and sheep, held on May 5th, and the Thursday after Nov. 1st. A few houses in the scattered hamlet of MEIR, near Lane-End, are in Caverswall township.

WESTON-COYNEY and HULME are two neighbouring hamlets, forming a township and manor, one mile W. of Caverswall, and including the hamlets of *Adderley Green* and *Wherrington;* the latter of which is on the Cheadle road, 4 miles E. of Hanley, and 1½ mile N. of Hulme, and has a small Methodist chapel. In the township are four gentlemen's seats, viz. *Weston-Coyney Hall*, occupied by Baddeley Child, Esq., but belonging to Walter Hill Coyney, Esq., now residing in France; *Park Hall*, the seat of Thomas Hawe Parker, Esq.; *Adderley House*, Richard Walklet, Esq.; and *Fox Earth*, the residence of the Rev. C. S. Hassels.

CAVERSWALL.

Marked 1 *are at Cookshill, and* 2 *at Meir.*

Abberley Thomas, shoemaker
Crompton Thomas, butcher
Goode Rev. Alexander, vicar
Jones Rev. Wm. catholic priest, Castle
1 Lees George, blacksmith
1 Rogers Philip, corn miller
Sargant John, draper & grocer
Shuttleworth Ann, lady abbess, Castle Nunnery
Simcock Charles, blacksmith
Walters Charles, cattle dealer
Whalley James, shoemaker
Woolley Joseph, parish clerk
Wright Joseph, wheelwright

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Green Man, George Heath
2 King's Arms, John Bloore
Red House, Wm. Bradbury, (& maltster)

Academies.

Foster Juliana, (bdg.)
Hamilton John
Philips Ann

Farmers.

Barlow Ann
Blurton Wltr.
Boulton Ralph
Brassington W.
Burgess John
1 Burgess Peter
1 Heath John
Hull John
Lockett Saml.
Shaw John
Sutton Jas. Waterloo
Walters Jph.
Wood Thomas
2 Wright Lewis
Wright Wm.

WESTON COYNEY & HULME.

Marked 1 *are at Adderley green,* 2 *at Hulme, &* 3 *at Wherrington.*

Bradbury Eliz. baker, Moor villa
Child Baddeley, Esq. Weston-Coyney hall
Child Rev. Smith, ditto
Daniel Geo. beer hs. Divydale
3 Finney John, corn miller and beer house

Hassels Rev. Chas. Stpn. Fox earth
Hawkins Thos. miller, Malt hs.
Martin Wm. beer house
Parker Thos. Hawe, Esq. Park hall
Slinn George, blacksmith
1 Stirrop and Pye, coal masters
2 Walker John, blacksmith
Walklet Rd. Esq. Adderley house
Warrilow John, joiner & beer hs.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Coyney Arms, Wm. Lakin
Hope & Anchor, Jervis Forrester, (& maltster) Cellar Head
3 Red Cow, Daniel Hassell

FARMERS.

1 Asbury Sarah
Beardmore Theophilus
2 Bentley John
Beresford Eliz.
Bloor John
Brassington Cs. (yeoman)
Brookes John
2 Charlesworth Charles
Cotterill Mary
2 Davies Jas.
1 Forrester Chs.
2 Heath Thos.
Knight Thos.
3 Lees Gabriel
Marson Wm.
2 Rolestone Jph.
2 Shaw Antny.
Smith James
2 Wain Geo.
Wild Mary
2 Wright Thos.

CHEADLE, 10 miles from Leek, Uttoxeter, and Stone, and 13 miles E. of Newcastle-under-Lyme, is a small but neat market town, seated in a pleasant vale, surrounded by lofty hills, most of which have been enclosed and cultivated since the year 1815, and the steril parts planted with firs and other trees. Among these hills are several valuable collieries, from which the inhabitants are supplied with coal as low as 3d. to 4½d. per cwt. The *parish* has increased its population, since the year 1801, from 2750 to 4119 souls, and contains about 6000 acres of land, divided into four *quarters*, for the reparation of the public roads, viz. Cheadle, Above-Park, Cheadle Grange, and Huntley. The soil belongs to a number of proprietors, the largest of whom are Sir John Buller, Bart., lord of the manors of Cheadle and the Park; and John Bill, Esq., lord of Cheadle Grange. The hamlets in the parish, and their distances from the town, are BROOK-HOUSES, on the river Tean, ¾ mile S.W.; CHEADLE MILL, ½ mile S.; ABOVE-PARK, 2 miles N. W.; CHEADLE GRANGE, 1½ mile E.; HUNTLEY, 1½ mile S.; and OAKAMOOR, on the river Churnet, 3 miles E. by N.; but a small part of the latter is in Kingsley parish. Messrs. Thos. Patten and Co. have extensive *brass and copper works* at Oakamoor and Brook-Houses; but their business at the latter place has been considerably reduced, and part of the buildings taken down. At Oakamoor they smelt ingots of copper and brass, and manufacture them into bars, sheets, rollers, wire, &c.—The copper ore was formerly supplied from the mines at Mixon and Ecton, in this county, but is now brought from Wales, Scotland, and other distant places; and the calamine from Derbyshire. For the accommodation of the increasing population at Oakamoor, a neat *chapel of ease* was erected in 1832, by subscription and a grant from the society for building new churches. Messrs. J. and N. Philips have a large tape manufactory, in Cheadle, which employs about 300 work people; and another at Tean, in the adjoining parish of Checkley.

The MARKET at Cheadle is held every Friday; and the FAIRS

on January 6, May 6, March 25, Holy Thursday, July 4, August 21, and October 18; chiefly for horned cattle and swine. The fairs are all well attended, except those in January and July. The *wake* is on the first Sunday after September 1st; and the *races* on the following Monday and Tuesday. The CHURCH, dedicated to St. Giles, is a venerable Gothic edifice, with a tower, six bells, and a large organ; the latter of which was given by John Watkins, Esq. in 1809. The living is a *rectory*, in the patronage of Trinity College, Cambridge; and the Rev. Delabere Pritchett, A.M. is the incumbent.

The Independents, Catholics, Wesleyans, and Kilhamite Methodists, have each a chapel in the town; the first was built in 1799, and enlarged in 1821.

The *Free School*, at Monkhouse, was endowed in 1685, by a Mr. Stubbs, with a yearly rent charge of £20, out of the Heath-house estate, in Cheddleton, for the schooling of 12 poor children of Cheadle and Kingsley parishes. The master has also the interest of £30 left by the late Andrew Newton, Esq., in 1798, and the use of a house rent free: About 700 children attend the chapel Sunday-schools.

Benefactions to the Poor.—In 1663, Simon Fowler left two annuities out of land at Risam Brook, viz. £5 for the poor, and £1 for two sermons to be preached by the rector. In 1726, Charles Beech bequeathed for the poor and impotent people of this parish, property which now consists of half an acre, in the Lower Town field, let for £3; three acres near Mobberley, let for £10; a field of 1¼ acre, at the foot of Monkhouse hill, let for £2. 10s.; and a piece of land called the Bowling green, which now forms the garden and site of the Workhouse, built in 1775. The poor have also the following yearly doles, viz. £4 from the Old Hill field, left by Thomas Heath; £10 out of a farm at Okamoor, left by Frances Grosvenor, in 1727; £6 from five acres in Fulford, left by Widow Savage; 31s. 6d. from the Millhouse farm, left by a Mr. Mills; and 20s. out of Birches close, left by Thomas Lowe. The Cheadle SAVINGS' BANK was established in 1819, and has now deposits amounting to upwards of £28,000, belonging to 731 individuals, 14 Charitable Societies, and 19 Friendly Societies. Gervase Marson is the actuary; and Messrs. Thomas Patten and Co. are the treasurers. The bank is open every Saturday, from twelve till one o'clock.

CHEADLE PARISH DIRECTORY.

POST OFFICE, at Samuel Keys, Market place. Letters from all parts are received at ¼ p. 12 noon, and depart at 9 night. A Post to Tean, Checkley, &c. at ¼ p. 12 noon.

In the following Directory, those marked 1 *reside at Brook houses*, 2 *Chapel st.*, 3 *Charles st.*, 4 *Cheadle grange*, 5 *Cheadle mill*, 6 *Church st.*, 7 *Cross street*, 8 *Daisy bank*, 9 *High st.*, 10 *Huntley*, 11 *Low st.*, 12 *Market place*, 13 *Market-st.*, 14 *Mobberley*, 15 *Monk house*, 16 *New st.*, 17 *Oakamoor*, 18 *Oakamoor road*, 19 *Teanford*, 20 *Tean st.*, 21 *Watt st.*, 22 *Well st.*, *and* 23 *at West end.*

Alcock Thos. gent. New street
Astley Mrs. Ann, Chapel street
Baddeley Wm. tallow chandler & game dlr. Market place
Ball Richd. govr. of Workhouse
Beech Rd. horse dlr. Market pl.
9 Bentley Thos. wool comber
Bradshaw Geo. gent. Chapel st.
Burton Wm. gent. Eaves
Cattlow Mrs. Jane, Daisy bank
9 Cattlow John, solicitor and coroner
23 Chawner Thos. parish clerk
2 Clark Rev. James, (Ind. Min.)
Clewley Thos. corn dlr. West end
District Bank (Branch of) High street; open every Friday
Dufort Peter, French teacher & tea & glass dlr. Market place
2 Fairfax Rev. Frns. Cath. priest
Finney Joseph, agent, Oakamoor
Goodwin Mr. John, Cheadle mill
Griffin Misses B. & E. Green hill
Harrison Mrs. Ann, Chapel street
Holmes Chas. & Jph. watch and clock makers, High street
14 Holmes John, colliery agent
13 Horn & Son, booksellers and printers, & agts. to the *Staff. Ad.*
23 Howlett Thomas, coal owner
Hubbard Mrs. Eliz. Chapel st.
Ingleby Jph. Esq. Wood bank
Keates Mr. John, Brook houses
15 Keates Rd. mason & bricklyr.
Keys Mrs. Ellen, West end
Labden Wm. gent. Abbott's hays
3 Loton Nathn. whitesmith and mfr. of gates, palisades, &c.
March Mrs. Eliz. Market street
Milner Edw. agt. Brook houses
Murray Capt. John Digby, Light Oaks
Nutt Wm. bookpr. Oakamoor rd.
Patten Thos. & Co. mfrs. of brass, brass and copper wire, sheet brass, patent copper rollers, bar copper, &c. Oakamoor and Brook houses
Philips John & Nathaniel, tape manufacturers, New street
Prince Mr. John, Charles street
Pritchett Rev. Delabere, A.M. rector, Church street
Rylands Mrs. Mary, New street
6 Shipley John, horse dealer
Silvester Jesse, gun and lock smith, Monk house
Smith Ths. jun. tanner, Croft la
Sneyd Captain Clement, R. N Huntley hall
Thompson Thos. Esq. Woodhead hall
Tompkinson Mr. Thos. Huntley
Whieldon Rev. Edw. rector of Burslem, Woodhouse
Wragge Geo. Esq. Oakamoor

COAL OWNERS.

Banks Robert, Huntley
Godwin Richard, Haxlewall
Hall Jph. (dlr.) Oakamoor wharf
Holmes Thos. Delph house
Leigh John, Esq. Woodhead
Litley and Harplow Co.; Thos. Howlett, actuary

FARMERS.

Allen Joseph, Huntley
Burton James, Oakamoor
Colclough John, Lightwood field
Fallows James, Broad hey
Fallows John, Booth hall
Finney Thomas, Cheadle park
Fowler Charles, Thornbury hall
Fowler Simon, Grange
Gell Thomas, Teanford
Hall Mrs. Above park
Harris Joseph, Parkford
Harris Wm. Millerson
Higgs John, Harwood
Johnson Stephen, Woodhouse
Massey John, Breedley
Smith Wm. Dairy house
Tipper Thomas, High shutt
Tipper Thomas, Grange
Titley Rupert, Park hall
Turner James, Birchin fields
Turner Wm. Greenhead
Weston John, Grange
Yates John, Hatchley

INNS AND TAVERNS.

17 Admiral Jarvis, Dd. Finney
16 Black Horse, Samuel Alcock
12 Bull's Head, Geo. Tipper
13 Cross Keys, John Fallows
14 Crown, Wm. Travis
9 Greyhound, Samuel Emmons
23 Jug and Glass, John Barnes
2 Low Bull's Head, Geo. Carr
16 Morland Battalion, Robert Hammersley
10 New Inn, Samuel Morris
13 Old Royal Oak, Geo. Lakin
23 Portobello, Wm. Wood
13 Red Lion, Wm. Smith
16 Rising Sun, John Millington

1 Roe Buck, Dorothy Whitehurst
13 Royal Oak Inn, (posting hs. and excise office,) Elizabeth & Isabella Munton
Swan, Geo. Keates, West end
6 Talbot, John Swinson
9 Unicorn Inn, Wm. Thorley
12 Wheat Sheaf Inn, Rd. Beech
5 White Horse, Ralph Alcock

Academies.
15 Brindley Jn. & Catherine
16 Ginders Sar.
16 Goodwin Geo.
2 Laseby John
18 Moss John
9 Steventon Wm. (bdg.)

Attorneys.
23 Blagg Jn. Ml.
12 Brandon & Cattlow
3 Brown Hugh
9 Griffin Rt.
2 Hubbard Ts.

Auctioneers.
11 Gimbert Jesse
2 Walters Ts.

Bakers, &c.
7 Chadwick Jn.
9 Hughes John
12 Jackson Jno.
13 Sherratt Wm.

Beer Houses.
1 Baker Stpn.
7 Barker Wm.
13 Barnes Ann
9 Barnes Mary
20 Bennett Lucy
5 Fallowes Geo
5 Farnell John
2 Hewett George
18 Hewett Thos.
3 Loton Nathn.
7 Sherratt Saml.
3 Tipper John
19 Tongue Ts.

Blacksmiths.
18 Berresford Benjamin
11 Gosling Wm.
Harris Thomas
23 Smith Rd.
20 Wilson John

Boot & Shoe makers.
2 Abberley John
16 Bullock Wm.
17 Burton Jas.
9 Burton Thos.
11 Coates Chas.
2 Everton Ths.
2 Hall John
23 Hammond Isc.
2 Hickenbottom Charles
9 Keates Phillip
16 Lovatt John
13 Oughton Rd.
19 Rushton Jn.
2 Salt David
9 Salt George
2 Salt George
3 Spooner Ths.
6 Thorley Edwin

Braziers, &c.
12 Broadhurst John
13 Salt Richard

Bricklayers.
5 Farnell John
18 Hewett Thos.

Brick makers.
Ball Richard, Eaves
Hubbard Geo.
Dandy Lyon

Butchers.
21 Alcock Chas.
2 Carr George
9 Cope Joseph
7 Fallows Ann
13 Fallows Jn.
18 Fernihough William
16 Rushton Sl.

Chair makers & turners.
9 Elliott Chas.
2 Summerfield Stpn. (&baskt.)

Coopers.
11 Dakin Thos.
9 Rushton Thos.

Corn millers.
Bayley Thomas, Adderley
5 Fallowes John
19 Hammersley & Malkin

Curriers, &c.
2 Harrisson Frs.
16 Smith Thos. (& tanner)
23 Young Wm.

Druggists.
9 Birch Lewis
12 Horden Fras.
13 Horn & Son
9 Turton Wm.

Fire Offices.
13 Norwich, G. Marson
23 Royal Exch. Jno. M. Blagg

Gardeners, &c.
23 Chawner Ts.
13 Plant Thos.

Grocers.
12 Bagnall Samp
23 Bennett Wm.
23 Burton Thos.
13 Johnson Mary & Son
9 Kent James
13 Lloyd Evan (& chandler)
9 Turner Wm.

Hair Dressers.
13 Barnes Ann
7 Clay Thomas
13 Finney Wm.
9 Wilkinson Wm

Iron Merchants.
20 Askey George
13 Marson Gerv.

Ironmongers & Nail makers.
12 Bagnall Samp
13 Johnson Mary & Son
13 Marson Gerv.

Joiners.
2 Goodwin John
16 Higgs John
11 Holmes John
2 Jinders Thos.
3 Tipper John

Linen & Woollen drapers.
12 Fenton John
9 Grimes Wm.
12 Keys Sl. & Wm
13 Laseby Sml.
13 Wiggin Wm.

Maltsters.
1 Barnes Wm.
23 Bennett Wm.
9 Brundrett Geo.
10 Hammersley & Malkin
12 Keys Samuel
14 Salt Thomas
16 Smith Thos.
16 Whilock Ths. sen. & jun.
23 Wood Wm.

Milliners, &c.
2 Barnes Maria
12 Duffort Mrs.
16 Higgs Maria
3 Manley Eliz.
7 Poyser F. & C.
3 Strain Mary
3 Tipper Eliz.
9 Turton Eliz.
3 Waugh Ann

Plumbers, Painters, &c.
9 Higgs Adam
16 Howlett John
16 Levett & Massey
13 Loton Geo.
7 Shufflebottom Richard
9 Weston Chas.

Rope makers.
13 Hill John
16 Holmes Jas.

Saddlers.
7 Barker Wm.
12 Kynnersley Thomas
13 Slaney Thos.
9 Tipper Edwd.
13 Tipper Loton

Shopkeepers.
2 Ball George
2 Bettany Geo.
17 Burton Wm.
16 Holmes & Tallis
5 Lichfield Stpn.
7 Malkin John
9 Pegg Joseph
2 Povey Thomas
16 Rushton Wm.

13 Sherratt Wm.
Straw Hat mkrs.
13 Eddowes Eln.
11 Massey Jpha.
7 Poyser F. & C.
3 Shenton Sarah
3 Strain Mary
3 Waugh Ann
Surgeons.
8 Bourne & Sutton
8 Bourne Wm. (visiting)
12 Chawner Ts.
Langley Wm., Rakeway
9 Webb Robt.

Tailors.
2 Arnett Ts. B. (& draper)
9 Holmes Chas.
23 Lownds Alx.
18 M'Kaine Wm.
2 Orpe John
2 Poultney John
Wheelwrights.
16 Hammersley Robert
16 Higgs John
1 Inskip Thos.
5 Mellor George
5 Ratcliff Thos.
11 Tipper Geo.

COACH.—The Express to Manchester, from the Royal Oak, & to Birmingham, from the Wheat Sheaf, daily at 2 afternoon.

CARRIERS FROM THE INNS.

Hanley and Shelton—Unicorn, Geo. Brereton, and from Cross Keys, Frns. Forester, Friday.

Lane End—Unicorn, Wm. Daniel, & Wheat Sheaf, Jno. Yates, Friday.

Leek—Ralph Alcock, Cheadle mill, Wednesday.

Newcastle—Wheat Sheaf, Jno. Finlay and Joseph Salt, Friday.

Potteries—John Carter, Mobberley, Mon. Tu. Thu. & Sat.

Stone—Thomas Slaney, (post,) Market street, at 9 evening, rtt. 12 noon, daily.

Tean—Old Royal Oak, John Bull, and Wheat Sheaf, John Carter, 3 or 4 days a week.

Uttoxeter—Rph. Alcock, Cheadle mill, Thursday, & John Carter, Mobberley, Wednesday.

CHECKLEY is a small village on the north side of the river Tean, 4¼ miles S.S.E. of Cheadle, and 5¼ miles N.W. by W. of Uttoxeter. Its parish has increased its population since the year 1801, from 1374 to 2247 souls, and contains 5836 acres of fertile land, lying in three divisions, called Tean, Madeley-Holme, and Foxt; which maintain their roads separately, and their poor conjointly. The common land (about 506A.) was enclosed before the year 1820. Checkley village is in the Tean division, which contains about 3000 acres, and 1656 inhabitants. The *Church*, dedicated to St. Mary and All Saints, is a large and ancient Gothic edifice, with a lofty tower and six bells. One of the chancel windows is entirely filled with painted glass, representing a great variety of figures and ornaments.—The organ was purchased by subscription, about seven years ago; and the church was repewed, and enlarged with galleries, in 1833, by a rate on the parishioners. In the chancel is an altar tomb, with recumbent effigies of Godfrey Foljambe and his lady. The living is a *rectory*, in the gift of Thos. Hutchinson, Esq.; and the Rev. S. Langley, M.A. is the incumbent. Three pyramidal stones, now or lately in the church-yard, are traditionally said to have been erected in memory of three bishops, who fell in a battle between the Saxons and Danes.—BEAMHURST, 3 miles N.W.; DEADMAN'S GREEN, (where there is an Independent chapel, built in 1821,) 4¼ miles N.W.; and FOLE, 4 miles N.W. of Uttoxeter, are hamlets in this parish, as also are the following. *Beamhurst Hall* is the seat of Henry Mountford, Esq.

FOXT is a detached portion of the parish, and has a village partly in Ipstones parish, nearly 4 miles N.N.E. of Cheadle.

HOLLINGTON is a village in the Madeley-Holme division, 5 miles N.W. of Uttoxeter, celebrated for its quarries of excellent white freestone, of which many churches have lately been erected in this county; and many thousand scythe-stones are made yearly. The stone may be got in blocks of 100 feet or upwards. The quarries belong to Sir John Gibbons and J. Philips, Esq., the former of whom is lord of the *manor of Madeley-Holme*.

TEAN is a large and pleasant division of Checkley parish, including the hamlet of LOWER TEAN, 3 miles S. by E., and the large village of UPPER TEAN, 2¼ miles S. of Cheadle, both lying on the north-east bank of the river Tean. The latter village is noted for the extensive *tape manufactory* of Messrs. John and Nathaniel Philips, who employ here about 600 men, women, and children; and at Cheadle about 300. This is one of the oldest and most extensive seats of the tape manufacture in the kingdom, being commenced in 1747, when an ancestor of the present proprietors brought over two Dutchmen, who were skilled in the manufacture; which has since been considerably improved by English artisans, and so facilitated by modern machinery, that as much tape is now produced by one hundred work people, as could formerly be produced by one thousand. The cotton yarn is brought chiefly from the mills in Lancashire; but it is bleached here, near the factory buildings, which have of late years been considerably enlarged. Three gentlemen of the Philips family have neat houses in the parish; and John Philips and Charles Bowyer, Esqrs. are owners of a great part of the soil in the Tean division. The Independents and Methodists have each a chapel at Upper Tean, built in 1821-2; and two *fairs* are held in the village, on Easter Tuesday and Nov. 10th. Here is a well, supposed to be efficacious as a remedy for sore eyes.

BENEFACTIONS.—The Poors' Land, purchased in 1706, with £105 bequeathed by Ann and Mary Barbor and others, consists of three closes, comprising 10 acres, let for £22. 8s. 9d. per ann. The poor have also a field of 4 acres called Stony Low, let for £9, and purchased in 1727, with £71 given by Matthew Wright and others; and 3 acres of land near Checkley Bank, in the parish of Leigh, left by Eliz. Whitehall, and now let for £11. 10s. They have likewise £7. 7s. yearly, paid out of the poor rates, as the interest of £147 arising from the sale of timber, &c. and applied in 1817 towards the purchase of the parish Workhouse. The yearly income arising from the above sources amounts to £50. 5s. 9d., which is distributed in the church on Midlent Sunday, among the poor parishioners not receiving parochial relief. JNO. PHILIPS, Esq. of Heath House, in 1810, gave to his nephews and executors a sufficient sum to purchase £3000 three per cent. consols, upon trust, to apply the dividends thereof towards "the relief and support of such poor and distressed weavers as had been, or should be, employed in the tape manufactories at Tean and Cheadle, then carried on by John and Nathaniel Philips and Co. and Thos. Philips and Co., or as should be carried on by his brother, Thos. Philips, and his nephews, or any of them." But in

case of an entire dissolution of the said copartnerships, he directed the yearly dividends to be applied for the relief of such poor persons of the parish of Checkley as his trustees should think fit. The same donor also left £300, now vested at five per cent., and directed the interest to be divided yearly among the poor of Over Tean. His widow, CATHARINE PHILIPS, of Tean Hall, left £1000 for the benefit of the poor of Over Tean. This legacy was vested in the purchase of £904. 6s. 3d. new four per cents. The dividends are distributed about Christmas, in money and clothing. Francis Philips, in 1648, bequeathed to the poor of Over and Nether Tean, an annuity of 15 charged on Tean Leys and Milwich fields. The poor of Nether Tean have 24s. yearly, as the rent of Spencer croft, left to them by a Mr. Spencer, many years ago; and those of Upper Tean have 6s. yearly, left by the late Wm. Turner. The large Lancasterian School, at Upper Tean, is supported chiefly by the Messrs. Philips; the children paying only 1d. each per week.

FOXT.—(FARMERS.)

Ball Thomas
Blower John
Clews Robert
Kirkham Thos.
Morris Thos.
Pegg Wm.
Wardle Jph.
Wheildon Jph.

MADELEY-HOLME.

Marked 1 *are at Beamhurst*, 2 *at Dale, and* 3 *at Hollington.*

3 Armishaw Geo. vict. Star
2 Blurton Wm. corn miller, &c.
3 Clay Joseph, shoemaker
1 Elliott Frs. & Timy. chair mkrs.
3 Mellor Bj. & John, wheelwrgts.
Mountford Hy. Esq. Beamhurst hall
Titley Jas. overseer, Park
1 Ward James, tailor
1 Woodward Thomas, vict. Cock

Beer Houses.

3 Mellor Benj.
1 Richardson Frs.
2 Richardson Wm.
3 Taylor John

Farmers.

* *are Yeomen.*

*Ball Wm.
2 Bradbury W.
3 Carr Wm.
3 *Cope Thos.
3 Lower H. jun.
3 Lower Jph.
3 Green Jph.
Hall Thomas, Hollywood
1 Harris Enoch
2 Hordern John
Huson John, Madeley
3 Morley Thos.
*Slater Sampsn.
*Slater Wm.
Titley James

Stone Quarry Owners.

3 Lower H. sen.
Mear Samuel, Broad moor
3 Taylor John

CHECKLEY & TEAN.

Marked 1 *are at Checkley*, 2 *Hall Green*, 3 *Lower Tean*, 4 *at Tean Lees, and the others at Upper Tean, or where specified.*

Birch Lewis, druggist
Charlewood Rev. Charles Benj. Oak hill
Fletcher Wm. maltster
1 Hall Wm. parish clerk
Higton Rev. Wm. curate
Hill Thomas, wheelwright
Horobin James, seedsman
1 Langley Rev. Samuel, rector
Philips John & Nathl. tape mnfrs. Tean hall
Philips John & John Burton, Esqrs. Heath House
Philips Rt. Esq. Heybridge
Philips Wm. gent. Tean bank
3 Prince Jno. joiner & cabt. mkr.
Ritchie John, surgeon
Sherratt John, baker
3 Slater Rt. & John, coopers
Travis Wm. bleacher, Teanford
1 Walters Wm. vet. surgeon
Wood John, poor rate collector
Wood Jph. tape mfr.; h. Tean hall
Wood Wm. joiner & builder
2 Wright Thos. gov. of Workhs

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Black's Head, Benj. Cope
Blacksmiths' Arms, Ann Beardmore
3 Dog & Partridge, Edw. Smith
3 Old Star, Joseph Fower
1 Red Lion, John Arnold
Roe Buck, (Old) Saml. Tipper, (& saddler)
Roe Buck, Jas. Yates, (& bricklayer)
Swan, John Carter
White Hart, Henry Hopkinson
1 White Horse, Wm. Beardmore

Beer Houses.
1 Cope Wm. (& butcher)
Fowler Ts. sen.
Pritchard John, (&cork cutter)
3 Reeves John
Wallis John
1 Ward Thos.
Blacksmiths.
Beardmore Hy.
Beardmore Jno.
1 Beardmore Wm.
Boot and Shoe makers.
Crossley Gilbert
Fowler Ts. jun.
Middleton Wm.
3 Wetton Jph.
Farmers.
3 Babb John
Beech John
Beech Jn. & Js.
4 Blore Benj.
Brandon Hanh.
Lovatt Thomas, Fole
3 Milner Jacob, (& miller)
4 Shenton Wm.
2 Tunnicliff W.
1 Walker Jph.
Ward Benj.
Ward Widow
Weston John
Weston Thomas (& leather dlr.)
Wood William, Deadman's gn.
Grocers & Dprs.
Bull Thomas
Hammersley William
Turner Samuel
Schools.
Crowther Benj.
3 Marshall Martha
Wood Sarah
Shopkeepers.
Brown Charles
Colclough Sml.
Faulkner Saml.
3 Reeves John
3 Smith Edw.
1 Tidswell Wm.
1 Ward Thos.
2 Whiston John
Tailors.
Faulkner Saml.
Johnson Thos.
Stretch Peter
Travis John

The Coaches and Carriers from Uttoxeter to Cheadle, Newcastle, &c. pass through Checkley and Tean.

A Post, from the White Hart, Upper Tean, to Cheadle, at 11 morning, daily.

John Bull, carrier, from Upper Tean to Cheadle, every Tu. Thu. and Sat.

CHEDDLETON is a small village, pleasantly seated on an eminence above the Caldon canal and the river Churnet, 3 miles S. of Leek; comprising within its parish 1664 inhabitants, and the three townships of Cheddleton, Basford, and Consall; the latter of which supports its poor separately, and the other two conjointly. The *Church* is an ancient Gothic structure, dedicated to St. Edward, and is a curacy in the patronage and incumbency of the Rev. Edward Powys. Near the church is a small Methodist chapel. Cheddleton township is the largest division of the parish, and contains 1167 inhabitants, and the long village of WHITLEY ROCKS, distant 5 miles S. of Leek, and celebrated for its huge rocks and quarries of red and white freestone, used chiefly for steps and curb stones. A Chapel of Ease is now building here by subscription, at the cost of about £1000; and Mrs. Sneyd, of Ashcombe, has endowed it with £1000, conditionally, that the patronage is to be in her family, and the Rev. Henry Sneyd the first incumbent. Here is also an Independent chapel; and in the township are four handsome stone mansions, with pleasant lawns and pleasure grounds, viz., *Ashcombe*, Wm. Sneyd, Esq.; *Woodlands*, Rev. Hy. Sneyd; *Whitley Abbey*, George Miles Mason, Esq.; and *Westwood Hall*, Thomas Powys, Esq. The common was enclosed in 1735. The *wake* is on the fourth Sunday after Sept. 30th.

BASFORD, 3¼ miles S. by E. of Leek, is a hamlet and manor, of which Wm. Sneyd, Esq., is lord. *Basford Hall* is the seat of the Rev. John Sneyd.

CONSALL or *Cunsall*, is a small village and township, 2¼ miles S.E. of Cheddleton, mostly belonging to John Leigh, Esq., who resides in the hall, and is lord of the manor. At

Consall Wood, the Caldon canal passes through a deep glen, in which are extensive limekilns, chiefly for agricultural purposes.

BENEFACTIONS.—Philip and John Hollins left £20 for the curate, and Mrs. Carrier £20 for the poor. These sums were vested in two rent-charges of 20s. each, on the Shafferlong estate. The curate receives £4, and the poor 24s. yearly, from the churchwardens of Leek, as the gifts of Mrs. Jolliffe. The poor have also the following yearly doles, viz., 16s. left by Ralph Sherrard; 10s. by William Nabbs; 20s. by John Bagnall; 20s. by William Sneyd; 5s. by Jas. Fenton; and £4 by John Fenton. The SCHOOL is endowed with the interest of £200, left by James Whitehall, in 1724, and a yearly rent-charge of £5, left by John Bagnall, in 1814, out of the Ringe Hay house estate. The master teaches 40 free scholars; but his salary is augmented by an annual subscription.

BASFORD.

Allen John, beer hs. Leck brook
Bower Alex. gent. Old Basford
Braddock Joshua, corn miller
Clowes Sl. timber & raff mercht.
Nixon John, magistrates' clerk
Sneyd Rev. John, Basford hall
Tatton Wm. vict. Sneyd's Arms
Turner Thomas, assist. overseer
Wardle Joshua, dyer, Leck brook
Whiston Joseph, shopkeeper

FARMERS.

Bailey Henry
Birtles John
Critchlow Rph.
Deakin Wm.
Fernihough Ts.
Hughes Wm.
Martin Ralph
Mycock John
Steel Richard
Williamson G.
Woolliscroft J.

CHEDDLETON.

Marked 1 *are at Whitley rocks*, 2 *Rownall*, 3 *at Shafferlong, and the rest at or near Cheddleton.* (*Post to Leek, Tue. Thu. & Sat.*)

Bainbridge Wm. schoolmaster
Brough Wm. tailor
Durber John, corn miller
Fox Frdk. nurseryman, Cliff ville
1 Hocknell John, tailor
Hossell John fellmonger & leather dresser
1 Lees Thomas, wheelwright
Mason Geo. Miles, Esq. Whitley
Powys Rev. Edw. inc. Lee house
Powys Thos. Esq. Westwood hall
1 Richards Rev. Jph. (Ind.) schoolr.
Smith Edw. ale & porter brewer
Sneyd Rev. Henry, Woodlands
Sneyd Wm. Esq. Ashcombe
Wilshaw George, joiner, &c.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

1 Arblaster's Arms, Wm. Goldstraw
Bell, Margaret Baddeley
Black Lion, Sampson Walker
1 Masons' Arms, Jas Goldstraw. (mason & quarry owner)
Navigation Inn, John Ollerenshaw, Basford bridge
1 Old Plough, James Birtles, (& cattle dealer)
Red Lion, Ann Mollatt
Spotted Cow, John Morris, Cellar head

Beer Houses.

Cook Joseph
1 Heathcote Jno.
1 Wood Benj.

Blacksmiths.

Cook Joseph
Spooner Wm.
1 Turner Danl.
Turner Richard

Butchers.

Belcher John
Goldstraw Wm.
1 Goldstraw W.
Sargant James
Warrington Js.

Farmers.

* *are Yeomen.*

* Allen Wm.
Barber Sampson
* Brassington Daniel
* Brooks John
Clarkson John
Corbitchley Jph
2 Critchlow Jas.
Dale John
* Ford Thomas
* Forrester Eml.
Forrester Jervis
Hall Charles
* Hambleton Jn.
2 Harrison Sol.
Heath George
Hill Thomas
Hordern Michl.
Hughes John
2 Knight Jas.
Mears George
Mellor George
* Muxon Wm.
1 Sargant Wm.
2 Shaw Ralph
Shenton John
3 Sherratt Hh.
3 Sherratt Wm.
3 Smith James
Stevenson Jph.
Wardle Joseph
Willshaw Thos.
Williamson Cs.
Worthington Ic.

Shoemakers.

Martin Robert
Morris John

1 WoodJohn
Shopkeepers.
Breeze Thomas
1 Chadwick Geo. (& cattle dlr.)
1 Heathcote J.
Hughes John

CONSALL.

Hill John, surveyor of roads
Leigh John, Esq. Consall hall

FARMERS.

Bradbury Ts.
Breese John
Burnett Wm.
Dale Joshua
Ditchfield Jno.
Fernihough Ts.
Finney Benj.
Plant James

CROXDEN, in a narrow but fertile valley, watered by the Peake rivulet, 5½ miles N. by W. of Uttoxeter, is a hamlet of scattered houses, remarkable only for the extensive and venerable ruins of its ABBEY, founded by Bertram de Verdon, in 1176, for monks of the Cistercian order, and valued at its dissolution, at £103. 6s. 7d. per annum. The principal entrance at the west end is yet entire, and consists of a magnificent Gothic arch of excellent workmanship; above which, the abbey wall rises to the height of 40 feet, overgrown with ivy. About 90 feet from this ruin, a large part of the wall which formed the east end of the building is still standing; and the foundations of the south transept, cloister, and chapter-house, may be distinctly traced. Many of the Verdon family were buried here, as also was the heart of *King John*, whose body is said to have been interred at Worcester, and his bowels at Croxton, in Leicestershire! Perhaps the most precious portion of this monarch's remains would be the hand that signed Magna Charta;—and Croxden may be welcome to the heart which reluctantly consented to the glorious deed. The parish *Church*, dedicated to St. Giles, is a small decayed building, with a wooden belfrey. The living is a *curacy*, which has been augmented with Queen Anne's Bounty. The Rev. Wm. Higton is the incumbent, and the Earl of Macclesfield the patron, principal owner, and lord of the manor. The *parish of Croxden* contains 272 inhabitants, and 2800 acres of land; and in the poors' assessment is usually called the township of GREAT YATE, from the village of that name, half a mile N.W. of the church. DOG LANE, a district of 800 acres, in Calton chapelry, (see p. 728,) is a detached member of Croxden parish, though distant 8 miles N. by E. of the church. WOOTTONS, on the Rocester road, 1 mile S.E. of Croxden, is another hamlet in this parish, in which there are also many scattered farm houses and cottages. Croxden school is endowed with £5 a-year, left by Lord Pierrepont.

*Marked * are at Great Yate.*
* Beardmore Jas. beer house
* Evans John, shopkeeper
* Goodall Jonth. shoolmaster
* Middleton Thos. shomaker, (& parish clerk)
* Stevenson George, weaver
Swetnam Thos. vict. Green Man
* Wright Peter, blacksmith
* Yendley Geo. joiner & wheelgt.

FARMERS.

Beardmore Sl.
Beardmore Ts.
Carrington Jno.
Draycott Pp.
Evans James
Fowler John
* Gent Francis
Gent Wm.
Harvey Thos.
Hinckley Nathl.

Kent John	* Robinson My.	* Stephenson	Wood Gervase
Mace Edward	* Saunders Geo.	Olive	Yendley Joseph
Robinson Jmh.		Wheildon Wm.	* Yendley Wm.

DILHORN, or *Dilhorne*, is a small but pleasant village, 2¼ miles W. by S. of Cheadle, comprising within its parish the two townships of Dilhorn and Forsbrook, which support their poor conjointly, and contain 1510 inhabitants, and 3555 acres of enclosed land, most of which belongs to Sir John Buller and E. Buller, H. Mountford, Thos. Swinnerton, S. Bamford, and J. H. Parker, Esqrs., the latter of whom is lord of the manor. Dilhorn Hall, the handsome seat of Edward Buller, Esq., M.P., stands near the centre of the village, in a romantic dell, and has lately been rebuilt in the ancient style, of brick and stone. About twenty years ago, it was the seat of the late Jno. Holiday, Esq., who considerably improved the estate, and planted on it 113,000 mixed timber trees, for which he obtained a gold medal from the Society of Arts. In the parish are several coal mines, the largest of which are on the estate of Samuel Bamford, Esq., who has a neat mansion here, called *Summer Hill*. The CHURCH is a large and ancient edifice, dedicated to All Saints; but the nave and aisles were rebuilt in 1819, at the cost of about £1000. The living is a vicarage, in the incumbency of the Rev. H. White, of Lichfield, for whom the Rev. Thos. Mc Dougal officiates. The Dean and Chapter of Lichfield are the patrons and appropriators; but the great tithes are leased to a Mr. Pitt, of Chester, who has let them to Mr. Z. Bradbury, of Callow-hill. The Methodists have a chapel at Godlybrook. Near the church, is the *Free Grammar School*, founded by one of the Earls of Huntingdon, in the reign of Henry VIII., and endowed with 48A. 16P. of land, at Dilhorn; 56A. 3R. 21P. at Caverswall; and 21 acres at Killamarsh, in Derbyshire. This property is now let for £261 per annum, for which the master and usher are required to teach English, writing, arithmetic, &c., to all the children of the parish. The Marquis of Hastings is the trustee. The poor have £8. 15s. yearly, arising from eight small benefactions.

BLYTHE-MARSH, a village in Forsbrook township, near the rive *Blithe*, 3½ miles S.W. of Cheadle, is inhabited chiefly by earthenware hawkers, and has a Methodist chapel, and a free school. The latter was founded by Wm. Amory, in 1728, and endowed with 7A. 2R. 10P. of land, called Pool-street meadows, and now let for £22 a-year, for which the master teaches all the poor children of Forsbrook, Blythe-marsh, Blythe-bridge, and Stonehouse; but his salary is augmented by the liberality of the Buller family.

FORSBROOK is a large village, 3 miles S.W. of Cheadle, and 4 miles E. by S. of Lane-end. It has several neat houses, occupied by farmers, publicans, and tradesmen; but many of its

inhabitants are fish-hawkers, who supply the Potteries and other neighbouring towns and villages.

DILHORN.

Marked 1 *are at Bank top*, 2 *Newclose field, and* 3 *at Whitehurst.*

Bamford and Co. coal masters, New Zealand
Bamford Sl. gent. Summer hill
Buller Edw. Esq. M.P. Dilhorn hall
Carnwell Jno. b. hs. Godly brook
Chell Rev. John
Chell Joseph, maltster
Gadsby Wm. usher, Grammar school
Jackson Saml. corn miller and shopkeeper
Loton Thomas, blacksmith
M'Dougal Rev. Thomas, curate
Mosley Rph. dpr. grocer & currier
Mountford Hy. Esq. coal master
Smith Rev. John, master of the Grammar school
Stirrop Thomas, coal owner
Thorley Mr. Wm.
Whitehurst Emanuel, beer hs.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Colliers' Arms, Jph. Phillips
Holly Bush, Joseph Loton
Royal Oak, Thomas Mosley

Butchers.

Eddowes Wm.
Edwards John
Harvey Adam
Loton Joseph
Mosley Thomas

Farmers.

2 Burton John
Grindy Wm.
Hammersley J.
Heath W., Heywood grange
3 Hill John
Mosley Rupert
1 Sale Wm.
1 Shufflebottom John
3 Shufflebottom Nathan
Thorley Thos. Stansbro' hall
2 Titley Rupert
3 Whitehurst R.

FORSBROOK.

Marked 1 *are at Blythe marsh, and* 2 *at Cash heath.*

1 Abberley Geo. schoolmaster
Abberley Ts. shoemkr. & shopkr.
Bridgett Ralph, stone mason
1 Broster Thos. corn miller
Bull Thomas, joiner
Buxton Margt. day school
Cash Wm. vet. surgeon
Colclough Samuel, fishmonger
2 Eddowes Mrs. Maria
Foden Edward, wheelwright
Gerrard Jph. grocer, draper, maltster, & shoemaker
Heath Jph. blacksmith
Inskip Daniel, wheelwright
1 Spilsbury John, shopkeeper & shoemaker
Wood Thos. beer hs. Boundary
Wright John, beer house

INNS AND TAVERNS.

1 Black Cock, Richard James
Bull's Head, Edw. Hammond
Butchers' Arms, Thomas Ash
1 Duke William, Saml. Beardmore, (& blacksmith)
New Inn, Ralph Whilock, (and maltster)
Roe Buck, George Barlow, (& butcher)
1 Travellers' Inn, Ts. Cashmore

FARMERS.

Bradbury Zach. (& land agt.) Callow hill
Bridgett Saml.
1 Gallimore Ts.
Harris Robert
Harris Samuel
Harvey John
Martin Samuel
Rushton Rupert
2 Smith Richard
Snape Thomas
Whilock Ralph, Kelson

DRAYCOTT-IN-THE-MOORS is a scattered village on the Newcastle and Uttoxeter road, near the river Blithe, 2¼ miles S.S.W. of Cheadle. Its parish contains only 539 inhabitants, though it has 3800 acres of land, all belonging to the Dowager Lady Stourton, the lady of the manor, and patron of the rectory, except 50 acres of glebe, and 5 acres, at Creswell, occupied by the owner. The rectory has long been enjoyed by the Rev. Robert Porter, M.A. The Church, dedicated to St. Margaret, stands on an eminence near the village. The nave and tower were rebuilt about a century ago, but the chancel is

very ancient, and has several monuments, with recumbent effigies of the Draycott family. The small hamlets of CRESWELL, half a mile S., and TOTMONSLOW, or *Totmanslow*, half a mile E. of Draycott, are both in this parish. The former has an old Catholic chapel, enlarged in 1816; and the latter is celebrated as giving name to the Hundred of Totmonslow, and had once a tumulus of some Saxon commander slain in the neighbourhood. The hundred court was anciently held at this now obscure hamlet; which was the residence of Joseph Rees, a shepherd, who lived to the age of 127 years, and "accounted for his extreme longevity, under God, to his never having taken tobacco or physic, nor drank between meals, alleviating his thirst by rolling pebbles in his mouth," &c. *(Mag. Brit.)* Hannah Barnes died at Draycott in 1777, aged 100 years.—The poor have 56s. 8d. yearly, left by the Rev. Wm. Draycott and Geo. Gallimore, in 1512 and 1669.

Marked 1 *are at Cresswell*, 2 *Newton*, 3 *Totmonslow*, *and the rest at Draycott.*

Cope Obadiah, tailor
1 Dunn Rev. John, Cath. priest
Horrobin Abm. blacksmith
Hulme Thomas, brick maker
James John, butcher
Johnson Joseph, gamekeeper
Leake George, cork cutter
3 Perry John, beer house
Porter Rev. Robt. M.A. rector
Tabernor Henry, butcher

INNS AND TAVERNS.

George and Dragon, Thos. Perry
1 "Isaac Walton," Samuel Gosling, (and miller)
Royal Oak, Esther Cope
Stourton's Arms, Wm. Rowan

Boot & Shoe makers.

Perry George
Ridge Charles
1 Ridge Thos.

Farmers.

Bagnall John
Bagnall Philip
1 Bagnall Thos.
Bond John
Bowers Wm.
3 Chadwick Wm
Cope Thomas
Cope Wm.
1 Fielding Geo.
Lovatt Joseph
2 Lymer Widow
2 Lymer Wm.
Meeking James
3 Robinson Sta.
Sanders Eliz.
Warrilow Jph.
Rookery
Woolridge Jno.

Schools.

Bromley Mary
Cope Mary
Perry Charles

Shopkeepers.

Gosling John
Perry Charles
Ridge Thomas
Woolridge Anthony

ELLASTON, or *Ellastone*, is a large but scattered village, extending over two opposite acclivities, on the Ashbourn and Uttoxeter road, seven miles N. of the latter town, and about half a mile W. of Dovedale. Its parish is a hilly but fertile district, abounding in limestone and gritstone, and containing 1344 inhabitants, and about 6000 acres of land, divided into six townships, which support their poor separately; viz.—*Ellaston*, containing 361; *Calwich*, 136; *Prestwood*, 77; *Ramshorn*, 130; *Stanton*, 371; and *Wootton*, 269 inhabitants. Ellaston Church is a handsome Gothic edifice, standing on an eminence near the village, and dedicated to St. Peter. The nave was rebuilt and enlarged in 1830, at the cost of £1,200, raised by subscription and a grant from the Incorporated Society.—The Rev. George Hake is the vicar; and Davies Davenport, Esq. is the patron, lord of the manor, and owner of most of the soil. Near the church is a National School, built by subscription in 1812. The poor have an annuity of £3, left by George Mollineux, out of land at Prestwood. The wake is on the Sunday after St. John's day.

small fabric, dedicated to All Saints; and near it a new *rectory house* was built in 1834, for the present incumbent, the Rev. — Bradshaw, who is also patron of the living, which has 32 acres of glebe. The *free school* was founded in 1724, by Humphrey Hall and the Rev. S. Norton, for the education of ten poor children. It is endowed with land and buildings worth £20 a-year. The poor of Grindon and Butterton have £15 yearly from land left by Ruth Stubbs, in 1693; and those of Grindon have 18s. yearly from £20 left by Thomas Titterton, in 1745.

GRINDON TOWN.

Allcock Robert, blacksmith
Burnett James, jun. grocer
Chadwick Lnce. vict. Bull's Head
Chadwick Thomas, shoemaker
Chadwick Thomas, butcher
Critchlow Mr. John
Critchlow Saml. butcher & b. h.
Derbyshire Thos & Wm. joiners
Prince John, shopkeeper
Turner Paul Prince, shoolmstr.

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yeomen, and † at Deep-dale.*

Adams Thos.
Birch Thomas
Burnett James
Chadwick Ann
*ChadwickSml.
DerbyshireGeo.
Fernyhough Jn.
Gould John
* Lownd Wm.
Mycock Ann
Mycock John
† Plant Hannah
Ravensdale Ts.
* Simpson Js.
Smith Thomas
†Titterton Wm.
Wolliscroft Ts.

GRINDON TOWNSHIP.

Marked 1 *reside at Bullclough,* 2 *Felthouse,* 3 *Ford,* 4 *Green head,* 5 *Hillsdale,* 6 *Martin's low,* 7 *Moorgate,* 8 *Onecote Hall,* 9 *Pen, and* 10 *at Twiss.*

3 Beardmore Wm. corn miller
3 Haynes Rev. Rt. A.M. curate
6 Mycock George, shoemaker
3 Richardson Zach. schoolmaster
9 Stoddard James, shopkeeper
5 Stubbs John, baker

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yeomen.*

1 Bate Edward
5 Bellfield Wm.
5BerrisfordWm
2 Birch James
6 Bould Josiah
8 * Burnett Ts.
4 Cantrell Jph.
10 Gould Isaac
4 Harrison Jn.
5 Prince Paul
3 Prince Pl.jun.
9 * Smith Eml.
7 Smith John
3 Smith Ralph
3 * WhillockTs.
3 Woolliscroft John

HORTON is a small village on an eminence, 3 miles W. by N. of Leek, comprising within its parish the two townships of Horton with Horton-Hay, and Blackwood-with-Crowborough, in which are 970 inhabitants. The *common* or *hay* was enclosed about the year 1815, and has a thin, black, and meagre soil, which requires much manure and cultivation. Lime is plentifully used both on the pasture and arable land. The *manor of Horton* includes the whole parish, and also Rushton-James, Bagnall, Endon, Longsdon, and Stanley. Gibbs Crawford Antrobus, Esq., is the lord, and holds a Court Leet on the Thursday before the *wake*, which is on the nearest Sunday to Old Michaelmas day. The *Church*, dedicated to St. Michael, is a curacy in the patronage of G. C. Antrobus, Esq., and incumbency of the Rev. G. G. Harvey, A.B. The tithes have been all redeemed by the land owners. In the 34th of Charles II., Timothy Edge bequeathed three annuities out of Horton Hall estate, viz., £14. 3s. 4d. for the curate, £5 for apprentice fees, and £5. 10s. for a weekly distribution of bread. As the

interest of £200 left by Thomas Joddrell, three annuities of 50s. each are paid out of the Blackwood-hill estate to the poor of Endon, Leek, and Horton. The poor of Horton have £4. 14s. 8d. yearly from other benefactions, and the curate has a house and garden, left by John Wedgwood, in 1756.

BLACKWOOD and CROWBOROUGH are two hamlets, forming one township, from 1 to 2 miles W. of Horton. The soil belongs to a number of freeholders.

HORTON.

Bostock Miss Frans. Barns lee
Carlisle Saml. vict. Crown
Harvey Rev. Geo.G., A.B. curate
Heath Wm. schoolmaster, Lee
Johnson John, gent.
Reade Jph. corn miller, Harracles
Turner Joseph, beer house

FARMERS.

Marked 1 *are in Horton Hay.*

Armitt Wm.
1 Bailey Richd.
1 Bosson John
Bosson Thomas
Bostock Geo.
Bostock James
1 Brassington T.
Corbitchley Js.
Deakin Wm.
1 Harvey John
Heath Samuel
Lockett Charles
Myott John
1 Myott Richd.
Reade George
Rodgers Hanh.
1 Sumner Jph.
Wood Wm.

BLACKWOOD & CROWBRO'.

Marked 1 *are at Blackwood*, 2 *Crowborough, and* 3 *at Gratton.*

1 Bailey John, corn miller
1 Bailey Job, stone mason
3 Beardmore Wm. blacksmith
3 Chadwick Jph. blacksmith
1 Clowes James, tailor
2 Clowes John, shoemaker
3 Harrison Thomas, nail maker
Pass Daniel, shoemaker
1 Pointon Wm. wheelwright
1 Shufflebottom Abel, mason

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*

2 Ainsworth Ic.
2 Booth Thos.
3 Charlesworth James
1 * Clowes Sl.
1 Cottrell Fs.
Cottrell Jonth.
1 Farrall Thos.
1 Goodwin Geo.
3 Harvey Rd.
1 Harvey Wm.
3 Heath Wm.
2 Hodgkinson J.
2 Houldcroft Hugh
2 Houldcroft Ts.
* Hulme Wm
2 Machin Jane
1 * Needham Jp
3 * Pool John
1 Proctor Wm
Sant George
2 * Sherratt W.
1 * Simcock Rph
Simister Thos.
1 Sims Thomas
2 * Stonier John
3 Wilshaw Jno
1 Wood George
1 Wright Wm.
3 Yardley Ush.
3 Yardley Wm

ILAM, nearly 5 miles N.W. by N. of Ashbourn, and 12 miles E.S.E. of Leek, is a small secluded village, picturesquely seated in the vale of the Manyfold, and within half a mile of its junction with the deepest, narrowest, and most romantic part of Dovedale. The parish of Ilam contains only 210 inhabitants, and 3000 acres of land, including the hamlets of RUSHLEY, 1 mile N.W.; and CASTERTON & THROWLEY, on opposite banks of the Manyfold, about half a mile from each other, and 1¼ mile N.W. of Ilam. *Casterton Hall* belongs to Francis Hurt, Esq., and *Throwley Hall* to Samuel Crompton, Esq.; but both are occupied by farmers, though the latter is a large ancient mansion, formely occupied by the Meverels, and afterwards by the family of Oliver Cromwell. Jesse Watts Russell, Esq., is lord of the manor, and resides at ILAM HALL, a large and elegant mansion, in the Tuscan and Gothic styles of architecture, with towers and turrets, erected on the site of the old hall, in 1821, by the present owner, who purchased the estate and the adjoin-

son of the church of the late John Port, Esq., father of the present vicar. The hall is delightfully situated on a gentle eminence, with two verdant terraces and a pleasant lawn in front, terminated by the churchyard. Behind the hall, on the south-west bank of the Manyfold, a flourishing wood of oak, elm, ash, &c., rises in the form of an amphitheatre; and above it is a cultivated acclivity, crowned by a coppice which may be seen at the distance of several miles. The river, after emerging from its subterraneous channel, a little above the east end of the pleasure grounds and plantations, falls in two natural cascades near the mansion; and about half a mile below, it mixes its waters with the Dove, near the defile leading into that deep and narrow part of Dovedale, which extends between the lofty hills of Bunster and Thorp-Cloud to Alstonfield, presenting, for a distance of three miles, rugged and precipitous cliffs, rising almost perpendicularly from the water's edge to an amazing altitude, broken into rude cones, pyramids, spires, caverns, and a thousand fantastic forms, and having the appearance of being rent asunder in some violent convulsion of nature. The diversified and magnificent scenery around Ilam Hall is already briefly described at pages 41 and 42, but it must be seen to be duly appreciated; and for the convenience of tourists who come here to view the wonders of nature, Mr. W. Waterfall has lately established the "*Izaac Walton Hotel*," at the junction of the vales of Manyfold and Dove, and near the hills of Bunster and Thorp Cloud. This hotel is large and commodious, commands an enchanting prospect, and has its name from an eminent angler who frequently visited his friend Cotton, the poet, at Beresford Hall, where the ruins of their fishing house may still be seen.—(Vide p. 718.) *Ilam Church* is a small but beautiful Gothic structure, rebuilt in 1618, and a large portion of the west end is thickly shrouded with ivy. It contains the tomb of *St. Bertram*, a pious and self-denying devotee, who is said to have confirmed the truth of his religious faith by many surprising miracles in this country, and whose "*well and ash*," in this neighbourhood, were formerly much venerated, "and taken great care of by the common people." An octagonal chapel, lighted with stained glass windows, has lately been added to the church, by J. W. Russell, Esq., who has deposited in it a beautiful white marble monument, in memory of his lady's father, the late David Pike Watts, Esq., who is represented on his death-bed in the act of taking leave of his daughter and her three children. The group of figures is admirably executed by that eminent sculptor, Chantry. Mr. Russell is patron of the vicarage, and has lately rebuilt the parsonage house. The Rev. Bernard Port is the incumbent. An annuity of £4, left by Lady Bellott, for the education of poor children of Ilam, is paid out of the Apedale and Podmore estates, in Audley parish. The *wake* is on the Sunday after Sept. 20th.

Five marked Vessels at Brass, 2 Coppers, 3 Dampots, 4 Basters, 5 Slice irons, 6 Stay'e saucer, 7 Fender, iron rail, 8 Woodrail, and Implements to Farm.

Lenaeck Henry, gardener
Marsh Thomas, shopkeeper
Mellor Joseph, parish clerk
Pidcock Wm. joiner
Port Rev. Bernard, vicar
Robotton Joseph, gamekeeper
Russell Jesse Watts, Esq., Hamnall
Waterfall Wm. vict. Izaac Waston Hotel, Dovedale
Webster Robert, blacksmith.

FARMERS.

2 Burresford Anthony	8 Lees Fras
7 Fowler Rd	3 Massey Mat.
7 Harris Thos.	5 Manifon Wm
1 Hickinbotham Martha	4 Oakden Jas
6 Phillips John	7 Phillips Jesse
3 Sutton David	8 Howson Edw.
	2 Taylor Fras

IPSTONES, on the Longnor and Cheadle road, 5¼ miles S.E. by S. of Leek, is a large village, with several good houses, on the declivity of a lofty eminence. It has several public-houses, and two annual FAIRS, for cattle, sheep, and swine, held on March 24th and the Thursday after Nov. 6th. Its parish is an elevated moorland district, which has been much improved by planting and high culture during the last twenty years. It contains about 7000 acres of land, belonging to Viscount St. Vincent, R. C. Hill, and T. Sneyd, Esqrs., and many other proprietors, and is divided into two townships, which maintain the support of the poor—viz., Ipstones and Morridge and Foxt; the former of which contains 922, and the latter 616 inhabitants. Ipstones cliffs are high and picturesque, especially, and the quarries of gritstone, at Black-bank, furnish immense quantities of excellent grindstones, which are sent to various parts of the kingdom from the wharf on the Caldon canal at *Froghall*, a hamlet 1¼ mile S. of Ipstones, but mostly in Kingsley parish. The Church is a neat edifice, on the west side of the village, rebuilt in 1790, and dedicated to St. Leonard. It being a curacy, in the patronage of the inhabitants, and the incumbency of the Rev. John Sneyd, of Basford Hall; the Rev. E. Spencer officiates. It is endowed with land worth a year, allotted at the enclosure in lieu of tithes. The Primitive Methodists have a small chapel here. The Free School was built by subscription in 1760, and endowed with 12 acres of land, let for £15 a year, for which and an annuity of £2 5s. left by Mary Richardson, in 1780, out of Bolton-house, the master teaches 20 poor children. The poor have £3 15s. a year from several small benefactions. *Belmont*, near the river Churnet, and about a mile W. of Ipstones, is the seat of Thomas Sneyd, Esq., surrounded by extensive woods of oak, ash, elm, and other trees, with a profusion of underwood, which is cut once in six years for the use of the crate makers in the Potteries. About thirty years ago, the late John Sneyd, Esq. received several gold medals and other honorary premiums for the encouragement he gave to the agriculture of this neighbourhood

CALWICH, one mile E. of Ellaston, and 3¼ from Ashbourn, on the western side of Dovedale, is a tithe-free township of 655 acres, including several scattered houses and the hamlet of *Northwood*. Court Granville, Esq. is the owner and lord of the manor, and resides at *Calwich Hall*, a handsome mansion, with a beautiful lawn and pleasure grounds. There was a convent of *Black Canons* here, founded about 1148, but no vestiges of it now remain.

PRESTWOOD township has a small village, 1 mile S.W. of Ellaston, and 450 acres, partly belonging to the Earl of Shrewsbury; but D. Davenport, Esq. is lord of the manor.

RAMSHORN township has several scattered houses, and a hamlet on a lofty eminence, 3 miles W.N.W. of Ellaston, including *Wootton Lodge*, the seat of J. R. B. Cave, Esq., romantically seated in the vale of Weaver. The Rev. R. Unwin is lord and owner of the manor, which includes Wootton Park.

STANTON is a village on a pleasant declivity, above the vale of the Tit-brook, 3¼ miles W. of Ashbourn, comprising within its township 2308A. 2R. 24P. of land; of which two-thirds belong to the Earl of Shrewsbury, and the remainder to Lord Scarsdale; and they are joint lords of the manor. Gilbert Sheldon, archbishop of Canterbury, was born here in 1598, and died in 1677. He was a distinguished divine, and bestowed upwards of £60,000 in public and private charities.

WOOTTON township has 1500 acres of land, and a small village, 1¼ mile N.W. of Ellaston, under the lofty limestone mountain, called *Weaver Hill*, (see page 39.) The inhabitants formerly described the wildness of this moorland district by the following distich, '*Wootton under Weaver, where God came never.*' Davies Davenport, Esq., is owner and lord of the manor.

ELLASTON.

Barnett Wm. tailor
Buxton Wm. and Cox Elizabeth, National school
Evans Wm. builder
Finney David, vict. White Hart
Hake Rev. Geo. M.A. vicar
Oakes George, blacksmith
Pratt John, mason & shopkeeper
Salt John, vict. Bromley's Arms
Salt John, tailor
Salt Saml. butcher & shopkeeper
Salt Thos. vict. Butchers' Arms
Udale Wm. tailor
Walker Mr. Samuel

Farmers.
Barnett Benj.
Barnett Thos.
Brown George
Collier John
Cox Wm.
Gallimore Wm.
Goodwin Saml.
Hall Wm.
Poyser Mary
Walker Chas.
Wood Thomas

Shoemakers.
Alexander Jno.
Finney Charles
Poyser Wm.
Udale Wm.

CALWICH.

Granville Court, Esq. *Hall*
Bowler Wm. and Smith Thomas, farmers
Gallimore John, farmer
Gerard Richard, corn miller
Smith Mrs. Ann, Northwood

PRESTWOOD.—FARMERS.

* *are Yeomen.*
Coates John
* Gerrard John
* Orke John
Salt Francis
Salt Thos. *Hall*
* Smith Bartw.
Smith John

RAMSHORN.

Brown Rupert, shopkeeper
Cave John Robert Brown, Esq. Wootton lodge
Collier Geo. vict. Unwin's Arms
Rushton John, shoemaker

FARMERS.

Barnett Chas.
Bull John
Buxton Joseph
Draycott Fras. (& lime burnr.)
Horobin Fras.
WalkerGeorge, Wootton park
Walwin Mattw.
Warrington Ts.

Smith Joseph, rake maker
Thompson Joseph, beer house

Farmers.

6 BagnallSamp.
Bott John
Burton Richard
Buxton John
Gerrard John
2 Harrison Sl
1 Holmes John
Jackson Joseph
Jenkinson Jas.
KeelingThomas
2 Phillips Rchd.
Smith David
5 Smith Joseph
1 Smith Wm.
Thompson Jph.
Warrington Js.

Masons and Quarry Owners

Frith Wm
Hardy Thomas
ThompsonJohn

Grundy Jas. ta
Salt Thos. vict
Walker James,
Walker Joseph
Walker Samue
Waterall Thos.

FAR

Birkett Thomas
Finney Ann
Finney Benj.
Finney Samuel
GallimoreThos
Heath Dthy.

GRATWICH, in the vale of the Blithe, of Uttoxeter, is a small village and parish, cor inhabitants, and 848A. 1R. 5P. of fertile land has 70 acres, and T. S. Kynnersley, Esq., 40 a mainder belongs to Earl Talbot, the lord of patron of the *rectory*, which is now enjoyed by Powell Browne, B. A. The *Church* was reb is a small brick edifice, dedicated to St. Mar on the Sunday after Sept. 19th. A new hous four years ago for the rector; and the other tants are John and Thomas Babb, John Gr and Ralph Waller, farmers; Thomas Barn Thomas Eltin, parish clerk; Mrs. Rachel G Pritchard, and Samuel Smith, beer house keep

GRINDON, 8 miles E. by S. of Leek, is

doles, viz. £10 as the rent of 4A. 3R. 21P. of land, called the Intakes, purchased with £110 left by Eliz. Parnell, in 1697; 20s. out of a house in Eastgate-street, Stafford, left by the Rev. Wm. Palmer, in 1638; and 20s. as the interest of £20 left by the Rev. Walter Bagot, in 1798. In 1630, Thomas Harvie left £160, with which 14A. 39P. of land, in the parish of Uttoxeter, called the Great Onlies, was purchased, and is now let for £38 a year, which, with the interest of £47, timber money, is distributed by the rector in woollen cloth and tammy, for coats and gowns; together with the two following annuities bequeathed for the same purpose, viz. £3 out of a farm belonging to the Brindleys, left by John Margerison, in 1641; and 30s. out of land at Cownslow Green, left by Edward Blurton, Esq. in 1729. A yearly rent charge of £10, left by Elizabeth Whitehall, for apprenticing poor boys, is paid out of the Wood Leasow farm. John Blurton, in 1741, left a yearly rent charge of £6. 4s. out of Eaton's farm, to provide two shillings worth of bread weekly, and 20s. worth of shoes yearly. In 1697, Wm. Moore left 12s. a year out of a farm at Withington, to be distributed in bread among the poor parishioners; who have also for the same purpose two other annuities, viz. 10s. left by Wm. Blood, in 1726, out of Berriley's farm; and 5s. left by Simon Blood, out of the blacksmith's shop and land at Lower Leigh.

LEIGH.

Those marked 1 *reside at Broadoak*, 2 *Dairy house*, 3 *Dodsley*, 4 *Fole*, 5 *Godstone*, 6 *Hayes house*, 7 *Church Leigh*, 8 *Lower Leigh*, 9 *Upper Leigh*, 10 *Middleton green*, 11 *Lower Nobutt*, 12 *Upper Nobutt*, 13 *Park hall*, 14 *Painley hill*, 15 *Withington*, 16 *Birchwood park*.

9 Alcock Mrs. Elizabeth
3 Arnold Wm. shopkeeper
12 Atkin Samuel, brewer
7 Beaven Rev. Jas. M.A. curate
7 Blurton Miss Mary
9 Brindley Thomas, gent.
8 Brown William, shopkeeper
15 Burton John, butcher
15 Carter Mrs. Elizabeth
15 Fowler Wm. bricklayer
15 Garland Charles, wheelwright
7 Gilbert John, schoolmaster, & land & tithe agent
15 Holmes Thos. saddler & b. hs.
9 Howe Thomas, maltster
9 Jenkinson Joseph, wheelwright
9 Lovatt Mr. Thomas
3 Myatt George, mole catcher
3 Myatt Wm. beer house
8 Startin Thomas, blacksmith
8 Turner Henry, butcher & vict. Butchers' Arms
7 Turner John, vict. Star
15 Woodward Mrs. Mary

Farmers.
* *are Yeomen.*

15 * Adams Ts.
9 Arnold John
9 * Arnold Rt.
3 Arnold Thos.
9 Arnold Wm.
14 Asbury Ths.
14 Atkins Wm.
3 * Bakewell Jn.
8 Banks Saml.
15 Barnes Thos.
9 * Bentley Jas.
7 Blurton Wm.
4 Brandrick Jas.
13 Brown Chas.
10 Brown Jph.
15 Byatt Wm.
12 * Campbell John Macthr.
15 Carter John
9 Collier John
10 * Collier W.
10 * Cope Mrs.
3 * Cope Simon
16 Cotterill Clement
8 Finney Jonth.
10 Greensmith Wm.
12 Harvey Thos.
14 Hasketh Jno.
11 Hawley John
11 HawleyThos.
11 Hawley Wm.
2 Hollins John
10 Hollins Thos.
15 * Hyde Rd.
5 Lander Thos.
9 Lovatt John
9 Lovatt Ts. jun.
10 Marson Jno.
10 * Marson W.
3 Moore Rd. (& seedsman)
6 Perkin Thos.
3 Phillips Rd.
3 Phillips Thos.
15 * Phillips W.
15 Slater Wm.
9 Smith Thos.
15 Tatton John
4 Tideswell Jno.
5 Till James
15 Turner Wm.
10 Ward Saml.
1 Wild Benj.
4 Wilson Geo.

Shoemakers.

7 Alcock John
12 Burton Rt.
15 Durose Edw.
8 Mountford Ts.

Tailors.

8 Adams Thos.
7 Gaunt Thos.
15 Perkin Wm.
15 Ratcliffe C.

the latter is a detached chapelry nearly eight mile
other part of the parish. The three neighbouri
Church, *Middle*, and *Upper Mayfield*, are pleasant
west bank of the Dove, about 2 miles S.W. of As
miles N.N.E. of Uttoxeter. The township of Ma
1s 15A. 1R. 35P. of highly cultivated land, and many
well-built houses. The Rev. Paul Belcher, of Ash
Rev. Ley Brooks, of Lichfield, are lords of the man
portion of the soil belongs to a number of othe
HANGING BRIDGE, an ancient stone structure
crosses the romantic vale of the Dove, about half
of the church, near *Daisy-bank* and *Wall-ash*.
tage is noted as the place where Thomas Moore
"The Woodpecker" and other poems. *Mayfie*
handsome modern mansion of Wm. Greaves, M.
it is *Hermitage*, the seat of Wm. Greaves, gent
mill, at Mayfield, has been unoccupied during
years; but that on the opposite side of the river, i
is still in full work. The CHURCH is a handsome
ture, with a strong and lofty square tower, and was
Rolleston, in 1616, as appears from an inscript
arched entrance at the west end. It is dedicate
the Baptist, and is a vicarage, valued in the Ki
£6. 6s. 8d. The Rev. Paul Belcher is impro
Lower-side, and John Bill, Esq., of the Upper-s
rish. The former also enjoys the vicarage, whic
with 34 acres of glebe, and is in the patronage of
The *benefactions* to the poor of Mayfield are £1

Morredge and Foxt township forms the east end of the parish, including the small village of BOTHAM-HOUSE, on the Leek and Ashbourn road, 2 miles N.E. of Ipstones, and the hamlet of FOXT, 1 mile S.E. of Ipstones, and partly in Checkley parish. Morredge is a corruption of Moor-edge, and has many scattered farm-houses.

IPSTONES.

Those marked 1 *reside Above church*, 2 *Clough head*, 3 *Frog-hall*, 4 *Ipstones booth*, 5 *Edge*, 6 *Green*, *and* 7 *Lady meadows*.

Austin Levi, tailor
Beard Zach. silk throwster
3 Birch John, corn miller
Brundrett Wm. blacksmith
Eaton John, tailor and draper
Green John, mason and quarry owner, Black bank
Jackson Reuben, shoemaker
Johnson John, blacksmith
Malkin Adam, wheelwright
Ratcliffe Ralph, joiner
Scarratt Mrs. Rebecca
Shatwell Saml. hat manufacturer
Sneyd Thomas, Esq. Belmont
Spencer Rev. Edw. M.A. curate
Worrell John Taylor, schoolmr.

INNS AND TAVERNS.

Marquis of Granby, Wm. Tomson
Red Lion, Charles Weston, (and coal and lime dealer)
5 Red Lion, Robert Alsop
Sneyd's Arms, Wm. Beard, (and wheelwright)

Beer Houses.

Blower John
3 Fernihough Josiah
Brassington Ts.
2 Chawner John
Fletcher Thos.
1 Clowes James
Johnson Ann
* Clowes Richd.
Johnson Joseph (& saddler
Fernihough Jas.
* Fernihough John

Butchers.

Lownds Joseph
Hall John
6 Lownds Wm.
Massey Thomas
Morris Joseph
*Oulsnam John
Sargeant John
Oulsnam Thos.
Shemilt Thomas
1 Prince Charles
Prince John

Farmers.

** are Yeomen.*

Scarratt Richd.
2* Ball Richard
* Scarratt Wm.
Bennison Saml.
Sillitoe George
7* Birch James
6*Slack Joseph
7 * Vickerstaff Wm.
7 Wardle John
Wardle John
Webster Ralph
Williamson Geo
1 * Williamson John
4 * Wright Jph.

Shopkeepers.

Boswell Eliz.
Cope John
Johnson Ann
Richards Jph. (& druggist)
Sherwin Wm.
Wardle Tamer

MORREDGE & FOXT.

Marked 1 *reside at Black brook*, 2 *Blakelow*, 3 *Botham lane*, 4 *Botham house*, 5 *Foxt*, 6 *Green hills*, 7 *Parkhead*, 8 *Winkhill bank*, 9 *Birkemstich*, *and* 10 *at Lane end*.

4 Beard Henry, wheelwright, shopkeeper, and beer house
4 Beard Thomas, blacksmith
5 Birch Rupert, shoemaker
4 Bostock John, vict. Green Man
5 Burton John, vict. & maltster, Fox and Goose
10 Hunt Wm. br. hs. & shopkpr.
10 Johnson John, blacksmith
7 Lees Joseph, corn miller

FARMERS.

Marked * *are Yeomen.*

6*Alsop Joseph
Massey Bartw.
9 Bentley Benj.
Morris Wm.
8 * Berresford Benjamin
*(Poyser John
9*Redfern Fras.
Berresford Jas.
6*Sherwin John
Morredge
3* Smith James
1 * Biddle Jph.
7 * Snow James
3 Blower James
7 * Snow Thos.
Cantrell Ralph
Stubbs John
4 Chadwick Ts.
Tatton Samuel
*Clowes Joseph
2 Tomson Hanh.
7 Clowes Thos.
1 * Vickerstaff John
Cope James
Harrison Thos.
Wardle John
8 Hodgkinson John
*Wheeldon Jph.
1*Wheeldon Ts.
2 Kent James
6 Wood Joseph
9 Kirkham Wm.

KINGSLEY is an irregularly built village, on an eminence 2¼ miles N. of Cheadle, comprehending within its parish

united townships of Kingsley and Whiston, the former having 867, and the latter 549 inhabitants; and containing together about 4000 acres of land, which has been much improved by inclosures and plantations, and has a few small collieries. The soil belongs to a number of proprietors, the largest of whom is James Beech, Esq., who has a handsome modern seat here, called *The Shaw*, and is patron of the *rectory*, which is valued in the King's books at £16. 15s., and now enjoyed by the Rev. John Wood, of Swanwick. The *Church*, dedicated to St. Peter, was rebuilt, except the tower, in 1821, at the cost of £2,250, raised by a parochial rate, and a grant of £100 from the commissioners for building new churches. The *free school* was rebuilt in 1818, and is endowed with £53. 12s. per annum, arising from land, at Foxt and Cheadle, bequeathed by John Stubbs, in 1703; from £577. 10s. four per cent. stock, purchased with money obtained by the sale of timber on the said land; and from an annuity of 36s. left by Dorothy Brindley, in 1692. For this income the master and mistress teach 120 children, on the Madras system; and Mrs. Beech pays for the education of about 40 others. The poor have £17. 14s. yearly from the *benefactions* of Randal Reeves, Mr. Whitehall, and four other donors. The *wake* is on the first Sunday after Midsummer day.

WHISTON is a scattered village, 4 miles N.E. of Cheadle. In this township are a few pits of small coal; the large *brass and copper works*, of Wm. Sneyd and Co.; WHISTON-EAVES, a hamlet half a mile south, and FROGHALL, one mile east of Whiston, at the junction of the Caldon and Uttoxeter canals, where there is a large wharf, and a railway from the limestone quarries of Caldon Lowe. At Froghall, there is also a paint and colour manufactory, and a corn mill; but the latter is in Ipstones parish. Mr. Thomas Smith is the largest land-owner, and lord of the manor.

KINGSLEY.

Adams Samuel, wheelwright
Alcock Mrs. Catharine
Beardmore Thomas, blacksmith
Beech James, Esq. The Shaw
Bradshaw John, vict. & butcher
Bradshaw Ann, schoolmistress
Carr James, beer house
Coxon Samuel, baker & shopkr.
Godwin Rd. coal mr. Hazlescross
Goodwin Rev. Hy. John, curate
Hall Philip, parish clerk
Hammond Thomas, blacksmith
Lockett Thomas, joiner
Lymer Dorothy, shopkeeper
Lymer Joseph, vict. Royal Oak
Malkin Wm. shopkeeper
Milner John & Thos. millwrights
Sargent George, butcher
Weston Matthew, land agent
Willson John, schoolmaster

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yeomen.*

Adams Ralph
Averill Thomas
Fallows Bennett
Fernihough Jas.
Foster John
* Nixon Wm.
Stephenson Jph.
* Thorley John, Hazles
* Townsend J. S. & J.
Townsend Wm.

WHISTON.

Marked 1 reside at Rake-edge and 2 at Whiston Eaves.

Ball Philip, paint & colour mft. Froghall house
Cooper Thomas, joiner

Harvey Thomas, butcher & vict.
Keys Benjamin, manager, Lees
Keys Js. copper, &c. mfr.; h. Lees
Lane John, vict. Board
Pattison Hanh. wheelwgt. & b. hs.
Pattison Samuel, brick maker
2 Smith Thomas, gentleman
Smith Thomas, agent, Garston
Sneyd Wm. & Co. copper & brass manufacturers
Trent & Mersey Canal Co. limestone merchts. Froghall wharf; Wm. Butter, agent.
1 Weston Charles, coal owner

FARMERS.

*Marked * are Yeomen.*

2 Beard Charles	* Locker John
Berresford John	2 * Morris John
Boden James	Pattison Wm.
1 Collier Wm.	Shaw John
2 Hall John	Smith George
2 * Locker Geo.	

KINGSTON, *or Kingstone*, 3½ miles S.W. of Uttoxeter, is a village in the vale of a small rivulet, and gives name to the most southernly parish in Totmonslow Hundred, containing 368 inhabitants, and about 2000 acres of fertile land, abounding in wood, and including BLITHE-BRIDGE, a hamlet on the river Blithe, half a mile S.W.; *Leese-hill*, half a mile N.W.; and *Callow-hill*, 1 mile S. of Kingston. Earl Talbot is the principal owner, lord of the manor, impropriator, and patron of the *curacy*, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. T. P. Browne, B.A. The Church is an ancient building, which is much decayed, and appears to have formerly had aisles. At Blithe-bridge, there is a ford for carriages, horses, and cattle, and a wooden bridge for foot passengers. *Wanfield Hall*, a neat mansion, on a lofty eminence, is the seat of Corbett Richard Lawrence, Esq., who has an estate at Leese-hill, adjoining and partly in Loxley liberty. Kingston *wake* is on the second Sunday in August. The poor have several *benefactions*, producing £4. 4s. per annum.

Marked 1 *reside at Black pit*, 2 *Blithe-bank*, 3 *Blithe-bridge*, 4 *Broomy Leasowes*, 5 *Callow hill*, 6 *Dowry*, 7 *Holly hay*, 8 *Kingston*, 9 *Moor fields*, 10 *Mount pleasant*, 11 *Wanfield hall, and* 12 *at Woodcock heath.*

8 Beard Jno. vict. Dog & Partdge.
8 Browne Rev. Ths. Powell, B.A.
3 Clarke Wm. corn miller
8 Deakin Francis, swine dealer
8 Durose Samuel, bricklayer
8 Durose Thomas, schoolmaster
8 Elsmore Henry, beer house
2 Elsmore John, jun. maltster
3 Green John, butcher
10 Harper Thomas, shopkeeper
9 Johnson Thomas, gamekeeper
11 Lawrence Corbett, Rd. Esq.
7 Sharratt Charles, button mould turner
8 Shaw John, shoemaker
8 Spooner Thos. jun. shopkeeper
8 Stonier Richard, schoolmaster
8 Stonier Wm. shopkeeper
8 Webb Charles, tailor
3 Wilson Thomas, blacksmith
1 Woolley Thomas, tailor

FARMERS.

4 Brookes Benj.	8 Reynolds Rd.
8 Croxton Thos.	5 Shelley Ann
6 Elsmore Jas.	5 SpoonerThos.
12 Felthouse Js.	8 Ward John
8 FernyhoughJp	8 WilliamsJohn
8 Hubbard Sar.	(& butcher;
1 JohnsonC.Wm	2 Wilson Rd.
3 Johnson Wm.	8 Wood John
2 Lymer John	8 Wood Wm.

LEIGH is a parish divided into the two townships of *Leigh* and *Field*; the former of which contains about 6000 acres, and

956 inhabitants, and the latter 1000 acres, and 82 inhabitants. They support their poor separately, and the former contains the hamlets of *Church-Leigh*, *Upper-Leigh*, and *Lower-Leigh*, in the vale of the Blithe, 5 miles W.N.W. of Uttoxeter; and DODSLEY, ¾ mile S.W.; PAINLEY HILL, 1¼ mile S.; MIDDLETON-GREEN, 2 miles W. by S.; UPPER and LOWER NOBUTT, *(or North-butt)* 1¼ mile E.S.E.; and WITHINGTON, a considerable village, occupying two eminences, ¾ mile S.E. of Church-Leigh. FIELD is a small village on the Blithe river, 4¼ miles W. of Uttoxeter; and the hall is the pleasant seat of Wm. Blurton, Esq. Lord Bagot has an estate here; but a large portion of the parish belongs to a number of independent freeholders, many of whom reside on their own farms, and have the soil in the highest state of cultivation. Leigh CHURCH, dedicated to All Saints, is a handsome Gothic structure, built of stone raised from a quarry in the neighbourhood. The square tower, which rises in the centre, is supported by four noble arches, twenty feet high. All the windows in the chancel are embellished with figures of apostles, martyrs, and bishops, painted on glass. The south aisle has three monuments of the Ashenhurst family, and a very ancient altar-tomb, with effigies of a knight and his lady. In the north aisle are several tombs of the Woods, formerly of *Fole Hall*, now a farm house, in this parish; but the hamlet of Fole is mostly in Checkley parish, (see p. 736.) The benefice is a *rectory*, in the patronage of Lord Bagot, and incumbency of the Bishop of Oxford, (see p. 620.) The Rev. James Beaven, M.A. is the curate. *Field* anciently belonged to Burton Abbey, of which it was long held by the family of Pipe, from whom it passed to the Bagots. It was formerly thickly covered with wood, and was noted for the prodigious *Witch Elm*, cut down in 1680, (see p. 47.) The *free school*, at Leigh, was endowed, in 1620, by Stephen Spencer, with several quit rents and parcels of land, in Tean, Checkley, Mill-green, and Dodsley, which now produce £66. 16s. 5d. per annum, for which the master teaches all the boys of the parish who apply for instruction. The present school was built by subscription, in 1808.

BENEFACTIONS TO THE POOR, &c.—In 1620, Stephen Spencer, the founder of the school, bequeathed 6A. 2R. of land, called Hodge Birch, for the use of the poor. It is now let for £4. 12s., which, with several of the following doles, to the amount of £13, is distributed on Good Friday. In 1624, Thomas Spencer left the Long Hadlands, Blythe Croft, and Bent Meadow, and directed 20s. to be yearly distributed among the poor, and the residue of the rents to be employed in repairing the bridges in the parish. This land comprises 4A. 1R. 29P., worth £8 a year. An annuity of £5, left by Sir Wm. Bagot, is now paid by Lord Bagot—£3. 15s. to the poor of Leigh, and £1. 5s. to those of Field. Parker's Meadow, let for £2. 16s. was granted by Wm. Parker, in 1755, in consideration of £22 poor's money. One-half of the rent is distributed on Good Friday, and the remainder on St. Thomas's day; together with the three following



several augmentations from Queen Anne's Bounty and subscription. Near a small brook at the foot of the village, is a strong *sulphurous spring*, said to be very beneficial in scorbutic cases. At BOTSTONE, near the river Manyfold, about a mile west of Butterton, Richard Gaunt and Wm. Challinor, Esqrs., of Leek, have recently opened a *lead mine* on the Duke of Devonshire's estate. Butterton *Free School* is endowed with a house and land, left by Wm. Mellor, in 1754, and now let for £16. 17s. per annum, for which the master teaches 16 free scholars. The curate receives £10, and the poor £7. 10s. yearly, from Mrs. Stubb's charity.—(See Grindon.) The poor have also £2. 11s. yearly, left by Elizabeth Hall and Joan Adsetts, in 1758 and 1793.

WOODHOUSES is a small tithe-free township of 200 acres, with three farm houses and a cottage, 2 miles N.W. of Ashbourn. H. F. Oakover, Esq., owns the whole, except 27 acres belonging to Mr. Wm. Gallimore. It pays 1-9th part of the parochial church rate.

MAYFIELD.

Those marked 1 *reside at Birdsgrove*, 2 *Calwich*, 3 *Church Mayfield*, 4 *Daisy bank*, 5 *Dydon*, 6 *Grange*, 7 *Hanging bridge*, 8 *Lord's piece*, 9 *Middle Mayfield*, 10 *Orchards*, 11 *Snelsdale*, 12 *Throstle nest*, 13 *Upper Mayfield*, *and* 14 *at Wall ash.*

9 Bentley John, wheelwright
9 Booth Jas. painter & glazier
10 Brown Wm. gent.
13 Buxton Mr. Edmund
6 Carrington Thomas, gent.
9 Critchlow Francis, jun. gent.
9 Farmer Mary, vict. Rose & Cr.
7 Frith Wm. stone mason
7 Glendining Alex. gent. Prospect cottage
7 Goodwin George, auctioneer
9 Greaves Wm. Esq. M.D. Mayfield hall
9 Greaves Spencer, Esq. Mayfield hall
9 Greaves Wm. gent. Hermitage
13 Haywood Mr. Wm.
13 James Thomas, parish clerk
4 Messeena Mr. Rowland
3 Nixon John, joiner & builder
13 Robinson Mrs. Mary
7 Sandys John, nursery & sdsmn.
3 Saxelby Michael, gardener
13 Shaw Mr. David
7 Shaw John, surgeon
7 Slater Henry, wheelwright and vict. Rising Sun
Smith Wm. corn miller
9 Sparks John, wheelwright
7 Timperley Thomas, nail maker
3 Vernon Henry, Esq. Vicarage
14 Woodhouse Nathaniel and Richard, blacksmiths

Beer Houses.

7 Cotton Eliz.
13 Mellor Chas.
7 Sandys John

Farmers.

* *are yeomen.*

1 Archer Saml.
13 Ballington Robert
9* Bassett Geo.
9 Burton John
8 Collier John
2 * Cook John
9 CritchlowFrs.
13GallimoreJn.
2 * Green Geo.
13HaywoodGeo
14 HullandJph.
13 * Jackson George, (and butter dlr.)
13 JacksonJno.
11 JacksonSuel.
2 JacksonThos.
8 LowndesGeo.
5 Mart Thomas
3 Mellor Ann
13 Moore Geo.
Oakes Samuel, Harlow
Pegg Thomas
9 Prince Henry
3 Richardson Catharine
6 Smith Chas.
12 Smith Rd.
3 Smith Thos.
13 Sutton Benj.
2 Thompson Benjamin
9 WilkinsonJn.

Shoemakers.

3 FroggattEdw.
9 Frost Wm.
Pegg Thomas
14 Spencer Rd.

Shopkeepers.

13 Hilton Matd.
3 NixonWm. & Son
9 Poyser Thos.
7 Shaw James

13TomlinsonJn
7 Winson Chas.
Tailors.
14 Gell Wm.
10HalsworthJn
3 Peech Baptist
9 Poyser Wm.
3RedfernHenry

CARRIER.

John Greenough, to Uttoxeter, Monday, Wed. & Fri. 8 mg. & to Ashbourn Tu. Thu. & Sat.

BUTTERTON.

Those marked 1 *reside at Broad meadow*, 2 *Butterton moor*, 3 *Cow*, 4 *Greenlow head*, 5 *Ivy house*, 6 *Kirklands*, 7 *Swanslee*, 8 *Wallacre, and* 9 *Wormdee.*

Finney Richard, corn miller
Grindey James, shoemaker
Grindey Thomas, cattle dealer
Grindon Wm. schoolmaster
Hambleton Thomas, shopkeeper
Harrison John, vict. Crewe and Harpur's Arms
9 Harrison Thomas, butcher
Lead Mining Co. Botstone; Geo. Twigg, agent
Smith Moses, chapel clerk
Titterton Geo. wheelwright
Twigg Geo. jun. vict. Red Lion
Wardle Geo. & Joshua, masons
Wheeldon John, butcher
Wood Philip, shoemaker
Wood Thomas, butcher
Woolliscroft John, shopkeeper

FARMERS.

*Marked * are yeomen.*

Alcock Daniel
*Alcock John
Bassett Wm.
*Cantrell Danl.
* Cantrell John
*Cantrell Jph.
*Cantrell Wm.
Cock Wm.
Hambleton Alc.
7HambletonTs.
3 Hambleton Wm.
* Hambleton Wm.
*Harrison Jno.
HarisonJn.jr
2 HarrisonJn
1 Hill John
Kidd Wm.
* Mellor Th
2 Moss Thos
2 Poyser Wm
* Salt John
4* Salt Thos
6*Sheldon
5*Shenton
Titterton Th
Wain John
Witheton Jn
Wood Josh

CARRIER.

Thos. Stubbs, to Leek, We

WOODHOUSES.

Cooper Wm. farmer
Gallimore Wm. farmer
Jackson Edw. farmer, Mar
Poyser John, shoemaker

MUSDEN GRANGE is an extra parochial liberty of two fa upon an eminence on the west bank of the river Manyfold, 1 W. by N. of Ham, and 6 miles N.N.W. of Ashbourn. Jesse W Russell, Esq. belongs to the West farm, and Thomas Burrows, owns the East farm. The latter is occupied by Charles Heaton the former by Joseph Coxon. They contain together about 500 a and pay the land-tax with Croxden parish.

OAKOVER, or OKEOVER, a small parish of scattered houses the west bank of the Dove, 2½ miles N.W. of Ashbourn, cont only 62 inhabitants, and about 650 acres of tithe-free land, all longing to H. F. OAKOVER, Esq., whose family is connected, e terally, with the Earl of Shaftesbury and Lord Bagot. The which was occupied by the Okeovers till a few years ago, was re during the last century, and had formerly an extensive deer par Its situation is highly picturesque, having a beautiful lawn, many woody eminences, and a fine view of the vale of the Dov It is built chiefly of brick, with an Ionic portico in the centre, is now occupied by John Stokes, Esq. The parish is remarkable the ancient barrows of HALLSTEDS and ARBOUR CLOSE, two sq entrenchments of stone, supposed by antiquaries to have formed by the Romans. The Church, dedicated to All Saints, neat Gothic structure, near the hall, and has many monument the Oakover or Okeover family, to whom this manor has belo since the time of the Conquest. The benefice is a curacy, only about £20 a year. H. F. Oakover, Esq. is the patron, and Rev. R. E. Aitkens, M.A. of Hanley, is the incumbent In



Rowland Okeover, Esq. bequeathed out of his estates at Mappleton and Atlow, on the Derbyshire side of the Dove, a yearly rent-charge of £60, for the maintenance of an organist, and 12 boys and girls to be choristers in Oakover church. He directed £20 to be paid yearly to the organist, and £2 each to the choristers, for clothing; and the residue to be employed in apprenticing the said choristers, when they arrived at the age of 12 or 13 years. The choristers have never been appointed; but 12 boys and girls are clothed and apprenticed from the charity; of whom two are taken from Oakover, four from Swinscoe, and six from Mappleton and Atlow; at which latter place, the same donor founded an hospital for three clergymen's widows, with an annuity of £30 for each. The principal inhabitants of Oakover are, John Stokes, Esq.; Wm. Hodgkinson, gardener; Rd. Utting, gamekeeper; John Yates, corn miller; and Geo. Jackson, Thomas Lees, Ann Maskery, Thomas Smith, and Martha Swinscoe, farmers.

ROCESTER is a considerable village, with a large cotton-mill, betwixt and near the confluence of the Dove and the Churnet, 4¼ miles N. by E. of Uttoxeter. Its parish contains 1040 inhabitants, and about 2370 acres of enclosed land, belonging to several freeholders; the largest of whom are the Earl of Shrewsbury, Mark Anthony Whyte, Esq., and Bainbrigge George Alsop, Esq. The latter is patron of the church, and lord of the manor, which he derived from the late Thomas Bainbrigge, Esq. Rocester was the demesne of Algar, Earl of Mercia, in Edward the Confessor's time; but William the Conqueror gave it to Robert de Stafford. In 1146, Richard Bacoun, nephew of the Earl of Chester, founded a PRIORY here for canons of the order of St. Augustine. Some of the Stafford family afterwards settled here, and were great benefactors to this priory, which was valued at the dissolution at £111. 13s. 7d. per annum, but no vestige of it now remains. The church is an ancient edifice, dedicated to St. Michael, and is a vicarage, now enjoyed by the Rev. George Hake. It has been several times augmented by subscription and Queen Anne's Bounty. The Dean and Canons of Windsor are appropriators of the great tithes, which are now leased to Sir Charles Tyrrel, Bart. The church was enlarged on the south side in 1823, at the cost of £1400; towards which the Incorporated Society gave £200, and the remainder was raised by a rate, and the sale of pews. The Baptists and Methodists have each a chapel here. The cotton-mill, lately purchased (and now employed in doubling lace-thread) by Thomas Holdsworth, Esq. of Manchester, was previously occupied by Messrs. Briddon, and formerly by Mr. Arkwright. The vicar has £3. 8s. and the poor parishioners £12. 18s. yearly from several small benefactions, left by the Bainbrigge and other families. The hamlets in the parish, and their distance from the village, are COMBRIDGE, on the Uttoxeter canal, 1 mile S.W.; QUIXHILL, 1½ mile N.; and ROCESTER-GREEN, where there is a wharf and warehouse on the canal, half a mile W.—WOODSEATS is the pleasant residence of B. G. Alsop, Esq. on an eminence above the Dove, 1½ mile N.W. of Rocester. Near it is DOVE LEYS, the seat of B. Heywood, Esq.; and 1 mile S. of the village, is BARROW HILL, the mansion and estate of M. A. Whyte, Esq. The parish *wake* is on the Sunday after October 11th.

In the following Directory, those marked 1 *reside at Alders,* 2 *Banks,* 3 *Barrow hill,* 4 *Canal wharf,* 5 *Clowsham,* 6 *Coatscroft,* 7 *Combridge,* 8 *Dewstone,* 9 *Dovecliff,* 10 *Dove leys,* 11 *Dove ridge,* 12 *Quixhill,* 13 *Riddings,* 14 *Rocester green,* 15 *Stubb wood,* 16 *Woodseat, and the others in Rocester.*

16 Alsop Bainbrigge Geo. Esq.
Alsop Thomas, surgeon
Barker John, glazier, painter, &c.
Briddon Francis & John, gents.
Bull Thomas, tailor
15 Carter Joseph, saddler
Ellison John, overlooker
4 Ford Green Coal Company; John Boulton, agent
Gerrard Thomas, corn miller
10 Heywood Benjamin, Esq.
Hinckley John, vict. Cross Keys
Holdsworth Thomas, Esq. M.P. lace thread mfr.
Hollins Henry, schoolmaster
15 Holmes Thomas, wheelwright
4 Hordern Jph. wharfinger, and clerk to the Canal Co.
Keates John, sheriff's officer
Kilpatrick M. F. surgeon
Mountney Charles, butcher
Nash Richard, cheese skin mfr.
Nash Samuel, cheese skin mfr.
Nash Thomas, tailor
Newborough Thos. vict. Red Lion
Nicholson Edw. manager
Parks Richard, tailor
Phillips Miss, schoolmistress
Riddlesden Richard, Esq.
7 Salt John, vict. Greyhound
Salt Joseph, butcher
Salt Wm. vict. Cock
Stanyard Richard, bricklayer
Sutcliffe Rev. Jno. schoolmaster, and Baptist minister
Thompson James, joiner
Walker Ralph, wheelwright
Walker Thomas, joiner
Wardle Wm. bricklayer
Watson Misses Matilda & Harriet
Wetton John, coal dealer
3 Whyte Mark Anthony, Esq.
15 Wild John, weaver
10 Wilson Thomas, bailiff
4 Woodhead Coal Co. (and lime burners); Anthony Carr, agt.

Beer Houses.
Boulton John
14 Jeffrey Ths.
Tomlinson Jno.

Blacksmiths.
Brandon John
12 Oakes John
7 Palmer Wm.
14 Robinson Js.

Farmers and Graziers.
7 Arnold Wm.
15 Ball Wm.
7 Berrisford Ed.
5 Carnall Wm.
8 Dutton John
Greasley John
9 Laughton Rd.
Lowndes Jph.
12 Morris John
15 Orpe James
7 Orpe Wm.
3 Palmby Thos.
12 Prince Thos.
2 Prince Uriah
8 Ratcliffe Geo.
7 Rawlin Frns.
Savage John
Smith Thomas
1 Tomlinson Sl.
8 Tunnicliff Wm
5 Watson Chas.
Webb Wm.
Wood Thomas
13 Woodins Jn.

Shoemakers.
Gaunt Edw.
Gaunt Wm.
Holmes John
Keates Acbd.

Shopkeepers.
Gerrard Cath
Greasley J. & Ts.
Hudson Thos.
Mottram Thos. (& draper)
Salt Thomas
Titley Thomas

CARRIER.

John Greenhough, from Mayfield to Uttoxeter, calls at the Red Lion, Mon. Wed. and Thu.

SHEEN is a small village and parish, on the western acclivity of Dove-dale, 3¼ miles S. by E. of Longnor, containing 366 inhabitants, and about 2700 acres of land, all comprised in the manor of Alton, but belonging to Thomas and Charles Finney, Mr. Joseph Gould, and many smaller proprietors. The face of the country is here wild and romantic; but the soil about the village is fertile and well enclosed, and a large portion of it is now in tillage. The Church was nearly all rebuilt in 1829, at the cost of £1100, raised by a parochial rate. The living is a curacy, and it has been several times augmented by Queen Anne's Bounty and subscriptions, so that it is now worth about £100 a year. Mr. Joseph Gould and Captain Bateman have the patronage alternately, and the Rev. Matthew Beetham is the incumbent. Most of the parish is exonerated from great tithes, and the small ones are paid by a modus. BRUND, a hamlet three quarters of a mile S.W. of Sheen, and the scattered hamlets and farms enumerated below, are all in this parish.

The FREE SCHOOL is endowed with a rent-charge of £4 per an-

num, out of six acres of land, purchased with the benefactions of Rd. Ward, in 1694, and Thomas Gould, in 1760. It has also the interest of about £300, raised by subscription in 1825. The poor have £2. 3s. yearly from several small benefactions.

Those marked 1 *reside at Booth lowe,* 2 *Bridge end,* 3 *Broad meadow hall,* 4 *Brund,* 5 *Crateley,* 6 *Fernyknowl,* 7 *High close,* 8 *Hulme end,* 9 *Knowsley,* 10 *Newfield,* 11 *Ridge end,* 12 *Scaldersitch,* 13 *Sheen, and* 14 *at Under Whittle.*

4 Beardmore John, tow spinner
13 Beetham Rev. Matthew
4 Berrisford John, wood button mould manufacturer
11 Brassington John, tailor
13 Kidd Abel, clogger
13 Kidd John, tin plate worker
13 Lomas John, quarry owner
13 Manifold Ralph, shoemaker
Nadin Thomas, wheelwright
13 Riley Richard, wheelwright
11 Riley Robert, butcher
11 Riley Samuel, wheelwright
13 Shipley Mary, shopkeeper
13 Slack Barbara, shopkeeper
8 Wood Edwin, vict. Jolly Carter
13 Wooley Edw. bsmith. & br. h.

FARMERS.-*Marked* * *are Yeomen.*

8BembridgeJob | 14Brindley Jas.
14 Cocker Ths.
4CritchlowJno.
4Critchlow My.
4Critchlow Rph
3*Finney Chas.
13*Gilman Isc.
10*Gilman Ths.
5 Gilman Thos.
4 Gilman Thos. jun.
12 Gould John
13 * Gould Jph.
2 Green Sarah
1 JohnsonSaml.
6*Horobin Bnj.
6*HorobinWm
13 Kidd Samuel
11 Needham Alexander
11 * Needham Elizabeth
14 Pickering George
7 PickeringJno.
4 * Prince John
13*Procter Wm
13* Riley Peter
1 Sargent John
9 Sargent John
14 Slack Wm.
5 Wain Thomas
13*Wardle Ths.
11WoodGeorge
14* Wood Wm. Saml. & Ths.
13* Wood Wm.

UTTOXETER.

UTTOXETER is an ancient and well-built market town, pleasantly seated in the heart of a rich grazing district, upon a gentle eminence above the vale of the Dove, ¼ of a mile W. of that river, 14 miles N. E. by E. of Stafford, 17 miles N. of Lichfield, 15 miles W.N.W. of Burton-upon-Trent, and 138 miles N.W. of London. Its PARISH contains upwards of 10,000 acres of fertile land, and 4,864 inhabitants; of whom about 3,500 reside in the town, and the remainder in the out-townships or liberties, of which the following are the names and contents:—Crakemarsh, 1066 acres; Loxley, 1735 acres; Stramshall and Creighton, 1274 acres; and Woodlands, 2419 acres. Uttoxeter contains about 2440 acres, and the other four townships are united with it for the support of the poor, but form separate constablewicks. The High-wood and the Heath were enclosed under an Act passed in 1787; but the Uttoxeter ward, of Needwood Forest, (see page 367,) was enclosed as early as 1639, when the King gave his allotment (500 acres) to — Nevil, one of his knights of the bed-chamber. Earl Talbot, Lord Bagot, John Vere Smith, Esq., R. C. Lawrence, Esq., R. P., and S. Minors, and the Trustees of Mrs. Farnham, are the principal owners and joint lords of the manor of Uttoxeter; but Sir T. C. Sheppard, Bart., is lord of Crakemarsh, Creighton, and Stramshall, and T. S. Kynnersley, Esq., of Blounts Hall and Loxley. The Dean and Canons of Windsor are appropriators of the great tithes, and owners of the *Deanery estate,* which includes part of the town on the east side of Bridge-

street, and forms a separate constablewick. This property is held on lease, with the rectoral tithes, by Sir Charles Tyrrel, Bart. The plain, which extends from Uttoxeter to the Dove, is nearly a mile in breadth, and comprises several thousand acres of luxuriant pastures, producing all the useful grasses, without any admixture of rushes or other aquatic plants; though a large portion of the soil is frequently irrigated by the overflowings of the river in rainy seasons. The town stands on a dry elevation above this open part of the vale of Dove, and has long been remarkable for the salubrity of its air and the longevity of its inhabitants, who, in the time of Sir Simon Degge, were considered young at the age of sixty; and he notices many who had out-lived their 90th year, and two women who died here in 1702, one aged 103, and the other 126 years. The Market-place is extensive, and has several good streets branching from it in different directions, and containing many well-stocked shops, and handsome houses, with about a dozen public *pumps and conduits* supplied with hard and soft water, the latter of which is brought in pipes from the springs and reservoirs at Bramshall Park, a distance of two miles. These water-works were established and are repaired out of the yearly profits of the *aftermath* of Nether-wood and Broad Meadows, (about 120 acres,) which have from time immemorial been applied to the repairs of bridges, causeways, and other public uses, in the town and its vicinity, and now yield about £50 a-year; the aftermath being let yearly after the 8th of August, and eaten up by 3 or 400 head of cattle in about a fortnight; when the use of the meadows is again resumed by the owners. Nine of the pumps were erected by subscription during the last sixty years. The *Market*, held every Wednesday, is numerously attended, and well supplied with corn and provisions, and once a fortnight with cattle. Four *cattle fairs* are held yearly, on May 6, Sept. 19, and Nov. 11 and 27; a *colt fair*, on Sept. 1st; and three *cheese fairs*, on the Thursday after the second Tuesday in March, the first Thursday in Sept., and the second Thursday in Nov. The town has long been noted for the manufacture of *clock cases and movements*. Here are also several maltsters, tanners, fellmongers, nail makers, bendware manufacturers, woolstaplers, rope and twine spinners, timber merchants, &c.; two banks, a large brewery, and a commodious wharf on the canal, which extends from the west end of the town to the Caldon canal, near Froghall, and opens a communication with the Trent and Mersey navigation, and the coal and limestone districts. A considerable trade is likewise carried on here in preparing *calves maws*, to be used in curdling milk for making cheese. *Petty Sessions*, for the South Division of Totmonslow, are held here once a fortnight; and also the Magistrates' quarterly meetings, alternately at the White Hart and Red Lion Inns.

The town is undoubtedly of great antiquity, and was probably a British settlement, and afterwards occupied by the Romans. Leland calls it "Uttok-Cester," and says, "the menne of the towne usith grasing, for there be wonderful pastures upon Dove. It longith to the erledom of Lancaster, and has a free school, founded by a priest, Thomas Allen, who founded another at Stone, in the reign of Queen Mary." At the Norman Conquest, the manor belonged to the King, but was afterwards given to Henry de Ferrers, whose descendants were subsequently created Earls of Derby, one of whom forfeited it in the rebellion against Henry III., who bestowed it, with the honour of Tutbury, upon his younger son, Edmund, Earl of Lancaster, from whose family it passed to the crown, with the other possessions of

the Duchy of Lancaster; but the King's manorial claims were satisfied, early in the 17th century, by an allotment made at the forest enclosure, as already noticed. In 1252, Earl Ferrers granted the "burgesses" a charter of various privileges; and, in 1308, they obtained from the Earl of Lancaster a charter for a market every Wednesday, and a fair on the eve, day, and morrow, of St. Mary Magdalen; but the latter is now obsolete. During the civil wars, Uttoxeter was much harrassed by the forces of the contending parties in their marches from Tutbury, Stafford, Lichfield, Derby, Ashbourn, and other places; and large sums were levied on the inhabitants, both by the Royalists and Parliamentarians. Bulwarks were raised for the defence of the town, a regular watch and ward established, and the town ends were several times blocked up with carts and waggons. The King was here several times, and the loyalty of the town was evinced by ringing the church bells during his presence. His Majesty, and Lord Stanhope and his son, were entertained at the Crown Inn. In 1646, the town was visited by the plague. In 1660, the restoration of Charles II. was honoured with public rejoicing. In 1672, most of the lower part of the town was consumed by an accidental fire. In 1672, the "stocks and cuckstool" were repaired at the cost of 10s. At the glorious Revolution, of 1688, the town partook of the general alarm which was raised throughout the country by the enemies of the Catholics; but since that event it has reposed in the lap of peace and prosperity. The late distinguished Admiral Lord Gardner was born here, in 1742, and died at Bath, in 1810. Another eminent native was Sir Simon Degge, an antiquary, well known for his manuscript notes on Plott's Natural History of Staffordshire.

Uttoxeter CHURCH is dedicated to St. Mary, and was all rebuilt except the tower and spire, in 1828, at the cost of £6061. 1s. 11d.; of which £1632 was raised by voluntary subscription, £1779 by a church-rate; £2249 by the sale of pews, and £400 was given by the Society for building and enlarging Churches. The Church is now a handsome Gothic structure. It had formerly only 800, but has now 1414 sittings, of which 422 are free. The spire, which rises to the height of 179 feet, was injured by lightning in 1814, and had to be partly rebuilt. The living is a vicarage valued in the King's books at £7. 1s. 8d. The Dean and Canons of Windsor are the patrons, and the Rev. Clement Francis Broughton, M.A., is the incumbent, for whom the Rev. John Dashwood, M.A., officiates. The *Wesleyans* and *Independents* have each a neat chapel here; the former built in 1812, and the latter in 1828. The *Friends* have a small meeting house in Carter-street; and the *Catholics* have lately fitted up a preaching room in the Blue Bell yard. The FREE SCHOOL, founded by the Rev. Ts. Allyn, in 1558, is endowed with about £13 a-year, and is vested in trust with Trinity College, Cambridge. The National School was built by subscription in 1829, and now affords instruction to 100 boys and 50 girls, who each pay 1d. per week. Here is a Book Society, established about 15 years ago, and a News Room opened in 1831.

The *Workhouse*, on the Heath, was erected by the Enclosure Commissioners, in 1789, and has a garden of 1½ acre, and a brick yard, in which the paupers are employed. The parishes of Rocester and Doveridge send many of their paupers here; but the building belongs solely to Uttoxeter, being erected out of the proceeds of several small allotments made to the poor, when the common was enclosed.

Mastergent's and *Wright's Alms-houses* in Carter-street, were rebuilt by subscription, in 1815; the former being founded by Catha-

rine Mastergent, in 1646, with an annuity of £3. 6d. 8d. for three poor widows; and the latter by John Wright, in 1729, for one widow, with an annuity of 20s. *Lathropp's Alms-houses*, also in Carter-street, were founded in 1700, by Wm. Lathropp, for eight poor widows, and endowed with three acres of land, and an annuity of 20s. 6d. The other BENEFACTIONS for yearly distribution among the poor of Uttoxeter, produce about £219 per annum, of which £68 arises from Botham croft and the Talbot public-house, bequeathed in 1644, by John Dynes, to be given in apprentice fees. The remainder arises from various parcels of land and a number of rent-charges bequeathed or purchased with the benefactions of a long list of donors, and now vested in trust with the churchwardens and overseers, pursuant to a decree of the Commissioners of Charitable uses, dated 1727, when the arrears owing by the various ejected trustees, amounted to £441, which was afterwards laid out in the purchase of Dynes lane farm, (20A.) in Marchington, now let for £40 per annum, which is distributed with the proceeds of several other charities, in money and clothes at Christmas. Among the charity estates are, The Parks, let for £18; Thorney-field, and Russell's-spring, let for £25; Red-hill field, £10; Wilgs-croft, £5; Swetholme close, £14; Mansholme, £14; and some others of smaller rents.

The *hamlets* in Uttoxeter parish, and their distance and bearings from the town, are as follows:—BLOUNT'S GREEN, in the manor of Blount's hall, ¼ m. S.W.; HEATH, a district of modern scattered houses, ¼ m. N.W.; HOCKLEY, ½ m. S.; LITTLE BRAMSHALL, 2 m. W., adjoining Great Bramshall, and mostly belonging to T. S. Kynnersley, Esq.; CRAKEMARSH, 2 m. N., a fertile district belonging to Sir Thomas Cotton Sheppard, Bart., who resides in the Hall, a delightfully situated mansion near the Dove; SPATH, 1 m. N.; STRAMSHALL and CREIGHTON, 1½ to 2 m. N.; BEAMHURST LANE, near the river Tean, 2½ m. N.W., near which is *Springfield Hall*, the seat of W. Phillips, Esq.; LOXLEY, a district of fertile farms, from 2 to 3 m. S.W., including Loxley Hall and Park, the handsome and pleasant seat of Thomas Sneyd Kynnersley, Esq., (and anciently one of the forest haunts of that redoubtable freebooter, *Robin Hood*, who is said to have been born here, to have been heir to the Earldom of Huntingdon, and to have married Clorinda, a shepherdess of Tutbury; but the principal scene of his nefarious life was in Sherwood Forest, Nottinghamshire;)—BURNDHURST MILLS, on the Blithe river, and LEESE HILL, 3½ m. W.S.W.; and WOODLANDS, an extensive township of scattered houses, 1 to 3 m. S.E., extending to the river Dove, and including Blounts Green, already noticed; Highfields and Highwood, the pleasant seats of C. J. S. and T. C. S. Kynnersley, Esqrs.; WILLS LOCK and SCOUNDSLOW GREEN, two hamlets; and Hollingsbury Hall, the ancient seat of the Minors family, several of whom were remarkable for their attachment to a seafaring life; one of them sailed eleven times to the East Indies, and another, Captain Richard Minors, distinguished himself in the Dutch wars, and also against the rebels at Colchester. WOODGATE is a pleasant village, about half a mile S. of Uttoxeter, commanding a fine view of the vale of Dove; and near it is *Woodl Villa*, the property William Blurton, Esq., and Moorhouse, belonging to Henry Clough, Esq.. Betwixt it and Uttoxeter is *Brook House*, where Messrs. Frost have neat houses and an extensive tan-yard.

UTTOXETER DIRECTORY.

POST OFFICE, at Mr. Robert Richard's, High street. Letters arrive by a Mail Gig from Rugeley, at ½ p. 1 afternoon, and are despatched at 7 morning.

The CONTRACTIONS *used for the names of streets, &c., are Bln. for Back lane; Bnl. Balance hill; Bst. Balance st.; Bhl. Bear hill; Bgn. Blount's green; Bdt. Bradley st.; Bgt. Bridge st.; Bks. Brook house; Blk. Bull's bank; Cbn. Canal basin; Cst. Carter st.; Cpl. Chapel gardens; Crd. Cheadle road; Cht. Church st.; Drd. Derby road; Gfs. Green fields; Hth. Heath; Hst. High st.; Hky. Hockley; Kdh. Kiddlestich; Lbh. Little Bromshall; Mkp. Market place; Mhd. Moorhead; Mhs. Moor house; Mpl. Mount pleasant; Oft. Oldfield; Pln. Pinfold lane; Ppl. Pitt's place; Rsq. Red Lion square; Rct. Rycroft; Skt. Sheep market; Shn. Short lane; Slt. Silver st.; Sln. Smithy lane; Sst. Spiciel st.; Srd. Stone road; Tln. Tinker's lane; Wgt. Woodgate; and Win. Wood lane.*

Adams R. & C. whip thong mkrs. High street
Allport Thos. town crier, Bhl.
Arnold Hy. cheese factor, Bst.
Astle Mrs. Jane, Church street
Bagshaw Edw. Sandford, grocer; h. Church street
Barnes Joseph, pawnbroker, Cst.
Barnes Wm. horse & gig owner, Church street
Bedson Charles Vere Webb, solr. Church street
Bennett Mr. Wm. Heath
Billingham John, mail contr, Hst.
Birch John, cutler, Sheep mkt.
Blagg Mrs. Eliz. High street
Bowring George, sexton, Bdt.
Brassington Thomas, old book seller, Tinker's lane
Brown Mrs. Eliz. Wood villa
Brown Fletcher, lath render, Bgn.
Browne Thomas, wharfinger, canal office
Bunting Mr. James, High street
Burdett Mrs. Rebecca, Church st.
Cartledge Jph. hat mfr. Hst.
Chandler Wm. coml. travlr. Blk.
Chatfield Mr. Webb, Church st.
Chatterton John, gov. Workhs.
Clewley Mrs. Eliz. Heath
Clewes Mrs. Church street
Cooke Rev. John, Ind. min. Bgt.
Cooper Rev. Rd. Met. min. Blk.
Cope Mrs. Mary, Balance street
Dashwood Rev. John M.A. curate, Church street
Dickinson John, collector, Shn.
Evans John, horse & gig owner, Church street
Evarard John, broker, and small ware dealer, Market place
Ewart Wm. tea dealer, Hst.
Fieldhouse John, gent. Gfs.
Flint Mrs. Eliz. Balance street
Fox Mr. John, Market place
Frost Thomas, stainer, Carter st.
Gerrard Mrs. Hannah, Bst.
Goodwin Mrs. Ellen, Spiciel st.
Gregory Mrs. Eliz. Heath
Hall Thomas, coach maker, Hst.
Hall Wm. coach painter, Hst.
Hancox Mr. Thomas, Hockley
Heinzleman Miss Eliz. Bank hs.
Harrison Rev. Rt. (Wes.) Hst.
Hobson, Robt. shopman, Cht.
Jessop Benj. gent. Market place
Johnson Wm. cowkpr. Spiciel st.
Jones Mrs. Balance street
Kimber Mrs. Ann, Carter street
Lomas John, brush mfr. Cht.
Massey Mrs. Eliz. Balance street
Massey Thos. bone dlr. Carter st.
Minors John, gent. Parks
Norris Miss Jane & Sisters, Sst.
Norris Thomas, assit. overseer, High street
Orton Jas. cheese factor, Woodford
Palmer Thomas, organist, Slt.
Parkes Mrs. Charlotte, Cht.
Pickering Wm. excise officer, Bridge street
Proder Mrs. Hanh. High street
Reeves Mrs. Jane, Market place
Riddlesden John, gent. Woodgate cottage
Rushton Thos. solr.; h. Heath
Salt Miss Jane, High street

Salt John, gent. Spiciel street
Salt Rupert, painter, Carter st.
Salt Thomas, lime burner and corn dealer, High street
Savage Thos. Wm. gent. Cht.
Shaw Miss Eliz. High street
Seward Mr. Thomas, Heath
Shipley Mrs. Betty, Carter street
Shipley Mrs. Rosetta, Church st.
Smith Charles, surveyor of taxes, Heath
Smith Mrs. Eliz. Church street
Smith John, plasterer, Bst.
Smith Rt. parish clerk, Cht.
Smith Rt. gun and self acting truss maker, High street
Stanway Edward, excise, Heath
Steele Samuel, gent. Bradley st.
Stubbs Mrs. Ann, Balance street
Tagg Mrs. Mary, Church street
Taylor Hanh. small ware dealer and lace mfr. High street
Taylor Herbert, M.D. High st.
Timber Edward, painter, Skt.
Turner John, black plaster and pink cream mfr. Bst.
Treasure John, land agent and surveyor, Balance street
Turner Mr. John, Bradley street
Twigg Joseph, farrier, Carter st.
Udale Stephen, staymaker, Hst.
Vernon Mrs. Ann, Carter street
Walker Mrs. Mary, Balance st.
Wetton Mrs. Ann, Balance st.
Wightwick Thomas, Esq. Hst.
Wilders Hy. grazier, Moor hs.
Wilcock Mrs. Mary, Carter st.
Williams Wm. game dlr. Bst.
Wood Robert, iron merchant, & high constable for Totmonslow South, High street
Wood John, parish cashier, Bst.

HOTELS, INNS, AND TAVERNS.

Bell, Rd. Allen, High street
Black Swan, Wm. Taylor, Skt.
Brickmaker's Arms, Geo. Pegg, Heath
Buffalo's Head, Wm. Holmes, Market place
Cock, John Wigley, High street
Cross Keys, Thos. Bunting, Hst.
Crown, Charles Adams, Hst.
Feathers, Wm. Potts, High street
George, Eliz. Edge, Carter street
Golden Ball, Mary Foster, Cht.
Greyhound, Wm. Allsop, Bst.
Hope and Anchor, Thos. Dawes, High street
Nag's Head, Sl. Bentley, Mkp.
Old Star, John Arnold, Mkp.
Old Talbot, Thos. Orpe, Mkp.
Red Lion Inn, John Garle, Cht.
Royal Oak, James Burton, Hst.
Talbot, (Far) Geo. Shelley, Bst.
Tanners' Arms, John Byrd, Hst.
Spread Eagle, W. Woolley, Bhl.
Union, Sarah Webberley, Heath
Wheat Sheaf, Wm. Walker, Bgt.
White Bear, Hannah Gammage, Carter street
White Hart Inn, Thomas Wilkinson, Carter street
White Horse, John Twigg, Cht.
White Lion, Abel Ault, Bdt.
White Swan, Job Chell, Skt.

Academies.

*Marked * take bdrs.*
Allen Elizabeth, Sst.
Bennett Martha, Ofd.
Charles Eliz. Cst.
Connolly Michl. Cgn.
Free, Thos. Osborne
National, Josiah & Mrs. Hammersley
Horsfall Wm. Hky.
* Howe Maria, Cht.
Ratcliff Mary, Bgt.
* Rowley Mary, Hst.
RileyAnn, Bradley st.
* Stammers Alex. Bst.
*SuttonSus. & M. Cst.
TalbotMillicent, Cht.
Thornton Sarah, Cst.

Attorneys.

Bagshaw Rt. Hst.
Bedson & Rushton High street
Blagg Francis, Cht.
Blair James, Bst.
Flint Abraham, Hst.
HiggottThos. Lee, Cht
Kynnersley JohnClement Sneyd, Bst.

Auctioneers, &c.

Brown John, Mpl.
Cross Thomas, Bst.
Pegg Wm. Hst.

Bakers & Shopkeepers.

Chatfield Chas. Hst.
Chatfield Saml. Bdt.
Clarke Wm. Bst.
Cook Robert, Cst.
Holden Edward, Skt.
Orenshaw Geo. Bst.

Banks.

Blurton, Webb, & Co. Carter street, (draw on Smith, Payne & Smiths;) Mr. John Cooke, manager
Hart Thos. Esq. Cht. (draws on Whitmore, Wells, & Co.)

Basket & Sieve mkrs.

Bagnall Stephen, Bgt.
Flint Thos. (& chair) Mount pleasant

Beer Houses.

Cross Edward, Skt.
Gee John, Bgt.
Orenshaw Geo. Bst.

Parker Rd. Cst.
Potts John, Cst.
Ryder Ann, Hst.
Rushton John, Lbh.
Slater Wm. Canal wf.
Spare Wm. Bdt.
Smith Wm. Wood ln.
Tyers James, Heath
Bendware & Hoop makers.
Tranter James, Bst.
Tranter Joseph, Tln.
Blacksmiths.
Bartrom Samp. Cst.
Dean & Twigg, Hst.
Gerrard George, Bgt.
Potts Wm. High st.
Turner Charles, Bst.
Twigg Joseph, Cst.
Wilson Edward, Cht.
Booksellers, Printers, Stationers, &c.
Bakewell & Adams, Market place
Norris Ann & Son, Market place
Richards Robt. Hst.
Smith Wm. (printer) Market place
Boot & Shoe makers.
Abberley Wm. Hst.
Allport John, Blk.
Bunting Joseph, Hst.
Bunting Wm. Cst.
Byrd Thomas, Bdt.
Dyche Richard, Cst.
Davies Wm. Bst.
Durose John, Lbh.
Hammersley Ralph, Carter street
Harrison Edw. Cst.
Harvey John, Sst.
Holmes Ellen, Rsq.
Hudson John, Slt.
Hudson Joseph, Bnl.
Hudson Wm. Bdt.
Kent Charles, Sst.
Key Wm. Mkp.
Parker Richard, Cst.
Presbury Geo. Hst.
Rogers John, Cst.
Taylor Joseph, Hst.
Willis Thomas, Cht.
Brasiers, & Tinmen.
Birch Lewis, Mkp.
Gregory Ts. B. Cht.
Mellard James, Hst.
Pemberton Wm. Bst.
Brewer.
Earp Thomas, Hst.
Bricklayers.
Blurton Jph. Bhl.
Chatfield Anthy. Sst.
Chatfield Edwin, Bgt.
Chatfield John, Bst.
Chatfield J. jun. Bst.
Brick makers.
Baxter Clem. Heath
Hales John, Cst.
Hales Wm. Cst.
Hudson John, Heath
Parish Yard, Heath
Parker Mgt. Heath
Butchers.
Akers Wm. Esq.
Allport John, Cht.
Bagshaw John, Hst.
Bamford James, Hst.
Fletcher John, Sst.
Godbehere Anty. Skt.
Hall John, Hst.
Shipley Jph. Mkp.
Summerland Wm. Cst
Walters & Johnson, Carter street
Wigley George, Hst.
Wigley John, Hst.
Wigley Josiah, Cht.
*Cabinet makers. Marked * are Clock Case makers, & † are Upholsterers.*
† Blurton Venables, Market place
* Cross Ralph, Bst.
* Evans Wm. Heath
* Goodall Rd. Hst.
† Jessop John, (executors of) Mkp.
* Smith Lewis, Hst.
* Taylor Rt. Cht.
* Wakefield Ts. Hst.
Chair makers & Wood turners.
Allkins John, Cht.
Charles Wm. Hst.
Chatfield Thos. Bst.
Cheese Factors, & Hop & Seed merchants
Earp Thomas, Hst.
Lassetter James, Mkp.
Orton & Arnold, Bdt.
Cheese Skin makers.
Gent Ellen, Mkp.
Stringer James, Bgt.
Vernon John & Co. Balance street
Wigley Eliz. Cst.
Wigley Fredk. Cst.
China, Glass, &c. dlrs.
Dumolo John, Hst.
Mellard James, Hst.
Clog & Patten mkrs.
Cook Mrgt. (dealer) High street
Green John, Hst.
Coal merchants, Canal wharf.
Hazlecross Coal Co.; Sampson Rhead, agent
Sparrow & Co.; Geo. Hammond, agent
Woodhead Coal Co.; John Bould, agent
Confectioners.
Billingham Jno. Hst.
Butler Edwd. Mkp.
Clarke Wm. Hst.
Kynnersley Eliz. Cst.
Coopers.
Allen Wm. Cst.
Brassington Sl. Hst.
Flint Thos. (white) Market place
Cork Cutters.
Vernon John & Co. Balance street
Corn millers.
Bradshaw John, old cotton mill, Heath
Clarke Wm. Hst.
Saxelby Wm. Heath
Curriers.
Bull Dorothy, Hst.
Fox John, Mkp.
Hodson John & Danl. Market place
Druggists.
Garle Wm. Mkp.
Woolrich Thos. Hst.
Dyers.
Allen Eliz. Pln.
Brotherton Peter, Cst.
*Farmers & Graziers. Marked * are Yeomen.*
Armishaw Samuel, Bramshall park
Astbury Wm. Lbh.
Baker Robert, Lbh.
Berrisford Wm. Rct.

Buckley Saml. Kdh.
* Crossley John, Mbd.
* French Fras. Blk.
* French John, Heath
Hartshorn Geo. Heath
Hartshorn Ts. Heath
Hibbard Wm. Lbh.
Limers James, Parks
Pegg Wm. Coxbank
Shipley John, Mkp.
Summerland Wm. Cst
Walker John, Lbh.
Walwin R. Fields hs.
Wigley Josiah, Cht.
Wilders Henry, Mhs.

Fellmongers.

Cope John, (dresser) Bull's bank
Mills Richard, Heath

Fire, &c. Offices.

Atlas, Bakewell & Adams, Market pl.
British, Wm. Perkin, jun. Carter street
Globe, Charles Vere Webb Bedson, Hst.
Phœnix, Wm. Smith, Market place
Protector, Ralph Bagshaw, High street
Royal Exchange, Sl. Garle, Mkp.
Sun, Thos. Woolrich, High street

Gardeners & Seedsmen.

Brassington Rt. Bst.
Foster George, Sln.
Geo John, Bgt.
Rogers Wm. Hst.
Saxelby Wm. Cst.
Smith James, Hst.
Smith John, Cst.

Grocers & Tea dlrs.

* are *Chandlers.*

Bagshaw Ralph, & Sons, High street
Brindley Thos. Hst.
Burdett John, (& hop merchant) Mkp.
Cope Thomas, (& corn dealer) Mkp.
Cox Thomas, Mkp.
Cross Thomas, Bgt.
Fletcher Thomas, Bst.
Hall Lewis, (& hop & seed merchant) Hst.
Hordern John, Mkp.
* Porter & Keates, Market place
Shaw John, Cst.
* West Eli & Co. Mkp.

Hair Dressers.

Cooke Hammond, Market place
Coxon Thomas, Cht.
Harvey Josiah, Cst.
Harvey Wm. Cst.
Hogg Adam, Hst.

Hosiers.

Roe Joseph, Hst.
Smith Mary B. Hst.

Ironmongers.

Hall Lewis, (& stamp office) High street
Hordern John. Mkp.
Mellard James, Hst.
* Porter & Keates, Market place

Joiners & Builders.

Chatfield Thos. Slt.
Morley Thomas, Hst.
Perkins Wm. jun. (& building surveyor) Carter street
Perks Wm. Cst.
Woolley John, (machine maker) Tln.

Linen & Wlln. Drapers.

Bladon Thomas, Mkp.
Boucher John, Mkp.
Everard Wm. D. Hst.
Garle Samuel, Mkp.
Smith Wm. Mkp.

Maltsters.

Adams Ralph, Pln.
Bennett Thos. Heath
Bennett Wm. Lbh.
Bunting Thos. & Jph. Carter street
Earp Thomas, Hst.
Mills James, Mkp.
Orenshaw Geo. Bst.
Phillips Thomas, Bst.
Smith John, Bst.
Wood Robert, Hst.

Milliners & Dress makers.

Birch Sar. & Sop. Hst.
Butler Sarah, Mkp.
Deaville Hannah, Hst.
Hughes Rhoda, Cht.
Limer Mary, Hockley
Norris Mary, Hst.
Parker Ann, Skt.
Plimmer Ann, Bst.
Proctor Jane, Hst.
Slater Harriet, Hst.
Smith Eliza, Cst.
Sollory & Hobson, Cht
Whitaker Har. Mkp.

Nail makers.

Appleby Wm. Tln.
Bullingham John, (& chain) High street

Plumbers, Painters, & Glaziers.

Ault Abel, Bdt.
Bunting James, Bts.
Cooke George, Mkp.
Dumolo John, Hst.
Holebrook John, Cst

Rope & Twine makers.

Cope Francis, Heath
Davies Hannah, Tln.
Hudson Wm. Heath
Hammersley Wm. Tln
Machin Mary, Bst.
Shore Charles, Cst.

Saddlers.

Cook James, Hst.
Kynnersley Samuel & Co. High street
Smith Wm. Mkp.
Walter Joseph, Bhl.
Woolley Joseph, Skt.

Shopkeepers.

Allkins Martha, Cht.
Bennett Thos. Heath
Bennett Wm. Lbh.
Bladon Mary, Cst.
Byrd Thomas, Bdt.
Cross Edward, Skt.
Goodall Cath. Bgt.
Hales Wm. Cst.
Hewerdine Reb. Bgt.
Jones John, Cst.
Mills James, Mkp.
Pateman Charles, Cst.
Presbury Geo. Hst.
Plant Ann, Bgt.
Saxelby Wm. Cst.
Taylor Wm. Hst.
Tunnicliffe John Hst.
Webberley Jph. Hst.

Stone Masons.

Daken Edward, Cht.
Green Wm. Hst.

Straw Hat makers.

Blore Ann, Cst.
Evans Hannah, Mkp.
Morrow Mary, Hst.

Slaney Ann, Hst.

Surgeons.

Alsop George, Cst.
Chapman James, Bst.
Goodall Fras. W. Hst.
Hawthorn John, Cht.
Lassetter Rd. Hst.
Woolrich Thos. Hst.

Tailors.

Adams Wm. Heath
Alcock Edward, Bdt.
Banks James, Cst.
Gerrard Thos. Bst.
Greasley Thos. Mkp.
Jackson John, Cht.
Jackson Thos. Bgt.
Jones John, Bgt.
Miller John, Cst.
Mottram Joseph, Hst.
Parker David, Skt.
Sleigh Richard, Cst.
Tavernor John, Cst.
Wright Wm. Cst.
Williams James, Pln.

Tanners.

Byrd John, Hst.
Frost John & Thomas, Brook house
Shipley Wm. Bdt.

Timber merchants.

Lownds Wm. Heath
Perkins Wm. jun. (& boat builder,) Cst.
Riley Josh. & Thos. Bst
Tranter Joseph, Tln.

Watch & Clock mkrs.

*Marked * are Jewellers, & † Movement makers.*

* † Bell Edw. & Son, (& silversmiths) Hst.
† Chatfield Saml. Slt.
* Burton Geo. Mkp.
Richards Rt. jun. Hst.
† Slater James, Hst.
† Slater John, Mkp.

Wheelwrights.

Buxton Jno. Hockley
Gilbert Luke, Blk.
Mellor Thos. Heath
Richardson Geo. Bdt.
Rushton Thos. Lbh.
Wilkins Joseph, Bln.

Whitesmiths.

Bradshaw Jph. Cht.
Dean & Twigg, Hst.
Wilson Edward, Cht.

Wine & Spirit merts.

Bunting Thos. Hst,
Lassetter James, Mkp.

Woolstaplers.

Bladon Thos. & Joseph Market place
Phillips Thomas, Bst.

COACHES.

From the White Hart, the Express, to Birmingham, at ½ past 3 aft.; & to Manchester, ¼ before 1 aft.

From the White Horse, the Hero, to Newcastle, Mon. Wed. & Fri. 2 aft.; and to Derby, Tues. Thurs. & Sat. 11 morning.

CARRIERS.

Ashbourn, Old Talbot, Jno. Greenhough, & Elizabeth Allen, Pinfold lane, Mon. Wed. & Fri.

Birmingham, Red Lion, Joseph Butler; Black Swan, Edward Bates; & White Horse, Joseph Bosward, Wed 1 afternoon.

Burton-upon-Trent, White Horse, S. Stubbs, M. W. & S. 4 aft.

Cheadle, Elizabeth Allen, Pinfold lane, Fri. 6 morning.

Derby, J. Coxon, High street; Charles Byatt, Bradley street; & J. Wilson, Church street, Wed. night.

Hanbury, White Horse, C. Harrison, Wed. 3.

Lane End, Cross Keys, Peter Hampson, Wed. 5 evening.

Lichfield, see Birmingham.

Marchington, Spread Eagle, Reuben Shaw, Wed. 3 aft.

Mavesyn Ridware, Cross Keys, G. Webb, Thurs. & Sat. fortngt.

Newcastle, Charles Byott, Bradley street, & J. Wilson, Church street, Mon.

Newbro', Wheat Sheaf, John Eason, & John Robertson, Wed. 3.

Potteries, Black Swan, James Carter, Wed. 3.

Rugeley, Spread Eagle, Edith Higgitt, Wed. 5 aft.

Scropton, White Horse, Joseph Rose, Wed. 3 aft.

Stafford, John Wilson, Church street, Tues. & Sat. 5 mng.

Stone, John Coxon, High street, Tues.; & Richard Ford, Bradley street, Tues. 5 mg.

Tutbury & Burton, Old Talbot, Jn. Coates, Wed. & Sat. 4 aft.

CANAL WHARF.

Sutton & Co.'s, & Matthew Heath's, Fly Boats, to the Potteries, Manchester, & Liverpool, every Mon. & Fri.; Thos. Browne, agent.

CRAKEMARSH.

Marked 1 *reside at Brook end*, 2 *Crake marsh*, 3 *Low fields, and* 4 *at Spath.*

Sheppard Sir Thomas Cotton, Bart. Crakemarsh hall

1 Burton John, land bailiff
4 Chatfield Thos. joiner & br. hs.
4 Horobin Thomas, schoolmstr.
4 Preston John, sawyer & bar kpr.
4 Slater Wm. wheelwright

FARMERS.

1 Ball Charles
2 Finnemore Edw. & John
4 Foster Wm.
4 Goodwin Rd.
4 Orpe James
3 Walker John

LOXLEY.

Marked 1 *reside at Burnthurst mill*, 2 *Caverswall*, 3 *Gibb Leasowes*, 4 *Leese hill*, 5 *Loxley green*, 6 *Lower Leasowes*, 7 *Lower Loxley*, 8 *Pool green*, 9 *Poppingham*, 10 *Swinscoe lodge, and* 11 *at Upper Loxley.*

Kynnersley Thomas Sneyd, Esq. Loxley hall
Foster John, wheelgt. Holly hay
1 Walker Ralph, corn miller

FARMERS.

4 Atkins Wm.
2 Babb John
11 Bennett Jno.
3 Blastock W. and Thos.
6 Coxon Wm.
7 Durose Geo.
5 Durose Jph.
7 Durose Thos.
9 Fish Richard
11 Fish Rd. jun.
5 Foster John
5 Foster Jph.
4 Griffin Thos.
7 JohnsonR.&P.
2 White Thomas
10 Whitehall R.
8 Woolliscroft William

STRAMSHALL & CREIGHTON

Marked 1 *reside at Beamhurst lane*, 2 *Creighton*, 3 *Creighton park*, 4 *Grimmer lane*, 5 *Hill hs.*, 6 *Lawn*, 7 *Littleworth*, 8 *Low fields*, 9 *Madeley holme*, 10 *Old wood*, 11 *Spath*, 12 *Springfield head*, 13 *Stramshall, and* 16 *at Strines.*

13 Bamford Mr. John
13 Bennett John, blacksmith
15 Bradshaw Jph. corn miller
13 Clark Joseph, tailor
10 Edes Thomas, wheelwright
13 Forrest Charles, gardener
9 Gorse Thomas, gamekeeper
1 Harper William, tailor
13 Hubbard Mrs. Lydia
1 Mellor William, wheelwright
Phillips Wm. Esq. Spring field hall
1 Richardson Thomas, beer hs.
1 Sherratt Eliz. vict. Watterloo
1 Smith John, grocer
15 Till Rupert, chair maker
13 Tortoishell William, vict.

FARMERS.—* *are Yeomen.*

13 * Alsop Mary
13 Brown Wm.
5 Buckley Ellen
13 Burton John
2 * CarringtonG.
2 Crosby Geo.
13 Crosby Philip
1 Deaville Cath.
4 Ford John
7 Ginder Joseph
11 Godrich Ed.
6 Gould James
3 Heath Joseph
16 * Holland Jn.
2 * Knowles W.
13 Laughton Jn.
13 Rawlins Jn.
13 Smith Thos.
1 Smith Thos.
8 Walker John
13 Walker Wm.
13 Wallis James
13 Wardle Wm.
14 Wigley Hy.
10 * Wood Ts.
10 * Yates My.

Shoemakers.

13 Armishaw T.
2 Foster Wm.
13 Walker Rd.

WOODLANDS.

Marked 1 *reside at Bircher bower*, 2 *Blount's green*, 3 *Blount's hall*, 4 *Hollinbury hall*, 5 *Greenfields*, 6 *Knight's field*, 7 *Knock's house*, 8 *Monk's farm*, 9 *Scrumslow green*, 10 *Uttoxeter wood*, 11 *Wall heath*, 12 *Will's lock*, 13 *Woodford*, 14 *Woodgate, and* 15 *at Spring field.*

12 Betts Samuel, beer house
5 Fieldhouse John, gent.
10 Harper Mr. Francis
2 Harrison W. wheelwht. & vict.
Kynnersley Clement John Sneyd. Esq. Highfields
Kynnersley Thos. Clement Sneyd. Esq. barrister, High wood
14 Sharratt James, button mould turner
3 Startin Ann, schoolmistress
14 Towers William, weaver
7 Walker John, blacksmith
Walker William, farrier
12 Woodworth John, wheelwht

FARMERS.—* *are Yeomen.*

6 Arnold John
3 * Bathew John
10 Bridgwood W.
10 Chatfield Ts.
6 * Cooper Fs.
15 Farmer Jno.
12 Fish John
10 Heath Mary
10 Hudson Ed.
10 Johnson Jn.
1 * Minors Sl.
12 Moorhouse J.
13 Orton James
10 Parker John
11 Pateman Ts.
12 Prince Wm.
14 Sharratt W.
9 Simmonds Bj.
10 Summerland John
10 Summerland William
8 Twigg Wm.
11 Wheat John
1 * Wood Wm.
10 Wooding Adrian

WATERFALL is a small scattered village in the Moorlands, 7¼ miles S.E. by E. of Leek; deriving its name from the curious phenomenon of the river Hamps, which, after having flowed about 8 miles from its source, suddenly disappears, near Waterhouses, among the limestone rocks, where it pursues a subterraneous course to the neighbourhood of Ilam, where it again appears, and forms a confluence with the Manyfold. The parish contains 450 inhabitants, and includes most of the village of WATERHOUSES, 1 mile S., and the hamlet of WINKHILL, 1½ mile S.W. of Waterfall; besides a detached member in Calton chapelry. (See p. 728.) The Church is a small structure, dedicated to St. James. The living is a curacy, in the gift of Mrs. Wilmot, and incumbency of the Rev. Rd. Ward. A bridge crosses the Hamps at Winkhill; and near it is a scrap iron furnace, a foundry, a paper-mill, a tow-mill, and a corn-mill. The soil belongs to a number of proprietors. The Parish School was built by subscription in 1780, and was endowed at the enclosure with an allotment of five acres, now let for £6. 10s. a year. The *wake* is on the nearest Sunday to August 10th. The scattered village of Waterhouses is party in Cauldon parish, (vide page 729.)

Those marked 1 *reside at Blow-O'ram*, 2 *Brookside*, 3 *Croft head*, 4 *Martin's low*, 5 *Pike low*, 6 *Pitchen*, 7 *Red moor-lee*, 8 *Stoney lane*, 9 *Three stones*, 10 *Tire*, 11 *Waterfall*, 12 *Waterhouses*, 13 *Winkhill*, & 14 *at Sparrow lee.*

13 Ashton Samuel, shopkeeper
13 Bassett Wm. paper mfr. and brass and iron founder
13 Berresford Joseph, shoemkr.
12 Birch James, butcher
12 Bratt Jph. grocer and draper, & Post-office, (letters desp. 11 morning)
12 Buxton John, saddler
13 Coates Anthy. shoemaker
11 Collier John, tailor
11 Edge Wm. beer house
12 Green Wm. wheelwright
13 Hall John, baker & shopkr.
13 Hope Peter paper manfr.
12 Howson Edw. vict. Red Lion
13 Hunt Edw. tow spinner, and scrap iron manfr.
13 Longdon Robt. corn miller
12 Lovatt Francis, blacksmith
12 Mitchell Joseph, grocer
12 Mottram Henry, tailor
12 Murfin Geo. vict. George Inn
12 Richardson John, mason
12 Richardson Thos. wheelwright
12 Shirley Jph. grocer & draper
12 Shirley Samuel, shoemaker
12 Smith John, wheelwright
11 Smith Mrs. Martha Stoddard Jas. vict. Royal Oak
12 Weston Chas. lime burner
13 Woodhouse Thos. blacksmith
12 Woolley Robt. blacksmith

FARMERS.

* *are Yeomen.*

11 Allen John
12 Barks John
2 Barks Thos.
12 Bassett Wltr.
11 Berresford Phœbe
1 Blithen Eliz.
5 Bould Thos.
3 Burnett Jas.
10 Chadwick Isabella
12 Chawner Jn.
6 Collis Thos.
11 Everhill ——
11 * Hall Chas.
9 * Hall Chas.
12 Hall Rich.
14 * Hudson Sl.
11 Longford Js.
12 Moore Jas.
7 Pearson Jnth.
12 Ratcliffe Jas.
11 Richardson Thomas
4 Sheldon John
2 Smith James
2 Smith Thos.
11 Stubbs John
4 Stubbs Thos.
2 * Wheeldon J.
2 * Wheeldon W.
8 * Woolley Js.

WETTON is a small village, in a romantic part of the Moorlands, 2 miles W. of Alstonfield, and 8½ miles E. of Leek, near the place where the rivers Hamps and Manyfold pursue their subterraneous channels under the rugged limestone rocks; but in rainy seasons the water does not all pass under ground, but part of it may be see flowing through the deep valleys. Wetton parish contains 497 inhabitants, and 2609 acres of land, of which the Duke of Devonshire

the principal owner; but Montague Burgoine, Esq. is lord of the manor and patron of the vicarage, which is now enjoyed by the Rev. W. M. Ward. The Church, dedicated to St. Margaret, was rebuilt in 1820, at the cost of £600, except the tower, which is very ancient. The Free School was endowed by John Mellor, in 1719, with an annuity of £4, and the poor have 12s. yearly, left by Thomas Bagshaw, in 1705. The *wake* is on the first Sunday in September.—About 1¼ mile N. of Wetton, is the hamlet of Ecton; above which rises Ecton Hill, where there is a *copper mine*, which was first wrought in the seventeenth century, and for many years produced a yearly profit of £30,000 to the Duke of Devonshire; but the ore having become scarce, it was given up by his Grace some years ago, and let to a small company of working miners, who still find a tolerable remuneration for their labours. This hill is about 230 yards high, and the diameter of its base half a mile. The entrance to the mine is at the base, near the bank of the Manyfold, where a passage is made, 400 yards in length and six feet high, into the centre of the hill, strongly walled on each side. From the centre, another passage leads to the summit, where there is a lodgment of timber for receiving the ore. This mine formerly yielded about three hundred tons of pure copper annually; and on the opposite side of the hill, there was a prolific *lead mine*, now exhausted. Near it, in a lofty and precipitous cliff which rises above the Manyfold, is the stupendous cave called "Thor's-house Cavern," (see page 41,) over the summit of which a poor man, (Titterton Mycock,) fell in a state of inebriation in 1825, and was dashed to pieces on the rocks below. Here are quarries of excellent marble, and variegated limestone. Near Canterton, on the S.E. side of the parish, is *Clamps-in-the-Wood*, a farmhouse embowered within the windings of a circular hollow in the hills, and secluded, like the happy valley of Rasselas, from the rest of the world.

*Marked * are at Ecton.*

Allcock Daniel, vict. Royal Oak
Allcock Ralph, butcher
Allcock Thomas, tailor & shopr.
Barker Samuel, joiner & wheelgt.
Barker Mr. Thomas
Beardmore George, blacksmith
Carrington Samuel, schoolmaster
* Ecton Copper Miners
Follows James, shopkeeper
Gould Ann, shopkeeper & draper
Redfern John, corn miller
Redfern Mary, shopkeeper
Redfern Wm. shoemaker
Robinson John, parish clerk
Thompson Mr. Abraham
Wain Ralph, butcher
Wheeldon James, tailor

FARMERS.

Allcock Eliz.	Gregory James
Bestwick Sarah	*GrindeySamp.
CantrellGeorge	HigtonG.&Wm
*CantrellRalph	Hill Francis
Carr Thomas	Lowndes Thos.
Chadwick Jas.	Naylor Richard
Challinor Tthy.	*Naylor Richd.
Clamp John, (Ith' Wood)	* Rowland Rd.
Cockayne Wm.	* RodyardThs.
Finney John	SheldonFrancis
Follows Edw.	Taylor Wm.
Follows Richd.	Wain Thomas
Foster Thomas	White Francis
	Wint Joseph

ROBERT LEADER, PRINTER, SHEFFIELD.



